The Times

VOL. III. NO 756. OTTAWA, MONDAY, JUNE 1, 1868. PRICE—3 CENTS

THE Ottawa Daily Times,

Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valle issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only........ $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line........ 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line........ 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.
Yearly subscription to the daily (if paid in advance)........ $5 00
If not paid in advance........ 6 00
Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance)........ $1 00
not paid in advance........ 1 50

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 34, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

Mails for the Maritime Provinces.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

From OTTAWA—Mails for St. JOHN, N. B., Closed Daily, 12:45, P. M.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

THE general route of transmission is by railway, via Montreal, Danville Junction, and Bangor, Me., whence by stage to Calais and St. John. Time taken, at this season, usually four days.

The Mail despatched, however, on Friday, obtains connexion with the Monday 5 p m steamer, (International Line), from Portland, being due at St. John on Tuesday p m.

For Woodstock, N. B.

There is also a tri-weekly Mail from Riviere du Loup to Edmundston and Woodstock, leaving Riviere du Loup every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday evenings, on the arrival of the mail train from Quebec. Matter intended for conveyance by this route should be specially addressed "Via Riv. du Loup.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

Matter for Prince Edward Island is forwarded via St. John.

Letters 5 cents per half ounce. Newspapers 1 cent.

NOVA SCOTIA.

For Halifax, N. S., Closed Every Thursday, 12:45, P. M.

Route of transmission is via Portland, whence per steamer Chase, or Carlotta, every Saturday at 4 p m, for Halifax, being due there on the following Monday.

Letters 5 cents per half ounce. Newspapers 1 cent.

For Halifax, N. S., Closed Every Friday, 12:45, P. M.

Route of transmission is via Portland, connecting there with the Monday 5 p m steamer, (International Line), for St. John. Mail due in Halifax on the following Thursday evening.

Letters 5 cents per half ounce. Newspapers 1 cent.

Letters, &c., are not forwarded from Ottawa to Halifax by the land route, via St. John, N. B., unless specially so addressed.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

...ary mails

21st February, and 20th March, 3rd and April, and so on.) Route of transmission is via New York, connecting there with the Steamer of the Inman Line, leaving on alternate Mondays at Noon for England, via Halifax, being due at Halifax on the following Thursday. Letters and papers for despatch by this route must be SPECIALLY SO ADDRESSED, with postage prepaid by stamp, as follows—

Letters 12½ cents per half ounce. Newspapers 2 cents each. 672tf

Legal Cards.

MOSGROVE & TAILLON,

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. GEORGE TAILLON.
Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1868. 366-tf

R. J. WICKSTEED,

ADVOCATE, &c., 43, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 589-6m

N. TETREAU,

NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 6, 1867. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,

ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

D. O'CONNOR,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa
February 7, 1866. 43-u

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Conner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House
Ottawa, March 30. 87-c

LEES & GEMMELL,

BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court house, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

J. P. MACPHERSON,

BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866.

G. J. O'DOHERTY,

LAW, Chancery, and Conveyancing. Office, Aumond's Buildings, Rideau street.
Ottawa, December 6, 1867.

Medical Cards.

A. CODD, M.D., C.M.,

(Attending Physician General Protestant Hospital)

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Four doors east of the Revere House, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

OFFICE HOURS—From 8 to 10 a m, and from 2 to 3 p m.
Ottawa, April 30. 730-3m

DR. CHESLEY,

OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 25 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30 447tf

DR. C. LEGGO,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,

DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,

DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.

(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)

SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 380y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,

DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY,

CORNER of Kent and Wellington-Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 43utf

DR. O. C. WOOD,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.

CANCERS CURED, with out the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-180-y

Hotels and Saloons.

DOMINION HOUSE,

WELLINGTON STREET.

THE undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.

GEORGE IRVINE.
Ottawa, March 26. 658y

MATHEWS' OLD STAND,

YORK-STREET,

WILL BE OPEN for the accommodation of the public on THURSDAY, 12th of March, 1868. The subscriber having again resumed business in his old stand as hotel-keeper, wishes to return thanks to his numerous friends and the public for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on him, during the past seventeen years, and hopes by strict attention to business, and kindness to all, to share a portion of public patronage. His Larder will be always supplied with the best the market affords. His Bar will be supplied with the best of Liquors and choicest Cigars.

T. MATHEWS,
Proprietor.
...renovat-

LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.

JAMES E. GOUIN,

Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec

REVERE HOUSE, OTTAWA,

G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, ...PROPRIETORS.

THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867. 582tf

THE ALBION HOTEL

NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.

This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.

OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1866. 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN

LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.

The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly over hauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.

GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance

JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite he main entrance to the Government buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN

Aumond's Block,

Rideau Street Ottawa.

P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

MISS. LOVETT'S

PRIVATE HOTEL

HOLLIS STREET, HALIFAX, N. S.

STRANGERS will find this long established and well known house to be the most comfortable and well conducted in the city.
December 23, 1867. 622-6m

TORONTO HOUSE,

SPARKS STREET.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has a few Commodious Suites of Apartments to Let, handsomely and comfortably furnished.

Gentlemen attending the Session of Parliament will find at the Toronto House most convenient quarters, where the quiet of the private family is combined with the usual attendance to be found at the best hotels.
Ottawa, Feb. 25, 1868. 675tf

Druggists.

EX S. S. BELGIAN.

CHOICE PERFUMES!

AT THE OLD

MEDICAL HALL!

28 Sparks-street.

THE subscriber begs to intimate to his customers that he has now opened up a portion of his spring importation of Genuine English Perfumery comprising among others

"The Ladies of England Boquet,"
"The New Court Boquet,"
"New Bond Street Railway Boquet,"
"With Love and Kisses,"
"Essence of Ylang Ylang,"
"Dr. Marigold's Mixture,"
&c., &c.

Balance of importations daily expected ex S. S. *St. Lawrence*, from London.

W. M. MASSEY,
Dispensing Chemist,
Medical Hall, 28, *Sparks-st.*
Ottawa, May 7, 1868. 472y

Spectacles for all Sights.

OPTICAL Instruments Electro-Magnetic and Galvanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.

W. HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
637y York-street.

Apothecaries Hall!

No. 41, SUSSEX STREET,

G. MORTIMER, - - - PROPRIETOR

NONE OTHER GENUINE!

TRADE MARK IS REGISTERED

Canadian Cough Emulsion.

THIS Valuable Medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in the Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness of the skin. Prepared only by

GEORGE MORTIMER.

Chemist and Druggist, 41, Sussex Street, Ottawa City. Sold in bottles at 1s 3d and 2s 6d each.

MORTIMER'S

COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS

AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS.

grand Specific for derangement of the digestive gans, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

MORTIMER'S Vegetable WORM DESTROYER.

The only sure remedy that exists. Combining delicious taste with amazing power. Also

CAMPHORATED EYE-WATER,

Sure Cure for Sore, Weak and Inflamed Eyes.

MORTIMER'S

Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentrifice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand, Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

FOUND,

A NEVER Failing Remedy for Coughs and Colds, Mortimer's Canadian Cough Emulsion ...ily should be without a bottle. None

MORTIMER,
Chemist, 41, Sussex-st.
The best of Cer... be produced.
Ottawa, Nov. 22, 1867. 96-6m

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank Street, Centre Town,

Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE SECURITY.

WALKER & PENNOCK,
Barristers, &c.,
Ottawa.
April 15, 1868. 717tf

SMITH & RODNEY

MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from Eaton's Gilding Store, having just received a choice stock of

English, French and Canadian

CLOTHS and TWEEDS,

And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1, 1867. 551tf

A. MORTIMER,

BOOKBINDER

AND

Blank Book Manufacturer,

26, METCALFE-ST., OTTAWA.

HAVING every facility in the way of first-class Machinery, and employing none but first-class workmen, I am prepared to turn out every description of Binding in as good a style of workmanship as any other establishment in Canada.

A. MORTIMER,
Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, Feb. 6. 384y

Intercolonial Trade.

OUR ONLY SAFEGUARD AGAINST DISUNION.

BY

R. C. HALIBURTON, M. A.

For sale by
GEORGE E. DESBARATS.
Ottawa, April 2, 1868.

MILES'

HAIRDRESSING SALOON

BELL'S BLOCK, ELGIN-ST.

THIS SALOON is fitted up in a neat and attractive manner, and is always attended by competent and attentive workmen.

E. MILES,
Hair Dresser, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-Gen...
Ottawa, April 13. 715y

CRICKETING GOODS,

CROQUET, FISHING TACKLE

FOILS,

Masks & Boxing Gloves

AT THE

Sheffield House, Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 5, 1868.

NEW SILK AND DRESS GOODS:

Grant and Henderson

Have just opened out a new lot of

Black and Fancy Silks, Moire-Antiques,

BROCADES, POPLINS, CHALLIS, LUSTRES, &c.

Elegant Goods at Moderate Prices.

Millinery, Mantles, Jackets, Carpets and House Furnishings in great variety, always on hand.

No. 20, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, May 16, 1868. 67y

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT! 35, SUSSEX St. H. MEADOWS & CO.

WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall Stoves, for wood or coal we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES.		COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES.		COOKING STOVES
COOKING STOVES.		COOKING STOVES.

Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW OVEN STOVES.

BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.

Suitable for private Dwellings and Churches Warehouses and Stores

PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES	PARLOR STOVES.
PAR TOVES.	PARLOR STOVES	PARLOR STOVES.

New and most beautiful designs, very cheap.

COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES.
Hot Air Furnaces.

We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE, RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with Stovepipes, &c., at reduced rates.

Lumbermen's Supplies! Lumbermen's Supplies! Shanty Plates! Basins! Camp Kettles, &c.
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS!

Bird Cages! Bird Cages! Bird Cages!

Price Lists sent free on application.

Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending purchasers would do well to note.

An inspection of the above goods invited at the

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, October 2 1867. 62-y

Fresh Oysters.

JUST RECEIVED at the TORONTO HOUSE a fresh supply of OYSTERS.

Members of Parliament or others requiring quarters can be accommodated by applying at the TORONTO HOUSE.
Ottawa, March 13, 1868. 690

Grey Nuns Seminary.

From the 1st day of May Next,

THE GREY NUNS will have

OMNIBUSES

Placed at the disposal of such of their pupils who live at a distance, particularly at the Chaudiere and New Edinburgh. The pupils will be sent for every morning and conveyed home after their classes.

For terms, &c., apply at the Convent.

SISTER BRUYERE,
Lady Superior.
Ottawa, May 1, 1868. 731d

LADIES CALL AT THE CAPITAL

Boot and Shoe Store!

YORK-STREET.

For Cheap Gaiters

AT

ONE DOLLAR A PAIR!

Good at 95 cents.

Men's ware equally low, in every variety of style

This is the place to buy cheap at the "Capital," York-street.

429y GEORGE MURPHY.

R. H. McGREEVY,

CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

NEW GREEN HOUSE.

ERECTED lately by the subscriber at New Edinburgh, who has now on hand and for sale a large variety of choice Verbenas, and other flowering plants. Orders left at G. Bott's, Rideau-street, will be punctually attended to

ROBERT CURRY.
March 1868. 691-3m

NOTICE.

ALL payments to be made on account of the Ontario Government may be made to the

ROYAL CANADIAN BANK,

And its Agencies.

Dated at Toronto, 30th October, A.D., 1867.

E. B. WOOD,
Treasurer of Ontario.
October 31, 1867. Tf

NOTICE.

We hereby forbid any person or persons to purchase a Note made by us dated 4th February, 1868, for $361.26, in favor of Davis Clarke and Clayton, of Montreal, at four months from said date, as we have received no value for the same according to the understanding, and consequently do hereby protest against paying it.

ALEX. McDONALD & CO.
Sandpoint, May 23, 1868. 752-3

RULES AND REGULATIONS

For the Government of the European and North American Railway. Approved 29th February, 1868, by His Excellency the Governor-General in Council, under the authority of "An Act respecting the Public Works of Canada," assented to 21st December, 1867.

STATION REGULATIONS.

PASSENGERS

Purchasing their tickets, before entering the cars, will effect a saving of 12 cents.

Passengers must procure tickets at the Ticket Office, and show them to the Station Baggage Master.

To avoid all mistakes, passengers must attend personally to the checking and marking of their baggage; and all baggage will be left at the place designated, when put in the Baggage Car, and must be claimed by the owner on the arrival of the train.

Runners for railroads, boats and hotels, and carters and hackmen, will not be allowed to enter the stations, nor come upon the platforms on the arrival of passenger trains, to solicit or influence passengers, but may stand in such places as directed by the Agent or Police.

Hackmen and Porters, with checks, will be admitted to obtain the luggage; they will also be admitted when taking baggage to the trains.

Hacks, baggage waggons and private carriages must be arranged, in the Station grounds, as directed by the Station Master or Police. Unnecessary noise and obscene and abusive language are strictly forbidden.

Any coachman, hackman or public porter, refusing to leave the Station, or remove his coach, hack, or other vehicle upon being requested so to do by the Superintendent, Station Master, Police, or any other officers of the railway, or shall wilfully obstruct any of the passengers to and from the Station, shall be liable to a fine of two dollars for each and every offence, to be recovered before the Police Magistrate, in such a manner as fines are made recoverable, by an Act for the Regulation of Railways in the Province of New Brunswick, passed 6th April, 1858.

The waiting rooms are for the travelling public only; all other persons will be excluded. No smoking allowed.

No person must be allowed to get into, or upon, or quit, any car, after the train has been put in motion, or until it stops.

Passengers cannot have their baggage checked to any Station, short of their destination, unless that shall be beyond the limits of this railway.

Baggage will not be taken to include money, merchandise, or any *other* articles than those of personal use.

The railway will not be liable for any baggage or article not given in charge to the railway.

STATION BAGGAGE MASTERS.

No checks to be given to cabmen or omnibus drivers (as such), but only to the passengers themselves, and on no account are passengers to be allowed to take checked baggage into the car with them.

Special care must be taken, not to deliver baggage, without first removing the checks, and obtaining the duplicates from passengers. Any baggage received, the checks and duplicates of which do not correspond, must be reported, forwarding the checks, and naming the Station, whence received, taking a receipt from the owner for the same. When a passenger has lost his duplicate check, baggage must not be given up unless the person claiming it can describe the contents of each package.

Station Masters are required to report immediately any baggage wanted at their Stations, also any baggage that has lain unclaimed twenty-four hours. Baggage, having lain unclaimed fourteen days, to be forwarded to headquarters, properly labelled, showing date received, train, &c.

No baggage to be opened by Agents, except in the presence of owner.

Excess to be charged where passengers have more baggage than the quantity allowed.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS TO CONDUCTORS.

After the train is started the Conductor will have entire charge and control of the train, and all persons employed on it (except when his directions conflict with the rules and regulations, or involve any risk or hazard, in either of which cases all participating will be held alike accountable); the passengers are in his charge, and he is responsible for the safety and regularity of the train, which he must never allow to proceed beyond its regular Station for meeting, until the arrival of the train due, unless otherwise directed.

In the event of any passenger being drunk, or disorderly, to the annoyance of others, he must use all gentle means to stop the nuisance, failing which, he must exercise his authority and restrain or keep him in a separate place until he arrive at the next Station, or further, to a police office, or lock-up, where the passenger must be left, and may be delivered to the Police, and charged with the offence in the usual way.

He must not allow any person to ride on the platforms, or outside the cars, or in the baggage car.

He must prevent passengers endangering themselves by imprudent exposure.

He must not allow the sale of books, papers, or refreshments, in the cars, without permission.

GENERAL ORDERS TO ENGINE DRIVERS.

He shall allow no person to ride on his engine or tender without the permission of those in authority over him.

MAINTENANCE OF WAY AND STRUCTURE.

All persons walking along the line, who are not in the railway service, must be warned off, and in case of non compliance, their names ascertained, and reported to the Trackmaster, or placed under arrest, as the exigencies of the case seem to require.

Animals found straying within the railway fences must be immediately driven off. Farm gates found open must be promptly closed.

All articles found on the track must be promptly sent to the Station Master of the nearest Station.

The following REDUCED RATES, for SEASON TICKETS for *three months*, be charged between ST. JOHN and the undermentioned Stations.

Moose Path	$4 00	Children and Students one half these rates.
Torryburn	5 00	
Rothesay & Appelby's	6 00	
Quispamsis	7 00	
Nauwigewauk	9 00	
Ossekeag	10 00	
Passekeag or Bloomfield,	12 00	
Norton	13 00	
Apohaqui	14 00	
Sussex	15 00	

"FAMILY" tickets are furnished at *one half* first class passenger rates. Each ticket being good for twelve passages.

Copy of a report of a Committee of the Honorable the Privy Council, approved by His Excellency the Governor-General in Council on the 27th of April, 1868.

On a memorandum dated 15th April, 1868, from the Honorable the Minister of Public Works, respecting that on the 29th February last, an order in Council was passed authorizing the adoption of certain rules and regulations for Government of the European and North American Railway, New Brunswick.

That he would now recommend the adoption of tariffs submitted with his report for passengers and freight for the said railway.

The Committee advise that the above mentioned tariffs be adopted.

Certified,
WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council.

To the Honorable
The Minister of Public Works,
&c., &c.

GENERAL NOTICES & CONDITIONS OF CARRIAGE.

1 This railway will not be accountable for any articles unless the same be signed for as *received* by a duly authorized *Agent*.

2 Nor will it be responsible for the loss of or damage done to money, in cash, bills, promissory notes, or securities for money, or jewelry, trinkets, rings, precious stones, gold or silver, manufactured or unmanufactured, gold and silver plate or plated articles, clocks, watches, time-pieces, marble, lace, furs, silks in manufactured or unmanufactured state, and whether wrought up or not wrought up with other materials, writings, title deeds, prints, maps, paintings, engravings, pictures, stamps or other valuables; nor for damage done to china, glass, eggs, wearing apparel, musical instruments, furniture, toys, castings, grindstones, tombstones, slates, or any other such hazardous or brittle articles, in packages or otherwise.

3 Nor will it be responsible for delays from storms or accidents, or damages from the weather, fire, heat, frost, or delay of perishable articles or from civil commotion; nor will it, under any circumstances, be liable for loss of market or other claims arising from delay or detention of any train whether in starting or at any of the Stations, or in the course of the journey. The railway does not undertake to send goods by any particular train, if there be an insufficient number of cars at the Station, or the cars cannot be conveniently used for that purpose, notwithstanding the goods may have been taken to the Station before the hour appointed by the railway.

4 Nor will it be responsible for the loss or damage of any packages insufficiently or improperly marked, packed, directed or described, or containing a variety of articles, liable by breaking to damage each other or other articles; nor for leakage arising from bad casks, or bad cooperage or from fermentation or any other cause beyond the control of the railway.

5 Nor will it be responsible for the loss or damage of any goods put into returned wrappers or boxes, or packages described as "Empties:" nor for any goods directed "to be left until called for," or "to order," warehoused for the convenience of the parties to whom they belong, or by or to whom they are consigned: nor will it, under any circumstances, be accountable for the loss or damage of goods that are not taken away immediately after advice of their arrival has been sent or posted.

6 Goods conveyed at a special or mileage rate, must be loaded or unloaded by the owner or his agents, and the railway will not be responsible for any risk of stowage, loss or damage *however caused*; nor for any discrepancy in the delivery as to either quantity, number or weight, nor for the condition of articles so carried, nor for detention or delay in the conveyance or delivery of them, however caused.

7 No Agent or Employee of this railway is authorised to take charge of bank notes, money or valuable papers.

8 Senders of dangerous articles will be held accountable for any damage arising therefrom, or thereto, unless the contents are so described upon the direction, that due care may be observed in loading, and in no case will the railway be liable for the loss of any such article.

9 All articles directed to be left at any stopping place or platform where there is no Station House or Goods Warehouse and Agent, will be at the risk of the owner directly they are delivered at such stopping place or platform; and all articles brought there for conveyance will also be at the owner's risk until taken into the cars.

10 Fresh fish, fruit, meat, poultry, oysters and other perishable articles, are conveyed only at the owner's risk, and the freight must be pre-paid.

11 When goods are intended, after being carried by this railway, to be forwarded by some other conveyance to their final destination, the responsibility of this railway will cease as soon as the goods are delivered to such other conveyance, and it is to be distinctly understood that such goods are received by the railway only on these conditions.

12 Storage will be charged on all goods remaining in the Stations over 48 hours after their arrival at the rate of twenty-five cents per barrel bulk per month, and when stored no deduction will be made from this rate for Goods remaining in store for a less time than one month.

13 Demurrage at the rate of two dollars per car, per day, will be charged on all cars not unloaded within thirty-six hours after arrival, exclusive of Sundays, provided the same are loaded with goods liable to be unloaded by the owner or consignee; the railway reserving the right to discharge the same at the expense of the owner or consignee; at any time after the expiration of such 36 hours.

14 No claim whatever, for loss or damage will be allowed unless notice in writing is given to the Station Agent before the goods are removed.

15 No charge less than twenty cents will be made for any single package or consignment.

16 No goods will be delivered until all charges against them are paid, and the railway will not be accountable for the correctness of any "back charges" on goods, &c., by other companies, conveyances or individuals.

17 Vehicles are carried only at the owner's risk of damage from fire, weather and all other contingencies.

13 Machines or articles very long or bulky which require one or more cars to be taken especially to convey them, will be charged at full car rates.

19 Barley, corn, hay, oats, oysters, potatoes, rye, salt, wheat and dry fish, in bulk, and bricks, clay, coals, coke, grindstones, limestones, ores, sand and stone, chains and chain cables, pig and scrap iron, and all other articles of a similar character, and lumber, must be loaded and unloaded by the owner thereof, or at his expense. Double rates will be charged for overloading.

20 The railway will have a *lien* on all goods transported over the same for freight and charges thereon, as well as for any balance which may be previously due for freight, &c., by the owner or consignee, and the said goods will be liable to be sold by public auction for the payment of the charges thereon, and other balances which may be due.

21 Top wharfage at the customary rates will be charged on all goods landed on the railway wharves at Moncton, Shediac and St. John, except in cases where the goods are to be forwarded by this railway.

22 Rates of wharfage to be charged at railway wharves at St. John and Point DuChesne—except in cases where the vessel using the wharf is lying to load or unload goods brought by or to be carried by the railway, or for the purpose of unloading ballast for the use of the railway—vessels in all cases are to lie where directed by the wharfinger or agent for the time being:

For every decked vessel or woodboat of the burthen of 40 tons or under 30 cents per day, above 40 tons and under 50, 35 cts. above 50 and under 60, 40 cents, above 60 and under 70, 45 cents, above 70 and under 80, 50 cents, above 80 and under 90, 55 cents, above 90 and under 100, 60 cents, above 100 and under 120, 70 cents, above 120 and under 150, 80 cents, above 150 and under 180, 90 cents, above 180 and under 200, $1, above 200 and under 220, $1.10, above 220 and under 240, $1.20, above 240 and under 260, $1.30, above 260 and under 280, $1.40, above 280 and under 300, $1.50, above 300 and under 320, $1.50, above 320 and under 340 $1.70, above 340 and under 360, $1.80, above 360 and under 380, $1.90, above 380 and under 400, $2, above 400 and under 450, $2.25, above 450 and under 500, $2.50, and 25 cents for each additional 50 tons.

23 Live stock, when carried by the car load, will be charged at the rate of 25 cents per car, per mile, but no charge less in amount than six dollars will be made for a car.

24 All Live Stock carried over this railway must be loaded and discharged by the owner or his agent, and is to be under his sole care, and in all respects at his risk then and during transit. Any food furnished will be at his expense, and halters are to be provided by him when necessary. One drover will be allowed to pass free (second class) when accompanying his stock for the purpose of taking care of it, and paying the full price of the car load.

25 The loading of Sawn Lumber will be limited to 5000 superficial feet of hard or 8000 superficial feet of soft wood per car. The loading of hardwood logs and timber will be limited to 7½ tons of 40 cubic feet, and of softwood logs and timber to 10 tons of 40 cubic feet, per car. Pine, hemlock and spruce will be reckoned as *soft*, and all other kinds as *hard*. Owners overloading will be charged double rates in every instance. The quantities mentioned as being the load for one car, will not be considered as applicable to lumber, which by reason of its length requires for its conveyance two or more cars. Scantling, sawn or hewn, and ship or deck plank, or other long lumber, must not be piled higher than the tariff quantity of the same description of goods would reach it upon car. In the absence of survey bills deals will not be permitted to be laden above twelve tiers high. Cedar poles must not be laden more than five feet high, and must be properly secured with ropes to prevent spreading. Derricks by means of which cars are sometimes laden must not in any instance be erected upon the car.

26 Hay can only be conveyed in box cars.

27 Lumber will be taken to mean timber, deals, boards, plank, shipstuff, cordwood, tanbark, fence or hoop poles, box shooks, clapboards, staves, logs, laths, shingles, railway sleepers, spars and all other similar products of the forests. It must in all cases be properly and safely laden upon the cars, and must not project over the ends of the cars nor must cross grained wood be used for stakes. In the event of the owner neglecting or refusing to obey the directions of the Station Master or other person authorized by the Superintendent in relation thereto, the load will be reduced, if necessary, to bring it within the quantity prescribed for a car load, and afterwards so secured as to make it entirely safe for transportation. The expense of doing this being charged against the goods.

28 When lumber is put upon one car care must be taken to have a stake placed near the centre of the length in addition to the others, so as to prevent its being dependent on only two stakes; and when the load is of logs or small round timber, or such other description of lumber as tends to settle and thus produce increased strain upon the stakes, chains or ropes must be used about one-third of the height from the top of the load to bind it, and where entire safety cannot be otherwise secured, skids to separate the ties must also be used.

29 Long lumber extending over two or more cars must be bound by chains or large ropes. It must not be "bound" by the stakes, but loaded on "bunks" that it may "play" or "swivel" freely.

30 Lumber will be carried only at the convenience of the railway, and at the risk of the owner.

31 Cars laden with lumber will not be allowed to stand over to give owners or consignees choice of positions at the receiving station when other berths are unoccupied.

32 In loading Cordwood sticks must be placed at the edges of the car for the outer ends of the wood to rest upon, that it may tend, when piled, towards the centre. Green Hardwood must not be piled higher than three feet, and Dry not higher than four feet. The stakes used must be green spruce or straight hardwood of sufficient thickness.

33 Cars left at Stations or Sidings to fill requisitions, will be subject to demurrage after twenty-four hours, and if not loaded within sixteen hours thereafter, (in both cases exclusive of Sunday) they may be handed over or removed to fill other requisitions.

34 Stations being often obstructed by deposits of lumber of various kinds, and the ordinary business of the Station being thereby incommoded; notice is hereby given that in such cases the obstructions will be removed, and the cost of such removal, in addition to yardage, at the rate of one dollar per car load per day, will form a charge against the lumber. Notice will given to the owner or consignee that its removal is required before a certain time, and the charges will commence immediately on the expiration of such time. When the charges have accumulated so as to amount to half the value of the lumber it will be sold at Public Auction; after given ten days public notice of such sale.

35 Lumber and other goods will be received only at Sidings; unless by previous arrangement it is shewn to the satisfaction of the Superintendent, that sufficient for a full train load of ten cars will be so placed that it can readily be laden with the assistance of an engine. A charge of $2 50 per hour will be made when the engine is detained more than three hours in addition to the usual rate per car, per mile, calculated from the Siding next beyond.

36 To avoid errors in invoicing loaded cars at Outsidings owners should fasten a ticket upon the side of the car, stating to whom the load belongs and to whom and where it is consigned.

37 When goods are required to be loaded by the owner or his agent, or at his expense, all fittings (such as stakes, bunks, skids, chains, ropes, &c., for lumber and sideboards for coal, sand, bricks, clay, stone, manganese, grain or articles of a similar character), must be provided by him, or will be charged to him if furnished by the railway. Such fittings will be transported back free, if necessary, but at the owner's risk.

38 When cars, liable to be laden or unladen by the owner or consignee of the goods, have been once placed, and for the convenience of the owner or at his request, are shifted to finish at another berth in the same Station Yard, a charge of one dollar per car will be made for such service.

39 Car loads of Lumber taken from any Station or Siding not named in the table of rates, will be charged twenty cents per car, per mile, for the additional distance beyond the Station named in the table; but in no case will the whole charge made be less than four dollars per car.

40 Full carloads of either bricks, cement, coal, chains, chain cables and anchors, grindstones, hay, household removals and furniture of all kinds, iron knees, pig, scrap and bar iron, lime, limestone, manure, mill and burr stones, molasses, oil, ores, outfits for, and products of the fisheries, plaster, rigging, fitted, salt, sand, sawdust, slate, straw, sugar, to one address, may be transported at the rate of twenty cents per car, per mile—no less charge than four dollars being made; and full carloads of beef, salted, in barrels, eggs, in barrels, flour and meal, in barrels, flaxseed, in barrels, pork, in barrels, to one address, may be transported at the rate of twenty-five cents, per car, per mile—no less charge than six dollars being made. Goods thus carried, must be laden and unladen by the owner or his agent, and will be at his risk then and during transit, and the entire load must consist solely of one of the articles mentioned.

41 Special arrangements may be made under certain extraordinary circumstances.

42 If the owner or owners, or his or their agent shall not, within five days after the arrival of the goods at the place of destination, pay the freight and any other charges due thereon, and take possession of and remove such articles from the railway premises, the Superintendent, by order of the Commissioners, may sell or cause the same to be sold at public auction, after giving ten days public notice of such sale, and having deducted all charges due, with the expenses of the sale and all other incidental expenses, he shall pay the surplus if any, to the owner, on application.

43 Cars cannot be hired to load cattle or goods of any kind, with the privilege of loading up at different Stations; and in no case can drovers be permitted to get free except when they have, at least, one full car load from one Station, and then they can pass only from that Station.

44 The loading of box cars is limited to 18,000 lbs weight, and of platform cars to 20,000 lbs weight per car.

45 Articles not specified in the classification will be charged the same rate as similar or analogous articles.

46 Special Rates.—The rates between St. John and Shediac or Point DuChesne, for the following goods in the quantities named, to one address will be:—

Oats, in quantities of 500 bushels of 2,151 cubic inches each, 4 cents per bushel.

Barley, in quantities of 360 bushels of 2,151 cubic inches each, 5½ cents per bushel.

Potatoes and turnips, in quantities of 360 bushels of 2,747 cubic inches each, 5½ cents per bushel.

Wheat, in quantities of 300 bushels of 2,151 cubic inches, 7 cents per bushel.

Salt, in quantities of 250 bushels of 2,151 cubic inches, 8 cents per bushel.

Measurement is to be made when being loaded. In case of dispute, the load, before bulk is broken will be weighed upon the railway track scales, and the result divided by the mean weight of five bushels, is to be considered conclusive.

Fish, pork and beef, salted in barrels, in quantities of 60 barrels, and upwards, 30 cents per barrel.

Dried fish, in quantities of 160 quintals, and upwards, 12½ cents per quintal.

Flour and meal, in barrels, in quantities of from 90 to 500 barrels, 20 cents per barrel.

Flour and meal, in barrels, in quantities of 500 barrels and upwards, 15 cents per barrel.

47 Cargoes of the undermentioned articles will be carried in carloads to one address, from Point du Chesne to Saint John, at the following rates:—

Stone, ores and coals..........$1 50 per ton.
Deals.......................... 2 00 per M. sup. ft.

48 Preserved salmon or other fish, in boxes or cans, in any quantity, from the fisheries in the Gulf of Saint Lawrence, or rivers or bays in Prince Edward Island or Northern New Brunswick, or vinegar for the fisheries, from Saint John, will be rated 4th class.

49 A portion of the area of a car may be freighted exclusively for the benefit of any party, at the rates per square foot fixed for the carriage of 3rd class articles per hundred pounds.

50 This tariff is to come in operation on the seventh day of June, 1867, after which date all previous rates and conditions shall be and are hereby cancelled 751tf

Miscellaneous.

D. CODD & CO.,

PATENT AGENTS, SOLICITORS, &c. Drawings, Specifications, Models, and all other business in connection with the procuring of Letters Patent of Invention, attended to at the shortest notice.

OFFICE.—Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 741-6m

I. B. TACKABERRY'S

AUCTION ROOMS, No. 30, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any part of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS

PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-

H. McLEAN'S

AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.

The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

NEW BOOKS.

JOHN DURIE & SON

Have just received Poor Humanity, by F. W. Robinson; Jeanie's Quiet Life, by the author of St. Olaves; Stephen Lawrence, Yeoman, by Mrs. Edwards; Not Wisely, but too Well, by the author of Cometh up as a Flower; The Huguenots, by Smiles; The Annual of Scientific Discovery for 1868; Wacousta, or the Prophecy, by Major Richardson; The Gold Fields of Nova Scotia, by Heatherington; Haswell's Engineers and Mechanics' Pocket Book for 1868; The Atonement, by Hodge; D'Aguilar on Courts Martial, new edition; The Irish before the Conquest, by M. C. Ferguson; The Life of Las Casas, by Helps; Records of Noble Lives; Morning by Morning, by Spurgeon.

The Works of Rev. Dr. Cooke, London.
The English Magazines for May.
The American Magazines for June.
Postage and Bill Stamps.
For sale by

J DURIE & SON.
10 Sparks-st.,
498y Opposite the Russell House!

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Important Sale of Dry Goods—Magee & Russel.

American Invoices—R. S. M. Bouchette.

The Ottawa Times

MONDAY, JUNE 1, 1868.

Hon. W. P. Howland left for Toronto on Saturday night by special train.

Hon. John Hamilton Gray, of St. John, N. B., was officially gazetted on Saturday, as Arbitrator for the Dominion under the British North America Act.

In continuation of our remarks on the subject of the Fisheries, their protection and improvement, we wish to allude to the art of Pisciculture, or the propagation and increase of fish by means of artificial breeding. This process was known and practiced by the ancient Romans, and also by the Chinese, but its application in Europe is of recent date. It was resuscitated in France by a poor fisherman named Remy, who had never heard of the successful operations of the ancients, but whose own observation and perseverance led him to results even more successful, for the Government of France, with wise foresight, extended to him its powerful assistance, until at present the fish-breeding establishment at Huningrel is one of great attraction to the intelligent and scientific tourist.

From France the practice of the art extended to Scotland, and latterly to England, by means of which the rivers of the United Kingdom, which for years had been entirely deserted, are fast becoming again stocked with their finny population.

In the United States, also, this process has been encouraged, and several establishments are now in successful operation, by means of which the State Governments are restocking the various rivers, which, through negligence and short-sighted economy, have been entirely depopulated. The States of Maine, Vermont, New Hampshire, Connecticut and Massachusetts, waking up to the great losses they have sustained in the destruction of their rivers, by impassable dams and illegal fishing, are now fully alive to the importance of restoring them, and are sparing neither pains nor expense in accomplishing this desirable end. Each of these States has appointed a Commission, under whose direction the work is being prosecuted with the most encouraging results.

What we wish particularly to impress upon the public is the fact, that while all around us the most liberal means, and the greatest care, are bestowed on the preservation and restoration of their rivers and lakes, in Canada the causes which have rendered these measures necessary are allowed to exist in undiminished activity, with what results the various reports before alluded to, make only too apparent. Fortunately, there are a few enthusiastic men in every community, who are fully alive to the importance of this subject, and though they are generally considered visionaries and "men of one idea," still, undeterred in their efforts for the general good, they pursue their course, continue their experiments, and often finally succeed in accomplishing results which prove them benefactors to their race.

We make these general remarks for the purpose of calling attention to the fish breeding establishment now in operation at Newcastle on Lake Ontario.

Samuel Wilmot, Esquire, one of the men who are called enthusiasts, deprecating the speedy extinction of the *Salmo Solar* in the waters of Lake Ontario, has for several years occupied all his leisure time, and employed considerable means, in propagating Salmon artificially, by means of which he hopes to restock the various streams formerly resorted to by this fish. Mr. Wilmot has been very successful in his efforts, and this spring has had the satisfaction of turning into the creek upon which his nursery is situated, many thousands of young Salmon. These juveniles are well grown healthy smelts, which will go down to the sea this fall, and there can be no doubt, from former experience, that all which escape the dangers incident to fish childhood, will return to their native stream next spring.

Mr. Wilmot has also been experimenting with the eggs of the White Fish, and has no doubt that he will succeed perfectly in hatching them. This experiment promises the most important results, for there are numerous lakes, particularly in the Lower Provinces, admirably adapted as the home of this delicious fish, and which require only to be stocked with a few healthy young fish, to become the habitations of countless numbers, thus increasing the supply of human food at a cheap rate, and affording our fellow citizens a luxury they do not at present enjoy.

We understand that Mr. Wilmot's efforts have attracted the attention of the Minister of Marine and Fisheries, and that he has recommended to his colleagues in the Government the importance of extending to him pecuniary assistance in this meritorious work. We hope the proposition will be favorably entertained, and that, by means of artificial propagation, all our waters will be supplied with fish adapted to them, and that when so supplied, they will be protected in such a manner as will insure their existence and multiplication. If he who makes a blade of grass to grow in a barren spot is a public benefactor, how much greater praise is due to him who produces myriads of the most nutritious and delicious fish, which have an intrinsic value the moment they are lifted from their native element.

We trust the whole subject of the fisheries will receive that attention, both from the Government and the public, which its great importance demands, and that under the administration of the energetic Minister of Marine and Fisheries, this Department will be acknowledged second to none in importance. The other Departments merely *collect* revenue, but this one can, by wise and judicious measures, in fostering and improving our fisheries, actually *produce* it, to a boundless extent, and we trust that no ignorant or niggardly ideas will operate to curtail the appropriations upon which its successful working depends.

APPOINTMENTS.

Department of the Secretary of State of Canada.

Ottawa, 23rd May, 1868.

His Excellency the Governor-General of Canada has been pleased to make the following appointment, viz.:

The Hon. John Hamilton Gray, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, to be an Arbitrator under the 142nd Section of "The British North America Act, 1867."

Department of the Secretary of State of Canada.

Ottawa, 29th May, 1868.

His Excellency the Governor-General of Canada has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz.:

Etienne Parent, of the City of Ottawa, Esq., to be Under-Secretary of State of Canada.

William Henry Griffin, of the City of Ottawa, Esq., to be Deputy Postmaster-General, under the Act 31st Victoria, Chapter 10.

Thomas Douglas Harington, of the City of Ottawa, Esq., to be Deputy Receiver General.

William Dickinson, of the City of Ottawa, Esquire, to be Deputy Inspector-General.

Thomas Worthington, of the City of Ottawa, Esquire, to be Commissioner of Inland Revenue.

Robert Shore Milnes Bouchette, of the City of Ottawa, Esquire, to be Commissioner of Customs.

George Futvoye, of the City of Ottawa, Esquire, to be Deputy of the Minister of Militia and Defence.

Edmund Allen Meredith, of the City of Ottawa, Esquire, to be Under Secretary of State for the Provinces.

John Langton, of the City of Ottawa, Esquire, to be Auditor.

Hewitt Bernard, of the City of Ottawa, Esquire, and of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law, to be Deputy Minister of Justice.

J. C. Tache, of the City of Ottawa, Esquire, to be Deputy of the Minister of Agriculture.

Toussaint Trudeau, of the City of Ottawa, Esquire, to be Deputy of the Minister of Public Works.

William Smith, of the City of Ottawa, Esquire, to be the Deputy of the Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

STRANGE AND FATAL COINCIDENCE

A very strange and startling premonition of sudden death came to our knowledge on Saturday. It seems that on Friday, the 22nd instant, at Roché Captain Rapids, while some men in the employ of Messrs. Bronson & Co. were breaking up a jam of logs, one of them, named Fillias Belangé, stopped to rest, and while doing so leaned the end of his pole on shore, and began relating a dream which he had had on the previous night. He described the incidents of his dream with great minuteness, how the hearse was at his door, his friends and family grieving for his death, the religious services, &c. He finished his recital, but as he did so a large log came down rapidly, "butting" the log on which he stood, and deprived him of his balance, and he fell into the water, and sank to rise no more. The body had not been recovered four days afterwards, when our informant passed the neighborhood. The rapids are situated about 170 miles above the city, and are considered the most dangerous on the river.

Drowned.—Another painful case of drowning has come to our knowledge. On the 20th inst., some men in the employ of E. B. Eddy, were "driving" logs on Snake Creek, a tributary of the Ottawa, at this particular place, 225 miles above the city. The men went to dinner, and while there, missed one Onesime Dion, who had been "driving" with them. Search was made for him near the spot where he had been posted, and his hat was found. Intelligence was sent up to the head of the creek to shut off the water, but before the messenger had reached them, one of the men, on "poling" near the spot where the hat was found, pierced something which proved to be the clothes of the unfortunate man. The body was raised, but life was extinct. It had been in the water about an hour. Dion leaves a wife and two children at Point Levi, where he formerly resided. The remains were brought down to Fort Mattawa, and there interred.

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

The following particulars from Saturday's *Gazette* regarding the number and tonnage of vessels employed by the Montreal Ocean Steamship Company, will be read with interest by our readers, especially those who may have business calling them to Europe. The enterprize displayed by the Messrs. Allan deserves the support of all Canadians:

Steamships—Mail Line.—There are at present sixteen first-class, double engine iron steamships. The mail line is composed of the following:—*Prussian*, 3,000 tons; *Austrian*, 2,700; *Germany*, 3,250; *Nestorian*, 2,700; *Peruvian*, 2,600; *Moravian*, 2,650; *Hibernian*, 2,434; *Nova Scotian*, 2,300; *North American*, 1,784; *Belgian*, 2,584; one of these departing from Liverpool every Thursday, and Quebec every Saturday throughout the summer season, calling at Lough Foyle for the receiving and discharging of passengers and mails.

Glasgow Accommodation Line.—The side, or Glasgow line, consists of the *Damascus*, 1,600 tons; *Ottawa*, 1,836; *St. David*, 1,650; *St. George*, 1,468; *St. Andrew*, 1,432; *St. Patrick*, 1,207, thus making an aggregate tonnage of 35,006. All these ships are commanded by men of experience in the navigation of our coast, and that the peculiar duty entrusted to their charge is well and faithfully carried out, the numerous testimonials from cabin and steerage passengers is the best criterion to judge from. Indeed, from the strict watch and attention on the part of the Messrs. Allan, nothing short of the most prompt discharge of duty will suffice. The most trifling direliction, and the officer is sure to be wheeled up before the Glasgow or Montreal Board, and if the charges are proven, a dismissal is prompt.

The Steamship "Germany."—Messrs. H. & A. Allan's new screw steamship *Germany*, arrived in Montreal on Friday morning, and is well worthy an inspection. She is one, if not the largest vessel that has ever entered the harbor of Montreal, and is not only huge in size, but a perfect model of marine architecture. The *Germany* is intended, and was built for an emigrant or troop ship capable also of carrying a large quantity of freight. She is broad in beam and rides the waves like a duck, so say the sailors that have crossed in her. Her tonnage is over 3,200 tons and speed 10 or 11 miles an hour. Her engines are of the finest construction and very powerful. She is besides full rigged carrying an immense quantity of canvas, her topsail yards being the size of an ordinary ship's main yard. The *Germany* brought to Quebec from Liverpool over 1,200 immigrants in good health and safety. This new vessel will be a great acquisition to the Messrs. Allan's popular line of magnificent vessels. She will remain in port long enough to take in a cargo.

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal commences to-day.

Fine coral jewellery, bog oak jewellery and a large collection of other goods suitable for wedding and other presents can be seen at Young & Radford's; all new and choice goods and will be sold cheap.

THE SCHOOLS.

THE MAYOR'S VISIT TO THE COMMON SCHOOLS.

In the present state of popular education in this city, when the Board of Trustees are making efforts for its advancement, such as have never before been made here, it is very desirable that they should receive the countenance and support of all persons possessing influence in the community. True, they might go on in their good work without such countenance and support, as they doubtless would; still it is better that they should know that their action is taken note of and approved. It could not fail to be gratifying to them to see an interest manifested by people in general, and it would be still more gratifying to see persons in authority, and professional men, especially clergymen, occasionally visiting the schools, because not only would it be encouraging to teachers thus to know that the great importance of their work was recognised, but it would have a tendency to keep them up to their work and raise the standard of improvement but many useful suggestions might, from time to time, be thrown out to Teachers and Trustees; and especially would this be the case if some organized and systematic plan of exercising such vigilance could be adopted by those who recognize in popular education the great lever for elevating the masses of the people. These remarks have been suggested by the highly commendable example set by his Worship the Mayor, in paying a visit to the Common Schools of the city on Friday last. Mr. Friel having expressed to the chairman of the Board, and to the Local Superintendent a short time since, his desire to make such a visit, they proceeded on Friday last, accompanied by Mr. Carrier, to the several school houses. The day, however, was not well chosen, from the fact that a great number of the children were absent, especially in the afternoon, to see the elfin people of Tom Thumb's party, who came to the city that day; a circumstance not considered when the day was named.

The first school visited was the old Model School, on Duke Street. The property was given by the heirs of the LeBreton estate to the old District of Dalhousie, and the building was put up for a model. In these days it would be considered a fit and proper model to be avoided. It is a rather unsightly one-storey stone house, containing two rooms, in both of which the education of the place is carried on. The smaller room has no adequate means for ventilation. This room contains a gallery which carries the children altogether too close to the ceiling. The average attendance for the whole school, for April, was seventy. The senior division is taught by Mr. William Stewart, and the junior by his daughter Miss Stewart. This month the average attendance is considerably lower than last, in consequence of many of the older children being employed in the factories. The frequent removal of children capable of being so employed is unfavorable to high Common School attainments. The school is furnished with good maps, objects, &c. The highest school work in arithmetic at present is circulating decimals, no geometry and no algebra. We understand it to be the intention of the Board to extend and improve this building.

VICTORIA TERRACE SCHOOL.

This is a good frame building leased by the Board from Lyman Perkins, Esq. Here are three divisions, the senior average attendance is 45, taught by Mr. Duncan Robertson; the intermediate and primary divisions average 35 each, and are taught by the Misses Alice and Jane Sparks. Besides maps, objects, &c., we observed that the use of the globes is taught in the senior division. There are few children apparently over twelve or thirteen years of age in this division. There is, however, a class in geometry. This school also suffers from the removal of many of the pupils at certain seasons to various employments.

SALLY STREET SCHOOL

was the next visited. This school contains two divisions, the senior taught by Miss Murray, and the junior by Miss Bingham. Both divisions are in one room.

GEORGE STREET SCHOOL.

This is the new brick school on George-st. It is a very handsome and commodious building, as all our citizens are aware. The average attendance is 241. Mr. Archibald Smirle, principal, assisted by Mr. S. Rothwell teaching the first division; the second is taught by Mr. J. C. Stewart, assisted by Miss Johnson; third by Miss Flemming, assisted by Miss Langrell, and the fourth by Miss Geddes, assisted by Miss Living. This school is now well organized, and is attended by a large number of highly respectable pupils of both sexes, and this is the school where the important question of educating the sexes together will most likely be decided for this city. The material here is very favorable for a high order of school work.

THE CATHCART SQUARE PRIMARY SCHOOL.

This is another new brick school house finished a short time since. Last month there was an average attendance of seventy-four, but some days lately it has reached eighty. There are three divisions and only one teacher, Miss Murphy. This is altogether too much work for one teacher, and either she must have an assistant, or a large number of the children must be removed to another school.

THE ALBERT STREET SCHOOL

was the next visited. Since the new George street school has been in operation, the Albert street school has greatly declined. The senior division is taught by Mr. Tucker, and its average attendance is 47. Formerly it was quite common to see boys and girls in algebra and geometry here, but now the advanced scholars having left, neither is taught. Miss Carson teaches fifty-four children, divided into six classes, primary and intermediate.

DAVIS' SCHOOL HOUSE.

This school was visited, but it being late, the children had pleaded for remission, to go to Tom Thumb's levee, and had been dismissed for that purpose.

At each of the schools, the Mayor had solicited for the children, an hour's cessation from labour on the occasion of his visit, which was readily agreed to by the teachers, and hailed with delight by the youngsters. His Worship has expressed his intention to visit the schools again before the expiration of his year of office, and also to be present at the mid-summer examinations. It is to be hoped that his example will be followed by other gentlemen, and ladies too; only, instead of visiting all in one morning, it would be better to visit but one, and study it.

The necessarily brief stay at each of the schools precluded the notice of many of their most interesting features.

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal commences to-day.

Bog Oak Jewellery.—Very handsome sets of bog oak jewellery can be had at Young & Radford's, at $1 per set.

LOCAL NEWS.

A. Swalwell, Chief Undertaker for Ottawa, Sparks-st., Centre Town. 750tf

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal commences to-day.

Court of Revision.—This Court adjourned on Saturday after sitting only two days; very few cases of complaint were brought up for adjudication. This may be taken as an indication of a satisfactory assessment.

St. Alban's School House Readings.—Monday evening, at eight o'clock, readings by Col. Coffin, Mr. Meredith, and other gentlemen. Music and songs by Mr. Harvey, Mr. Cross, Mr. Sinclair, Mr. Grant, and Mr. Seymour.

A Military Guard at the Parliament Buildings.—The Government Police having been disbanded, a military guard will in future be placed around the public buildings. For this purpose the stone house on Government Hill will be fitted up for officers' quarters.

Recorder's Court.—The Recorder's Court opens this morning at eleven o'clock, before John Bower Lewis, Esq., Recorder, at the Court House. There are only six cases on the docket, five for larceny and one appeal in a case of assault. Those having business at the court, should remember that if they are late, they may incur much trouble and expense.

Under the Gaslight.—This great sensational drama by Daly, in five acts, "illustrative of life and love in these times," introducing the "wondrous" railroad scene, "The Down Express Train," said to be one of the most life-like and thrilling effects ever presented, will be played at the theatre this evening. We learn that it has had a long run in New York and other American cities. Twenty-two performers will appear in this piece, and many of them are said to be of acknowledged talent, having been selected from the New York and Boston theatres. New songs and dances are also advertized. The theatre is now in excellent condition.

The Cartridge of Silver Claimed.—The cartridge of silver announced by us on Saturday as having been found by a child on Thursday, has been claimed and given up to the owner, a poor widow woman with nine children. She had just received it from her son, who had sent it to her from a distant place, where he is in a situation. It was a ten dollar cartridge, but the police recovered only nine dollars. On being satisfied, however, that the paper contained ten dollars when lost, they went back to the dishonest woman who bought it from the child for a copper, and succeeded in getting the other dollar.

Police Court.—Philip Gorman, tavern-keeper, Clarence street, whose case was adjourned from Friday, was called up, when the charge of selling liquor on Saturday night after seven o'clock, not having been sustained, he was dismissed.—William Bennoit, charged with ill-using his wife, and general disorderly conduct, was fined $2 and costs.—Charles Keown, drunk and disorderly, fined $2 and costs.—Charles Pichette was then charged with stealing a saddle and breeching, being part of a set of harness, the property of David Minore. John Clappe proved that he purchased the property from the prisoner for four dollars, part of which was paid in money, and part in goods. The harness was identified by the owner, and the case was sent to the Recorder's Court.—David Paris appeared to prove that his wife Mary was insane, that she had formerly been in the lunatic asylum in Toronto and at Quebec. He stated on oath that she was dangerous and required to be constantly watched, and that being poor it was impossible for him to keep her under those circumstances. She was therefore committed to jail to await a vacancy in the asylum.

HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY.

The London *Owl* has the following items:

"The negotiations for the transfer of the Hudson Bay Company to Canada are now in so forward a state that on the arrival of the Finance Minister of the Colony, (expected this week) the remaining details can be adjusted without further loss of time."

In the House of Commons on the 11th:

Sir C. Lanyon asked the Under-Secretary for the Colonies whether negotiations were now in progress for the transfer of the Hudson Bay Company's territory; and, if so, at what period the transfer was likely to be made.

Mr. Adderly said that a memorial on the subject had been addressed to the Executive by the Legislature of Canada. The question had to be considered whether territory and government ought not to go together. Negotiations were now proceeding, but they were not in a state to justify him in stating their nature of their object.

—The Vermont *Transcript* of Wednesday says: The straws that tell which way the wind blows begin to move. Although no new "hardware" advertisements have been inserted in the St. Albans papers by new comers, "hardware" items begin to circulate in the papers in a suggestive way, and those who know a "thing or two" drop mysterious hints which lead us to expect that there will be a Fenian campaign this summer that will not end in the peaceable region of Pigeon Hill. But aside from all the little "hints" of paragraphs and rumors, we think our information warrants the assertion that we shall see, before the President is impeached, at least, if not before the 4th of July, a sight something like that witnessed here two years ago, when there were troops, Generals, and even a Secretary of War in our midst.

—Ottawa journals assert that the Adjutant-General of Militia has resigned his office. We believe they are premature in their announcement. It is well known that that officer was deeply mortified at the result of a vote in the Commons which struck at the efficiency of the service. Far from seeking or desiring any augmentation of his own salary, he had officially declined any addition to it, but he believed that his subordinates were not sufficiently remunerated, and he feels reluctant to encounter the responsibilities of a command when the money at his disposal has been summarily curtailed. Should we eventually be deprived of the intelligent services of so competent an officer, we are sure the country will deplore the loss, and the motives which induced him to resign will deter other officers of equal standing and reputation from accepting his position. As a matter of fact, we may state that no change will occur until the 1st October.—*Montreal News.*

Physicing Horses.—Many persons physic their horses frequently—especially every spring. This is a great error, and one which has caused the loss of many valuable horses, as physic as it is usually given, often produces inflammation of the bowels which generally proves fatal; it also weakens the horse and thus renders him more liable to disease, or less able to throw it off. What is required is a medicine which will operate gently upon the bowels, and act upon the liver and lungs, removing all obstructions therefrom, purifying the blood and enabling all the organs to do their work without overtaxing any, which is accomplished by the use of "Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and condition medicine"—it is always safe and certain. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.* is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C.W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

Carpets and House Furnishings.—Garland Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality. They have just received a large stock and invite the attention of parties furnishing to it. Purchasers will find their stock in this department second to none in Ottawa. 582-y

CABLE NEWS

(Via Montreal Line.)

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES.

London, May 29.—The Brazilian mail steamer, just arrived out, brings the following from Paraguay:—At last accounts Gen. Lopez was at the junction of the Tebicuriary and Paraguay rivers, with a large force in strong position. Lopez was strongly entrenched, well supplied with provisions and war material, and his communications with the interior for obtaining fresh supplies were unimpaired.

Paris, May 29.—Rio Janeiro dates of the 9th inst, have been received here. The latest news from the seat of war had reached Rio to the effect that a decisive action was about to take place before Humaita. The last despatches from the allied camp state that the bombardment of the Paraguayan stronghold, by land and naval batteries, had ceased, and orders had been given for a general assault on the works.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

London, May 30.—D'Israeli has informed Mr. Gladstone that he will not make any further opposition to the Irish Church Bill.

London, May 30.—Parliament last night adjourned over the Whitsuntide holidays, or until the fourth of June.

Whit Monday will be observed as a holiday on the London Stock Exchange and the Liverpool Cotton Market.

Paris, May 30.—The French Senate has passed the law for the regulation of public meetings.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Via Montreal Line.

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Competition a Public Benefit.

New York, May 29.—As a result of the bitter fight between the Norwich and Worcester, Stonington, Bristol and Fall River lines of steamboats the fare to Boston has been reduced from five dollars to one dollar.

Hoboken Races.

New York, May 29.—First race for all ages, one mile and a quarter, was won by *Urbana* beating *Jabal* and three others; time: 2:16¼. Second race, two miles dash, for all ages, $500, was won by *Local* beating *Luzemburg* and *Exile*; time: 3:47. Third race, mile heat, all ages, $500, was won by the colt *Richard B. Connolly*, late *Clement*, beating six others; time: 1:47—1:47—1:49¼.

Happy Termination of a Duel.

Richmond, Va., May 29.—A duel took place on Thursday evening, near this city, between Col. H. B. Read and Major R. H. Porter, both army officers. Read fired in the air, and the matter was adjusted.

A Town One Month Old Contains One Hundred Houses.

San Francisco, May 29.—The town of Reno, on the Central Pacific Railroad, near Virginia city, only laid out this month, already contains one hundred houses and five hundred inhabitants.

A Ship Burnt at Sea.

New York, May 30.—The *Herald's* London special says the American ship *Living Age*, from Newcastle, for Bombay, was burnt at sea. Nine of her crew have arrived in the *Cochin*, on the west coast of Madras. The captain and the rest of the crew are missing. The vessel belonged in Belfast, Maine.

Death of Kit Carson.

St. Louis, May 29.—A letter from Fort Lyon, Colorado, says the celebrated Kit Carson died at that post on the 23rd instant.

Fast Racing.

London, May 30.—The race for the Oaks was won by *Formosa* in 2:40, beating the time for the Derby made by *Blue-Gown* by four seconds.

Mortality on Shipboard.

New York, May 30.—The ship *Cool* arrived at Quarantine yesterday with 496 steerage passengers; twenty-five children having died, apparently of measles, during the voyage of 53 days from Bremen. The vessel was so filthy that a complete fumigation was ordered before allowing the vessel to proceed to the city.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

Execution of a Murderer.

Hudson, N. Y., May 30.—Brown, the Canaan child murderer, was executed to-day. He left a lengthy written statement detailing his life from birth.

The New Secretary of War.

Richmond, May 30.—Gen. Schofield left for Washington this morning.

THE CHINESE EMBASSY AT NEW YORK.

On Saturday night the ten mandarins of the embassy visited Niblo's Theatre, along with Minister Burlingame. The party occupied front seats in the parquette circle, which had been decorated for the occasion; the American and Chinese ensigns twining amicably in broad festoons overhead, and the same colors being also displayed on the outside of the lower railing. Of course, the Orientals, with their loose embroidered garments, their inverted pork-pie hats, gathered at the summit with an exaggerated glass bead, their flowing pig-tails, and their placid countenances, were the observed of all observers in the intervals between the acts; and it was both curious and interesting to watch the effects produced upon them by the entertainment so novel to them. Minister Burlingame quitted the theatre at the close of the second act, in order to meet an engagement at the Century Club; but the absorbed, delighted and bewildered antipodeans retained their seats, as if spell-bound, until the last twinkle of the dance and the last clash of the music had died away. The effect of the ballet on these children of the Sun was not the same. While Messrs. Tung, Kwei and Zoa preserved the true mandarin dignity throughout, with only an occasional smile of approval illuminating their celestial stolidity, little Mr. Tug signified his admiration by such exuberant and incessant applause with his hands and feet as to elicit an occasional word of caution from Messrs. Tuh and Liaû, who sat on either side of him. As for Messrs. Coong and Kang, they sat for the entire evening, each with a pair of opera-glasses leveled at the stage, which they hardly removed from their eyes during the performance, while their mouths indicated a chronic state of gaping wonder. Many of the spectacular features must have recalled forcibly to their minds the drama in their own flowery kingdom, where the explosion of the firecrackers and sky-rockets form so large a portion of the entertainment; but the dancing was to them the absorbing attraction. As one after another, the sensuous beauties of the ballet were unfolded before their intoxicated gaze, they became more and more expressive of their varied emotions. At the conclusion of the performance the mandarins, in talking together, expressed themselves highly pleased with this phase of barbarian entertainments, and the subsequent dreams of all were doubtless peopled with visions of a decidedly luxurious character.—*Tribune.*

The Chinese, as well as Mr. Burlingame and his Secretaries, are, as might be expected, greatly fatigued with travel, and stayed in their hotel all day Sunday. Chih-Tajin, one of the high Ministers, in particular, suffered much from the voyage, and feels the necessity of a few days of rest. They manifest much interest in New York, and this not a vulgar sight-seeing interest, but one which springs from the ingenious, inquiring mind, which is characteristic of their race, and from a desire to study our manners and customs. They inquire from visitors quite pertinaciously about our newspapers, commercial and political matter, etc. Fun-aoyeh, yesterday, in conversation with a member of the New York press, took a list of our principal journals, expressed his determination to learn the French and Latin languages, got a brief lesson in the pronunciation of the latter, and made a number of curious inquiries.—*World.*

Messrs. Young & Radford having secured the services of first-class working jewellers in etruscan, filagree, plain, fancy and solid gold work, and having made large additions to their work shop are now better prepared to execute any orders with which they may be entrusted than heretofore. Masonic jewels gold and silver medals, and every kind of gold and silver work done on the shortest possible notice. Remember the place, 30 Sparks-st., and encourage home manufacture.

CANADIAN NEWS.

—A meeting of the Quebec Cabinet was held in Montreal on Saturday.

—Seven car loads of emigrants passed through Guelph on Thursday, *en route* for the west.

—Dr. Ross, formerly house apothecary of the Montreal General Hospital, has been appointed house surgeon of that institution.

—On Tuesday last a track laborer named Michael Granton was run over on the Great Western Railway, and killed. Cause—whiskey.

—The Hamilton Cricket Club is now thoroughly organized. Mr. John McKeown, President; Mr. T. S. Bell, Secretary and Treasurer.

—The Catholic soldiers of the 30th Regiment, Quebec, a few days since, presented Mrs. Pennee, the organist of the Army Chapel, with a handsome piece of plate.

—On Saturday last Mr. M. Dupont, of Pointe du Lac, while crossing over Godfroy River Bridge, fell over and was drowned. He leaves a wife and four children to mourn his untimely end.

—Active preparations are being made to distribute a large supply of reserve ammunition for use in the various garrisons in case of emergency. A supply has reached Kingston.

—A detachment of the 53rd Regiment arrived in Quebec on Friday, per steamer *Quebec*, from London, Ontario. This regiment will relieve the 30th Regiment of the charge of the Military School.

—Seven hundred emigrants, chiefly Germans, passed through Hamilton from Suspension Bridge *en route* for the West on Wednesday night, on the Great Western Railway. Others are expected shortly.

—A man named Thomas Redmond, steward of the steamship *Nestorian*, was accidentally drowned in the St. Lawrence at Montreal on Tuesday. His body was recovered on Thursday, an inquest held on Friday, and a verdict of "accidentally drowned" returned.

—Great activity prevailed on Friday in the Quebec Military Store Department, and five hundred thousand rounds of ammunition were forwarded per Grand Trunk Railway to different points along the frontier. Another large supply of ammunition was to be shipped West Saturday morning.

—On Monday a party of boys in St. Catherines attempted the experiment which has so often proved impracticable, of burning powder out of a bottle. Result, a lad named Carlisle had one ear blown off, and several others were badly burned.

—The total value of imports at the port of Hamilton for the week ending with Saturday, the 23rd instant, $46,459. The imports for the corresponding week of last year were $36,361, showing an increase in 1868 of $10,098.

—The steamship *Germany*, which arrived in Montreal on Thursday, brought out a traction engine, the first of the kind ever imported into this country. It is from the establishment of Messrs. Garrett & Sons, the celebrated English makers, and consigned to Mr. W. Sutherland Taylor, Toronto.

—The indications are that the price of wool will rule unusually low this season. A considerable stock of last year's crop remains on hand in Boston and other Eastern markets, for which there is no sale. There is therefore little probability of any very active demand for some time to come.

—On Monday last G. M. Fields, of Queenston, and a member of the Queenston Mounted Infantry Company, visited Thorold for the purpose of participating in the celebration there. When returning late at night, he was thrown from his horse and fell some thirty feet down the side of the mountain, striking on a pile of stones, killing him instantly.

—The Quebec *Chronicle* of Saturday says it was confidently stated that the Thirtieth Regiment will not be withdrawn from Her Majesty's Dominion of Canada, as was originally intended in compliance with orders from the Horse Guards. It is also stated that none of the regular force at present serving in Canada are to be withdrawn, and that they will be most likely strengthened shortly by more troops, in view of a coming Fenian invasion on our frontier.

—The following gentlemen have been elected officers of the Montreal Sanitary Association for the coming year:

President—Mr. W. Workman, Mayor.
1st Vice-President—Mr. T. S. Brown.
2nd Vice-President—Mr. G. W. Weaver.
3rd Vice-President—Mr. J. Royal.
Patrons—Mgr. Bourget, Bishop of Montreal; Most Rev. the Metropolitan of Canada.
Hon. Secretaries—Dr. Carpenter, Dr. A. B. Larocque.

—The Waterloo battalion mustered five companies at Hamburg, numbering o[illegible] officers and men, on the 25th ins[illegible] ing to previous order, to perf[illegible] days' annual drill. Col[illegible] is in command, assisted by seni[illegible] A. G. McMillan, acting junior M[illegible] Campbell, Adjutant McGachen, Assistant-Adjutant Pickering, and the various company officers. The battalion parades three times a day, looks splendidly, and is a credit to the county of Waterloo. The good example of this village ought to be followed elsewhere.

—The Montreal *News* says that on Friday morning about nine o'clock, a man named Louis Tardy, residing at Hochelaga, saw a body floating in the St. Lawrence River, about one hundred and fifty yards from the bank, opposite his residence. He at once procured a boat, and brought the body of a woman ashore. In the afternoon an inquest was held by Mr. Coroner Jones, when the verdict of "found drowned" was returned. The deceased, who apparently had been for a considerable time in the water, had on a woollen hood and jacket and a plaid skirt, a pair of woollen stockings, and one rubber. The small quantity of hair which remained was of a dark color.

ADVICE TO YOUNG LADIES.

"Isabella T." writes as follows to the London *Public Opinion*: When a girl marries she ought to a certain extent, to give up her acquaintances, and consider the company of her husband the best company she can have. The young wife must learn cooking carefully. There are many excellent cookery books, but she must not follow them implicitly. My own plan, for some time after I was married, was to take some dish and prepare it once according to the receipt given, and note carefully what ingredients could be dispensed with. The second time I generally managed it at half the expense. A useful plan is to keep a blank book in the kitchen drawer, and whenever a deviation from the orthodox cookery book be made, to jot it down. Do not wait till you have washed your hands; let the book be finger-marked rather than lose an idea. You will thus learn much more of household economy than if you trusted to memory alone, and when your daughters grow up, what a fund of practical information it will be for them. To a great extent the celibacy of our young men is owing to the way in which girls are brought up. Through mistaken kindness, mothers often do themselves what they ought to make their daughters do. Let them teach them housekeeping on a fixed methodical plan. Little girls should be taught, as early as possible, to perform simple household duties neatly, and as they grow older let them become gradually acquainted with the whole theory of housekeeping in such a manner that, when they are married, they will be able to adapt themselves to their circumstances, and be useful as well as pleasing companions to their husbands. Let none of my unmarried sisters suppose that I wish them, when they marry, to become mere household slaves. Most young men, when they marry, have fair prospects of advancement, and, should they be steady, they may in time be able to keep not one servant only, but several, and their wives' knowledge of housekeeping proves no less useful to them then than it was when they had no servant at all.

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal commences to-day.

—Twenty years experience in using Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients, renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or Cough or Voice Lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cents per box.

MISCELLANEOUS.

—Scott, a New York submarine diver, is under a $500 wager to remain below water from sunrise to sunset.

—An Englishman, on his way from Michigan to Prince Edward Island, to remove his family out West, was knocked down in Portland on Friday night, and robbed of $185 in gold.

—The ladies of a city in Mexico have formed an association and established a newspaper for the protection of their rights. If they can get their rights out of a country so full of wrongs as Mexico, they will be lucky indeed.

—The emigrants who left Ireland in 1867, according to the return of the registrar general, amount to 81,724. The number of emigrants who embarked at Irish ports from May 1st, 1851, to December 31st, 1867, is placed at 1,832,000.

—A newspaper monopoly is about to be established in New England. The periodical dealers are to be consolidated into one great company, which threatens to monopolize the business of selling papers and periodicals in the Eastern States. The concern is to be styled the "New England News Company."

—Nothing can save the Indian tribes on this Continent from extermination. They are yielding their territory year by year, and their number is rapidly diminishing. The Cherokees have sold their neutral lands, and will realize about $1,000,000 for the 798,613 acres contained in the tract; but that money will mostly go for whiskey.

—The following first-class sensational paragraph is worthy the attention of modern novelists and playwrights: "The Sicilian police have captured one of the most ferocious brigands ever known. His nature is so bloodthirsty that his own companions were afraid of him, and he has frequently been known to bite off the ears of his victims and eat them. His appearance is frightful, and he bears a stronger resemblance to a gorilla than a human being."

—The emigration from Germany this year is immense, and is said to be going on on a scale larger than ever before. The main cause is said to be the increase of taxation throughout Germany, consequent on the recent war. The great bulk of the emigrants set out for the United States; but we are glad to see that some find their way to Canada, where they join old friends, the safest and best mode of settlement, and one which is sure to grow.

An Historical Personage.—The death is announced of Mrs. Maria Harding, of Gloster, New Jersey. This lady was one of the eye-witnesses of the execution of Major Andre. It was she who gave to Major Andre, on the morning of his execution, a handful of peaches. The Major carried the fruit some distance, and then gave it to a little girl. Mrs. Harding was accustomed to speak of this event, and to describe, in enthusiastic terms, the gallant bearing of the ill-fated officer, always concluding her description with the naive comment, "Somehow, he did not seem to have an appetite."

England and Abyssinia.—The New York *Tribune* says the English Government is faithfully executing its promises with regard to Abyssinia. The liberation of the captives being effected, they hasten to evacuate the country. Already two regiments have embarked for Bombay, and the remainder of the troops were to be shipped as rapidly as possible. The campaign has undoubtedly been a grand success, and cannot fail immensely to strengthen the rule of England in India and other foreign colonies, and her prestige with all the still independent monarchs of Asia and Africa, especially with the new ruler of Abyssinia.

—The wife of M. V. de M——, of Antwerp, was recently safely delivered of four female children. According to the local journals, this occurrence created an immense sensation in the town. When the christening took place, the church was crowded with spectators, and thousands of persons lined the streets along which the cortege of four nurses with their charges, and as many godfathers and godmothers, were to pass. Cries of "*Vivent les epoux V. de M——! Vivent leurs enfants!*" were raised, and many ladies only found relief from their emotion in tears. After the return home of the children, they had to be brought out to the balcony of the house to receive an ovation from the crowd assembled in the street. All the little ones, as well as the mother, are doing well.

ANECDOTES OF TH[illegible] B[illegible]

T[illegible]

[illegible] ...vated. He rose in the morning about seven, soon after which he occupied himself with reading the morning letters, and a short walk in the lawn or around the park filled up the time till nine, when he had breakfast. He then went to his study, and about one o'clock he had a single glass of wine taken to him, which was all the refreshment he had between breakfast and dinner. The latter meal was invariably timed for six o'clock, and the venerable Lord was sparing in what he ate. A little over-done beef, followed by rice pudding, and half a glass of wine—such was his favorite course; and, without waiting for dessert, he left the others at table and again sought his study, where he remained up to ten or half-past ten o'clock. His books, in fact, up to almost the last day of his life, were his most courted companions; and even when, lured by the fine weather, he ventured out for a walk, he often carried a book with him. The temper of the illustrious old man was occasionally sharp, and when excited he manifested a vigor which seemed little in keeping with the age enfeebled form. He evidently had strong passions, which showed themselves conspicuously when he began to speak. The writer of these lines was present at Lord Brougham's latest public appearance in Cumberland, and was much struck by the contrast between his appearance on and off the platform. Leaning on the arm of Mr. George Moore, or of Garmont, his trusty valet (who had been for years with his master), the venerable Lord appeared the impersonation of debility and mildness; yet he no sooner got upon his legs than the bent form dilated—his arm was shot out, "the index finger" moved up and down, his foot stamped the boards, his far-sunken eye dashed, and power became visible in every motion of his body; if that was so at eighty-six, and the subject so commonplace as Mechanics' Institutes, how irresistible his vigor and passion upon the exciting topics which engaged his genius in the hey-day of his strength and influence! His affection for his child—a gifted young lady, who died untimely in her eighteenth year—was intense. She was the joy and hope of his life; and her death wrung his heart severely. He always had near him memorials of his lost one; nor did the lapse of a century deprive these relics—such as the summer bonnet she wore, her miniature, &c.—of their charm. It was a green spot in the old man's heart to the last. Latterly his intellect gave way; but his bodily health remained good up to the very hour he went to his last sleep.

The *Daily Telegraph* says:—In 1830 Brougham had arrived at the pinnacle of his fame. Before that date, indeed, Canning and the Duke of Wellington had both offered him high judicial distinction, though George the Fourth is said to have been very unwilling to allow them to do so; but he knew better. In 1827 Canning offered to make him Chief Baron of the Exchequer, saying, "That, you know, is the half-way house to the Chancellorship." "Yes," was the significant reply, "but you deprive me of the horses which are to take me on;" meaning his seat in the House and the influence it gave him. In 1831-2, of course, he was mostly occupied out of his Court with the Reform Bills, and he had no easy task. His speeches to the Peers during this era are powerful though vehement in tone. He threatened, he prayed, he cajoled the Peers into passing the dreadful measure. He told them plumply that all their "castles, manors, rights of warren and of chase were not to be weighed for one moment against the middle classes of England." He ended one speech by saying, "I entreat, I implore you, on my bended knees, pass this bill. His parable of the Sibyl was most happy. Everyone knows the story of the Sibylline Books. "Her demands being once rejected," said Brougham, "the prophetic maiden comes again, but she rises in her demand each time. It is Parliament by the year, it is vote by the ballot, it is suffrage for the million." At Inverness, in September, 1834, Brougham was foolish enough to say that he was pleased to find the King living in the hearts of his subjects, and he was confident the news would be gratifying to his Majesty when he told him, "as he would by that night's post?" This was *Ego et Rex meus* with a vengeance. The King was exceedingly annoyed, and the wits laughed and recalled a story of Brougham and his mother. The old lady's servant invariably, when accused of breaking anything, replied, "Sure, ma'am, it was crackit afore;" and one day, when little Harry fell down stairs, and his mother shouted, "Oh, my dear boy, is your head broke?" "No, no, mother," said the young genius, "it was crackit afore."

FRANCE.

Napoleon's visit to Orleans—The Reception and Speeches.

(From the Paris Moniteur, May 11.)

Directly after the arrival of the Emperor and Empress at Orleans, they proceeded to the cathedral, where they were received by Mgr. Dupanloup, the bishop, at the head of his clergy. They then inspected the Agricultural Exhibition, and distributed the prizes. At the railway station, the Mayor of Orleans made a speech to their Majesties, in which, after recalling the past glories of the city, he said that although Orleans was now a place of industry and commerce, loving peace and appreciating its benefits, yet if France, "strong in her right and jealous in her honor," were compelled to draw the sword, the inhabitants of Orleans would be found worthy of their ancestors. In reply the Emperor said: "I accepted your invitation with pleasure, because I am always happy to find myself again in the midst of a city which, whilst religiously maintaining such glorious memories and patriotic sentiments, devotes itself with ardor to the struggles of labor and industry. I was desirous to ascertain for myself your progress, and to encourage it, convinced that amid the general tranquility of Europe it may be developed with confidence. I thank you for the sentiments you express towards the Empress, my son, and myself."

At the entrance of the cathedral the bishop of Orleans addressed their Majesties. He made bold to say, he observed, that in all France the Emperor had never visited a city more Christian, or more French. Twice it had been the last rampart of the country against foreign invasion. Paris, which he named with respect, had allowed her gates to be forced several times by the foreigner—Orleans never. It had not only been the rampart, but the heart of France; and the inhabitants of Orleans were still the same amid the confusion of men and things. In Orleans, more, perhaps, than in any other part of the empire, his Majesty would feel that France, when her spirit is closely examined, is, and wishes to be, the very christian nation, and that patriotism and faith have always constituted her honor and fortune since Charlemagne. In conclusion, the bishop, addressing the Empress, referred to the material joy she must feel at the religious ceremony in which the Prince Imperial had recently taken part.

In reply the Emperor said:—"I am much touched by the noble words which you have just addressed to me. It is on this spot that we can dwell with delight upon how much religious faith and true patriotism can effect for the safety and grandeur of a country. In this city was produced one of the most wonderful facts of history, and the river which flows beneath your walls was formerly one of the ramparts of our independence in the same manner as it protected, in less distant times, the heroic remnants of our grand armies. The Empress and myself, in coming to share in the popular festivities of Orleans, were desirous first to kneel within that ancient Basilica, and surrounded by the grand remembrances of the past, to ask from the Almighty His protection for the future. I thank you, Monseigneur, I thank your clergy, for the prayers you address to Heaven for the Empress, the Prince Imperial, and myself.

The Emperor and Empress returned to the Tuileries at half-past six.

A HUSBAND'S DEVOTION.

A Wife taken in a Wheelbarrow from Watertown, N. Y., to Saratoga.

[From the U[illegible]

On the first [illegible] then [illegible]

[illegible] road he had to wheel some 280 pounds. He was also accompanied by his other child, a boy of some six years of age, who walked the entire way from Watertown, while his father laid in the barrow his poor decrepit wife, baby and the few quilts, &c, he had. During the snow storm in April, while in Lewis county, the family were compelled to lay up in a shanty for eight days, food being furnished them by some kind neighbors. On Saturday last, the group arrived at Saratoga, and through the exertions of some of the citizens of the village, were provided with the means to go to housekeeping, and the family are settled in the upper village. We learn that Mr. Spier is about forty years of age, his wife being a little his junior. Mr. S. cut and piled cordwood in Jefferson County, last winter; he is hale and strong, except for his late journey and want of proper food. It was on the recommendation of two physicians that Mr. Spier left Watertown upon his self-sacrificing journey.

HOME-MADE ICE.

The New Orleans *Bulletin* gives an interesting account of how ice is made in that city. It says: "You may stand in the sun, with the perspiration pouring from your forehead, a silk umbrella in your hand, perhaps, to protect you against the heat, and at the same time look upon ice and snow forming within twenty feet of you, the same as though you were standing in a valley and looking at the snow-clad top of a mountain. By a chemical process, too lengthy and too scientific to describe to the general reader, a large basin of water, strongly impregnated with salt to keep it from freezing, is deprived of its caloric and reduced to a temperature below the freezing point. Into this basin are inserted cases made of tin, air and water tight at the bottom and sides, filled with water; these cases are covered on top, and in less than two minutes the water inside is frozen, and you may take out a cake of ice some three inches thick, twelve inches wide, and three inches long. The rapidity with which the water is congealed gives the ice a milky appearance, and hence some persons have been led to believe that the ice contained ammonia, and was not pure. The truth is that the water used for the manufacture of this ice is Mississippi river water, pumped a long distance from shore, and then distilled; hence the purest kind of water. There are now two machines in operation capable of making each twelve tons of ice per day, and four more machines are in process of erection. The company can now furnish ice at the rate of three-fourths of a cent per pound."

Fresh Meat from Australia.—Great interest is being taken in Sydney in a process for preserving fresh meat, known as Mort's freezing process, the cold being obtained by the liquefaction of ammonia. A public meeting has subscribed £3,000 towards sending to England a ship load of 260 tons of fresh meat, which may be expected to arrive in this autumn, which is to consist of choice meat and to be sold fresh and sound in these markets at about four pence a pound. Meat preserved for eleven months by this refrigerating process is said to have been perfectly fresh when eaten two or three days after being thawed. The committee expect to have a ship load ready in July.—*Medical Journal.*

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal commences to-day.

—Twenty years experience in using Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and unusual irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or cough and voice Lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per box.

—Glover, Vermont, has a smart old woman of 87, who had an offer of marriage the other day from a man of 45 years old, and who told him she could take care of herself. She works for wages, and can do as much as many young women. It would be wrong to ask such a noble woman to cease from work, for such is her happiness, and will increase her glory hereafter, but if she were in this neighborhood, we have not the slightest doubt that a well known citizen would sweeten her toil by an occasional present of Italian Bitters.

Good Signs.—It is a good sign to see a man doing an act of charity to his fellows. It is a good sign to see the color of health in a man's face. It is a good sign to see an honest man wearing old clothes, and the immense sales of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," is a good sign that it is a scientific preparation, and properly appreciated by the people. Sold everywhere at 25cts. per bottle.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE CANADA HOUSE, CALEDONIA SPRINGS, near L'Orignal, on the Ottawa, will be open for the reception of visitors on the 1st of June. 745b

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. Symptoms of Worms.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual waist ing away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to th child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., who are he sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* ☞ and take no other. ☜ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine deale eve where. 578y

To Consumptives.—The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, free, by return mail, will please address, REV. EDWARD WILSON, Williamsburg, Kings Co., New York.

A "Cough," "Cold," or Irritated Throat if allowed to progress, results in serious Pulmonary and Bronchial affections, oftentimes incurable.

Brown's Bronchial Troches reach *directly* the affected parts, and give almost instant relief. In Bronchitis, Asthma and Catarrh they are beneficial. Obtain only the *genuine* Brown's Bronchial Troches, which have *proved* their efficacy by a test of many years. Among testimonials attesting their efficacy are letters from—

E H Chapin, D D, New York,
Henry Ward Beecher, Brooklyn, N Y,
N P Willis, New York,
Hon C A Phelps Pres. Mass.Senate,
Dr G F Bigelow, B
Prof. Edward North, Clinton, N Y.
Surgeons in the Army, and others of eminence.

Sold everywhere at 25 cents per box. 708d14w2m

Letters ... Florence Nightingale of the Nursery ... following is an extract from a letter written by the Rev. C. Z. Weiser, to the *German Reformed Messenger*, at Chambersburg, Penn.: A Blessing.—Just open the door for her, and Mrs. Winslow will prove the American Nightingale of the Nursery. Of this we are sure, that we will teach our "Susy" to say "*A Blessing on Mrs. Winslow*" for helping her to survive and escape the griping, colicking and teething siege. We confirm every word set forth in the prospectus It performs precisely what it professes to perform, every part of it—nothing less. Away with your "Cordial," "Paregoric," "Drops," "Laudanum," and every other "Narcotic," by which the babe is drugged into stupidity, and rendered dull and idiotic for life.

We have never seen Mrs. Winslow—know her only through the preparation of her "Soothing Syrup for Children Teething." If we had the power, we would make her, as she is, a physical saviour to the infant race. 25 cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists. Be sure and call for "*Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.*" Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations. 709d14w2m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

TO JOB PRINTERS.

Wanted immediately a good general JOBBER. The highest wages given. Apply at this Office. Ottawa, May 27, 1868.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864,

AND AMENDMENTS THEREOF.

In the matter of WILLIAM N. BARRIE and JOHN McMARTIN, Insolvents.

BY virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvents, and also under and by virtue of an order made by James Daniell, Esquire, Judge of the County Court of the United Counties of Prescott and Russell in that behalf, I will on THURSDAY, the twenty-sixth day of June next, offer or sale by Public Auction, at the hour of ten o'clock, in the forenoon of the said day, at the office of Messrs. Morland, Watson and Company, in the City of Montreal, all the real estate and interest of the said Insolvent John McMartin, of and in the lands and premises in the Township of North Plantagenet, and County of Prescott, and Province of Ontario, hereinafter particularly mentioned and described. That is to say:

1st. All the real estate, interest and equity of redemption of the said John McMartin of what nature or kind soever, whether as devisee under the will of Alexander McMartin, deceased, or otherwise, of and in lot number nine, (9) in the fourth (4th) concession, old survey of the said Township of Plantagenet, East of the South Nation River.

2nd. All the real estate, interest and equity of redemption of the said John McMartin, of what nature and kind soever, whether as devisee under the will of the said Alexander McMartin, deceased, or otherwise, of and in Lot Number Ten (10), in the Fourth (4th) Concession, old survey of the said Township East of the South Nation River.

The said two lots are supposed to contain together 399 acres more or less.

3rd. All the real estate and interest and equity of redemption of the said John McMartin, of what nature and kind sover, either in his own right, or as devisee under the will of the said Alexander McMartin, deceased, or otherwise, howsoever, et and in at part of Lot Eleven, (11) in the said Fourth (4th) Concession, old survey of the said Township of North Plantagenet, known as McMartin's Saw Mills, with the privileges and appurtenances to the same belonging. Also of and in the premises known as the old Store, the large Store Hous the large stable and premises connected therewith, also of and in the Dwelling House now occupied by the said John McMartin, and the outbuildings therewith connected, and lying and being in the Village of Plantagenet Mills aforesaid.

The said several premises will be sold subject to the several mortgages charged upon same, and the said mill and mill premises and other the premises last mentioned with their appurtenances, will be sold subject to the interest of the said Insolvents as copartners or of either of them therein, under the partnership articles the lease therein mentioned or otherwise howsoever at the time of their insolvency for the residue of the unexpired term of fifteen years from the 1st day of December, 1865, and to the mortgages thereon.

There is a rent of one dollar annually, payable during said term to the said John McMartin as devisee thereof, under the will of the said Alexander McMartin.

Terms—Cash.

For further particulars apply to Edward Taylor Dartzell, Esquire, L'Orignal, Solicitor for the Assignee, or to the Assignee.

Dated at L'Orignal, this 23rd day of April A.D., 1868.

EDWD. FREMEN DARTNELL
726-1aw2m Assignee

Important Sale
—OF—
DRY GOODS

PREPARING FOR REMOVAL
—TO—
New Premises!

IN ORDER TO DISPOSE

Of our present extensive and valuable stock before removing in the Autumn, we have determined upon offering the entire stock without reserve at great reductions from present prices

COMMENCING
TO-DAY,
At TEN o'clock, a.m.
Great Bargains!
MAY BE EXPECTED.

All goods will be re-marked in plain figures, with and ink, the sale prices, so that customers can see the actual reductions on every article.

Magee & Russell.

Ottawa, June 1, 1868. 701y

GREAT BARGAINS IN DRESS GOODS, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.
NEW STYLE OF DRESS GOODS, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.
FANCY DRESS GOODS AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.
PLAIN GOODS FOR TRAVELLING DRESSES, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.
BAREGE, GRENADINE & LLAMA DRESS GOODS, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S Invite inspection of their Stock.

No. 14, RIDEAU-STREET.

Ottawa, May 30, 1868. 510y

HARDWARE, HARDWARE!
—AT—
Thomas Birkett's,

SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24 RIDEAU STREET.

Come old and young, come short and tall,
Come rich and poor, come great and small,
Just call and see my stock in trade,
Hardware and paints of every grade.

A Complete Assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware constantly kept on hand at the SIGN of the ANVIL, T. BIRKETT, consisting in part of

Butts,	Axes,	Iron,	Paints, all colors,	Screws,	Saws,	Tin,	Oils,
Locks,	Ropes,	Stoves,	Glass,	Coolers,	Putty,	Bolts,	Chains,
Nails,	Coal,	Pitch,	Grindstones,	&c.,	&c.,	&c.,	&c.

Also a complete stock of MECHANICS' TOOLS of the most improved English and American manufacture.

Then Come and Examine my Stock,
A duty never shirk it,
And satisfaction will be got
In business with T. BIRKETT.

☞ Don't forget the place—THOS. BIRKETT, Sign of the Anvil, No. 24, Rideau-street.
P. S.—All Goods delivered Free to any par of the city. 408y

Ladies Keep Cool!

BLACK AND WHITE LACE SHAWLS,
GRENADINE SHAWLS,
BAREGE SHAWLS,
BAREGE JACKETS,

BAREGE & GRENADINE PROMENADE COSTUMES,
GRENADINES,
FRENCH & ENGLISH MUSLINS.

GENTLEMEN KEEP COOL!

BLACK ALPACCA COATS,
BUFF ALPACCA COATS,
LINEN COATS,
MARSEILLES VESTS,

All in great variety, cheap, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S,

Wholesale and Retail.
Importers, 20 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 29, 1868. 484y

NEW STOCK OF
SUMMER GOODS,
—AT—
"THE GOLDEN BOOT."

NO. 226, WELLINGTON-STREET.

Ladies' White Canvass Boots,
Ladies' Button Prunella Boots,
Ladies' Lace Prunella Boots,
Ladies' Prunella Gaiter Boots,
Ladies' Kid Button Boots,
Ladies' Kid Lace Boots,
Ladies' Kid Gaiter Boots,
Ladies' English Walking Boots,

Gent's White Canvass Congress,
Gent's White Canvass Shoes,
Gent's Mill. Calf Congress,
Gent's Calf-faced Congress,
Gent's Calf Balmorals,
Gent's Fine Kid Congress,
Gent's Prunella Brogans,
Gent's Pat. Dress Boots,

Children's Fine Morrocco Lace Boots,
Children's Fine Kid Congress and Lace Boots,
Children's Enameled and Calf Copper Toes,
And other goods in endless variety.

The subscribers beg to thank the public for the liberal patronage they have received since opening the above establishment.

W. ANGUS & CO.,
No. 226, Wellington-street.

666y

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

Lessee and Manager, - J. J. COLLINS.

THE Manager begs to announce that he has leased the above place of amusement for

A SHORT SEASON
Commencing

Monday, June 1st, 1868,

For the purpose of producing a few of the

Latest New York Sensations.

The initial performance will be Daly's Great Drama, illustrative of LIFE and LOVE in these times, entitled,

Under the Gaslight,

In which occurs the totally Original and Thrilling effect,

THE DOWN EXPRESS TRAIN,

ONE OF THE MOST

LIFE-LIKE AND EXCITING PRODUCTIONS EVER WITNESSED.

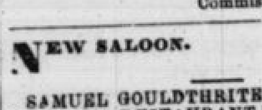
The cast of Characters will comprise Ladies and Gentlemen of acknowledged merit and ability.

Prices of Admission:

Parquette, - - - - - - 50 cents.
Gallery, - - - - - - 25 "

C. W. NISBET, Agent.

Ottawa, May 28, 1868. 753td



Customs Department,
Ottawa, May 8, 1868.

AUTHORIZED Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 28 per cent.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

NEW SALOON.

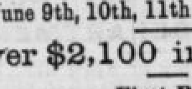
SAMUEL GOULDTHRITE has removed and OPENED A RESTAURANT in the Stone Building next door to the Express, Office, OPPOSITE the POST OFFICE, where customers will be attended to with his usual punctuality.

May 28, 1868. 753.3

LOST.

On Thursday, between the Office of Messrs. Pennock and the Sappers' Bridge, a TEN DOLLAR PACKAGE OF SILVER. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving the same at the office of J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 30, 1868. 755

JUNE MEETING
OF THE
Ogdensburg Driving Park

ASSOCIATION.

AT OGDENSBURG, N. Y.,

Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, & Friday, June 9th, 10th, 11th and 12th, 1868.

Over $2,100 in PURSES!

First Day.
Purses $250—Two Running Races.
Second Day.
Purses $350—Trotting with Running Mate.
Third Day.
Purses $850—Trotting.
Fourth Day.
Purses $600—Running and Hurdle Races.

☞ Write for Small Bills, or see Posters.
☞ Entries to be made by 2nd June.

C. J. HYNES, Secretary. S. S. HALLADAY, President.

May 25, 1868. 751tJe1

PIANOS. PIANOS.

JUST RECEIVED AT THE

London Music Store!

☞ Her Majesty's Theatre, ☜

Wellington Street,

A new and splendid assortment of

PIANOFORTES!

☞ UNION MAKE. ☜

Every PIANO from this establishment warranted for 5 years.

Also just received a new stock of

VICTORIA ORGANS and MELODEONS.

VIOLINS, CONCERTINAS, GUITARS, &c., in great variety.

Second hand Pianos taken in part payment for new ones.

Connected with this establishment is a Piano Manufacturer, who will attend punctually to all orders for TUNING left at the London Music Store.

E. MILES,
Lessee of Her Majesty's Theatre.

Ottawa, March 25, 1868. 551-39y

CITIZEN OFFICE,

RIDEAU-STREET.

A NEW

Stationery Store

Has been opened in connection with

"The Ottwa Citizen" Office,

AND THE

Patronage of the Public is Respectfully Solicited.

THE STOCK EMBRACES

AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF

STATIONERY!

INCLUDING ALL KINDS OF

WRITING, PRINTING, WRAPPING,
BLOTTING, COLORED, TISSUE,
CARTRIDGE & DRAWING PAPERS.

ENVELOPES, VISITING CARDS,
(Plain and Mourning.)

PLAYING CARDS,
MEMORANDUM
And ACCOUNT BOOKS,
POCKET LEDGERS
And CASH BOOKS,
LETTER COPYING BOOKS.

INDEXES,
BLANK NOTES,
And DRAFTS.

STEEL PENS, QUILLS,
INDIA RUBBER, INK ERASER,
SEALING WAX,
ELASTIC BANDS (All Sizes),
ERASING KNIVES,
LETTER SCALES,
FILES AND CLIPS,
PAPER FASTENERS.

INK-STANDS,
(All sizes in Glass, Pewter and Fancy.)

PEN RACKS, INKS,
ROUND RULERS,
SLATES AND SLATE PENCILS,
MUCILAGE, MARKING INKS,

☞ And every other ARTICLE in the trade.

ORDERS FOR

BLANK BOOKS!

In any Style of Ruling and Binding, executed on the shortest notice.

BOOKBINDING

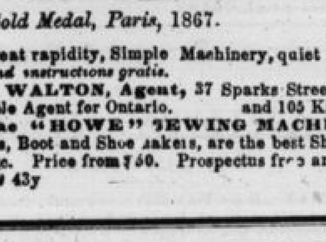
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Job Printing

As usual, Neatly, Cheaply and Expeditiously executed.

I. B. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

Ottawa, May 25, 1868. 751y



Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES

WERE AWARDED THEIR 67TH

Prize and Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

Great rapidity, Simple Machinery, quiet in action, easy o opera e, price from $47. *Prospectus ree, and instructions gratis.*

G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa, ☞ Sole Agent for Ontario. R. W. STEPHEN, and 105 King st., West, Toronto. Manager, Ottawa.

The "HOWE" SEWING MACHINES are the *best* for arriage Trimmers, Harness Makers, Boot and Shoe Makers, are the best Shuttle Machine for Tailors, Dressmakers, Families, etc. etc., etc. Price from $60. Prospectus free and instructions gratis.

G. A. WALTON, 37 Sparks-street, Ottawa, *Agent.*

47y 43y

FOR SALE

AT THE

MONTREAL WAREHOUSE

800 BUTTER TUBS, in good order.

J. MARTIN & CO.

10,000 LBS. MAPLE SUGAR.

J. MARTIN & CO.

50 CASES ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

J. MARTIN & CO.

HERRINGS, PORK, FLOUR, BUTTER, CHEESE.

657y J. MARTIN & CO.

TO LET.

FOUR GOOD ROOMS over SHEPHERD'S GROCERY STORE, Murray st., between Sussex and Dalhousie-sts. Also, GOOD STABLES for thirteen horses. Rent moderate. Also a quantity of CEDARS for sale. Enquire of M. SHEPHERD, at the Store.

Ottawa, May 20, 1868. 748

Dominion Auction Mart,

AND

Commission Sale Rooms

House, Land & General Agency,
OFFICE & SALE ROOMS,
Inglis' New Buildings, Sussex-street,

OTTAWA.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city.

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a lar, e and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

A Servants' Registry will be kept, where male and female servants of every capacity will be found.

Servants and others, wanting employment, should enrol their names at once, and persons requiring servants should make early application.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
753y House, Land and General Agent.

TO LET.

Two Bedrooms and Parlor furnished in Wellington-street, Upper Town. Address Box 226, O.P.O.
May 27. 752a

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

Just Received Per Express.

A CHOICE Selection CANADA WATCH COMPANY'S WATCHES,

At Young & Radford's.

AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY'S WATCHES,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE GOLD JEWELLERY,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE GOLD and CORAL JEWELLERY,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE HUNTING ANCHOR WATCHES, in fine Silver Cases, as low as $12.00,

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FINE Eighteen CARAT GOLD WATCHES as low as $18.00,

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

ROGER'S BEST CUTLERY and fine ENGLISH ELECTRO-PLATED WARE, can be had

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S

30 Sparks-st. Ottawa.

Auction Sales

BY H. McLEAN.

GREAT ATTRACTION!!

Immense Auction Sale

—OF—

Dry Goods,

JEWELLERY, &c., &c.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer,

Has received an extensive consignment of Goods from London, England, which he will sell

BY PUBLIC AUCTION,

AT HIS

Sale Rooms, 18, *Sparks-st.*,

COMMENCING ON

Wednesday, 3rd June, Proximo,

At TWO o'clock, P. M.

The stock consists of

KIDDERMINSTER,
HEMP,
DUTCH and other

Carpets in Roll!

Which will be cut to suit purchasers; Handsome Carpets made in Squares with Borders—a novelty; a quantity of Axminster Velvet Pyle and Tapestry Hearth Rugs; Handsome Velvet Pyle and all Wool Table Covers; Damask and Lace Curtains; an immense quantity of Towels, Sheets, Quilts, Summer Counterpanes and Toilet Covers; Alhambra and Marsala Coverlids.

JEWELLERY!

In Plated Goods, consisting of Gold and Silver Watches, Tea and Coffee Services, Plated Knives, Forks and Spoons, and a large variety of Fancy Goods too numerous to mention.

Sale positive and without reserve, and to continue from day to day until the whole stock is disposed of.

Ottawa, May 30, 1868. 755td

Coffee! Coffee!

TO those who enjoy a Cup of

REALLY FINE COFFEE!

—TRY—

BUCHANAN'S

Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha,
JAVA & JAMAICA,
Roasted and Ground

Daily on the premises, by steam power.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

May 11, 1868. 739tf

Storekeepers, Farmers and Others,

SHOULD BUY THEIR TEAS FROM

The Importers Direct.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY, 6, Hospital-street, Montreal, have sent over one thousand packages to different parts of the country, and receive every day assurances that the Tea gives entire satisfaction. Subjoined are a few of the numerous testimonials already received:

Russell Hotel, Quebec, Jan. 7, 1867.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the six chests of Tea forwarded some time since arrived in good order. The quality is pure and excellent, and prices cheap. As I am particular in buying the best quality of Tea to be had for our guests, I am pleased to acquaint you that it gives general satisfaction. Your obedient servant,
Willis Russell.

Felcome, Dec. 23, 1867.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the Oolong Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto, who informs me he considers it as good as that he was using for which he paid one dollar per lb. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz., at 75 cents per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant,
Jno. T. Day.

House of Senate, Ottawa, December 16, 1867.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the box of English Breakfast and Young Hyson Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. You may expect my future orders. Yours, &c.,
S. Skinner.

Cobourg, January 8, 1868.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, I beg to inform you that the two boxes of Tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box, or 20 lbs., at same price, and oblige yours, &c.,
F. Oliver.

The contributors to the *Medical Journal* have frequently declared that one-half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have carefully selected and imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure and free from poisonous substances, in 50, 25, 20, 15 and 12 lb. boxes.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c 50c.; Fine Flavoured New Season, do; 55c 60c and 65c; Excellent Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c; Very Fine, 60c; Finest, 65c, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay common, 38c; Fine do, 55c; Young Hyson, 50c, 60c, 65c and 70c; Fine do, 75c; Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1.00; Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

All orders for 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular sent equally cheap. The Company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much, two or three clubbing together could divide. An excellent mixed Tea could be sent for 60c to 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order or enclosed notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man where there are express offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
6, Hospital-street, Montreal.

All boxes sent from this establishment have the Company's name printed on them.

Montreal, March 6, 1868. w101y

Errors of Youth.—A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay and all the effects of youthful indiscretion will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertisers' experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence,
JOHN B. OGDEN, 43 Cedar Street, New York.

LOST,

A PAIR OF GOOD SPECTACLES, in an old case. The finder will be rewarded by leaving them at this office. 749a

BOARD.

Three or four gentlemen can be accommodated with BOARD and LODGING at MRS. WM. KENNEDY'S, Wellington-street. 752a
Ottawa, May 27, 1868.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

MRS. PARDEE will have several vacant ROOMS on the 1st of May, Wellington-street. 717d

WANTED,

A GOOD TAILOR. Apply to SIMON & CAMPBELL, Hull. 750a

NICHOLAS SPARKS,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

1868. MAY. 1868.

J.A.PINARD & CO.,

ARE NOW SHEWING

New Dress Goods,

A good value in Striped, all Mohair, for 6d per yard.

New Prints.

A good variety of Patterns at 6d per yard.

New Grey Cottons,

A good Cotton, 40 inches wide, for 7d per yard.

New White Cottons,

A good heavy made Cotton for 6d per yard.

The Tailoring Department is replete with all the novelties of the season.

Cash buyers will find it their advantage to visit the above before purchasing e lsewhere

J. A. PINARD & Co.,

No. 17, Sussex-st., *Sign of the Golden Ball.*

Ottawa, May 5, 1868. 16y

OTTAWA CROCKERY STORE.

JUST received, direct from Germany, a few cases of GLASS SHADES, Square, Oval and Round, suitable for covering Dried Flowers, Fruit, Fancy Work, &c. Parties requiring them will do well to call early.

Also in Stock and at Montreal Prices,

DINNER SETS, TEA & BREAKFAST SETS,
DESSERT SETS, TOILET SETS,

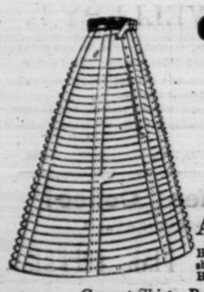
And a full assortment of every description of goods in the trade.

W. ALLAN,

51 *RIDEAU STREET, (opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.)*

Ottawa, April 18, 1868. 574y

☞ P.S.—Goods carefully packed to go any distance with perfect safety.



City Hoop Skirt Factory,

43 SPARKS-STREET,

Central Ottawa.

THE DOUBLE EXTENSION SKIRT,
" DEMI "
" NEW GORE TRAIL SKIRT.

French Wove Corsets!

AN immense stock of Corsets just arrived, French, English and Scotch manufacture.

I beg to call the attention of ladies to the above new styles of Hoop Skirts which I have on hand, and will make to order on the shortest notice. Also, Parasols, Hosiery and Gloves, Hair Nets, Handkerchiefs, &c., &c.

Croquet Skirts, Printed and Embroidered, Gored and Plain.

N.B.—A lot of old fashioned Corsets on hand (lacing at the back) cheap, wholesale and retail.

DAVID MILLAR,

456y 43 Sparks-st, Centre Town. next to Remondie's Stove Depot.

BLYTH & KERR,

Successors to Chas. Garth,

No. 25, RIDEAU-STREET,

PLUMBERS, GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,
TIN & COPPERSMITHS, BELL HANGERS, &c.

All materials for the above branches kept constantly on hand.

Also, Importers and Dealers in House Furnishing Hardware.

Just received a well selected assortment of Fishing Tackle, Baskets, Bait, Reels, Lines, Flys, Rods, &c. Manufacturers of all descriptions of work for Water and Gas Works, Brewer's Distilleries, Mills, &c. Makes and fits up Galvanized Iron Cornices, Gutters, Conductors, Roofing, &c.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water or Warm Air, on the most approved principles.

Orders from the country will receive strict attention. 740y

Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale.

THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

Fine Bottled Ale!

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

Scotch, Irish, Old Rye
And other Ma Whiskies,
Ports, Sherries, Brandies Gin, &c.,
To other with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A Call kindly Solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

☞ AN OMNIBUS ☜

Will leave the

RUSSELL HOUSE,

Every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 7 a.m., punctually, to carry passengers

FOR AYLMER

To connect with the Union Forwarding Railway Company's Steamers.

JAMES MULLIGAN.

Ottawa, May 16, 1868. 744tf

W. NOTMAN,

Photographer to the Queen

CORNER OF

WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS,

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his

Establishment will be Opened

—ON—

Monday Next, 3rd February

When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for all the different branches of Photography.

Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 582y

B. BILLINGS, Jr.,

ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O & P R W 746tf

S. CHRISTIE,

COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,

EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.

E. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.

March 378y

NOTICE

—TO—

SHIPPERS OF GOODS

TO THE

Upper Ottawa,

☞ By Steamers of the

Union Forwarding

AND

RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE Union Forwarding and Railway Company having assumed the carting of goods between

OTTAWA & AYLMER,

I beg to intimate that the same rate will be charged on goods received at either place, the Company having established a through rate on all goods forwarded from Ottawa to places on the Upper Ottawa.

Receipts for goods will be given by the Shipping Clerk, Mr. S. Dyde, Canal Basin Wharf, or at the office of the Company, Wellington-street.

R S CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, March 23, 1868. 698-3 m

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St

M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 57tf

HOWE'S

Boot and Shoe Store.

REMOVAL.

AS the Lease of our Premises in Sussex-street terminates this month, we intend to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our Store in

No. 10 Rideau-st.

Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favor to merit which our constant endeavors will be as usual to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest remunerating prices.

O. HOWE & SON.

☞ Remember the place—No. 10, Rideau-st. next to Howell's Grocery.

April 27. 420y

Railroads.

CHANGE of TIME

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and after FRIDAY, the 15th May, 1868, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA
Mixed, 7. 15 a. m.	10.35 a. m.
Express, 1.35 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 7 a. m.	9.25 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m	4.15 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principals stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

Ottawa, May 14, 1868. 1y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

Brockville, April 11. 472y

Grand Trunk Railway Company

OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 8.30 A.M.

Night do do at 7.30 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.00 A.M.

Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.

Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.

Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.

Express for Boston and New York, at 3.30 P.M.

Express for Portland (staying over that Island Pond) at 2.00 P.M.

Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Riviere du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticooke only, at 10.10 P.M.

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director

December 23, 1867 650tf

MACHINERY OILS.

AMERICAN NATURAL

Lubricating Oils!

They Don't Gum.
They Don't Freeze,
THEY ARE THE

BEST AND CHEAPEST

MACHINERY OILS

IN THE DOMINION.

McKENZIE & MACKAY,
Agents for Canada.

T. ISAACS,
Agent, Ottawa.

Ottawa, March 17, 1868. 663tf

Books for the Times!

(The times of Papal and Infidel aggression.)

STANDARD EVANGELICAL WORKS,

By Rev. Dr. Cook, London, England.

Hamilton, Adams & Co., Publishers, London.

FOR SALE in Toronto by W. C. Chewett & Co., James Campbell & Son, Tract Society, Wesleyan Bookroom, Adam Stevenson & Co., James Young, A. S. Irving, and in Montreal by Dawson Brothers, A. Miller, R. Worthington, Sunday School Union, &c., and all Booksellers in the Dominion.

Christian Theology	$1 75
The Deity	1 50
The Shekinah	1 25
Explanations of Scripture	1 13
The Three Intercessions, (dedicated to the Evangelical alliance)	0 3

&c., &c., &c.

These works are most highly recommended by the English Magazines and religious press, also by the Press of Canada, (see Montreal "Witness," Toronto "Globe," "Leader," "Christian Guardian," &c.) The intention is to supply every Protestant family in the Dominion with these valuable works. As an antidote to Romanism, Ritualism, Infidelity and formal religion, they are unsurpassed.

April 23 724-17-3m

VICTORIA HOTEL,
SOUTH QUEBEC.

This fine Hotel having been rebuilt and greatly enlarged during the past Winter, is situated near the Terminus of the Grand Trunk Railway, South Quebec, and is now open for the accommodation of guests, under the management of J. Tofield.

The IMPROVEMENTS made during the past Winter render it in every way desirable for both TRANSIENT AND PERMANENT GUESTS. Special arrangements will be made with parties desiring to remain for a length of time.

The ROOMS are LARGE and WELL VENTILATED, and the BEDS are all new and good. No pains will be spared to render it in every respect A FIRST-CLASS HOUSE.

In connection with the House is a BILLIARD ROOM, BATH ROOM, and BAR. The Bar will always be supplied with the choicest Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c.

☞ Horses and Carriages to Let.

May 16, 1868. 744b

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD

PLANS,

SPECIFICATIONS,

ESTIMATES, &

Prepared by

AUGUSTUS LAVER,
ARCHITECT

2nd Daly-st. Ottawa.

April 1.

FRESH ARRIVALS

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY.

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

☞ This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Bakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, he aroma is preserved, and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

☞ As it is imported by no other firm in Canada

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOWS CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
AWS SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
OAST PARTRIDGE

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St

Ottawa, September 10. 725tf

FOR SALE.

A SELF-ACTING SODA WATER APPARATUS, with cylinders complete, cheap for cash. Apply to WILLIAM PRODERICK Sussex-street, Ottawa. 687tf

Furniture! Furniture! Furniture!

AT THE

VARIETY HALL,

34, Sussex-st.

JUST RECEIVED several Consignments of Black Walnut Furniture, consisting of Beautiful Repps Covered Parlor Setts, Centre Tables, Extension Tables, Card and Side Tables, Fancy Tea Poys, Whatnots, Hair and Cane Seated Chairs, Sofas, Tete-a-tetes, Dressing Bureaus, Enclosed Washstands, and a full assortment of other furniture. There will be added to stock this week some very fine Bedroom Setts, which will be sold very low to close the consignment. Also a large stock of Willow, Market and Fancy Baskets, Children's Carriages, Horses, Perambulators, Hand Carts and Wheelbarrows, with a full assortment of Wooden Ware of all kinds. Also in stock and to arrive within a few days, the largest and best assortment of Crockery, China and Glassware imported direct from Europe of the best manufacturing houses in England. To all who wish to examine and purchase from a large stock will find the Variety Hall unequalled for assortment of stock and low prices.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
429 General Agent.

among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

de, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints, testimonials are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sol by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Nov. 1, 1867 7ydw

VICTORIA

FURNITURE WAREROOMS.

GEORGE ARMSTRONG, Corner Victoria Square and Craig-street, Montreal, solicits a call from the Citizens of Ottawa about to furnish, who may visit Montreal to his very large and varied stock of FURNITURE which he will sell at greatly reduced prices for cash. The Parlor Furniture is of the best quality and latest designs, either plain or handsomely carved, in Walnut, oil finished or polished.

His Sideboards, Bookcases, Chamber Sets, Hall Furniture, &c., are worthy of attention.

Hair Mattrasses and Bedding of all description constantly on hand, or made to order, at the shortest notice. Call and examine for yourselves.

"Patent Sofa, with reclining arms, of a very superior make."

N.B.—Sole Agent in the Dominion for the sale of G. A. FISKE' Air-Tight Metallic Casket. 712-3m

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET.

FIVE HANDSOMELY FURNISHED APARTMENTS, within three minutes walk of the Government Buildings, with or without Board; or a large and well furnished House for the Summer season. Apply at this Office.

May 28, 1868. 753a

Lots for Sale.

BUILDING LOTS, one mile from the city, on the Richmond Road, containing one acre each. Apply to THOMAS ANDERSON, Jr. on the premises. 564tf

FOR SALE, on SANDY HILL, opposite Desbarats', LOT No. 32, Stuart street. Terms moderate. Apply to Mrs. TIERNAN, No. 2, King street opposite the Gas House.

Ottawa, May 4 1868. 734d

For Sale or to Let.

A Brick House,

CONTAINING nine room on Maria-street, near Dr. Hill's, from the 1st May. Apply to

JAMES STRACHAN,
On the premises.

Ottawa, March 27, 1868. 702tf

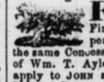
Two Dwellings to Let,

BEING the Upper part of E. MARTINEAU'S Clothing Store, Corner of Sussex and Clarence-streets.

Enquire at the Store.

EUG. MARTINEAU.

Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 646tf



FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. TROMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINNEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Jo2-141-tf

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.

NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Or JOHN HENEY, Esq.,
Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W

Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

FARM FOR SALE.

FOR SALE Lot No. 15, 4th Concession, Gloucester, Rideau Front, seven miles from Ottawa, on the macadamized road leading from Ottawa to Metcalfe, consisting of 100 acres, 80 of which are cleared and in the highest state of cultivation. The soil is of the very best quality, and there is a new Frame Building and a good Stone Cellar, also a good Barn, Stable, Sheds and other outbuildings. The English Church and School House is about two acres from the house, the Methodist Church and Catholic Church can be seen from the door. There is a nine mile road running beside the lot. The Railroad Station is about two miles from the house. There will be a chance given in part of the purchase money if required. It is well fenced and watered. For further particulars apply to the subscriber on the premises.

701-1-13wtS13 WM. HALPENNY.

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to

HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY,
AND
COURT OF SPAIN,
THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,
AND
HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT

MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,

For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*

H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion, for the sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa, May 20. 748y

SPRING TAILORING.

THE SERVICES OF A

First-Class Tailor,

From MONTREAL, have been secured by the undersigned, who will pay a special attention to this branch of their business, and endeavour to show for

SPRING TRADE

A STOCK OF

CLOTHS

SECOND TO NONE IN OTTAWA

This department will be complete in the first week of April. Inspection respectfully invited.

J. A. PINARD & CO.,
No. 17, Sussex-street, Sign of the Golden Ball,

Ottawa, March 20. 696tf

Quebec Bank—Ottawa Branch

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

FROM the 1st day of April next ensuing, INTEREST at the RATE of FIVE per cent per annum, will be allowed on Deposits in this Department.

H. V. NOEL,
Manager.

Ottawa, March 13, 1868. 690-3m

NOTICE.

MESSRS. ANGUS & SON, in retiring from the Undertaking Business, would beg to inform their friends and the public that they have disposed of their Hearses and stock in trade to Mr. Samuel Rogers, Cabinet Maker, who will in future attend to all orders in the Undertaking line, and they have much pleasure in recommending him to their many patrons and friends.

ANGUS & SON,
Furniture Dealers, No. 22, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, May 11, 1868.

UNDERTAKING.

IN reference to the above, S. Rogers takes this opportunity of thanking his numerous friends and customers for their very liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Cabinet and Upholstering Business, and would respectfully solicit in this new branch of his trade a continuation of their favors.

S. ROGERS,
Cabinet Maker, &c., Rideau and George-streets.

Ottawa, May 11, 1868. 741d

Ice, Ice, Ice!

THE subscriber will furnish ICE DAILY to those requiring it for the Season. Double supplies on Saturday for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season, $6.00. Hotels and Steamers supplied with large quantities on liberal terms, as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted.

All orders left at KAVANAGH'S RESTAURANT, or at the subscriber's, will be strictly attended to.

F. STARMER,
126, Rideau-st.

Ottawa, May 14, 1868. 742d

Piano-Forte Tuition!

W. C. CLARK,

PROFESSOR OF MUSIC and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-street, corner of Lisgar-street, Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Lee's Music Store. 452y

Steamers.

1868 1868

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S

MAIL STEAMER

Queen Victoria,

Captain A. BOWIE,

Leaves the Queen's Wharf with mails and passengers for Montreal, every morning, (Sundays excepted) at half-past 6 o'clock, arriving at 4:45 p.m.

Travellers and tourists will find this a delightful trip.

First-class Fare (meals extra)	$3 50
Second " "	2 00
First " Return "	6 00

Baggage checked through.

Parcel Express daily to and from Montreal and all landings.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs landed at L'Orignal.

For further information apply at Office on the wharf, or on board the steamer.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Excursion Tickets to Grenville and back for one fare.

MARKET STEAMER

"FAIRY,"

Captain R. G. NICHOLS,

Leaves Ottawa for Major's and intermediate landings on Tuesdays and Fridays at 4 o'clock, p.m

749S R. W. SHEPHERD.

1868 1868

UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

Upper Ottawa Route.

Consisting of the following first-class Steamers,

ANN SISSON,	Captain	Murphy.
ALLIANCE,	"	Findlay.
ESMERALD,	"	Toner.
OREGON,	"	Cowley.
CALUMET,	"	Blondin.
JASON GOULD,	"	Bolton.
PONTIAC,	"	Duggan.
PEMBROKE,	"	Overman.
SNOW BIRD,	"	Beattie.

Until further notice the Steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day (Sundays excepted) for the Upper Ottawa at 8:30 a.m., connecting with the *Alliance* at head of railroad at 12:30, touching at Arnprior, Sandpoint, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf, and Portage-du-Fort. Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after the arrival of the Steamer *Alliance* for Cobden, connecting with Steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.

The Steamer *Pembroke* leaves Pembroke at 7 o'clock, a.m., on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday for Des Joachims, calling at intermediate ports, returning on same day, leaving at 2 p.m., connecting at Pembroke with Steamer *Jason Gould* which leaves daily at 5 a.m., and arriving at Portage-du-Fort at 10 a.m.

The Steamer *Alliance* leaves Portage-du-Fort every morning (Sundays excepted) at 9:30 a.m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere, Bristol, Sandpoint and Arnprior, and arriving at head of railway at 12:45, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4 p.m.

The Steamer *Calumet* leaves Haveleck for Chapeau Village and intermediate ports on Tuesdays at 6 o'clock, a. m., and returning leaves Chapeau Village same days, at 2 o'clock.

A connection is made daily with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at Arnprior at 2 o'clock p. m., in time to connect with the Grand Trunk Railway night trains east and west, and on the downward trip at Sandpoint 1:35 a.m., Arnprior 12:10.

Passengers for Des Joachims leave Ottawa every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

For further particulars apply at the office of the Company in Ottawa City or Aylmer.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa City, April 22, 1868. 724S

Condensed Time Table

Between Brockville and Ottawa, via Brockville and Ottawa Railway and Union Forwarding Railway Company's Steamers:

UPWARDS.	
Leave Ottawa at	7:00 a.m.
Arrive at Arnprior at	2:00 p.m.
Leave Arnprior at	7:20 p.m.
Arrive at Brockville at	7:45 p.m.

In time to connect with Grand Trunk Railway Night Trains, East and West.

DOWNWARDS.	
Leave Brockville at	7:15 a.m.
Arrive at Arnprior at	12:10 p.m.
Leave Arnprior at	12:15 p.m.
Arrive at Ottawa at	5:00 p.m.

1868. 1868.

THE

Quebec and Gulf Ports

STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

ROYAL Mail Line between Quebec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, every Tuesday.

The first-class Steel Side-Wheel Steamship

"SECRET,"

WILLIAM DAVISON, - - Master,

Will leave

St. Andrew's Wharf

—ON—

TUESDAY, the 26th of MAY,

At four o'clock, p.m.,

for Pictou, N.S., calling at Father Point, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle, Miramichi and Shediac. Returning will leave Pictou on Tuesday, 19th May, at 5 o'clock, p. m.

The steamers connect at Shediac with E. & N. A. R. to St. John, N.B., and steamer for Prince Edward Island, and at Pictou with N. S. Railway to Halifax.

Through tickets to St. John, N. B., and Halifax, Nova Scotia. Return ticket by steamers at reduced rates. For freight or passage apply to

W. MOORE, Manager.

May 9, 1868. 739-S

Notice to Builders.

TENDERS

Will be received until

THURSDAY,

THE 4TH DAY OF JUNE NEXT, AT NOON,

For the construction and completion of a

School House in Wellington Ward,

To be built on the block fronting Hugh-street, between Maria and Slater-streets.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the undersigned to whom tenders are to be addressed, and endorsed "Tenders for School House."

The signatures of two responsible persons will be required who are willing to become security for the due performance of the work.

The lowest or any other tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JAMES D. SLATER,
Chairman Board of School Trustees.

Ottawa, May 21, 1868. 749td

Plans, Specifications, &c.,

PREPARED for Buildings of every description, by

SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,

711tf Wellington-st.

1867 AND 1868.

INDIA WAREHOUSE!

16 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform their Customers that their Stock is now complete, and embraces every delicacy of the Season, among which will be found a choice assortment of

TEAS,

Breakfast SOUCHONG, do CONGOU,	Black Extra Fine.
Superior HYSON,	
" GUNPOWDER,	
" IMPERIAL,	
" TWANKAY,	
Orange PEKOE, Flowery " Japan "	These Teas have been carefully selected for family trade by

BROWNE & HARDY.

SUGARS,

LOAF,
BROKEN LOAF,
CRUSHED,
GROUND,
YELLOW,
and MUSCOVADO.

COFFEE,

MOCHA,
JAVA,
JAMAICA, and
CEYLON,

☞ Roasted and Ground daily on the premises.

CHOCOLATE and COCOA,

FRENCH, flavored with Vanilla;
TAYLOR'S,
FRYE'S,
MOTT'S

FRUITS, &c.

LAYER RAISINS,
in Whole, Half and Quarter Boxes
MUSCATEL, do do
SULTANA,
VALENTIA,
CURRANTS,
GRAPES,
ORANGES
LEMONS,
PRUNES,
ALMONDS,
WALNUTS,
FILBERTS, and
BRAZIL NUTS.

SPICES,

NUTMEGS,
MACE,
CINNAMON,
CLOVES,
GINGER,
MIXED SPICES,

All Ground on the Premises

D. T. BROWNE & CO.

Ottawa, December 19 405t

CRICKET AND CROQUET

JUST received by the subscribers a splendid assortment of

CRICKETING GOODS

Consisting of Clapsham's and Duke's Bats, of all qualities.

Dark's and Page's Double and Treble Seamed Balls.

Felyham's Batting and Wicket-keeping Gloves and Leggings.

Plain and Fancy Wickets, Spikes, &c., in all making the largest stock of the above goods ever imported into this city.

Also superior sets of Croquet from $6.50 to $12.

J. L. ORME & SON,
25, Sparks-street,
Sign of the Golden Lyre.

April 30, 1868. 443y

EDUCATION.

A YOUNG LADY having some experience in teaching, and possessing a FIRST-CLASS ENGLISH EDUCATION, embracing Music with a thorough knowledge of the French (Parisian) Language, and the rudiments of German, is open to an engagement either as daily or visiting Governess. Satisfactory references can be given if necessary. Terms can be known on application at the residence of her father, Mr. DAVIS, No. 9, Patrick-street.

Ottawa, April 17, 1868. 720tf

ARNOLDI'S

WINE AND SPIRIT VAULTS,

11 *Metcalfe-st., Telegraph Co's Building,*

OTTAWA,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL, FOR CASH ONLY.

Dekuyper's Red Cases, Gin, 15 bottles	$9 00	
" Green, " " per doz	4 80	
Booth's London Gin "	7 20	
Bernard's and Thompson's Gin "	6 00	
Green Seal Champagne "	12 00	

AND UPWARDS.

PORT WINES—Graham's, Sandeman's, &c.

	Per Gall.	Per Doz
No. 1 Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2 "	3 00	8 75
" 3 Old	3 50	10 00
" 4 Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine old	5 75	15 50

SHERRIES—Lomecq's, Pemartin's, &c.:

No. 1 Superior Light table Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2 Extra do.	3 00	8 75
" 3 Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4 Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine	5 50	15 00

Single sample bottles at above rates.

Also, of Standard Brands, in wood or bottle, old and new, Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch and Canadian Whiskies.

Canadian Ale, in wood or bottle.

Guinness' Porter, pints and quarts. Hibbert's Porter, pints and quarts. Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, pints and quarts.

Clarets, Hocks, Sauternes, Curacao, Maraschino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., &c.

Purityi n all cases guaranteed, and goods marked at the lowest quotations.

Orders by mail with cash, promptly attended to. Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.

NOTICE.

The subscriber would intimate to those of his customers with whom current accounts may have been opened that it is his intention to take advantage of any irregularity in their payment to close them in order that he may conduct his business totally on the *cash principle*, which has been found to work much more satisfactorily for both the buyer and seller in every branch of trade in which it has been tried, and relying on quality of his goods and the prices charged for them (which will always be as low as they can honestly be sold for) he solicits a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

K. ARNOLDI,

Dealer in the better qualities of Wines, Spirits, &c., Metcalfe-street, Telegraph Co's Building, Ottawa.

Price lists on application or sent to any address.

April 21, 1868. 535y

PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE.

MRS. RICHARD will open a Private first-class BOARDING HOUSE, Corner of SUSSEX and CLARENCE-STS., over Mr. Martineau's Dry Goods Store, on the 1st March. Parties wishing quiet, good, comfortable board, with good attendance, will please apply and secure apartments.

Breakfast at 8 and 10 a. m.; Lunch at 1 p. m.; and Dinner at 6 p. m.

Ottawa, March 18, 1868. 659-3m

HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,

WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

WILLIAM HOLGATE,
JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

CONVICT LABOR.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned for the labor of about Three Hundred [300] Male Convicts in the Kingston Penitent

The Times

VOL. III. NO 757. — OTTAWA, TUESDAY, JUNE 2, 1868. — PRICE—3 CENTS

Senate Reading Room 3 copies

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley, issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:-

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only $4 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.
Yearly subscription to the daily (if paid in advance) $5 00
If not paid in advance 6 00
Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance) $1 00
not paid in advance 1 50

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—*Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 34, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorised to receive Advertisements for the* OTTAWA TIMES

Mails for the Maritime Provinces.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

From OTTAWA—Mails for St. JOHN, N. B., Closed Daily, 12:45, P. M.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

THE general route of transmission is by railway, *via* Montreal, Danville Junction, and Bangor, Me., whence by stage to Calais and St. John. Time taken, at this season, usually four days.

The Mail despatched, however, on Friday, obtains connexion with the Monday 5 p m steamer, (International Line), from Portland, being due at St. John on Tuesday p m.

For Woodstock, N. B.

There is also a tri-weekly Mail from Riviere du Loup to Edmundston and Woodstock, leaving Riviere du Loup every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday evenings, on the arrival of the mail train from Quebec. Matter intended for conveyance by this route should be specially addressed "Via Riv. du Loup.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

Matter for Prince Edward Island is forwarded on St. John.

Letters 5 cents per half ounce. Newspapers 1 cent.

*NOVA SCOTIA.

For Halifax, N. S., Closed Every Thursday, 12:45, P. M.

Route of transmission is *via* Portland, whence per steamer *Chase*, or *Carlotta*, every Saturday at 4 p m, for Halifax, being due there on the following Monday.

Letters 5 cents per half ounce. Newspapers 1 cent.

For Halifax, N. S., Closed Every Friday, 12:45, P. M.

Route of transmission is *via* Portland, connecting there with the Monday 5 p m steamer, (International Line), for St. John. Mail due in Halifax on the following Thursday evening.

Letters 5 cents per half ounce. Newspapers 1 cent.

Letters, &c., are not forwarded from Ottawa to Halifax by the land route, *via* St. John, N. B., unless specially so addressed.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

Newfoundland is included in the ordinary mails made up for Halifax.

Letters 12½ cents per half ounce. Newspapers 3 cents each.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa, Feb. 13, 1868.

Nova Scotia, by "Inman" Steamer from New York.

*NOTE—For Inman Steamer to Halifax a Mail is closed every alternate Friday, 12.45, p m, (i. e. 21st February, 6th and 20th March, 3rd and 17th April, and so on.) Route of transmission is *via* New York, connecting there with the Steamer of the Inman Line, leaving on alternate Mondays at Noon for England, *via* Halifax, being due at Halifax on the following Thursday. Letters and papers for despatch by this route must be SPECIALLY SO ADDRESSED, with postage prepaid by stamp, as follows—

Letters 12½ cents per half ounce. Newspapers 2 cents each. 672tf

Legal Cards.

MOSGROVE & TAILLON,

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. GEORGE TAILLON.
Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1868. 366-tf

R. J. WICKSTEED,

ADVOCATE, &c., 42, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 589-6m

N. TETREAU,

NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 6, 1867. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,

ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

D. O'CONNOR,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street.
OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa
February 7, 1866. 43-u

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Casner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-t

LEES & GEMMELL,

BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 45-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

J. P. MACPHERSON,

BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office.
Ottawa, March 10, 1868.

G. J. O'DOHERTY,

LAW, Chancery, and Conveyancing. Office, Aumond's Buildings, Rideau street.
Ottawa, December 6, 1867.

Medical Cards.

A. CODD, M.D., C.M.,

(Attending Physician General Protestant Hospital)

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Four doors east of the Revere House, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
OFFICE HOURS—From 8 to 10 a m, and from 2 to 3 p m.
Ottawa, April 30. 730-3m

DR. CHESLEY,

OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 25 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30 44?tf

DR. C. LEGGO,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,

DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,

DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.

(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)

SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 380y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,

DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY,

CORNER of Kent and Wellington-Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 43utf

DR. O. C. WOOD,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-100-

Hotels and Saloons.

DOMINION HOUSE,

WELLINGTON-STREET.

THE undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.

GEORGE IRVINE.
Ottawa, March 26. 658y

MATHEWS' OLD STAND,

YORK-STREET,

WILL BE OPEN for the accommodation of the public on THURSDAY, 12th of March, 1868. The subscriber having again resumed business in his old stand as hotel-keeper, wishes to return thanks to his numerous friends and the public for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on him, during the past seventeen years, and hopes by strict attention to business, and kindness to all, to share a portion of public patronage. His Larder will be always supplied with the best the market affords. His Bar will be supplied with the best of Liquors and choicest Cigars.

T. MATHEWS, Proprietor.

N. B.—The house has been thoroughly renovated and newly furnished.
Ottawa, March 11, 1868. 688tf

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,

LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.

JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec

REVERE HOUSE, OTTAWA,

G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, ...PROPRIETORS.

THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867. 582tf

THE ALBION HOTEL

NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor. This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1866. 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN

LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham. The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly over hauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance.

JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc. ...dall

THE METROPOLITAN

Aumond's Block,

Rideau Street Ottawa.

P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

MISS LOVETT'S

PRIVATE HOTEL

HOLLIS STREET, HALIFAX, N. S.

STRANGERS will find this long established and well known house to be the most comfortable and well conducted in the city.
December 23, 1867. 622-6m

TORONTO HOUSE,

SPARKS STREET.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has a few Commodious Suites of Apartments to Let, handsomely and comfortably furnished.
Gentlemen attending the Session of Parliament will find at the Toronto House most convenient quarters, where the quiet of the private family is combined with the usual attendance to be found at the best hotels.
Ottawa, Feb. 25, 1868. 675tf

Druggists.

EX S. S. BELGIAN.

CHOICE PERFUMES!

AT THE OLD

MEDICAL HALL!

28 Sparks-street.

THE subscriber begs to intimate to his customers that he has now opened up a portion of his spring importation of Genuine English Perfumery comprising among others

"The Ladies of England Boquet,"
"The New Court Boquet,"
"New Bond Street Railway Boquet,"
"With Love and Kisses,"
"Essence of Ylang Ylang,"
"Dr. Marigold's Mixture,"
&c., &c.

Balance of importations daily expected ex S. S. *St. Lawrence*, from London.

W. M. MASSEY,
Dispensing Chemist,
Medical Hall, 28, *Sparks-st.*
Ottawa, May 7, 1868. 472y

Spectacles for all Sights.

OPTICAL Instruments Electro-Magnetic and Galvanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.

W. HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-street.
637y

Apothecaries Hall!

No. 41, SUSSEX STREET,

G. MORTIMER, - - - PROPRIETOR

NONE OTHER GENUINE!

TRADE MARK *IS REGISTERED*

Canadian Cough Emulsion.

THIS Valuable Medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in the Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness of the skin. Prepared only by

GEORGE MORTIMER,

Chemist and Druggist, 41, Sussex Street, Ottawa City. Sold in bottles at 1s 3d and 2s 6d each.

MORTIMER'S

COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS

AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS.

grand Specific for derangement of the digestive gans, and for obstructions and torpid action of he Liver and Bowels.

MORTIMER'S Vegetable WORM DESTROYER.

The only sure remedy that exists. combining delicious taste with amazing power. Also

CAMPHORATED EYE-WATER,

Sure Cure for Sore, Weak and Inflamed Eyes.

MORTIMER'S

Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentrifice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand, Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

FOUND,

A NEVER Failing Remedy for Coughs and Colds, Mortimer's Canadian Cough Emulsion. No family should be without a bottle. None genuine but from

G. MORTIMER,
Chemist, 41, Sussex-st.

The best of Certificates can be produced.
Ottawa, Nov. 22, 1867. 96-6m

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank Street, Centre Town,

Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE SECURITY.

WALKER & PENNOCK,
Barristers, &c.,
Ottawa.
April 15, 1868. 717tf

SMITH & RODNEY

MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from Eaton's Gilding Store, having just received a choice stock of

English, French and Canadian

CLOTHS and TWEEDS,

And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1, 1867. 551tf

A. MORTIMER,

BOOKBINDER

AND

Blank Book Manufacturer,

26, METCALFE-ST., OTTAWA.

HAVING every facility in the way of first-class Machinery, and employing none but first-class workmen, I am prepared to turn out every description of Binding in as good a style of workmanship as any other establishment in Canada.

A. MORTIMER,
Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, Feb. 6. 384y

Intercolonial Trade.

OUR ONLY SAFEGUARD AGAINST DISUNION.

BY

R. G. HALIBURTON, M. A.

For sale by GEORGE E. DESBARATS.
Ottawa, April 2, 1868.

MILES'

HAIRDRESSING SALOON

BELL'S BLOCK, ELGIN-ST.

THIS SALOON is fitted up in a neat and attractive manner, and is always attended by competent and attentive workmen.

E. MILES,
Hair Dresser, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General.
Ottawa, April 13. 715y

CRICKETING GOODS,

CROQUET, FISHING TACKLE

FOILS,

Masks & Boxing Gloves

AT THE

Sheffield House, Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 5, 1868.

NEW SILK AND DRESS GOODS:

Grant and Henderson

Have just opened out a new lot of

Black and Fancy Silks, Moire-Antiques,

BROCADES, POPLINS, CHALLIS, LUSTRES, &c.

Elegant Goods at Moderate Prices.

Millinery, Mantles, Jackets, Carpets and House Furnishings in great variety, always on hand.

No. 20, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, May 16, 1868. 62?y

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT! 35, SUSSEX St. H. MEADOWS & CO.

WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall Stoves for wood or coal we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.

Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW OVEN STOVES.

BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.

Suitable for private Dwellings and Churches Warehouses and Stores

PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.

New and most beautiful designs, very cheap.

COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES.

Hot Air Furnaces.

We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE, RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with Stovepipes, &c., at reduced rates.

Lumbermen's Supplies! Lumbermen's Supplies! Shanty Plates! Basins & Camp Kettles, &c.

HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS!

Bird Cages! Bird Cages! Bird Cages!

Price Lists sent free on application.

Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending purchasers would do well to note.

An inspection of the above goods invited at the

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, October 2 1867. 62-y

Fresh Oysters.

JUST RECEIVED at the TORONTO HOUSE a fresh supply of OYSTERS.

Members of Parliament or others requiring quarters can be accommodated by applying at the TORONTO HOUSE.
Ottawa, March 13, 1868. 690

Grey Nuns Seminary.

From the 1st day of May Next,

THE GREY NUNS will have

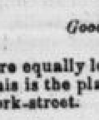
OMNIBUSES

Placed at the disposal of such of their pupils who live at a distance, particularly at the Chaudiere and New Edinburgh. The pupils will be sent for every morning and conveyed home after their classes.

For terms, &c., apply at the Convent.

SISTER BRUYERE,
Lady Superior.
Ottawa, May 1, 1868. 731d

LADIES CALL AT THE CAPITAL

Boot and  Shoe Store!

YORK-STREET.

For Cheap Gaiters

AT

ONE DOLLAR A PAIR!

Good at 95 cents.

Men's ware equally low, in every variety of style
This is the place to buy cheap at the "Capital," York-street.
429y GEORGE MURPHY.

R. H. McGREEVY,

CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

NEW GREEN HOUSE.

ERECTED lately by the subscriber at New Edinburgh, who has now on hand and for sale a large variety of choice Verbenas, and other flowering plants. Orders left at G. Bott's, Rideau-street, will be punctually attended to.

ROBERT CURRY.
March 1868. 691-3m

NOTICE.

ALL payments to be made on account of the Ontario Government may be made to the

ROYAL CANADIAN BANK,

And its Agencies.

Dated at Toronto, 30th October, A.D., 1867.

E. B. WOOD,
Treasurer of Ontario.
October 31, 1867. Tf

NOTICE.

We hereby forbid any person or persons to purchase a Note made by us dated 4th February, 1868, for $361.20, in favor of Davis Clarke and Clayton, of Montreal, at four months from said date, as we have received no value for the same according to the understanding, and consequently do hereby protest against paying it.

ALEX. McDONALD & CO.
Sandpoint, May 23, 1868. 752-3

RULES AND REGULATIONS

For the Government of the European and North American Railway. Approved 29th February, 1868, by His Excellency the Governor-General in Council, under the authority of "An Act respecting the Public Works of Canada," assented to 21st December, 1867.

STATION REGULATIONS.

PASSENGERS

Purchasing their tickets, before entering the cars, will effect a saving of 12 cents.

Passengers must procure tickets at the Ticket Office, and show them to the Station Baggage Master.

To avoid all mistakes, passengers must attend personally to the checking and marking of their baggage; and all baggage will be left at the place designated, when put in the Baggage Car, and must be claimed by the owner on the arrival of the train.

Runners for railroads, boats and hotels, and carters and hackmen, will not be allowed to enter the stations, nor come upon the platforms on the arrival of passenger trains, to solicit or influence passengers, but may stand in such places as directed by the Agent or Police.

Hackmen and Porters, with checks, will be admitted to obtain the luggage; they will also be admitted when taking baggage to the trains.

Hacks, baggage waggons and private carriages must be arranged, in the Station grounds, as directed by the Station Master or Police. Unnecessary noise and obscene and abusive language are strictly forbidden.

Any coachman, hackman or public porter, refusing to leave the Station, or remove his coach, hack, or other vehicle upon being requested so to do by the Superintendent, Station Master, Police, or any other officers of the railway, or shall wilfully obstruct any of the passengers to and from the Station, shall be liable to a fine of two dollars for each and every offence, to be recovered before the Police Magistrate, in such a manner as fines are made recoverable, by an Act for the Regulation of Railways in the Province of New Brunswick, passed 6th April, 1858.

The waiting rooms are for the travelling public only; all other persons will be excluded. No smoking allowed.

No person must be allowed to get into, or upon, or quit, any car, after the train has been put in motion, or until it stops.

Passengers cannot have their baggage checked to any Station, short of their destination, unless that shall be beyond the limits of this railway.

Baggage will not be taken to include money, merchandise, or any *other* articles than those of personal use.

The railway will not be liable for any baggage or article not given in charge to the railway.

STATION BAGGAGE MASTERS.

No checks to be given to cabmen or omnibus drivers (as such), but only to the passengers themselves, and on no account are passengers to be allowed to take checked baggage into the car with them.

Special care must be taken, not to deliver baggage, without first removing the checks, and obtaining the duplicates from passengers. Any baggage received, the checks and duplicates of which do not correspond, must be reported, forwarding the checks, and naming the Station, whence received, taking a receipt from the owner for the same. When a passenger has lost his duplicate check, baggage must not be given up unless the person claiming it can describe the contents of each package.

Station Masters are required to report immediately any baggage wanted at their Stations, also any baggage that has lain unclaimed twenty-four hours. Baggage, having lain unclaimed fourteen days, to be forwarded to headquarters, properly labelled, showing date received, train, &c.

No baggage to be opened by Agents, except in the presence of owner.

Excess to be charged where passengers have more baggage than the quantity allowed.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS TO CONDUCTORS.

After the train is started the Conductor will have entire charge and control of the train, and all persons employed on it (except when his directions conflict with the rules and regulations, or involve any risk or hazard, in either of which cases all participating will be held alike accountable); the passengers are in his charge, and he is responsible for the safety and regularity of the train, which he must never allow to proceed beyond its regular Station for meeting, until the arrival of the train due, unless otherwise directed.

In the event of any passenger being drunk, or disorderly, to the annoyance of others, he must use all gentle means to stop the nuisance, failing which, he must exercise his authority and restrain or keep him in a separate place until he arrive at the next Station, or further, to a police office, or lock-up, where the passenger must be left, and may be delivered to the Police, and charged with the offence in the usual way.

He must not allow any person to ride on the platforms, or outside the cars, or in the baggage car.

He must prevent passengers endangering themselves by imprudent exposure.

He must not allow the sale of books, papers, or refreshments, in the cars, without permission.

GENERAL ORDERS TO ENGINE DRIVERS.

He shall allow no person to ride on his engine or tender without the permission of those in authority over him.

MAINTENANCE OF WAY AND STRUCTURE.

All persons walking along the line, who are not in the railway service, must be warned off, and in case of non compliance, their names ascertained, and reported to the Trackmaster, or placed under arrest, as the exigencies of the case seem to require.

Animals found straying within the railway fences must be immediately driven off. Yarm gates found open must be promptly closed.

All articles found on the track must be promptly sent to the Station Master of the nearest Station.

The following REDUCED RATES for SEASON TICKETS for *three months*, be charged between ST. JOHN and the undermentioned Stations.

Moose Path	$4 00	Children and Students one half these rates.
Torryburn	5 00	
Rothesay & Appelby's	6 00	
Quispamsis	7 00	
Nauwigewauk	9 00	
Ossekeag	10 00	
Passekeag or Bloomfield	12 00	
Norton	13 00	
Apohaqui	14 00	
Sussex	15 00	

"FAMILY" tickets are furnished at *one half* first class passenger rates. Each ticket being good for twelve passages.

Copy of a report of a Committee of the Honorable the Privy Council, approved by His Excellency the Governor-General in Council on the 27th of April, 1868.

On a memorandum dated 15th April, 1868, from the Honorable the Minister of Public Works, respecting that on the 29th February last, an order in Council was passed authorizing the adoption of certain rules and regulations for Government of the European and North American Railway, New Brunswick.

That he would now recommend the adoption of tariffs submitted with his report for passengers and freight for the said railway.

The Committee advise that the above mentioned tariffs be adopted.

Certified,
WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council.

To the Honorable
The Minister of Public Works,
&c., &c.

GENERAL NOTICES & CONDITIONS OF CARRIAGE.

1 This railway will not be accountable for any articles unless the same be signed for as *received* by a duly authorized *Agent*.

2 Nor will it be responsible for the loss of or damage done to money, in cash, bills, promissory notes, or securities for money, or jewelry, trinkets, rings, precious stones, gold or silver, manufactured or unmanufactured, gold and silver plate or plated articles, clocks, watches, time-pieces, marble, lace, furs, silks in manufactured or unmanufactured state, and whether wrought up or not wrought up with other materials, writings, title deeds, prints, maps, paintings, engravings, pictures, stamps or other valuables; nor for damage done to china, glass, eggs, wearing apparel, musical instruments, furniture, toys, castings, grindstones, tombstones, slates, or any other such hazardous or brittle articles, in packages or otherwise.

3 Nor will it be responsible for delays from storms or accidents, or damages from the weather, fire, heat, frost, or delay of perishable articles or from civil commotion; nor will it, under any circumstances, be liable for loss of market or other claims arising from delay or detention of any train whether in starting or at any of the Stations, or in the course of the journey. The railway does not undertake to send goods by any particular train, if there be an insufficient number of cars at the Station, or the cars cannot be conveniently used for that purpose, notwithstanding the goods may have been taken to the Station before the hour appointed by the railway.

4 Nor will it be responsible for the loss or damage of any packages insufficiently or improperly marked, packed, directed or described, or containing a variety of articles, liable by breaking to damage each other or other articles; nor for leakage arising from bad casks, or bad cooperage or from fermentation or any other cause beyond the control of the railway.

5 Nor will it be responsible for the loss or damage of any goods put into returned wrappers or boxes, or packages described as "Empties:" nor for any goods directed "to be left until called for," or "to order," warehoused for the convenience of the parties to whom they belong, or by or to whom they are consigned: nor will it, under any circumstances, be accountable for the loss or damage of goods that are not taken away immediately after advice of their arrival has been sent or posted.

6 Goods conveyed at a special or mileage rate, must be loaded or unloaded by the owner or his agents, and the railway will not be responsible for any risk of stowage, loss or damage *however caused*: nor for any discrepancy in the delivery as to either quantity, number or weight, nor for the condition of articles so carried, nor for detention or delay in the conveyance or delivery of them, however caused.

7 No Agent or Employee of this railway is authorized to take charge of bank notes, money or valuable papers.

8 Senders of dangerous articles will be held accountable for any damage arising therefrom, or thereto, unless the contents are so described upon the direction, that due care may be observed in loading, and in no case will the railway be liable for the loss of any such article.

9 All articles directed to be left at any stopping place or platform where there is no Station House or Goods Warehouse and Agent, will be at the risk of the owner directly they are delivered at such stopping place or platform; and all articles brought there for conveyance will also be at the owner's risk until taken into the cars.

10 Fresh fish, fruit, meat, poultry, oysters and other perishable articles, are conveyed only at the owner's risk, and the freight must be pre-paid.

11 When goods are intended, after being carried by this railway, to be forwarded by some other conveyance to their final destination, the responsibility of this railway will cease as soon as the goods are delivered to such other conveyance, and it is to be distinctly understood that such goods are received by the railway only on these conditions.

12 Storage will be charged on all goods remaining in the Stations over 48 hours after their arrival at the rate of twenty-five cents per barrel bulk per month, and when stored no deduction will be made from this rate for Goods remaining in store for a less time than one month.

13 Demurrage at the rate of two dollars per car, per day, will be charged on all cars not unloaded within thirty-six hours after arrival, exclusive of Sundays, provided the same are loaded with goods liable to be unloaded by the owner or consignee; the railway reserving the right to discharge the same at the expense of the owner or consignee; at any time after the expiration of such 36 hours.

14 No claim whatever, for loss or damage will be allowed unless notice in writing is given to the Station Agent before the goods are removed.

15 No charge less than twenty cents will be made for any single package or consignment.

16 No goods will be delivered until all charges against them are paid, and the railway will not be accountable for the correctness of any "back charges" on goods, &c., by other companies, conveyances or individuals.

17 Vehicles are carried only at the owner's risk of damage from fire, weather and all other contingencies.

18 Machines or articles very long or bulky which require one or more cars to be taken especially to convey them, will be charged at full car rates.

19 Barley, corn, hay, oats, oysters, potatoes, rye, salt, wheat and dry fish, in bulk, and bricks, clay, coals, coke, grindstones, limestones, ores, sand and stone, chains and chain cables, pig and scrap iron, and all other articles of a similar character, and lumber, must be loaded and unloaded by the owner thereof, or at his expense. Double rates will be charged for overloading.

20 The railway will have a *lien* on all goods transported over the same for freight and charges thereon, as well as for any balance which may be previously due for freight, &c., by the owner or consignee, and the said goods will be liable to be sold by public auction for the payment of the charges thereon, and other balances which may be due.

21 Top wharfage at the customary rates will be charged on all goods landed on the railway wharves at Moncton, Shediac and St. John, except in cases where the goods are to be forwarded by this railway.

22 Rates of wharfage to be charged at railway wharves at St. John and Point DuChesne—except in cases where the vessel using the wharf is lying to load or unload goods brought by or to be carried by the railway, or for the purpose of unloading ballast for the use of the railway—vessels in all cases are to lie where directed by the wharfinger or agent for the time being:

For every decked vessel or woodboat of the burthen of 40 tons or under 30 cents per day, above 40 tons and under 50, 35 cts. above 50 and under 60, 40 cents, above 60 and under 70, 45 cents, above 70 and under 80, 50 cents, above 80 and under 90, 55 cents, above 90 and under 100, 60 cents, above 100 and under 120, 70 cents, above 120 and under 150, 80 cents, above 150 and under 180, 90 cents, above 180 and under 200, $1, above 200 and under 220, $1.10, above 220 and under 240, $1.20, above 240 and under 260, $1.30, above 260 and under 280, $1.40, above 280 and under 300, $1.50, above 300 and under 320, $1.50, above 320 and under 340 $1.70, above 340 and under 360, $1.80, above 360 and under 380, $1.90, above 380 and under 400, $2, above 400 and under 450, $2.25, above 450 and under 500, $2.50, and 25 cents for each additional 50 tons.

23 Live stock, when carried by the car load, will be charged at the rate of 25 cents per car, per mile, but no charge less in amount than six dollars will be made for a car.

24 All Live Stock carried over this railway must be loaded and discharged by the owner or his agent, and is to be under his sole care, and in all respects at his risk then and during transit. Any food furnished will be at his expense, and halters are to be provided by him when necessary. One drover will be allowed to pass free (second class) when accompanying his stock for the purpose of taking care of it, and paying the full price of the car load.

25 The loading of Sawn Lumber will be limited to 5000 superficial feet of hard or 8000 superficial feet of soft wood per car. The loading of hardwood logs and timber will be limited to 7½ tons of 40 cubic feet, and of softwood logs and timber to 10 tons of 40 cubic feet, per car. Pine, hemlock and spruce will be reckoned as *soft*, and all other kinds as *hard*. Owners overloading will be charged double rates in every instance. The quantities mentioned as being the load for one car, will not be considered as applicable to lumber, which by reason of its length requires for its conveyance two or more cars. Scantling, sawn or hewn, and ship or deck plank, or other long lumber, must not be piled higher than the tariff quantity of the same description of goods would reach it upon car. In the absence of survey bills deals will not be permitted to be laden above twelve tiers high. Cedar poles must not be laden more than five feet high, and must be properly secured with ropes to prevent spreading. Derricks by means of which cars are sometimes laden must not in any instance be erected upon the car.

26 Hay can only be conveyed in box cars.

27 Lumber will be taken to mean timber, deals, boards, plank, shipstuff, cordwood, tanbark, fence or hoop poles, box shooks, clapboards, staves, logs, laths, shingles, railway sleepers, spars and all other similar products of the forests. It must in all cases be properly and safely laden upon the cars, and must not project over the ends of the cars, nor must cross grained wood be used for stakes. In the event of the owner neglecting or refusing to obey the directions of the Station Master or other person authorized by the Superintendent in relation thereto, the load will be reduced, if necessary, to bring it within the quantity prescribed for a car load, and afterwards so secured as to make it entirely safe for transportation. The expense of doing this being charged against the goods.

28 When lumber is put upon one car care must be taken to have a stake placed near the centre of the length in addition to the others, so as to prevent its being dependent on only two stakes; and when the load is of logs or small round timber, or such other description of lumber as tends to settle and thus produce increased strain upon the stakes, chains or ropes must be used about one-third of the height from the top of the load to bind it, and where entire safety cannot be otherwise secured, skids to separate the ties must also be used.

29 Long lumber extending over two or more cars must be bound by chains or large ropes. It must not be "bound" by the stakes, but loaded on "bunks" that it may "play" or "swivel" freely.

30 Lumber will be carried only at the convenience of the railway, and at the risk of the owner.

31 Cars laden with lumber will not be allowed to stand over to give owners or consignees choice of positions at the receiving station when other berths are unoccupied.

32 In loading Cordwood sticks must be placed at the edges of the car for the outer ends of the wood to rest upon, that it may tend, when piled, towards the centre. Green Hardwood must not be piled higher than three feet, and Dry not higher than four feet. The stakes used must be green spruce or straight hardwood of sufficient thickness.

33 Cars left at Stations or Sidings to fill requisitions, will be subject to demurrage after twenty-four hours, and if not loaded within sixteen hours thereafter, (in both cases exclusive of Sunday) they may be handed over or removed to fill other requisitions.

34 Stations being often obstructed by deposits of lumber of various kinds, and the ordinary business of the Station being thereby incommoded; notice is hereby given that in such cases the obstructions will be removed, and the cost of such removal, in addition to yardage, at the rate of one dollar per car load per day, will form a charge against the lumber. Notice will given to the owner or consignee that its removal is required before a certain time, and the charges will commence immediately on the expiration of such time. When the charges have accumulated so as to amount to half the value of the lumber it will be sold at Public Auction, after given ten days public notice of such sale.

35 Lumber and other goods will be received only at Sidings; unless by previous arrangement it is shewn to the satisfaction of the Superintendent, that sufficient for a full train load of ten cars will be so placed that it can readily be laden with the assistance of an engine. A charge of $2 50 per hour will be made when the engine is detained more than three hours in addition to the usual rate per car, per mile, calculated from the Siding next beyond.

36 To avoid errors in invoicing loaded cars at Outsidings owners should fasten a ticket upon the side of the car, stating to whom the load belongs and to whom and where it is consigned.

37 When goods are required to be loaded by the owner or his agent, or at his expense, all fittings (such as stakes, bunks, skids, chains, ropes, &c., for lumber and sideboards for coal, sand, bricks, clay, stone, manganese, grain or articles of a similar character), must be provided by him, or will be charged to him if furnished by the railway. Such fittings will be transported back free, if necessary, but at the owner's risk.

38 When cars, liable to be laden or unladen by the owner or consignee of the goods, have been once placed, and for the convenience of the owner or at his request, are shifted to finish at another berth in the same Station Yard, a charge of one dollar per car will be made for such service.

39 Car loads of Lumber taken from any Station or Siding not named in the table of rates, will be charged twenty cents per car, per mile, for the additional distance beyond the Station named in the table; but in no case will the whole charge made be less than four dollars per car.

40 Full carloads of either bricks, cement, coal, chains, chain cables and anchors, grindstones, hay, household removals and furniture of all kinds, iron knees, pig, scrap and bar iron, lime, limestone, manure, mill and burr stones, molasses, oil, ores, outfits for, and products of the fisheries, plaster, rigging, fitted, salt, sand, sawdust, slate, straw, sugar, to one address, may be transported at the rate of twenty cents per car, per mile—no less charge than four dollars being made; and full carloads of beef, salted, in barrels, eggs, in barrels, flour and meal, in barrels, flaxseed, in barrels, pork, in barrels, to one address, may be transported at the rate of twenty-five cents, per car, per mile—no less charge than six dollars being made. Goods thus carried, must be laden and unladen by the owner or his agent, and will be at his risk then and during transit, and the entire load must consist solely of one of the articles mentioned.

41 Special arrangements may be made under certain extraordinary circumstances.

42 If the owner or owners, or his or their agent shall not, within five days after the arrival of the goods at the place of destination, pay the freight and any other charges due thereon, and take possession of and remove such articles from the railway premises, the Superintendent, by order of the Commissioners, may sell or cause the same to be sold at public auction, after giving ten days public notice of such sale, and having deducted all charges due, with the expenses of the sale and all other incidental expenses, he shall pay the surplus if any, to the owner, on application.

43 Cars cannot be hired to load cattle or goods of any kind, with the privilege of loading up at different Stations; and in no case can drovers be permitted to go free except when they have, at least, one full car load from one Station, and then they can pass only from that Station.

44 The loading of box cars is limited to 18,000 lbs weight, and of platform cars to 20,000 lbs weight per car.

45 Articles not specified in the classification will be charged the same rate as similar or analogous articles.

46 Special Rates.—The rates between St. John and Shediac or Point Du Chesne, for the following goods in the quantities named, to one address will be:—

Oats, in quantities of 500 bushels of 2,151 cubic inches each, 4 cents per bushel.

Barley, in quantities of 360 bushels of 2,151 cubic inches each, 5½ cents per bushel.

Potatoes and turnips, in quantities of 360 bushels of 2,747 cubic inches each, 5½ cents per bushel.

Wheat, in quantities of 300 bushels of 2,151 cubic inches, 7 cents per bushel.

Salt, in quantities of 250 bushels of 2,151 cubic inches, 8 cents per bushel.

Measurement is to be made when being loaded. In case of dispute, the load, before bulk is broken will be weighed upon the railway track scales, and the result divided by the mean weight of five bushels, is to be considered conclusive.

Fish, pork and beef, salted in barrels, in quantities of 60 barrels, and upwards, 30 cents per barrel.

Dried fish, in quantities of 160 quintals, and upwards, 12½ cents per quintal.

Flour and meal, in barrels, in quantities of from 90 to 500 barrels, 20 cents per barrel.

Flour and meal, in barrels, in quantities of 500 barrels and upwards, 15 cents per barrel.

47 Cargoes of the undermentioned articles will be carried in carloads to one address, from Point du Chesne to Saint John, at the following rates:—
Stone, ores and coals............$1 50 per ton.
Deals .... 2 00 per M. sup. ft.

48 Preserved salmon or other fish, in boxes or cans, in any quantity, from the fisheries in the Gulf of Saint Lawrence, or rivers or bays in Prince Edward Island or Northern New Brunswick, or vinegar for the fisheries, from Saint John, will be rated 4th class.

49 A portion of the area of a car may be freighted exclusively for the benefit of any party, at the rates per square foot fixed for the carriage of 3rd class articles per hundred pounds.

50 This tariff is to come in operation on the seventh day of June, 1867, after which date all previous rates and conditions shall be and are hereby cancelled. 751tf

Miscellaneous.

D. CODD & CO.,

PATENT AGENTS, SOLICITORS, &c. Drawings, Specifications, Models, and all other business in connection with the procuring of Letters Patent of Invention, attended to at the shortest notice.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 741-6m

I. B. TACKABERRY'S

AUCTION ROOMS, No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended, in any part of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS

PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-

H. McLEAN'S

AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, May 8, 1868.

AUTHORIZED Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 28 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

NEW SALOON.

SAMUEL GOULDTHRITE has removed and OPENED A RESTAURANT in the Stone Building next door to the Express Office, OPPOSITE the POST OFFICE, where customers will be attended to with his usual punctuality.
May 28, 1868. 753-3

LOST.

On Thursday, between the Office of Messrs. Pennock and the Sappers' Bridge, a TEN DOLLAR PACKAGE OF SILVER. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving the same at the office of J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Sparks-st.
Ottawa, May 30, 1868. 755

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Great Auction Sale—S. Bermingham.
Auction Sale of City Property—H. McLean.
New Books—J. Durie & Son.
$1,000 Reward—Mr. Kenny.
Her Majesty's Theatre—Under the Gaslight.
Great Removal Sale—Magee & Russell.

TO JOB PRINTERS.

Wanted immediately a good general JOBBER. The highest wages given. Apply at this Office.
Ottawa, May 27, 1868.

The Ottawa Times

TUESDAY, JUNE 2, 1868.

EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENCE

Mount Forest, May 29, 1868.

There is something astonishing in the depth of the impression created by the "Ottawa tragedy." The further an Ottawa man goes from home, the more is he likely to hear such remarks as "That was a sad thing at Ottawa." "Couldn't you Ottawa folks have protected poor McGee?" Or, "What an excitement there must have been at Ottawa." The murder of McGee being, apparently, the one subject of universal thought throughout the country. If you meet an old friend be sure that after the first greeting is over, and before he has dropped your hand, he will bring up the name of McGee. And Ottawa is looked upon with suspicion as containing a nest of Fenians. It is hard for the public to believe that Whelan was there without sympathisers, and now that the news of the assault on Turner, and the threatening of Graham, has been spread abroad by the press, one can hear at any corner such remarks as "Ottawa must be full of Fenians, or these fellows would not dare to act so boldly!"

This strong feeling throughout the country will manifest itself in the general rush to arms which will surely be made should another Fenian raid be attempted. Anything in the shape of leniency to such characters hereafter will create universal indignation, while on the other hand no measure of severity which the authorities may see fit to adopt will be too great to exceed the popular estimate of their deserts. In such a state of feeling it is of the first importance that the investigation now going on should not be made the subject of hostile criticism, and I am glad to find that throughout there is but one opinion that Mr. O'Reilly and those acting with him have used the greatest energy and discretion. Among the sturdy yeomanry of the West there is no sympathy with the sentimental political grievances of the pseudo patriots, who keep up the Fenian excitement, and woe-betide any man who ventures to say a word in their favor! It is not difficult to see that this may lead to serious consequences to a large class of the population, by destroying the confidence existing between the different classes and nationalities of the population. At present, however, there is not, in this part of the country at all events, any interruption to the harmony which has existed for so long a time, as I had yesterday the opportunity of witnessing. The occasion was a pic-nic in honor of the Roman Catholic clergyman of the village, who is about paying a visit to his native country, and it was attended not merely by the people, but by the Protestant clergymen residing in the village, and handsomely contributed to by all classes.

From Toronto westward and throughout the fine Counties of Wellington and Grey the prospects of a good harvest are of the brightest description. As an instance of what may be done by land when it is well used I may mention that within view there is half an acre from which two tons and a-half of hay were taken in 1866, upwards of two tons last year, and this season the owner thinks he will be able to gather three. An average of five tons to the acre would be a fine paying crop in Carleton or Russell, and I would strongly advise our farmers to try the experiment of working up small patches of their farms to a high state of cultivation, as no doubt they would be well repaid in a few years. The little plot to which I allude repaid the whole cost of clearing, draining and manuring, by two crops of potatoes and two of wheat; and the owner now considers it worth just twenty dollars a year to him.

There are many signs of substantial progress along the forty miles of gravel road from Guelph to Mount Forest. Guelph itself is a progressive place, and all the villages are keeping pace with the general progress of the surrounding townships. There is great interest taken in the question of railway extension, and the cities of Hamilton and Toronto are competing for the trade of this fine country. If Hamilton can succeed in pushing through the road for which its merchants hold the charter, it will do much towards giving it a fresh start in the race of progress; but I fear the "ambitious city" will allow itself to be out-generalled by the narrow guage men of Toronto.

THE NEW EDINBURGH CHURCH CONCERT.

The promoter of the concert given lately, in aid of the New Edinburgh Church Building Fund, desires us to present on this, the earliest possible occasion, the following statement, for the satisfaction of all interested:

Received from Sale of Tickets.—By Lady Macdonald, $108.50; other ladies, $155.50; Mr. Orme and door-keepers, $78.30.—Total received, $342.30.

Amount Expended.—For band, $30.00; for house, $11.00; printing, $20.60; piano, men, bill-posting, and other small items, $8.50.—Total, $70.10.

Thanks are cordially tendered to all who generously lent their assistance in promoting this good cause.

The walls of the church are now up and work is going on rapidly. The building will be in the gothic style, and will seat at least 200. It is hoped that the church, when completed, will be clear of debt. The seats are intended to be free—the church to be maintained solely by the offertory.

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal commences to-day.

—Pictures illustrating the evils of intemperance are to be hung in the bar rooms of Washington.

FROM TORONTO.

His Excellency W. P. Howland—Political Troubles—A New Ministry to be Formed—The Collectorship—Reduction of Burlington Bay Canal Tolls.

Special to THE TIMES.

Toronto, June 1, 1868.

His Excellency W.P. Howland arrived yesterday. Great indignation is expressed through the city at his appointment.

Hon. Sandfield Macdonald is here.

A new Ministry will have to be formed.

It is reported that Angus Morrison is to be Collector. All parties admit he deserves it before any other man.

Mr. Magill, of Hamilton, has succeeded in getting the Burlington Bay Canal tolls reduced one-half.

LOCAL NEWS.

A. Swalwell, Chief Undertaker for Ottawa, Sparks-st., Centre Town. 750tf

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal commences to-day.

Bog Oak Jewellery.—Very handsome sets of bog oak jewellery can be had at Young & Radford's, at $1 per set.

Police Court.—Only two cases were brought up yesterday, one for larceny, tried afterwards at the Recorder's Court; and the other disorderly, fined $5 and costs.

Fine coral jewellery, bog oak jewellery and a large collection of other goods suitable for wedding and other presents can be seen at Young & Radford's; all new and choice goods and will be sold cheap.

Photographs.—Mr. Notman has completed and for sale, a handsome large-sized photograph of Parliament Square during the military review on the 25th May. The view is a charming one, and portrays with admirable clearness the whole scene, as it presented itself during the review.

Lost.—A pocket book containing one or two endorsed notes, which will be of no use to any person, as the payment of them has been stopped at all the banks. By leaving the same at this office the finder will be sincerely thanked. 757-tf

Dominion Auction Mart.—Mr. J. Bermingham has opened a new auction mart and commission sale rooms, in Inglis' new buildings, Sussex-st. This establishment has been opened under excellent auspices, and with first-class references as to character and ability. Mr. Bermingham opens in connection with his auction business, a reliable house, land and general agency, where parties having property for sale or to rent can leave the list and particulars. Mr. Bermingham is agent for Ottawa and territory of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s grand pianos.

Theatrical.—The new company appeared at Her Majesty's Theatre here last night, to a good house, and relying upon the good judgment of the audience, we must say that the acting was good and sufficiently sensational to satisfy all who are sensationally inclined. Besides the good acting of the ladies and gentlemen of the company, there was some splendid dancing. Hereafter we may give a more full and detailed account of this company, but at present so great is the pressure on our columns, that we can do no more than advise people, who understand what good acting is, to go and judge for themselves.

Concert on behalf of St. Alban's Church Debt.—We have much pleasure in announcing that the Governor-General and Lady Monck have most readily and kindly consented to patronize an impromptu concert, for the above good object, on next Friday evening. It was intended only to have had a special musical reading as a grand finale to the very successful series of readings in the school room, but the ladies have taken the matter into their own hands, and purpose giving us another rich musical treat. We are glad to learn that all the leading amateurs of the city, vocal and instrumental, have already promised their assistance. Full notice of particulars of place and programme to-morrow.

The Results of Advertising.—As an instance of the astonishing results of a judicious system of advertising we would refer our readers to the immense business now being done by the enterprising firm of Magee & Russell. Some time since this firm contracted for a column of space in the Times, to be used solely by them to inform the public what class and quality of goods they were in possession of. Yesterday, June 1st, they added to that a system of local advertising, consisting of but *two lines*, inserted in appropriate places of this paper, containing the announcement of a reduction in their prices. The store was opened yesterday morning at 11 o'clock, since which time, up to closing, a constant stream of *buying* customers have passed in and out, all eager to participate in the advantages to be gained in the reduction. This fact alone should decide all parties doing business, of the necessity for a proper system of advertising. Inform the public what you have to sell, let them know your prices, and if your goods are of a suitable quality, the public will be sure to go and purchase where they know they can be

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal commences to-day.

A SUGGESTION.

To the Editor of THE TIMES:

Sir,—I trust that you will allow me through the columns of your valuable paper to offer a suggestion with the object of abating what is fast becoming a public nuisance. I allude to the cab system of Ottawa. We have a number of showy, finely painted two-horse vehicles, the drivers of which are so extortionate in their charges that no one, unless compelled to do so, thinks of employing them. Now in Quebec there are numbers of respectable men driving plain carriages drawn by one horse, and these men, as well as the caleche drivers, are not very well employed. If they would take the hint hereby given them and migrate from the ancient capital, I think that they would do better here, and the absurd system of high fares would be broken up.

I remain, sir,
Your obdt. servt.,
A Moderate Man.

Ottawa, June 1, 1868.

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal commences to-day.

Carpets and House Furnishings.—Garland Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality. They have just received a large stock and invite the attention of parties furnishing to it. Purchasers will find their stock in this department second to none in Ottawa. 582-y

Messrs. Young & Radford having secured the services of first-class working jewellers in etruscan, filagree, plain, fancy and solid gold work, and having made large additions to their work shop are now better prepared to execute any orders with which they may be entrusted than heretofore. Masonic jewels gold and silver medals, and every kind of gold and silver work done on the shortest possible notice. Remember the place, 30 Sparks-st., and encourage home manufacture.

The Fenian Preparations.

A gentleman of this city who has been travelling for a few days in the neighborhood of Malone, Chateauguay Four Corners and Ogdensburg, N. Y., has communicated to us some particulars regarding the preparations there of the Fenians, for the anticipated raid, which is now looked on all over the Province, as a mere matter of time. At all the stations except three he saw suspicious-looking boxes, of the length of rifle cases, strongly bound with iron bands, and addressed to different parties on the line, although all of the same pattern and size. The conductor and expressmen whom he asked concerning the probable contents of the cases, all professed ignorance of their contents. A friend of our informant's, a Canadian, but now a resident near Ogdensburg, assured him that those suspicious-looking boxes were by no means unusual freight on the cars, and that other events there tended to confirm the impression of an intended raid. The Fenians of that neighborhood are quieter and less blustersome than in 1866, but still active. In the railroad car in which our informant sat a man who boasted himself a Fenian, and an American were talking, the latter urging upon the Fenian the hopelessness of the boasted attack, and the probable interference of the American Government, when the Fenian retorted "that the Government would not interfere, and that they *this time* had promises from those in high places." This matter, though unimportant in itself, still tends to show upon what hopes these villains have based their preparations.

—The Montreal *Gazette's* correspondent at Athelstane writes under date Saturday morning that he has visited the American towns of Burke and Malone. The American people treat the matter carelessly, and the Fenians are very reticent as to their designs. A raid this summer is intended, but whether on the Eastern or Western frontier the Fenians do not say, nor do they specify the time.

—The Montreal *Gazette* says: "From information furnished us from our correspondents along the front, we gather that the Fenians are proceeding more quietly than on the previous occasions in their preparations for a raid on Canada. Both Democrats and Republicans wish to secure the Irish vote, and the party newspapers are, therefore, comparatively silent respecting Fenian movements, and the American people themselves do not talk about the matter as much as formerly. There is no doubt, however, that the Fenians are preparing for another raid. Our Ogdensburg correspondent says they have probably 25,000 stand of arms at Ogdensburg and other places along the front, and it is said they intend to make a dash at Cornwall. Supplies of knapsacks, ammunition, pork and bread, have within the last week been forwarded to Ogdensburg for the Fenians, who are gathering in that city."

A special report to the *Globe* has the following confirmatory particulars of the threatened raid:—

Ogdensburg, N. Y., May 29.

The preparations by the Fenians for the coming raid on Canada are steadily going on in this section of the State of New York. The meetings of the Brotherhood in this place are pretty frequent, and it is believed that a large section of the country is under the management of the circle.

It is well known, and was announced at the time, that a considerable supply of arms and ammunition reached this section last fall, and was arrested near Malone and Potsdam Junction then.

In addition to this there have been considerable arrivals lately. A car load of knapsacks and ammunition arrived at Potsdam Junction last Monday, which was delivered and taken towards Fort Covington, a village on the St. Lawrence. A consignment of pork has been made to parties there, which, it is generally believed, is for Fenian account. Likewise, parties have been spoken to with reference to supplying bread, and it is also supposed that it was intended for the Fenians.

These circumstances show that the movement is steadily going on. All this is being done without any bluster, and with more secrecy than usual.

The newspapers here say nothing about it, as neither party just now wishes to quarrel with the Fenian vote.

While the supplies and ammunition are thus being got ready, no perceptible movement of the Fenians to a point between here and Rouse's Point has yet commenced. The Fenians are evidently acting with more shrewdness than they did in 1866. They probably have 20,000 stand of arms and an ample supply of ammunition at present stored at points along the St. Lawrence, near Fort Covington; so that when the men move forward, as they may be expected to do shortly, they will find themselves in a much better position to act regardless of the United States authorities than in 1866.

One report here is that a lodgment is to be made on Canadian territory near Cornwall, on the northern bank of the St. Lawrence, where they hope to proclaim the Canadian republic, unmolested by United States troops in their rear, and proof against Canadian arms in front. There is no doubt such a movement, accompanied with brief success, would have an effect in replenishing the Fenian treasury. No doubt it would amount to little more, as the commissary department will be the grand difficulty, and hence the question of how much pork and flour have been storred in advance, is one of importance, and cannot now be solved.

It is reported that the General Government is about to send a regiment of regular troops to this place. Now it is well known that the United States troops are mostly Irish Catholics—a majority of whom would fire blank cartridge sooner than wound any of the Fenian brigade. In fact, during the last raid, troops near this place when ordered to load on a certain occasion where resistance was made by Fenians, omitted to load with ball. On the occasion of the last raid what proved of most importance was the President's proclamation. Of course supplies were stopped likewise, and to do this troops were required. The Government of the United States must be aware of the Fenian preparation. A proclamation from the President now, with a movement of troops to the frontier, would nip the thing completely. But that need not be expected. It is fully believed here that when the Fenians begin to advance in considerable numbers, the United States will then take action as in 1866.

There is not the least excitement here on the subject. It is hardly spoken of, although it is admitted by all that there will be a raid.

A Sensation at Port Dalhousie.—On Sunday evening the good people at Port Dalhousie were treated to a first-class sensation. A young girl named Honsinger seems to have loved "not wisely but too well" a gay Lothario named McEvoy, who is minus an eye. An agreement appears to have been made between them, that in case the man should prove unfaithful to the vows to be made at the altar the girl should shoot him. Report has it that he did "go back" on his first love, and was about to be married to another young lady, and the fact coming to the ears of Miss Honsinger, she got hold of a loaded revolver, and getting on the blind side of McEvoy let fly at him. The ball went through the fleshy part of his hand and then grazed his abdomen, without doing any further injury. It is said that young lady No. 2 on hearing of the affair refused to be married to the wounded man. No arrests have been made.—*Guelph Mercury.*

—Glover, Vermont, has a smart old woman of 87, who had an offer of marriage the other day from a man of 45 years old, and who told him she could take care of herself. She works for wages, and can do as much as many young women. It would be wrong to ask such a noble woman to cease from work, for such is her happiness, and will increase her glory hereafter, but if she were in this neighborhood, we have not the slightest doubt that a well known citizen would sweeten her toil by an occasional present of Italian Bitters.

RECORDER'S COURT.

The Recorder's Court opened yesterday before J. B. Lewis, Esq., Recorder. The grand jury was empannelled as follows:—Geo. Hay, Foreman; T. M. Blaisdell, Thomas Birkett, H. Borbridge, D. Buck, Felix Burns, G. W. Crane, Wm. Finlay, Wm. Fingland, Samuel Gouldthrite, James Gowan, Ed. Griffin, Wm. Hodgson, J. Johnston, Thos. McKay, M. Ansell, James Radford, G. McEdwards, O. Pinard, J. Roberts, James W. Russell, Wm. Stapleton, Samuel Skinner.

The Recorder delivered a brief charge. There were but few cases, and those for larceny, the law relating to which was pretty generally understood.

The grand jury then retired to their room.

The first case was an appeal from the decision of the Police Magistrate in the assault case of James Stewart, appellant, Moore A. Higgins, respondent. The conviction was before the magistrate on the sixth of March last. As Government employees the parties had frequent occasion to meet in the transaction of their business.

Mr. Higgins deposed that the appellant had previously came to his room, and made use of improper language. That after this circumstance he saw Mr. Patterson on Rideau-st. He went up to him and placed his hand on his shoulder, asking for an explanation of his conduct, and then let the matter drop, when without further provocation Mr. Patterson struck him and a scuffle ensued, when several gentlemen came up, and the police were called.

Policeman Jordan deposed to having seen Mr. Patterson strike the first blow.

Several other witnesses were examined, but they were those who came up after the commencement, and did not see the first blow struck.

It was contended by Mr. Gibb for the appellant that Mr. Higgins, by the act of placing his hand on Mr. Patterson's shoulder, was the assaulting party, and that the appellant was justified in resisting the assault in the way he did.

Mr. Lees, for the respondent, maintained that the placing his hand in a gentle manner on the appellant's shoulder by Mr. Higgins, could not under the circumstances be construed into an assault, and therefore, could not be held to justify the assault committed by the appellant.

Here the Grand Jury returned true bills against Joseph Gilly for larceny, and against Edward Hamel for larceny.

The appeal case then proceeded. The court held that the mere placing the hand on one's shoulder in a peaceable way, and for no improper purpose, could not be considered as an assault, nor be held to justify an assault by the person on whom the hand is so placed.

Verdict for the respondent, confirming the decision of the Police Magistrate.

Joseph Gilly was then arraigned on a charge of stealing part of a set of cutter harness, the property of Mr. McGee, and pleaded not guilty. The prosecutor deposed that he lives on the Richmond road; that on or about the first of May the harness was in his stable; that shortly afterwards he missed them, and the next time he saw them it was in the second hand store of Thomas Hinchy, Wellington street.

Thomas Hinchy proved having bought the harness from prisoner. Mr. Mosgrove, for the defence, raised the question of jurisdiction. The larceny being alleged to have been committed in Nepean, the court decided that it had no jurisdiction, and the jury was discharged. The prisoner was retained in custody.

Edward Hamel was arraigned on a charge of stealing fourteen tulip bulbs, the property of Mr. G. E. Desbarats. The prisoner pleaded not guilty. The larceny was alleged to have been committed on or about the 26th or 27th May.

Mr. Desbarats deposed that on the 27th he missed the tulips from his garden, and discovered tracks made by some person who had entered the garden. The prisoner was in his employ last year, working in the garden, but was not so employed when the bulbs were stolen. He had seen what appeared to be his plants which were brought to him by policeman Durocher.

Policeman Durocher being sworn, said he was employed to look for the bulbs, and he found fourteen in Mr. Germain's garden on Friday, but on going there again on Saturday, he found only one, the rest having been thrown into the street and trodden down. He arrested the prisoner, who on his way to the police station, admitted having taken the bulbs from the garden of Mr. Desbarats, and that he was sorry for having done so.

Ed. Germain said prisoner spoke to him three weeks ago about bringing some flowers for his garden, and that on Wednesday last, he went to the house in witness's absence, and gave some tulip bulbs to Mrs. Germain, and they were planted. Next day prisoner came and received 50 cts., not as the price of the flowers, for there was no price set upon them. On Friday he came and wanted to get them back again, and said he would give up the money. He stated that he had got them from the garden of Mr. Desbarats, and he was afraid of losing his situation in consequence. Witness refused to give them up, but the next morning all except one were missing, thrown into the street and trampled upon.

Verdict guilty.

The Grand Jury here came into court with the following bills:

John Stanton. No bill.

Wm. Rouse, Michael Colnan, and George Chalk—assault, with intent to rob. True bill.

Wm. Rouse, Michael Colnan, and George Chalk, stealing from the person. True bill.

Joseph Pichette, larceny. True bill.

Wm. Rouse and Michael Colnan were arraigned and pleaded not guilty.

Joseph Pichette was then arraigned on the charge of stealing a saddle and breeching, being part of a set of harness, the property of David Minore, and pleaded not guilty.

John Clappi deposed to having bought the harness from the prisoner, who said it cost him eight dollars for the whole set, and he sold the saddle and breeching to him for four dollars. Witness afterwards sold it to Wm. Stapleton, in whose possession it was found.

Constable McVeity testified that prisoner admitted having stolen the harness, and of having sold it to John Clappi. Verdict, guilty.

The prisoner was then charged with having been previously convicted of felony. Witnesses were called who proved he was the person so convicted.

The Grand Jury came in with a true bill against Thomas Hinchy, for receiving stolen goods, and a true bill against Jules Triponier, for aggravated assault.

Jules Triponier was then arraigned and pleaded "Not Guilty." It appeared from the testimony of Mrs. Perillard, the complainant, that she and her husband live altogether in the same house with the prisoner and the woman with whom he cohabits as his wife; and that on several occasions prisoner had made several attacks upon her virtue, but on the other hand it was shown in evidence that she was somewhat to blame. In fact there was sufficient proof to sustain the learned Crown prosecutor's expressed opinion that the whole household was "a disreputable set altogether." The evidence is not fit for our columns. The jury retired, and in a short time returned with a verdict of "Not Guilty." Mr. Mosgrove defended.

Sentence was then passed upon Edward Hamel for larceny—one month in the common jail at hard labor; and

Upon Joseph Pichette, having been previously convicted of felony—two years in the Provincial Penitentiary.

The court adjourned till ten o'clock this morning.

—Twenty years experience in using Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients, renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or Cough or Voice Lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cents per box.

CABLE NEWS

(Via Montreal Line.)

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

London, May 31.—A despatch from Bombay reports that the Russians in Central Asia have defeated the Bokharians in a pitched battle, in which the Emir of Bokhara was killed, and that the victorious Russians subsequently captured the town of Bokhara by storm.

Paris, May 31.—The Emperor Napoleon and the Empress Eugene visited Rouen. The Emperor made a speech in which he publicly returned his thanks, and the thanks of the Empress, to the Mayor of Rouen for the energetic and efficient measures of relief which had been provided by the Municipal Government for the poor of the city during the past severe winter, and expressed the hope that their sufferings were now ended. In his reply to an address from the Cardinal of Rouen the Emperor declared that we will not sever our love of God from our love of country. In the evening the Emperor and Empress returned to Paris.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

London, June 1.—Sullivan and Pigot, the two Dublin editors who have been imprisoned there for some time for alleged seditious articles, have been released from confinement on a writ of error.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Via Montreal Line.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Davis' Trial to come off in October.

Richmond, Va., May 31.—It is now probable that the trial of Jeff. Davis will be postponed until October, as the counsel on both sides have agreed to that time.

From Mexico.

Havana, May 30.—The Mexican Imperial General Marquez has published a statement of his conduct in the siege of Mexico. He proposes to retire from public life, and expresses a wish to die in the defence of Mexico against foreign invasion.

Decorating the Graves of Union Soldiers.

New York, June 1.—The ceremony of decorating the graves of Union soldiers in the cemeteries here about, was continued and concluded yesterday. Similar ceremonies took place on Saturday and Sunday throughout the country, the proceedings in some cases being highly impressive and interesting.

Sailing of the new Submarine Cable between Florida and Cuba.

The *Herald's* London special says that the steamer *Marva* having shipped the new submarine cable to be laid between the Island of Cuba and the coast of Florida, sailed at a late hour this evening for her destination. The cable is in charge of Sir Chas. Bright.

Death of ex-President Buchanan.

Lancaster, Pa., June 1.—Ex-President Buchanan died at his residence this morning, in the 77th year of his age.

Gen. Schofield Installed as Sec. of War.

Washington, June 1.—General Schofield, accompanied by President Johnson, and Adjutant-General Thomas, proceeded to the War Office this morning, and took possession. Gen. Grant subsequently called on General Schofield.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Letter from Gen. Grant to the Chicago Nomination.

The following is Gen. Grant's reply to the nomination of the Chicago Convention:

Washington, May 29, 1868.

To Gen. Joseph R. Hawley, President of the National Union Republican Convention:

In formally accepting the nomination of the National Union Republican Convention of the 21st May, instant, it seems proper that some statement of my views beyond the mere acceptance of the nomination should be expressed. The proceedings of the convention were marked with wisdom, moderation, and patriotism, and I believe express the feeling of the great mass of those who sustained the country through its recent trials. I endorse their resolutions. If elected to the office of President of the United States, it will be my endeavor to administer all the laws in good faith, with economy, and with the view of giving peace, quiet and protection everywhere. In times like the present, it is impossible, or at least eminently improper, to lay down a policy to be adhered to right or wrong, through an administration of four years. New political issues not foreseen, are constantly arising. The views of the public on old ones are constantly changing, and a purely administrative office should always be left free to execute the will of the people. I always have respected that will, and always shall. Peace and universal prosperity, its sequence, with economy of administration, will lighten the burden of taxation, while it constantly reduces the national debt. Let us have peace. With great respect I remain your obedient servant,

U. S. Grant.

Earthquake in San Francisco.

San Francisco, May 30.—Two very heavy shocks of earthquake were felt in Sacramento and vicinity, and in the State of Nevada principally. It was not felt here.

CITY COUNCIL.

Ottawa, June 1, 1868.

The City Council held its regular meeting this evening.

Present—His Worship the Mayor; Ald. Rochester, Pratt, Cunningham, Bangs, Robinson, Featherston, Mosgrove, Abbott, Goulden, Guerard, Traversy, Heney, and Martineau.

A number of petitions were presented and referred.

Afterwards the recommendation of the Board of Works in favor of an emigrant shed as petitioned for by Mr. Wills, Emigrant Agent, was taken up and discussed. The members generally were in favor of such shelter for the emigrants who come to this city.

The tenders advertised for were opened and considerable discussion ensued on the subject. Several of the members were opposed to the small sum of $100 as recommended by the Board of Works for such purpose.

Ald. Abbott thought that a thousand dollars would not be too much for so important an object. Ald. Robinson, Heney and others were for a large appropriation, if we really desired to encourage emigrants here. The tender of Isaac Cluff of $115 was accepted.

Tenders were opened for coal oil lamps in Lower Town. H. Peltier's was the lowest tender for putting up ten lamps at $80, and for lighting $20 a year each, and the tender was awarded.

A communication from the chairman of the Committee on Finance was read, shewing that the requirements of the city so far as known for the current year would render it necessary to lay on a tax of four shillings and eight pence in the pound.

Ald. Abbott called attention to the fact that none of the citizens of Ottawa had been appointed on the police force recently increased, whilst strangers from other cities received such appointments.

Ald. Robinson corrected a mistake of the Alderman, stating that a citizen of Ottawa whom he had recommended had been appointed, and they had shewn their wisdom in the appointment, for that man had been for two years in his employ, and he knew him to be a good, capable and reliable man.

The Mayor explained, giving good reasons for appointing the man who had been appointed.

Ald. Abbott desired that it should not be understood that he was opposed to either of the men. He believed they were all good.

Report No. 6 of the Assessment Committee was presented, together with the opinion of the City Solicitor, that the official salaries of Government officials were exempt from municipal taxation, was received and adopted.

Report No. 6 of the Board of Works was presented. The report proposes a premium for planting ornamental trees, and the removal of certain wells from the vicinity of churches, where they are sources of annoyance to the congregation during the time of divine service. The subject of the wells occupied a great deal of the time of the Council. Some recommended the removal of wells to the opposite sides of the streets. Ald. Rochester was in favor of putting up pumps on the opposite sides of the streets, and so conducting the water across the streets under ground.

An amendment was made to strike out the clause, which was lost on division. The motion for the adoption of the report was then put and carried.

The Council then adjourned.

CANADIAN MILITIA.

The following is extracted from an article on "Army Orgenization" in the *Saturday Review* of the 19th ult.:

ARMY ORGANIZATION.

A renewed discussion at the United Service Institution testifies to the conviction, now universal alike in military and civilian circles, that the forces of this country are not organized in such a manner as to produce the greatest efficiency, or indeed on a footing which will enable them to cope with those armies which at any time they may be called upon to encounter. Major Leahy, in the paper which formed the basis of the discussion, touched but slightly on the constitution of our military establishments, and the machinery required for official administration. The main object of his paper was to deal with the two great questions, what should be the numbers annually called on for military service, what training they should receive, and under what conditions. This subject is far from exhausting all the military matters which are now regarded as open questions, but it necessarily forms the basis of any system that may be adopted, and deserves more consideration than it has yet received.

The numerical strength of the forces of the Empire of every kind, as enumerated by Major Leahy, is far from contemptible. We have regular troops, British and Indian, to the number of 350,000, permanently trained and embodied. We have in our Militia, Yeomanry, Volunteers, and other reserves, 270,000, besides Colonial reserves which Major Leahy puts at the modest figure of 100,000. Besides these, there are at home and in the colonies some 580,000 men liable to service, though not actually organized or trained. The aggregate of these resources gives an army of 1,300,000. Do we make the most of this really formidable array? Major Leahy thinks not, and most people will be disposed to agree with him so far. When we come to his special plans for improving our military organization there is doubtless room enough for difference of opinion, but in the main feature of his scheme we believe that he has taken up an impregnable position. Hitherto almost all the efforts of military reformers have been directed to securing for a prolonged period the services of highly trained veterans, no matter at what cost, and the annual estimates are largely swelled by the expenditure incurred for the purpose of tempting time-expired men to remain in the ranks. Major Leahy maintains that this is bad policy and bad economy. He states, as the result of careful investigation, that the cost of a young soldier is about £32, and that of a re-engaged man about £40 per annum, and this irrespectively of pension, which would still further increase the discrepancy. When a soldier arrives at the end of his first term of service you may deal with him in either of two ways. You may bribe him by extra benefits to re-engage; or you may give him a retaining fee to attach himself to an army of reserve, under the condition of serving when required, with a certain amount of intermediate drill, and apply the rest of the money which he would draw to the maintenance of a young soldier to replace him in the ranks. If £8 a year, with a prospect of pension after twenty years' service in the reserve, were sufficient to tempt the time-expired men to undertake duties not more onerous than those of the Naval Reserve, the annual cost of keeping 30,000 soldiers in readiness on this footing, together with the cost of supplying their places with 30,000 recruits, would be exactly the same as the expense of retaining the old soldiers in their regiments. In other words, without any increase of annual expense, we should have 60,000 available men in the place of 30,000. Those in the ranks, it is true, would be less highly trained at first, against which must be set the inestimable value of youth for all campaigning purposes; but on these conditions few would hesitate to prefer the 60,000 to 30,000. Nor does this state the whole case, for the ultimate saving in pensions would be very considerable, it being proposed to defer to a later period—namely, thirty years' service in all—the pensions payable to the reserve men.

In this way Major Leahy calculates on increased efficiency and economy together; and whatever may be thought of the details of his plan, it does seem obvious that our true policy is to keep a steady flow of veterans into the Reserve, rather than to keep old soldiers all their lives in the ranks, without any regular Reserve behind them. The indirect advantage, to the discharged soldier, of combining his Reserve pay with the rewards of civil employment, is a further recommendation of a scheme, the primary object of which is largely to increase our military resources in time of war.

Another leading idea of Major Leahy's is to reorganize entirely our system of colonial reliefs. He would group all our forces into regiments of two battalions each, one of which should always be at home while the other was on colonial service. Moreover he would connect these regular regiments of Militia, and combine Regulars, Reserve forces, Militia, and Volunteers in divisions, under the supervision of the Generals in command of districts. These arrangements would, it is not disguised, require a diminution of our colonial garrison, and a greater concentration of line regiments or battalions at home. This might be practicable, but the difficulty of working any plan which requires exactly one half of our regular troops to be always at home seems to consist in the rigidity with which such a system would oppose itself to modifications of service required by small emergencies of perpetual occurrence. One thing, however, is perfectly clear, and that is, that we might get much more than we do out of our resources of men actually available. Major Leahy notices the insufficiency of trained Reserves in Canada and other colonies, and has a project of his own for improving their efficiency by affiliating them to the battalions of the regular army on colonial service. It is rather singular that, just when he was discussing the insufficiency of the Canadian Militia, the Militia Bill recently introduced by the Government into the Ottawa Parliament, should have arrived here. We have most of us been rather disposed at times to reproach our Canadian fellow-subjects for their apparent want of zeal in military organization, or rather their dread of the consequent expense; but if this Bill should become law, and be put into force, the people of the Dominion will be entitled to turn the reproach against us. They have in substance adopted the proposal which Lord Elcho brought, without much success, before the House of Commons, and which we hope he will introduce, again and again, if need be, until his efforts are crowned with success. The principle of the Canadian Bill is that every man within certain ages shall be enrolled in the Militia; that a certain number, in the first instance, of the younger class, shall be balloted into active Militia, the remainder forming the Reserve; and that, with the exception of judges, jailers, clergymen, cripples, and the only sons of dependent widows, no one shall be exempt unless he can produce a certificate of three years' service as a volunteer. Should this scheme be efficiently worked, Canada will have an army sufficient to remove all the uneasiness which the proximity of the great Republic has caused of late years; and before we shall be entitled to preach to her any more lectures on patriotic duty, we must so far follow her example as to make militia service compulsory in fact, as it is in theory, on all but those who discharge their obligations to the country in the Volunteer ranks. How soon we shall make up our minds to take a step which is essential to place this country on a footing of equality with other Powers, it is impossible to predict; but probably some fresh war or panic will be wanted to screw our courage to the sticking point. Very little pressure would be needed to increase almost indefinitely the numerical strength of the Volunteers. A little indolence is, with most young men, the only obstacle that prevents them from joining the national ranks; and the chance of a ballot for the Militia would, with the great majority, suffice to turn the scale. Whether we look at France or Prussia or the other great military Powers, or at our own colonies in Australia and Canada, we find the same idea prevailing that a population trained to arms is a better reliance than a limited army, however efficient in itself, without reserves to back it. A war of very short duration is sufficient to drive us to depend upon half-trained recruits, as we did to a great extent in the Crimea, and nothing will enable a country to create highly-trained battalions with the rapidity required by the drain of war so readily as the possession of a vast population who have mastered beforehand the rudiments of military duty. A vast reserve of men who, if not trained in the sense in which a severe disciplinarian would use the term, are capable of being trained in the course of a very few weeks, is the resource which will maintain a contest long after the first available army may have been used up on service; and as we have found the way, in our Volunteer system, to acquire preliminary training without any interference with civilian duties, the policy of making this discovery available for a comprehensive system of defence ought to be recognised, here no less than in Canada, as a paramount obligation.

LAMPLIGHTERS SUPERSEDED.

The Boston *Traveller* has the following:

At the Institute of Technology, on Friday, Professor Wm. B. Rogers presiding, there was exhibited a working model of a new invention for lighting the street gas from a central point by electricity. There are now in Boston 5,000 street gas lamps, and the cost of help to care for them is $42,000. Between the time when the lighting is begun and when it is finished, much gas is unnecessarily used, and it is calculated that the saving from this and other sources by the application of the apparatus will be $50,000 a year.

The practical operation last evening before the Institute of Technology called forth hearty applause. Connected with each gaslight there will be a little box. In the box there will be a valve worked by a notched wheel. Each pulsation of the electric fluid over the wire, moves one notch of the wheel, and eighty pulsations turn the wheel half round, and the valve is thus slowly opened; the moment it is open a flash of electricity from a Rhumkoff coil, also concealed in the box, lights the gas. The gas is turned off by setting the electricity at work again on the notched wheel, and with eighty pulsations, in twenty seconds, the wheel is turned half round, and the valve closed. It is proposed to divide a city into eight districts. In each district there will be a "circuit breaker," connecting with all the gaslights in that district. At the City Hall there will be a central battery; eight wires will go to the eight circuit breakers; a man at the central office will touch his instrument, and that will flash a current that will move the springs of the eight district circuit breakers; and in twenty seconds more every burner in the city will be lighted.

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal commences to-day.

CANADIAN NEWS.

—The 50th regt., from Quebec, landed at St. John on Friday.

—The Montreal Telegraph Company has opened a new office at Bath.

—The first lot of mackerel this season was in the Halifax market on Monday.

—The Hon. Messrs. McCully, Bell, and Patten (of Ontario) came passengers in the *Carlotta* from Portland.

—The Strathroy spring races will take place over the riding park, in that village, on the 3rd and 4th June. They will extend to two days.

—Chief Justice Duval, Judge Caron, of Quebec, and Hon. Col. J. H. Gray, of New Brunswick, are at the St. Lawrence Hall, Montreal.

—In consequence of reports of a Fenian attack upon Canada, the Eastern Township Bank have decided to send their funds to the City Bank Montreal, for safe custody.

—The people of Fort Erie have made every enquiry about the intimated Fenian raid, as represented in some of the papers, and find no cause for alarm.

—A young man employed in the chair factory of Mr. Wegenast, of Waterloo, had his thumb and two or three fingers cut off by a circular saw on Tuesday last.

—Sergeant-Major Lyden was presented with a handsome sword by the St. Mary's Infantry Company on Thursday evening last, at Oddy's Hotel, for his indefatigable efforts to make the company efficient in drill.

—The guns in Fort Wellington, Prescott, are being mounted on their carriages by the Royal Canadian Rifles. There is evident indications that some artillerymen will soon occupy the place.

—The 13th Hamilton Battalion will be inspected on Thursday evening next, by Lieut.-Colonel Durie, Assistant Adjutant-General. The 13th will undoubtedly be able to maintain its high reputation on the occasion.

—The Quebec *Chronicle* says that over four hundred thousand rounds of ammunition crossed the river Friday morning, for transhipment by the Grand Trunk Railway to St. John's, St. Armand, and other points along the frontier.

—The annual meeting and excursion of the Canadian Press Association will take place about the first of July next. The executive committee of the association will meet in Toronto at the Queen's Hotel, on the 5th of June next, to arrange matters connected with the proposed trip.

—The commander of the gunboat *Heron* received orders to leave Toronto Saturday, and cruise in the St. Lawrence in the neighborhood of Prescott. The *Cherub*, at Goderich, is ordered to Lake Ontario, and the Dominion gunboat *Prince Alfred*, now at Goderich, is ordered to the Niagara river opposite Fort Erie.

—The Great Western Railway Company have commenced rebuilding the freight house and offices at the Paris Station, destroyed a few weeks since by fire. The new building will be constructed of brick, of a substantial and ornamental character, and will be a great improvement in the locality.

—The Merchants' Bank of Canada is about opening an agency at Walkerton, the County Town of Bruce. Mr. Sproat, M.P., and County Treasurer, who formerly had charge of the Commercial Bank Agency there, has been appointed to manage the Merchants', and from his ability and experience as a Banker, and his influence in that section, the above agency cannot help but prosper.

The Crops.—The spring crops in this section of the country, for this time of the year, never looked more promising, and we are told that fully one-third more grain has been sown this spring than on any previous one for years. The fine condition in which it has been put in, fully warrants us in the belief that the prospect for a bountiful harvest was never better.—*Napanee Express.*

Boys over the Falls—Rescue.—Two small lads were out on Whitelaw's dam at Elora, yesterday afternoon, in a boat. They had been rowing about for some time, when, approaching too near the falls, were swept over into the abyss below. The boat was broken and wedged against the rocks. One of the boys was carried several hundred yards on the breast of the current, and clinging to a ledge of rock was hauled up to the surface by a rope extended to him by the villagers. His companion was also saved.—*Guelph Advertiser.*

—Another sudden and heavy decline has taken place in the price of spring wheat. In Guelph market, it has fallen a further ten or twelve cents to-day, and good samples may now be had at from $1.38 to $1.40 per bushel. It is as we have previously remarked—the market has been kept up to an abnormal figure, and millers have been compelled to grist upon a margin scarcely enough to pay for the running of the machinery. We cannot expect to see grain steady itself until a proper relation as regards flour has been established.—*Guelph Advertiser.*

MURDERERS AND THEIR ABETTORS.

[From the N. Y. Albion.]

For several weeks past much has been said and written relative to a second Fenian raid on Canada. Some of the leading American organs of that mythical organization have hinted ominously at the warlike movements of the Brotherhood, of their strength, preparation, concentration, and determination; while others have treated of their complete armaments—as also their well stored armories—of their countenance and encouragement in influential quarters; and, finally, of their numerous sympathetic friends, scattered over Canada itself. We have heard so much of this wandering wickedness during the past few years, that we begin to tire of its very name. Yet recent developments are such that we cannot ignore the existence of a murderous organization known under this title, and which, too, would appear to have the encouragement, if not the actual aid, of political organizations claiming to be *respectable*. Since the last foolhardy raid upon Canada—which took place about two years ago—we have been called upon to chronicle numerous murders in England, one in Canada, and an attempted one in Australia; besides several outbreaks in the Emerald Isle itself, all traceable to this secret conclave of outlaws. And, when we add to these numerous conspiracies by which hundreds of lives have been lost—of which the Clerkenwell stands foremost—we have a record of desperate deeds which, for the same space of time, it would be difficult to equal in atrocity in the history of the world.

And all for what? Ostensibly "to right the wrongs of Ireland,"—which, we may truthfully add, is probably better governed to-day than it has ever before been in the history of the world; while the further reforms that are now in progress will render it as free—viewed either from a religious or political standpoint—as any other country in Christendom. But this soreness and chronic dissatisfaction is not with the well to do Irish, but rather with those desperate adventurers, whose thirst for blood has been unduly stimulated by the recent civil strife in America—coupled with the unwholesome teachings of demagogue American and Irish-American politicians, of the lowest, most unprincipled, and reckless type. And such men, we are sorry to say, all civil wars bring to the surface. Before the desperadoes, whose recent careers have been so black and bloody, took heart and courage for their work, they were honored by the highest functionaries of this American nation, and their avowed leaders were duly admitted as honored guests on the floor of the Senate of the United States. The United States Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs made such plain allusions to the brotherhood in his despatches to the American Minister at St. James, that that worthy and high-minded statesman felt it to be his duty to retain the documents for a time, in order that his government might have an opportunity of reconsidering their dishonorable course. But all to no effect. The Fenian American cause had been espoused by the demagogue-politicians of Washington for a fixed purpose, and until these preconcerted ends were gained, murderers must be encouraged, and outlaws defended at the national expense. And this was not enough; but when the murderous invaders of an innocent and inoffensive people were unsuccessful, they were arrested by their own Government, simply to be restored to freedom, and their arms again placed in their hands the very next day. And now that "Fenian Fairs" and "Pic-Nics" are again the order of the day, leading journals—supposed to be in the secrets of the Government—take pains to apologize for, and encourage this latest nefarious movement. And one of these journals—which, perhaps, more than any other, possesses the confidence of the present Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs—cannot treat even the Nova Scotian question without asserting that "no special discernment is needed to detect influences at work which may eventually concern the United States much more closely" than they at present appear to be concerned.

We find more honesty, and a keener sense of *justice*, in the columns of the *Irish Republic* itself. In a late issue the editor says: "It is believed that not less than thirty thousand of our best men were ruined by the former raid on Canada. All who coolly think that *a predetermined failure and a certain disgrace* are worthy of such sacrifices, may make them if they so please. But the subject is worthy a little reflection—that's all. And above all things, let the *honest men who really leave their homes and business to fight see to it that all the leaders, senators, organizers and officials are in the field at their head.* Every man who invites and encourages others to go must go himself—not merely to escort supplies on railroad trains, or to skulk for a fortnight about Malone or St. Albans, and then say he was 'at the front.' Every man who helps to get up this *guilty movement* must take the field as a soldier—and we have our eyes to the entire set—and if he refuses and shows the white feather, we will brand him before the world as a liar, a hypocrite, and a coward."

We are glad to see also, that the *Herald* of this city, is becoming ashamed of its former course, as well as that of the leading American politicians; and in an article on the subject, defines the position, as well as the duty, of the American authorities thus:—"We cannot forget that there is such a thing as regard for the honor of this great country. With Fenianism we have no special desire to intermeddle; but we cannot permit Fenianism, or any other organization, to disregard our laws and bring dishonor on the republic. We cannot allow the Fenians to make of this country a base of operations for carrying war into the territory of a people with whom we are at peace. President Johnson is now, through the failure of the impeachment, in a position which enables him to do the right thing with the Fenians. As the Chief Magistrate of the republic he has heavy responsibilities; but as a politician *he is free.* His interests do not bind him to either of the two great political parties. *Duty demands that he protect the honor and dignity of the nation.* Unnecessary interference is not called for. Overmuch zeal is as much to be deprecated as overmuch indifference. All that we ask—and we have a right to ask it—is that the President, in the event of another Fenian invasion, will see to it that the law be promptly and effectively executed. *We may have our grudges, but even our grudges must be expressed with dignity. Filibustering is not worthy of a great people.*"

Again, the President of one of the organizations—for happily they are now split into three, each taking different views—in a recent address thus reasons with his deluded followers: "*We especially appeal to you against the effort now being made to invade Canada,* at a moment when our brothers at home are unable to derive any benefit from such effort, even should it be successful; we make the appeal to you all the more confidently that such action is a complete violation of the solemn promises made in your name to the men at home through Col. Roberts, and the delegates of the Cleveland Convention." All things considered, we would recommend our Canadian friends simply to be on their guard, in order that defenceless homes may not be outraged by the reckless ruffians who may possibly cross their borders. But in the event of an invasion of any considerable force, the commanding officer will do well—and probably in the end save lives—by issuing an order, in advance, to the effect that *not a prisoner is to be taken, and not a live outlaw to be left on the field;* and then let the "red coats" at them. And, finally, should the American authorities release any more cut-throats to make incursions upon an innocent and inoffensive country and people; and once more put arms into their hands for a fresh foray, it is only fitting that the Imperial Government should consider such an act sufficient cause for a speedy declaration of war. If a war is to be carried on at all, it had better be carried on openly and above board."

—One firm in New York did a business of over $20,000,000 in Government bonds last week.

—Westfield has a lodge of Good Templars which, although only four months old, now numbers 223 members.

Good Signs.—It is a good sign to see a man doing an act of charity to his fellows. It is a good sign to see the color of health in a man's face. It is a good sign to see an honest man wearing old clothes, and the immense sales of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," is a good sign that it is a scientific preparation, and properly appreciated by the people. Sold everywhere at 25cts. per bottle.

Physicing Horses.—Many persons physic their horses frequently — especially every spring. This is a great error, and one which has caused the loss of many valuable horses, as physic as it is usually given, often produces inflammation of the bowels which generally proves fatal; it also weakens the horse and thus renders him more liable to disease, or less able to throw it off. What is required is a medicine which will operate gently upon the bowels, and act upon the liver and lungs, removing all obstructions therefrom; purifying the blood and enabling all the organs to do their work without overtaxing any, which is accomplished by the use of "Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and condition medicine"—it is always safe and certain. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.* is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C.W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

—There is a magistrate in New Jersey who marries parties for the modest sum of 12 cents.

—Mormon elders are proselytizing the gullible in Georgia.

—Street ballad singing is revived in New York.

—The Cincinnati Common Council has reduced the street-car fare to five cents.

—There are some twelve or fifteen large grain carrying vessels laid up at Buffalo for the present, owing to the low price of freight both up and down.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE CANADA HOUSE, CALEDONIA SPRINGS, near L'Orignal, on the Ottawa, will be open for the reception of visitors on the 1st of June. 745b

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. Symptoms of Worms.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N.B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* ☞ and take no other. ☜ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 578y

To Consumptives.—The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, free, by return mail, will please address,

REV. EDWARD WILSON,
Williamsburg, Kings Co., New York.

A "Cough," "Cold," or Irritated Throat if allowed to progress, results in serious Pulmonary and Bronchial affections, oftentimes incurable.

Brown's Bronchial Troches reach *directly* the affected parts, and give almost instant relief. In Bronchitis, Asthma and Catarrh they are beneficial. Obtain only the *genuine* Brown's Bronchial Troches, which have *proved* their efficacy by a test of many years. Among testimonials attesting their efficacy are letters from—

E H Chapin, D D, New York.
Henry Ward Beecher, Brooklyn, N Y,
N P Willis, New York,
Hon C A Peshine Pres. Mass. Senate,
Dr G F Bigelow, B
Prof. Edward North, Clinton, N Y.

Surgeons in the Army, and others of eminence. Sold everywhere at 25 cents per box. 708d14w2m

The Florence Nightingale of the Nursery.—The following is an extract from a letter written by the Rev. C. Z. Weiser, to the *German Reformed Messenger*, at Chambersburg, Penn.:

A Benefactress.—Just open the door for her, and Mrs. Winslow will prove the American Nightingale of the Nursery. Of this we are sure, that we will teach our "Susy" to say "*A Blessing Mrs. Winslow*," for helping her to survive a escape the griping, collicking and teething ge We confirm every word set forth in the prospectus It performs precisely what it professes to perform, every part of it—nothing less. Away with your "Cordial," "Paregoric," "Drops," "Laudanum," and every other "Narcotic," by which the babe is drugged into stupidity, and rendered dull and idiotic for life.

We have never seen Mrs. Winslow—know her only through the preparation of her "Soothing Syrup for Children Teething." If we had the power, we would make her, as she is, a physical saviour to the infant race. 25 cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists. Be sure and call for "*Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.*" Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations. 709d14w2m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

$1,000 REWARD.

To any persons who will purchase the right for the Province of Quebec for Anderson's, of London, Ont., PATENT HARROW.

Mr. KENNEY, proprietor, is stopping at the British Lion Hotel, Sparks-st., where manufacturers of farming implements and speculators would do well to call and see the Model Harrow. He has several counties in the Eastern part of Ontario unsold. If any party who purchases the right does not sell more, and surpass all other Harrows in this part of the Province, the patent will cost him nothing. Hundreds have been sold in the Western part of the country, and farmers prefer them to all others. Call and judge for yourselves. Township and County Rights for Sale.

Ottawa, June 2, 1868. 757tf

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

Lessee and Manager, - J. J. COLLINS.

EMPHATIC SUCCESS

Of the Powerful Sensation Drama,

UNDER the GASLIGHT!

Enthusiastic Reception of the New Company.

This Tuesday Evening, June 2nd,

Second Performance of

Under the Gaslight,

With its Wondrous Railroad Scene,

THE DOWN EXPRESS TRAIN,

Due at 9:10.

☞ In rehearsal several new and attractive plays.

Prices of Admission!

Parquette,	50 cents.
Gallery,	25 "

C. W. NISBET, Agent.

Ottawa, June 2, 1868. 753d

Magee & Russell's

—GREAT—

REMOVAL SALE!

COMMENCED

MONDAY,

JUNE 1st.

NO RESERVE.

All Goods re-marked in plain figures, with Red Ink, showing the actual reductions.

The following are only a few of the bargains offered. The public are invited to inspect the stock, and judge for themselves before purchasing:—

Fancy Silk Dresses

That were selling for $16 and $17, reduced to $12 and $.3.

Silks

Marked $19 to $23.50, reduced to $15, $16 and $15.50, the full dress of 15 yards.

All our rich French Silks reduced from $5 to $8 on each dress.

Black Glacie

And Gros Grain Silks all reduced.

Mantle Velvets and Velveteens,

Only received a few days ago, marked down from 10 to 15 per cent.

Black Lace Shawls,

Commencing at $1.25.

All the rich Spanish and Pusher Lace Shawls will shew large reductions.

Paisley Shawls reduced from $1.50 to $5 on each shawl.

Last year's Barege Shawls reduced to nearly half price.

New Hoop Skirts

Cheaper than anything in the trade. Old fashioned large Hoop Skirts almost given away. Would pay to have them altered.

Ladies Straw Hats & Bonnets,

New styles, all reduced.

All old shapes in Straw Goods sold for what they will fetch.

Pattern Bonnets and all trimmed Millinery greatly reduced.

One Case Shakers at 12½c, some of them worth 50c.

New Parasols

Reduced from 10 to 20 per cent. Old ones to about half price.

500 Palm Leaf Fans

Sold during the sale at 5 cents each; not more as two to one customer.

Several thousand Ladies' Imitation Lace Paper Collars for half the New York price.

About 150 pieces ¾ Mohair and Poplinette Dress Goods, will be offered at such prices as must clear them out.

Printed Delaines

That sold from 17¼ to 20 cents per yard, marked down to 12½ cents.

French Delaines

And Merinos, Cobourgs, Lustres, Glacie, Alpaccas, Printed Muslins, and all other Dress Goods in stock, likewise reduced.

A lot of washing Challies will be offered very low.

All domestic goods, such as Sheeting, Table Linens, Towellings, Flannels, &c., will show heavy reductions.

Our Cottons

Being all purchased when the raw material was at its lowest point in Liverpool, customers would do well to lay in a stock during the sale. We will sell all Cotton goods far below what it would cost to import them just now.

Prints

At 7, 9 and 11 cents per yard; present retail value 10, 12½ and 15 cents per yard.

Splendid Styles in Tweeds,

Coatings and Cloakings, at the reduced figures.

Carpets,

Damasks, and all kinds of House Furnishings, and other heavy goods that would be troublesome to remove, will be cleared out at and below cost price.

Ladies Best French Kid Gloves

Will be sold at $1 per pair, and all soiled and damaged Kid Gloves will be thrown in with the slow selling colours and sold at much less money.

Gents' Merino Underclothing,

Dress and Flannel Shirts, Ties and Collars, all marked down to removal prices.

One lot of 68 gross Printed Paper Collars will be sold for 12½ cents the Box of 12 Collars; well worth 25 cents.

Dress Trimmings,

Embroidery, Lace Goods, Cotton Lisle and Silk Gloves, are all reduced.

A job lot of Dress Fringes, now so fashionable, will be sold at 12½ cents per yard, some of them being worth at the present price of Silk about 35 cents per yard.

A remarkably cheap lot of Ladies' Cambric Handkerchiefs, also, Ladies' and Childrens' Cotton Hose, at least 40 per cent less than last year's prices.

The intention being to reduce the stock to

Lowest Possible Point,

Before removing to New Premises (now building) in the Autumn. ☞ Great care has been taken to re-mark the entire stock at such prices as must effect

LARGE SALES

AND INSURE

A Speedy Clearance.

DURING THIS SALE

NO SAMPLES WILL BE CUT,

NO GOODS WILL BE SENT ON APPROBATION

NOR SOLD ON CREDIT.

Magee & Russell.

Ottawa, June 2, 1868. 707y

GREAT BARGAINS IN DRESS GOODS, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

NEW STYLE OF DRESS GOODS, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FANCY DRESS GOODS AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

PLAIN GOODS FOR TRAVELLING DRESSES, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

BAREGE, GRENADINE & LLAMA DRESS GOODS, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S Invite inspection of their Stock.

No. 14, RIDEAU-STREET.

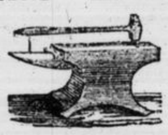
Ottawa, May 30, 1868. 510y

HARDWARE, HARDWARE!

—AT—

Thomas Birkett's,

SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24 RIDEAU  No. 24 STREET.

Come old and young, come short and tall,
Come rich and poor, come great and small,
Just call and see my stock in trade,
Hardware and paints of every grade.

A Complete Assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware constantly kept on hand at the SIGN of the ANVIL, T. BIRKETT, consisting in part of

Butts,	Axes,	Iron,	Paints, all colors,	Screws,	Saws,	Tin,	Oils,
Locks,	Hoes,	Stoves,	Glass,	Coolers,	Putty,	Bolts,	Chains,
Nails,	Coal,	Pitch,	Grindstones,	&c.,	&c.,	&c.,	&c.

Also a complete stock of MECHANICS' TOOLS of the most improved English and American manufacture.

Then Come and Examine my Stock,
A duty never shirk it,
An satisfaction will be got
In business with T. BIRKETT.

Don't forget the place—THOS. BIRKETT, Sign of the Anvil, No. 24, Rideau-street.
P. S.—All Goods delivered Free to any part of the city. 408y

Ladies Keep Cool!

BLACK AND WHITE LACE SHAWLS,
GRENADINE SHAWLS,
BAREGE SHAWLS,
BAREGE JACKETS,

BAREGE & GRENADINE PROMENADE COSTUMES,
GRENADINES,
FRENCH & ENGLISH MUSLINS.

GENTLEMEN KEEP COOL!

BLACK ALPACCA COATS,
BUFF ALPACCA COATS,
LINEN COATS,
MARSEILLES VESTS,

All in great variety, cheap, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S,

Wholesale and Retail.
Importers, 20 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 29, 1868. 484y

NEW STOCK OF

SUMMER GOODS,

—AT—

"THE GOLDEN BOOT."

NO. 226, WELLINGTON-STREET.

Ladies' White Canvass Boots,
Ladies' Button Prunella Boots,
Ladies' Lace Prunella Boots,
Ladies' Prunella Gaiter Boots,
Ladies' Kid Button Boots,
Ladies' Kid Lace Boots,
Ladies' Kid Gaiter Boots,
Ladies' English Walking Boots,

Gent's White Canvass Congress,
Gent's White Canvass Shoes,
Gent's Mill. Calf Congress,
Gent's Calf-faced Congress,
Gent's Calf Balmorals,
Gent's Fine Kid Congress,
Gent's Prunella Bregans,
Gent's Pat. Dress Boots,

Children's Fine Morrocco Lace Boots,
Children's Fine Kid Congress and Lace Boots,
Children's Enameled and Calf Copper Toes,
And other goods in endless variety.

The subscribers beg to thank the public for the liberal patronage they have received since opening the above establishment.

W. ANGUS & CO.,
No. 226, Wellington-street.

666y

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

Very Desirable City Property,

HECTOR McLEAN,

AUCTIONEER and Real Estate Agent,

WILL SELL

By Public Auction,

AT THE

UNION HOUSE,

ON

FRIDAY, 5th JUNE, INSTANT,

At 12 o'clock, Noon,

The undermentioned Properties, viz.: 32 Lots of the Hon. Judge Sherwood's Property, near the residence of J. B. Lewis, Esq., very handsomely situated, and 4 Park Lots of over 2 acres each. Also, a number of Lots belonging to Mrs Ross, Mrs. Eccles, Miss LeLeivre and Judge Small, all in the same neighborhood, and all very Large Lots.

Plans of the Properties can be seen, and any information required respecting them had, at the Auctioneer's Office, 18, Sparks-st.

Ottawa, June 2, 1868. 757td

New Books.

Exodus of the Western Nations by Viscount Bury; Chronicles and Characters by Owen Meredith; Brakespeare by the author of "Guy Livingstone"; The Lost Name, a Novel; Farming for Boys; The New Dictionary of Quotations; The Huguenots by Samuel Smiles; Law and Lawyers—Curious Facts and Characteristic Sketches; Art and Artists, do.; Books and Authors, do.; Clergymen and Doctors, do.; Longfellow's Works Complete for 15 cents; The Waverley Novels, per vol., 15 cents; Cooper's Novels, per vol., 15 cents; Essays in Elia by Lamb complete for 15 cents; De Quincey's Confessions of an Opium Eater for 15 cents.

Bibles, Prayer Books, Church Services, just received from the Publishers, in the newest and richest patterns.

For sale by

J DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st.,
Opposite the Russell House.

498y

GREAT SALE

BY AUCTION.

THE SUBSCRIBER will offer

BY AUCTION,

On Friday Next, the 5th Instant,

At Half-past TEN a.m., and Half-past TWO p. m.,

AT THE

Dominion Auction Mart!

Sign of the Dominion Flag,

SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA,

Some magnificent Pianoforter, Harmoniums, Piano Covers, and a quantity of very excellent Black Walnut and Mahogany Furniture, consisting of Drawing Room Sets in Damask, Fancy Rep and Hair Cloth, Cane and Hair Seated Chairs, Carved Centre Tables, Handsome Carved Bookcases, Writing Desks, Chiffoniers, Bureaus, Wardrobes, Hall Tables and Chairs, Carved Sideboards, Washstands, Whatnots, Pictures, Mirrors, Mattrasses, and two very fine Fishing Rods and Baskets, late from England and made by Wright, of London—all consigned for Sale.

TERMS—Cash in bankable funds.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, June 2, 1868. 757td

Coffee! Coffee!

TO those who enjoy a Cup of

REALLY FINE COFFEE!

—TRY—

BUCHANAN'S

Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha,
JAVA & JAMAICA,
Roasted and Ground

Daily on the premises, by steam power.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

May 11, 1868. 739tf

CITIZEN OFFICE,

RIDEAU-STREET.

A NEW

Stationery Store

Has been opened in connection with

"The Ottwa Citizen" Office,

AND THE

Patronage of the Public is Respectfully Solicited.

THE STOCK EMBRACES

AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF

STATIONERY!

INCLUDING ALL KINDS OF

WRITING, PRINTING, WRAPPING,
BLOTTING, COLORED, TISSUE,
CARTRIDGE & DRAWING PAPERS.
ENVELOPES, VISITING CARDS,
(Plain and Mourning.)
PLAYING CARDS,
MEMORANDUM
And ACCOUNT BOOKS,
POCKET LEDGERS
And CASH BOOKS,
LETTER COPYING BOOKS.
INDEXES,
BLANK NOTES,
And DRAFTS.
STEEL PENS, QUILLS,
INDIA RUBBER, INK ERASER,
SEALING WAX,
ELASTIC BANDS (All Sizes),
ERASING KNIVES,
LETTER SCALES,
FILES AND CLIPS,
PAPER FASTENERS.
INK-STANDS,
(All sizes in Glass, Pewter and Fancy.)
PEN RACKS, INKS,
ROUND RULERS,
SLATES AND SLATE PENCILS,
MUCILAGE, MARKING INKS,
☞ And every other ARTICLE in the trade.

ORDERS FOR

BLANK BOOKS!

In any Style of Ruling and Binding, executed on the shortest notice.

BOOKBINDING

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Job Printing

As usual, Neatly, Cheaply and Expeditiously executed.

I. B. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

Ottawa, May 25, 1868. 751y

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES

WERE AWARDED THEIR 67TH

Prize and Gold Medal, Paris,

1867.

Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

Great rapidity, Simple Machinery, quiet in action, easy to operate, price from $47. *Prospectus free, and instructions gratis.*

G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa, Sole Agent for Ontario, and 105 King-st., West, Toronto. R. W. STEPHEN, Manager, Ottawa.

The "HOWE" SEWING MACHINES are the *best* for carriage Trimmers, Harness Makers, Boot and Shoe Makers, as the best Shuttle Machine for Tailors, Dressmakers, Families, etc. etc., etc. Price from $50. Prospectus free and instructions gratis.

479 43y G. A. WALTON, 37 Sparks-street, Ottawa, *Agent.*

FOR SALE

AT THE

MONTREAL WAREHOUSE

800 BUTTER TUBS, in good order.

J. MARTIN & CO.

10,000 LBS. MAPLE SUGAR.

J. MARTIN & CO.

50 CASES ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

J. MARTIN & CO.

HERRINGS, PORK, FLOUR, BUTTER, CHEESE.

657y J. MARTIN & CO.

TO LET.

FOUR GOOD ROOMS over SHEPHERD'S GROCERY STORE, Murray st., between Sussex and Dalhousie-sts. Also, GOOD STABLES for thirteen horses. Rent moderate. Also a quantity of CEDARS for sale. Enquire of M. SHEPHERD, at the Store.

Ottawa, May 20, 1868. 748

Dominion Auction Mart,

AND

Commission Sale Rooms

House, Land & General Agency,
OFFICE & SALE ROOMS,
INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-STREET,
OTTAWA.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city.

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq. M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq. M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq. M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq. M P
James O'Reilly, Esq. Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq. Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq. M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

A Servants' Registry will be kept, where male and female servants of every capacity will be found.

Servants and others, wanting employment, should enrol their names at once, and persons requiring servants should make early application.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
753y House, Land and General Agent.

TO LET.

Two Bedrooms and Parlor furnished in Wellington-street, Upper Town. Address Box 226, G.P.O.

May 27. 752a

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

Just Received Per Express.

A CHOICE Selection CANADA WATCH COMPANY'S WATCHES,

At Young & Radford's.

AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY'S WATCHES,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE GOLD JEWELLERY,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE GOLD and CORAL JEWELLERY,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE HUNTING ANCHOR WATCHES, in fine Silver Cases, as low as $12.00,

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FINE Eighteen CARAT GOLD WATCHES as low as $18.00,

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

ROGER'S BEST CUTLERY and fine ENGLISH ELECTRO-PLATED WARE, can be had

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S

30 Sparks-st. Ottawa.

Auction Sales

BY H. McLEAN.

GREAT ATTRACTION!!

Immense Auction Sale

—OF—

Dry Goods,

JEWELLERY, &c., &c.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer,

Has received an extensive consignment of Goods from London, England, which he will sell

BY PUBLIC AUCTION,

AT HIS

Sale Rooms, 18, *Sparks-st.*,

COMMENCING ON

Wednesday, 3rd June, Proximo,

At TWO o'clock, P. M.

The stock consists of

KIDDERMINSTER,
HEMP,
DUTCH and other

Carpets in Roll!

Which will be cut to suit purchasers; Handsome Carpets made in Squares with Borders—a novelty; a quantity of Axminster Velvet Pyle and Tapestry Hearth Rugs; Handsome Velvet Pyle and all Wool Table Covers; Damask and Lace Curtains; an immense quantity of Towels, Sheets, Quilts, Summer Counterpanes and Toilet Covers; Alhambra and Marsala Coverlids.

JEWELLERY!

In Plated Goods, consisting of Gold and Silver Watches, Tea and Coffee Services, Plated Knives, Forks and Spoons, and a large variety of Fancy Goods too numerous to mention.

Sale positive and without reserve, and to continue from day to day until the whole stock is disposed of.

Ottawa, May 30, 1868. 755d

PIANOS. PIANOS.

JUST RECEIVED AT THE

London Music Store!

☞ Her Majesty's Theatre, ☜

Wellington Street,

A new and splendid assortment of

PIANOFORTES!

☞ UNION MAKE, ☜

Every PIANO from this establishment warranted for 5 years.

Also just received a new stock of

VICTORIA ORGANS and MELODEONS.

VIOLINS, CONCERTINAS, GUITARS &c., in great variety.

Second hand Pianos taken in part payment for new ones.

Connected with this establishment is a Piano Manufacturer, who will attend punctually to all orders for TUNING left at the London Music Store.

E. MILES,
Lessee of Her Majesty's Theatre.

Ottawa, March 25, 1868. 551-39y

Storekeepers, Farmers and Others.

SHOULD BUY THEIR TEAS FROM

The Importers Direct.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY, 6, Hospital-street, Montreal, have sent over one thousand packages to different parts of the country, and receive every day assurances that the Teas gives entire satisfaction. Subjoined are a few of the numerous testimonials already received:

Russell Hotel, Quebec, Jan. 7, 1867.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the six chests of Tea forwarded some time since arrived in good order. The quality is pure and excellent, and prices cheap. As I am particular in buying the best quality of Tea to be had for our guests, I am pleased to acquaint you that it gives general satisfaction. Your obedient servant,

Willis Russell.

Felcons, Dec. 23, 1867.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the Oolong Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto, who informs me he considers it as good as that he was using for which he paid one dollar per lb. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz., at 75 cents per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant,

Jno. T. Day.

House of Senate, Ottawa, December 18, 1867.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the box of English Breakfast and Young Hyson Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. You may expect my future orders. Yours, &c.,

S. Skinner.

Cobourg, January 8, 1868.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, I beg to inform you that the two boxes of Tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box, or 20 lbs., at same price, and oblige yours, &c.,

F. Oliver.

The contributors to the *Medical Journal* have frequently declared that one-half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have carefully selected and imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure and free from poisonous substances, in 5s, 2s, 2s, 15 and 12 lb. boxes.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season, do; 55c 60c and 65c; Excellent Full Flavored do, 70c; Souchong, 40c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 70c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c; Very Fine, 60c; Finest, 65c, 70c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay common, 38c; Fine do, 50c; Young Hyson, 50c, 60c, 65c and 70c; Fine do, 70c; Very Fine, 80c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1.00; Fine Gunpowder, 70c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

All orders for 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular sent equally cheap. The Company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much, two or three clubbing together could divide. An excellent mixed Tea could be sent for 60c to 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order or enclosed notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man where there are express offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
6, Hospital-street, Montreal.

All boxes sent from this establishment have the Company's name printed on them.

Montreal, March 4, 1868. w1049y

Errors of Youth.—A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay and all the effects of youthful indiscretion will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertisers' experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN, 43 Cedar Street, New York

Board.

Three or four gentlemen can be accommodated with BOARD and LODGING at MRS. WM. KENNEDY'S, Wellington-street.

Ottawa, May 27, 1868. 752a

NICHOLAS SPARKS,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

1868. MAY. 1868.

J.A.PINARD & CO.,

ARE NOW SHEWING

New Dress Goods,

A good value in Striped, all Mohair, for 6d per yard.

New Prints. A good variety of Patterns at 6d per yard.

New Grey Cottons, A good Cotton, 40 inches wide, for 7d per yard.

New White Cottons, A good heavy made Cotton for 6d per yard,

h e Tailoring Department is replete with all the novelties of the season.

Cash buyers will find it their advantage to visit the above before purchasing e lsewhe

J. A. PINARD & Co.,
No. 17, Sussex-st., *Sign of the Golden Ball.*

ttawa, May 5, 1868. 16y

OTTAWA CROCKERY STORE.

JUST received, direct from Germany, a few cases of GLASS SHADES, Square, Oval and Round, suitable for covering Dried Flowers, Fruit, Fancy Work, &c. Parties requiring them will do well to call early.

Also in Stock and at Montreal Prices,

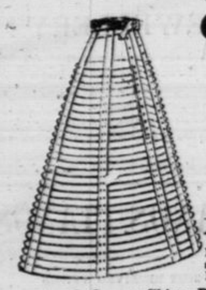
DINNER SETS, TEA & BREAKFAST SETS,
DESSERT SETS, TOILET SETS,

And a full assortment of every description of goods in the trade.

W. ALLAN,
51 *RIDEAU STREET, (opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.)*

Ottawa, April 18, 1868. 574y

☞ P.S.—Goods carefully packed to go any distance with perfect safety.



City Hoop Skirt Factory,

43 SPARKS-STREET,

Central Ottawa.

THE DOUBLE EXTENSION SKIRT,
" DEMI "
" NEW GORE TRAIL SKIRT.

French Wove Corsets!

AN immense stock of Corsets just arrived, French, English and Scotch manufacture.

I beg to call the attention of ladies to the above new styles of Hoop Skirts which I have on hand, and will make to order on the shortest notice: Also Parasols, Hosiery and Glover, Hair Nets, Handkerchiefs, &c., &c.

Croquet Skirts, Printed and Embroidered, Gored and Plain.

N.B.—A lot of old fashioned Corsets on hand (lacing at the back) cheap, wholesale and retail.

DAVID MILLAR,
456y 43 Sparks-st, Centre Town. next to Emonde's Stove Depot.

BLYTH & KERR,

Successors to Chas. Garth,

No. 25, RIDEAU-STREET,

PLUMBERS, GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,
TIN & COPPERSMITHS, BELL HANGERS, &c.

All materials for the above branches kept constantly on hand.

Also, Importers and Dealers in House Furnishing Hardware.

Just received a well selected assortment of Fishing Tackle, Baskets, Bait, Reels, Lines, Flys, Rods, &c. Manufacturers of all descriptions of work for Water and Gas Works, Brewer's Distilleries, Mills, &c. Makes and fits up Galvanized Iron Cornices, Gutters, Conductors, Roofing, &c.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water or Warm Air, on the most approved principles.

Orders from the country will receive strict attention. 740y

Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale.

THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

Fine Bottled Ale!

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

Scotch Irish, Old Rye

And other Ma Whiskies,

Ports, Sherries, Brandies Gin, &c.,

To other with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A Call kindly Solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

tt awa, Jan. 20, 1868.

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

☞ AN OMNIBUS ☜

Will leave the

RUSSELL HOUSE,

Every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 7 a.m., punctually, to carry passengers

FOR AYLMER

To connect with the Union Forwarding Railway Company's Steamers.

JAMES MULLIGAN.
Ottawa, May 16, 1868. 744tf

W. NOTMAN,

Photographer to the Queen

CORNER OF

WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS,

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his

Establishment will be Opened

—ON—

Monday Next, 3rd February

When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for al h different branches of Photography.

ttawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 582y

B. BILLINGS, JR.,

ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—R A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq. Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O & P R W 740tf

S. CHRISTIE,

COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 4, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,

EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.

R. R. O'CONNOR. W. N. WALLER.
March 7 378y

NOTICE

—TO—

SHIPPERS OF GOODS

TO THE

Upper Ottawa,

By Steamers of the

Union Forwarding

AND

RAILWAY COMPANY.

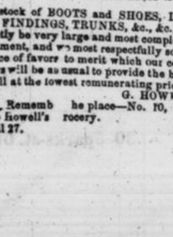
THE Union Forwarding and Railway Company having assumed the carting of goods between

OTTAWA & AYLMER,

I beg to intimate that the same rate will be charged on goods received at either place, th Company having established a through rate on all goods forwarded from Ottawa to places on the Upper Ottawa.

Receipts for goods will be given by the Shipping Clerk, Mr. S. Dyde, Canal Basin Wharf, or at the office of the Company, Wellington-street.

R S CASSELS,
President.
Ottawa, March 23, 1868. 698-3 m



Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St

M. P. HAYES,
Ottawa, June 21. AGENT. 57tf

HOWE'S

Boot and Shoe Store.

REMOVAL.

AS the Lease of our Premises in Sussex-street terminates this month, we intend to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our Store in

No. 10 Rideau-st.

Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favors to merit which our constant endeavors will be as usual to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest remunerating prices.

G. HOWE & SON.

☞ Rememb he place—No. 10, Rideau-st. next to Howell's rocery.
April 27. 420y

Railroads.

CHANGE of TIME

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and after FRIDAY, the 15th May, 1868, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA
Mixed, 7. 15 a. m.	10.35 a. m.
Express, 1.35 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 7 a. m.	9.25 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principals Stations on the line.

T S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.
Ottawa, May 14, 1868. 1y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway,

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 4:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. P. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are dep rtures east and west.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.
Brockville, April 11. 472y

Grand Trunk Railway Company

OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 8.30 A.M.

Night do do at 7.30 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.00 A.M.

Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.

Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.

Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.

Express for Boston and New York, at 3.30 P.M.

Express for Portland (staying over at Island Pond) at 3.00 P.M.

Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Riviere du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticoocke only, at 10.10 P.M.

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
December 23, 1867 650tf

MACHINERY OILS.

AMERICAN NATURAL

Lubricating Oils!

They Don't Gum,
They Don't Freeze,
THEY ARE THE

BEST AND CHEAPEST

MACHINERY OILS

IN THE DOMINION.

McKENZIE & MACKAY,
Agent for Canada.

Z. ISAACS,
Agent, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 17, 1868. 663tf

Books for the Times!

(The times of Papal and Infidel aggression.)

STANDARD EVANGELICAL WORKS,

By Rev. Dr. Cook, London, England.

Hamilton, Adams & Co., Publishers, London.

FOR SALE in Toronto by W. C. Chewett & Co., James Campbell & Son, Tract Society, Wesleyan Bookroom, Adam Stevenson & Co., James Young, A. S. Irving, and in Montreal by Dawson Brothers, A. Miller, R. Worthington, Sunday School Union, &c., and all Booksellers in the Dominion.

Christian Theology	$1 75
The Deity	1 50
The Shekinah	1 25
Explanations of Scripture	1 13
The Three Intercessions, (dedicated to the Evangelical alliance)	0 3

&c., &c., &c.

These works are most highly recommended by the English Magazines and religious press, also by the Press of Canada, (see Montreal "Witness," Toronto "Globe," "Leader," "Christian Guardian," &c.) The intention is to supply every Protestant family in the Dominion with these valuable works. As an antidote to Romanism, Ritualism, Infidelity and formal religion, they are unsurpassed.

April 23 724-17.3m

VICTORIA HOTEL,
SOUTH QUEBEC.

This fine Hotel having been rebuilt and greatly enlarged during the past Winter, is situated near the Terminus of the Grand Trunk Railway, South Quebec, and is now open for the accommodation of guests, under the management of J. Tofield.

The IMPROVEMENTS made during the past Winter render it in every way desirable for both TRANSIENT AND PERMANENT GUESTS. Special arrangements will be made with parties desiring to remain for a length of time.

The ROOMS are LARGE and WELL VENTILATED, and the BEDS are all new and good. No pains will be spared to render it in every respect A FIRST-CLASS HOUSE.

In connection with the House is a BILLIARD ROOM, BATH ROOM, and BAR. The Bar will always be supplied with the choicest Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c.

☞ Horses and Carriages to Let.

May 16, 1868. 744b

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD

PLANS,

SPECIFICATIONS,

ESTIMATES, &

Prepared by

AUGUSTUS LAVER,
ARCHITECT

Rideau-st. Ottawa.
April 1.

FRESH ARRIVALS
OF
Very Choice and Superior
TEAS
NOW ON SALE
AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

☞ This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Bakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved, and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS,

☞ As it is imported by no other firm in Canada

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD' LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
AW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
OAST PARTRIDGE
ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St
Ottawa, September 10. 225tf

FOR SALE.

A SELF-ACTING SODA WATER APPARATUS, with cylinders complete, cheap for cash. Apply to WILLIAM PRODERICK Sussex-street, Ottawa. 687tf

Furniture! Furniture! Furniture!

AT THE

VARIETY HALL,

34, Sussex-st.

JUST RECEIVED several Consignments of Black Walnut Furniture, consisting of Beautiful Repps Covered Parlor Setts, Centre Tables, Extension Tables, Card and Side Tables, Fancy Tea Pops, Whatnots, Hair and Cane Seated Chairs, Sofas, Tete-a-tetes, Dressing Bureaus, Enclosed Washstands, and a full assortment of other furniture. There will be added to stock this week some very fine Bedroom Setts, which will be sold very low to close the consignment. Also a large stock of Willow, Market and Fancy Baskets, Children's Carriages, Horses, Perambulators, Hand Carts and Wheelbarrows, with a full assortment of Wooden Ware of all kinds. Also in stock and to arrive within a few days, the largest and best assortment of Crockery, China and Glassware imported direct from the one of the best manufacturing houses in England. To all who wish to examine and purchase from a large stock will find the Variety Hall unequalled for assortment of stock and low prices.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
439 General Agent.

☞ among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

de, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints, and are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sol by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Nov. 1, 1867 7ydw

VICTORIA

FURNITURE WAREROOMS.

GEORGE ARMSTRONG, Corner Victoria Square and Craig-street, Montreal, solicits a call from the Citizens of Ottawa about to furnish, who may visit Montreal to his very large and varied stock of FURNITURE which he will sell at greatly reduced prices for cash. The Parlor Furniture is of the best quality and latest designs, either plain or handsomely carved, in Walnut, oil finished or polished.

His Sideboards, Bookcases, Chamber Sets, Hall Furniture, &c., are worthy of attention.

Hair Mattresses and Bedding of all description constantly on hand, or made to order, at the shortest notice. Call and examine for yourselves.

"Patent Sofa, with reclining arms, of a very superior make."

N.B.—Sole Agent in the Dominion for the sale of G. A. FISKS' Air-Tight Metallic Casket. 712-3m

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET.

FIVE HANDSOMELY FURNISHED APARTMENTS, within three minutes walk of the Government Buildings, with or without Board; or a large and well furnished House for the Summer season. Apply at this Office.

May 28, 1868. 753a

Lots for Sale.

6 BUILDING LOTS, one mile from the city, on the Richmond Road, containing one acre each. Apply to THOMAS ANDERSON, Jr. on the premises. 564tf

FOR SALE, on SANDY HILL, opposite Desbarats', LOT No. 32, Stuart street. Terms moderate. Apply to Mrs. TIERNAN, No. 2, ing street opposite the Gas House.

Ottawa, May 4 1868. 734d

For Sale or to Let.

A Brick House,

CONTAINING nine room on Maria-street, near Dr. Hill's, from the 1st May.

Apply to JAMES STRACHAN,
On the premises.
Ottawa, March 27, 1868. 703tf

Two Dwellings to Let,

BEING the Upper part of E. MARTINEAU'S Clothing Store, Corner of Sussex and Clarence-streets.

Enquire at the Store.

EUG. MARTINEAU.
Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 646 1

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINSENT, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.

NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ., Or JOHN HENEY, Esq., Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W

Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

FARM FOR SALE.

FOR SALE Lot No. 15, 4th Concession, Gloucester, Rideau Front, seven miles from Ottawa, on the macadamized road leading from Ottawa to Metcalfe, consisting of 100 acres, 50 of which are cleared and in the highest state of cultivation. The soil is of the very best quality, and there is a new Frame Building and a good Stone Cellar, also a good Barn, Stable, Sheds and other outbuildings. The English Church and School House is about two acres from the house, the Methodist Church and Catholic Church can be seen from the door. There is a nine mile road running beside the lot. The Railroad Station is about two miles from the house. There will be a chance given in part of the purchase money if required. It is well fenced and watered For further particulars apply to the subscriber on the premises.

701-1-13w13 WM. HALPENNY.

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to

HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY,

AND

COURT OF SPAIN,

THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,

AND

HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867,

WE HEREBY APPOINT

MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,

For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*

H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion, for the sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa, May 26. 748y

SPRING TAILORING.

THE SERVICES OF A

First-class Tailor,

From MONTREAL, have been secured by the undersigned, who will pay a special attention to this branch of their business, and endeavour to show for

SPRING TRADE

A STOCK OF

CLOTHS

SECOND TO NONE IN OTTAWA

This department will be complete in the first week of April. Inspection respectfully invited.

J. A. PINARD & CO.,
No. 17, Sussex-street, Sign of the Golden Ball.
Ottawa, March 20. 696tf

Quebec Bank—Ottawa Branch

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

FROM the 1st day of April next ensuing, INTEREST at the RATE of FIVE per cent per annum, will be allowed on Deposits in this Department.

H. V. NOEL,
Manager.
Ottawa, March 13, 1868. 690-3m

NOTICE.

MESSRS. ANGUS & SON, in retiring from the Undertaking Business, would beg to inform their friends and the public that they have disposed of their Hearses and stock in trade to Mr. Samuel Rogers, Cabinet maker, who will in future attend to all orders in the Undertaking line, and they have much pleasure in recommending him to their many patrons and friends.

ANGUS & SON,
Furniture Dealers, No. 22, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, May 11, 1868.

UNDERTAKING.

IN reference to the above, S. Rogers takes this opportunity of thanking his numerous friends and customers for their very liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Cabinet and Upholstering Business, and would respectfully solicit in this new branch of his trade a continuation of their favors.

S. ROGERS,
Cabinet Maker, &c., Rideau and George-streets.
Ottawa, May 11, 1868. 741d

Ice, Ice, Ice!

THE subscriber will furnish ICE DAILY to those requiring it for the Season. Double supplies on Saturday for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season, $6 00. Hotels and Steamers supplied with large quantities on liberal terms, as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted.

All orders left at KAVANAGH'S RESTAURANT, or at the subscriber's, will be strictly attended to.

F. STARMER.
126, Rideau-st.
Ottawa, May 14, 1868. 742d

Piano-Forte Tuition!

W. C. CLARK,

PROFESSOR OF MUSIC and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-street, corner of Lyster-street, Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Lee's Music Store. 452y

Steamers.

1868 1868

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S

MAIL STEAMER

Queen Victoria,

Captain A. BOWIE,

Leaves the Queen's Wharf with mails and passengers for Montreal, every morning. (Sundays excepted) at half-past 6 o'clock, arriving at 4:45 p.m.

Travellers and tourists will find this a delightful trip.

First-class Fare (meals extra)	$3 50
Second " "	2 00
First " Return "	6 00

Baggage checked through.

Parcel Express daily to and from Montreal and all landings.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs landed at L'Original.

For further information apply at Office on the wharf, or on board the steamer.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Excursion Tickets to Grenville and back for one fare.

MARKET STEAMER

"FAIRY,"

Captain R. G. NICHOLS,

Leaves Ottawa for Major's and intermediate landings on Tuesdays and Fridays at 4 o'clock, p.m.

7498 R. W. SHEPHERD.

1868 1868

UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

Upper Ottawa Route.

Consisting of the following first-class Steamers,

ANN SISSON,	-	Captain Murphy.
ALLIANCE,	- -	" Findlay.
EMERALD,	- -	" Toner.
OREGON,	- -	" Cowley.
CALUMET,	- -	" Blondin.
JASON GOULD,	-	" Belton.
PONTIAC,	- -	" Duggan.
PEMBROKE,	- -	" Overman.
SNOW BIRD,	- -	" Beattie.

Until further notice the Steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day (Sundays excepted) for the Upper Ottawa at 8:30 a.m., connecting with the *Alliance* at head of railroad at 12:30, touching at Arnprior, Sandpoint, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf, and Portage-du-Fort. Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after the arrival of the Steamer *Alliance* for Cobden, connecting with Steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.

The Steamer *Pembroke* leaves Pembroke at 7 o'clock, a.m., on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday for Des Joachims, calling at intermediate ports, returning on same day, leaving at 2 p.m., connecting at Pembroke with Steamer *Jason Gould* which leaves daily at 5 a.m., and arriving at Portage-du-Fort at 10 a.m.

The Steamer *Alliance* leaves Portage-du-Fort every morning (Sundays excepted) at 8:30 a.m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere, Bristol, Sandpoint and Arnprior, and arriving at head of railway at 12:45, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4 p.m.

The Steamer *Calumet* leaves Havelock for Chapeau Village and intermediate ports on Tuesdays at 6 o'clock, a. m., and returning leaves Chapeau Village same days, at 2 o'clock.

A connection is made daily with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at Arnprior at 2 o'clock p m., in time to connect with the Grand Trunk Railway night trains east and west, and on the downward trip at Sandpoint 1:35 a.m., Arnprior 12:10.

Passengers for Des Joachims leave Ottawa every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

For further particulars apply at the office of the Company in Ottawa City or Aylmer.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.
Ottawa City, April 22, 1868. 7248

Condensed Time Table

Between Brockville and Ottawa, via Brockville and Ottawa Railway and Union Forwarding Railway Company's Steamers:

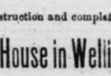
UPWARDS.

Leave Ottawa at	7:00 a.m.
Arrive at Arnprior at	2:00 p m.
Leave Arnprior at	3:20 p.m.
Arrive at Brockville at	7:45 p m.

In time to connect with Grand Trunk Railway Night Trains, East and West.

DOWNWARDS.

Leave Brockville at	7:15 a.m.
Arrive at Arnprior at	12:10 p.m.
Leave Arnprior at	12:15 p.m.
Arrive at Ottawa at	5:00 p.m.

1868.  1868.

THE

Quebec and Gulf Ports

STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

ROYAL Mail Line between Quebec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, every Tuesday.

The first-class Steel Side-Wheel Steamship

"SECRET,"

WILLIAM DAVISON, - - Master,

Will leave

St. Andrew's Wharf

—ON—

TUESDAY, the 26th of MAY,

At four o'clock, p.m.,

For Pictou, N.S., calling at Father Point, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle, Miramichi and Shediac. Returning will leave Pictou on Tuesday, 19th May, at 5 o'clock, p. m.

The steamers connect at Shediac with E. & N. A. R. R. to St. John, N.B., and steamer for Prince Edward Island, and at Pictou with N. S. Railway to Halifax.

Through tickets to St. John, N. B., and Halifax, Nova Scotia. Return ticket by steamers at reduced rates. For freight or passage apply to

W. MOORE, Manager.
May 9, 1868. 739-S

Notice to Builders.

TENDERS

Will be received until

THURSDAY,

THE 4th DAY OF JUNE NEXT, AT NOON,

For the construction and completion of a

School House in Wellington Ward,

To be built on the block fronting Hugh-street, between Maria and Slater-streets.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the undersigned to whom tenders are to be addressed, and endorsed "Tenders for School House."

The signatures of two responsible persons will be required who are willing to become security for the due performance of the work.

The lowest or any other tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JAMES D. SLATER,
Chairman Board of School Trustees.
Ottawa, May 21, 1868. 749td

Plans, Specifications, &c.,

PREPARED for Buildings of every description, by

SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

1867 AND 1868.

INDIA WAREHOUSE!

16 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform their Customers that their Stock is now complete, and embraces every delicacy of the Season, among which will be found a choice assortment of

TEAS,

Breakfast SOUCHONG, } Black Extra Fine.
do CONGOU, }
Superior HYSON,
" GUNPOWDER,
" IMPERIAL,
" TWANKAY,
Orange PEKOE, } These Teas have been
Flowery " } carefully selected for
Japan " } family trade by

BROWNE & HARDY.

SUGARS,

LOAF,
BROKEN LOAF,
CRUSHED,
GROUND,
YELLOW,
and MUSCOVADO.

COFFEE,

MOCHA,
JAVA,
JAMAICA, and
CEYLON,

☞ Roasted and Ground daily on the premises.

CHOCOLATE and COCOA,

FRENCH, flavored with Vanilla;
TAYLOR'S,
FRY'S,
MOTT'S

FRUITS, &c.

LAYER RAISINS,
in Whole, Half and Quarter Boxes
MUSCATEL, do do
SULTANA,
VALENTIA,
CURRANTS,
GRAPES,
ORANGES
LEMONS,
PRUNES,
ALMONDS,
WALNUTS,
FILBERTS, and
BRAZIL NUTS.

SPICES,

NUTMEGS,
MACE,
CINNAMON,
CLOVES,
GINGER,
MIXED SPICES,

All Ground on the Premises

D. T. BROWNE & CO.
Ottawa December 19 465t

CRICKET AND CROQUET

JUST received by the subscribers a splendid assortment of

CRICKETING GOODS

Consisting of Clapshaw's and Duke's Bats, of all qualities.

Dark's and Page's Double and Treble Seamed Balls.

Felpham's Batting and Wicket-keeping Gloves and Leggings.

Plain and Fancy Wickets, Spikes, &c., in all making the largest stock of the above goods ever imported into this city.

Also superior sets of Croquet from $6.50 to $12.

J. L. ORME & SON,
25, Sparks-street,
Sign of the Golden Lyre.
April 30, 1868: 443y

EDUCATION.

A YOUNG LADY having some experience in teaching, and possessing a FIRST-CLASS ENGLISH EDUCATION, embracing Music with a thorough knowledge of the French (Parisian) Language, and the rudiments of German, is open to an engagement either as daily or visiting Governess. Satisfactory references can be given if necessary. Terms can be known on application at the residence of her father, Mr. DAVIS, No. 9, Patrick-street.

Ottawa, April 17, 1868. 720tf

ARNOLDI'S

WINE AND SPIRIT VAULTS,

11 *Metcalfe-st., Telegraph Co's Building,*
OTTAWA,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL, FOR CASH ONLY.

Dekuyper's Red Cases, Gin, 15 bottles	$9 00	
" Green, " " per doz	4 50	
Booth's London Gin "	7 26	
Bernard's and Thompson's Gin "	6 00	
Green Seal Champagne "	12 00	

AND UPWARDS.

PORT WINES—Graham's, Sandeman's, &c.

	Per Gall.	Per Doz
No. 1 Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2 "	3 00	8 75
" 3 Old	3 50	10 00
" 4 Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine old	5 75	15 50

SHERRIES—Lomecq's, Pemartin's, &c.:

No. 1 Superior Light table Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2 Extra do	3 00	8 75
" 3 Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4 Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine	5 50	15 00

Single sample bottles at above rates.

Also, of Standard Brands, in wood or bottle, old and new, Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch and Canadian Whiskies.

Canadian Ale, in wood or bottle.

Guinness' Porter, pints and quarts. Hibbert's Porter, pints and quarts. Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, pints and quarts.

Clarets, Hocks, Sauternes, Curacao, Maraschino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., &c.

Purity in all cases guaranteed, and goods marked at the lowest quotations.

Orders by mail with cash, promptly attended to. Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.

NOTICE.

The subscriber would intimate to those of his customers with whom current accounts may have been opened that it is his intention to take advantage of any irregularity in their payment to close them in order that he may conduct his business totally on the *cash principle*, which has been found to work much more satisfactorily for both the buyer and seller in every branch of trade in which it has been tried, and relying on quality of his goods and the prices charged for them (which will always be as low as they can honestly be sold for) he solicits a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

K. ARNOLDI,
Dealer in the better qualities of Wines, Spirits, &c., Metcalfe-street, Telegraph Co's Building, Ottawa.

Price lists on application or sent to any address.

April 21, 1868. 535y

PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE.

MRS. RICHARD will open a Private first-class BOARDING HOUSE, Corner of SUSSEX and CLARENCE-STS., over Mr. Martineau's Dry Goods Store, on the 1st March. Parties wishing quiet, good, comfortable board, with good attendance, will please apply and secure apartments.

Breakfast at 8 and 10 a. m.; Lunch at 1 p. m.; and Dinner at 6 p. m.

Ottawa, March 18, 1868. 659-3m

HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,

WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads Chairs, &c., Chandiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

WILLIAM HOLGATE,
JOHN OLIVER,
WILLIAM ANNABLE.
506y

CONVICT LABOR.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned for the labor of about Three Hundred [300] Male Convicts in the Kingston Penitentiary, in any suitable manufacture. Two Hundred and Fifty [250] of whom are at present engaged in Shoe-making.

The institution will furnish Shops and Fuel, with a sufficient number of Guards. The contractor must employ his own Trade Instructors and Foremen.

Tenders to be received on or before the 1st June next, stating price per day.

D. Æ. MACDONELL,
Warden Prov. Penitentiary.

Provincial Penitentiary Office, 29th April, 1868. 737

The Times

VOL. III. NO 758. OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 3, 1868. PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valle issuing of the Daily over 2,000 : and Weekly over 4,000 : making a total circulation in the we'k over 6,000 : thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates :

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only, ... $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line,...... 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line,............ 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.
Yearly subscription to the daily (if paid in advance)................ $5 00
If not paid in advance............ 6 00
Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance)............ $1 00
If not paid in advance............ 1 50

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 34, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

Mails for the Maritime Provinces.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

From OTTAWA—Mails for St. JOHN, N B., Closed Daily, 12:45, P. M.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

THE general route of transmission is by railway, via Montreal, Danville Junction, and Bangor, Me., whence by stage to Calais and St. John. Time taken, at this season, usually four days.

The Mail despatched, however, on Friday, obtains connexion with the Monday 5 p m steamer, (International Line), from Portland, being due at St. John on Tuesday p m.

For Woodstock, N. B.

There is also a tri-weekly Mail from Riviere du Loup to Edmundston and Woodstock, leaving Riviere du Loup every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday evenings, on the arrival of the mail train from Quebec. Matter intended for conveyance by this route should be specially addressed "Via Riv. du Loup.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

Matter for Prince Edward Island is forwarded via St. John.

Letters 6 cents per half ounce. Newspapers 1 cent.

*NOVA SCOTIA.

For Halifax, N. S., Closed Every Thursday, 12:45, P. M.

Route of transmission is via Portland, whence per steamer Chase, or Carlotta, every Saturday at 4 p. m, for Halifax, being due there on the following Monday.

Letters 5 cents p r half ounce. Newspapers 1 cent.

For Halifax, N. S., Closed Every Friday, 12:45, P. M.

Route of transmission is via Portland, connecting there with the Monday 5 p m steamer, (International Line), for St. John. Mail due in Halifax on the following Thursday evening.

Letters 5 cents per half ounce. Newspapers 1 cent.

Letters, &c., are not forwarded from Ottawa to Halifax by the land route, via St. John, N. B., unless specially so addressed.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

Newfoundland is included in the ordinary mails made up for Halifax.

Letters 12½ cents per half ounce. Newspapers 2 cents each.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa, Feb. 13, 1868.

Nova Scotia, by "Inman " Steamer from New York.

*NOTE—For Inman Steamer to Halifax a Mail is closed every alternate Friday, 12.45, p m, (i. e. 21st February, 6th and 20th March, 3rd and 17th April, and so on.) Route of transmission is via New York, connecting there with the Steamer of the Inman Line, leaving on alternate Mondays at Noon for England, via Halifax, being due at Halifax on the following Thursday. Letters and papers for despatch by this route must be SPECIALLY SO ADDRESSED, with postage prepaid by stamp, as follows—

Letters 12½ cents per hal ounce. Newspapers 2 cents each. 672tf

Legal Cards.

MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. GEORGE TAILLON.
Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1868. 366-tf

R. J. WICKSTEED,
ADVOCATE, &c., 43, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 589-6m

N. TETREAU,
NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 6, 1867. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street.
OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa
February 7, 1866. 43-u

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public.
Office, over Mr. Luke Casner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c.
Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House
Ottawa, March 30. 87-c

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866.

NICHOLAS SPARKS,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c.
Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

G. J. O'DOHERTY,
LAW, Chancery, and Conveyancing Office, Aumond's Buildings, Rideau street.
Ottawa, December 6, 1867.

Medical Cards.

A. CODD, M.D., C.M.,
(Attending Physician General Protestant Hospital.)
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Four doors east of the Revere House, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
OFFICE HOURS—From 8 to 10 a m, and from 2 to 3 p m.
Ottawa, April 30. 730-3m

DR. CHESLEY,
OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 25 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30 447tf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co's, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

F. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,
DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
CORNER of Kent and Wellington Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 43utf

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, with ut the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-100-y

Hotels and Saloons.

DOMINION HOUSE,
WELLINGTON STREET.

THE undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.
GEORGE IRVINE.
Ottawa, March 26. 658y

MATHEWS' OLD STAND,
YORK-STREET,

WILL BE OPEN for the accommodation of the public on THURSDAY, 12th of March, 1868. The subscriber having again resumed business in his old stand as hotel-keeper, wishes to return thanks to his numerous friends and the public for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on him, during the past seventeen years, and hopes by strict attention to business, and kindness to all, to share a portion of public patronage. His Larder will be always supplied with the best the market affords. His Bar will be supplied with the best of Liquors and choicest Cigars.
T. MATHEWS, Proprietor.
N. B.—The house has been thoroughly renovated and newly furnished.
Ottawa, March 11, 1868. 688tf

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec

REVERE HOUSE, OTTAWA,
G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, ...PROPRIETORS.

THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867. 582tf

THE ALBION HOTEL
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1866. 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly over hauled and refitted for the special accommodation of .... THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite he main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restau ant. The House has been refitted and ref rnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., dail

THE METROPOLITAN
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

MISS LOVETT'S
PRIVATE HOTEL
HOLLIS STREET, HALIFAX, N. S.
STRANGERS will find this long established and well known house to be the most comfortable and well conducted in the city.
December 23, 1867. 622-6m

TORONTO HOUSE,
SPARKS STREET.
MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has a few Commodious Suites of Apartments to Let, handsomely and comfortably furnished.
Gentlemen attending the Session of Parliament will find at the Toronto House most convenient quarters, where the quiet of the private family is combined with the usual attendance to be found at the best hotels.
Ottawa, Feb. 25, 1868. 675tf

Druggists.

EX S. S. BELGIAN.

CHOICE PERFUMES!
AT THE OLD
MEDICAL HALL!

28 Sparks-street.

THE subscriber begs to intimate to his customers that he has now opened up a portion of his spring importation of Genuine English Perfumery comprising among others
"The Ladies of England Boquet,"
"The New Court Boquet,"
"New Bond Street Railway Boquet,"
"With Love and Kisses,"
"Essence of Ylang Ylang,"
"Dr. Marigold's Mixture,"
&c., &c.
Balance of importations daily expected ex S. S. St. Lawrence, from London.
W. M. MASSEY, Dispensing Chemist, Medical Hall, 28, Sparks-st.
Ottawa, May 7, 1868. 472y

Spectacles for all Sights.

OPTICAL Instruments Electro-Magnetic and Galvanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.
W. HEARN, Market Drug Store, York-street.
637y

Apothecaries Hall!
No. 41, SUSSEX STREET,
G. MORTIMER, - - - PROPRIETOR

NONE OTHER GENUINE!
TRADE MARK IS REGISTERED

Canadian Cough Emulsion.

THIS Valuable Medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in the Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness of the skin. Prepared only by
GEORGE MORTIMER.
Chemist and Druggist, 41, Sussex Street, Ottawa City. Sold in bottles at 1s 3d and 2s 6d each.

MORTIMER'S
COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS
AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS.
grand Specific for derangement of the digestive gans, and for obstructions and torpid action of he Liver and Bowels.

MORTIMER'S Vegetable WORM DESTROYER.
The only sure remedy that exists. Combining delicious taste with amazing power. Also
CAMPHORATED EYE-WATER,
Sure Cure for Sore, Weak and Inflamed Eyes.

MORTIMER'S
Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentrifice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand, Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

FOUND,
A NEVER Failing Remedy for Coughs and Colds, Mortimer's Canadian Cough Emulsion. No family should be without a bottle. None genuine but from
G. MORTIMER, Chemist, 41, Sussex-st.
The best of Certificates can be produced.
Ottawa, Nov. 22, 1867. 96-6m

GEO. MAYES,
COPPER PLATE PRINTER,
Bank Street, Centre Town,
Between Sparks & Queen Streets.
Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

MONEY TO LEND
ON REAL ESTATE SECURITY.
WALKER & PENNOCK, Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
April 15, 1868. 717tf

SMITH & RODNEY
MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from Eaton's Gilding Store, having just received a choice stock of
English, French and Canadian
CLOTHS and TWEEDS,
And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1, 1867. 551tf

A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER
AND
Blank Book Manufacturer,
26, METCALFE-ST., OTTAWA.
HAVING every facility in the way of first-class Machinery, and employing none but first-class workmen, I am prepared to turn out every description of Binding in as good a style of workmanship as any other establishment in Canada.
A. MORTIMER, Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, Feb. 6. 384y

Intercolonial Trade.
OUR ONLY SAFEGUARD GAINST DISUNION.
BY
R. G. HALIBURTON, M. A.
For sale by GEORGE E. DESBARATS.
Ottawa, April 2, 1868.

MILES'
HAIRDRESSING SALOON
BELL'S BLOCK, ELGIN-ST.
THIS SALOON is fitted up in a neat and attractive manner, and is always attended by competent and attentive workmen.
E. MILES, Hair Dresser, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-Gen.
Ottawa, April 13. 715y

CRICKETING GOODS,
CROQUET, FISHING TACKLE
FOILS,
Masks & Boxing Gloves
AT THE
Sheffield House, Ottawa.
Ottawa, May 5, 1868.

NEW SILK AND DRESS GOODS:
Grant and Henderson
Have just opened out a new lot of
Black and Fancy Silks, Moire-Antiques,
BROCADES, POPLINS, CHALLIS, LUSTRES, &c.
Elegant Goods at Moderate Prices.
Millinery, Mantles, Jackets, Carpets and House Furnishings in great variety, always on hand.
No. 20, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, May 16, 1868. 62?y

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT! 35, SUSSEX St. H. MEADOWS & CO.

WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall Stoves, for wood or coal we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.

Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW OVEN STOVES.

BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.

Suitable for private Dwellings and Churches Warehouses and Stores

PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.

New and most beautiful designs, very cheap.

COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES.
Hot Air Furnaces.

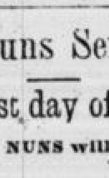
We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE, RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with Stovepipes, &c., at reduced rates.

Lumbermen's Supplies Lumbermen's Supplies! Shanty Plates! Basins! Camp Kettles, &c.
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS!
Bird Cages! Bird Cages! Bird Cages!
Price Lists sent free on application.
Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending purchasers would do well to note.
An inspection of the above goods invited at the
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, October 2 1867. 62-y

Fresh - Oysters.
JUST RECEIVED at the TORONTO HOUSE a fresh supply of OYSTERS.
Members of Parliament or others requiring quarters can be accommodated by applying at the TORONTO HOUSE.
Ottawa, March 13, 1868. 690

Grey Nuns Seminary.
From the 1st day of May Next,
THE GREY NUNS will have
OMNIBUSES
Placed at the disposal of such of their pupils who live at a distance, particularly at the Chandiere and New Edinburgh. The pupils will be sent for every morning and conveyed home after their classes.
For terms, &c., apply at the Convent.
SISTER BRUYERE, Lady Superior.
Ottawa, May 1, 1868. 731d

LADIES CALL AT THE CAPITAL
Boot and Shoe Store!



YORK-STREET.
For Cheap Gaiters
AT
ONE DOLLAR A PAIR!
Good at 95 cents.
Men's ware equally low, in every variety of style
This is the place to buy cheap at the "Capital," York-street.
429y GEORGE MURPHY.

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

NEW GREEN HOUSE.
ERECTED lately by the subscriber at New Edinburgh, who has now on hand and for sale a large variety of choice Verbœnas, and other flowering plants. Orders left at G. Bott's, Rideau-street, will be punctually attended to
ROBERT CURRY.
Marc 1868. 691-3m

NOTICE.
ALL payments to be made on account of the Ontario Government may be made to the
ROYAL CANADIAN BANK,
And its Agencies.
Dated at Toronto, 30th October, A.D., 1867.
E. B. WOOD, Treasurer of Ontario.
October 31, 1867. Tf

NOTICE.
We hereby forbid any person or persons to purchase a Note made by us dated 4th February, 1868, for $361.20, in favor of Davie Clarke and Clayton, of Montreal, at four months from said date, as we have received no value for the same according to the understanding, and consequently do hereby protest against paying it.
ALEX. McDONALD & CO.
Sandpoint, May 23, 1868. 752-3

Miscellaneous.

D. CODD & CO.,
PATENT AGENTS, SOLICITORS, &c. Drawings, Specifications, Models, and all other business in connection with the procuring of Letters Patent of Invention, attended to at the shortest notice.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 741-6m

I. B. TACKABERRY'S
AUCTION ROOMS, No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any part of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

NEW SALOON.
SAMUEL GOULDTHRITE has removed and OPENED A RESTAURANT in the Stone Building next door to the Express Office, OPPOSITE the POST OFFICE, where customers will be attended to with his usual punctuality.
May 28, 1868. 753-3

LOST.
On Thursday, between the Office of Messrs. Pennock and the Sappers' Bridge, a TEN DOLLAR PACKAGE OF SILVER. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving the same at the office of J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Sparks-st.
Ottawa, May 30, 1868. 755

NEW BOOKS.
Exodus of the Western Nations by Viscount Bury; Chronicles and Characters by Owen Meredith; Brakespeare by the author of "Guy Livingstone"; The Lost Name, a Novel; Farming for Boys; The New Dictionary of Quotations; The Huguenots by Samuel Smiles; Law and Lawyers—Curious Facts and Characteristic Sketches; Art and Artists, do.; Books and Authors, do.; Clergymen and Doctors, do.; Longfellow's Works Complete for 15 cents; The Waverley Novels, per vol, 15 cents; Cooper's Novels, per vol., 15 cents; Essays in Elia by Lamb complete for 15 cents; De Quincey's Confessions of an Opium Eater for 15 cents.
Bibles, Prayer Books, Church Services, just received from the Publishers, in the newest and richest patterns.
For sale by
J DURIE & SON, 10 Sparks-st, Opposite the Russell House.
498y

TO LET.
FOUR GOOD ROOMS over SHEPHERD'S GROCERY STORE, Murray st., between Sussex and Dalhousie-sts. Also, GOOD STABLES for thirteen horses. Rent moderate. Also a quantity of CEDARS for sale. Enquire of M. SHEPHERD, at the Store.
Ottawa, May 20, 1868. 748

TO LET.
Two Bedrooms and Parlor furnished in Wellington-street, Upper Town. Address Box 226, O.P.O.
May 27. 752a

CITIZEN OFFICE,
RIDEAU-STREET.
A NEW
Stationery Store
Has been opened in connection with
"The Ottwa Citizen" Office,
AND THE
Patronage of the Public is Respectfully Solicited.

THE STOCK EMBRACES
AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF
STATIONERY!
INCLUDING ALL KINDS OF
WRITING, PRINTING, WRAPPING, BLOTTING, COLORED, TISSUE, CARTRIDGE & DRAWING PAPERS.
ENVELOPES, VISITING CARDS, (Plain and Mourning.)
PLAYING CARDS, MEMORANDUM And ACCOUNT BOOKS, POCKET LEDGERS And CASH BOOKS, LETTER COPYING BOOKS.
INDEXES, BLANK NOTES, And DRAFTS.
STEEL PENS, QUILLS, INDIA RUBBER, INK ERASER, SEALING WAX, ELASTIC BANDS (All Sizes), ERASING KNIVES, LETTER SCALES, FILES AND CLIPS, PAPER FASTENERS.
INK-STANDS, (All sizes in Glass, Pewter and Fancy.)
PEN RACKS, INKS, ROUND RULERS, SLATES AND SLATE PENCILS, MUCILAGE, MARKING INKS,
And every other ARTICLE in the trade.
ORDERS FOR
BLANK BOOKS!
In any Style of Ruling and Binding, executed on the shortest notice.

BOOKBINDING
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Job Printing
As usual, Neatly, Cheaply and Expeditiously executed.
I. B. TAYLOR, Proprietor.
Ottawa, May 25, 1868. 751y

Storekeepers, Farmers and Others.
SHOULD BUY THEIR TEAS FROM
The Importers Direct.
THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY, 6, Hospital-street, Montreal, have sent over one thousand packages to different parts of the country, and receive every day assurances that the Tea gives entire satisfaction. Subjoined are a few of the numerous testimonials already received:
RUSSELL HOTEL, Quebec, Jan. 7, 1867.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the six chests of Tea forwarded some time since arrived in good order. The quality is pure and excellent, and prices cheap. As I am particular in buying the best quality of Tea to be had for our guests, I am pleased to acquaint you that it gives general satisfaction. Your obedient servant,
WILLIS RUSSELL.
FELCOME, Dec. 23, 1867.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the Oolong Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto, who informs me he considers it as good as that he was using for which he paid one dollar per lb. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz., at 75 cents per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant,
JNO. T. DAY.
HOUSE OF SENATE, Ottawa, December 16, 1867. Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the box of English Breakfast and Young Hyson Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. You ma expect my future orders. Yours, &c.,
S. SKINNER.
COBOURG, January 8, 1868.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, I beg to inform you that the two boxes of Tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box, or 20 lbs., at same price, and oblige yours, &c.,
F. OLIVER.
The contributors to the Medical Journal have frequently declared that one-half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have carefully selected and imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure and free from poisonous substances, in 50, 25, 28, 15 and 12 lb. boxes.

BLACK TEA.
Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c 50c.; Fine Flavoured New Season, do; 55c 60c and 65c; Excellent Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c; Very Fine, 60c; Finest, 65c, 75c.

GREEN TEA.
Twankay common, 38c; Fine do, 55c; Young Hyson, 50c, 60c, 65c and 70c; Fine do, 75c; Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1.00; Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.
All orders for 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular sent equally cheap. The Company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much, two or three clubbing together could divide. An excellent mixed Tea could be sent for 60c to 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order or enclosed notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man where there are express offices. A trial solicited.
THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY, 6, Hospital-street, Montreal.
All boxes sent from this establishment have the Company's name printed on them.
Montreal, March 5, 1868. w10ly

Errors of Youth.—A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay and all the effects of youthful indiscretion will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertisers' experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence,
JOHN B. OGDEN, 43 Cedar Street, New York

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, May 8, 1868.
AUTHORIZED Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 28 per cent.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

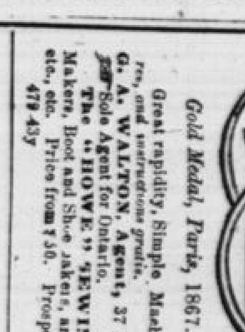
FOR SALE
AT THE
MONTREAL WAREHOUSE

800 BUTTER TUBS, in good order.
J. MARTIN & CO.

10,000 LBS. MAPLE SUGAR.
J. MARTIN & CO.

50 CASES ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.
J. MARTIN & CO.

HERRINGS, PORK, FLOUR, BUTTER, CHEESE.
657y J. MARTIN & CO.



WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES WERE AWARDED THEIR 67th Prize and Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.
Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.
Great rapidity, Simple Machinery, quiet in action, easy to operate, price from $17. Prospectus, and instructions gratis.
G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa, R. W. STEPHEN, Manager, Ottawa.
Sole Agent for Ontario, and 105 King st., West, Toronto.
The "HOWE" SEWING MACHINES are the best for Carriage Trimmers, Harness Makers, Boot and Shoe makers, are the best Shuttle Machine for Tailors, Dressmakers, Families, etc. etc., etc. Prices from $30. Prospectus free and instructions gratis.
G. A. WALTON, 37 Sparks-street, Ottawa, Agent.
479 43y

Government House, Ottawa,
Thursday, 28th May, 1868.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it has been represented to His Excellency in Council that the rates of toll imposed under the existing regulations upon vessels and goods passing through Burlington Bay Canal, are proportionately higher than those established for other Canals in the Dominion, and it is expedient that the same should be reduced,—

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 58th section of the Act 31 Vic., Cap. 12, intituled: "An Act respecting the Public Works of Canada," has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the First day of June next, and in lieu of any tolls or dues which may have been by any Order in Council heretofore or authorized to be collected on the said Burlington Bay Canal, the tolls and dues enumerated and specified in the schedule hereunto annexed, and forming part of this Order, shall be and they are hereby imposed and the collection thereof authorized in and upon the said Burlington Bay Canal under the authority of the Act above referred to.
WM. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council.

Schedule of the Rates of Toll on the Burlington Bay Canal.

		Each Way. Cents.
Class No. 1.		
Vessels—steam	Per ton.	¼
Do. sail	do.	¼
Class No. 2.		
Passengers, 21 years of age and upwards	Each	1
Do. under 21 years of age	do	1
Class No. 3.		
Barley, Bricks, Cement, Clay, Coal, Corn, Gypsum, Ice, Iron, (railway, pig, scrap, and broken castings) Lime, Maganese, Manures, Copper Ore, Sand, Salt, Slate, Stone (unwrought) and Wheat	Per ton,	6
Class No. 4.		
Apples, Potatoes, Oats, Pease, and Beans, and all agricultural products not enumerated and not being merchandise, Ashes, Beef, Bacon, Bones, Bran and ship stuff, Broom, Corn, Cattle, Cotton (raw), Fish, Flax, Flour, Glass (window), Hay (pressed), Hams, Hogs, Horns and Hoofs, Horses, Iron, wrought in sheets, Bars or Forgings, Iron castings, Junk, Lard and Lard Oil, Meats of all kinds, Marble, Nails, Oil in barrels, Oil Cake, Pork, Rags, Rye, Seeds, (flax, clover and grass), Sheep, Spikes, Stone (wrought), Tobacco (unmanufactured), and Tallow	Per ton,	8
Class No. 5.		
Agricultural Implements, baggage of Settlers, Beer, Bees Wax, Biscuits, Butter, Carts, Chalk, Charcoal, Cheese, Cider, Coffee, Copperas, Crockery, Dye Woods, and Dye Stuffs, Earthenware, Furniture, Glassware, Hides and Skins (raw). Hemp, Mahogany, Manilla, Molasses, Oakum, Paint, Pitch, Rosin, Ships' stores, Sleighs, Soda Ash, Steel, Stoneware, Sugar, Tar, Tin, Turpentine, Vinegar, Waggons, White Lead, Whiting, Whiskey, High Wines and Spirits, Wool	Per ton,	10
Class No. 6.		
All other goods and merchandiz; not enumerated	Per ton,	8
Class No. 7.		
Bark	Per ton,	10
Barrels, empty	Each,	¼
Boat Knees	"	2
Floats, per 1,000 lineal feet	M	50
Firewood per cord in Vessels	Cord	8
Do. do. in rafts	"	8
Hoops	M	8
Masts and Spars, and Telegraph Poles, per ton of 40 cubic feet, in vessels		5
Do. do. in rafts		10
Railway Ties in Vessels	Each,	¼
Do. do. in rafts	"	¼
Sawed Stuffs, Boards, Planks, Scantling and Sawed Timber, per M. board measure		0
do. do. in vessels,		3
do. do. in rafts		0
Square timber in Vessels per M. cubic feet		25
Do. rafted per M. cubic feet,		50
Waggon stuff, Woodenware, and Wood partly manufactured per ton of 40 cubic feet		8
Shingles	Per M	3
Split posts and fence rails, per M. in Vessels		15
Do. do. do. in rafts		30
Saw logs, each standard log	Each	2
Staves and Headings (barrel)	Per M.	5
Do. do. (Pipes)	do.	10
Do. do. (W. India)	do.	8
Traverses	p. 100 p.	10
Hop Poles	p. 1,000 p.	50

Ottawa, May 28, 1868.

BOARD.
Three or four gentlemen can be accommodated with BOARD and LODGING at MRS. WM. KENNEDY'S, Wellington-street.
Ottawa, May 27, 1868. 752a

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Government Notice—Wm. H. Lee.
Do. do. Do.
Do. do. Do.
Crown Lands—S. Richards.
Hotel for Sale—J. Bermingham.
Board for Gentlemen.
Money Found—J. C. Sparrow.
Her Majesty's Theatre—Under the Gaslight.

The Ottawa Times

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 3, 1868.

THE Liverpool *Mercury* of 21st May, has the following, which, in our circumstances, will be read with peculiar interest here. The infamous outrage which has disgraced Australia, has found only too shocking a parallel in the atrocious assassination whereof the horror is still red upon our streets, but, while the premeditated crime is, in both countries, equally detestable, it is worth while to compare the tone of public opinion in which it has been reflected, north and south of the equator. Here is the way they look upon ruffianism and concerted murder at the other side of the world:

Public Indignation in Australia.

A gentleman of Edinburgh has received a letter from his brother at Sandhurst, Victoria, in which, with reference to the attempt on the life of the Duke of Edinburgh, the writer vividly expresses the feelings of the Australians:—"To describe the furious indignation of the whole of the people of the different colonies would be impossible. It could only be appreciated by the evidence of one's own senses; but it was such, to say the least of it, that any prince might be proud to be the occasion for its display. We have heard of Fenian association in these colonies, but have experienced no effect from their influence hitherto; so, now that this tornado has burst in our midst, it has had a tornado's effect in putting people upon their guard against anything like the effects of a repetition upon any scale whatever, and rendered the term Fenian one dangerous to employ in any circles. A good many men have been knocked down promptly since this deplorable event, upon simply expressing a favourable view of the case—I mean suggesting O'Farrell's insanity and such like. But, on the whole, the people are furious. There is no word short of that to express the feelings animating all classes, and Fenianism had better be quiet in these colonies for ever, otherwise it will die by a violent death. Sympathy for the Queen has been aroused to an extent scarcely credible, and the National Anthem is sung at every meeting, while every man stands with his hat in his hand ready for the great three cheers when the singing stops; and then the cheers ring such as I never heard cheers before, and the groans for Fenianism set one thinking of pandemonium. Indignation meetings have been held in every town and hamlet throughout Australia, and the addresses that have been showered upon the duke exceed anything of the kind ever heard of. If you look at the map of Australia and count an address for every name there indicated, you will not over-estimate the number. O'Farrell has been examined by a special commission, and has made statements relative to his connection with a Fenian confederacy, but will not peach upon his co conspirators. It has a tendency to soothe the colonists to think that it was by orders from 'home' that the deed was perpetrated; but all of us feel very sore that such a thing occurred in any part of Australia—particularly as it is commonly believed in Great Britain and elsewhere that Australians are a tribe of desperadoes; and no distinction between the several colonies are understood. That Adelaide, Melbourne, Sydney, Brisbane, &c., are capitals as far separated from each other as London, Paris, Madrid, or Florence is not understood. Neither is it all likely it should be, considering that this side of the world, in its geography, does not possess sufficient interest for the inhabitants of Europe to cause its localities to be of prominent importance in a course of education."

The above was not written in Sydney. It is not the expression of the indignation of any bystander of the Clontarf picnic standing face to face with the ghastly horror that marred, in a moment, the sweet, soft autumn loveliness of the Middle Harbor shore. It does not come from any reflective centre of intellectual aristocratic culture. It is simply the voice of the hearty, honest, outspoken loyalty of the sturdy Austral people, ringing from the focus of their staple industry, four hundred miles from the *Galantea's* quiet anchorage in Farm Cove. The heart of the great British Eldorado throbs at Bendigo. And, when we find the jolly, genial, frank, cheery Southerns pausing in their glittering labor there, to execrate with stern, uncompromising unanimity, the twin monster of murder and of treason new hatched upon their busy shores, and silencing, with curt peremptory repression, any casuistical plea in apology for its revolting wickedness—we may be quite satisfied that, for once at least, gold has not corrupted human nature, and that our countrymen who have crossed the Line remain as trusty, and as loyal, and as true to the principles of their English training as before they ever rocked a "cradle" to the sigh of the acacias, or listened to the clinking music of the quartz-crusher under the gleam of the Southern Cross. For their country and for their crown, for their peace, and their prosperity, and their independence—there is little terror in the utmost virulence of Fenianism. When in Canada, we find the same thorough manly abhorrence of the same cowardly traitorous conspiracy, we too shall come to hold it in light apprehension. The opportunity of evidence is at hand. Since the former filibustering raid we know, and have marked with honor, the men foremost to risk their lives in its repulsion. We know, and have also marked so that we shall not easily forget them, the men whose timidity or whose evil sympathies enjoined them to hold back. And if, in a few days or a few weeks, those whom we trust in and depend upon are called out to line the frontier against the ragamuffins of O'Neil, and we note the class of whom we are unforgiving enough to hold the suspicions they have earned, conspicuous in their attachment to their homes, we shall take good care that it will not be from any want of watchfulness on our part, if they find the occasion of mischievous co-operation, within our midst, with the cut-throats whom their maudlin sympathy with robbery and murder encourages from the outside.

THE following intensely Republican paragraph, which has been going the rounds of the American radical papers, furnishes a curious comment upon the old adage that "it takes nine tailors to make one man." The three tailors of Tooley-st., whose manifesto commenced "We the people of England," might have taught us appreciation earlier:

"Three tailors are now dividing between them the attention of the civilized world—Johnson at Washington, Whelan at Ottawa, and Vaughan, the informer in the Clerkenwell explosion case."

THE *Canadian Freeman* of the 28th ult contains, under the heading "Suspend the Verdict," an article which we do not hesitate to characterize as among the most disgraceful by which the press of the country has ever been dishonored. Referring to the Clerkenwell explosion, to the murderous attempt upon the life of the DUKE OF EDINBURGH, and lastly to the assassination of Mr. McGEE, the writer proceeds to apologize for the convicted perpetrators of the two first mentioned villanies, and to attempt the exoneration of the Fenian conspiracy from complicity in the last, the admission of which would, he considers, be sufficient to induce "honorable (!) men to shake the dust of its contact from their shoes." To avert such a misfortune to the "cause," the *Freeman* hesitates to believe anything, except that it is inconceivable that the men, who have it in their hands, could be short sighted enough to stain it with murder. From the *Freeman* point of view it is similarly "inconceivable" that the British jury who brought in a verdict against BARRETT could have been otherwise than mistaken, or that the *alibi*, which failed in his defence, has not been clearly established. Pursuing such a train of thought it naturally becomes "a terrible thing" to contemplate the fate of the ruffian whose "recklessness"—playful word—carried death, and torture worse than death, to the little children at play under the walls of the London jail; "to think of whom being executed as a murderer" is shocking to the *Freeman* sensibilities. In the same philanthropic bosom the trial of O'FARRELL suggests mainly the possibility of that scoundrel's unaccountable insanity. In an article which we republish elsewhere, the editor of the *Freeman* will find reason to rejoice that it was not his lot to hazard such excuses under the Australian sky. They are, he tells us, prompted by his patriotic eagerness to justify the honor of Ireland. He complains as follows:

"The circumstance that presses on our mind, and that can hardly fail to make a melancholy impression on all who are interested in the honor of Ireland is, that so many crimes should at this moment be connected with the name and cause of Fenianism."

In other words he appeals to every one to whom the name of Ireland is dear, to assist him in screening from righteous judgment, and from the swift and certain punishment that follows, the association of rascality whose existence is the curse of their country. It makes a "melancholy impression" on him that Fenianism should have been so imprudent as to make itself extra unpopular, and, deprecating our unfortunate censure, he invites us to Suspend the Verdict. And very properly, upon his platform, for "we cannot "shut out from our mind that, whatever the "fault and follies of the Fenian organization, "its idea was one whose sincerity and patriot-"ism compels a certain amount of sympathy."

Really we thought that seditious publications had been interdicted at Toronto. How has it been that the mesh, in which the *Irish People* could be netted, was wide enough to let the *Canadian Freeman* go at large?

For, it must be remembered, that these are words published exactly at the crisis when there are mutterings of Fenian violence along the whole border. At the moment when, if ever, it becomes especially necessary to brand, in the face of the whole world, the organization, by whose outrages our peace is threatened, as the thing it is—the nursery of cowardice and of crime. The moment when, if ever, forbearance has ceased to be a virtue, and there is but one duty left to all merciful friends of humanity, the duty of crushing determinedly and effectually the vermin who have left a trail so loathsome through our land. The moment, therefore, as it seems to us, when it is desirable to drag the whole reptile brood into the light of public aversion, so that each loyal man may see clearly where to set his heel firmly and squarely down. Not the moment, by any means, for enveloping the conspiracy holding the knife at our throats, in such soft dissolving roseate haze as here:

"Whatever the men may be, they are Irishmen working, however erroneously, for what they believe to be the good of Ireland; and no matter how mistaken their views, that fact alone renders it impossible to judge of their acts with a completely judicial coldness. Amongst the masses of Irishmen, at home and abroad, whether we speak of those who have joined the organization, or those who merely admire it at a distance, it commands a warmth of sympathy which makes the institution Irish whether formed on the soil of Ireland or that of the United States. Its reputation, therefore, is a matter of vital national concern. Its errors may be condemned or forgiven according to the bias of the critic. But if it commit, or if it encourage, or if it even tacitly sanction crime, then it deeply and sadly compromises the fair fame of Ireland."

Surely there are loyal and manly Irishmen, even among the readers of the *Freeman*, to make its editor "deeply and sadly" lament the insult he has so wantonly offered them.

In the same view O'FARRELL's crime is set down as "what we might call, in a loose way, a mad act." Now, it is not wise or well to talk of such matters in any loose way. When the looseness is employed to palliate murder, what might have been only folly becomes downright wickedness, and we hereby deal with it accordingly. But, lest it may be thought that we have only selected such paragraphs of our contemporary's remarkable article as were available for our special purpose of rebuke, we give him, in conclusion, the benefit of republication of his own final, and in our opinion, most ingenious argument:

"Much is often palliated from a belief in men's fanatical sincerity; a cause is often excused for the outbursts of individual fury, or for isolated, and as it were accidental crime. But that a central organization should be capable of forming and directing the murder of an opponent would, if it were the case, condemn it in the minds of all good men. We still cling to the hope that no body of Irishmen, few or many, would discredit their country and its cause by such a scheme."

Now, how does all this read? Is it competent for us to furnish a translation? If it be, we should give it somewhat thus:

Fenianism is about to make a second attempt on Canada, and relies largely upon the co-operation of Canadian sympathisers. These it expects to find among the Irish element. We, addressing that element, beg to assure its representatives that Fenianism is by no means so black as it has been painted. It is quite a mistake to imagine that it shoots men from behind, or blows babies to pieces. You must never admit such an accusation, or you bring disgrace upon your country, and dishonor the cause of Irish liberty, which we invite you to uphold. Dismiss, then, the weak compunction from your minds, and rally round the glorious green flag of your fathers which the chivalrous O'Neil is panting to unfurl upon the soil of the oppressor.

We ask indulgence for a first effort. To the experienced *Freeman* criticism we fear that our "patriotic" outburst will be but tame indeed.

It is possible, however, that we have judged our contemporary too harshly, and there is, perhaps, a more charitable construction to which his style is open. To a gentleman in the very ticklish position of conductor of the *Canadian Freeman*, something is to be conceded on the score of prudence. The hydra is a wild animal to drive in single harness, and we all know how the giant he had himself fashioned terrified poor Frankenstein. Considerations of personal safety may be predominant at Toronto, and even a bold, as well as a crafty, warrior may occasionally dissemble for the sake of a whole skin. The dilemma is certainly a harsh one, and we scarcely know upon which horn it would be most humane to impale him. Suppose we take a lesson from himself—*fas est et ab hoste doceri*—and, just for the present, Suspend the Verdict.

FROM TORONTO.

Brigading of Regulars and Volunteers—Guards on the Drill Shed—Four Guns sent to Prescott.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, June 2, 1868.

A meeting of military officers was held in this city yesterday, at which arrangements were made to provide a field brigade, to consist of regulars and volunteers in Toronto, with staff officers in charge of forage, stores, equipage, &c. Everything is now ready to take the field, should the emergency arise.

Guards are now placed at the drill shed.

An inquest was held yesterday on the body of a man found in the lake. The body, when found, was still warm. Verdict "found drowned."

The Recorder's Court is now sitting, but there are no cases of importance for trial.

Four guns of the Royal Artillery were sent to Prescott this morning.

MAGEE AND RUSSELL's great clearing sale previous to removal commences to-day.

RECORDER'S COURT.

Second Day.

Pursuant to adjournment the court opened at 10 o'clock.

The two soldiers William Rouse and Michael Colnan were put upon their trial charged with stealing from the person. It was stated to the court that the third person, Private Chalk, engaged in the alleged robbery, had since died.

Joseph Watt, of the Township of Nepean, farmer, the person who preferred the charge, was called and deposed, that on the day of his being robbed he met with the two prisoners and another soldier at a tavern in Upper Town, and his father having been an old soldier, he treated them to a quart of beer, and took from his pocket about eleven dollars in silver, tied up in a white handkerchief, from which he took out a quarter of a dollar to pay for the beer, and that the prisoners saw the money. They then told him that they could get beer much cheaper at the canteen, whither he accompanied them. He again treated them, giving one of the soldiers money to pay for the beer and for some bread and cheese. They all continued drinking till it was time to close the canteen, when they were turned out, while passing through the hall that led from the canteen, one of the men seized him by the arms, whilst another took the money from his pocket. He also lost his hat and a colored handkerchief. He then went out and found a stable in which he slept all night, and in the morning went to the barracks and preferred the complaint, and the men were arrested. Mr. Mosgrove for the defence, cross-examined the witness without, however, materially affecting his previous evidence. Several of the soldiers were called who proved having seen the soldiers in company with Watt at the canteen on the night in question, and one of them swore that he saw Chalk take the colored handkerchief out of his (Watt's) pocket. Mr. Mosgrove addressed the jury for the prisoners, contending that if the money was stolen at all, which was not certain, it must have been stolen by Chalk. Mr. Lees for the Crown followed. The jury after deliberating for some time, returned the verdict "not guilty."

The prisoners were then put on their trial, charged with an assault with intent to rob; the same evidence was gone over again, and the jury returned a verdict "not guilty."

This finished the business of the court.

In consequence of the noise in court on Monday, of which the Recorder several times complained, our reporter unfortunately mistook the words "no bill" for "true bill" in the case of Thomas Hinckey, against whom there could, of course, be no bill found, as it appeared to the Grand Jury that his conduct in the matter brought before them was honorable.

MAGEE AND RUSSELL's great clearing sale previous to removal commences to-day.

ST. JEAN BAPTISTE SOCIETY.

The meeting of the above society took place on Sunday, the 31st of May, at three o'clock in the afternoon, in the Hall of the "French Canadian Institute." The officers, whose names follow, were elected for the present year:

President—Geo. E. Desbarats, re-elected.
Vice-President—Dr. C. Beaubien, re-elected.
2nd Vice-President—Eug. Martineau.
Recording Secretary—H. Lapierre, re-elected.
Corresponding Secretary—Dr. J. E. Dorion.
Treasurer—J. W. Peachy, re-elected.
Chaplain—Rev. Father Dandurand, re-elected.

Grand Marshalls—Messrs. N. Germain, Dr. St. Jean, Montezuma Tetu, Charles Aumond.

Committee of Management—Messrs. Joseph Aumond, Regis Bonneau, James Bourget, Thomas Brule, Louis Cadieux, Ant. Champagne, Isidore Champagne, I. Champagne, J. B. Cantin, Leon David, J. V. de Boucherville, Augustin Deguise, Octave Deguise, Laurent Duhamel, O. Durocher, L. N. Duvernay, Paul Favreau, Alexis Foisy, Arthur Frechette, Edmond Germain, Flavien Gingras, C. Goyer, L. A. Grison, Toussaint Groulx, J. B. Guerard, F. X. Lapierre, R. Lapierre, B. Lariviere, O. Latremouille, J. P. Leprohon, P. Marrier, J. B. Moizan, J. V. Michaud, R. Page, J. B. Parent, Ulric Pelletier, H. Pinard, J. A. Pinard, Jovide Pinard, Leon Pinard, P. Poulin, Senior, P. Poulin, Junior, Ed. Proulx, Thomas Pruneau, Dr. E. R. E. Riel, Dr. A. Robillard, Aug. Roy, D. Roy, Geo. Taillon, Paul Tambeau, Louis Tasse, Eug. Tetu, J. B. Turgeon, Dr. F. X. Valade.

MAGEE AND RUSSELL's great clearing sale previous to removal commences to-day.

—We received information yesterday from a gentleman in this city who has made an extensive tour of Upper Canada, first through the Huron tract and afterwards from Hamilton to Chatham, to the effect that the crops, so far, look very promising indeed, and that there is nowhere seen a winter-killed patch. Our informant heard similar reports from other parts of the country, and the tone of feeling is consequently very confident. It is yet too early to hear of the weevil or fly. But a good appearance of the fields at this season is a good sign.—*Montreal Gazette.*

—The gunboat *Heron*, which we stated had been ordered from Toronto to a new station on the river opposite Prescott, for precautionary measures, passed down under full sail on Saturday afternoon. On Sunday afternoon the Canadian gunboat *Rescue*, one of the vessels purchased after the Fenian raid of 1866, arrived in this harbor, and will probably remain permanently in this quarter. Last season she was stationed altogether on Lake Erie, but this season she will probably be of more service in this direction. She is manned by three officers and 40 men from H. M. S. *Constance* at Quebec. The *Rescue* has lately been overhauled in dry-dock at St. Catharines, and is pronounced quite sound and seaworthy. There is a report that the gunboat *Britomart* went ashore on Saturday opposite Buffalo.—*Kingston Whig.*

LOCAL NEWS.

A. SWALWELL, Chief Undertaker for Ottawa, Sparks-st., Centre Town. 750tf

MAGEE AND RUSSELL's great clearing sale previous to removal commences to-day.

BOG OAK JEWELLERY.—Very handsome sets of bog oak jewellery can be had at Young & Radford's, at $1 per set.

RECORDER'S COURT.—As will be seen in another place the Recorder's Court finished its business yesterday.

THE LOST POCKETBOOK.—The pocketbook which was advertised as lost in yesterday's TIMES, was brought to this office, during the morning, by a gentleman who had found it.

FINE coral jewellery, bog oak jewellery and a large collection of other goods suitable for wedding and other presents can be seen at Young & Radford's; all new and choice goods and will be sold cheap.

BASE BALL.—The regular monthly meeting of the N. D. B. B. C. will be held at their room in the Skating Rink, to-morrow night at 8 o'clock, p. m. All parties interested are invited to attend.

LOST.—A pocket book containing one or two endorsed notes, which will be of no use to any person, as the payment of them has been stopped at all the banks. By leaving the same at this office the finder will be sincerely thanked. 757-tf

A SILLY REPORT.—There was a stupid report about the city on Monday evening and yesterday morning that the prisoner Whelan, and those charged with complicity in the late assassination, had been removed under escort to Kingston. Of course there is not a word of truth in the rumor.

SALE OF THE REVERE HOUSE.—Mr. Bermingham, real estate agent, has received instructions to dispose of the Revere House. The building is eligibly situated, is very large, and was put up with a view to carrying on a first-class hotel. See advertisement. For full particulars apply to Mr. Bermingham, auctioneer and commission agent, Sussex-st.

POLICE COURT.—Nine persons were summoned by the Chief of Police, to pay their licenses for the current year for bowling alleys, pigeon-hole tables and livery stables. Seven of them had the good sense to pay without going before the magistrate, and so saved a good deal in costs. The other two cases were adjourned till this morning.

NEARLY KILLED.—On Saturday a workman employed on Mr. Rose's house, Metcalfe-st., fell a distance of 20 feet, striking the sidewalk heavily with his head. For some time he was utterly unconscious, and was supposed to be dying, and though now improving and conscious, has no recollection of any of the events of the day, or when, or where he was hurt. He is under Dr. Wood's care, who is satisfied he will ultimately recover.

GENERAL ORDERS.—An extra of the *Canada Gazette* was issued yesterday afternoon announcing that the daily pay for volunteers, when called out, will be fifty cents, and for non-commissioned officers in proportion. Also that free rations, or an allowance in lieu thereof, would be allowed. Boots will also be issued to volunteers when required to leave their homes on actual service.

A FIRE.—A little before twelve o'clock last night the bells sounded an alarm of fire, to which all the fire companies promptly responded by turning out and hastening towards the light thrown out by the conflagration. On reaching the bank of the Rideau, however, it was discovered to be on the opposite bank, on the McKay estate, and apparently an outbuilding of a dwelling house, and as it was clear they could not get there in time to save it they returned. It is believed that the damage is not very great.

MAJOR'S HILL.—The Band of the Rifle Brigade will play on Major's Hill to-day, from 4 to 6 p.m., the following programme:—

1 March....."Franc Picard".....by Soland.
2 Overture to Rossini's "Stabat Mater". Mercadante.
3 Waltz......"Atmospheric"......Gung'l.
4 Operatic Selection.."Semiramide"..Rossini.
5 Quadrille on English airs, with obligato Solos for various instruments, D'Albert.
6 Aria e coro (Bugle Solo)."Beatrice di Tenda".Bellini.
7 Galop......"The Gordon"......Miller.
"The Rifle Brigade Marches."
National Anthem.

DANGEROUS INJURY.—A few weeks since, a man in the employment of Mr. Baldwin, at the Chaudiere, very carelessly allowed his foot to get caught under a log that was being drawn up the gangway. The consequence was, it rolled and ground his leg from the knee to the ankle, reducing bones and flesh to a crushed and shapeless mass. When the leg rolled off his leg, he fell into the flume and sank to the bottom. After a short struggle, he rose to the surface, and after floating down the water several rods, was taken out nearly dead from the pain, chill and exhaustion. He was immediately placed under Dr. Wood's care, who (in spite of the urgent importunities of others who insisted upon immediate amputation as the only hope of saving the man's life,) persisted in attempting to save the man, and we are happy to say, that at this date, there is no doubt of his sound recovery. Such success we look upon as one of the triumphs of modern surgery, alike creditable to the surgeon and beneficial to the patient and the community at large.

UNDER THE GASLIGHT.—This thrilling sensational drama was presented to a good house for the second time at the theatre last night. On Monday night all the necessary preparations for its most effective representation could not be perfected. Those, therefore, who saw it then, saw it to great disadvantage, and yet it was evident, even under such disadvantages, to satisfy judges of the drama that there was sufficient in it to warrant its repetition, and sufficient dramatic talent in the company to do justice to it. Hence many who were present on Monday night visited the theatre again last night. Many of the phases of New York life are vividly pourtrayed in the piece, and the thrilling scenes familiar to sensational novel readers were brought out to the life. In many parts the excitement of the audience amounted almost to terror. The acting of the ladies is exceedingly good, and several of the gentlemen is above what we have of late been accustomed to see; whilst the dancing of Mr. Mitchell surpasses anything we remember in this city. This drama will be repeated this evening for the last time, and for the remainder of the week, there will be an entire new bill every night. We should certainly advise the lovers of the sensational school to go to-night.

MAGEE AND RUSSELL's great clearing sale previous to removal commences to-day.

—Two Roman Catholic priests, Messires Rion and Denon, are pleading for the relief of the sufferers from the terrible famine and pestilence in Algeria. They preached yesterday in the Cathedral, and the church of the Gesu, and will, we believe, appeal to the generosity of our citizens for contributions towards this worthy charity. They do not appeal to Catholics or Frenchmen alone, but to all the people of Canada, and we who have experienced famine on our borders and pestilence in a mitigated form, can contribute our mite towards the alleviation of the almost incredible distress prevailing on the African coast.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Via Montreal Line.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Terrible State of Affairs in Abyssinia.

NEW YORK, June 2.—The *Herald's* Abyssinia special to the 30th April, conveys important but rather melancholy accounts of the present effect produced by the British expedition on the political and social condition of the country. Civil war, with its consequent anarchy, reigned all over the territory at the date of writing. The native chiefs, released from the centralized sway of Theodorus, many of them set personally free from his dungeons, had organized and raised armies to fight against the new dynasty of Gobayzz, of Costa, the nominee of the British, as the successor of the deceased the monarch. Gobayzz called out all his force in order to maintain his position. His commanding General, named Mashesba, set out at the head of a strong force in pursuit of a released chief named Ali, who was in active hostility against the sovereignty of Gobayzz. The opposing forces met, and a furious battle took place between them on the 26th of April. Gobayzz's forces, under Mashesba, had many good soldiers of the Walda Gallas country in its ranks, but as soon as the Walda men beheld their old chief Ali they immediately reversed their spears in the very heat of the engagement, rushed to him with joy, turned their weapons against Mashesba, and defeated his army. Gen. Mashesba was made prisoner by Mustevati, supported by 12,000 horsemen of the Gallas country, has possession of the site of Magdala, and the ruins were evacuated by the British soldiers. The native priests declare that Menelek, of Shosta, is the legitimate King to succeed Theodorus on the Detna Tabor, on the Mount of Transfiguration. The *Herald's* correspondent winds up his communication with very sad reports of the cruelties practised by Theodorus. He concludes by stating a most important fact, that when the British army under Napier, has left the country completely, the Egyptians will go into it in force.

Affairs in Honduras.

The *Herald's* special says there is great excitement in Honduras and Nicaragua on account of the renewal of British pretensions to the ownership of the Mosquo territory. The United States were expected to interfere to prevent such claims.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Meeting of the N. Y. State Sportsmen's Convention.

BUFFALO, June 2.—The New York State Sportsmen's Convention will commence in this city on Monday next, June 8. Plenty of wild birds have been obtained.

Funeral of ex-President Buchanan.

LANCASTER, June 2—The funeral of ex-President Buchanan will take place on Thursday afternoon, June 4, at three o'clock.

Political.

WASHINGTON, June 2.—The interest in the result of the election yesterday has abated. Both parties claim the victory by a small majority. The official returns will only give the true result. It is conceded that the Democrats have a majority of three in the joint meeting of the country.

Impeachment.

NEW YORK, June 2.—The *Post's* special says the impeachment managers are in session today examining witnesses in the alleged bribery case. The decision of the Republicans last night against adjourning gives general satisfaction.

Salnave Defeated.

The *Herald's* special says advices from Hayti report that Salnave had been beaten, and had forced his way out of Port-au-Prince.

Railway Traffic Consolidation.

The railroad companies owning lines between New York and Washington have arranged for a consolidation of their through traffic, under the control of one officer.

CANADIAN NEWS.

—The Montreal Telegraph Company have opened an office at Caledonia Springs. The tariff from Montreal is 25 cents.

—On Saturday afternoon a guard of twelve men, sergeant and corporal of the 29th Regiment, were placed over the Toronto jail. The guard will be continued till further orders.

—The best lot of wool of the season in all respects, being a crop of Cotswold and Leicester, of about 200 lbs., brought 26cts. per lb. ten inches of average length.—*London Advertiser.*

—The new structure which spans the river at the foot of Wellington-st., London, occupying the site of the former "Clarke's Bridge," is completed, and traffic across it opened yesterday.

—Three car loads of ammunition passed up on Monday by the Grand Trunk Railway, under charge of a non-commissioned officer and gunners of the 5th Brigade Royal Artillery. The ammunition is for London, Ontario.

—The price of flour has greatly fallen of late days in Kingston, down to $6.50 for a good article; but we regret to say that the bakers have not proportionately reduced the price of bread, which they should do.—*Whig.*

—Five hundred emigrants, consisting of Germans, Norwegians, English and Irish, arrived in Hamilton on the 6:15 train from the East on Friday evening, and left soon after by special train for the West. A few of the English families intend settling in Canada.

—Between one and two o'clock on Thursday morning an attempt was made to rob Mr. Clark's hotel, at Acton. The burglar was detected in the act of climbing through the window, and was caught and found to be a next door neighbor, named Clifford. He was sent to Milton to stand his trial.

—A dentist and an M.D. of Stratford ran a race last week under the following conditions, namely, that the former should run 100 yards while the latter hobbled over 45 yards, with a man on his back weighing 220 pounds. The M. D. won and the dentist had to pay for half a dozen of champagne.

—Fresh orders were received by the different volunteer corps in Kingston on Saturday, to be prepared for active service on short notice. It is intimated also that in case of the volunteers being called out for duty, each man will receive pay at the increased rate of 50 cents per day, not including rations.

—The London *Free Press* says it was rumored on Saturday night that the two companies of the 53rd on detachment service at Stratford had received orders to join the headquarters in this city immediately; and also, that the companies of the Royal Canadian Rifles, stationed at Chatham, had received similar orders.

—The *Farmers' Advocate* has just heard from the township of Westminster, Co. Middlesex, that the white and black grub are committing great depredations in some of the fields, particularly among the barley and oats; also, that the wire worm is unusually thick in some places. For the latter, roll the ground well; it prevents their working. Our own crops are looking well.

—A man ploughing near Dundas a few days ago turned up a skull, and on examination a perfect skeleton of an ordinary sized man was found buried only about ten or twelve inches below the surface. The body had evidently been placed there many years ago, and is supposed to be the remains of some of the red men of the forest.

—While the express train bound East on Wednesday morning of last week, was running between Widder and Parkhill, says the *Review*, the engine driver and firemen noticed a child lying on the track. At the rate the train was going it was impossible to stop it in time to save the child's life. The fireman stepped out on the pilot and snatched the child up and saved it from instant death. Such an act of heroism deserves the highest praise, and ought to receive due reward.

—The Ingersoll *Chronicle* says: Several of the cows of Mr. Samuel Allan, North Oxford, have been attacked with a strange and extraordinary disease. The cows will not eat or drink. Mr. Allan has applied to several persons, but can gain no information as to the nature of the complaint. It is possible, but not probable, that the disease is hydrophobia. Some have expressed the opinion that the cows have been attacked with that dreadful disease—so fatal to cattle in the old country—rhinderpest. Mr. Allan would be glad to get any information that would tend to solve the mystery.

ANTECEDENTS OF O'FARRELL.

The *Freeman's Journal* publishes the following account of the previous history of O'Farrell, who attempted to assassinate the Duke of Edinburgh:—"It appears that the father of O'Farrell was a butcher, and left Dublin many years ago; he kept a shop at the lower end of Elizabeth-st., Melbourne. The family which was a numerous one, several of its members being at present settled in different parts of the colony, were educated in a manner to fit them for positions higher than the trade followed by their father. With that view he received a collegiate education, and was admitted to deacon's orders in the year 1852 in the Church of St. Francis, Melbourne. As a young man he was regarded as genial, warmhearted, and enthusiastic, but possessed of an undeniably national bias, and no small amount of the *dulce et decorum est pro patria mori* proclivity as regards Ireland. Some time after this he paid a visit to Europe, and having made a tour of the continent and visited the principal cities there, as well as in England and Ireland, he returned to Australia, after about two years' absence. Whether from incompatibility of sentiment or otherwise we cannot say, but upon his return to this colony he appears to have severed his connection with the church, and directed his attention to business matters. He went into partnership at Ballarat with a man named Kennedy, and opened a hay and corn store there. They did a good business for years, and accumulated a good deal of private property, O'Farrell more especially becoming possessed of a good deal of landed and house property on Soldier's-hill. In time, both partners seem to have contracted habits of intemperance, one being sober while the other was engaged in a drinking bout, and he, in his turn, attending to business while his partner enjoyed a little relaxation. This state of things continued until, some three years since, Kennedy became so confirmed a drunkard that he succumbed to the vice, and fell a victim to delirium tremens. O'Farrell continued to carry on the business, and was still regarded as a steady, trustworthy person. About this time, however, he began to speculate in mining, and proved most unfortunate. He held interest in the Saxon and Arrah-na-Pogue Companies, and, of course, when these stocks had their rapid falls, he found his assets quickly diminishing. These losses preyed heavily on him, and he was also much worried by some transactions by which land on the Melbourne road passed from his possession; and he drank even more heavily than he had done previously. His manners was excitable, but it was noticeable that he was quick and shrewd in business at the Corner, and his powers of conversation and argument were of a high order. When thwarted in any way he was violent, and frequently used threats, and often went so far as to express a determination to take the life of persons offending him. Up to the time of his going to the Corner he had ever been declaiming against the folly of mining speculation, and finding he had not adhered to the precepts he had sought to inculcate he felt somewhat shy, and endeavored to avoid many of his previous acquaintances and neighbors. In fact, things went from bad to worse with him. He was obliged to mortgage his property to meet his liabilities. He was compelled to have recourse to every possible shift to try and relieve himself of his embarrassments, but without avail. Calls on shares came heavily. The value of stock fell, and he found himself unable to struggle with the emergency. This, it would seem, drove him to drink to excess. His mode of living became irregular and eccentric. To stifle trouble he sought companionship he would otherwise have shunned, and the latent seeds of aberration of intellect, if not absolute insanity, were gradually developed. He was of the most excitable temperament, intoxicating liquor having the effect of completely upsetting his mental equilibrium. Otherwise he was affable, conversational, and gentlemanly, genial, and unsophisticated, a stickler for law and order, avoiding whatever had a tendency to the opposite. Having taken ecclesiastical vows of celibacy, he lived alone at his place of business in Doveton-street after the death of his partner. He was known to go without his meals for days, regardless of all personal or domestic comfort. He would go down to Buninyong sometimes and wander over the country, to go to the top of the Mount and stop there for hours, and when spoken to would say he came there for his health. About 18 months since, while carrying on business in Doveton-street, he was attacked with a fit of delirium tremens. He was at the time greatly embarrassed, and this would seem to have driven him to despair. A friend of his, who resided in the neighborhood of Market-square, was called on one night when O'Farrell was in delirium tremens, and found him in a state bordering on the worst species of insanity. He had sent for an official of one of the local banks, with whom he was on a footing of intimacy, and explained his circumstances to him, at the same time asking for a loan of money. He was expostulated with, and told he would have it upon the usual terms, when he suddenly leaped from his bed, seized a sword-cane, and would certainly have wounded or killed the gentleman alluded to, but for the interference of some persons who were present. His case grew worse, and doctors Heisse, Whitcombe, and Butler, were called in, and remained in attendance upon him for some time. He was occasionally very violent, and was known to have secreted a pistol in his sleeping apartment, which he would at times go in search of and threaten to take the lives of the persons near him. His sister in Melbourne having been written to, they went to Ballarat, and remained with him until he was sufficiently recovered to be removed. He then accompanied them to Melbourne, stayed at St. Kilda for a few months, and returned to Ballarat quite recovered in health. He had not long remained there, however, when he again fell into his old habits of drinking, and was again affected by delirium tremens. On this occasion the attention of the police was directed to him, and for some days constables were directed to watch his house in case their should be a necessity for placing him under restraint. His sisters again came from Melbourne and attended him, and Dr. Heisse, who was called in, recommended his removal to the Ballarat District Hospital. There is an entry in the books of the institution of his having been admitted as a pay patient on the 23rd March, 1867, laboring under *delirium e'potu*, of his having occupied a ward singly, and been dismissed on the 5th April following, cured. After his discharge from the hospital, he was taken by his relatives to Melbourne; and though subsequent to that he visited and remained at Ballarat, yet it may be said he ended his connection with the town from the date of his second illness. His property had been mortgaged and his business injured by his mining speculations and losses, until at last all he possessed passed into other hands to pay off his liabilities; his reverses were attributable to rash speculation, his habits of dissipation following his pecuniary misfortunes; his ultimate wreck, mentally and socially, arose from a variety of causes, more or less of which can be gathered from the foregoing particulars. Mr. P. W. Welsh, who had acted as O'Farrell's agent in some business transactions, saw him in the train for Melbourne in charge of some friends. After leaving Melbourne, O'Farrell proceeded to Queensland, and then returned to Sydney, where at length he did the deed which has made his name infamous."

CARPETS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS.—Garland Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality. They have just received a large stock and invite the attention of parties furnishing to it. Purchasers will find their stock in this department second to none in Ottawa. 582-y

MESSRS. Young & Radford having secured the services of first-class working jewellers in etruscan, filagree, plain, fancy and solid gold work, and having made large additions to their work shop are now better prepared to execute any orders with which they may be entrusted than heretofore. Masonic jewels gold and silver medals, and every kind of gold and silver work done on the shortest possible notice. Remember the place, 30 Sparks-st., and encourage home manufacture.

—Twenty years experience in using Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients, renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or Cough or Voice Lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cents per box.

A DARK STORY OF CRIME.

Wanderings of a Second Cain—His Capture and Confession of Four Murders.

Eugene Lefevre, a Frenchman imprisoned in San Quentin, California, for highway robbery, was arrested for murder recently, on the day his term of imprisonment expired. A year and a half before he committed the highway robbery, he killed a brother wood-chopper in Virginia city, Nevada. He was put in jail to await his trial, but, with a fellow-prisoner, decoyed the jailor, (an old man named Gregory), into his cell, strangled and otherwise injured him so that he died, and made his escape.

For three days and nights he lay concealed on the top of a hill, near Virginia, and from his hiding place both heard and saw the pursuing parties all around him. Driven forth at last by hunger, he made his way to the cabin of a wood-cutter, and in the absence of the occupant, possessed himself of a large loaf of bread which he carried away with him. Then his wanderings commenced, and terrible they must have been. Utterly ignorant of his whereabouts, fearing to approach any human habitation, he went on, concealing himself in the day time, and travelling under the shelter of the night, with no other provision but the wood-cutter's loaf, for many days. Though nearly starving, he mastered his appetite stubbornly, and confined himself to a certain allowance of bread, which he marked off day by day. Thus he at length worked his way out of Nevada, and arrived in Calveras county. It was then he committed the highway robbery, for which he was incarcerated under the *alias* of Jules Dana. A short time before the expiration of his sentence, a detective suspected him to be identical with the murderer of Gregory, and satisfying himself of that fact, caused his detention until a requisition could arrive. When he was told of the contemplated change in his condition, he complained that it was unfair to have allowed his term to expire before letting him know what was hanging over him. He subsequently observed that he had never had any peace of mind since he killed Gregory, and that, to use his own word, "conscience was a hell to him."

The detective gets $1,000 reward for his success. Lefevre is a young man, and by no means bad looking, but by his own confession he is a hardened criminal. He has stated that the reason why he killed Gregory, and escaped from Nevada jail, was that the lawyer employed by him at the time was too rapacious, and he feared that if he remained in prison he would be compelled to pay all his money away in fees. He also said that since the murder he had often talked to his lawyers, and had laid his case before them, hypothetically, in order to ascertain their opinions. The result of these experiments was a conviction that he could not be hanged for the crime, but at the most would only suffer a lengthened imprisonment. It is alleged that prior to his residence in Nevada, he had killed two men in Montana Territory and narrowly escaped being hung by a Vigilance Committee there.

In closing this singular story, we may add the fact that the jailor who will receive Lefevre on his arrival at Virginia, and in whose custody he will remain, is the son of the jailor who was murdered so cruelly. There can be no doubt that the law will take its course this time, or that the young Gregory will keep safely under lock and key the murderer of his parent.

HARIKARI.

Our readers will be interested in reading the following authentic account of an execution in Japan. It may be in the recollection of the public that some time since a French soldier was wounded for insisting on crossing the retinue of the Prince Bizen, contrary to the laws of the Japanese Empire. The French having insisted on reparation, the Japanese colonel in command was executed as stated below:—"We received a detailed account of the execution of Prince Bizen's officer at Hiogo; the scene appears to have been most impressive. It took place in a temple at 9:30 p.m., the *enceinte* being magnificently illuminated. The officer was a noble, and held the rank of colonel in Bizen's army. According to Japanese etiquette, officers of his own rank alone were to be present, this rule being applicable to foreigners, who were represented by a member of each Embassy. The poor fellow made a long speech as he knelt before a small round table upon which lay the family sword. He proclaimed his innocence, and protested that he had acted in strict accordance with Japanese law and custom in firing upon a man who persisted on crossing the *cortege* under his command. He then turned round towards the temple and prayed fervently, the surrounding Japanese kneeling with their faces to the earth, the foreigners alone standing; and then uttering an exclamation he seized the sword and plunged it into his body, at the same time stretching out his neck to meet death as it were. Instantaneously his friend, who stood behind him, severed his head from his body with one blow and it fell rolling in front of him. The officials present placed it in a lacquer salver and handed it round for inspection to the foreigners present, asking them if they were satisfied. Public feeling was much against this execution; no life had been taken, and there were many extenuating circumstances in the man's favor. He had had no intercourse with foreigners, knew little of their laws and customs; all he saw and resented, unjustifiably it is true, was a deliberate insult offered him as he passed through the public street, and there can be no doubt that had the insult been offered by a Japanese he would most certainly have been killed on the spot. Great ill-feeling is likely to arise out of this bloodthirsty policy of a life for a limb, or even less, and it certainly seems unjustifiable, and decidedly impolitic. The ends of justice would have been met, and a proper moral effect produced, had the man been disgraced in rank, or reprieved at the last moment."

HOW TO CURE CANCER.—A Milwaukee paper states that some eight months ago, Mr. T. B. Manson, of that city, ascertained that he had a cancer on his face the size of a pin. It was cut out by Dr. Wolcott, and the wound partially healed. Subsequently it grew again, and, while in Cincinnati on business, it attained the size of a hickory nut. He remained there since Christmas under treatment, and is now perfectly cured. The process is this:—A piece of sticking-plaster was put over the cancer, with a circular piece cut out of the centre a little larger than the cancer, so that the cancer and a small circular rim of the healthy skin next to it were exposed. Then a plaster made of chloride of zinc, blood root, and wheat flour, was spread on a piece of muslin the size of this circular opening, and applied to the cancer for twenty-four hours. On removing it, the cancer will be found burnt into and appear of the color and hardness of an old shoe-sole, and the circular rim outside of it will appear white and parboiled, as if scalded by hot steam. The wound is now dressed, and the outside rim soon separates, and the cancer comes out in a hard lump, and the place heals up. The plaster kills the cancer, so that it sloughs out like dead flesh, and never grows in again. The remedy was discovered by Dr. Fell, of London, and has been used by him for six or eight years with unfailing success, and not a case has been known of the re-appearance of the cancer when this remedy has been applied. *Exchange.*

PHYSICING HORSES.—Many persons physic their horses frequently—especially every spring. This is a great error, and one which has caused the loss of many valuable horses, as physic as it is usually given, often produces inflammation of the bowels which generally proves fatal; it also weakens the horse and thus renders him more liable to disease, or less able to throw it off. What is required is a medicine which will operate gently upon the bowels, and act upon the liver and lungs, removing all obstructions therefrom, purifying the blood and enabling all the organs to do their work without overtaxing any, which is accomplished by the use of "Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and condition medicine"—it is always safe and certain. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.* is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C.W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

—An interesting scientific discovery is mentioned in one of the Paris journals. The Calabar bean is found to be an antidote to strychnia. The latter destroys by spasmodic contraction. The first taken alone paralyzes, and thus directly neutralizes the action of strychnia, if given after that poison.

MARK TWAIN ON SHIPBOARD—THE JOKERS' SOCIETY.

[From the Chicago Republican.]

We established a Jokers' Society, and fined every member who furnished an unbearably bad joke. We tried one man for his life (the Rajah of Borneo,) for building a conundrum of unwarranted atrocity. Mr. Cohen disliked his trunk, and often spoke angrily of its small size. The conundrum touched upon this matter.

"Why is one of the passengers, or his trunk, like a certain geographical, algebraical, geometrical, technical term? Answer: Because he is a truncated cone, (trunk-hated Cohen)."

We hung him. At dinner, one day, in the steamship *Sacramento*, on this side, I said something to my room-mate while he was carving a piece of veal. A member of the Society said: "Beware—remember the sign in the pilot-house: 'No conversation with the man at the wheel (weel—veal).'" We hung him also.

One night the first officer brought the tears to many eyes with a touching story of a shipmate of his, whose leg was bitten off by a shark. A young lady said, "Oh how shocking!" A member of the society said: "Indeed it was—it was very sharking."

A merchant from China told us a story of a tiger that ate up a Chinaman, and then ate up his bamboo cart. A member observed that it was the first time he had ever heard of tigers dining *a la carte*. He is no more.

This nonsense reminds me of a circumstance. Once in Washington, during the winter, Riley, a fellow-correspondent, who staid in the same house with me, rushed into the room in scanty costume—it was past midnight—and said, "Great God, what can the matter be! What makes that awful smell?" I said "Calm yourself, Mr. Riley. There is no occasion for alarm."

But he said there was no joke about this matter—the house was full of smoke—he had heard dreadful screams—he recognized the odor of burning human flesh! We soon found that he was right. A poor old negro woman, a servant in the next house, had fallen on the stove and burned herself so badly that she soon died. It was a sad case, and at breakfast all spoke gloomily of the disaster, and felt low-spirited. The landlady even cried, and that depressed us still more. She said:

"O, to think of such a fate! She was so good, and so kind, and so faithful. She had worked hard and honestly in that family for twenty-eight long years, and now she is roasted to death—yes roasted to a crisp, like so much beef."

In a grave voice, and without even the shadow of a smile, Riley said:

"*Well done*, good and faithful servant."

It sounded like a benediction, and the landlady never perceived the joke, but I never came so near choking to death in my life.

SCHOOL-GIRL FLIRTATION.

(*New York Round Table.*)

A MAN who sets out deliberately to flirt takes up, haphazard, with the first pretty face he chances to encounter; while a woman, in the fulfilment of this side of her nature will pick out with unerring instinct the proper partner for the charming pastime. Men flirt too much with their heads; they think where they should feel, and the slightest intrusion of reason into the province of the affections always jars on the feminine sense of fitness. In an amusement whose essence it is to do a foolish thing, knowing it to be foolish, and deliberately shutting your eyes to the truth, the slightest evidence that this voluntary self-deception is less complete on one side than on the other injures the effect by interfering with the illusion. And few men have the art of inspiring confidence in their loyalty to this fundamental principle of the art. Do what he will, utter what ardent vows, what passionate protestations, the flirter can seldom entirely do away with a little residuum of distrust—a vague, uneasy feeling in the lady's mind that this is but the shadow of a shadow, the pretence of a pretence; that his feelings are not engaged; his interest scarcely awakened; that he is laughing behind his mask—a Satyr playing Cupid. And this because it is not natural for men to flirt: because it is easier for them to make love in downright earnest than in jest; whereas women throw a spice of seriousness into their most trifling flirtation, while their more elaborate ones tremble constantly on the verge of re-attachment. With them a flirtation is often only the gateway of love; with men it is usually the strongest possible obstacle to it. ......

But why waste time on an inadequate analysis of what each one of us may paint much better from his memory? Have we not all had part in them? Have we not all been made their votaries or their victims? Are not all our memories of far-past youth made glad and golden with the charm of those delicious premature travesties of riper loves? Even you, dear pompous Oldfogy, who glare at us from behind presbyopic glasses in sternly indignant denial—even you might discover, away back in the early morning of your solemn and respectable life, hidden in its shadow like an extremely diffident violet by a very steady, old, unrolling, mossy stone, some faint and faded remembrance that should give the lie to your indignation—some tender reminiscence of that foolish, blissful moment, when a fluttering handkerchief from the academy omnibus first imparted something of its motion to a youthful heart, or when life grew fairer of a sudden for a single glance of roguish eyes shot from the Venetian jalousies of Madame Carambole's fashionable and strictly exclusive institute. Even you, dear dignified Oldfogy, were not always so dignified as the accumulated presidencies of half a dozen banks and the conscious ownership of a dozen corner lots clearly give you a right to be. There was a time, however incredible it may seem to you and to those who know you better than yourself, when the plainest of walking-dresses was dearer than the dearest that now makes havoc with your feelings and your cheque-book; and the loveliest of spring bonnets could excite a pleasure unalloyed by any awful impending shadow of a milliner's bill. There was a time when, arrayed in much splendour of holiday attire, and radiating a brilliancy which not even the painful evident torture of your boots and gloves, and the embarrassing aspiration of your waist-buttons for the back of your neck could altogether neutralize, you have lingered for expectant and anxious hours along the route that Madame Carambole's young ladies were wont to bless and beatify in their churchward pilgrimages or their daily promenades. There was a time when you deemed the long, long weary day of waiting crowned and rewarded by a single furtive glance of quick intelligence, slipped sidelong from veiling lashes, a single fearful, half-uncertain, but all-seraphic smile of recognition—a single swift interchange of those rosy signals that are ever ready to do service in Love's telegraph. There was a time like this, most prosaic and crabbed of Oldfogies—a time that you should rather be proud to claim than blush to acknowledge. Don't attempt to deny it; for were not we there, and did not we see it all?

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, June 2, 1868.

FLOUR—Extra	8 00	@	8 25
" No. 1	7 50	@	7 75
" No. 2	6 00	@	0 00
" Bags—Fall per 100 lbs	4 00	@	4 25
" " Spring "	3 75	@	4 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs	6 25	@	6 50
Indian Meal "	4 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs	0 70	@	0 75
Barley " 48 lbs	0 75	@	0 80
Buckwheat Flour—bbl	5 00	@	5 25
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs	1 75	@	1 80
Spring " "	1 60	@	1 65
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 90	@	0 95
Peas " 60 lbs	0 75	@	0 80
Oats " 34 lbs	0 50	@	0 55
Beans " 60 lbs	2 00	@	2 25
PORK—Mess—per barrel	21 00	@	0 00
Prime Mess per do	16 00	@	0 00
Hog per 100 lbs	7 00	@	0 00
Ham	0 12	@	0 13
Beef	0 00	@	0 00
Mutton—per lb by the qr	0 00	@	0 0
Lamb—per qr	0 00	@	0 0
Cheese—Each			None
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@	1 50
Fowl—Per pair	0 60	@	0 75
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 20	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 17	@	0 20
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 12½	@	0 00
Apples—per brl	4 50	@	5 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton, new	13 00	@	15 00
WOOD—Per cord	0 00	@	3 5
Tamarac	0 00	@	2 00
Hemlock	0 00	@	2 00

GOOD SIGNS.—If is a good sign to see a man doing an act of charity to his fellows. It is a good sign to see the color of health in a man's face. It is a good sign to see an honest man wearing old clothes, and the immense sales of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," is a good sign that it is a scientific preparation, and properly appreciated by the people. Sold everywhere at 25 cts. per bottle.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE CANADA HOUSE, CALEDONIA SPRINGS, near L'Orignal, on the Ottawa, will be open for the reception of visitors on the 1st of June. 745b

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual waste ing away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are his sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges*. ☞ and take no other. ☜ Sold by all the druggists in OTTAWA, and medicine dealers everywhere. 575r

To Consumptives.—The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he considers to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, FREE, by return mail, will please address, REV. EDWARD WILSON,
Williamsburg, Kings Co., New York

A "Cough," "Cold," or Irritated Throat if allowed to progress, results in serious Pulmonary and Bronchial affections, oftentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES reach *directly* the affected parts, and give almost instant relief. In Bronchitis, Asthma and Catarrh they are beneficial. OBTAIN only the *genuine* BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, which have *proved their efficacy* by a test of many years. Among testimonials attesting their efficacy are letters from—

E H CHAPIN, D D, New York,
HENRY WARD BEECHER, Brooklyn, N Y,
N P WILLIS, New York,
Hon C A PHELPS Pres. Mass. Senate,
Dr G F BIGELOW, B
Prof. EDWARD NORTH, Clinton, N Y.

SURGEONS IN THE ARMY, and others of eminence. Sold everywhere at 25 cents per box. 708d14w2m

The Florence Nightingale of the Nursery.—The following is an extract from a letter written by the Rev. C. Z. Weiser, to the *German Reformed Messenger*, at Chambersburg, Penn.:

A. BENEFACTRESS.—Just open the door for her, and Mrs. WINSLOW will prove the American Nightingale of the Nursery. Of this we are sure, that we will teach our "SCRY" to say "*A Blessing Mrs. Winslow*," for helping her to survive escape the griping, colicking and teething ge We confirm every word set forth in the prospectus It performs precisely what it professes to perform, every part of it—nothing less. Away with your "Cordial," "Paregoric," "Drops," "Laudanum," and every other "Narcotic," by which the babe is drugged into stupidity, and rendered dull and idiotic for life.

We have never seen Mrs. Winslow—know her only through the preparation of her "Soothing Syrup for Children Teething." If we had the power, we would make her, as she is, a physical savious to the infant race. 25 cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists. Be sure and call for "*Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup*." Having the *fac simile* of CURTIS & PERKINS on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations. 709d14w2m

MARRIED.

In this city, on the 2nd inst., at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. Mr. Stone, Mr. L. H. Hamilton, to Miss Maggie E. Young, all of this city.

In this city, on the 2nd instant, at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. Mr. Harper, Mr. E. K. MacGillivray, to Miss Loraine G. Spencer, all of this city.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

BOARD.

Three or four gentlemen can be accommodated with board by applying at No 3, Prince's Terrace, U. T. 738-3

MONEY FOUND.

The owner can have it returned by proving property and paying expense of advertisement.
J. C. SPARROW,
Cumberland.
June 3, 1868. 758-1-23-1

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

Lessee and Manager, - J. J. COLLINS.

Wednesday Evening, June 3rd,

Third and Last Night, Most Positively, of the Five Act Sensation Drama,

Under the Gaslight,
UNDER the GASLIGHT!

Which has been received on every representation WITH THUNDERS OF APPLAUSE.

All the Beautiful Songs, Dances, &c., and the wonderful and startling effect,

THE DOWN EXPRESS TRAIN,

Due at 9:10.

In Rehearsal, the last London success, "CASTE".

Prices of Admission:

Parquette,	- - - -	50 cents.
Gallery,	- - - -	25 "

C. W. NISBET,
Agent.
Ottawa, June 3, 1868. 755d

CANADA.

HEAD QUARTERS.

Ottawa, 2nd June, 1868.

GENERAL ORDER.

VOLUNTEER MILITIA.

OFFICERS commanding Battalions and Corps of the Volunteer Militia are hereby notified that, until further orders, when Volunteers are called out for actual service, the rates of daily pay will be, for privates fifty cents; and for non-commissioned officers in proportion.

Free rations or an allowance in lieu thereof will be furnished in addition, in conformity with the Blue Book regulations published in 1866.

Boots will also be issued free of charge to all Volunteers who may be required to leave their homes for actual service.

Boots will be issued by District Staff Officers on the requisition of Commanding Officers of Corps or Battalions, for the number of men actually under arms for such actual service.

By Command of His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor-General and Commander-in-Chief.

P. L. MACDOUGALL,
Colonel,
Adjutant-General of Militia,
738-3 Canada.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Saturday, 30th day of May, 1868.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under and in virtue of the authority given by the Act passed during the late session of Parliament of Canada, 31st Vic. Cap. 30, intituled: "An Act to increase the "Excise Duty on Spirits, to impose an Excise "Duty on Refined Petroleum, and to provide "for the Inspection thereof," His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following Regulations respecting the Inspection and Branding of Petroleum, shall be and they are hereby made and established.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council.

REGULATIONS.

1st. Refined Petroleum shall be tested by Tagliabues Pyrometer or by such other similar Instrument as may be approved by the Minister of Inland Revenue, and all such Instruments shall be distributed under the Supervision of the Department of Inland Revenue, and shall be used in accordance with instructions sanctioned by the said Department.

Inland Revenue Act, 1868, *Sec.* 17.

2. Refined Petroleum which was on the 22nd of May, 1868, in possession of parties who were not Refiners, may be allowed to pass inspection provided it bears a *fire test* of one hundred degrees of Fahrenheit Thermometer, without giving off vapour that will explode or ignite on the application of fire.

Sec. 12.

3. All Barrels, Casks or Packages containing Petroleum which has been inspected shall be branded with—

The date of the Inspection.

Sec. 17. The name of the Inspecting Officer.

The degree of heat at which the vapour produced by it ignited.

The name of the Refiner, or if imported the name of the Importer.

4. Refined Petroleum may be warehoused and removed in Bond under the regulations made by an Order in Council on the 27th day of April, 1868.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Thursday, 28th day of May, 1868.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Marine and Fisheries, and under the authority of the 19th Section of "The Fisheries Act,"

His Excellency in Council has been pleased to make the following Regulations:—

Herrings shall not be taken between the Fifteenth day of July and the Fifteenth day of October in any year, on the spawning ground at the southern head of Grand Manan, in the Province of New Brunswick, within the following limits, that is to say:—Commencing at the eastern part of Seal Cove, including the two Inner Islands (so called) at a place known as Red Point, thence extending westerly along the coast to the southern head of Bradford's Cove, and extending one mile from the shore; and all nets or other fishing material, apparatus, tackle or gear used for catching Herrings on any part of the said ground during the period above described, shall be seized and confiscated; and every person so using the same shall be subject to fine or imprisonment.

The fishing for or catching of Salmon with swing nets in any of the waters of Canada is hereby forbidden.

Oysters shall not be fished for, caught or killed between the First day of June and the First day of September in any year.

WM. H. LEE,
758tf. Clerk Privy Council.

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
Toronto, May 28, 1868.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT Charles Westley Lount, of Bracebridge, in the Township of Macauley, in the District of Muskoka, Esquire, has been appointed Agent for the disposal of public lands in the Townships of Morrison, Muskoka, Draper, Macaulay, Stephenson, McLean, Brunnel, Monck and Watt, in the District of Muskoka, in the place of Richard Jose Oliver, Esquire, whose services have been dispensed with.

Applications for lands open as Free Grants in the above mentioned Townships, must also be made to Mr. Lount.

S. RICHARDS,
Commissioner.
Toronto, May 29, 1867. 758-tf

Magee & Russell's

—GREAT—

REMOVAL SALE!

COMMENCED

MONDAY,

JUNE 1st.

NO RESERVE.

All Goods re-marked in plain figures, with Red Ink, showing the actual reductions.

The following are only a few of the bargains offered. The public are invited to inspect the stock, and judge for themselves before purchasing:—

FANCY SILK DRESSES

That were selling for $16 and $17, reduced to $12 and $.3.

SILKS

Marked $19 to $23.50, reduced to $15, $16 and $15.50, the full dress of 15 yards.

All our rich French Silks reduced from $5 to $8 on each dress.

BLACK GLACIE

And Gros Grain Silks all reduced.

MANTLE VELVETS and VELVETEENS,

Only received a few days ago, marked down from 10 to 15 per cent.

BLACK LACE SHAWLS,

Commencing at $1.25.

All the rich Spanish and Pusher Lace Shawls will show large reductions.

Paisley Shawls reduced from $1.50 to $5 on each shawl.

Last year's Barege Shawls reduced to nearly half price.

NEW HOOP SKIRTS

Cheaper than anything in the trade. Old fashioned large Hoop Skirts almost given away. Would pay to have them altered.

LADIES STRAW HATS & BONNETS,

New styles, all reduced.

All old shapes in Straw Goods sold for what they will fetch.

Pattern Bonnets and all trimmed Millinery greatly reduced.

One Case Shakers at 12½c, some of them worth 50c.

NEW PARASOLS

Reduced from 10 to 20 per cent. Old ones to about half price.

500 PALM LEAF FANS

Sold during the sale at 5 cents each; not more an two to one customer.

Several thousand Ladies' Imitation Lace Paper Collars for half the New York price.

About 150 pieces ¾ Mohair and Poplinette Dress Goods, will be offered at such prices as must clear them out.

PRINTED DELAINES

That sold from 17½ to 20 cents per yard, marked down to 12½ cents

FRENCH DELAINES

And Merinos, Cobourgs, Lustres, Glacie, Alpaccas, Printed Muslins, and all other Dress Goods in stock, likewise reduced.

A lot of washing Challies will be offered very low.

All domestic goods, such as Sheeting, Table Linens, Towellings, Flannels, &c., will show heavy reductions.

OUR COTTONS

Being all purchased when the raw material was at its lowest point in Liverpool, customers would do well to lay in a stock during the sale. We will sell all Cotton goods far below what it would cost to import them just now.

PRINTS

At 7, 9 and 11 cents per yard; present retail value 10, 12½ and 15 cents per yard.

SPLENDID STYLES IN TWEEDS,

Coatings and Cloakings, at the reduced figures.

CARPETS,

Damasks, and all kinds of House Furnishings, and other heavy goods that would be troublesome to remove, will be cleared out at and below cost price.

LADIES BEST FRENCH KID GLOVES

Will be sold at $1 per pair, and all soiled and damaged Kid Gloves will be thrown in with the slow selling colours and sold at much less money.

GENTS' MERINO UNDERCLOTHING,

Dress and Flannel Shirts, Ties and Collars, all marked down to removal prices.

One lot of 68 gross Printed Paper Collars will be sold for 12½ cents the Box of 12 Collars; well worth 25 cents.

DRESS TRIMMINGS,

Embroidery, Lace Goods, Cotton Lisle and Silk Gloves, are all reduced.

A job lot of Dress Fringes, now so fashionable, will be sold at 12½ cents per yard, some of them being worth at the present price of Silk about 35 cents per yard.

A remarkably cheap lot of Ladies' Cambric Handkerchiefs, also, Ladies' and Childrens' Cotton Hose, at least 40 per cent less than last year's prices.

The intention being to reduce the stock to

Lowest Possible Point,

Before removing to New Premises (now building) in the Autumn. ☞ Great care has been taken to re-mark the entire stock at such prices as must effect

LARGE SALES

AND INSURE

A Speedy Clearance.

DURING THIS SALE

NO SAMPLES WILL BE CUT,

NO GOODS WILL BE SENT ON APPROBATION

NOR SOLD ON CREDIT.

Magee & Russell.

Ottawa, June 2, 1868. 707y

Auction Sales
BY J. BERMINGHAM.

FOR SALE!

THAT Splendid First-Class

HOTEL,

IN THE

CAPITAL OF THE DOMINION!

KNOWN AS THE

REVERE HOUSE,

And at present leased at a rental of $2,000. It is one of the best buildings in the city. Its length is one hundred and six (106) feet by forty (40) feet wide, built of stone, with cut stone front and tin roof. The house contains fifty bedrooms, five parlors and dining room, with bar, kitchen and laundry attached. There is a new Brick Stable, sixty-six (66) by thirty (30) feet, capable of stabling forty Horses, a large yard and outbuildings; also a vacant lot, which the purchaser can have if required to enlarge. The premises are in excellent order, being only five years built. Very lately a sum of $2,000 was expended improving the building. For a first-class hotel, or Military Quarters, it cannot be equalled in the city.

TERMS EASY, and made known free of charge, by letter or otherwise, on application to

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer,
Commission and Real Estate Agent.
Ottawa, June 3, 1868. 758d

Dominion Auction Mart,

AND

Commission Sale Rooms

House, Land & General Agency,
OFFICE & SALE ROOMS,
INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-STREET,

OTTAWA.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city.

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq. M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq. M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq. M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq. M P
James O'Reilly, Esq. Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq. Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq. M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

A Servants' Registry will be kept, where male and female servants of every capacity will be found.

Servants and others, wanting employment should enrol their names at once, and persons requiring servants should make early application.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commision Merchant,
753y House, Land and General Agent.

GREAT SALE

B. AUCTION.

THE SUBSCRIBER will offer

BY AUCTION,

On Friday Next, the 5th Instant,

At Half-past TEN a.m., and Half-past TWO p. m.,

AT THE

Dominion Auction Mart!

Sign of the Dominion Flag,

SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA,

Some magnificent Pianofortes, Harmoniums, Piano Covers, and a quantity of very excellent Black Walnut and Mahogany Furniture, consisting of Drawing Room Sets in Damask, Fancy Rep and Hair Cloth, Cane and Hair Seated Chairs, Carved Centre Tables, Handsome Carved Bookcases, Writing Desks, Chiffoniers, Bureaus, Wardrobes, Hall Tables and Chairs, Carved Sideboards, Washstands, Whatnots, Pictures, Mirrors, Mattrasses, and two very fine Fishing Rods and Baskets, late from England and made by Wright, of London—all consigned for Sale.

TERMS—Cash in bankable funds.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, June 2, 1868. 757td

Richmond Circuit Board

OF

PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

FOR THE

County of Carleton.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

That the above Board will meet

IN THE TOWN HALL,

IN RICHMOND,

On Wednesday, the 8th day of July next

AND ALSO ON

WEDNESDAY,

The 9th day of December next,

At 12 o'clock, noon, for general business. Applicants for certificates of qualification are required to furnish the Board with certificates of moral character from either Local Superintendent or from a Clergyman of the denomination to which they respectively belong.

C. B. PETITT, M.A.,
Chairman.

J. HINTON,
Secretary.
Richmond, May 21, 1868.

Auction Sales
BY H. McLEAN.

GREAT ATTRACTION!!

Immense Auction Sale

—OF—

Dry Goods,

JEWELLERY, &c., &c.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer,

Has received an extensive consignment of Goods from London, England, which he will sell

BY PUBLIC AUCTION,

AT HIS

Sale Rooms, 18, Sparks-st.,

COMMENCING ON

Wednesday, 3rd June, Proximo,

At TWO o'clock, P. M.

The stock consists of

KIDDERMINSTER,

HEMP,

DUTCH and other

Carpets in Roll!

Which will be cut to suit purchasers; Handsome Carpets made in Squares with Borders—a novelty; a quantity of Axminster Velvet Pyle and Tapestry Hearth Rugs; Handsome Velvet Pyle and all Wool Table Covers; Damask and Lace Curtains; an immense quantity of Tewels, Sheets, Quilts, Summer Counterpanes and Toilet Covers; Alhambra and Marsala Coverlids.

JEWELLERY!

In Plated Goods, consisting of Gold and Silver Watches, Tea and Coffee Services, Plated Knives, Forks and Spoons, and a large variety of Fancy Goods too numerous to mention.

Sale positive and without reserve, and to continue from day to day until the whole stock is disposed of.

Also, at the Same Time and Place,

A lot of OLD ROMAN ENGRAVINGS, being a select portion of an Ancient Library; a few OLD ROMAN COINS, traced back to be dated 200 years before Christ; an Autograph letter written by Lord Nelson, on English hand-made paper, on board of Convoy from Quebec to New York, in 1782, and four of the oldest original Shakespearian Engravings, by Boydell.

☞ We are instructed to sell all those Ancient Curiosities without any reservation.

Ottawa, May 30, 1868. 755td

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

Very Desirable City Property,

HECTOR McLEAN,

AUCTIONEER and Real Estate Agent,

WILL SELL

By Public Auction,

AT THE

UNION HOUSE,

ON

FRIDAY, 5th JUNE, INSTANT

At 12 o'clock, Noon,

The undermentioned Properties, viz.: 32 Lots of the Hon. Judge Sherwood's Property, near the residence of J. B. Lewis, Esq., very handsomely situated, and 4 Park Lots of over 2 acres each. Also, a number of Lots belonging to Mrs Ross, Mrs. Eccles, Miss LeLeivre and Judge Small, all in the same neighborhood, and all very Large Lots.

Plans of the Properties can be seen, and any information required respecting them had, at the Auctioneer's Office, 18, Sparks-st.

Ottawa, June 2, 1868. 757td

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864,

AND AMENDMENTS THEREOF.

In the matter of WILLIAM N. BARRIE and JOHN McMARTIN, Insolvents.

BY virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvents, and also under and by virtue of an order made by James Daniell, Esquire, Judge of the County Court of the United Counties of Prescott and Russell in that behalf, I will on THURSDAY, the twenty-sixth day of June next, offer or sale by Public Auction, at the hour of ten o'clock, in the forenoon of the said day, at the office of Messrs. Morland, Watson and Company, in the City of Montreal, all the real estate and interest of the said Insolvent John McMartin, of and in the lands and premises in the Township of North Plantagenet, and County of Prescott, and Province of Ontario, hereinafter particularly mentioned and described. That is to say:

1st. All the real estate, interest and equity of redemption of the said John McMartin of what nature or kind soever, whether as devisee under the will of Alexander McMartin, deceased, or otherwise, of and in lot number nine, (9) in the fourth (4th) concession, old survey of the said Township of Plantagenet, East of the South Nation River.

2nd. All the real estate, interest and equity of redemption of the said John McMartin, of what nature and kind soever, whether as devisee under the will of the said Alexander McMartin, deceased, or otherwise, of and in Lot Number Ten (10), in the Fourth (4th) Concession, old survey of the said Township East of the South Nation River.

The said two lots are supposed to contain together 399 acres more or less.

3rd. All the real estate and interest and equity of redemption of the said John McMartin, of what nature and kind soever, either in his own right, or as devisee under the will of the said Alexander McMartin, deceased, or otherwise, howsoever, of and in at part of Lot Eleven, (11) in the said Fourth (4th) Concession, old survey of the said Township of North Plantagenet, known as McMartin's Saw Mills, with the privileges and appurtenances to the same belonging. Also of and in the premises known as the old Store, the large Store House the large stable and premises connected therewith, also of and in the Dwelling House now occupied by the said John McMartin, and the outbuildings therewith connected, and lying and being in the Village of Plantagenet Mills aforesaid.

The said several premises will be sold subject to the several mortgages charged upon same, and the said mill and mill premises and other the premises last mentioned with their appurtenances, will be sold subject to the interest of the said Insolvents as copartners or of either of them therein, under the partnership articles the lease therein mentioned or otherwise howsoever at the time of their insolvency for the residue of the unexpired term of fifteen years from the 1st day of December, 1865, and to the mortgages thereon.

There is a rent of one dollar annually, payable during said term to the said John McMartin as devisee thereof, under the will of the said Alexander McMartin.

Terms—Cash.

For further particulars apply to Edward Taylor Dartnell, Esquire, L'Orignal, Solicitor for the Assignee, or to the Assignee.

Dated at L'Orignal, this 23rd day of April A.D., 1868.

EDWD. FREMEN DARTNELL
726-1aw2m Assignee

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

Just Received Per Express.

A CHOICE Selection CANADA WATCH COMPANY'S WATCHES,

At Young & Radford's.

AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY'S WATCHES,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE GOLD JEWELLERY,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE GOLD and CORAL JEWELLERY,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE HUNTING ANCHOR WATCHES, in fine Silver Cases, as low as $12.00,

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FINE Eighteen CARAT GOLD WATCHES as low as $18.00,

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

ROGER'S BEST CUTLERY and the ENGLISH ELECTROPLATED WARE, can be had

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S

30 Sparks-st. Ottawa.

PAIN KILLER.

The Great Family Medicine of the Age.

THE UNIVERSAL REMEDY for INTERNAL & EXTERNAL COMPLAINTS!

OUR FIRST PHYSICIANS USE AND RECOMMEND ITS USE!

It Enjoys the Largest Sale of Any Proprietary Medicine in the World!

THE PAIN KILLER

HAS been favorably known for more than thirty years, during which time we HAVE RECEIVED THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS, showing this Medicine to be an almost NEVER FAILING REMEDY for diseases caused by or attendant upon—Sudden Colds, Coughs, Fever and Ague, Headache, Bilious Fever, Pains in the Side, Back and Loins, as well as in the Joints and Limbs; Neuralgic and Rheumatic Pains in any part of the system, Toothache and Pains in the Head and Face.

As a BLOOD PURIFIER and TONIC for the STOMACH, it seldom fails to cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Heartburn, Kidney Complaints, Sick Headache, Piles, Asthma or Phthisic, Ringworms, Boils, Felons, Whitlows, Old Sores, Swelled Joints, and General Debility of the System.

It is also a PROMPT and SURE REMEDY for Crampand Pains in the Stomach, Painters' Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Scalds, Burns, Sprains, Bruises, Frost Bites, Chilblains, as well as the Stings of Insects, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

☞ Directions accompany each bottle.

It has been tested in every variety of climate, and by almost *every nation known* to civilization. It is the almost constant companion and inestimable friend of the *Missionary*, and to *traveller* should be without it. Like every other good thing, the Pain Killer has been extensively counterfeited; which, (while it is an acknowledgment on the part of the counterfeiters of its real worth,) is a serious hindrance to its usefulness, as the deceived purchaser estimates the value of the *Pain Killer* by the base compound he has purchased for the genuine article.

Purchasers should be careful and not allow the dealer to sell them worthless imitations, on which they realize a larger profit, but take only the *Pain Killer*, and see that it is the genuine, bearing the signature of Perry Davis & Son upon the label.

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by Druggists and Medicine Dealers, and Commission Merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers, and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Manfs. and Props.,
74, High-st., Providence, R. I.,
388, St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. Q.,
740-1aw20wy 17, Southampton Row, Holborn, London, E

GREAT BARGAINS IN DRESS GOODS,
AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

NEW STYLE OF DRESS GOODS,
AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FANCY DRESS GOODS
AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

PLAIN GOODS FOR TRAVELLING DRESSES,
AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

BAREGE, GRENADINE & LLAMA DRESS GOODS,
AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S
Invite inspection of their Stock.

No. 14, RIDEAU-STREET.

Ottawa, May 30, 1868. 510y

HARDWARE, HARDWARE!

—AT—

Thomas Birkett's,

SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24 **No. 24**

RIDEAU STREET.

Come old and young, come short and tall,
Come rich and poor, come great and small,
Just call and see my stock in trade,
Hardware and paints of every grade.

A Complete Assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware constantly kept on hand at the SIGN of the ANVIL, T. BIRKETT, consisting in part of

Butts,	Axes,	Iron,	Paints, all colors,	Screws,	Saws,	Tin,	Oils,
Locks,	Ropes,	Stoves,	Glass,	Coolers,	Putty,	Bolts,	Chains,
Nails,	Coal,	Pitch,	Grindstones,	&c.,	&c.,	&c.,	&c.

Also a complete stock of MECHANICS' TOOLS of the most improved English and American manufacture.

Then Come and Examine my Stock,
A dirty never shirk it,
An I satisfaction will be got
In business with T. BIRKETT.

☞ Don't forget the place—THOS. BIRKETT, Sign of the Anvil, No. 24, Rideau-street.

P. S.—All Goods delivered Free to any part of the city. 408y

Ladies Keep Cool!

BLACK AND WHITE LACE SHAWLS,
GRENADINE SHAWLS,
BAREGE SHAWLS,
BAREGE JACKETS,

BAREGE & GRENADINE PROMENADE COSTUMES,
GRENADINES,
FRENCH & ENGLISH MUSLINS.

GENTLEMEN KEEP COOL!

BLACK ALPACCA COATS,
BUFF ALPACCA COATS,
LINEN COATS,
MARSEILLES VESTS,

All in great variety, cheap, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S,

Wholesale and Retail.
Importers, 20 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 29, 1868. 484r

NEW STOCK OF

SUMMER GOODS,

—AT—

"THE GOLDEN BOOT."

NO. 226, WELLINGTON-STREET.

Ladies' White Canvass Boots,
Ladies' Button Prunella Boots,
Ladies' Lace Prunella Boots,
Ladies' Prunella Gaiter Boots,
Ladies' Kid Button Boots,
Ladies' Kid Lace Boots,
Ladies' Kid Gaiter Boots,
Ladies' English Walking Boots,

Gent's White Canvass Congress,
Gent's White Canvass Shoes,
Gent's Mill. Calf Congress,
Gent's Calf-faced Congress,
Gent's Calf Balmorals,
Gent's Fine Kid Congress,
Gent's Prunella Brogans,
Gent's Pat. Dress Boots,

Children's Fine Morrocco Lace Boots,
Children's Fine Kid Congress and Lace Boots,
Children's Enameled and Calf Copper Toes,
And other goods in endless variety.

The subscribers beg to thank the public for the liberal patronage they have received since opening the above establishment.

W. ANGUS & CO.,
666y No. 226, Wellington-street.

$1,000 REWARD.

To any persons who will purchase the right for the Province of Quebec for Anderson's, of London, Ont., PATENT HARROW

Mr. KENNEY, proprietor, is stopping at the British Lion Hotel, Sparks-st., where manufacturers of farming implements and speculators would do well to call and see the Model Harrow. He has several counties in the Eastern part of Ontario unsold. If any party who purchases the right does not sell more, and surpass all other Harrows in this part of the Province, the patent will cost him nothing. Hundreds have been sold in the Western part of the country, and farmers prefer them to all others. Call and judge for yourselves. Township and County Rights for Sale.

Ottawa, June 2, 1868. 757tf

Coffee! Coffee!!

TO those who enjoy a Cup of

REALLY FINE COFFEE!

—BY—

BUCHANAN'S

Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha, JAVA & JAMAICA,

Roasted and Ground

Daily on the premises, by steam power.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.
May 11, 1868. 739tf

1868. MAY. 1868.

J.A.PINARD & CO.,

ARE NOW SHEWING

New Dress Goods,

A good value in Striped, all Mohair, for 6d per yard.

New Prints, A good variety of Patterns at 6d per yard.

New Grey Cottons, A good Cotton, 40 inches wide, for 7d per yard.

New White Cottons, A good heavy made Cotton for 6d per yard.

The Tailoring Department is replete with all the novelties of the season.

Cash buyers will find it their advantage to visit the above before purchasing e lsewhe

J. A. PINARD & Co.,

No. 17, Sussex-st., *Sign of the Golden Ball.*

Ottawa, May 5, 1868. 16y

OTTAWA CROCKERY STORE.

JUST received, direct from Germany, a few cases of GLASS SHADES, Square, Oval and Round, suitable for covering Dried Flowers, Fruit, Fancy Work, &c. Parties requiring them will do well to call early.

Also in Stock and at Montreal Prices,

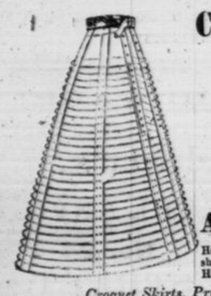
DINNER SETS, TEA & BREAKFAST SETS,
DESSERT SETS, TOILET SETS,

And a full assortment of every description of goods in the trade.

W. ALLAN,
51 *RIDEAU STREET, (opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.)*

Ottawa, April 18, 1868. 574y

P.S.—Goods carefully packed to go any distance with perfect safety.



City Hoop Skirt Factory,

43 SPARKS-STREET,

Central Ottawa.

THE DOUBLE EXTENSION SKIRT,
" DEMI "
" NEW GORE TRAIL SKIRT.

French Wove Corsets!

AN immense stock of Corsets just arrived, French, English and Scotch manufacture.

I beg to call the attention of ladies to the above new styles of Hoop Skirts which I have on hand, and will make to order on the shortest notice: Also, Parasols, Hosiery and Gloves, Hair Nets, Handkerchiefs, &c., &c.

Croquet Skirts, Printed and Embroidered, Gored and Plain.

N.B.—A lot of old fashioned Corsets on hand (lacing at the back) cheap, wholesale and retail.

DAVID MILLAR,
43 Sparks-st, Centre Town, next to Esmonde's Stove Depot.

458y

BLYTH & KERR,

Successors to Chas. Garth,

No. 25, RIDEAU-STREET,

PLUMBERS, GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,
TIN & COPPERSMITHS, BELL HANGERS, &c.

All materials for the above branches kept constantly on hand.

Also, Importers and Dealers in House Furnishing Hardware.

Just received a well selected assortment of Fishing Tackle, Baskets, Bait, Reels, Lines, Flys, Rods, &c. Manufacturers of all descriptions of work for Water and Gas Works, Brewer's Distilleries, Mills, &c. Makes and fits up Galvanized Iron Cornices, Gutters, Conductors, Roofing, &c. Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water or Warm Air, on the most approved principles.

Orders from the country will receive strict attention. 740y

Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale.

THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

Fine Bottled Ale!

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

Scotch Irish, Old Rye
And other Ma Whiskies,
Ports, Sherries, Brandies Gin, &c.,
To other with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A Call kindly Solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

AN OMNIBUS

Will leave the

RUSSELL HOUSE,

Every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 7 a.m., punctually, to carry passengers

FOR AYLMER

To connect with the Union Forwarding Railway Company's Steamers.

JAMES MULLIGAN.

Ottawa, May 16, 1868. 746tf

W. NOTMAN,

Photographer to the Queen

CORNER OF

WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS,

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his

Establishment will be Opened

—ON—

Monday Next, 3rd February

When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for all kinds of different branches of Photography.

Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 582y

B. BILLINGS, JR.,

ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O & P R W 740tf

S. CHRISTIE,

COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,

EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.

E. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.

March 5 378y

Railroads.

CHANGE of TIME

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and after FRIDAY, the 15th May, 1868, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA
Mixed, 7. 15 a. m.	10.35 a. m.
Express, 1.35 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 7 4. m.	9.25 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m	4.15 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principals Stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

Ottawa, May 14, 1868. 1y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway,

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

Brockville, April 11. 472y

Grand Trunk Railway Company

OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 3.30 A.M.

Night do do at 7.30 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.50 A.M.

Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.

Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.

Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.

Express for Boston and New York, at 3.35 P.M.

Express for Portland (staying over at Island Pond) at 2.00 P.M.

Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Riviere du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Jeacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbroke, Waterville and Coaticooke only, at 10.10 P.M.

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director

December 23, 1867 650tf

MACHINERY OILS,

AMERICAN NATURAL

Lubricating Oils!

They Don't Gum,

They Don't Freeze,

THEY ARE THE

BEST AND CHEAPEST

MACHINERY OILS

IN THE DOMINION.

McKENZIE & MACKAY,
Agents for Canada.

T. ISAACS,
Agent, Ottawa.

Ottawa, March 17, 1868. 653tf

Books for the Times!

(The times of Papal and Infidel aggression.)

STANDARD EVANGELICAL WORKS,

By Rev. Dr. Cook, London, England.

Hamilton, Adams & Co., Publishers, London.

FOR SALE in Toronto by W. C. Chewett & Co., James Campbell & Son, Tract Society, Wesleyan Bookroom, Adam Stevenson & Co., James Young, A. S. Irving, and in Montreal by Dawson Brothers, A. Miller, R. Worthington, Sunday School Union, &c., and all Booksellers in the Dominion.

Christian Theology	$1 75
The Deity	1 50
The Shekinah	1 25
Explanations of Scripture	1 13
The Three Intercessions, (dedicated to the Evangelical alliance)	0 3

&c., &c., &c.

These works are most highly recommended by the English Magazines and religious press, also by the Press of Canada, (see Montreal "Witness," Toronto "Globe," "Leader," "Christian Guardian," &c.) The intention is to supply every Protestant family in the Dominion with these valuable works. As an antidote to Romanism, Ritualism, Infidelity and formal religion, they are unsurpassed.

April 23 724-17-3m

VICTORIA HOTEL,
SOUTH QUEBEC.

This fine Hotel having been rebuilt and greatly enlarged during the past Winter, is situated near the Terminus of the Grand Trunk Railway, South Quebec, and is now open for the accommodation of guests, under the management of J. Tofield.

The IMPROVEMENTS made during the past Winter render it in every way desirable for both TRANSIENT AND PERMANENT GUESTS. Special arrangements will be made with parties desiring to remain for a length of time.

The ROOMS are LARGE and WELL VENTILATED, and the BEDS are all new and good. No pains will be spared to render it in every respect A FIRST-CLASS HOUSE.

In connection with the House is a BILLIARD ROOM, BATH ROOM, and BAR. The Bar will always be supplied with the choicest Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c.

Horses and Carriages to Let.

May 16, 1868. 744b

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD

PLANS,

SPECIFICATIONS,

ESTIMATES, &

Prepared by

AUGUSTUS LAVER, ARCHITECT

Rideau-st. Ottawa.

April 1.

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St

M. P. HAYES. AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 57tf

HOWE'S

Boot and Shoe Store.

REMOVAL.

AS the Lease of our Premises in Sussex-street terminates this month, we intend to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our Store in

No. 10 Rideau-st.

Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favors to merit which our constant endeavors will be as usual to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest remunerating prices.

G. HOWE & SON.

Remember the place—No. 10, Rideau-st. next to Howell's grocery.

April 27. 420y

FRESH ARRIVALS
OF
Very Choice and Superior
TEAS

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Bakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved, and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

As it is imported by no other firm in Canada

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's "
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
AW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE
ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St

Ottawa, September 16. 225tf

FOR SALE.

A SELF-ACTING SODA WATER APPARATUS, with cylinders complete, cheap for cash. Apply to WILLIAM PRODERICK Sussex-street, Ottawa. 687tf

Furniture! Furniture! Furniture!

AT THE

VARIETY HALL,

34, Sussex-st.

JUST RECEIVED several Consignments of Black Walnut Furniture, consisting of Beautiful Reppe Covered Parlor Setts, Centre Tables, Extension Tables, Card and Side Tables, Fancy Tea Poys, Whatnots, Hair and Cane Seated Chairs, Sofas, Tete-a-tetes, Dressing Bureaus, Enclosed Washstands, and a full assortment of other furniture. There will be added to stock this week some very fine Bedroom Setts, which will be sold very low to close the consignment. Also a large stock of Willow, Market and Fancy Baskets, Children's Carriages, Horses, Perambulators, Hand Carts and Wheelbarrows, with a full assortment of Wooden Ware of all kinds. Also in stock and to arrive within a few days, the largest and best assortment of Crockery, China and Glassware imported direct from two of the best manufacturing houses in England. To all who wish to examine and purchase from a large stock will find the Variety Hall unequalled for assortment of stock and low prices.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
429 General Agent.

among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints, and are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Nov. 1, 1867 7ydw

VICTORIA

FURNITURE WAREROOMS.

GEORGE ARMSTRONG, Corner Victoria Square and Craig-street, Montreal, solicits a call from the Citizens of Ottawa about to furnish, who may visit Montreal to his very large and varied stock of FURNITURE which he will sell at greatly reduced prices for cash. The Parlor Furniture is of the best quality and latest designs, either plain or handsomely carved, in Walnut, oil finished or polished.

His Sideboards, Bookcases, Chamber Sets, Hall Furniture, &c., are worthy of attention.

Hair Mattresses and Bedding of all description constantly on hand, or made to order, at the shortest notice. Call and examine for yourselves.

"Patent Sofa, with reclining arms, of a very superior make."

N.B.—Sole Agent in the Dominion for the sale of G. A. FISKS' Air-Tight Metallic Casket. 712-3m

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET.

FIVE HANDSOMELY FURNISHED APARTMENTS, within three minutes walk of the Government Buildings, with or without Board; or a large and well furnished House for the Summer season. Apply at this Office.

May 28, 1868. 753a

Lots for Sale.

6 BUILDING LOTS, one mile from the City, on the Richmond Road, containing one acre each. Apply to THOMAS ANDERSON, Jr. on the premises. 564tf

FOR SALE, on SANDY HILL, opposite Desbarats', LOT No. 32, Stuart street. Terms moderate. Apply to Mrs. TIERNAN, No. 2, Stuart street opposite the Gas House.

Ottawa, May 4 1868. 734d

For Sale or to Let.

A Brick House,

CONTAINING nine room on Maria-street, near Dr. Hill's, from the 1st May. Apply to

JAMES STRACHAN,
On the premises.

Ottawa, March 27, 1868. 702tf

Two Dwellings to Let,

BEING the Upper part of E. MARTINEAU'S Clothing Store, Corner of Sussex and Clarence-st reets.

Enquire at the Store.

EUG. MARTINEAU.

Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 646y

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINSENT, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.

NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above VIRST-CLASS HOTEL

Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ., Or JOHN HENRY, Esq., Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W

Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

FARM FOR SALE.

FOR SALE Lot No. 15, 4th Concession, Gloucester, Rideau Front, seven miles from Ottawa, on the macadamized road leading from Ottawa to Metcalfe, consisting of 100 acres, 80 of which are cleared and in the highest state of cultivation. The soil is of the very best quality, and there is a new Frame Building and a good Stone Cellar, also a good Barn, Stable, Sheds and other outbuildings. The English Church and School House is about two acres from the house, the Methodist Church and Catholic Church can be seen from the door. There is a nine mile road running beside the lot. The Railroad Station is about two miles from the house. There will be a chance given in part of the purchase money if required. It is well fenced and watered. For further particulars apply to the subscriber on the premises.

701-1-13wtf813 WM. HALPENNY.

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to

HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY,
AND
COURT OF SPAIN,
THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,
AND
HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT

MR. JOHN LESLIE, Sparks-street,

Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,

For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*

H. & A. SAUNDERS, Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion, for the sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa, May 20. 748y

SPRING TAILORING.

THE SERVICES OF A

First-Class Tailor,

From MONTREAL, have been secured by the undersigned, who will pay a special attention to this branch of their business, and endeavour to show for

SPRING TRADE

A STOCK OF

CLOTHS

SECOND TO NONE IN OTTAWA

This department will be complete in the first week of April. Inspection respectfully invited.

J. A. PINARD & CO.,
No. 17, Sussex-street, Sign of the Golden Ball.

Ottawa, March 20. 696tf

Quebec Bank---Ottawa Branch

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

FROM the 1st day of April next ensuing, INTEREST at the RATE of FIVE per cent per annum, will be allowed on Deposits in this Department.

H. V. NOEL,
Manager.

Ottawa, March 13, 1868. 650-3m

NOTICE.

MESSRS. ANGUS & SON, in retiring from the Undertaking Business, would beg to inform their friends and the public that they have disposed of their Hearses and stock in trade to Mr. Samuel Rogers, Cabinet Maker, who will in future attend to all orders in the Undertaking line, and they have much pleasure in recommending him to their many patrons and friends.

ANGUS & SON,
Furniture Dealers, No. 22, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, May 11, 1868.

UNDERTAKING.

IN reference to the above, S. Rogers takes this opportunity of thanking his numerous friends and customers for their very liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Cabinet and Upholstering Business, and would respectfully solicit in this new branch of his trade a continuation of their favors.

S. ROGERS,
Cabinet Maker, &c., Rideau and George-streets.

Ottawa, May 11, 1868. 741d

Ice, Ice, Ice!

THE subscriber will furnish ICE DAILY to those requiring it for the Season. Double supplies on Saturday for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season, $6.00. Hotels and Steamers supplied with large quantities on liberal terms, as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted.

All orders left at KAVANAGH'S RESTAURANT, or at the subscriber's, will be strictly attended to.

F. STARMER.
126, Rideau-st.

Ottawa, May 14, 1868. 742d

Piano-Forte Tuition!

W. C. CLARK,

PROFESSOR OF MUSIC and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-street, corner of Lyster-street, Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Lee's Music Store. 452y

Steamers.

1868 1868

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S

MAIL STEAMER

Queen Victoria,

Captain A. BOWIE,

Leaves the Queen's Wharf with mails and passengers for Montreal, every morning, (Sundays excepted) at half-past 6 o'clock, arriving at 4:45 p.m.

Travellers and tourists will find this a delightful trip.

First-class Fare (meals extra)	$3 50
Second " "	2 00
First " Return "	6 00

Baggage checked through.

Parcel Express daily to and from Montreal and all landings.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs landed at L'Original.

For further information apply at Office on the wharf, or on board the steamer.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Excursion Tickets to Grenville and back for one fare.

MARKET STEAMER

"FAIRY,"

Captain R. G. NICHOLS,

Leaves Ottawa for Major's and intermediate landings on Tuesdays and Fridays at 4 o'clock, p.m.

749g R. W. SHEPHERD.

1868 1868

UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

Upper Ottawa Route.

Consisting of the following first-class Steamers,

ANN FISSON,	Captain Murphy.
ALLIANCE,	" Findlay.
EMERALD,	" Toner.
OREGON,	" Cowley.
CALUMET,	" Blondin.
JASON GOULD,	" Bolton.
PONTIAC,	" Duggan.
PEMBROKE,	" Overman.
SNOW BIRD,	" Beattie.

Until further notice the Steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day (Sundays excepted) for the Upper Ottawa at 8:30 a.m., connecting with the *Alliance* at head of railroad at 12:30, touching at Arnprior, Sandpoint, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf, and Portage-du-Fort. Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after the arrival of the Steamer *Alliance* for Cobden, connecting with Steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.

The Steamer *Pembroke* leaves Pembroke at 7 o'clock, a.m., on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday for Des Joachims, calling at intermediate ports, returning on same day, leaving at 2 p.m., connecting at Pembroke with Steamer *Jason Gould* which leaves daily at 5 a.m., and arriving at Portage-du-Fort at 10 a.m.

The Steamer *Alliance* leaves Portage-du-Fort every morning (Sundays excepted) at 9:30 a.m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere, Bristol, Sandpoint and Arnprior, and arriving at head of railway at 12:45, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4 p.m.

The Steamer *Calumet* leaves Havelock for Chapeau Village and intermediate ports on Tuesdays at 6 o'clock, a.m., and returning leaves Chapeau Village same days, at 2 o'clock.

A connection is made daily with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at Arnprior at 2 o'clock p.m., in time to connect with the Grand Trunk Railway night trains east and west, and on the downward trip at Sandpoint 1:35 a.m., Arnprior 12:10.

Passengers for Des Joachims leave Ottawa every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

For further particulars apply at the office of the Company in Ottawa City or Aylmer.

R. S. CASSELS,
Ottawa City, April 22, 1868. President. 724S

Condensed Time Table

Between Brockville and Ottawa, via Brockville and Ottawa Railway and Union Forwarding Railway Company's Steamers:

UPWARDS.

Leave Ottawa at	7:00 a.m.
Arrive at Arnprior at	2:00 p.m.
Leave Arnprior at	2:20 p.m.
Arrive at Brockville at	7:45 p.m.

In time to connect with Grand Trunk Railway Night Trains, East and West.

DOWNWARDS.

Leave Brockville at	7:15 a.m.
Arrive at Arnprior at	12:10 p.m.
Leave Arnprior at	12:15 p.m.
Arrive at Ottawa at	5:00 p.m.

1868. 1868.

THE

Quebec and Gulf Ports

STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

ROYAL Mail Line between Quebec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, every Tuesday.

The first-class Steel Side-Wheel Steamship

"SECRET,"

WILLIAM DAVISON, - - Master,

Will leave

St. Andrew's Wharf

—ON—

TUESDAY, the 26th of MAY,

At four o'clock, p.m.,

for Pictou, N.S., calling at Father Point, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle, Miramichi and Shediac. Returning will leave Pictou on Tuesday, 19th May, at 5 o'clock, p. m.

The steamers connect at Shediac with E. & N. A. R. R. to St. John, N.B., and steamer for Prince Edward Island, and at Pictou with N. S. Railway to Halifax.

Through tickets to St. John, N. B., and Halifax, Nova Scotia. Return ticket by steamers at reduced rates. For freight or passage apply to

W. MOORE, Manager.

May 9, 1868. 739-S

Notice to Builders.

TENDERS

Will be received until

THURSDAY,

THE 4TH DAY OF JUNE NEXT, AT NOON,

For the construction and completion of a

School House in Wellington Ward,

To be built on the block fronting Hugh-street, between Maria and Slater-streets.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the undersigned to whom tenders are to be addressed, and endorsed "Tenders for School House."

The signatures of two responsible persons will be required who are willing to become security for the due performance of the work.

The lowest or any other tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JAMES D. SLATER,
Chairman Board of School Trustees.

Ottawa, May 21, 1868. 749td

Plans, Specifications, &c.,

PREPARED for Buildings of every description, by

SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,

711tf Wellington-st.

1867 AND 1868.

INDIA WAREHOUSE!

16 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform their Customers that their Stock is now complete, and embraces every delicacy of the Season, among which will be found a choice assortment of

TEAS,

Breakfast SOUCHONG, do CONGOU,	Black Extra Fine.
Superior HYSON, " GUNPOWDER, " IMPERIAL, " TWANKAY,	
Orange PEKOE, Flowery " Japan "	These Teas have been carefully selected for family trade by

BROWNE & HARDY.

SUGARS,

LOAF,
BROKEN LOAF,
CRUSHED,
GROUND,
YELLOW,
and MUSCOVADO.

COFFEE,

MOCHA,
JAVA,
JAMAICA, and
CEYLON,

Roasted and Ground daily on the premises.

CHOCOLATE and COCOA,

FRENCH, flavored with Vanilla;

TAYLOR'S,
FRYE'S,
MOTT'S

FRUITS, &c.

LAYER RAISINS,
in Whole, Half and Quarter Boxes
MUSCATEL, do do
SULTANA,
VALENTIA,
CURRANTS,
GRAPES,
ORANGES
LEMONS,
PRUNES,
ALMONDS,
WALNUTS,
FILBERTS, and
BRAZIL NUTS.

SPICES,

NUTMEGS,
MACE,
CINNAMON,
CLOVES,
GINGER,
MIXED SPICES,

All Ground on the Premises

D. T. BROWNE & CO.

Ottawa December 19 405t

CRICKET AND CROQUET

JUST received by the subscribers a splendid assortment of

CRICKETING GOODS

Consisting of Clapshaw's and Duke's Bats, of all qualities.

Dark's and Page's Double and Treble Seamed Balls.

Felyham's Batting and Wicket-keeping Gloves and Leggings.

Plain and Fancy Wickets, Spikes, &c., in all making the largest stock of the above goods ever imported into this city.

Also superior sets of Croquet from $6.50 to $12.

J. L. ORME & SON,
25, Sparks-street,
Sign of the Golden Lyre.

April 30, 1868: 443y

EDUCATION.

A YOUNG LADY having some experience in teaching, and possessing a FIRST-CLASS ENGLISH EDUCATION, embracing Music with a thorough knowledge of the French (Parisian) Language, and the rudiments of German, is open to an engagement either as daily or visiting Governess. Satisfactory references can be given if necessary. Terms can be known on application at the residence of her father, Mr. DAVIS, No. 9, Patrick-street.

Ottawa, April 17, 1868. 720tf

ARNOLDI'S

WINE AND SPIRIT VAULTS,

11 *Metcalfe-st., Telegraph Co's Building,*
OTTAWA,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL, FOR CASH ONLY.

Dekuyper's Red Cases, Gin, 15 bottles $9 00
" Green, " " per doz 4 80
Booth's London Gin " 7 20
Bernard's and Thompson's Gin " 6 00
Green Seal Champagne " 12 00
AND UPWARDS.

PORT WINES—Graham's, Sandeman's, &c.

	Per Gall.	Per Doz
No. 1 Good sound Wine	$2 00	$8 00
" 2 "	3 00	8 75
" 3 Old	3 50	10 00
" 4 Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine old	5 75	15 50

SHERRIES—Lomecq's, Pemartin's, &c.:

No. 1 Superior Light table Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2 Extra do	3 00	8 75
" 3 Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4 Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine	5 50	15 00

Single sample bottles at above rates.

Also, of Standard Brands, in wood or bottle, old and new, Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch and Canadian Whiskies

Canadian Ale, in wood or bottle.

Guinness' Porter, pints and quarts. Hibbert's Porter, pints and quarts. Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, pints and quarts.

Clarets, Hocks, Sauternes, Curacao, Maraschino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., &c.

Purity in all cases guaranteed, and goods marked at the lowest quotations.

Orders by mail with cash, promptly attended to. Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.

NOTICE.

The subscriber would intimate to those of his customers with whom current accounts may have been opened that it is his intention to take advantage of any irregularity in their payment to close them in order that he may conduct his business totally on the *cash principle*, which has been found to work much more satisfactorily for both the buyer and seller in every branch of trade in which it has been tried, and relying on quality of his goods and the prices charged for them (which will always be as low as they can honestly be sold for) he solicits a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

K. ARNOLDI,
Dealer in the better qualities of Wines, Spirits, &c., Metcalfe-street, Telegraph Co's Building, Ottawa.

Price lists on application or sent to any address.

April 21, 1868. 535y

PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE.

MRS. RICHARD will open a Private first-class BOARDING HOUSE, Corner of SUSSEX and CLARENCE-STS., over Mr. Martineau's Dry Goods Store, on the 1st March. Parties wishing quiet, good, comfortable board, with good attendance, will please apply and secure apartments.

Breakfast at 8 and 10 a. m.; Lunch at 1 p. m.; and Dinner at 6 p. m.

Ottawa, March 18, 1868. 659-3m

HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,

WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

WILLIAM HOLGATE,
JOHN OLIVER,
WILLIAM ANNABLE.

506y

Skates! Skates!

At ISAAC'S,

ALSO,

SLEIGHS, SLEIGHS

ALL PRESENTS BY SANTA CLAUS,

At ISAAC'S

Skates from 20 cents to $6.00

At ISAAC'S,

Sparks-street,

ALSO,

Hardware of all Description

At Lowest Cash Prices,

At ISAAC'S.

Remember the place,

T ISAAC'S

ecembe 17, 1867.

Take Highest Premiums at the Paris Exposition.

PLATFORM, COUNTER, Warehouse, Grain, Coal, Hay, Railroad Track, Depot, Druggist, Gold, and *all* kinds of SCALES constantly on hand and for Sale.

FAIRBANKS, BROWN & Co., Boston, Mass

Our Sole Agents in Ottawa,

ALEXANDER WORKMAN & Co.

November 18, 1867. 592-6m

Dutch Flower Bulbs.

JUST RECEIVED, per Peruvian, by the subscriber, a Splendid Collection of the above, consisting of the most exquisite and brilliant varieties of

GLADIOLUS, double and single,
ANEMONIES,
RANULCULUS,
AMARYLLUS,
FORMOSSIMA, &c.

Also, a great variety of FLOWER SEEDS.

W. HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-st., Ottawa.

April 22, 1868. 724tf

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind*, and all disease which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind in easy to give, s

The Times

Senate Reading Room 3 copies

OL. III. NO 759. OTTAWA, THURSDAY, JUNE 4, 1868. PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valle issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the we'k over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only, ... $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line, ... 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line, ... 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.
Yearly subscription to the daily (if paid in advance), ... $5 00
If not paid in advance 6 00
Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance) $1 00
If not paid in advance 1 50

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54 Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

Mails for the Maritime Provinces.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

From OTTAWA—Mails for St. JOHN, N. B., Closed Daily, 12:45, P. M.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

THE general route of transmission is by railway, *via* Montreal, Danville Junction, and Bangor, Me., whence by stage to Calais and St. John. Time taken, at this season, usually four days.

The mail despatched, however, on Friday, obtains connexion with the Monday 5 p m steamer, (International Line), from Portland, being due at St. John on Tuesday p m.

For Woodstock, N. B.

There is also a tri-weekly Mail from Riviere du Loup to Edmundston and Woodstock, leaving Riviere du Loup every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday evenings, on the arrival of the mail train from Quebec. Matter intended for conveyance by this route should be specially addressed "Via Riv. du Loup."

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

Matter for Prince Edward Island is forwarded via St. John.

Letters 5 cents per half ounce. Newspapers 1 cent.

*NOVA SCOTIA.

For Halifax, N. S., Closed Every Thursday, 12:45, P. M.

Route of transmission *via* Portland, whence per steamer *Chase*, or *Carlotta*, every Saturday at 4 p m, for Halifax, being due there on the following Monday.

Letters 5 cents p r half ounce. Newspapers 1 cent.

For Halifax, N. S., Closed Every Friday, 12:45, P. M.

Route of transmission is *via* Portland, connecting there with the Monday 5 p m steamer, (International Line), for St. John. Mail due in Halifax on the following Thursday evening.

Letters 5 cents per half ounce. Newspapers 1 cent.

Letters, &c., are not forwarded from Ottawa to Halifax by the land route, *via* St. John, N. B., unless specially so addressed.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

Newfoundland is included in the ordinary mails made up for Halifax.

Letters 12½ cents per half ounce. Newspapers 2 cents each.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa, Feb. 13, 1868.

Nova Scotia, by "Inman" Steamer from New York.

*Note—For Inman Steamer to Halifax a Mail is closed every alternate Friday, 12.45, p m, (i. e. 21st February, 6th and 20th March, 3rd and 17th April, and so on) Route of transmission is *via* New York, connecting there with the Steamer of the Inman Line, leaving on alternate Mondays at Noon for England, *via* Halifax, being due at Halifax on the following Thursday. Letters and papers for despatch by this route must be SPECIALLY SO ADDRESSED, with postage prepaid by stamp, as follows—

Letters 12½ cents per half ounce. Newspapers 2 cents each. 672tf

Legal Cards.

MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. GEORGE TAILLON.
Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1863. 366-tf

R. J. WICKSTEED,
ADVOCATE, &c., 42, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 539-6m

N. TETREAU,
NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 6, 1867. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. Office: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
Office: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa
February 7, 1866. 43-tf

P. J. BUCKLEY, LL.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Camera Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Customs House
Ottawa, March 30. 87-y

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
Office: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
Office: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866.

NICHOLAS SPARKS,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

G. J. O'DOHERTY,
LAW, Chancery, and Conveyancing Office, Aumond's Buildings, Rideau street.
Ottawa, December 6, 1867.

Medical Cards.

A. CODD, M.D., C.M.,
(Attending Physician General Protestant Hospital.)
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Four doors east of the Revere House, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
OFFICE HOURS—From 8 to 10 a m, and from 2 to 4 p m.
Ottawa, April 30. 730-3m

DR. CHESLEY,
OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 75 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30. 44"tf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

F. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 380y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,
DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
CORNER of Kent and Wellington-Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 43utf

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-100-y

Hotels and Saloons.

DOMINION HOUSE,
WELLINGTON STREET.
THE undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.
GEORGE IRVINE.
Ottawa, March 26. 658y

MATHEWS' OLD STAND,
YORK-STREET,
WILL BE OPEN for the accommodation of the public on THURSDAY, 12th of March, 1868. The subscriber having again resumed business in his old stand as hotel-keeper, wishes to return thanks to his numerous friends and the public for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on him, during the past seventeen years, and hopes by strict attention to business, and kindness to all, to share a portion of public patronage. His Larder will be always supplied with the best the market affords. His Bar will be supplied with the best of Liquors and choicest Cigars.
T. MATHEWS,
Proprietor.
N. B.—The house has been thoroughly renovated and newly furnished.
Ottawa, March 11, 1868. 688tf

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Pauace Street, Quebec

REVERE HOUSE, OTTAWA,
G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, } .....PROPRIETORS.
THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867 582tf

THE ALBION HOTEL
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable addition have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1866. 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

MISS LOVETT'S
PRIVATE HOTEL
HOLLIS STREET, HALIFAX, N. S.
STRANGERS will find this long established and well known house to be the most comfortable and well conducted in the city.
December 23, 1867. 622-6m

TORONTO HOUSE,
SPARKS STREET.
MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has a few Commodious Suites of Apartments to Let, handsomely and comfortably furnished.
Gentlemen attending the Session of Parliament will find at the Toronto House most convenient quarters, where the quiet of the private family is combined with the usual attendance to be found at the best hotels.
Ottawa, Feb. 25, 1868. 671tf

Druggists.

EX S. S. BELGIAN.
CHOICE PERFUMES!
AT THE OLD
MEDICAL HALL!
28 Sparks-street.
THE subscriber begs to intimate to his customers that he has now opened up a portion of his spring importation of Genuine English Perfumery comprising among others
"The Ladies of England Boquet,"
"The New Court Bouquet,"
"New Bond Street Railway Boquet,"
"With Love and Kisses,"
"Essence of Ylang Ylang,"
"Dr. Marigold's Mixture,"
&c., &c.
Balance of importations daily expected ex S. S. *St. Lawrence*, from London.
W. M. MASSEY,
Dispensing Chemist,
Medical Hall, 28, *Sparks-st.*
Ottawa, May 7, 1868. 472y

Spectacles for all Sights.
OPTICAL Instruments Electro-Magnetic and Galvanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.
W. REARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-street.
637y

Apothecaries Hall!
No. 41, SUSSEX STREET,
G. MORTIMER, - - - PROPRIETOR
NONE OTHER GENUINE!
TRADE MARK IS REGISTERED

Canadian Cough Emulsion.
THIS Valuable Medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in the Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness of the skin. Prepared only by
GEORGE MORTIMER,
Chemist and Druggist, 41, Sussex Street, Ottawa City. Sold in bottles at 1s 3d and 2s 6d each.

MORTIMER'S
COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS
AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS.
A grand Specific for derangement of the digestive organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

MORTIMER'S Vegetable WORM DESTROYER.
The only sure remedy that exists. Combining delicious tarte with amazing power. Also
CAMPHORATED EYE-WATER,
Sure Cure for Sore, Weak and Inflamed Eyes.

MORTIMER'S
Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentrifice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand, Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

FOUND,
A NEVER Failing Remedy for Coughs and Colds, Mortimer's Canadian Cough Emulsion. No family should be without a bottle. None genuine but from
G. MORTIMER,
Chemist, 41, Sussex-st.
The best of Certificates can be produced.
Ottawa, Nov. 22, 1867. 96-6m

GEO. MAYES,
COPPER PLATE PRINTER,
Bank Street, Centre Town,
Between Sparks & Queen Streets.
Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

MONEY TO LEND
ON REAL ESTATE SECURITY.
WALKER & PENNOCK,
Barristers, &c.,
Ottawa.
April 15, 1868. 717tf

SMITH & RODNEY
MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from Eaton's Gilding Store, having just received a choice stock of
English, French and Canadian
CLOTHS and TWEEDS,
And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1, 1867. 551tf

A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER
AND
Blank Book Manufacturer,
26, METCALFE-ST., OTTAWA.
HAVING every facility in the way of first-class Machinery, and employing none but first-class workmen, I am prepared to turn out every description of Binding in as good a style of workmanship as any other establishment in Canada.
A. MORTIMER,
Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, Feb. 6. 384y

Intercolonial Trade.

OUR ONLY SAFEGUARD GAINST DISUNION.
BY
R. G. HALIBURTON, M. A.
For sale by
GEORGE E. DESBARATS.
Ottawa, April 2, 1868.

MILES'
HAIRDRESSING SALOON
BELL'S BLOCK, ELGIN-ST.
THIS SALOON is fitted up in a neat and attractive manner, and is always attended by competent and attentive workmen.
E. MILES,
Hair Dresser, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General.
Ottawa, April 13. 715y

GREAT BARGAINS IN DRESS GOODS, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.
NEW STYLE OF DRESS GOODS, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.
FANCY DRESS GOODS AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.
PLAIN GOODS FOR TRAVELLING DRESSES, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.
BAREGE, GRENADINE & LLAMA DRESS GOODS, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S Invite inspection of their Stock.
No. 14, RIDEAU-STREET.
Ottawa, May 30, 1868. 510y

CRICKETING GOODS,
CROQUET, FISHING TACKLE
FOILS,
Masks & Boxing Gloves
AT THE
Sheffield House, Ottawa.
Ottawa, May 5, 1868.

NEW SILK AND DRESS GOODS.
Grant and Henderson
Have just opened out a new lot of
Black and Fancy Silks, Moire-Antiques,
BROCADES, POPLINS, CHALLIS, LUSTRES, &c.
Elegant Goods at Moderate Prices.
Millinery, Mantles, Jackets, Carpets and House Furnishings in great variety, always on hand.
No. 20, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, May 16, 1868. 629y

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
"CAPITAL" 35, SUSSEX STREET
STOVE DEPOT! H. MEADOWS & CO.
WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall Stoves, for wood or coal we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES
COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.

Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW OVEN STOVES.

BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.	
BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.	
BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.	

Suitable for private Dwellings and Churches Warehouses and Stores

PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES	PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES	PARLOR STOVES.

New and most beautiful designs, very cheap.
COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES.
Hot Air Furnaces.
We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE, RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with Stovepipes, &c., at reduced rates.
Lumbermen's Supplies Lumbermen's Supplies! Shanty Plates! Basins! Camp Kettles, &c.
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS!
Bird Cages! Bird Cages! Bird Cages!
Price Lists sent free on application.
Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending buyers would do well to note.
An inspection of the above goods invited at the
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, October 2 1867. 62-y

Fresh Oysters.
JUST RECEIVED at the TORONTO HOUSE a fresh supply of OYSTERS.
Members of Parliament or others requiring quarters can be accommodated by applying at the TORONTO HOUSE.
Ottawa, March 13, 1868. 690

LADIES CALL AT THE CAPITAL
Boot and Shoe Store!
YORK-STREET.
For Cheap Gaiters
AT
ONE DOLLAR A PAIR!
Good at 95 cents.
Men's ware equally low, in every variety of style. This is the place to buy cheap at the "Capital," York-street.
429y GEORGE MURPHY.

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1868. 78-y

NEW GREEN HOUSE.
ERECTED lately by the subscriber at New Edinburgh, who has now on hand and for sale a large variety of choice Verbenas, and other flowering plants. Orders left at G. Bott's, Rideau-street, will be punctually attended to
ROBERT CURRY.
Mare 1868. 691-3m

NOTICE.
ALL payments to be made on account of the Ontario Government may be made to the
ROYAL CANADIAN BANK,
And its Agencies.
Dated at Toronto, 30th October, A.D., 1867.
E. B. WOOD,
Treasurer of Ontario.
October 31, 1867. Tf

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, May 8, 1868.
AUTHORIZED Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 28 per cent.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

Miscellaneous.

D. CODD & CO.,
PATENT AGENTS, SOLICITORS, &c. Drawings, Specifications, Models, and all other business in connection with the procuring of Letters Patent of Invention, attended to at the shortest notice.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 741-6m

I. B. TACKABERRY'S
AUCTION ROOMS, No. 30, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any part of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

Richmond Circuit Board
OF
PUBLIC INSTRUCTION
FOR THE
County of Carleton.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN
That the above Board will meet
IN THE TOWN HALL,
IN RICHMOND,
On Wednesday, the 8th day of July next
AND ALSO ON
WEDNESDAY,
The 9th day of December next,
At 12 o'clock, noon, for general business. Applicants for certificates of qualification are required to furnish the Board with certificates of moral character from either Local Superintendent or from a Clergyman of the denomination to which they respectively belong.
C. B. PETITT, M.A.,
Chairman.
J. HINTON,
Secretary.
Richmond, May 21, 1868.

CITIZEN OFFICE,
RIDEAU-STREET.
A NEW
Stationery Store
Has been opened in connection with
"The Ottawa Citizen" Office,
AND THE
Patronage of the Public is Respectfully Solicited.
THE STOCK EMBRACES
AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF
STATIONERY!
INCLUDING ALL KINDS OF
WRITING, PRINTING, WRAPPING, BLOTTING, COLORED, TISSUE, CARTRIDGE & DRAWING PAPERS.
ENVELOPES, VISITING CARDS,
PLAYING CARDS, (Plain and Mourning.)
MEMORANDUM
And ACCOUNT BOOKS,
POCKET LEDGERS,
And CASH BOOKS,
LETTER COPYING BOOKS.
INDEXES,
BLANK NOTES,
And DRAFTS.
STEEL PENS, QUILLS,
INDIA RUBBER, INK ERASER,
SEALING WAX,
ELASTIC BANDS (All Sizes),
ERASING KNIVES,
LETTER SCALES,
FILES AND CLIPS,
PAPER FASTENERS.
INK-STANDS,
(All sizes in Glass, Pewter and Fancy.)
PEN RACKS, INKS,
ROUND RULERS,
SLATES AND SLATE PENCILS,
MUCILAGE, MARKING INKS,
And every other ARTICLE in the trade.
ORDERS FOR
BLANK BOOKS!
In any Style of Ruling and Binding, executed on the shortest notice.
BOOKBINDING
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
Job Printing
As usual, Neatly, Cheaply and Expeditiously executed.
I. B. TAYLOR, Proprietor.
Ottawa, May 25, 1868. 751y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,
Thursday, 28th day of May, 1868.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.
ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Marine and Fisheries, and under the authority of the 19th Section of "The Fisheries Act,"
His Excellency in Council has been pleased to make the following Regulations:—
Herrings shall not be taken between the Fifteenth day of July and the Fifteenth day of October in any year, on the spawning ground at the southern head of Grand Manan, in the Province of New Brunswick, within the following limits, that is to say:—Commencing at the eastern part of Seal Cove, including the two Inner Islands (so called) at a place known as Red Point, thence extending westerly along the coast to the southern head of Bradford's Cove, and extending one mile from the shore; and all nets or other fishing material, apparatus, tackle or gear used for catching Herrings on any part of the said ground during the period above described, shall be seized and confiscated; and every person so using the same shall be subject to fine or imprisonment.
The fishing for or catching of Salmon with swing nets in any of the waters of Canada is hereby forbidden.
Oysters shall not be fished for, caught or killed between the First day of June and the First day of September in any year.
WM. H. LEE,
758tf. Clerk Privy Council.

CANADA.
HEAD QUARTERS.
Ottawa, 2nd June, 1868.
GENERAL ORDER.
VOLUNTEER MILITIA.
OFFICERS commanding Battalions and Corps of the Volunteer Militia are hereby notified that, until further orders, when Volunteers are called out for actual service, the rates of daily pay will be, for privates fifty cents; and for non-commissioned officers in proportion.
Free rations or an allowance in lieu thereof will be furnished in addition, in conformity with the Blue Book regulations published in 1866.
Boots will also be issued free of charge to all Volunteers who may be required to leave their homes for actual service.
Boots will be issued by District Staff Officers on the requisition of Commanding Officers of Corps or Battalions, for the number of men actually under arms for such actual service.
By Command of His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor-General and Commander-in-Chief.
P. L. MacDOUGALL,
Colonel,
Adjutant-General of Militia, Canada.
758-3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.
Saturday, 30th day of May, 1868.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:
ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under and in virtue of the authority given by the Act passed during the late session of Parliament of Canada, 31st Vic. Cap. 50, intituled: "An Act to increase the Excise Duty on Spirits, to impose an Excise Duty on Refined Petroleum, and to provide for the Inspection thereof," His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following Regulations respecting the Inspection and Branding of Petroleum, shall be and they are hereby made and established.
WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council.
REGULATIONS.
1st. Refined Petroleum shall be tested by Taglibues Pyrometer or by Inland Revenue such other similar Instrument as may be approved by Act, 1868, *Sec.* the Minister of Inland Revenue, and all such Instruments shall be distributed under the Supervision of the Department of Inland Revenue, and shall be used in accordance with instructions sanctioned by the said Department.
17.
2. Refined Petroleum which was on the 22nd of May, 1868, in possession of parties who were not Refiners, may be allowed to pass inspection provided it bears a *fire test* of one hundred degrees of Fahrenheit Thermometer, without giving off vapour that will explode, or ignite on the application of fire.
3. All Barrels, Casks or Packages containing Petroleum which has been inspected shall be branded with—
The date of the Inspection.
Sec. 17. The name of the Inspecting Officer.
The degree of heat at which the vapour produced by it ignited.
The name of the Refiner, or if imported the name of the Importer.
4. Refined Petroleum may be warehoused and removed in Bond under the regulations made by an Order in Council on the 27th day of April, 1868.

TO LET.
FOUR GOOD ROOMS over SHEPHERD'S GROCERY STORE, *Murray st.*, between Sussex and Dalhousie-sts. Also, GOOD STABLES for thirteen horses. Rent moderate. Also a quantity of CEDARS for sale. Enquire of M. SHEPHERD, at the Store.
Ottawa, May 20, 1868. 748

TO LET.
Two Bedrooms and Parlor furnished in Wellington-street, Upper Town. Address Box 236, G.P.O.
May 27. 752a

BOARD.
Three or four gentlemen can be accommodated with BOARD and LODGING at MRS. WM. KENNEDY'S, Wellington-street.
Ottawa, May 27, 1868. 752a

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
Toronto, May 28, 1868.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT Charles Westley Lount, of Bracebridge, in the Township of Macauley, in the District of Muskoka, Esquire, has been appointed Agent for the disposal of public lands in the Townships of Morrison, Muskoka, Draper, Macauley, Stephenson, McLean, Brunnel, Monck and Watt, in the District of Muskoka, in the place of Richard Jose Oliver, Esquire, whose services have been dispensed with.
Applications for lands open as Free Grants in the above mentioned Townships, must also be made to Mr. Lount.
S. RICHARDS,
Commissioner.
Toronto, May 29, 1867. 758-tf

Government House, Ottawa,
Thursday, 28th May, 1868.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.
WHEREAS it has been represented to His Excellency in Council that the rates of toll imposed under the existing regulations upon vessels and goods passing through Burlington Bay Canal, are proportionately higher than those established for other Canals in the Dominion, and it is expedient that the same should be reduced,—
His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 58th section of the Act 31 Vic., Cap. 12, intituled: "An Act respecting the Public Works of Canada," has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the First day of June next, and in lieu of any tolls or dues which may have been by any Order in Council heretofore or authorized to be collected on the said Burlington Bay Canal, the tolls and dues enumerated and specified in the schedule hereunto annexed, and forming part of this Order, shall be and they are hereby imposed and the collection thereof authorized in and upon the said Burlington Bay Canal under the authority of the Act above referred to.
WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council.

Schedule of the Rates of Toll on the Burlington Bay Canal.

	Each Way. Cents.
Class No. 1.	
Vessels—steam ..... Per ton.	4
Do. sail ..... do.	4
Class No. 2.	
Passengers, 21 years of age and upwards ..... Each	1
Do. under 21 years of age.. do	1
Class No. 3.	
Barley, Bricks, Cement, Clay, Coal, Corn, Gypsum, Ice, Iron, (railway, pig, scrap, and broken castings) Lime, Manganese, Manures, Copper Ore, Sand, Salt, Slate, Stone (unwrought) and Wheat ..... Per ton.	6
Class No. 4.	
Apples, Potatoes, Oats, Peas, and Beans, and all agricultural products not enumerated and not being merchandise, Ashes, Beef, Bacon, Bones, Bran and ship stuff, Broom, Corn, Cattle, Cotton (raw), Fish, Flax, Flour, Glass (window), Hay (pressed), Hams, Hogs, Horns and Hoofs, Horses, Iron, wrought in sheets, Bars or Forgings, Iron castings, Junk, Lard and Lard Oil, Meats of all kinds, Marble, Nails, Oil in barrels, Oil Cake, Pork, Rags, Rye, Seeds, (flax, clover and grass), Sheep, Spikes, Stone (wrought), Tobacco (unmanufactured), and Tallow ..... Per ton,	8
Class No. 5.	
Agricultural Implements, baggage of Settlers, Beer, Bees Wax, Biscuits, Butter, Carts, Clark, Charcoal, Cheese, Cider, Coffee, Copperas, Crockery, Dye Woods, and Dye Stuffs, Earthenware, Furniture, Glassware, Hides and Skins (raw), Hemp, Mahogany, Manilla, Molasses, Oakum, Paint, Pitch, Rosin, Ships' stores, Sleighs, Soda Ash, Steel, Stoneware, Sugar, Tar, Tin, Turpentine, Vinegar, Waggons, White Lead, Whiting, Whiskey, High Wines and Spirits, Wool ..... Per ton,	10
Class No. 6.	
All other goods and merchandise not enumerated ..... Per ton,	8
Class No. 7.	
Bark ..... Per ton,	10
Barrels, empty ..... Each,	4
Boat Knees ..... "	2
Floats, per 1,000 linear feet ..... M	50
Firewood per cord in Vessels ..... Cord	8
Do. do. in rafts ..... "	8
Hoops ..... M	8
Masts and Spars, and Telegraph Poles, per ton of 40 cubic feet, in vessels	5
Do. do. in rafts	10
Railway Ties in Vessels ..... Each,	4
Do. do. in rafts ..... "	4
Sawed Stuffs, Boards, Planks, Scantling and Sawed Timber, per M. board measure..	6
do. do. in vessels,	3
do. do. in rafts...	6
Square timber in Vessels per M. cubic feet	25
Do. rafted per M. cubic feet,	50
Waggon stuff, Woodenware, and Wood partly manufactured per ton of 40 cubic feet	8
Shingles ..... Per M	3
Split posts and fence rails, per M. in Vessels	15
Do. do. in rafts..	30
Saw logs, each standard log .... Each	2
Staves and Headings (barrel).. Per M.	5
Do. do. (Pipes).. do.	10
Do. do. (W. India) do.	8
Traverses ..... p. 100 p.	10
Hop Poles ..... p. 1,000 p.	50

Ottawa, May 28, 1868.

NEW BOOKS.
Exodus of the Western Nations by Viscount Bury; Chronicles and Characters by Owen Meredith; Brakespeare by the author of "Guy Livingstone"; The Lost Name, a Novel; Farming for Boys: The New Dictionary of Quotations; The Huguenots by Samuel Smiles: Law and Lawyers—Curious Facts and Characteristic Sketches; Artand Artists, do.; Books and Authors, do.; Clergymen and Doctors, do.; Longfellow's Works Complete for 15 cents; The Waverley Novels, per vol., 15 cents; Cooper's Novels, per vol., 15 cents; Essays in Elia by Lamb complete for 15 cents; De Quincey's Confessions of an Opium Eater for 15 cents.
Bibles, Prayer Books, Church Services, just received from the Publishers, in the newest and richest patterns.
For sale by
J DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st.,
Opposite the Russell House.
499y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Government Notice—Wm. H. Lee.
Do. do. Do.
Ottawa Provisional Battalion—J. P. Macpherson.
A Lecture—Robt. O'Reilly.
House to Let—J. Bermingham.
Ladies' Concert—Russell House.
A Blacksmith's Shop for Sale—D. Hall.
Her Majesty's Theatre—Caste.

The Ottawa Times

THURSDAY, JUNE 4, 1868.

EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENCE

MOUNT FOREST, June 1, 1868.

The cold spell, not unfrequently resulting in heavy frost, in this high region, which invariably comes about the beginning of June, promises this year to pass by without doing any damage to the green crops, as the sky has been continuously overcast and the blight which follows the warm rays of the morning sun on the tender leaves, crisped by the previous night's frost, has been averted. An ingenious friend who had spent many years in this part of the country once gave me as the result of his own and others' observation, that these summer frosts ranged from the end of May to about the middle or the 20th of June, reaching their earliest and latest periods once in seven years. If this theory is to be sustained by experience the danger is already all but over.

No little consternation has been spread among the small brewery establishments which abound in this and neighboring counties, by the stringency with which the Excise Law is being enforced. The general impression appears to be that heretofore the revenue has suffered considerably, especially by the Teutonic concoctors of lager, and other beers, who flourish in the old Wellington District, and extend their operations far into Huron, Bruce, and Grey. So far as the brewers themselves are concerned they complain bitterly of the expense and inconvenience to which they are subjected by complying with the regulations; but it is not impossible that, in some instances the difficulty thrown in the way of making what is delicately termed "a soft thing" on the Government, has had not a little to do with adding to their dislike of the present excise system. Whatever may be said of the law or of the misfortunes of the brewers, it is an undoubted fact that almost without exception they appear to be the most prosperous men in this community. The grist mill and the saw mill generally make the first two or three successive owners bankrupt, and it is only when they come into the third or fourth hands, at perhaps something less than half cost that they begin to be paying concerns; but the village brewery is an almost certain success. One inference from this is, that if the Government does bear hardly on the brewers then the brewers know how to make the public pay for it.

To be at noon to-day with no later news within reach than that furnished by the Toronto papers of Friday last, and with the further assurance of the length of time that must elapse before this letter will appear in print, ought to be sufficient to deter one from passing an opinion upon public affairs. I was surprised, however, to see the attack on TURNER treated by the local authorities as an ordinary assault case, instead of as part of the conspiracy of which the murder of McGEE was the grand climax, and the suppression of the evidence against his murderers an incidental consequence. It appeared from the published account of the affair that TURNER was assaulted only because he had testified against WHELAN; and that, therefore, the parties who undertook to avenge him were in some measure partners in his guilt. I hold it quite unfair to the numerous witnesses in the case that any person convicted of having assaulted one of them, merely because he gave his evidence, should be permitted to go at large, at least until after the trial is over. What is a petty fine, which, perhaps, sympathising friends will pay twice over, and a few days' imprisonment, to such characters?

I notice that the *Leader* has been urging upon the Government the filling up of certain important offices now vacant. A good deal of conversation is indulged in about the reported irregularities in the Toronto Custom House, and I certainly think it would be advantageous to have them investigated as soon as possible, as the public is always willing to believe in the worst charges, even upon the slightest evidence; and close upon the clearing up of these the vacant collectorship should doubtless be filled up.

Whatever GEORGE BROWN may have said about the restoration of party lines, or however much his friends may endeavor to account for his and their defeat, by accidental circumstances at the last election, they may rest assured that it was no temporary mishap by which they lost ground, but because of the inevitable current of events. The fate of poor FOLEY is the best evidence of this. He was nominated as a Reformer for the North Riding of Wellington, but unpledged as a resurrectionist. The *Globe* denounced him, a few of his Clear Grit friends got alarmed, FOLEY swallowed the pledge, shed tears of repentance, asked forgiveness, and promised eternal fealty. The electors were disgusted, and sent him to the right about with a large majority for his opponent tingling in his ears. Mr. MCKIM was nominated for the Local House by the same convention, but he refused to pledge himself to any party; said, on the contrary, he would vote with Conservatives when he thought they were right, and would not obey the dictates of any convention, and Mr. MCKIM was elected. And Mr. DREW, who defeated Mr. FOLEY, carried the election in spite of the defection of several hundred Conservative votes. The *morale* of this tale is that the people will not follow the dictation of any leader, merely because they have followed him before. The Scotch proverb says, "Ance a Provost, aye my Lord," but it will not hold in Canada once a party leader always a political chief.

It is somewhat remarkable how familiar the people in this quarter have made themselves with the proceedings in Parliament. There is scarcely a passage-at-arms between the two sides of the House that you cannot hear as intelligently discussed as if you were among the *habitues* of the gallery. "What," said a gentleman to me the other day, "became of the apology which MCKENZIE was to demand from SIR JOHN?" I confess I was puzzled for a time, but bethinking me of the affair, we talked the matter over and I found the Ottawa correspondent of the Montreal *Gazette*, who had announced MCKENZIE's intention, had raised the whole nest on tip toe to see whether the valiant Lambtonian would or would not demolish the gallant knight! Then SIR JOHN and HOLTON are as freely criticised with respect to their ability as parliamentary tacticians as if their critics had made their course a special study for a Session, and candour compels me to admit that even among his political friends and admirers the member for Chauteauguay has lost ground.

The hopes of the old Clear Grit party centre upon MCKENZIE as a leader; many of them think well of BLAKE as a party man, and would be willing to see him second in command; but all shrink with horror from the prospect of seeing GEORGE BROWN emerge from the retired list. They are tired of his severity of discipline, and if he should come back to his old post, he must enter into bonds to abandon flogging and black lettering and other torturous punishment.

ON THE ROAD, June 3, 1868.

A ride of forty miles by stage before dinner, though a pleasing exercise enough in itself, is by no means the best possible preparation for eighteen hours of railway travel. Of course one sees the country, the green fields, the promising crops, the buildings, orchards, and many other sights, which go to make up the poetry and prose of rural life. But the stage will rock and jolt, and shake its occupants in a manner which partakes more of familiarity than gentleness, and the vibratory motion of the railway carriage, though exhilarating enough for an hour or two, does suggest some ideas of fatigue when you prolong the journey over the best part of two days. Thus it is that recreation by travel from the fatigues of labor is but the substitution of one kind of fagging for another, and the worn out experimentalist is fain in the end to return to his daily drudgery thankful that long practice has made it far more endurable than the rarer, and for that reason more trying, drudgery of travel.

Leaving the point whence my last letter was dated at a nearly hour on Tuesday morning, I had hoped to make the trip from Mount Forest to Ottawa in the short space of twenty-eight hours, and had all the connections held good, I should undoubtedly have succeeded, but "as luck would have it," the Western Express on the Grand Trunk met with a mishap near Colborne Station, which caused an interruption sufficient to postpone the arrival at Prescott of the Eastern train till five hours after time.

The down train on Tuesday afternoon was a heavy one, and had a precious burden of human freight, several of the clergy of the Presbyterian Church in connection with the Church of Scotland, on their way to Kingston, to attend the Synod there along with the lay delegates of the Western Presbyteries, as well as a number of Methodist ministers on their way to attend conference at the same point, making no inconsiderable number of the passengers, and contributing not a little by their cheerful bearing to make the misfortune of the night endurable. There were also several American travellers on board from the West, some of whom had unbounded faith in the influence of money, in leading to the frustration of the impeachment project. They spoke very coolly of the purchase of certain Senators, and held that the "whiskey ring" of New York was able and willing to have bought more had it been deemed necessary, but like practical business men they just invested as much as would gain their point and no more.

From Guelph to Cobourg, and thence to Colborne, all was pleasant and up to time, but at the latter point a halt was called because of the breaking of one of the wheels of the tender of the Western express, at about half a mile east of Colborne. The tender was completely upset, a couple of baggage cars were more or less damaged, one of them having been turned upside down, the track was torn up for a considerable distance; but singular to say, not a human being was injured, except one man, out of four in the baggage car, who received an insignificant scratch on the side. The engine kept its place on the track, as did also all the passenger cars, except one second class car, which was thrown a little off the track, but with its occupants, uninjured. No doubt it is due to the prompt and energetic action of the railway officials in the emergency that no more serious damage was done. The passengers barely knew that the mishap had occurred until all was over, and consequently had not even the excitement of a good "scare."

The accident happened about half-past eight, and an engine was immediately ordered up from Belleville, the freight and passengers were transferred from the Eastern to the Western train and *vice versa*; the Western returned to Montreal and the Eastern to Toronto with exchanged cargoes, and, as I have said, the loss of about five hours time. This exchange was not effected without much labor on the part of the railway officials, a great deal of anxiety amongst the more timid of the passengers, and a heavy sense of responsibility on the shoulders of those charged with the care of babies and band boxes. Of course the passengers had to foot it past the smash-up, and the heavy dew on the tall grass played havoc with the prunellas: but "the night was fair, the sky was clear," and good humor and a kindly interchange of mutual assistance marked the transfer, and when the weary hours of waiting and the brief struggle from car to car were over, all gladly settled down in their seats, thankful that everything had passed off so pleasantly. The train for the east then moved off, and when it reached Kingston the cars were relieved of their reverend and cheerful freight.

These, however, were fully compensated for as to cheerfulness, if not as to the quiet dignity with which it was carried, by the coming on board of twelve of the Prescott Lacrosse Club, exuberant on account of the result of the previous day's play, in which they had completely worsted the Kingstonians, taking the first three games, in thirty-eight, fifteen, and thirty seven minutes, respectively. The play was good throughout, no fouls, no bad feeling, but everything passing off in the best of good humor, and so well pleased were the Kingstonians with their thrashing on Tuesday that they promised to visit Prescott on Dominion Day, the first prox., for the express purpose of returning the compliment to their Prescott friends. Lest our Ottawa Lacrosse men should feel somewhat "starchy" on this point, let me explain that it was only the "Grenville" club of Prescott, not the "Prescott" club which they had the pleasure of demolishing on the Queen's Birthday. If they want a tussle with men of sterner stuff they have only to send an invitation to Prescott.

There is little to be said of the appearance of the country, except that everywhere there is promise of an exceptionally abundant harvest.

While awaiting at Prescott Junction the departure of the train for Ottawa I chanced to hear that a couple of officers belonging to the Royal Engineers were "prospecting" a camping ground for the P. C. O. Rifles in the neighborhood of Prescott. I also noticed that they cast approving glances on the gentle eminence, which rises a short distance to the southeast of the station, and was almost persuaded that they had selected it as the spot. If so, the Rifles will have a pleasant location. The arrival of the train at the junction and its speedy departure, followed by a pleasant ride to the capital, has put an end for the present to such gossip as may be indulged in by way of "editorial correspondence."

[It is not complimentary to our mail arrangements that a couple of letters posted on Saturday and Monday respectively, should have failed to rich their destination as soon as the writer, who left the same point only on Tuesday morning.—ED.]

FENIAN RAID LOOKED FOR AT WEST FARNHAM.

The following telegram is from yesterday's *Gazette*, and will explain itself. We give it for what it is worth:

"We received the following telegram from West Farnham, at an early hour this morning, but before publishing it made some inquiries which lead us to believe that our informants for once on the wrong track, the fact being that if a raid is effected, it will very likely take quite a different direction. We have also reason to believe that the arms which have been stored at St. Albans for some time past were recently removed by the Fenians to some point in the West:

'It is authoritatively reported that the Fenians are about to make a raid on Canada by West Farnham, intersecting the railroad line, and thus making this place a base of supplies.'"

FROM TORONTO.

Hon. J. S. Macdonald spoken of for Governor of Ontario—College of Dental Surgeons—Shocking Murder—Activity of the Fenians in Detroit.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, June 3, 1868.

The Toronto *Telegraph* supports Hon. J. S. Macdonald for Governor of Ontario.

The meeting of the College of Dental Surgeons ended to-day. There were forty-two applicants for licenses to practice. A code of by-laws were adopted, and forms of articles agreed on.

A man at Whitby, named Patterson, yesterday murdered his son, aged five years.

Messrs. Hardy of Brantford, and Douglas of Chatham, have been appointed County Attorneys for Norfolk and Kent, respectively.

Private advices from Detroit confirm the reports of Fenian activity.

NOVA SCOTIA FISHERMEN'S RELIEF FUND.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—For the information of the subscribers to the fund in aid of the distressed fishermen of Nova Scotia, I beg to state that I have this day paid into the Bank of Montreal here to the credit of the Mayor of Halifax, the sum of two hundred and fifty-five dollars, and that a telegram has been sent to the manager of the Bank of Montreal at Halifax, a copy of which is as follows:

"OTTAWA, 3rd June, 1868.

To E. C. Jones, Esq., Agent Bank of Montreal Halifax, N.S.

"Cash Mayor Tobin's cheque on this branch for two hundred and fifty-five dollars on account of Fishermen's Relief Fund.

(Signed,) "ANDREW DRUMMOND,
"Manager."

A telegram has also been sent to the Mayor of Halifax, a copy of which is as follows:

"OTTAWA, 3rd June, 1868.

To Stephen Tobin, Esq., Mayor of Halifax, Nova Scotia.

"I have paid into Bank of Montreal here to your credit for the distressed fishermen of Nova Scotia, this day, two hundred and fifty-five dollars.

(Signed,) "J. FRASER,
"Treasurer N.S.F.R.F."

In conclusion I have to thank Mr. Bethune of this city, as well as the gentleman in charge of the line in Nova Scotia, for having kindly transmitted those telegrams free of expense.

J. FRASER,
Treasurer N.S.F.R.F.

Ottawa, June 3, 1868.

MAGEE AND RUSSELL'S great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

LOCAL NEWS.

MAGEE AND RUSSELL'S great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

A. SWALWELL, Chief Undertaker for Ottawa, Sparks-st., Centre Town. 750tf

MAGEE AND RUSSELL'S great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

BOG OAK JEWELLERY.—Very handsome sets of bog oak jewellery can be had at Young & Radford's, at $1 per set.

FINE coral jewellery, bog oak jewellery and a large collection of other goods suitable for wedding and other presents can be seen at Young & Radford's; all new and choice goods and will be sold cheap.

AUCTION SALE TO-DAY.—The sale by Mr. McLean will be continued to-day. The stock to be disposed of is a very large and varied one, comprising jewellery, silver services, dry goods, carpets, &c. The sale is without reserve, and will be continued every day until the whole stock is sold.

BASE BALL.—Members, and those interested in the noble game of Base Ball, will please attend the regular monthly meeting of the N. D. B. B. C., to be held at their room, in the Skating Rink, this evening, at 8 o'clock. A full meeting of the members is requested, as business of importance is to be transacted.

LECTURE FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE POOR.—Rev. Mr. O'Farrell, of Montreal, is announced to deliver a lecture in the R. C. Cathedral, on Tuesday evening, 9th inst, at 8 o'clock. As the proceeds will be devoted to the relief of the poor, it is hoped that all who can spare the small amount of admission will do so. The tickets will be issued and for sale this evening.

HOUSE TO LET.—An excellent opportunity for a family requiring a well furnished house, or part thereof, now presents itself. Mr. Bermingham, house and land agent, has one to rent in a pleasant and healthy part of the city. All information will be given by applying to him, at his office, Dominion Auction Mart, Sussex street.

POLICE COURT.—Napoleon Morin was charged with forestalling the market by purchasing potatoes before the hour assigned by law for dealers to buy. The case having been proved, he was fined $3 and costs.—Duncan McCallum, charged with being drunk in the public streets, was discharged.—Louis Toyfer, for depositing night-soil on the public street, was fined $3 and costs.

CONTINUED SUCCESS OF THE GREAT CLEARING SALE.—The clearing out sale of Messrs. Magee and Russell's stock of dry goods continues with undiminished success. Yesterday and the day before large numbers of people were thronging the counters, eager to participate in the advantages of the reduction. The sale will be continued until the whole stock is disposed of; and at present prospects and present prices it will not take very long to do that.

THE SKATING RINK.—We understand that the rink has been again fitted up as a place of amusement for the summer season. In a few days the place will be opened with a complimentary benefit concert to Mr. Lester, in token of appreciation of the beneficiary's services as a caterer for the public taste in matters connected with his profession. Several distinguished amateur musicians of the city have kindly volunteered their services for the occasion, and there is reason to hope that the programme will be such as to draw a good house.

THEATRICAL.—The performance of "Under the Gaslight" was still more effective than previously, and the audience testified their admiration by continued storms of applause. This evening "Caste," a drama which has been very highly successful in the great cities of the States, will be presented for the first time to an Ottawa audience. This piece has been very carefully rehearsed, and no trouble or expense has been spared to put it on the boards in such a manner as to ensure the most perfect success. The legitimate drama having failed in this city, the present company have resolved to give the opposite extreme a fair trial, and present the most approved and successful sensational pieces of the day. Gowan's band, which is in better condition than ever before, plays at the theatre and executes the music appropriate to the drama in excellent style.

FOR THE FRONT.—By reference to our advertising columns, it will be seen that a full dress parade of the Ottawa Provisional Battalion will take place this evening at 5 o'clock, sharp, for the purpose of inspection by the commanding officer, and the communication of matters of importance. We understand that orders have been received for these companies to hold themselves in readiness to march at a moment's notice, the men to have their great coats folded with one pair of socks and a towel inside, water bottles, drinking, cans, haversacks, one day's cooked provisions and sixty rounds of ammunition. No other baggage allowed. The Staff Officers have also to provide themselves with horses and saddlery. The Commanding Officer has accordingly ordered a full dress parade for the purpose of ascertaining the actual strength of each company, and the state of the arms, clothing, and accoutrements, that any deficiencies may be remedied in proper time, and not a moment lost when the order to march arrives. This will be the third time these companies have gone to the front, and although they have never yet been called upon to fire a shot, we are sure that should the necessity arise, they will prove themselves worthy representatives of the metropolis.

CANADIAN ITEMS.

—The Wesleyan Methodist Conference met at Kingston yesterday.

—Hon. S. L. Tilley arrived at Eastport, N. B., per steamer from Portland, and proceeded to St. Stephen.

—Two car loads of ammunition for the Imperial troops arrived at Kingston on Tuesday afternoon.

—The match between the Kingston and Prescott clubs came off on Tuesday afternoon on the Kingston cricket ground. The Prescott club won all three games.

—Two companies of the 53rd Regiment arrived in London, from Stratford, on Monday evening, where they have been quartered for the last twelve months.

—The basin adjoining the wharf of the Montreal Ocean Steamship Company, Montreal, is being rapidly filled up, and a portion of the crib work has already been sunk.

—Mr. Robt. Hornsby, the driver of the express train which ran into the freight train at Winona station a few days ago, has since died of his injuries. He resided at London, where he leaves a large family.

—Mr. Louis Fournier, a very highly esteemed citizen, for many years landing waiter at St. Johns, died at one o'clock Tuesday morning, at the age of 69 years, after a lingering illness of several months. Flags were flying at half mast in honor of the deceased.

—The Guelph *Mercury* says that a quantity of ammunition went west on Monday morning by the G.T.R. under the escort of two or three of the Regulars. It was probably destined for Stratford, as the freight train of which it formed part runs no further than that town.

—At the last meeting of the Montreal Excelsior Lacrosse Club, the following officers were elected for this year:—President: M. Foron; Secretary, P. T. Leahy; Treasurer, J. Honey; Field Captain: C. Irvine. Committee: P. Elard, T. Lally, J. Thomas, M. Keating, and J. McConnell.

—Hon. Mr. Archambault, Commissioner of Public Works for Quebec, is in Montreal, and will leave with the Hon. Mr. Ouimet, Attorney-General, to-day for Quebec, to attend a full meeting of the Local Government on Friday, when questions of public interest will be discussed and settled.

—The second annual rifle match of the 37th battalion Haldimand Rifles will be held in the village of York, commencing on Tuesday the 9th instant, at 10 a.m. The order embraces nine regular matches, with a liberal list of prizes. On the evening of the second day of the match, a grand promenade concert and ball will be given by the band of the battalion.

—The Montreal *Gazette* understands that the 78th Highlanders have received orders to hold themselves in readiness to proceed to Quebec, but the day of departure has not been fixed. A portion of the regiment will assist in erecting the fortifications at Point Levis. Three companies of the Rifle Brigade at Quebec, will it is said be sent to Ottawa.

—On Sunday night the premises of our contemporary, the *Daily News*, were entered by some malicious person or persons, and the whole establishment turned upside down—lamps smashed, cases emptied of their contents and strewed about the floor, besides various other damages. It is to be hoped that the perpetrators of this vandalism will be discovered.—*Quebec Chronicle.*

—The St. Catharines *Journal* says: A few days ago a party of emigrants, consisting of some thirty families, with all the necessary appliances for commencing settlement in that new and promising land, passed through here for Red River. While here one of the parties purchased from Mr. L. Shickluna a complete vessel outfit, intending so soon as the proper position was reached to build a boat to ply on the Red River or Saskatchewan, and thus to increase the comfort, convenience and wealth of the young settlement.

MAGEE AND RUSSELL'S great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

—Twenty years experience in using Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients, renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or Cough or Voice Lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cents per box.

CABLE NEWS

(*Via* Montreal Line.)

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

LONDON, June 2.—The Grand Jury has refused to bring a bill of indictment against ex-Governor Eyer of Jamaica, on the evidence adduced by the prosecution.

The Royal Commission of the neutrality laws have made a report in favor of granting executive authorities additional powers to detain ships supposed to be intended for belligerent purposes. They also recommend that the building, fitting out, or manning of such vessels in a British port, be declared a misdemeanor. That any ship built in Great Britain in violation of such laws shall not be permitted to enter any British port, and that their prizes, if brought within British jurisdiction, shall be restored to the owners.

Despatches from Abyssinia state that Gen. Napier had reached Senafe with the rear of the expedition on May 24th. The widow of Theodorus was reported dead.

PARIS, June 2.—Prince Napoleon has left Paris on a visit to Baden.

VIENNA, June 2.—Advices have been received from Athens that the representatives of foreign powers in that city have formally protested against the admission of representatives from Candia to the Grecian Chambers.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

LIVERPOOL, June 3.—John Bright addressed the Welsh Reform Society to-night.

LONDON, June 3.—It is rumored Napoleon is sick.

PARIS, June 3.—France has resumed diplomatic relations with the Bey of Tunis.

LONDON, June 3. The *Morning Herald* commenting on the report of Royal Commission on neutrality laws says the charges in existing laws recommended by Commission are altogether too harsh in character, and if carried out will fall with great severity on the shipping interests of England.

VIENNA, June 3.—The re-organized standing army of the empire will consist of 800,000 men, and the Landwehr of 200,000 men.

MADRID, June 3.—The Spanish Government has authorised the establishment of additional submarine telegraph lines in the Gulf of Mexico.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Via Montreal Line.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Steamer Burned.

NEW ORLEANS, June 2.—The steamer *Ben McCulloch* was burned on the 26th, and three lives were lost.

"Rather" Contradictory.

HAVANA, June 2.—Reports in regard to Salnave are contradictory. Some say he has left the country. Others that he remains, and is preparing for another battle with the insurgents. Another report says he has been assassinated by his own troops.

Damage to Early Fruit.

ST. LOUIS, June 2.—The storm of yesterday did much damage to the early fruit in the surrounding country. Myriads of locusts have come off the ground in this county. No damage has been done yet.

Good Crop Prospects in California.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 2.—Reports from the grain crops are remarkably favorable.

Arizona advices speak very favorably of mining operations generally.

Distinguished Arrivals.

NEW YORK, June 3.—The steamer *St. Laurent* from Havana has arrived. Among the passengers are Gen. Hooker and Prof. Morse.

Gold closed at 40.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Respect for the Memory of the Late ex-President Buchanan.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—The various governmental departments are draped in mourning to-day, out of respect to the memory of ex-President Buchanan, and to-morrow they will be closed.

Gen. Grant has issued an order officially announcing the death of ex-President Buchanan, upon receipt of which each military post will pay the usual military honors to the memory of the deceased. Secretary Wells has issued a similar order to the navy.

Reconstruction.

NEW YORK, June 4.—The *Times'* special says that the Judiciary Committee of the Senate have agreed to report favorably upon the Reconstruction Bill, with Alabama left out, and it will probably pass the Senate in this shape this week. Arkansas did not come up to-day in the House, but that State will be admitted the moment it does.

State Nominations.

ST. LOUIS, June 3.—The Republican Convention of the 12th Congressional District of Illinois, has nominated Major John Breeze for Congress, and Willard C. Flagg for State Senate.

Formal Postponement of Davis' Trial.

RICHMOND, June 3.—The United States Court met this morning. Chief Justice Chase and Judge Underwood presiding. The case of Jeff. Davis was postponed till the 4th of November next.

Democratic Majority in Oregon.

The following despatch has been received:

SALEM, OREGON, July 1.—Oregon has gone largely Democratic. A Democratic member of Congress is elected and the Legislature is nearly unanimous.

(Signed,) J. N. NESMITH.

Riots in Washington.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—There were several fights last night between whites and blacks, and one or two white men were seriously cut with a razor, one so badly that he died to death. The colored men escaped, and much excitement is caused by the event.

Progress of the Union Pacific R.R.

NEBRASKA CITY, June 3.—Ground was broken to-day for the railroad to connect with the Union Pacific 150 miles west. The road is to be completed in two years, and will save 148 miles between New York and San Francisco.

A New Candidate for President.

NASHVILLE, June 3.—The *Union* and the *Despatch*, two most influential Democratic papers here, warmly declared for Pendelon for President.

The New Election Orders for Louisiana.

NEW ORLEANS, June 3.—The anxiously looked for order of Gen. Buchanan in the election, was promulgated to-day. No mention is made of the municipal elections. The State, parish, and judicial officers will enter upon their duties on the first Monday in November. Officers disqualified are to hold over until the disability is removed or a new election held. Contested elections are to be decided by civil tribunals. The Legislature will not assemble until Congress accepts the constitution; the time of assembling will then be announced, when action will be taken upon the 14th article of the United States Constitution, and to define the powers and duties of State and other officers.

PERSONAL.—Capt. J. Smyth, of H.M. 69th, rejoined his regiment on Saturday. He has been on leave at Brantford. We understand that to Capt. Smyth is due the credit of originating the new canteen system, which has been introduced into nearly every regiment in the British army—a system which elicited the approval of His Royal Highness the Commander-in-Chief, and others in authority, most competent to judge of its merits. Capt. Smyth, as President, manages the 69th canteen, and watches over it with unwearied zeal, and is peculiarly adapted for the post by his business habits and rare aptitude for the work. Through his exertions the men of the 69th buy their groceries, etc., at the canteen store 25 per cent. cheaper than elsewhere, and at one time from the profits of the institution they received one peny per day more than the men of any other regiment in the British service.—*London Advertiser.*

PRESBYTERIAN UNION.—The question of union between the old school and the new school Presbyterians in the United States has been favorably considered in their assemblies. On the 29th May, the old school voted in favor of union, yeas 85, nays 77. On the same day the new school declared in favor of union on a vote of 213 to 37. This is an example that might with profit be followed by other protestant denominations which are now divided.

EX-PRESIDENT BUCHANAN.

[From the N. Y. Sun.]

James Buchanan, fifteenth President of the United States, died at his residence at Wheatland, near Lancaster, Penn., at half-past 8 o'clock yesterday morning. He was born in Franklin County, Penn., April 23, 1791, of mixed Irish and American parentage, his father having emigrated from Ireland to the United States about eight years previous, while his mother was the daughter of a Pennsylvania farmer. He graduated at Dickinson College, Carlisle, in 1809, and three years later was admitted to the Pennsylvania bar, where he soon gained a commanding position. So lucrative was his practice that at the age of 40 he was enabled to retire from his profession, and devote the remainder of his life exclusively to political duties.

In early life, Mr. Buchanan attached himself to the Federal party, and as a Federalist, he served several terms in the Pennsylvania Legislature, although he subsequently identified himself with the Democratic party, and to the close of his life was the exponent of its political principles. In 1821 he was elected a Representative to Congress, and he remained a member of the lower House, by successive elections, for ten years. In this capacity he proved himself a fluent and adroit debater, and was enabled, by the readiness and tact which a legal training of twenty years had given him, to be of considerable use to his party. He advocated the tariff as a revenue measure, but thought that in its indirect operation certain domestic manufactures might be more benefitted than others; he opposed the mission of Panama, projected by Mr. Clay in 1824, and favored the acquisition of Cuba by the United States.

His advocacy of Gen. Jackson in the Presidential election of 1828 singled him out as a recipient of Executive favors, and upon retiring from Congress, in 1831, he was appointed Minister Plenipotentiary at St. Petersburg. In this capacity he concluded a commercial treaty between the United States and Russia. Upon his return from this mission, in 1833, he was elected a United States Senator from Pennsylvania. It was shortly after this period that the anti-slavery agitation began to gather strength, and the first efforts of the Abolition ists were directed against the existence of slavery in the District of Columbia. Mr. Buchanan did not oppose the reception by Congress of petitions to that effect; but he was utterly opposed to any action favorable to the petitioners, holding that Congress had power to legislate on the subject. He believed firmly in the continued supremacy of the slaveholding power as an element in the national government, thought that the dissemination of anti-slavery opinions or documents was directly prejudicial to the interests of the slave, and could foresee no period when emancipation was possible. Less than a single generation witnessed the consummation so much dreaded by him, and, strange to say, he was himself indirectly in no slight degree the cause of it.

The prominent financial and fiscal measures of the Jackson and Van Buren administrations found in Mr. Buchanan, who was re-elected to the Senate in 1837 and again in 1843, an earnest supporter; and upon the accession of President Tyler to office, after the brief career of General Harrison, he co-operated with him in his efforts to oppose the re-chartering of the United States Bank, and to secure the annexation of Texas to the Federal Union. Upon the accession of Mr. Polk to the Presidency he was appointed Secretary of State, which position he filled until March 4, 1849. The administration was a successful one, and Mr. Buchanan, on the whole, fulfilled the duties of his office with judgment and discretion. He retired to private life at the close of the Polk administration, having been nearly twenty-eight years continuously in the public service; but upon the accession of President Pierce to office in 1853 was appointed Minister to Great Britain, where he remained three years. In this interval he brought himself most prominently into public notice as one of the three American plenipotentiaries who assembled at Ostend to confer with reference to the purchase of the island of Cuba by the United States Government. Returning to America in April, 1856, he was unanimously nominated for President by the Democratic Convention which assembled at Cincinnati in the ensuing June, and after a most exciting canvass was elected, by a considerable majority, over Col. Fremont, the Republican candidate.

Long before his inauguration, the anti-slavery agitation, which he had once believed could be indefinitely postponed, had broken out with renewed vigor, and the last year of Mr. Pierce's administration witnessed, in the debates on the Kansas question, which were but supplementary to those arising out of the repeal of the Missouri Compromise in 1854, a contest of unexampled bitterness between the advocates of slave labor and free labor. In this crisis Mr. Buchanan did not disappoint those to whom a quarter of a century before he had given his political adherence. The influence of the administration was thrown in favor of the pro-slavery party in Kansas, and but for the firmness exhibited by the House of Representatives the Lecompton Constitution, notoriously thrust upon the territory against the wishes of a majority of its population, would have been adopted. It seems useless to review the incidents of Mr. Buchanan's administration. Too timid, or too little inclined to oppose the open, defiant threats of the secessionists to rend asunder the Union he suffered opportunity after opportunity to pass by without an effort to maintain the integrity of the country, stultifying himself that the last in his message to Congress, delivered just after the secession of South Carolina and the Gulf States, by declaring that secession was wrong, but that the Constitution had provided no means to prevent it. The last few months of his administration form, perhaps, the darkest and most hopeless period of our history, and he retired to his home in Pennsylvania, with good wishes from neither the North nor the South, never again to enter public life. The Presidential office is said to have been the aim of his political career, and had he filled it at a time when no great questions were pressing upon public notice, he might have acquitted himself respectably, if not brilliantly. But, being deficient in moral courage, and having trained himself to believe that expediency is above truth and right, he found himself in time of trouble wholly unable to cope with the revolutionary forces called into action. An earnest man in his position might have arrested the tide of rebellion, and delivered the nation to the keeping of his successor, unshorn of any portion of its territory. That Mr. Buchanan did not at least make an attempt to do this, is a stain upon his character which can never be wiped out.

MAGEE AND RUSSELL'S great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

MILITARY PREPARATIONS.—A meeting of officers was held on Monday afternoon to arrange preliminaries for placing the field brigade, to be composed of the regulars and volunteers in Toronto, in a proper state of efficiency with regard to staff officers, should their services be suddenly required. Among the officers present were Col. Radcliffe, Commandant; Deputy Commissary-General Rodger; Mr. O'Brien, Store-keeper; Col. Gilmour, and other officers of the Queen's Own; Major Boxall and Adjutant Brown, 10th Royals; Col. Jervis and Major Wadsworth, York Battalion, and others. The details for prompt action in case the services of the brigade are called for, were all arranged, and staff officers in charge of camp equipage, forage, stores, commissarial, engineers' instruments, and all other requisites appointed, so that everything will be in readiness and the men ready provided with everything to take the field. The movement is only carrying out the details of a plan arranged several months ago, which required that a certain number of brigades composed jointly of regulars and volunteers should be organized throughout the Province to take the field immediately when wanted.—*Globe.*

—The New York *Mail* says: "The other evening we were at the academy admiring the pictures, when we came to one entitled, "Helen on the Walls of Troy." While standing in fight of it, a party of richly dressed ladies, accompanied by a youthful swain, approached, and we made way for them. One of the young ladies referred to her catalogue, and said, this is "Helen on the Walls of Troy." "Yes," remarked the young gent, "that is near Albany, I believe!" We left immediately.

Italians by the thousand tell us,
What a noble test it stood;
Millions more shall yet remind us
That their *bitters* they renewed.

A STARTLING DEMAND FOR COFFINS

Bishop Atkinson, of North Carolina, in an address delivered last Sunday evening, in Christ Church in this city, relating chiefly to church matters and missionary work, made one statement which is calculated to arrest the attention of every thinking person, regardless of sects, creeds, or political views. He was referring to the rapid extinction of the negroes in the South, and in illustration of the state of thing seven in North Carolina, he spoke of a negro town opposite or near Newbern, consisting of 10,000 inhabitants. In that town, said the Bishop, one coffin dealer alone filled orders for 2,500 coffins in a single year.

This is a fact of terrible significance in its relation to the condition and destiny of the emancipated blacks. The truths for which no amount of statement or reasoning could avail to gain a hearing, when presented in the way of warning against the sudden liberation of these ignorant and helpless people, are likely now to force themselves upon public attention by the irresistible power of facts It is known that of the 4,000,000 which were liberated by the war, fully one quarter perished miserably within a year; and that the death rate among them has, since that time, very largely exceeded the rate of increase in parts of the South.—*Hartford Times.*

DEATH OF KIT CARSON.—A letter from Fort Lyon, Colorado, announces the death of Christopher Carson, better known throughout the United States as "Kit" Carson. He died on the 23rd of the present month, from the effects of the rupture of an artery in his neck. The deceased was born in Madison county, Kentucky, on the 24th of December, 1809, and was consequently in his fifty-ninth year. When quite a child, his parents emigrated to Missouri, where he was reared. After attaining his fifteenth year he was apprenticed to a saddler, but disliking the trade, and being of a wild, roving disposition, he left his master two years after, and started on a hunting expedition. For eight years he pursued the arduous and dangerous career of a trapper, when he was appointed hunter to Bent's fort, in which capacity he continued for eight years longer. Returning to Missouri at the end of this time, for the purpose of seeing his family, he met Gen. Fremont, and promptly accepted an offer to join his exploring expedition. His reputation as a mountain trapper and guide had by this time become extended, his name being connected with many daring feats. In 1847 he was a lieutenant in the United States army and attached to the rifle corps, and during the rebellion he was promoted from rank to rank until he reached that of brevet brigadier-general. As an Indian fighter he was, perhaps, unequalled. A splendid shot, he is said never to have failed to kill a redskin that he fired at, and the number that fell beneath his arm must have been numerous. During the rebellion he served principally in New Mexico, where he distinguished himself by his untiring prosecution of hostilities with his savage foes, then at war with the government.

DEATH OF A WATERLOO VETERAN.—Died, at his residence, No. 16 Teft street, Charlestown, Mass., on the 26th September last, Mr. Hugh Young, aged 103 years. Deceased was a native of Dunkeld, Perthshire. He joined the 42nd Royal Highlanders in his youth, and with this distinguished corps served twenty-one years, sharing with them the harrassing and protracted duties of the Peninsular war. He was at Corunna, under the heroic Moore, who fell close beside him, and he was one of the few whose melancholy duty it was to "lay him to rest." Afterward he served through all the marches, battles and encounters, up to the memorable operations of Quatre Bras and Waterloo, by which the first Empire was swept from the map of Europe. His medals and clasps attest his presence at all the great actions of that memorable period. Through all the perils and privations of this service his iron constitution and high heart carried him unimpaired; and though often wounded, he fought on. Mr. Young's family having settled in Boston, on application, the War Office granted the old hero leave to remove to them, settling on him a stipend of £28 per annum. His memory was keenly retentive up to a short time before his demise, and he often recounted his miraculous escapes in the midst of carnage. His description of Wellington, Nelson, the First Napoleon, and a host of other lesser stars whom he had seen in early life, brought back his listeners to those appal

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

Lessee and Manager, - J. J. COLLINS.

This Thursday Evening, June 4th,

Will be produced, for the first time in this city, the last London success,

CASTE,

With an excellent distribution of characters. During the action of comedy occurs the Duett, "Oh! my Heart goes Pit-a-Pat."

To conclude with the Roaring Irish Farce of

BARNEY the BARON!

FRIDAY Evening, BENEFIT of MISS AGUSTA CHAMBERS.

Prices of Admission:

Parquette, - - - - - 50 cents.
Gallery, - - - - - 25 "

C. W. NISBET, Agent.

Ottawa, June 4, 1868. 753d

BOARD.

Three or four gentlemen can be accommodated with board by applying at No. 3, Prince's Terrace, U. T. 758 3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Saturday, 30th day of May, 1868.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION

Of the Honorable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 17th section of the Act 31 Vic., cap 8, intituled: "An Act respecting the Inland Revenue," His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following Regulations for the Manufacture in Bond of the goods therein enumerated, and the issuing of Bonded Licenses, shall be, and they are hereby made and established.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council.

REGULATIONS.

1. That, subject to the provisions of the Act above cited, to these Regulations, and to such further Regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond the articles herein enumerated, viz.:

Extracts,
Essences,
Perfumed Spirits,
Ethers,
Chloroform,
Collodion,
Tinctures,
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin, (commonly called Old Tom,) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary Preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical preparations,
Analine Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders,
Vinegar and acids,
Varnish, using only Methylated Spirits.

2. That Alcohol used for the manufacture of Spirit Varnish, shall be mixed with wood naptha (of commerce) in the proportion of one gallon of wood naptha to eight gallons of proof spirits, such mixing to be done under such superintendence as the Minister of Inland Revenue may from time to time approve.

3. That all Tinctures, Essences, Extracts and Cordials, manufactured in Bond, and from which the Alcohol or Spirit can be extracted in a potable state, by the usual process of re-distillation or rectification, shall, when entered for consumption, pay the same duty of Excise as the Alcohol or Spirit which they contain would pay if entered for consumption in its pure state.

4. That Extracts, Essences, Tinctures and Cordials manufactured in Bond shall only be entered for consumption at the following places, viz.:

Quebec,
Kingston,
Hamilton,
Montreal,
Toronto,
London,
Halifax,
St. John, N. Brunswick.

And when so entered shall be subjected to such tests for ascertaining the quantity of Alcohol which they contain and the possibility of extracting it in a potable state, as the Honorable the Minister of Inland Revenue may approve, and the result of such tests as declared by the Officer or operator entrusted therewith shall be final and conclusive, as to the amount of duty which such goods shall pay.

5. That any Bonded Manufactory licensed under the above recited Act, may be closed and the License forfeited whenever it is shewn to the satisfaction of the Minister of Inland Revenue that there is just cause for believing that frauds upon the Revenue are perpetrated in connection with such Manufactory.

6. That in addition to the License fee named in the Act above cited, every person to whom a "Bonded Manufacturing License" is granted, shall pay to the Collector of Inland Revenue, in monthly instalments, such sums of money as shall be sufficient for the payment of the expenses incurred by the Inland Revenue Department for the effective supervision of the Manufactures carried on under such License, and for taking account of the dutiable articles consumed in such Manufacture, and of the articles produced therefrom. And the maximum sum to be so paid by the party aforesaid, shall, from time to time, be determined by the Minister of Inland Revenue, as he may deem necessary, and shall, as nearly as may be, be in proportion to the magnitude and general character of the business carried on under such License.

7. That Goods manufactured in Bond shall be removed from the apartments of the Manufactory, wherein they are manufactured, as soon as the whole process of manufacture is completed, and shall then be placed in apartments or store-rooms set apart for that purpose, wherein they shall be bonded in the manner required by the Excise Bonding Regulations made by Order in Council, dated the 27th day of April, 1868; and they shall be dealt with, in respect of their subsequent removal, exportation or entry for consumption, in accordance with the said Regulations. 759-3

Magee & Russell's

—GREAT—

REMOVAL SALE!

COMMENCED

MONDAY,

JUNE 1st.

NO RESERVE.

All Goods re-marked in plain figures, with Red Ink, showing the actual reductions.

The following are only a few of the bargains offered. The public are invited to inspect the stock, and judge for themselves before purchasing:—

FANCY SILK DRESSES

That were selling for $16 and $17, reduced to $12 and $.3.

SILKS

Marked $19 to $23.50, reduced to $15, $16 and $18.50, the full dress of 15 yards.

All our rich French Silks reduced from $5 to $8 on each dress.

BLACK GLACIE

And Gros Grain Silks all reduced.

MANTLE VELVETS and VELVETEENS,

Only received a few days ago, marked down from 10 to 15 per cent.

BLACK LACE SHAWLS,

Commencing at $1.25.

All the rich Spanish and Pusher Lace Shawls will shew large reductions.

Paisley Shawls reduced from $1.50 to $5 on each shawl.

Last year's Barege Shawls reduced to nearly half price.

NEW HOOP SKIRTS

Cheaper than anything in the trade. Old fashioned large Hoop Skirts almost given away. Would pay to have them altered.

LADIES STRAW HATS & BONNETS,

New styles, all reduced.

All old shapes in Straw Goods sold for what they will fetch.

Pattern Bonnets and all trimmed Millinery greatly reduced.

One Case Shakers at 12½c, some of them worth 50c.

NEW PARASOLS

Reduced from 10 to 20 per cent. Old ones to about half price.

500 PALM LEAF FANS

Sold during the sale at 5 cents each; not more an two to one customer.

Several thousand Ladies' Imitation Lace Paper Collars for half the New York price.

About 150 pieces ¾ Mohair and Poplinette Dress Goods, will be offered at such prices as must clear them out.

PRINTED DELAINES

That sold from 17½ to 20 cents per yard, marked down to 12½ cents.

FRENCH DELAINES

And Merinos, Cobourgs, Lustres, Glacie, Alpaccas, Printed Muslins, and all other Dress Goods in stock, likewise reduced.

A lot of washing Challies will be offered very low.

All domestic goods, such as Sheeting, Table Linens, Towellings, Flannels, &c., will show heavy reductions.

OUR COTTONS

Being all purchased when the raw material was at its lowest point in Liverpool, customers would do well to lay in a stock during the sale. We will sell all Cotton goods far below what it would cost to import them just now.

PRINTS

At 7, 9 and 11 cents per yard; present retail value 10, 12½ and 15 cents per yard.

SPLENDID STYLES IN TWEEDS,

Coatings and Cloakings, at the reduced figures.

CARPETS,

Damasks, and all kinds of House Furnishings, and other heavy goods that would be troublesome to remove, will be cleared out at and below cost price.

LADIES BEST FRENCH KID GLOVES

Will be sold at $1 per pair, and all soiled and damaged Kid Gloves will be thrown in with the slow selling colours and sold at much less money.

GENTS' MERINO UNDERCLOTHING,

Dress and Flannel Shirts, Ties and Collars, all marked down to removal prices.

One lot of 68 gross Printed Paper Collars will be sold for 12½ cents the Box of 12 Collars; well worth 25 cents.

DRESS TRIMMINGS,

Embroidery, Lace Goods, Cotton Lisle and Silk Gloves, are all reduced.

A job lot of Dress Fringes, now so fashionable, will be sold at 12½ cents per yard, some of them being worth at the present price of Silk about 35 cents per yard.

A remarkably cheap lot of Ladies' Cambric Handkerchiefs, also, Ladies' and Childrens' Cotton Hose, at least 40 per cent less than last year's prices.

The intention being to reduce the stock to

Lowest Possible Point,

Before removing to New Premises (now building) in the Autumn. Great care has been taken to re-mark the entire stock at such prices as must effect

LARGE SALES

AND INSURE

A Speedy Clearance.

DURING THIS SALE

NO SAMPLES WILL BE CUT,

NO GOODS WILL BE SENT ON APPROBATION

NOR SOLD ON CREDIT.

Magee & Russell.

Ottawa, June 3, 1868. 707y

Auction Sales

BY J. BERMINGHAM.

FOR SALE!

THAT Splendid First-Class

HOTEL,

IN THE

CAPITAL OF THE DOMINION!

KNOWN AS THE

REVERE HOUSE,

And at present leased at a rental of $3,000. It is one of the best buildings in the city. Its length is one hundred and six (106) feet by forty (40) feet wide, built of stone, with cut stone front and tin roof. The house contains fifty bedrooms, five parlors and dining room, with bar, kitchen and laundry attached. There is a new Brick Stable, sixty-six (66) by thirty (30) feet, capable of stabling forty Horses, a large yard and outbuildings; also a vacant lot, which the purchaser can have if required to enlarge. The premises are in excellent order, being only five years built. Very lately a sum of $2,000 was expended improving the building. For a first-class hotel, or Military Quarters, it cannot be equalled in the city.

TERMS EASY, and made known free of charge, by letter or otherwise, on application to.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer,
Commission and Real Estate Agent.

Ottawa, June 3, 1868. 758d

Dominion Auction Mart,

AND

Commission Sale Rooms

House, Land & General Agency,
OFFICE & SALE ROOMS,
INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-STREET,

OTTAWA.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city.

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Reilly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent represent ng several firms.

A Servants' Registry will be kept, where male and female servants of every capacity will be found.

Servants and others, wanting employment should enrol their names at once, and persons requiring servants should make early application.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
House, Land and General Agent.

753y

GREAT SALE

BY AUCTION.

THE SUBSCRIBER will offer

BY AUCTION,

On Friday Next, the 5th Instant,

At Half-past TEN a.m., and Half-past TWO p. m.,

AT THE

Dominion Auction Mart!

Sign of the Dominion Flag,

SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA,

Some magnificent Pianofortes, Harmoniums Piano Covers, and a quantity of very excellent Black Walnut and Mahogany Furniture, consisting of Drawing Room Sets in Damask, Fancy Rep and Hair Cloth, Cane and Hair Seated Chairs, Carved Centre Tables, Handsome Carved Bookcases, Writing Desks, Chiffoniers, Bureaus, Wardrobes, Hall Tables and Chairs, Carved Sideboards, Washstands, Whatnots, Pictures, Mirrors, Mattrasses, and two very fine Fishing Rods and Baskets, late from England and made by Wright, of London—all consigned for Sale.

TERMS—Cash in bankable funds.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, June 2, 1868. 757td

Ottawa Provisional Battalion.

A FULL DRESS PARADE

FOR INSPECTION by COMMANDING OFFICER, will take place

THIS (THURSDAY) EVENING,

At Eight Sharp.

Every man is expected to be in his place, as matters of importance will be brought before the Battalion.

By order,

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
Adjutant.

Ottawa, June 4, 1868. 759-1

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET.

A large and well FURNISHED HOUSE, or four Bedrooms, Sitting Room and Drawing Room of rame, in a healthy and respectable locality, within three minutes walk of the Government Buildings. For particulars apply to J. BERMINGHAM, House and Land Agent, Dominion Auction Mart, Sussex-st.

Ottawa, June 4, 1868. 759tf

A LECTURE

For the BENEFIT of the POOR, under the auspices of the SOCIETY of ST. VINCENT de PAUL, will be delivered in the R. C. CATHEDRAL, on TUESDAY EVENING, NINTH Inst., at Eight o'clock, by the Rev. Mr. O'FARRELL, of Montreal.

SUBJECT—"The Supremacy of the Pope."

Admission—25 cents; Reserved Seats, 50 cents; Lady and Gentleman, 75 cents.

ROBT. O'REILLY, Sec'y.

Ottawa, June 4, 1868. 759d

Auction Sales

BY H. McLEAN.

To-Day.

GREAT ATTRACTION!!

Immense Auction Sale

—OF—

Dry Goods,

JEWELLERY, &c., &c.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer,

Has received an extensive consignment of Goods from London, England, which he will sell

BY PUBLIC AUCTION,

AT HIS

Sale Rooms, 18, Sparks-st.,

COMMENCING ON

Wednesday, 3rd June, Proximo,

At TWO o'clock, P. M.

The stock consists of

KIDDERMINSTER,

HEMP,

DUTCH and other

Carpets in Roll!

Which will be cut to suit purchasers; Handsome Carpets made in Squares with Borders—a novelty; a quantity of Axminster Velvet Pyle and Tapestry Hearth Rugs; Handsome Velvet Pyle and all Wool Table Covers; Damask and Lace Curtains; an immense quantity of Tawels, Sheets, Quilts, Summer Counterpanes and Toilet Covers; Alhambra and Marsala Coverlids.

JEWELLERY!

In Plated Goods, consisting of Gold and Silver Watches, Tea and Coffee Services, Plated Knives, Forks and Spoons, and a large variety of Fancy Goods too numerous to mention.

Sale positive and without reserve, and to continue from day to day until the whole stock is disposed of.

Also, at the Same Time and Place,

A lot of OLD ROMAN ENGRAVINGS, being a select portion of an Ancient Library; a few OLD ROMAN COINS, traced back to be dated 200 years before Christ; an Autograph letter written by Lord Nelson, on English hand-made paper, on board of Convey from Quebec to New York, in 1782, and four of the oldest original Shakespearian Engravings, by Boydell.

We are instructed to sell all those Ancient Curiosities without any reservation.

Ottawa, May 30, 1868. 755td

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

Very Desirable City Property,

HECTOR McLEAN,

AUCTIONEER and Real Estate Agent,

WILL SELL

By Public Auction,

AT THE

UNION HOUSE,

ON

FRIDAY, 5th JUNE, INSTANT

At 12 o'clock, Noon,

The undermentioned Properties, viz.: 32 Lots of the Hon. Judge Sherwood's Property, near the residence of J. B. Lewis, Esq., very handsomely situated, and 4 Park Lots of over 2 acres each. Also, a number of Lots belonging to Mrs. Ross, Mrs. Eccles, Miss LeLeivre and Judge Small, all in the same neighborhood, and all very Large Lots.

Plans of the Properties can be seen, and any information required respecting them had, at the Auctioneer's Office, 18, Sparks-st.

Ottawa, June 2, 1868. 757td

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864,

AND AMENDMENTS THEREOF.

In the matter of WILLIAM N. BARRIE and JOHN McMARTIN, Insolvents.

BY virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvents, and also under and by virtue of an order made by James Daniell, Esquire, Judge of the County Court of the United Counties of Prescott and Russell in that behalf, I will on THURSDAY, the twenty-sixth day of June next, offer or sale by Public Auction, at the hour of ten o'clock, in the forenoon of the said day, at the office of Messrs. Morland, Watson and Company, in the City of Montreal, all the real estate and interest of the said Insolvent John McMartin, of and in the lands and premises in the Township of North Plantagenet, and County of Prescott, and Province of Ontario, hereinafter particularly mentioned and described. That is to say:

1st. All the real estate, interest and equity of redemption of the said John McMartin of what nature or kind soever, whether as devisee under the will of Alexander McMartin, deceased, or otherwise, of and in lot number nine, (9) in the fourth (4th) concession, old survey of the said Township of Plantagenet, East of the South Nation River.

2nd. All the real estate, interest and equity of redemption of the said John McMartin, of what nature and kind soever, whether as devisee under the will of the said Alexander McMartin, deceased, or otherwise, of and in Lot Number Ten (10), in the Fourth (4th) Concession, old survey of the said Township East of the South Nation River.

The said two lots are supposed to contain together 399 acres more or less.

3rd. All the real estate and interest and equity of redemption of the said John McMartin, of what nature and kind soever, either in his own right, or as devisee under the will of the said Alexander McMartin, deceased, or otherwise, howsoever, of and in at part of Lot Eleven, (11) in the said Fourth (4th) Concession, old survey of the said Township of North Plantagenet, known as McMartin's Saw Mills, with the privileges and appurtenances to the same belonging. Also of and in the premises known as the old Store, the large Store Hous the large stable and premises connected therewith, also of and in the Dwelling House now occupied by the said John McMartin, and the outbuildings therewith connected, and lying and being in the Village of Plantagenet Mills aforesaid.

The said several premises will be sold subject to the several mortgages charged upon same, and the said mill and mill premises and other the premises last mentioned with their appurtenances, will be sold subject to the interest of the said Insolvents as copartners or of either of them therein, under the partnership articles the lease therein mentioned or otherwise howsoever at the time of their insolvency for the residue of the unexpired term of fifteen years from the 1st day of December, 1865, and to the mortgages thereon.

There is a rent of one dollar annually, payable during said term to the said John McMartin as devisee thereof, under the will of the said Alexander McMartin.

Terms—Cash.

For further particulars apply to Edward Taylor Dartnell, Esquire, L'Orignal, Solicitor for the Assignee, or to the Assignee.

Dated at L'Orignal, this 23rd day of April A.D., 1868.

EDWD. FREMEN DARTNELL
Assignee

726-1aw2m

Storekeepers, Farmers and Others,

SHOULD BUY THEIR TEAS FROM

The Importers Direct.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY, 6, Hospital-street, Montreal, have sent over one thousand packages to different parts of the country, and receive every day assurances that the Teas give entire satisfaction. Subjoined are a few of the numerous testimonials already received:

RUSSELL HOTEL, Quebec, Jan. 7, 1867.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the six chests of Tea forwarded some time since arrived in good order. The quality is pure and excellent, and prices cheap. As I am particular in buying the best quality of Tea to be had for our guests, I am pleased to acquaint you that it gives general satisfaction. Your obedient servant,

WILLIS RUSSELL.

FELCOMB, Dec. 23, 1867.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the Oolong Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto, who informs me he considers it as good as that he was using for which he paid one dollar per lb. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz., at 75 cents per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant,

JNO. T. DAY.

HOUSE OF SENATE, Ottawa, December 16, 1867. Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the box of English Breakfast and Young Hyson Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. You may expect my future orders. Yours, &c.,

S. SKINNER.

COBOURG, January 8, 1868.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, I beg to inform you that the two boxes of Tea you sent me are of excellent quality; especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box, or 20 lbs., at same price, and oblige yours, &c.,

F. OLIVER.

The contributors to the *Medical Journal* have frequently declared that one-half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have carefully selected and imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure and free from poisonous substances, in 50, 25, 20, 15 and 10 lb. boxes.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c *50c.; Fine Flavoured New Season, do;* 55c *60c and 65c; Excellent Full Flavored do,* 75c; *Souand Oolong,* 40c; *Rich Flavored do,* 60c; *Very Fine ds, do,* 75c; *Japan, Good,* 50c, 55c; *Very Fine,* 60c; *Fir est,* 65c, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay common, 38c; *Fine do,* 55c; *Young Hyson,* 50c, 60c, 65c *and* 70c; *Fine do,* 75c; *Very Fine,* 85c; *Superfine and Very Choice,* $1.00; *Fine Gunpowder,* 55c; *Extra Superfine do,* $1.

All orders for 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular sent equally cheap. The Company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much, two or three clubbing together could divide. An excellent mixed Tea could be sent for 40c to 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order or enclosed notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man where there are express offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
6, Hospital-street, Montreal.

All boxes sent from this establishment have the Company's name printed on them.

Montreal, March 5, 1868. w10iy

Errors of Youth.—A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay and all the effects of youthful indiscretion will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertisers' experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN, 43 Cedar Street New York

FOR SALE

AT THE

MONTREAL WAREHOUSE

800 BUTTER TUBS, in good order.

J. MARTIN & CO.

10,000 LBS. MAPLE SUGAR.

J. MARTIN & CO.

50 CASES ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

J. MARTIN & CO.

HERRINGS, PORK, FLOUR, BUTTER, CHEESE.

657y J. MARTIN & CO.

FOR SALE.

A BLACKSMITH'S SHOP AND TOOLS, together with TWO TOWN LOTS in the Village of Long Island Locks. Possession given on the 1st of August. For further particulars apply to DAVID HALL, on the premises, or by letter, postpaid.

June 4, 1868. 759-1-23-2m

BUSINESS STAND FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers FOR SALE his STORE and DWELLING in the Village of MARATHON, Township of FITZROY. Also, One Hundred and Thirty Acres of GOOD LAND, on which the store and outbuildings are erected. This is a splendid opportunity for any party with moderate capital, desirous of a good opening for a first-class country business.

Apply to ROBERT JOHNSTON,
Marathon P. O.

721-17-6

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

Just Received Per Express.

A CHOICE Selection CANADA WATCH COMPANY'S WATCHES,

At Young & Radford's.

AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY'S WATCHES,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE GOLD JEWELLERY,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE GOLD and CORAL JEWELLERY,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE HUNTING ANCHOR WATCHES, in fine Silver Cases, as low as $12.00,

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FINE Eighteen CARAT GOLD WATCHES as low as $18.00,

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

ROGER'S BEST CUTLERY and fine ENGLISH ELECTRO-PLATED WARE, can be had

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S

30 Sparks-st. Ottawa.

PAIN KILLER.

The Great Family Medicine of the Age.

THE UNIVERSAL REMEDY for INTERNAL & EXTERNAL COMPLAINTS!

OUR FIRST PHYSICIANS USE AND RECOMMEND ITS USE!

It Enjoys the Largest Sale of Any Proprietary Medicine in the World!

THE PAIN KILLER

HAS been favorably known for more than thirty years, during which time we HAVE RECEIVED THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS, showing this Medicine to be an almost NEVER FAILING REMEDY for diseases caused by or attendant upon—Sudden Colds, Coughs, Fever and Ague, Headache, Billious Fever, Pains in the Side, Back and Loins, as well as in the Joints and Limbs; Neuralgic and Rheumatic Pains in any part of the system, Toothache and Pains in the Head and Face.

As a BLOOD PURIFIER and TONIC for the STOMACH, it seldom fails to cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Heartburn, Kidney Complaints, Sick Headache, Piles Asthma or Phthisic, Ringworms, Boils, Felons, Whitlows, Old Sores, Swelled Joints, and General Debility of the System.

It is also a PROMPT and SURE REMEDY for Crampand Pains in the Stomach, Painters' Colic, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Scalds, Burns, Sprains, Bruises, Frost Bites, Chilblains, as well as the Stings of Insects, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

Directions accompany each bottle.

It has been tested in every variety of climate, and by almost *every nation* known to civilization. It is the almost constant companion and inestimable friend of the *Missionary*, and no *traveller* should be without it. Like every other good thing, the Pain Killer has been extensively counterfeited; which, (while it is an acknowledgment on the part of the counterfeiters of its real worth,) is a serious hinderance to its usefulness, as the deceived purchaser estimates the value of the *Pain Killer* by the base compound he has purchased for the genuine article.

Purchasers should be careful and not allow the dealer to sell them worthless imitations, on which they realize a larger profit, but take only the *Pain Killer*, and see that it is the genuine, bearing the signature of Perry Davis & Son upon the label.

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by Druggists and Medicine Dealers, and Commission Merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers, and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Manfs. and Props.,
74, High-st., Providence, R. I.,
380, St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. Q.,
17, Southampton Row, Holborn, London, E

740-1aw20wy

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES

WERE AWARDED THEIR 67TH

Prize and Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

Great rapidity, Simple Machinery, quiet in action, easy to operate, price from $47. *Prospectuses, and instructions gratis.*

G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Sole Agent for Ontario, and 105 King-st., West, Toronto.

The "HOWE" SEWING MACHINES are the *best* for arriage Trimmers, Harness Makers, Boot and Shoe makers, are the best Shuttle Machine for Tailors, Dressmakers, Families, etc. etc., etc. Price from $50. Prospectus free and instructions gratis.

479-43y R. W. STEPHEN, 37 Sparks-street, Ottawa.

HARDWARE, HARDWARE!

—AT—

Thomas Birkett's,

SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24 RIDEAU STREET. No. 24

Come old and young, come short and tall,
Come rich and poor, come great and small,
Just call and see my stock in trade,
Hardware and paints of every grade.

A Complete Assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware constantly kept on hand at the SIGN of the ANVIL, T. BIRKETT, consisting in part of

Butts,	Axes,	Iron,	Paints, all colors,	Screws,	Saws,	Tin,	Oils,
Locks,	Ropes,	Stoves,	Glass,	Coolers,	Putty,	Bolts,	Chains,
Nails,	Coal,	Pitch,	Grindstones,	&c.,	&c.,	&c.,	&c.

Also a complete stock of MECHANICS' TOOLS of the most improved English and American manufacture.

Then Come and Examine my Stock,
A duty never shirk it,
And satisfaction will be got
In business with T. BIRKETT.

Don't forget the place—THOS. BIRKETT, Sign of the Anvil, No. 24, Rideau-street.

P. S.—All Goods delivered Free to any part of the city. 408y

Ladies Keep Cool!

BLACK AND WHITE LACE SHAWLS,
GRENADINE SHAWLS,
BAREGE SHAWLS,
BAREGE JACKETS

BAREGE & GRENADINE PROMENADE COSTUMES,
GRENADINES,
FRENCH & ENGLISH MUSLINS.

GENTLEMEN KEEP COOL!

BLACK ALPACCA COATS,
BUFF ALPACCA COATS,
LINEN COATS,
MARSEILLES VESTS

All in great variety, cheap, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S,

Wholesale and Retail.
Importers, 20 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 29, 1868. 484y

NEW STOCK OF

SUMMER GOODS,

—AT—

"THE GOLDEN BOOT."

NO. 226, WELLINGTON-STREET.

Ladies' White Canvass Boots,
Ladies' Button Prunella Boots,
Ladies' Lace Prunella Boots,
Ladies' Prunella Gaiter Boots,
Ladies' Kid Button Boots,
Ladies' Kid Lace Boots,
Ladies' Kid Gaiter Boots,
Ladies' English Walking Boots,

Gent's White Canvass Congress,
Gent's White Canvass Shoes,
Gent's Mill. Calf Congress,
Gent's Calf-faced Congress,
Gent's Calf Balmorals,
Gent's Fine Kid Congress,
Gent's Prunella Brogans,
Gent's Pat. Dress Boots,

Children's Fine Morrocco Lace Boots,
Children's Fine Kid Congress and Lace Boots,
Children's Enameled and Calf Copper Toes,

And other goods in endless variety.

The subscribers beg to thank the public for the liberal patronage they have received since opening the above establishment.

W. ANGUS & CO.,
No. 226, Wellington street.

666y

A "Cough," "Cold," or Irritated Throat if allowed to progress, results in serious Pulmonary and Bronchial affections, oftentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES reach *directly* the affected parts, and give almost instant relief. In Bronchitis, Asthma and Catarrh they are beneficial. OBTAIN only the *genuine* BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, which have *proved* their efficacy by a test of many years. Among testimonials attesting their efficacy are letters from—

E H CHAPIN, D D, New York,
HENRY WARD BEECHER, Brooklyn, N Y,
N P WILLIS, New York,
HON C A PHELPS Pres. Mass. Senate,
DR G F BOGELOW, B
Prof. EDWARD NORTH, Clinton, N Y.
SURGEONS IN THE ARMY, and others of eminence.

Sold everywhere at 25 cents per box. 708d14w2m

The Florence Nightingale of the Nursery.—The following is an extract from a letter written by the Rev. C. Z. Weiser, to the *German Reformed Messenger*, at Chambersburg, Penn.:

A BENEFACTRESS.—Just open the door for her, and Mrs. WINSLOW will prove the American Nightingale of the Nursery. Of this we are sure, that we will teach our "SCRY" to say "*A Blessing Mrs. Winslow,*" for helping her to survive and escape the griping, colicking and teething ge We confirm every word set forth in the prospectus It performs precisely what it professes to perform, every part of it—nothing less. Away with your "Cordial," "Paregoric," "Drops," "Laudanum," and every other "Narcotic," by which the babe is drugged into stupidity, and rendered dull and idiotic for life.

We have never seen Mrs. Winslow—know her only through the preparation of her "Soothing Syrup for Children Teething." If we had the power, we would make her, as she is, a physical saviour to the infant race. 25 cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists. Be sure and call for "*Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.*" Having the *fac-simile* of "CURTIS & PERKINS" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations. 709d14w2m

1868. MAY. 1868.

J.A.PINARD & CO.,

ARE NOW SHEWING

New Dress Goods,

A good value in Striped, all Mohair, for 6d per yard.

New Prints. A good variety of Patterns at 6d per yard.

New Grey Cottons, A good Cotton, 40 inches wide, for 7d per yard.

New White Cottons, A good heavy made Cotton for 6d per yard.

The Tailoring Department is replete with all the novelties of the season.

Cash buyers will find it their advantage to visit the above before purchasing elsewhere.

J. A. PINARD & Co.,
No. 17, Sussex-st., *Sign of the Golden Ball.*

Ottawa, May 5, 1868. 16y

OTTAWA CROCKERY STORE.

JUST received, direct from Germany, a few cases of GLASS SHADES, Square, Oval and Round, suitable for covering Dried Flowers, Fruit, Fancy Work, &c. Parties requiring them will do well to call early.

Also in Stock and at Montreal Prices,

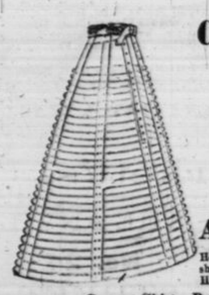
DINNER SETS, TEA & BREAKFAST SETS,
DESSERT SETS, TOILET SETS,

And a full assortment of every description of goods in the trade.

W. ALLAN,
51 *RIDEAU STREET, (opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.)*

Ottawa, April 18, 1868. 574y

P.S.—Goods carefully packed to go any distance with perfect safety.



City Hoop Skirt Factory,

43 SPARKS-STREET,

Central Ottawa.

THE DOUBLE EXTENSION SKIRT,
" DEMI "
" NEW GORE TRAIL SKIRT.

French Wove Corsets!

AN immense stock of Corsets just arrived, French, English and Scotch manufacture.

I beg to call the attention of ladies to the above new styles of Hoop Skirts which I have on hand, and will make to order on the shortest notice. Also, Parasols, Hosiery and Glove, Hair Nets, Handkerchiefs, &c., &c.

Croquet Skirts, Printed and Embroidered, Gored and Plain.

N.B.—A lot of old fashioned Corsets on hand (lacing at the back) cheap, wholesale and retail.

DAVID MILLAR,
456y 43 Sparks-st, Centre Town, next to Remondo's Stove Depot.

BLYTH & KERR,

Successors to Chas. Garth,

No. 25, RIDEAU-STREET,

PLUMBERS, GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,
TIN & COPPERSMITHS, BELL HANGERS, &c.

All materials for the above branches kept constantly on hand.

Also, Importers and Dealers in House Furnishing Hardware.

Just received a well selected assortment of Fishing Tackle, Baskets, Bait, Reels, Lines, Flys, Rods, &c. Manufacturers of all descriptions of work for Water and Gas Works, Brewer's Distilleries, Mills, &c. Makes and fits up Galvanized Iron Cornices, Gutters, Conductors, Roofing, &c.

Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water or Warm Air, on the most approved principles.

Orders from the country will receive strict attention. 740y

Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale.

THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

Fine Bottled Ale!

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

Scotch Irish, Old Rye
And other Ma Whiskies,
Ports, Sherries, Brandies Gin, &c.,
To either with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A Call kindly Solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

AN OMNIBUS

Will leave the

RUSSELL HOUSE,

Every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 7 a.m., punctually, to carry passengers

FOR AYLMER

To connect with the Union Forwarding Railway Company's Steamers.

JAMES MULLIGAN.
Ottawa, May 16, 1868. 744tf

W. NOTMAN,

Photographer to the Queen

CORNER OF

WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS,

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his

Establishment will be Opened

—ON—

Monday Next, 3rd February

When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for all the different branches of Photography.

Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 582y

B. BILLINGS, Jr.,

ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O & P R W 740tf

S. CHRISTIE,

COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,

EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.

E. S. O'CONNOR. W. R. WALLER.

March 378y

NOTICE

—TO—

SHIPPERS OF GOODS

TO THE

Upper Ottawa,

By Steamers of the

Union Forwarding

AND

RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE Union Forwarding and Railway Company having assumed the carriage of goods between

OTTAWA & AYLMER,

I beg to intimate that the same rate will be charged on goods received at either place, the Company having established a through rate on all goods forwarded from Ottawa to places on the Upper Ottawa.

Receipts for goods will be given by the Shipping Clerk, Mr. S. Dyde, Canal Basin Wharf, or at the office of the Company, Wellington-street.

R S CASSELS,
Ottawa, March 23, 1868. President. 698-6m

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St

M. P. HAYES.
Ottawa, June 21. AGENT. 571t

Coffee! Coffee!

TO those who enjoy a Cup of

REALLY FINE COFFEE!

—TRY—

BUCHANAN'S

Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha,

JAVA & JAMAICA,

Roasted and Ground

Daily on the premises, by steam power.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.
May 11, 1868. 739tf

Railroads.

CHANGE of TIME

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and after FRIDAY, the 15th May, 1868, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA
Mixed, 7. 15 a. m.	10.35 a. m.
Express, 1.35 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 7 a. m.	9.25 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principals stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.
Ottawa, May 14, 1868. 1y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway,

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H ABBOTT.
Brockville, April 11. *Managing Director.* 472y

Grand Trunk Railway Company

OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Gederich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 8.30 A.M.

Night do do at 7.30 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.00 A.M.

Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.

Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.

Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.

Express for Boston and New York, at 3.35 P.M.

Express for Portland (staying over at Island Pond) at 2.00 P.M.

Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Riviere du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbroke, Waterville and Coaticooke only, at 10.10 P.M.

Sleeping Cars on all Night-Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
December 23, 1867 650tf

MACHINERY OILS.

AMERICAN NATURAL

Lubricating Oils!

They Don't Gum,

They Don't Freeze,

THEY ARE THE

BEST AND CHEAPEST

MACHINERY OILS

IN THE DOMINION.

McKENZIE & MACKAY,
Agents for Canada.

T. ISAACS, Agent, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 17, 1868. 663tf

Books for the Times!

(The times of Papal and Infidel aggression.)

STANDARD EVANGELICAL WORKS,

By Rev. Dr. Cook, London, England.

Hamilton, Adams & Co., Publishers, London.

FOR SALE in Toronto by W. C. Chewett & Co., James Campbell & Son, Tract Society, Wesleyan Bookroom, Adam Stevenson & Co., James Young, A. S. Irving, and in Montreal by Dawson Brothers, A. Miller, R. Worthington, Sunday School Union, &c., and all Booksellers in the Dominion.

Christian Theology	$1 75
The Deity	1 50
The Shekinah	1 25
Explanations of Scripture	1 13
The Three Intercessions, (dedicated to the Evangelical alliance)	0 3
&c., &c., &c.	

These works are most highly recommended by the English Magazines and religious press, also by the Press of Canada, (see Montreal "Witness," Toronto "Globe," "Leader," "Christian Guardian," &c.) The intention is to supply every Protestant family in the Dominion with these valuable works. As an antidote to Romanism, Ritualism, Infidelity and formal religion, they are unsurpassed.

April 23 724-17-3m

VICTORIA HOTEL,
SOUTH QUEBEC.

This fine Hotel having been rebuilt and greatly enlarged during the past Winter, is situated near the Terminus of the Grand Trunk Railway, South Quebec, and is now open for the accommodation of guests, under the management of J. Tofield.

The IMPROVEMENTS made during the past Winter render it in every way desirable for both TRANSIENT AND PERMANENT GUESTS. Special arrangements will be made with parties desiring to remain for a length of time.

The ROOMS are LARGE and WELL VENTILATED, and the BEDS are all new and good. No pains will be spared to render it in every respect A FIRST-CLASS HOUSE.

In connection with the House is a BILLIARD ROOM, BATH ROOM, and BAR. The Bar will always be supplied with the choicest Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c.

Horses and Carriages to Let.
May 16, 1868. 744b

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD

PLANS,

SPECIFICATIONS,

ESTIMATES, &

Prepared by AUGUSTUS LAVER, ARCHITECT
2nd Daly-st. Ottawa.
April 1.

FRESH ARRIVALS
OF
Very Choice and Superior
TEAS

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Bakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved, an renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS,

As it is imported by no other firm in Canada

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
AW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
COAST PARTRIDGE

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St
Ottawa, September 10. 723tf

FOR SALE.

A SELF-ACTING SODA WATER APPARATUS, with cylinders complete, cheap for cash. Apply to WILLIAM PRODERICK Sussex-street, Ottawa. 687tf

Furniture! Furniture! Furniture!

AT THE

VARIETY HALL,

34, Sussex-st.

JUST RECEIVED several Consignments of Black Walnut Furniture, consisting of Beautiful Repps Covered Parlor Setts, Centre Tables, Extension Tables, Card and Side Tables, Fancy Tea Poys, Whatnots, Hair and Cane Seated Chairs, Sofas, Tete-a-tetes, Dressing Bureaus, Enclosed Washstands, and a full assortment of other furniture. There will be added to stock this week some very fine Bedroom Setts, which will be sold very low to close the consignment. Also a large stock of Willow, Market and Fancy Baskets, Children's Carriages, Horses, Perambulators, Hand Carts and Wheelbarrows, with a full assortment of Wooden Ware of all kinds. Also in stock and to arrive within a few days, the largest and best assortment of Crockery, China and Glassware imported direct from two of the best manufacturing houses in England. To all who wish to examine and purchase from a large stock will find the Variety Hall unequalled for assortment of stock and low prices.

429 JOSEPH BOYDEN, General Agent.

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds. Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints, and are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Nov. 1, 1867 7vdw

VICTORIA

FURNITURE WAREROOMS.

GEORGE ARMSTRONG, Corner Victoria Square and Craig-street, Montreal, solicits a call from the Citizens of Ottawa about to furnish, who may visit Montreal to his very large and varied stock of FURNITURE which he will sell at greatly reduced prices for cash. The Parlor Furniture is of the best quality and latest designs, either plain or handsomely carved, in Walnut, oil finished or polished.

His Sideboards, Bookcases, Chamber Sets, Hall Furniture, &c., are worthy of attention.

Hair Mattresses and Bedding of all description constantly on hand, or made to order, at the shortest notice. Call and examine for yourselves.

"Patent Sofa, with reclining arms, of a very superior make."

N.B.—Sole Agent in the Dominion for the sale of G. A. FISKS' Air-Tight Metallic Casket. 712-3m

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET.

FIVE HANDSOMELY FURNISHED APARTMENTS, within three minutes walk of the Government Buildings, with or without Board; or a large and well furnished House for the Summer season. Apply at this Office.
May 28, 1868. 753a

Lots for Sale.

6 BUILDING LOTS, one mile from the city, on the Richmond Road, containing one acre each. Apply to THOMAS ANDERSON, Jr. on the premises. 564tf

FOR SALE, on SANDY HILL, opposite Desbarats', LOT No. 32, Stuart street. Terms moderate. Apply to Mrs. TIERNAN, No. 2, King street opposite the Gas House.
Ottawa, May 4 1868. 734d

Two Dwellings to Let.

BEING the Upper part of D. E. MARTINEAU'S Clothing Store, Corner of Sussex and Clarence-streets.

Enquire at the Store.

EUG. MARTINEAU.
Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 646

FOR SALE.—THE WESTERLY one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINSET, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.

NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ., Or JOHN HENEY, Esq., Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W

Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

FARM FOR SALE.

FOR SALE Lot No. 15, 4th Concession, Gloucester, Rideau Front, seven miles from Ottawa, on the macadamized road leading from Ottawa to Metcalfe, consisting of 100 acres, 80 of which are cleared and in the highest state of cultivation. The soil is of the very best quality, and there is a new Frame Building and a good Stone Cellar, also a good Barn, Stable, Sheds and other outbuildings. The English Church and School House is about two acres from the house, the Methodist Church and Catholic Church can be seen from the door. There is a nine mile road running beside the lot. The Railroad Station is about two miles from the house. There will be a chance given in part of the purchase money if required. It is well fenced and watered. For further particulars apply to the subscriber on the premises.

701-1-13wts13 WM. HALPENNY.

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to

HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY, AND COURT OF SPAIN, THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT

MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,

For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*

H. & A. SAUNDERS, Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion, for the sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa, May 20. 748y

SPRING TAILORING.

THE SERVICES OF A

First-Class Tailor,

From MONTREAL, have been secured by the undersigned, who will pay a special attention to this branch of their business, and endeavour to show for

SPRING TRADE

A STOCK OF

CLOTHS

SECOND TO NONE IN OTTAWA

This department will be complete in the first week of April. Inspection respectfully invited.

J. A. PINARD & CO.,
No. 17, Sussex-street, Sign of the Golden Ball.
Ottawa, March 20. 696tf

Quebec Bank—Ottawa Branch

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

FROM the 1st day of April next ensuing, INTEREST at the RATE of FIVE per cent per annum, will be allowed on Deposits in this Department.

H. V. NOEL,
Ottawa, March 13, 1868. Manager. 690-3m

NOTICE.

MESSRS. ANGUS & SON, in retiring from the Undertaking Business, would beg to inform their friends and the public that they have disposed of their Hearses and stock in trade to Mr. Samuel Rogers, Cabinet Maker, who will in future attend to all orders in the Undertaking line, and they have much pleasure in recommending him to their many patrons and friends.

ANGUS & SON,
Furniture Dealers, No. 22, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, May 11, 1868.

UNDERTAKING.

In reference to the above, S. Rogers takes this opportunity of thanking his numerous friends and customers for their very liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Cabinet and Upholstering Business, and would respectfully solicit in this new branch of his trade a continuation of their favors.

S. ROGERS,
Cabinet Maker, &c., Rideau and George-streets.
Ottawa, May 11, 1868. 741d

Ice, Ice, Ice!

THE subscriber will furnish ICE DAILY to those requiring it for the Season. Double supplies on Saturday for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season, $6.00. Hotels and Steamers supplied with large quantities on liberal terms, as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted.

All orders left at KAVANAGH'S RESTAURANT, or at the subscriber's, will be strictly attended to.

F. STARMER,
126, Rideau-st.
Ottawa, May 14, 1868. 742d

Piano-Forte Tuition!

W. C. CLARK,

PROFESSOR OF MUSIC and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-street, corner of Water-street, Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Co's Music Store. 452y

MONEY FOUND.

The owner can have it returned by proving property and paying expense of advertisement.

J. C. SPARROW,
Cumberland.
June 3, 1868. 758-1-23-1

Steamers.

1868 1868

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S

MAIL STEAMER

Queen Victoria,

Captain A. BOWIE,

Leaves the Queen's Wharf with mails and passengers for Montreal, every morning, (Sundays excepted) at half-past 6 o'clock, arriving at 4:45 p.m.

Travellers and tourists will find this a delightful trip.

First-class Fare (meals extra)	$3 50
Second " "	2 00
First " Return "	6 00

Baggage checked through.

Parcel Express daily to and from Montreal and all landings.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs landed at L'Original.

For further information apply at Office on the wharf, or on board the steamer.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Excursion Tickets to Grenville and back for one fare.

MARKET STEAMER

"FAIRY,"

Captain R. G. NICHOLS,

Leaves Ottawa for Major's and intermediate landings on Tuesdays and Fridays at 4 o'clock, p.m.

7493 R. W. SHEPHERD.

1868 1868

UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

Upper Ottawa Route.

Consisting of the following first-class Steamers,

ANN SISSON,	-	Captain Murphy.
ALLIANCE,	- -	" Findlay.
EMERALD,	- -	" Toner.
OREGON,	- -	" Cowley.
CALUMET,	- -	" Blondin.
JASON GOULD,	-	" Bolton.
PONTIAC,	- -	" Duggan.
PEMBROKE,	- -	" Overman.
SNOW BIRD,	- -	" Beattie.

Until further notice the Steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day (Sundays excepted) for the Upper Ottawa at 8:30 a.m., connecting with the *Alliance* at head of railroad at 12:30, touching at Arnprior, Sandpoint, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf, and Portage-du-Fort. Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after the arrival of the Steamer *Alliance* for Cobden, connecting with Steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.

The Steamer *Pembroke* leaves Pembroke at 7 o'clock, a.m., on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday for Des Joachims, calling at intermediate ports, returning on same day, leaving at 2 p.m., connecting at Pembroke with Steamer *Jason Gould* which leaves daily at 5 a.m., and arriving at Portage-du-Fort at 10 a.m.

The Steamer *Alliance* leaves Portage-du-Fort every morning (Sundays excepted) at 9:30 a.m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere, Bristol, Sandpoint and Arnprior, and arriving at head of railway at 12:45, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4 p.m.

The Steamer *Calumet* leaves Haveleck for Chapeau Village and intermediate ports on Tuesdays at 6 o'clock, a.m., and returning leaves Chapeau Village same days, at 2 o'clock.

A connection is made daily with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at Arnprior at 2 o'clock p.m., in time to connect with the Grand Trunk Railway night trains east and west, and on the downward trip at Sandpoint 1:35 a.m., Arnprior 12:10.

Passengers for Des Joachims leave Ottawa every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

For further particulars apply at the office of the Company in Ottawa City or Aylmer.

R. S. CASSELS,
Ottawa City, April 22, 1868. President. 7248

Condensed Time Table

Between Brockville and Ottawa, via Brockville and Ottawa Railway and Union Forwarding Railway Company's Steamers:

UPWARDS.

Leave Ottawa at	7:00 a.m.
Arrive at Arnprior at	2:00 p.m.
Leave Arnprior at	2:20 p.m.
Arrive at Brockville at	7:45 p.m.

In time to connect with Grand Trunk Railway Night Trains, East and West.

DOWNWARDS.

Leave Brockville at	7:15 a.m.
Arrive at Arnprior at	12:10 p.m.
Leave Arnprior at	12:15 p.m.
Arrive at Ottawa at	5:00 p.m.

1868. 1868.

THE

Quebec and Gulf Ports

STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

ROYAL Mail Line between Quebec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, every Tuesday.

The first-class Steel Side-Wheel Steamship

"SECRET,"

WILLIAM DAVISON, - - Master,

Will leave

St. Andrew's Wharf

—ON—

TUESDAY, the 26th of MAY,

At four o'clock, p.m.,

For Pictou, N.S., calling at Father Point, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle, Miramichi and Shediac. Returning will leave Pictou on Tuesday, 19th May, at 5 o'clock, p. m.

The steamers connect at Shediac with E. & N. A. R. R. to St. John, N.B., and steamer for Prince Edward Island, and at Pictou with N. S. Railway to Halifax.

Through tickets to St. John, N. B., and Halifax, Nova Scotia. Return ticket by steamers at reduced rates. For freight or passage apply to

W. MOORE, Manager.
May 9, 1868. 739-8

Notice to Builders.

TENDERS

Will be received until

THURSDAY,

THE 4TH DAY OF JUNE NEXT, AT NOON,

For the construction and completion of a

School House in Wellington Ward,

To be built on the block fronting Hugh-street, between Maria and Slater-streets.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the undersigned to whom tenders are to be addressed, and endorsed "Tenders for School House."

The signatures of two responsible persons will be required who are willing to become security for the due performance of the work.

The lowest or any other tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JAMES D. SLATER,
Chairman Board of School Trustees.
Ottawa, May 21, 1868. 749td

Plans, Specifications, &c.,

PREPARED for Buildings of every description, by

SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

1867 AND 1868.

INDIA WAREHOUSE!

16 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform their Customers that their Stock is now complete, and embraces every delicacy of the Season, among which will be found a choice assortment of

TEAS,

Breakfast SOUCHONG, } Black Extra Fine.
do CONGOU, }
Superior HYSON,
" GUNPOWDER,
" IMPERIAL,
" TWANKAY,
Orange PEKOE, } These Teas have been
Flowery " } carefully selected for
Japan " } family trade by

BROWNE & HARDY.

SUGARS,

LOAF,
BROKEN LOAF,
CRUSHED,
GROUND,
YELLOW,
and MUSCOVADO.

COFFEE,

MOCHA,
JAVA,
JAMAICA, and
CEYLON,

Roasted and Ground daily on the premises.

CHOCOLATE and COCOA,

FRENCH, flavored with Vanilla;
TAYLOR'S,
FRYE'S,
MOTT'S

FRUITS, &c.

LAYER RAISINS,
in Whole, Half and Quarter Boxes
MUSCATEL, do do
SULTANA,
VALENTIA,
CURRANTS,
GRAPES,
ORANGES
LEMONS,
PRUNES,
ALMONDS,
WALNUTS,
FILBERTS, and
BRAZIL NUTS.

SPICES,

NUTMEGS,
MACE,
CINNAMON,
CLOVES,
GINGER,
MIXED SPICES,

All Ground on the Premises

D. T. BROWNE & CO.

Ottawa, December 19 405t

CRICKET AND CROQUET

JUST received by the subscribers a splendid assortment of

CRICKETING GOODS

Consisting of Clapshaw's and Duke's Bats, of all qualities.

Dark's and Page's Double and Treble Seamed Balls;

Felyham's Batting and Wicket-keeping Gloves and Leggings.

Plain and Fancy Wickets, Spikes, &c., in all making the largest stock of the above goods ever imported into this city.

Also superior sets of Croquet from $6.50 to $12.

J. L. ORME & SON,
25, Sparks-street,
Sign of the Golden Lyre.
April 30, 1868: 443y

EDUCATION.

A YOUNG LADY having some experience in teaching, and possessing a FIRST-CLASS ENGLISH EDUCATION, embracing Music with a thorough knowledge of the French (Parisian) Language, and the rudiments of German, is open to an engagement either as daily or visiting Governess. Satisfactory references can be given if necessary. Terms can be known on application at the residence of her father, Mr. DAVIS, No. 9, Patrick-street.
Ottawa, April 17, 1868. 720tf

ARNOLDI'S

WINE AND SPIRIT VAULTS,

11 *Metcalfe-st., Telegraph Co's Building,*
OTTAWA,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL, FOR CASH ONLY.

Dekuyper's Red Cases, Gin, 15 bottles	$9 00
" Green, " " per doz	4 80
Booth's London Gin "	7 20
Bernard's and Thompson's Gin "	6 00
Green Seal Champagne "	12 00

AND UPWARDS.

PORT WINES—Graham's, Sandeman's, &c.

	Per Gall.	Per Doz
No. 1 Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2 "	3 00	8 75
" 3 Old	3 50	10 00
" 4 Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine old	5 75	15 50

SHERRIES—Lomecq's, Pemartin's, &c.:

No. 1 Superior Light table Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2 Extra do.	3 00	8 75
" 3 Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4 Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine	5 50	15 00

Single sample bottles at above rates.

Also, of Standard Brands, in wood or bottle, old and new, Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch and Canadian Whiskies.

Canadian Ale, in wood or bottle.

Guinness' Porter, pints and quarts. Hibbert's Porter, pints and quarts. Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, pints and quarts.

Clarets, Hocks, Sauternes, Curacao, Maraschino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., &c.

Purity in all cases guaranteed, and goods marked at the lowest quotations.

Orders by mail with cash, promptly attended to. Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.

NOTICE.

The subscriber would intimate to those of his customers with whom current accounts may have been opened that it is his intention to take advantage of any irregularity in their payment to close them in order that he may conduct his business totally on the *cash principle*, which has been found to work much more satisfactorily for both the buyer and seller in every branch of trade in which it has been tried, and relying on quality of his goods and the prices charged for them (which will always be as low as they can honestly be sold for) he solicits a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

K. ARNOLDI,

Dealer in the better qualities of Wines, Spirits, &c., Metcalfe-street, Telegraph Co's Building, Ottawa.

Price lists on application or sent to any address.
April 21, 1868. 535y

PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE.

MRS. RICHARDS will open a Private First-class BOARDING HOUSE, Corner of SUSSEX and CLARENCE-STS., over Martineau's Dry Goods Store, on the 1st March. Parties wishing quiet, good, comfortable board, with good attendance, will please apply and secure apartments.

Breakfast at 8 and 10 a. m.; Lunch at 1 p. m.; and Dinner at 6 p. m.

Ottawa, March 18, 1868. 659-3m

HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,

WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

WILLIAM HOLGATE,
JOHN OLIVER,
WILLIAM ANNABLE.

506y

Skates! Skates!

At ISAACS,

ALSO,

SLEIGHS, SLEIGHS

ALL PRESENTS BY SANTA CLAUS,

At ISAACS

Skates from 20 cents to $6.00

At ISAACS,

ALSO, Sparks-street,

Hardware of all Description

At Lowest Cash Prices,

At ISAACS.

Remember the place,

T ISAACS

Decembe 17, 1867.

Take Highest Premiums at the Paris Exposition.

PLATFORM, COUNTER, Warehouse, Grain, Coal, Hay, Railroad, Track, Depot, Druggist, Gold, and *all* kinds of SC

The Times

VOL. III. NO 760. OTTAWA, FRIDAY, JUNE 5, 1868. { PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valle issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the we over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only,	$6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line,	8c
All subsequent insertions, per line,	2c

Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

Daily subscription to the daily (if paid in advance)	$5 00
Not paid in advance	6 00
Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance)	$1 00
not paid in advance	1 50

ADVERTISING AGENCY—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

Legal Cards.

MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Office—Mosgrove Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. GEORGE TAILLON.
Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1868. 366-tf

R. J. WICKSTEED,
ADVOCATE, &c., 42, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 589-6m

N. TETREAU,
NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 6, 1867. 590tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street.
OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa
February 7, 1866. 43-u

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Cramer's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
February 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House
Ottawa, March 30. 87-c

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Original.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866.

NICHOLAS SPARKS,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

G. J. O'DOHERTY,
LAW, Chancery, and Conveyancing Office, Aumond's Buildings, Rideau street.
Ottawa, December 6, 1867.

Medical Cards.

A. CODD, M.D., C.M.,
(Attending Physician General Protestant Hospital)
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Four doors east of the Revere House, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
OFFICE HOURS—From 8 to 10 a m, and from 2 to 3 p m.
Ottawa, April 30. 730-3m

DR. CHESLEY,
OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 25 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30. 44"tf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1868. 34-ntf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co's, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,
DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
CORNER of Kent and Wellington-Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 43utf

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, with out the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-100-y

Hotels and Saloons.

DOMINION HOUSE,
WELLINGTON-STREET.
THE undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.
GEORGE IRVINE.
Ottawa, March 26. 658y

MATHEWS' OLD STAND,
YORK-STREET,
WILL BE OPEN for the accommodation of the public on THURSDAY, 12th of March, 1868. The subscriber having again resumed business in his old stand as hotel-keeper, wishes to return thanks to his numerous friends and the public for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on him, during the past seventeen years, and hopes by strict attention to business, and kindness to all, to share a portion of public patronage. His Larder will be always supplied with the best the market affords. His Bar will be supplied with the best of Liquors and choicest Cigars.
T. MATHEWS,
Proprietor.
N. B.—The house has been thoroughly renovated and newly furnished.
Ottawa, March 11, 1868. 688tf

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec

REVERE HOUSE, OTTAWA,
G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, ...PROPRIETORS.
THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867 582tf

THE ALBION HOTEL
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1865. 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly over hauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to be comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

TORONTO HOUSE,
SPARKS STREET.
MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has a few Commodious Suites of Apartments to Let, handsomely and comfortably furnished.
Gentlemen attending the Session of Parliament will find at the Toronto House most convenient quarters, where the quiet of the private family is combined with the usual attendance to be found at the best hotels.
Ottawa, Feb. 25, 1868. 673tf

MONEY TO LEND
ON REAL ESTATE SECURITY.
WALKER & PENNOCK,
Barristers, &c.,
Ottawa.
April 15, 1868. 747tf

SMITH & RODNEY
MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from Eaton's Gilding Store, having just received a choice stock of
English, French and Canadian
CLOTHS and TWEEDS,
And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1,1867. 551tf

A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER
AND
Blank Book Manufacturer,
26, METCALFE-ST., OTTAWA.
HAVING every facility in the way of first-class Machinery, and employing none but first-class workmen, I am prepared to turn out every description of Binding in as good a style of workmanship as any other establishment in Canada.
A. MORTIMER,
Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, Feb. 6. 384y

Intercolonial Trade.
OUR ONLY SAFEGUARD GAINST DISUNION.
By
R. C. HALIBURTON, M. A.
For sale by
GEORGE E. DESBARATS.
Ottawa, April 2, 1868.

MILES'
HAIRDRESSING SALOON
BELL'S BLOCK, ELGIN-ST.
THIS SALOON is fitted up in a neat and attractive manner, and is always attended by competent and attentive workmen.
E. MILES,
Hair Dresser, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General.
Ottawa, April 13. 715y

Druggists.

EX S. S. BELGIAN.
CHOICE PERFUMES!
AT THE OLD
MEDICAL HALL!
28 Sparks-street.
THE subscriber begs to intimate to his customers that he has now opened up a portion of his spring importation of Genuine English Perfumery comprising among others
"The Ladies of England Boquet,"
"The New Court Bouquet,"
"New Bond Street Railway Boquet,"
"With Love and Kisses,"
"Essence of Ylang Ylang,"
"Dr. Marigold's Mixture,"
&c., &c.
Balance of importations daily expected ex S. S. St. Lawrence, from London.
W. M. MASSEY,
Dispensing Chemist,
Medical Hall, 28, Sparks-st.
Ottawa, May 7, 1868. 472y

Spectacles for all Sights.
OPTICAL Instruments
Electro-Magnetic and Galvanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.
W. HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-street.
637y

Miscellaneous.

D. CODD & CO.,
PATENT AGENTS, SOLICITORS, &c. Drawings, Specifications, Models, and all other business in connection with the procuring of Letters Patent of Invention, attended to at the shortest notice.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 741-6m

I. B. TACKABERRY'S
AUCTION ROOMS, No. 36, Rideau street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any part of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c. Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

B. BILLINGS, JR.,
ARCHITECT, Sussex-street, opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq. Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O & P R W 740tf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 378y

HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,
WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.
WILLIAM HOLGATE,
JOHN OLIVER,
WILLIAM ANNABLE.
506y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

Fresh Oysters.
JUST RECEIVED at the TORONTO HOUSE a fresh supply of OYSTERS.
Members of Parliament or others requiring quarters can be accommodated by applying at the TORONTO HOUSE.
Ottawa, March 13, 1868. 690

LADIES CALL AT THE CAPITAL
Boot and Shoe Store!
YORK-STREET.
For Cheap Gaiters
AT
ONE DOLLAR A PAIR!
Good at 95 cents.
Men's ware equally low, in every variety of style. This is the place to buy cheap at the "Capital," York-street.
429y GEORGE MURPHY.

VICTORIA
FURNITURE WAREROOMS.
GEORGE ARMSTRONG, Corner Victoria Square and Craig-street, Montreal, solicits a call from the Citizens of Ottawa about to furnish, who may visit Montreal to his very large and varied stock of FURNITURE which he will sell at greatly reduced prices for cash. The Parlor Furniture is of the best quality and latest designs, either plain or handsomely carved, in Walnut, oil finished or polished.
His Sideboards, Bookcases, Chamber Sets, Hall Furniture, &c., are worthy of attention
Hair Mattrasses and Bedding of all description constantly on hand, or made to order, at the shortest notice. Call and examine for yourselves.
"Patent Sofa, with reclining arms, of a very superior make."
N.B.—Sole Agent in the Dominion for the sale of G. A. FISKS' Air-Tight Metallic Casket. 712-3m

MACHINERY OILS.
AMERICAN NATURAL
Lubricating Oils!
They Don't Gum,
They Don't Freeze,
THEY ARE THE
BEST AND CHEAPEST
MACHINERY OILS
IN THE DOMINION.
McKENZIE & MACKAY,
Agents for Canada.
T. ISAACS,
Agent, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 17, 1868. 663tf

GREAT BARGAINS IN DRESS GOODS, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.
NEW STYLE OF DRESS GOODS, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.
FANCY DRESS GOODS AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.
PLAIN GOODS FOR TRAVELLING DRESSES, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.
BAREGE, GRENADINE & LLAMA DRESS GOODS, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S Invite inspection of their Stock.
No. 14, RIDEAU-STREET.
Ottawa, May 30, 1868. 510y

CRICKETING GOODS,
CROQUET, FISHING TACKLE
FOILS,
Masks & Boxing Gloves
AT THE
Sheffield House, Ottawa.
Ottawa, May 5, 1868.

NEW SILK AND DRESS GOODS.
Grant and Henderson
Have just opened out a new lot of
Black and Fancy Silks, Moire-Antiques,
BROCADES, POPLINS, CHALLIS, LUSTRES, &c.
Elegant Goods at Moderate Prices.
Millinery, Mantles, Jackets, Carpets and House Furnishings in great variety, always on hand.
No. 20, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, May 16, 1868. 692y

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT! 35, SUSSEX St. H. MEADOWS & CO.
WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall Stoves, for wood or coal we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES
COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.

Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW OVEN STOVES.

BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.	
BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.	
BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.	

Suitable for private Dwellings and Churches Warehouses and Stoves

PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES	PARLOR STOVES.
PAR TOVES.	PARLOR STOVES	PARLOR STOVES.

New and most beautiful designs, very cheap.
COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES.
Hot Air Furnaces.
We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE, RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with Stovepipes, &c., at reduced rates.
Lumbermen's Supplies Lumbermen's Supplies! Shanty Plates! Basins! Camp Kettles, &c.
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS!
Bird Cages! Bird Cages! Bird Cages!
Price Lists sent free on application.
Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending buyers would do well to note.
An inspection of the above goods invited at the
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, October 2 1867. 62-y

NEW GREEN HOUSE.
ERECTED lately by the subscriber at New Edinburgh, who has now on hand and for sale a large variety of choice Verbenas, and other flowering plants. Orders left at G. Bott's, Rideau-street, will be punctually attended to
ROBERT CURRY.
Marc 1868. 691-3m

Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale.
THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his
Fine Bottled Ale!
Which is in splendid condition. Also,
Scotch Irish, Old Rye
And other Ma Whiskies,
Ports, Sherries, Brandies Gin, &c.,
To ether with a General Assortment of
FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.
A Call kindly Solicited.
D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store
Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

ROYAL MAIL LINE.
AN OMNIBUS
Will leave the
RUSSELL HOUSE,
Every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 7 a.m., punctually, to carry passengers
FOR AYLMER
To connect with the Union Forwarding Railway Company's Steamers.
JAMES MULLIGAN.
Ottawa, May 16, 1868. 744tf

CRICKET AND CROQUET
JUST received by the subscribers a splendid assortment of
CRICKETING GOODS
Consisting of Clapshaw's and Duke's Bats, of all qualities.
Dark's and Page's Double and Treble Seamed Balls;
Felyham's Batting and Wicket-keeping Gloves and Leggings.
Plain and Fancy Wickets, Spikes, &c., in all making the largest stock of the above goods ever imported into this city.
Also superior sets of Croquet from $6.50 to $12.
J. L. ORME & SON,
25, Sparks-street,
Sign of the Golden Lyre.
April 30, 1868: 443y

ARNOLDI'S
WINE AND SPIRIT VAULTS,
11 Metcalfe-st., Telegraph Co's Building,
OTTAWA,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL, FOR CASH ONLY.

	Per Gall.	Per Doz
Dekuyper's Red Cases, Gin, 15 bottles	$9 00	
" Green, " " per doz	4 80	
Booth's London Gin "	7 26	
Berward's and Thompson's Gin "	6 00	
Green Seal Champagne "	12 00	
AND UPWARDS.		
PORT WINES—Graham's, Sandeman's, &c.		
No. 1 Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2 "	3 00	8 75
" 3 Old	3 50	10 00
" 4 Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine old	5 75	15 50
SHERRIES—Lomecq's, Pemartin's, &c.:		
No. 1 Superior Light table Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2 Extra do	3 00	8 75
" 3 Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4 Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine	5 50	15 00

Single sample bottles at above rates.
Also, of Standard Brands, in wood or bottle, old and new, Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch and Canadian Whiskies.
Canadian Ale, in wood or bottle.
Guinness' Porter, pints and quarts. Hibbert's Porter, pints and quarts. Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, pints and quarts.
Clarets, Hocks, Sauternes, Curacao, Maraschino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., &c
Parityi n all cases guaranteed, and goods marked at the lowest quotations.
Orders by mail with cash, promptly attended to. Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.

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K. ARNOLDI,
Dealer in the better qualities of Wines, Spirits, &c., Metcalfe-street, Telegraph Co's Building, Ottawa.
Price lists on application or sent to any address.
April 21, 1868. 525y

EDUCATION.
A YOUNG LADY having some experience in teaching, and possessing a FIRST-CLASS ENGLISH EDUCATION, embracing Music with a thorough knowledge of the French (Parisian) Language, and the rudiments of German, is open to an engagement either as daily or visiting Governess. Satisfactory references can be given if necessary. Terms can be known on application at the residence of her father, Mr. DAVIS, No. 9, Patrick-street.
Ottawa, April 17, 1868. 720tf

FOR SALE.
A SELF-ACTING SODA WATER APPARATUS, with cylinders complete, cheap for cash. Apply to WILLIAM PRODERICK Sussex-street, Ottawa. 687tf

CITIZEN OFFICE,
RIDEAU-STREET.
A NEW
Stationery Store
Has been opened in connection with
"The Ottwa Citizen" Office,
AND THE
Patronage of the Public is Respectfully Solicited.
THE STOCK EMBRACES
AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF
STATIONERY!
INCLUDING ALL KINDS OF
WRITING, PRINTING, WRAPPING, BLOTTING, COLORED, TISSUE, CARTRIDGE & DRAWING PAPERS.
ENVELOPES, VISITING CARDS, (Plain and Mourning.)
PLAYING CARDS,
MEMORANDUM And ACCOUNT BOOKS,
POCKET LEDGERS And CASH BOOKS, LETTER COPYING BOOKS.
INDEXES, BLANK NOTES, And DRAFTS.
STEEL PENS, QUILLS,
INDIA RUBBER, INK ERASER,
SEALING WAX,
ELASTIC BANDS (All Sizes),
ERASING KNIVES,
LETTER SCALES,
FILES AND CLIPS,
PAPER FASTENERS.
INK-STANDS, (All sizes in Glass, Pewter and Fancy.)
PEN RACKS, INKS,
ROUND RULERS,
SLATES AND SLATE PENCILS,
MUCILAGE, MARKING INKS,
And every other ARTICLE in the trade.
ORDERS FOR
BLANK BOOKS!
In any Style of Ruling and Binding, executed on the shortest notice.
BOOKBINDING
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
Job Printing
As usual, Neatly, Cheaply and Expeditiously executed.
I. B. TAYLOR, Proprietor.
Ottawa, May 25, 1868. 751y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,
Thursday, 28th day of May, 1868.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.
ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Marine and Fisheries, and under the authority of the 19th Section of "The Fisheries Act,"
His Excellency in Council has been pleased to make the following Regulations:—
Herrings shall not be taken between the Fifteenth day of July and the Fifteenth day of October in any year, on the spawning ground at the southern head of Grand Manan, in the Province of New Brunswick, within the following limits, that is to say:—Commencing at the eastern part of Seal Cove, including the two Inner Islands (so called) at a place known as Red Point, thence extending westerly along the coast to the southern head of Bradford's Cove, and extending one mile from the shore; and all nets or other fishing material, apparatus, tackle or gear used for catching Herrings on any part of the said ground during the period above described, shall be seized and confiscated; and every person so using the same shall be subject to fine or imprisonment.
The fishing for or catching of Salmon with swing nets in any of the waters of Canada is hereby forbidden.
Oysters shall not be fished for, caught or killed between the First day of June and the First day of September in any year.
WM. H. LEE,
758tf. Clerk Privy Council.

CANADA.
HEAD QUARTERS.
Ottawa, 2nd June, 1868.
GENERAL ORDER.
VOLUNTEER MILITIA.
OFFICERS commanding Battalions and Corps of the Volunteer Militia are hereby notified that, until further orders, when Volunteers are called out for actual service, the rates of daily pay will be, for privates fifty cents; and for non-commissioned officers in proportion.
Free rations or an allowance in lieu thereof will be furnished in addition, in conformity with the Blue Book regulations published in 1866.
Boots will also be issued free of charge to all Volunteers who may be required to leave their homes for actual service.
Boots will be issued by District Staff Officers on the requisition of Commanding Officers of Corps or Battalions, for the number of men actually under arms for such actual service.
By Command of His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor-General and Commander-in-Chief.
P. L. MacDOUGALL,
Colonel,
Adjutant-General of Militia,
Canada.
758-3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.
Saturday, 30th day of May, 1868.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.
ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under and in virtue of the authority given by the Act passed during the late session of Parliament of Canada, 31st Vic. Cap. 50, intituled: "An Act to increase the "Excise Duty on Spirits, to impose an Excise "Duty on Refined Petroleum, and to provide "for the Inspection thereof," His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following Regulations respecting the Inspection and Branding of Petroleum, shall be and they are hereby made and established.
WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council.

REGULATIONS.
1st. Refined Petroleum shall be tested by Taglibues Pyrometer or by Inland Revenue Act, 1868, Sec. 17. such other similar Instrument as may be approved by the Minister of Inland Revenue, and all such Instruments shall be distributed under the Supervision of the Department of Inland Revenue, and shall be used in accordance with instructions sanctioned by the said Department.
2. Refined Petroleum which was on the 22nd of May, 1868, in possession of parties who were not Refiners, may be allowed to pass inspection provided it bears a fire test of one hundred degrees of Fahrenheit Thermometer, without giving off vapour that will explode, or ignite on the application of fire.
Sec. 12.
3. All Barrels, Casks or Packages containing Petroleum which has been inspected shall be branded with—
The date of the Inspection.
Sec. 17. The name of the Inspecting Officer.
The degree of heat at which the vapour produced by it ignited.
The name of the Refiner, or if imported the name of the Importer.
4. Refined Petroleum may be warehoused and removed in Bond under the regulations made by an Order in Council on the 27th day of April, 1868.

NOTICE.
MESSRS. ANGUS & SON, in retiring from the Undertaking Business, would beg to inform their friends and the public that they have disposed of their Hearses and stock in trade to Mr. Samuel Rogers, Cabinet Maker, who will in future attend to all orders in the Undertaking line, and they have much pleasure in recommending him to their many patrons and friends.
ANGUS & SON,
Furniture Dealers, No. 22, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, May 11, 1868.

UNDERTAKING.
IN reference to the above, S. Rogers takes this opportunity of thanking his numerous friends and customers for their very liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Cabinet and Upholstering Business, and would respectfully solicit in this new branch of his trade a continuation of their favors.
S. ROGERS,
Cabinet Maker, &c., Rideau and George-streets.
Ottawa, May 11, 1868. 741d

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS, Toronto, May 28, 1868.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT Charles Westley Lount, of Bracebridge, in the Township of Macauley, in the District of Muskoka, Esquire has been appointed Agent for the disposal of public lands in the Townships of Morrison, Muskoka, Draper, Macauley, Stephenson, McLean, Brunnel, Monck and Watt, in the District of Muskoka, in the place of Richard Jose Oliver, Esquire, whose services have been dispensed with.
Applications for lands open as Free Grants in the above mentioned Townships, must also be made to Mr. Lount.
S. RICHARDS,
Commissioner.
Toronto, May 29, 1867. 758-tf

Government House, Ottawa,
Thursday, 28th May, 1868.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.
WHEREAS it has been represented to His Excellency in Council that the rates of toll imposed under the existing regulations upon vessels and goods passing through Burlington Bay Canal, are proportionately higher than those established for other Canals in the Dominion, and it is expedient that the same should be reduced,—
His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 58th section of the Act 31 Vic., Cap. 12, intituled: "An Act respecting the Public Works of Canada," has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the First day of June next, and in lieu of any tolls or dues which may have been by any Order in Council heretofore or authorized to be collected on the said Burlington Bay Canal, the tolls and dues enumerated and specified in the schedule hereunto annexed, and forming part of this Order, shall be and they are hereby imposed and the collection thereof authorized in and upon the said Burlington Bay Canal under the authority of the Act above referred to.
WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council.

Schedule of the Rates of Toll on the Burlington Bay Canal.

		Each Way. Cents.
Class No. 1.		
Vessels—steam	Per ton.	4
Do. sail	do.	4
Class No. 2.		
Passengers, 21 years of age and upwards	Each	1
Do. under 21 years of age	do	1
Class No. 3.		
Barley, Bricks, Cement, Clay, Coal, Corn, Gypsum, Ice, Iron, (railway, pig, scrap, and broken castings) Lime, Magnesse, Manures, Copper Ore, Sand, Salt, Slate, Stone (unwrought) and Wheat	Per ton.	6
Class No. 4.		
Apples, Potatoes, Oats, Pease, and Beans, and all agricultural products not enumerated and not being merchandise, Ashes, Beef, Bacon, Bones, Bran and ship stuff, Broom, Corn, Cattle, Cotton (raw), Fish, Flax, Flour, Glass (window), Hay (pressed), Hams, Hogs, Horns and Hoofs, Horses, Iron, wrought in sheets, Bars or Forgings, Iron castings, Junk, Lard and Lard Oil, Meals of all kinds, Marble, Nails, Oil in barrels, Oil Cake, Pork, Rags, Rye, Seeds, (flax, clover and grass), Sheep, Spikes, Stone (wrought), Tobacco (unmanufactured), and Tallow	Per ton,	8
Class No. 5.		
Agricultural Implements, baggage of Settlers, Beer, Bees Wax, Biscuits, Butter, Carts, Chalk, Charcoal, Cheese, Cider, Coffee, Copperas, Crockery, Dye Woods, and Dye Stuffs, Earthenware, Furniture, Glassware, Hides and Skins (raw), Hemp, Mahogany, Manilla, Molasses, Oakum, Paint, Pitch, Rosin, Ships' stores, Sleighs, Soda Ash, Steel, Stoneware, Sugar, Tar, Tin, Turpentine, Vinegar, Waggons, White Lead, Whiting, Whiskey, High Wines and Spirits, Wool	Per ton,	10
Class No. 6.		
All other goods and merchandize not enumerated	Per ton,	8
Class No. 7.		
Bark	Per ton,	10
Barrels, empty	Each,	4
Boat Knees	"	2
Floats, per 1,000 lineal feet	M	50
Firewood per cord in Vessels	Cord	8
Do. do. in rafts	"	8
Hoops	M	8
Masts and Spars, and Telegraph Poles, per ton of 40 cubic feet, in vessels		5
Do. do. in rafts		10
Railway Ties in Vessels	Each,	4
Do. do. in rafts	"	4
Sawed Stuffs, Boards, Planks, Scantling and Sawed Timber, per M. board measure		0
do. do. in vessels,		3
do. do. in rafts		0
Square timber in Vessels per M. cubic feet		25
Do. rafted per M. cubic feet,		50
Waggon stuff, Woodenware, and Wood partly manufactured per ton of 40 cubic feet		8
Shingles	Per M	3
Split posts and fence rails, per M. in Vessels		15
Do. do. in rafts		30
Saw logs, each standard log	Each	2
Staves and Headings (barrel)	Per M.	5
Do. do. (Pipes)	do.	10
Do. do. (W. India)	do.	8
Traverses	p. 100 p.	10
Hop Poles	p. 1,000 p.	50

Ottawa, May 28, 1868.

NEW BOOKS.
Exodus of the Western Nations by Viscount Bury; Chronicles and Characters by Owen Meredith; Brakespeare by the author of "Guy Livingstone"; The Lost Name, a Novel; Farming for Boys; The New Dictionary of Quotations; The Huguenots by Samuel Smiles; Law and Lawyers—Curious Facts and Characteristic Sketches; Art and Artists, do.; Books and Authors, do.; Clergymen and Doctors, do.; Longfellow's Works Complete for 15 cents; The Warwicke Novels, per vol, 15 cents; Cooper's Novels, per vol, 15 cents; Essays in Elia by Lamb complete for 15 cents; De Quincey's Confessions of an Opium Eater for 15 cents.
Bibles, Prayer Books, Church Services, just received from the Publishers, in the newest and richest patterns.
For sale by
J DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st.,
498y Opposite the Russell House

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Government Notice—Hector L. Langevin.
Lumber Tables—John Durie & Son.
Boxing Gloves, &c.—Orme & Son.
Card of Thanks—Alpine Grant.
Her Majesty's Theatre—Caste.
Ladies' Concert—Russell House.

The Ottawa Times

FRIDAY, JUNE 5, 1868.

We understand that the Hon. Mr. Rose, Minister of Finance, will shortly proceed to England on Government business. He intends to leave about the end of next week, and among his duties will be the important one of arranging for the issue of the Intercolonial Railway loan with the Imperial guarantee, in accordance with the provisions of the Imperial and Canadian Statutes made in that behalf.

A Commission composed of several Deputy Heads of Departments, and some other experienced parties, is to be appointed for the purpose of reporting upon the present condition of the Civil Service of Canada, with the view to secure its efficient organization under the new Civil Service Bill. We believe it is not designed to regulate promotions solely by seniority or length of service, but that individual ability will also receive due consideration. It is desirable in the interests of the public service that no man should be promoted from a position the duties of which he is competent to discharge, to one which he is incapable of worthily filling; and on the other hand that those occupying inferior places, but capable of acquitting themselves satisfactorily in higher ones, should receive the promotion to which their ability fairly entitles them as vacancies occur. The Commission to which we have alluded will be appointed in a few days, and enter immediately upon its duties.

The Montreal *Gazette* calls attention to the fact that the Local Committee of Montreal desire to close the subscription to the McGee testimonial fund on the 11th inst.; and that it is the desire of the Trustees that returns should be made from other localities as soon as possible. We understand that the subscription is not yet closed in this city, and we hope the members of the Local Committee will bestir themselves at once, have the canvass of the city completed, and make their remittance to the Trustees without unnecessary delay. Of all the causes which ever appealed to public sympathy this is the one in which it ought to be the especial pride of Ottawa to shine, for not even Montreal owes more to the gifted genius in whose memory this testimonial is being raised than does the capital of the Dominion. We hope, therefore, that the matter will be promptly taken in hand, and that the subscription will be completed, and such a remittance forwarded to the trustees of the fund, as will shew that our citizens are not insensible to the merits of him who was so suddenly cut down in their midst.

East and West—at the capital and at the furthest extremity of the country—there is a general conviction that a Fenian raid will be attempted, and that shortly. There is no panic anywhere; no interruption to business; no fear that the next raid will be productive of much more serious consequences than the last. But there is a sullen determination, amounting in many quarters to almost feverish anxiety, that when the Fenians do come they shall receive a warm reception. The preparations of the authorities are ample, and such as to give a reasonable sense of security to the most timid; but these preparations, however complete, will fall short of the public expectation, if they fail to make quick dispatch of the invaders when they come.

We give the above merely as the expression of public sentiment gathered from the press, and from a wide range of personal intercourse, though we confess we can hardly see what inducements the followers of O'Neil can have to make a second attempt at the invasion of Canada. With the American people becoming ashamed of their territory being used as the nursing ground of such an infernal rabble; with President Johnson relieved of the threatened consequences of impeachment, and cut adrift as it were from every responsibility, but that of leaving an administrative record that will stand the criticism of impartial history; with divided Councils among themselves, and with the greatly improved means of resistance which Canada now possesses, we can hardly bring ourselves to believe that O'Neil will get any considerable following to rush into certain destruction. We doubt, therefore, if there will be an invasion; but this doubt should by no means induce us to relax the preparations for meeting it, should it come. On the contrary, it would be better that the thing were over, one way or another, as speedily as possible; and never was there before in Canada such a defiant and determined purpose to put Feninism down once and for ever, if only it would marshal its strength on Canadian soil. Regarding this state of feeling, it would be a pity for all parties were any mistake allowed to exist; and from our knowledge of public sentiment upon the question, we can safely say that we have rather under, than over, stated its intensity.

The Conservatives are doubtless very grateful to the *Globe* for the deep interest it takes in their feelings. Not only editorially, but by "Special from Ottawa," are they being carefully looked after, and if they do not "feel sore," it will not be its fault, at all events. The *Globe* has always been remarkable for versatility of genius, and exceedingly industrious, if not very successful, in the manufacture of "public opinion;" but we should think that its lamentable failure about a year ago in disposing of this particular ware to the Reformers, though backed by the imposing machinery of the big and the little conventions, might have warned it against resuming the business on Conservative account. If the Conservatives have a habit of freely expressing their opinions, without waiting for the key-note to be touched by the master hand, it is plain that their training has been in a very different school from that of the followers of the *Globe* and we think our contemporary would do well not to distress itself too much on their account, as they certainly will be little disposed to appreciate its efforts. The permanent appointment to the Lieutenant-Governorship of Ontario, when it does take place, is not at all likely to be made with the special view of gratifying our contemporary's fancy, and in the meantime the *Globe* may preserve its soul in patience, for "the Conservatives of pure blood" will readily understand its motives, and be the first to set them down at their proper value. Our contemporary had far better keep its eye on "Methodism and Roman Catholicism." In former times it was great on polemical questions, and now that it has philosophically concluded that these parties had better not debate the points on which they differ, for the profound reason that "such debates usually issue in both parties being more confirmed in their own opinions" (!) we would respectfully recommend it to extend its newly found rule to the domain of politics, and test its accuracy by the result of the advocacy of its own peculiar tenets. Will it tell us how many converts it has made within the past two years? Or will it honestly confess that "such debates" as it has been engaged in have resulted disastrously to its own cause? We believe that when the services of the *Globe* are required by the Conservatives, the editor of that paper will be "sent for." In the meantime there is no occasion for its unwonted anxiety in their behalf.

EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENCE

Mount Forest, May 30, 1868.

I had proposed to myself a trip a little further into the northwest country towards the lake, but the weather which for the past few days has been exceedingly hot and "sweltery," has changed to a raw chill with a spitting rain called a "Scotch mist," and one is fain to draw himself near the stove and be contented with indoor recreation.

I hope the following remarks may meet the eye and move the heart of the Post Office authorities, so that the much needed additional mail accommodation will be furnished to this part of the country. As matters are now arranged there is just one mail a day from Guelph along the Owen Sound road, leaving Guelph at four o'clock in the morning, a few hours before the mail matter from the east arrives. Thus it is that the Toronto morning papers distributed in Guelph at ten o'clock on the morning of publication are only received in Mount Forest at noon, or some time after noon, on the following day, the distance being but forty miles. Imperfectly as the capital is supplied from the west and *vice versa*, this is a great deal worse. Were the mail stage to leave Guelph on the arrival of the Grand Trunk morning train west, the mail matter from the east of that point would be delivered about twenty hours sooner than it is at the present time. There are now two stages a day running on this line, and if it is found inconvenient to change the hour of departure of the morning stage, then a second mail should be despatched with that leaving Guelph at one o'clock, so that mail matter leaving Toronto at 7:30 a.m., might be delivered here by 9 p. m. This part of the country is entitled either to the change of time I have indicated or to two mails a day.

The same slow process of communication makes news from the Capital exceedingly stale. It was but yesterday afternoon I received the Times of Wednesday, with the glowing account of the Queen's birthday celebration at the Capital. At every village along my line of travel the occasion was made a gala day, and celebrated with more than ordinary enthusiasm.

The more I have seen of the farmers, and I have met with a great many during the past few days, the more I am satisfied that the country is this year to be enriched with an abundant harvest. I have been much astonished to find the grain-buyers actively engaged at this time in buying up the surplus of last year's crop at this village, thus proving at once the wealth and the folly of the farmer. But a few years ago it was quite a common thing in this neighborhood to see the agriculturist buying seed grain at about three times the price at which he had parted with his own crop the previous winter, or trading for two barrels of flour by giving his obligation for three in the fall; and this I believe is the first year that any considerable portion of grain not actually required for home consumption, has been left in the neighborhood after the close of the winter's trade. It is clear, therefore, that the farmers have more of wealth than formerly, for before this time they were driven to sell to the last bushel of surplus, and sometimes to part with what they required for seed and bread.

Now as to their *folly*. No sooner do they get beyond their bare necessities than they become speculators. They hold on to the grain in expectation of higher prices, and never more pertinaciously than when grain is at the highest. This year they have met the usual reward of such silly conduct. They are selling now at twenty-five cents a bushel on wheat below the price they refused in winter, and very glad to get the reduced figure!

In illustration of a similar weakness with respect to another article, I may state that I met a friend who is engaged in another part of the country in a business which involves an enormous consumption of wood. To regulate the price of it his firm is obliged to keep many thousands of cords on hand; because if the supply was allowed to run short, the wood could hardly be bought at any price, and were he to announce that he would give twenty-five cents more per cord than he is now paying, the supply would immediately be cut off in expectation of a still higher bid! Having studied this peculiarity of the agricultural population, he told me he had made it a rule in his business always to keep a large surplus on hand, because the apparently dead capital in his wood yard kept down the prices, so that it was about his most profitable investment.

I see by the *Spectator*, that the Wellington, Grey and Bruce Railway Company held its second annual meeting the other day. The directors express the "strongest confidence" that certain negociations now on foot, will lead to operations being commenced within the present year. This is held to be good news in this quarter, but there is a great want of faith in its being realized, and confidence is also declining in the "narrow guage" scheme from Toronto. Undoubtedly the best line for the country at large, and the one which would best serve the interests of this part of the country in particular, is a broad guage line from Guelph northwest to the lake; but so anxious are the people for a railway, and so confident of its advantages to them, that they are willing to give any company substantial encouragement that will first enter the field and commence the work. Having been among the early advocates of the "Wellington, Grey, and Bruce" project I should still be glad to see it made a success; but I think that many more delays in the commencement of the work of building the line will be fatal to its prospects.

I have just heard an incident which may account for the singularly erratic course of the *Globe* on the Fenian question. When its first editorial article on the murder of McGee reached this part of the country it created very much disgust. Some parties indignantly "sent back" their papers; others remonstrated by letter, and the *Globe* was convinced that it had made a mistake. Accordingly, a few days after out came its furious "stamping out" article, to which reference has already been made in the Times. But how it came to bark back on the "stamping out" process, I am unable to say, though perhaps its friend "Catholicus" from Port Hope could tell.

The Rev. Mr. O'Farrell, of Montreal, so favorably known as a pulpit orator, is announced to lecture in the Roman Catholic Cathedral, Sussex-st., on Tuesday next, 9th inst. No doubt there will be a throng to hear the rev. gentleman. He comes here at the call of charity, which in itself is, or ought to be, sufficient to enlist our warmest sympathies; but when we consider, moreover, that it was he who captivated the hearts of thousands of every creed and nationality by his feeling sermon over the remains of his martyred countryman—the late Hon. Mr. McGee—we have no hesitation in bespeaking for him an audience worthy of his great elequence—and we would advise our friends to go early and secure their seats in time.

We have it on good authority that the Fenians have recently been engaged in moving large quantities of arms and ammunition from St. Albans to several points along the border. It is also said that a number of suspicious characters have made their appearance in Montreal within the past few days, on whose movements a strict watch is being kept.

FROM TORONTO.

Meeting of Directors of Narrow Gauge Railways—Eight Companies of Fenians Lately Arrived in Buffalo.

Special to THE TIMES.

Toronto, June 4, 1868.

The steamer *Chicora* arrived and left for Buffalo to receive repairs, previous to being placed on the route from Collingwood to Fort William.

At the inquest held on the body of the boy Patterson, it appeared the boy was suffering from a disease which must soon have been fatal. A verdict was returned that the boy's death was hastened by violence inflicted by his father.

A meeting of Provisional Boards of Directors of narrow gauge railways was held to-day. No reporters were admitted. From the Directors' report appears that the Hon. J. McMurrich was appointed Trustee to receive municipal bonds in aid of the Toronto, Grey, and Bruce; and Hon. M. C. Cameron to receive those in aid of the Toronto and Nippissing.

The *Telegraph* says eight companies of Fenians arrived at Buffalo last night.

LOCAL NEWS.

Auction Sale of City Property.—Mr. McLean will sell a large number of fine city lots to-day, at the Union House, at 12 o'clock, noon.

Fine coral jewellery, dog oak jewellery and a large collection of other goods suitable for wedding and other presents can be seen at Young & Radford's; all new and choice goods and will be sold cheap.

The Concert To-night.—The programme of the concert at the Russell House this evening, in aid of the St. Alban's Church Fund, will be found in our advertising columns. It contains some choice musical gems, and from what is known of those who are to execute them it may be safely predicted that the concert will be a brilliant affair.

Auction Sale at the Dominion Auction Mart.—Mr. Bermingham will sell at his auction room, Sussex-st., a very large and valuable lot of household furniture. Some grand pianofortes and harmoniums will also be offered for sale. The whole stock has been consigned to Mr. Bermingham, and will be sold by auction. Sale at half-past ten a.m., and half-past two p.m.

Full Dress Parade.—By orders of the Commanding Officer a full dress parade of the Ottawa Provisonal Battalion of Rifles, took place last night at the drill shed, for inspection of arms, clothing, accoutrements and efficiency. It was found necessary, in order to have everything in perfect order for being ready to march at twelve hours' notice, to parade again this evening at the same hour.

More Light.—The want of more light on the Sapper's Bridge, so long felt by those who have to pass over it at night, is now about to be supplied, a new lamp being in course of erection, and is expected to be lighted on Monday night next. It is to be hoped that one of the next improvements we shall have to record will be the filling up of the holes on the bridge road, at present so dangerous to axle-trees. A good work has been done on the road east and west of the bridge, and now we hope the bridge itself will be attended to.

Dramatic and Musical Entertainment.—The pupils of the Christian Brothers gave an entertainment last night of no ordinary character, and before an audience whose applause was something to be proud of. The farce of the *Irish Tutor* and two little comedies were played with considerable ability, and several songs were given by the pupils in a style which we were scarcely prepared to expect from mere boys. The programme was a very good one and executed cleverly. The Rifle Band, which is a great acquisition on occasions of the kind, was present, and did what they never failed to do—gave the most unbounded satisfaction.

The Drama.—The three act comedy entitled *Caste* was presented at the theatre last night with great success to a good and respectable audience. This comedy enjoyed a long run at the Princess' theatre, in London, and afterwards at Wallack's, New York. Several new features of the company's style of acting were brought out in the piece which made a very favorable impression on the audience. And as to the roaring Irish farce entitled *Barney the Baron*, it literally kept the house in roars during nearly the whole time of its performance. Miss Chambers takes her benefit this evening, and as it is the last night but one of the company's appearance, we shall expect to see even a better house than last night. The bill for to-night is by special request *Caste and His Last Legs, or the Irish Mesmerizer.*

The Prospects for Fruit.—We are informed that the gooseberry and white and red currant bushes, near the city, are again being attacked by grub. The twigs are stripped bare of their leaves, as many were last year; these twigs so stripped last year are now all dead, and no doubt those attacked this season will die too. The roots do not seem to be at all affected, because the year after there is a good undergrowth from them. On visiting the nursery of Mr. Currie, the florist, near New Edinburgh, yesterday, we saw many of his bushes almost entirely denuded of their foliage. The black currant bushes, however, appear to be exempt from the ravages of the insect. Could not some one devise a remedy?

The Genuine Opera.—A communication has been received by the Messrs. Orme, from the great *impresario*, Max. Strakosch, concluding arrangements for the appearance in this city, probably next week, of the great La Grange Brignoli Operatic Concert Combination, comprising Madame Anna De La Grange, who is declared to be the greatest living lyric Prima Donna, and Signor P. Brignoli. The following *artistes* from the New York Academy of Music will also appear: Sig. Pollini, the favorite baritone; Sig. Sarti, the eminent basso; Sig. Ciccone, the famous clarionet soloist; and Mr. Jacob Kenkel, the eminent pianist, with Sig. Nicolao, musical director. The concert will be given at the rink. The prices of admission, of which there will be two, will be, for such a musical feast, quite moderate.

Police Court.—Mary Ann Smith was charged with using abusive and other improper language to Mary McDonald, and also with striking complainant's boy with a stick. Both parties were shown to be to blame in the matter. Mary Ann Smith was fined $1 and 20 cents costs.—Lyman Green, tavern keeper, was charged by the License Inspector with selling liquor after seven o'clock on Saturday night. The case was proven against him by two mechanics who had drank there. The magistrate reminded the defendant that it was the intention of the law to protect mechanics from the temptations held out to them to spend their wages instead of taking them home to their families, and it was his duty to enforce the law; he fined him $20 and costs. The same defendant was then charged with keeping an unlicensed pigeon-hole table. There having been some informality in bringing up the case, it was adjourned till this morning.—Pierre Valade, a boy of about fourteen years old, and his sister, Artemire Valade, a good looking girl of about sixteen, were charged with stealing wood from the yard of John Coombs, baker, of Parry street. The prosecutor deposed that he had been missing wood from January to the middle of April, and he thought there had been as much as seven or eight cords taken. He had not seen the children take any of the wood, but he had a witness in court to prove their having done so. Julia Forgotte, the witness referred to, said she had lived with the Valades in the same house, and that on several occasions she had heard their mother tell the children to go into Mr. Coombs' yard and get the wood, and when they had refused she threatened to beat them and cut their throats. Witness said her husband worked for Mr. Coombs as a baker, and she thought she should have given him the information before. She said she had a quarrel with Mrs. Valade about the rent, and that the latter had charged her a dollar more than she had a right to pay, and that but for this she would not have mentioned the stealing of the wood. Several witnesses were called to prove that Valade kept a horse and sold wood, and had been doing so all the winter. Pierre Valade himself went into the witness box, and deposed that he had hauled wood from Tremblay's part of the winter, and that when he did not sell a load he would take it home. It had been stated by the prosecution, however, that his horse had been taken sick and could not work, but this was answered by showing that it was during only part of the time that the horse had been unable to work. His Worship thought that sufficient evidence had not been adduced to warrant a committal, and feared that the quarrel between the second witness and Mrs. Valade had influenced the former in giving the information, which it true she ought to have given before, since it was clear that if the wood had been stolen and used in the house the witness had benefitted by it, whilst she was supported by her husband's employment in the service of the person from whom the wood was stolen. The prisoners were discharged.

The London *Prototype* says that several parties have already removed from Windsor to Detroit, in anticipation of a Fenian raid at the former point.

THE WESLEYAN CONFERENCE.

THE ANNUAL MEETING AT KINGSTON.

Kingston, June 3, 1868.

At Hallowell, on the 25th August, 1824, the Canada Conference of the Wesleyan Church, met for the first time of its existance. Including one special session, it meets to-day for the forty-fifth time. Kingston has shared the honor, and conferred the hospitalities of entertaining the Conference on six occasions of its annual gatherings prior to the present. In 1830, 1834 and 1838; and in 1846, 1852 and 1860, the ministers and delegates of this body met, as they meet again to-day, in the ancient city, to deliberate on matters affecting the interests of a large class of our Canadian population. Forty-four years of the past, in the history of our young country, teem with wholesome and inspiring reminescences. Our land, as yet only sparsely settled, and our resources as yet only dawning in their development, were much less so nearly half a century back. Her progress material, educational and political, which so significantly prove our advancement, has been fully equalled by the rapid and zealous diffusion of morality and religion.

Forty-four years ago the ministerial staff of the Canada Conference numbered thirty-six, of whom we are able to name only nine survivors; now the clerical force is five hundred and thirty. The membership then was the modest figure of 6,150, now it is 58,457. There were at that time only 21 circuits and missions; now they number 355; and the field occupied by them was the frontier from Ottawa to Niagara, while the Atlantic is the eastern, as the Pacific is the western, boundary of their work at present; and were the Dominion larger than it is, doubtless the agencies of the Wesleyan Church would be found overtaking its remotest settlements, and gathering congregations amid its most sparsely peopled townships.

Under very favorable circumstances does the Conference meet to-day. The year past has been one of quiet, and doubtless of prosperity. A most devoted and gifted member of the English Wesleyan Conference is already among us, both by request and appointment, to assume the presidential chair, with all its honors and responsibilities. That he will get a right royal greeting from his Canadian brethren needs no seer's gift to foretell; and that the *conversations* which fill up so large a share of Conference proceedings will be more than ordinarily interesting, we can easily assure ourselves.

The Stationing Committee, which, on many accounts, is the most important of all the Committees in the Connexion, is chosen by ballot at the May District Meetings, and anticipates the ordinary sessions of the Conference by nearly a week. Fully fifty representatives comprise this Committee, and their work is, as their name imports, that of stationing or appointing the ministers to their several circuits for the ensuing year; so that in the early part of the conferential proceedings a draft of the stations, always subject to correction, is laid before the ministers. This station sheet will be the subject of much interest and solicitude by large numbers of ministers, many of whom are under the necessity, according to Wesleyan polity, of removing from their present to other circuits. The law is about as inflexible as that of the Medes and Persians, and leaves neither minister nor members any alternative other than that, at the end of three year's residence, old and endearing associations must be severed, and the church supplied with a new and often unknown minister. At this work of stationing the ministry—and it is done every year—the Committee have already made considerable progress.—*Leader.*

CABLE NEWS

(*Via* Montreal Line.)

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Liverpool, July 4.—Mr. John Bright, M.P., was entertained this morning at a public breakfast, given in his honor by the prominent members of the Liberal party of this city. Mr. Bright made an excellent speech, and after reviewing the policy of the various Tory administrations, up to the present time, on the question of the Irish Church, he drew a strong contrast between the course of the present Premier and Mr. Gladstone in dealing with this matter. He advised the Liberals to put forth all their strength on the next Parliamentary election, and with great earnestness and warmth of language, expected the people of Great Britain to support the Liberal party, declaring that the success of adjusting the dissensions in Ireland and perfecting her union with England. The distinguished speaker was frequently interrupted by applause, and was loudly cheered at the conclusion of his remarks.

London, June 4.—The Secretary of State for India has received a despatch from Gen. Napier, dated Adigeral, May 21. The general says a small detachment of troops will remain at Zoulla. All the remaining troops of the expedition have gone forward to Annesley Bay to embark for home. Another despatch received from Gen. Napier, dated June 1st, reports that the royal crown of the late King Theodorus, captured at Magdala, was returned to his Queen, who remained at the capital. Gen. Napier also states that a great flood swept through the Sooroo defile, causing great damage, and rendering the road impassable. The loss of life, however, was small, only six natives were drowned, instead of 600 as reported. The health of the soldiers was good, notwithstanding the heavy rains.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Via Montreal Line.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Removal of the Remains of the late S. A. Douglas.

Chicago, June 3.—The remains of Hon. S. A. Douglas were this morning transferred from their first resting-place to the mausoleum. A large number of citizens and strangers were present.

Pedestrianism.

Boston, June 4.—Weston, the pedestrian, commenced a walking match at Riverside Park yesterday, for a wager of $2,500.

Sale of Steamships.

The steamships *Ontario* and *Erie*, which were built for the Boston and Liverpool line, were sold yesterday at auction for $750,000. It is rumored they were purchased for New York parties.

Meeting of the American Homœopathic Society.

St. Louis, June 4.—The twenty-first annual session of the American Homœopathic Society met here yesterday. Nearly all the States were represented.

Powder Mill Explosion.

Newburg, N. Y., June 4.—The graining and glazing works of Smith and Rand's powder works near here, blew up yesterday, killing one man. The report was distinctly heard for a distance of forty miles.

Abyssinia.

New York, June 4.—The *Herald's* Abyssinia special says Gen. Napier was continuing his march in evacuation of the territory towards the coast, the column having passed Senafe, one of the last posts on the route. Gen. Napier reports that the rainy season had set in with the usual violence and disastrous consequences to the inhabitants of the low lands. The flood running through the Sooroo defile, a vast mountain gorge, was already in such a volume that six hundred natives have been drowned.

Political.

The *Tribune's* special says the Committee on Reconstruction failed to secure a full meeting to-day, consequently the Bill to admit Florida was not acted upon. The Committee on Foreign Affairs have instructed Senator Sumner to report adversely to the nomination of Geo. B. McClellan, as Minister to England.

The *Sun's* special says the House Reconstruction Committee to-day agreed to report a Bill for the admission of Arkansas.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Meeting of the American Jockey Club.

New York, June 4.—The American Jockey Club opened subscription rooms at 920, Broadway last evening, for the purpose of inaugurating the English system of betting. Quite a large number of members were present, and a considerable number of bets were made.

Rev. S. Ting on Episcopalianism.

The Rev. Stephen H. Ting, Jr., in a lengthy sermon, delivered last evening in the Baptist Church, corner of fifth avenue and 127th st., ventilated his views on the subject of Episcopalianism, and particularly as connected with the restrictions sought to be placed upon Episcopal clergymen preaching in other Protestant churches.

The German Catholic Union.

The great German Catholic Central Union closed its third day's proceedings, and with it the session for this year, last evening. Some of the resolutions passed, especially those in regard to schools, and to the protection of immigration, are of general importance.

Extensive Fire.

New York, June 4.—Buildings No. 14 and 16, owned by Mr. Degnee, and occupied by Henkle & Co., furniture manufacturers; Gerseelman & Co., tobacco merchants, and several others, were completely destroyed by fire this morning. The loss is estimated at fifty thousand dollars. Three adjoining buildings are considerably damaged.

The Chinese Embassy.

Washington, June 4.—The formal introduction of Mr. Burlingame to the President, and the delivery of his credentials, will probably take place to-morrow. Mr. Burlingame will be accompanied by the principal members of the embassy. In the evening they will attend the opera at the invitation of the Secretary of State, and on Saturday next, the tomb of Washington at night. They will be entertained by the Secretary of State at his private residence.

Meeting of the National Typographical Union at Washington.

Washington, June 4.—The National Typographical Union are in session here, and has chosen Albany, N.Y., as the place of its next annual meeting. The returns show over sixty thousand members. The Union has adopted resolutions against an international copyright law, and in favor of the Bill pending in Congress to make eight hours a legal day's work in the Government works.

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

A. Swalwell, Chief Undertaker for Ottawa, Sparks-st., Centre Town. 750tf

Bog Oak Jewellery.—Very handsome sets of bog oak jewellery can be had at Young & Radford's, at $1 per set.

Carpets and House Furnishings.—Garland Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality. They have just received a large stock and invite the attention of parties furnishing to it. Purchasers will find their stock in this department second to none in Ottawa. 582-y

Messrs. Young & Radford having secured the services of first-class working jewellers in etruscan, filagree, plain, fancy and solid gold work, and having made large additions to their work shop are now better prepared to execute any orders with which they may be entrusted than heretofore. Masonic jewels gold and silver medals, and every kind of gold and silver work done on the shortest possible notice. Remember the place, 30 Sparks-st., and encourage home manufacture.

Good Signs.—It is a good sign to see a man doing an act of charity to his fellows. It is a good sign to see the color of health in a man's face. It is a good sign to see an honest man wearing old clothes, and the immense sales of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," is a good sign that it is a scientific preparation, and properly appreciated by the people. Sold everywhere at 25cts. per bottle.

PRESBYTERIAN SYNOD.

The Synod of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland, commenced last (Tuesday) evening, according to appointment, in St. Andrew's Church, Princess-st. A sermon was preached by the Rev. Kenneth Maclennan, M. A., Minister, of Whitby, and retiring Moderator, from Acts XX, 28 verse. The Synod roll was then read and approved. An extract minute was read of the Synod of Nova Scotia, dated July, 1867, authorizing Rev. Allen Pollock, Rev. Charles M. Grant, and Rev. James M. Fraser to receive commissions as corresponding members from that Synod to the present court. It was decided to add the names of these gentlemen to the roll. Mr. Pollock was introduced to the Synod and welcomed through the Moderator. There was also read an extract minute of the Synod of New Brunswick, dated August 19, 1867, appointing the Rev. William Henderson, D.D., Minister, of Newcastle, their commissioner to attend the present meeting of the Synod of Canada. On motion Dr. Henderson's name was added to the roll.

The Rev. Robert Dobie was elected Moderator, and thanks were awarded to the retiring Moderator.

The report on business was read, and the Synod agreed to the recommendations contained therein.

The meeting proceeded to the election of Trustees of Queen's University, in room of those who retire according to the requirements of the charter.

The Rev. Wm. Bain, Rev. Dr. Mathieson, and the Rev. Archibald Walker, the retiring trustees, were re-elected.

The report and financial statements of the Board of Managers of the temporalities fund were presented by the Secretary, Mr. James Coil.

The Synod then adjourned until this morning.—*Kingston News.*

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

THE McGEE TESTIMONIAL FUND.

A meeting of the trustees of this fund was held in this city to-day, at which were present, His Worship the Mayor, the Hon. Thos. Ryan, Mr. Shanly, M.P., Mr. Workman, M.P., Mr. Chamberlin, M.P., and Mr. M. P. Ryan, M.P. The Mayor, W. Workman, Esq., was moved Chairman, Mr Chamberlin Hon. Secretary.

Mr. Wm. O'Brien was appointed a trustee in place of Mr. W. MacFarlane, absent from Canada.

It was decided to close the town subscription on Thursday next, the 11th inst., and to call in the other subscription lists as soon as practicable.

The sum already in bank amounts to about $3,000.—*Montreal Gazette.*

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

MR. GLADSTONE'S IRISH CHURCH BILL.

The following is the Bill of Mr. Gladstone to "prevent for a limited time, new appointments in the Church of Ireland, and to restrain, for the same period, in certain respects, the proceedings of the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for Ireland:"

"Whereas, Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to signify that she has placed at the disposal of Parliament for the purposes of legislation during the present Session her interest in the temporalities of the several archbisoprics, bishopric and other ecclesiastical dignities and benefices in Ireland, and in the custody thereof:

"*And whereas*, it is expedient to prevent the creation of new personal interests in Ireland in the Established Church in Ireland through the exercise of any public patronage, and to restrain in certain respects the powers of the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for Ireland;

"*Be it therefore enacted* by the Queen's most excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords spiritual and temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

"1. In case of the vacancy of any archbishopric or bishopric, or of any ecclesiastical dignity or benefice in Ireland in the gift of Her Majesty, or to which all archbishops, bishops, or other ecclesiastical corporated as such, or any trustee or trustees acting in a public capacity, are or shall be entitled to present or appoint, it shall not be lawful to appoint any person to succeed to such archbishopric, bishopric, dignity, or benefice; and upon the happening of such vacancy, the management and receipt of the rents and profits, all the lands, titles, and other emoluments appertaining to such archbishopric, bishopric, dignity, or benefice, shall be transferred to and vested in the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for Ireland, subject to all charges legally affecting the same, and the said Commissioners shall have power to grant rewards and do all other acts which may be necessary for the due and proper management thereof, and shall cause the same and the proceeds thereof to be kept distinct from all other funds, to be disposed of in such a manner as Parliament shall direct.

"2. In case of the vacancy of any archbishopric or bishopric, the person designated by the 31st section of the 3rd and 4th William the Fourth, chapter 37, to execute the powers of the said act during such vacancy, shall be the guardian of the spiritualities of such archbishopric or bishopric; and in case of the vacancy of any benefice with cure of souls, all the powers and authorities granted by the 116th section of the said act for supplying the spiritual wants of suspended benefices shall apply and be exercised in respect of such vacant benefice by the same persons and in the same manner as therein directed, provided that in regulating the salary of the officiating minister regard shall be had to the nature and extent of the duties to be discharged.

"3. It shall not be lawful for the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for Ireland to make any new grant for the building, rebuilding, or enlarging of any church or chapel, or for the building of any glebe house, or the augmentation of any benefice, or the maintenance of any minister, or the purchase of any house, land, or tithe rent charge.

"4. Every person who shall be appointed to any lay office in connection with the Established Church in Ireland after the passing of this act, shall hold the said office subject to the pleasure of Parliament.

"5. This act shall continue in force until the first day of August, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine."

THE WAR CLOUD.

GEN. DE FAILLY AT CHALONS—A SINGULAR SPEECH TO THE TROOPS.

[Paris (May 18th) Correspondence of the London Times.]

Gen. De Failly, in assuming the command at the Camp of Chalons, issued the following order of the day:

Gentlemen,—I am happy and proud to be called your commander. I already know a great number among you, and many are acquainted with me, at least by name. We are assembled together, not in an encampment of pleasure, but in one where work is to be done. That sufficiently says that we shall proceed to our manœuvres without losing time. We shall omit matters of detail, and confine ourselves to evolutions on a large scale, such as are necessary in war. The improvement in the muskets having changed tactics, we shall modify—not the order of manœuvres, but their application to the new armaments. A war being always possible, our training ought to be earnest, genuine and uninterrupted. I repeat to you that I appreciate, as I am bound to do, the honour of being placed at your head.

The order of the day just quoted appears to many people important, not so much because the General speaks of war as "possible"—everything is possible—but because the possibility seems meant by him to become probable, from the fact of his omitting "matters of detail," and confining himself to "evolutions on a large scale, such as are necessary in war." The words of the General are hardly in accord with those which the Emperor uttered only a few days ago at Orleans. Had Gen. Failly alluded to the state of political affairs in the Senate, of which he is a member, nobody would think them strange; but as the General commanding the camp of Chalons his order of the day should relate to the instruction of his troops, and not take the form of a political address!

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

Physicing Horses.—Many persons physic their horses frequently—especially every spring. This is a great error, and one which has caused the loss of many valuable horses, as physic as it is usually given, often produces inflammation of the bowels which generally proves fatal; it also weakens the horse and thus renders him more liable to disease, or less able to throw it off. What is required is a medicine which will operate gently upon the bowels, and act upon the liver and lungs, removing all obstructions therefrom, purifying the blood and enabling all the organs to do their work without overtaxing any, which is accomplished by the use of "Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and condition medicine"—it is always safe and certain. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hard & Co.* is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C.W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

WEEKLY REPORT OF CANADIAN SECURITIES.

Pellatt & Osler,
No. 86, King-street East,
Toronto, June 2, 1868.

Banks and Sundries.

	Capital	Amount of Shares	Paid Up	Dividend Last Six Months	Closing Price
Bank of Montreal	$4,000,000	200,000	$200 00	3 per cent	229 @ 230
Bank of British North America	1,000,000	40,000	50 00	2½ per cent	94 @ 95
Ontario Bank	500,000	20,000	25 00	4 per cent	98 @ 99
Bank of Toronto	800,000	16,000	50 00	4 per cent	112 @ 113
Royal Canadian Bank	1,600,000	64,000	25 00	4 per cent	91 @ 92
Gore Bank	200,000	8,000	50 00	4 per cent	100
Commercial Bank	2,000,000	40,000	50 00	4 per cent	106
Merchants' Bank	3,000,000	60,000	50 00	4 per cent	95 ex. div.
Molsons Bank	2,000,000	40,000	50 00	4 per cent	107 @ 108
Quebec Bank	2,800,000	56,000	50 00	4 per cent	107 @ 108
Bank of Montreal	2,000,000	40,000	50 00	4 per cent	158 @ 159
City Bank, Montreal	1,200,000	24,000	50 00	4 per cent	105 @ 106
La Banque du Peuple	2,000,000	40,000	50 00	4 per cent	105 @ 106 ex. div.
La Banque Nationale	1,000,000	20,000	50 00	4 per cent	95
La Banque Jacques Cartier	1,000,000	20,000	50 00	4 per cent	105 @ 106 ex. div.
Mechanics' Bank	1,000,000	20,000	50 00	4 per cent	95
Union Bank of Lower Canada	1,000,000	20,000	50 00	4 per cent	101
Canada Permanent Building Society Stock	1,000,000	10,000	100 00	5 per cent	165
Western Canada Permanent Building Society Stock	400,000	4,000	100 00	5 per cent	109
Freehold Building Society				4 per cent	117
Montreal Telegraph Company				5 per cent	134
Canada Landed Credit Company				5 per cent	135

	Closing Price	Where Payable
Bank of Montreal	229 @ 230	
Bank of British North America	94 @ 95	
Ontario Bank	98 @ 99	
Bank of Toronto	112 @ 113	
Royal Canadian Bank	91 @ 92	
Gore Bank	100	
Commercial Bank	106	
Merchants' Bank	95 ex. div.	
Molsons Bank	107 @ 108	
Quebec Bank	107 @ 108	
Bank of Montreal	158 @ 159	
City Bank, Montreal	105 @ 106	
La Banque du Peuple	105 @ 106 ex. div.	
La Banque Nationale	95	
La Banque Jacques Cartier	105 @ 106 ex. div.	
Mechanics' Bank

Magee & Russell's

—GREAT—

REMOVAL SALE!

COMMENCED

MONDAY,

JUNE 1st.

NO RESERVE.

All Goods re-marked in plain figures, with Red Ink, showing the actual reductions.

The following are only a few of the bargains offered. The public are invited to inspect the stock, and judge for themselves before purchasing:—

FANCY SILK DRESSES

That were selling for $16 and $17, reduced to $12 and $13.

SILKS

Marked $19 to $23.50, reduced to $15, $16 and $15.50, the full dress of 15 yards.

All our rich French Silks reduced from $5 to $8 on each dress.

BLACK GLACIE

And Gros Grain Silks all reduced.

MANTLE VELVETS and VELVETEENS,

Only received a few days ago, marked down from 10 to 15 per cent.

BLACK LACE SHAWLS,

Commencing at $1.25.

All the rich Spanish and Pusher Lace Shawls will show large reductions.

Paisley Shawls reduced from $1.50 to $5 on each shawl.

Last year's Barege Shawls reduced to nearly half price.

NEW HOOP SKIRTS

Cheaper than anything in the trade. Old fashioned large Hoop Skirts almost given away. Would pay to have them altered.

LADIES STRAW HATS & BONNETS,

New styles, all reduced.

All old shapes in Straw Goods sold for what they will fetch.

Pattern Bonnets and all trimmed Millinery greatly reduced.

One Case Shakers at 12½c, some of them worth 50c.

NEW PARASOLS

Reduced from 10 to 20 per cent. Old ones to about half price.

500 PALM LEAF FANS

Sold during the sale at 5 cents each; not more an two to one customer.

Several thousand Ladies' Imitation Lace Paper Collars for half the New York price.

About 150 pieces ¾ Mobair and Poplinette Dress Goods, will be offered at such prices as must clear them out.

PRINTED DELAINES

That sold from 17½ to 20 cents per yard, marked down to 12½ cents.

FRENCH DELAINES

And Merinos, Cobourgs, Lustres, Glacie, Alpaccas, Printed Muslins, and all other Dress Goods in stock, likewise reduced.

A lot of washing Challies will be offered very low.

All domestic goods, such as Sheeting, Table Linens, Towellings, Flannels, &c., will show heavy reductions.

OUR COTTONS

Being all purchased when the raw material was at its lowest point in Liverpool, customers would do well to lay in a stock during the sale. We will sell all Cotton goods far below what it would cost to import them just now.

PRINTS

At 7, 9 and 11 cents per yard; present retail value 10, 12½ and 15 cents per yard.

SPLENDID STYLES IN TWEEDS,

Coatings and Cloakings, at the reduced figures.

CARPETS,

Damasks, and all kinds of House Furnishings, and other heavy goods that would be troublesome to remove, will be cleared out at and below cost price.

LADIES BEST FRENCH KID GLOVES

Will be sold at $1 per pair, and all soiled and damaged Kid Gloves will be thrown in with the slow selling colours and sold at much less money.

GENTS' MERINO UNDERCLOTHING,

Dress and Flannel Shirts, Ties and Collars, all marked down to removal prices.

One lot of 68 gross Printed Paper Collars will be sold for 12½ cents the Box of 12 Collars; well worth 25 cents.

DRESS TRIMMINGS,

Embroidery, Lace Goods, Cotton Lisle and Silk Gloves, are all reduced.

A job lot of Dress Fringes, now so fashionable, will be sold at 12½ cents per yard, some of them being worth at the present price of Silk about 35 cents per yard.

A remarkably cheap lot of Ladies' Cambric Handkerchiefs, also, Ladies' and Childrens' Cotton Hose, at least 40 per cent less than last year's prices.

The intention being to reduce the stock to

Lowest Possible Point,

Before removing to New Premises (now building) in the Autumn. Great care has been taken to re-mark the entire stock at such prices as must effect

LARGE SALES

AND INSURE

A Speedy Clearance.

DURING THIS SALE

NO SAMPLES WILL BE CUT,

NO GOODS WILL BE SENT ON APPROBATION

NOR SOLD ON CREDIT.

Magee & Russell.

Ottawa, June 2, 1868. 707y

Auction Sales

BY J. BERMINGHAM.

To-Day.

GREAT SALE

BY AUCTION.

THE SUBSCRIBER will offer

BY AUCTION,

On Friday Next, the 5th Instant,

At Half-past TEN a.m., and Half-past TWO p.m.,

AT THE

Dominion Auction Mart!

Sign of the Dominion Flag,

SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA,

Some magnificent Pianofortes, Harmoniums Piano Covers, and a quantity of very excellent Black Walnut and Mahogany Furniture, consisting of Drawing Room Sets in Damask, Fancy Rep and Hair Cloth, Cane and Hair Seated Chairs, Carved Centre Tables, Handsome Carved Bookcases, Writing Desks, Chiffoniers, Bureaus, Wardrobes, Hall Tables and Chairs, Carved Sideboards, Washstands, Whatnots, Pictures, Mirrors, Mattrasses, and two very fine Fishing Rods and Baskets, late from England and made by Wright, of London—all consigned for Sale.

TERMS—Cash in bankable funds.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, June 2, 1868. 757td

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET.

A large and well FURNISHED HOUSE, or four Bedrooms, Sitting Room and Drawing Room of same, in a healthy and respectable locality, within three minutes walk of the Government Buildings. For particulars apply to J. BERMINGHAM, House and Land Agent, Dominion Auction Mart, Sussex-st.

Ottawa, June 4, 1868. 759tf

FOR SALE!

THAT Splendid First-Class

HOTEL,

IN THE

CAPITAL OF THE DOMINION!

KNOWN AS THE

REVERE HOUSE,

And at present leased at a rental of $2,000. It is one of the best buildings in the city. Its length is one hundred and six (106) feet by forty (40) feet wide, built of stone, with cut stone front and tin roof. The house contains fifty bedrooms, five parlors and dining room, with bar, kitchen and laundry attached. There is a new Brick Stable, sixty-six (66) by thirty (30) feet, capable of stabling forty Horses, a large yard and outbuildings; also a vacant lot, which the purchaser can have if required to enlarge. The premises are in excellent order, being only five years built. Very lately a sum of $2,000 was expended improving the building. For a first-class hotel, or Military Quarters, it cannot be equalled in the city.

TERMS EASY, and made known free of charge, by letter or otherwise, on application to

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer,
Commission and Real Estate Agent.

Ottawa, June 3, 1868. 758d

Dominion Auction Mart,

AND

Commission Sale Rooms

House, Land & General Agency,

OFFICE & SALE ROOMS.

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-STREET,

OTTAWA.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city.

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos. From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent. The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P,
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

A Servants' Registry will be kept, where male and female servants of every capacity will be found.

Servants and others, wanting employment, should enrol their names at once, and persons requiring servants should make early application.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
House, Land and General Agent.

753y

RoyalCanadianBank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St

M. P. HAYES.
AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 57tf

BOARD.

Three or four gentlemen can be accommodated with board by applying at No. 3, Prince's Terrace, U. T. 758.3

Auction Sales

BY H. McLEAN.

To-Day.

GREAT ATTRACTION!!

Immense Auction Sale

—OF—

Dry Goods,

JEWELLERY, &c., &c.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer,

Has received an extensive consignment of Goods from London, England, which he will sell

BY PUBLIC AUCTION,

AT HIS

Sale Rooms, 18, Sparks-st.,

COMMENCING ON

Wednesday, 3rd June, Proximo,

At TWO o'clock, P. M.

The stock consists of

KIDDERMINSTER,

HEMP,

DUTCH and other

Carpets in Roll!

Which will be cut to suit purchasers; Handsome Carpets made in Squares with Borders—a novelty; a quantity of Axminster Velvet Pyte and Tapestry Hearth Rugs; Handsome Velvet Pyte and all Wool Table Covers; Damask and Lace Curtains; an immense quantity of Towels, Sheets, Quilts, Summer Counterpanes and Toilet Covers; Alhambra and Marsala Coverlids.

JEWELLERY!

In Plated Goods, consisting of Gold and Silver Watches, Tea and Coffee Services, Plated Knives, Forks and Spoons, and a large variety of Fancy Goods too numerous to mention.

Sale positive and without reserve, and to continue from day to day until the whole stock is disposed of.

Also, at the Same Time and Place,

A lot of OLD ROMAN ENGRAVINGS, being a select portion of an Ancient Library; a few OLD ROMAN COINS, traced back to be dated 200 years before Christ; an Autograph letter written by Lord Nelson, on English hand-made paper, on board of Convoy from Quebec to New York, in 1782, and four of the oldest original Shakesperian Engravings, by Boydell.

We are instructed to sell all those Ancient Curiosities without any reservation.

Ottawa, May 30, 1868. 755td

To-Day.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

Very Desirable City Property,

HECTOR McLEAN,

AUCTIONEER and Real Estate Agent,

WILL SELL

By Public Auction,

AT THE

UNION HOUSE,

ON

FRIDAY, 5th JUNE, INSTANT

At 12 o'clock, Noon,

The undermentioned Properties, viz.: 32 Lots of the Hon. Judge Sherwood's Property, near the residence of J. B. Lewis, Esq., very handsomely situated, and 4 Park Lots of over 2 acres each. Also, a number of Lots belonging to Mrs. Ross, Mrs. Eccles, Miss LeLeivre and Judge Small, all in the same neighborhood, and all very Large Lots.

Plans of the Properties can be seen, and any information required respecting them had, at the Auctioneer's Office, 18, Sparks-st.

Ottawa, June 2, 1868. 757td

Coffee! Coffee!

TO those who enjoy a Cup of

REALLY FINE COFFEE!

—TRY—

BUCHANAN'S

Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha,

JAVA & JAMAICA,

Roasted and Ground

Daily on the premises, by steam power.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

May 11, 1868. 739tf

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to

HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY,

AND

COURT OF SPAIN,

THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,

AND

HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT

MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,

For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*

H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion, for the sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa, May 20. 748y

A LECTURE

For the BENEFIT of the POOR, under the auspices of the SOCIETY of ST. VINCENT de PAUL, will be delivered in the R. C. CATHEDRAL, on TUESDAY EVENING, NINTH Inst., at Eight o'clock, by the Rev. Mr. O'FARRELL, of Montreal.

SUBJECT—"The Supremacy of the Pope."

Admission—25 cents; Reserved Seats, 50 cents; Lady and Gentleman, 75 cents.

ROBT. O'REILLY, Sec'y.

Ottawa, June 4, 1868. 759td

BLYTH & KERR,

Successors to Chas. Garth,

No. 25, RIDEAU-STREET,

PLUMBERS, GAS AND STEAM FITTERS, TIN & COPPERSMITHS, BELL HANGERS, &c.

All materials for the above branches kept constantly on hand.

Also, Importers and Dealers in House Furnishing Hardware.

Just received a well selected assortment of Fishing Tackle, Baskets, Bait, Reels, Lines, Flys, Rods, &c. Manufacturers of all descriptions of work for Water and Gas Works, Brewer's Distilleries, Mills, &c. Makes and fits up Galvanized Iron Cornices, Gutters, Conductors, Roofing, &c.

Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water or Warm Air, on the most approved principles.

Orders from the country will receive strict attention. 740y

OTTAWA CROCKERY STORE.

JUST received, direct from Germany, a few cases of GLASS SHADES, Square, Oval and Round, suitable for covering Dried Flowers, Fruit, Fancy Work, &c. Parties requiring them will do well to call early.

Also in Stock and at Montreal Prices,

DINNER SETS, TEA & BREAKFAST SETS,
DESSERT SETS, TOILET SETS,

And a full assortment of every description of goods in the trade.

W. ALLAN,
51 *RIDEAU STREET, (opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.)*

Ottawa, April 18, 1868. 574y

P.S.—Goods carefully packed to go any distance with perfect safety.

ERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Saturday, 30th day of May, 1868.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION

Of the Honorable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 17th section of the Act 31 Vic., cap 8, intituled: "An Act respecting the Inland Revenue," His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following Regulations for the Manufacture in Bond of the goods therein enumerated, and the issuing of Bonded Licenses, shall be, and they are hereby made and established.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council.

REGULATIONS.

1. That, subject to the provisions of the Act above cited, to these Regulations, and to such further Regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond the articles herein enumerated, viz.:

Extracts,
Essences,
Perfumed Spirits,
Ethers,
Chloroform,
Collodion,
Tinctures,
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin, (commonly called Old Tom,) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary Preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical preparations,
Analine Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders,
Vinegar and acids,
Varnish, using only Methylated Spirits.

2. That Alcohol used for the manufacture of Spirit Varnish, shall be mixed with wood naptha (of commerce) in the proportion of one gallon of wood naptha to eight gallons of proof spirits, such mixing to be done under such superintendence as the Minister of Inland Revenue may from time to time approve.

3. That all Tinctures, Essences, Extracts and Cordials, manufactured in Bond, and from which the Alcohol or Spirit can be extracted in a potable state, by the usual process of redistillation or rectification, shall, when entered for consumption, pay the same duty of Excise as the Alcohol or Spirit which they contain would pay if entered for consumption in its pure state.

4. That Extracts, Essences, Tinctures and Cordials manufactured in Bond shall only be entered for consumption at the following places, viz.:

Quebec,
Kingston,
Hamilton,
Montreal,
Toronto,
London,
Halifax,
St. John, N. Brunswick.

And when so entered shall be subjected to such tests for ascertaining the quantity of Alcohol which they contain and the possibility of extracting it in a potable state, as the Honorable the Minister of Inland Revenue may approve, and the result of such tests as declared by the Officer or operator entrusted therewith shall be final and conclusive, as to the amount of duty which such goods shall pay.

5. That any Bonded Manufactory licensed under the above recited Act, may be closed and the License forfeited whenever it is shown to the satisfaction of the Minister of Inland Revenue that there is just cause for believing that frauds upon the Revenue are perpetrated in connection with such Manufactory.

6. That in addition to the License fee named in the Act above cited, every person to whom a "Bonded Manufacturing License" is granted, shall pay to the Collector of Inland Revenue, in monthly instalments, such sums of money as shall be sufficient for the payment of the expenses incurred by the Inland Revenue Department for the effective supervision of the Manufactures carried on under such License, and for taking account of the dutiable articles consumed in such Manufacture, and of the articles produced therefrom. And the maximum sum to be so paid by the party aforesaid, shall, from time to time, be determined by the Minister of Inland Revenue, as he may deem necessary, and shall, as nearly as may be, be in proportion to the magnitude and general character of the business carried on under such License.

7. That Goods manufactured in Bond shall be removed from the apartments of the Manufactory, wherein they are manufactured, as soon as the whole process of manufacture is completed, and shall then be placed in apartments or store-rooms set apart for that purpose, wherein they shall be bonded in the manner required by the Excise Bonding Regulations made by Order in Council, dated the 27th day of April, 1868; and they shall be dealt with, in respect of their subsequent removal, exportation or entry for consumption, in accordance with the said Regulations. 759-3

FOR SALE

AT THE

MONTREAL WAREHOUSE

800 BUTTER TUBS, in good order.

J. MARTIN & CO.

10,000 LBS. MAPLE SUGAR.

J. MARTIN & CO.

50 CASES ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

J. MARTIN & CO.

HERRINGS, PORK, FLOUR, BUTTER, CHEESE.

657v J. MARTIN & CO.

PIANOS. PIANOS.

JUST RECEIVED AT THE

London Music Store!

Her Majesty's Theatre,

Wellington Street,

A new and splendid assortment of

PIANOFORTES!

UNION MAKE,

Every PIANO from this establishment warranted for 5 years.

Also just received a new stock of

VICTORIA ORGANS and MELODEONS

VIOLINS, CONCERTINAS, GUITARS, &c., in great variety.

Second hand Pianos taken in part payment for new ones.

Connected with this establishment is a Piano Manufacturer, who will attend punctually to all orders for TUNING left at the London Music Store.

E. MILES,
Lessee of Her Majesty's Theatre

Ottawa, March 25, 1868. 551-39y

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank Street, Centre Town,

Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

LADIES' CONCERT,

In aid of ST. ALBAN'S CHURCH FUND, under the immediate patronage of His Excellency the GOVERNOR-GENERAL and VISCOUNTESS MONCK, will be given in the RUSSELL HOUSE, on FRIDAY EVENING, FIFTH INSTANT, commencing at 8 p. m. Tickets—50 cents each—can be procured at Orme's Music Store.

Ottawa, June 4, 1868. 759td

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

Just Received Per Express.

A CHOICE Selection CANADA WATCH COMPANY'S WATCHES,

At Young & Radford's.

AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY'S WATCHES,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE GOLD JEWELLERY,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE GOLD and CORAL JEWELLERY,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE HUNTING ANCHOR WATCHES, in fine Silver Cases, as low as $12.00,

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FINE Eighteen CARAT GOLD WATCHES as low as $18.00,

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

ROGER'S BEST CUTLERY and fine ENGLISH ELECTRO-PLATED WARE, can be had

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S

30 Sparks-st. Ottawa.

1868. MAY. 1868.

J.A.PINARD&CO.,

ARE NOW SHEWING

New Dress Goods,

A good value in Striped, all Mohair, for 6d per yard.

New Prints,

A good variety of Patterns at 6d per yard.

New Grey Cottons,

A good Cotton, 40 inches wide, for 7d per yard.

New White Cottons,

A good heavy made Cotton for 6d per yard.

he Tailoring Department is replete with all the novelties of the season.

Cash buyers will find it their advantage to visit the above before purchasing elsewhere

J. A. PINARD & Co.,
No. 17, Sussex-st., *Sign of the Golden Ball.*

Ottawa, May 5, 186 16y

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES

WERE AWARDED THEIR 67TH

Prize and Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

Great rapidity, Simple Machinery, quiet in action, easy to operate, price from $47. *Prospectus free, and instructions gratis.*

G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa, and 105 King-st., West, Toronto.

Sole Agent for Ontario.

The "HOWE" SEWING MACHINES are the *best* for Carriage Trimmers, Harness Makers, Boot and Shoe Makers, are the best Shuttle Machine for Tailors, Dressmakers, Families, etc. etc., etc. Price from $50. Prospectus free and instructions gratis.

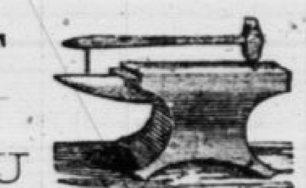
479 43y **R. W. STEPHEN,** 37 Sparks-street, Ottawa.

HARDWARE, HARDWARE!

—AT—

Thomas Birkett's,

SIGN OF THE ANVIL,



No. 24 RIDEAU **No. 24** STREET.

Come old and young, come short and tall,
Come rich and poor, come great and small,
Just call and see my stock in trade,
Hardware and paints of every grade.

A Complete Assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware constantly kept on hand at the SIGN of the ANVIL, T. BIRKETT, consisting in part of

Butts,	Axes,	Iron,	Paints, all colors,	Screws,	Saws,	Tin,	Oils,
Locks,	Ropes,	Stoves,	Glass,	Coolers,	Putty,	Bolts,	Chains,
Nails,	Coal,	Pitch,	Grindstones,	&c.,	&c.,	&c.,	&c.

Also a complete stock of MECHANICS' TOOLS of the most improved English and American manufacture.

Then Come and Examine my Stock,
A duty never shirk it,
And satisfaction will be got
In business with T. BIRKETT.

Don't forget the place—THOS. BIRKETT, Sign of the Anvil, No. 24, Rideau-street.

P. S.—All Goods delivered Free to any part of the city. 408y

Ladies Keep Cool!

BLACK AND WHITE LACE SHAWLS,
GRENADINE SHAWLS,
BAREGE SHAWLS,
BAREGE JACKETS

BAREGE & GRENADINE PROMENADE COSTUMES,
GRENADINES,
FRENCH & ENGLISH MUSLINS.

GENTLEMEN KEEP COOL!

BLACK ALPACCA COATS,
BUFF ALPACCA COATS,
LINEN COATS,
MARSEILLES VESTS

All in great variety, cheap, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S,

Wholesale and Retail.

Importers, 20 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 29, 1868. 484y

NEW STOCK OF

SUMMER GOODS,

—AT—

"THE GOLDEN BOOT."

NO. 226, WELLINGTON-STREET.

Ladies' White Canvass Boots,
Ladies' Button Prunella Boots,
Ladies' Lace Prunella Boots,
Ladies' Prunella Gaiter Boots,
Ladies' Kid Button Boots,
Ladies' Kid Lace Boots,
Ladies' Kid Gaiter Boots,
Ladies' English Walking Boots,

Gent's White Canvass Congress,
Gent's White Canvass Shoes,
Gent's Mill. Calf Congress,
Gent's Calf-faced Congress,
Gent's Calf Balmorals,
Gent's Fine Kid Congress,
Gent's Prunella Brogans,
Gent's Pat. Dress Boots,

Children's Fine Morrocco Lace Boots,
Children's Fine Kid Congress and Lace Boots,
Children's Enameled and Calf Copper Toes,
And other goods in endless variety.

The subscribers beg to thank the public for the liberal patronage they have received since opening the above establishment.

W. ANGUS & CO.,
No. 226, Wellington street.

666y

City Hoop Skirt Factory,

43 SPARKS-STREET,

Central Ottawa.

THE DOUBLE EXTENSION SKIRT,
" DEMI "
" NEW GORE TRAIL SKIRT.

French Wove Corsets!

AN immense stock of Corsets just arrived, French, English and Scotch manufacture.

I beg to call the attention of ladies to the above new styles of Hoop Skirts which I have on hand, and will make to order on the shortest notice: Also, Parasols, Hosiery and Gloves, Hair Nets, Handkerchiefs, &c., &c.

Croquet Skirts, Printed and Embroidered, Gored and Plain.

N.B.—A lot of old fashioned Corsets on hand (lacing at the back) cheap, wholesale and retail.

DAVID MILLAR,
43 Sparks-st, Centre Town, next to Esmonde's Stove Depot.

456y

CANADA

MONCK.

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come, and whom they may in anywise concern—GREETING:

J. A. MACDONALD,
Minister of Justice.

WHEREAS,

By a certain Act of the Parliament of Canada, passed in the recent session thereof, and intituled: "An Act relating to Quarantine and Public Health," it is amongst other things in effect enacted that the Governor in Council may, from time to time, make such regulations as he thinks proper, for enforcing compliance with all the requirements of the said Act, and concerning the entry or departure of boats or vessels at the different ports or places in Canada, and concerning the landing of passengers or cargoes from such boats or vessels or the receiving of passengers or cargoes on board of the same, as may be thought best calculated to preserve the public health, and for ensuring the due performance of quarantine, by and in respect of vessels, passengers, goods or things, arriving at any port within Canada, to which he thinks it right for the preservation of the public health, that such regulations should apply, and for the thorough cleansing and disinfecting of such vessels, passengers, goods or things, so as to prevent, as far as possible, the introduction or dissemination of disease into or in Canada, and may appoint or remove such officers as he may deem necessary for so doing, and assign to them, respectively, such powers as he may think required for carrying out the provision of such regulations, and may, from time to time, revoke or amend the same or any of them, and may make others in their stead, and may impose penalties, forfeitures and punishments for the breach thereof, which regulations shall be notified by proclamation, published in the *Canada Gazette* at least twice; and the production of the copies of the *Gazette* containing any such proclamation shall be evidence of the making, date and contents of such regulations. And further that such regulations shall have the force of law during the time they respectively remain unrevoked, unless they be expressly limited to be in force only during a certain time or at certain times or seasons in which case they shall have the force of law during the time and at the times and seasons during or at which they have been limited to be in force; and that any person disobeying any such regulation may be prosecuted for a misdemeanor, punishable by fine or imprisonment or both, as the court may direct, or otherwise such person may be sued for the penalties contained in such regulation.

AND WHEREAS, our Governor in Council, hath this day been pleased to make, under the authority, and in pursuance of the said above in part recited Act, certain regulations as follows, that is to say:

1.—VESSELS COMING UP THE ST. LAWRENCE.

That all boats, ships and other vessels, except the Canadian Mail Steamers, which henceforth and during the eight months next following the first day of April in each and every year shall arrive in the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports, place or places, in Europe or elsewhere out of Canada, by way of that part of the River St. Lawrence which is below Grosse-Isle, and which shall have at the time of their said arrival, or shall have had during their passage from the places where they respectively cleared, any person on board labouring under Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious and dangerous disease, or on board of which any person shall have died during such passage, or which, being of less tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement, shall have on board thirteen or more steerage passengers, or which being of greater tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement, shall have on board fifty or more steerage passengers, or which shall have come from some infected port, shall make their Quarantine in the River St. Lawrence, and there remain and continue until such boats, ships or vessels shall be discharged from such Quarantine, by such license or passport, and discharge given without fee or emolument of any kind as shall be directed or permitted by such order or orders as shall be made by the Governor, with the advice of the Privy Council, and until the said ships and vessels shall respectively have performed such Quarantine and shall be discharged therefrom by such license or passport and discharge as aforesaid, persons, goods or merchandise which shall be on board such boats, ships or vessels, shall not come or be brought on shore, or be put on board of any other ship or vessel in Canada, except on Grosse-Isle aforesaid, when duly required by competent authority.

2.—PORT OF QUEBEC.

That all boats, ships and vessels which henceforth and during the eight months aforesaid, shall arrive at the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports in Europe, place or places, or elsewhere as aforesaid, of the class or description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable and bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, do make their further Quarantine in the Harbour of Quebec, according to the regulations hereinafter provided.

3.—GROSSE-ISLE.

All boats, ships and vessels of the class and description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle, shall anchor within the space included between Grosse-Isle and a line drawn parallel to it, through the Red Buoy to be placed as heretofore under the direction of the Superintendent of Pilots, and bounded on the east and west by lines drawn due south from the western extremities of Cliff Island and Grosse-Isle. The island shall be so divided as to leave one portion thereof for the hospitals, and for the treatment and reception of those who are labouring under or who are threatened with any of the following diseases, namely: Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or any other infectious and dangerous disease; and the remaining portion for the reception and accommodation of all passengers and other persons who shall be landed and detained upon the said island who shall not labour under or be threatened with any of the said diseases, and no person or persons, unless on duty, shall be permitted to pass from one of the said portions of the said island to the other, unless they have passports signed by the Medical Superintendent.

4.—ESTABLISHMENT AT GROSSE-ISLE.

The establishment at Grosse-Isle shall consist of a Medical Superintendent, an Hospital Steward and such Officers, Employes and Orderlies as may be appointed or employed to meet the exigencies of the service. The Medical Superintendent shall be authorized to see the Quarantine duly performed, and for this purpose shall have full power and authority over all officers and other persons whatsoever in Grosse-Isle, or attached to that station, and be authorized to call upon all persons to aid him in enforcing the law and their regulations, and in case of his death, sickness or absence, the officer next in rank employed on the island shall have the power and authority aforesaid.

5.—MEDICAL SUPERINTENDENT.

The Medical Superintendent (or in case of his death, sickness or absence, the officer next in rank employed on the island) shall enforce the said law and these regulations, and shall direct boats, ships or vessels to go to such place or places to perform Quarantine, as it may be necessary to send them to. He shall direct all boats, ships or vessels, liable to perform Quarantine, to be brought to anchor within the limits of the Quarantine anchorage, and generally do all that may be required to enforce rigid obedience to the said law and these regulations. He shall permit all passengers, or other persons landed on the said island, to be re embarked or shipped on board any steamboat or other vessel when the vessel is in a fit state to receive them, and that they may have been examined by him and found in a fit state for re-embarkation or for leaving the said island; and that all such passengers and persons, with their luggage, have been washed, cleansed and purified, and that there does not exist amongst those who are about to proceed or leave the said island any case or symptoms of Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles or other infectious and dangerous disease.

He shall also go off to vessels bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle as aforesaid, and put the following questions to the masters or persons in charge, viz:

1 What is your name and that of your vessel?
2 From whence did you sail, and date?
3 What is your cargo, and whence taken on board?
4 At what place or places did your vessel touch in her voyage?
5 Was such place or places, or any and which of them, infected with the cholera, plague, or any pestilential fever or disease?
6 How many persons were on board when the vessel sailed?
Cabin passengers?
Steerage passengers?
Crew?
7 Have any person or persons during the voyage been infected? or are there now any infected with the cholera, plague or any pestilential fever or disease?
8 Did any person or persons, and how many die during the voyage, and from what distemper?
9 Did you or any of the ship's company or passengers, with your privity, go on board any ship or vessel, or did any of the company of any ship or vessel come on board your ship in the voyage, and from what port did she sail last?
10 Did you or any of your ship's company or passengers with or without your privity or consent, land at any place within Canada?
11 Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

If the answers be satisfactory, he shall give a clean bill of health to the master or person in charge; and such vessels may then proceed to the harbour of Quebec. If the answers be not satisfactory, or the Medical Superintendent has any reason to suspect fraud on the part of the master or person in charge, crew or passengers, he shall immediately order the vessel to such place as may be appointed for vessels detained under Quarantine of observation; he shall call for the ship's papers, passenger lists and log-books, and inspect them thoroughly so as to ascertain the whole of the occurrences during the voyage, and should he meet with any resistance, he will make such signal as may be determined on to show that assistance is necessary.

The Medical Superintendent shall also board all vessels he may consider necessary to inspect. He shall have charge of all vessels detained in Quarantine. He shall direct, if necessary, all steerage passengers to be landed with their luggage. And shall superintend the cleansing and disinfection of vessels. He shall direct the number of passengers to be landed, distinguishing those who require to be treated for pestilential or infectious diseases, and who are to be landed at that part of the said island set apart for such treatment, from those who do not require such treatment, and who may be landed at that part of the said island set apart for the reception of the healthy and those free from pestilential or infectious diseases, and he shall be careful that all such persons shall be landed at such places respectively. He shall have medical charge of all cabin passengers who do not disembark, and who may be labouring under any other than pestilential or infectious diseases; and shall order all passengers and persons on board any such ship or vessel who shall labour under any pestilential or infectious disease, to be landed with their luggage according to the foregoing regulation.

He shall give medical treatment on board in all cases of slight diseases which are not by these regulations specially required to be treated on shore, and when it shall be deemed advisable not to land the passengers on the said island. He shall whenever a vessel is cleansed, ventilated and purified, direct such vessel to receive on board the whole or any portion of the passengers, or whether the whole or any and which of the said passengers shall remain on the said island, to proceed up the river by some other mode of conveyance, and he shall, as soon as the passengers are re-embarked on board their ship, or on board any ship or vessel leaving the said island, give a passport or clean bill or health to the master or person having such vessel in charge, to proceed to Quebec. He shall make returns of the vessels boarded by him as soon as possible after such vessels are visited.

The Medical Superintendent shall have charge of the hospitals. He shall receive into the hospitals set apart for the treatment of pestilential and infectious diseases, all persons labouring under or threatened with any such disease. He shall have the general superintendence and direction of everything relating to the sick. He shall visit and inspect all passengers who shall be landed from any vessel, and distribute them as he shall think expedient either on that part of the island appropriated for the treatment of pestilential or infectious diseases, or on the part of the said island appropriated to healthy passengers. Upon the recovery of persons treated for any such disease he shall, after due precaution, transfer such persons to the healthy part of the said island. He shall superintend the cleansing, washing and purifying of all passengers, and the unpacking and ventilating of their baggage, and when they are in a fit state to proceed, he shall, if need be, cause any baggage or any part of it to be burned or otherwise destroyed.

6.—TRADERS, SUTLERS, GROCERS AND OTHERS.

No persons following the business of sutlers, traders, grocers or other occupations, or concerned in buying or selling, shall be allowed to reside upon the island, except under the license and strict control of the Medical Superintendent, who will have full authority to discharge and send from the island all or any such persons reporting the fact of such discharge and the reason therefor, for the information of the Governor General or person administering the government. All such persons in any way engaged in selling or traffic on the said island shall be regulated as to prices by lists to be furnished by the Medical Superintendent from time to time, assisted by the Emigrant Agent at Quebec. He shall strictly enquire into and decide upon all complaints of misconduct or breach of the regulations by persons so trading; he shall see that no officer or person employed by the Government, or in any public employment on the said island, has directly or indirectly any interest or concern in any supply of provisions, or other things to be supplied or furnished, bought or sold upon the said island, or directly or indirectly receives or takes any private gratuity or reward for any service rendered to any masters or crews of vessels, passengers or other persons upon the said island. And it shall be the duty of all persons to whose knowledge any breach of this regulation shall come to report the same forthwith to the Medical Superintendent, who shall enquire into the facts alleged, and may suspend from his office any person so charged until the pleasure of the Governor-General shall be known respecting the person so charged.

7.—SAINT LAWRENCE PILOTS.

Pilots having been furnished with copies of the said Act and of these regulations, and also of the laws regulating emigration, shall exhibit the same to the master or person in charge of every vessel they may board. Every pilot having charge of a vessel of the description of those liable to make Quarantine at Grosse-Isle as aforesaid, shall bring her to anchor within the limits of the anchorage ground at Grosse-Isle hereinbefore defined. They shall also keep a Union Jack flying at the peak of all vessels under their charge, until boarded by the proper officers. On arriving at Quebec, if the vessel has received a clean bill of health from the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, and has not been detained there on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, she may bring to at any place within the following limits in the Port of Quebec, viz: the whole space of the River St. Lawrence, from the mouth of the River St. Charles, to a line drawn across the said River St. Lawrence, from the flag-staff on the Citadel or Cape Diamond at right angles to the course of the said river, but must not communicate with the shore or with any other vessel or boat until boarded by the inspecting physician; but if the vessel be of the class of those not liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, she may either bring to at any place within the aforesaid limits, in the Port of Quebec, or she may proceed at once to the ballast ground.

8.—PASSENGERS.

On the arrival of any vessel at Grosse-Isle, on board of which there shall be or shall have been during the passage any case of Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious or dangerous disease, and in all other cases when it shall be considered necessary by the Medical Superintendent, the steerage passengers shall be landed with their luggage, and washed and purified, and shall be permitted to re-embark and proceed in the same vessel, or shall be detained and embarked in some steamboat or other vessel, as shall be directed by the Medical Superintendent. The passengers in the principal cabin shall not be landed except in cases of sickness, and may at all times proceed with the vessels or otherwise, after having washed and purified their luggage to the satisfaction and with the passport of the Medical Superintendent.

9.—VESSELS.

All vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, on their arrival there shall anchor within the limits of the anchorage ground at Grosse-Isle hereinbefore defined, until boarded by the Medical Superintendent; and if they shall not be detained at Grosse-Isle on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, shall receive a clean bill of health, and may proceed to the harbour of Quebec and there anchor at any place within the limits of that portion of the Port of Quebec hereinbefore defined, and there remain without communication with the shore, or any other vessel or boat until finally discharged from Quarantine by the license or passport aforesaid; but if any such vessel shall have been detained at Grosse-Isle from sickness or suspicion thereof, it shall anchor at the mouth of the River St. Charles, and there remain until finally discharged from Quarantine as aforesaid.

Vessels arriving at Grosse-Isle from any infected port or place, or one supposed to be infected, and on board of which no pestilential disease shall have declared itself during the passage, may be kept under Quarantine of observation for a period of not more than three days, during which time the passengers and crew thereof shall be subjected to a strict purification under the direction of the Medical Superintendent. All vessels detained in Quarantine shall be cleansed and ventilated, and their between decks, if not painted or varnished, shall be whitewashed, but if painted or varnished, shall be thoroughly scrubbed with soap and water or ley, and such portion of the ballast as the Medical Superintendent shall order, shall be thrown overboard, under his immediate superintendence, or that of some person to be appointed by him for that duty.

In all cases where vessels having passengers on board on account of sickness amongst such passengers shall be detained in Quarantine, the master or person in charge may, on application to the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, be allowed to land the said passengers with their luggage; and the vessel being properly cleansed, purified and disinfected under the superintendence and with the license of the Medical Superintendent, may proceed up the river without the said passengers upon the master or person in charge paying to such person as shall be appointed to receive the same one shilling and three pence for each passenger, to bear the expense of their conveyance to Quebec, and also at the rate of one shilling per diem for each of the said passengers, to reimburse the expense of their maintenance at Grosse-Isle, for the time during which such vessel, in the judgment of the Medical Superintendent, would have had to be detained in Quarantine waiting for the passengers not affected with any of the pestilential or infectious diseases aforesaid, otherwise such vessel shall be detained in Quarantine until the passengers not sick of the aforesaid diseases, shall be cleansed, washed, purified and disinfected.

10.—INSPECTING PHYSICIAN AT QUEBEC.

An inspecting physician at Quebec shall go off to all vessels arriving at Quebec or at the mouth of the River St. Charles, and put the following questions to the masters or persons in charge, viz:

1 When did you leave Grosse-Isle?
2 Exhibit to me your passport from Grosse-Isle?
3 How many persons have you on board?
Cabin passengers?
Steerage passengers?
Crew?
4 Number left at Grosse-Isle?
5 Have any person or persons been taken sick since you left Grosse-Isle?
6 Have any died? State number, names and disease?
7 Have any person or persons come on board or left your vessel since you left Grosse-Isle?
8 Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

And moreover, he shall require all masters or persons in charge of vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, to exhibit to him the license or passport which they shall have received from the Medical Superintendent at the Quarantine Station; and such masters or persons in charge shall forthwith exhibit the same for examination to the said inspecting physician at Quebec, who, if he shall find, as well from the answer he may receive as from the tenor of the passport and the actual state of the passengers and crew that sickness does not exist on board he shall then grant to the master or person in charge of such vessel, a certificate in writing setting forth the healthy state of the passengers and crew, to the end that such vessel may obtain a final discharge from Quarantine. But, if on the contrary, such inspecting physician at Quebec, shall find any case of pestilential or infectious disease on board, or shall have just cause to apprehend the breaking out of any such malady, it shall then be his duty to hoist a yellow flag at the main-top-gallant-mast head and shall cause the vessel to return to or remain and be detained at the mouth of the River Saint Charles for further observation and inspection; and having acquainted the master or person in charge with the penalties to be incurred if he should permit any communication with his vessel until released from Quarantine, he shall report all the circumstances to the Minister of Agriculture for the information of the Governor General; and if it shall appear to the said inspecting physician at any time that such vessel shall have passed the Quarantine Station at Grosse-Isle without stopping to make Quarantine, being liable thereto, and should therefore be sent down to Grosse-Isle, or that such vessel having already cleared from Grosse-Isle, should return thereto, there to land the passengers, he shall order the master or person in charge to proceed or return with such vessel to Grosse-Isle, and such master or person in charge shall obey such order, and the proper officers at Grosse-Isle shall observe in respect of such vessels the same rules and regulations as are provided for vessels arriving at Grosse-Isle with sick. Should the inspecting physician at Quebec meet with any resistance in the discharge of the duty required of him by this regulation, he will immediately enforce the same by all lawful means at his disposal.

Any steamboat or other vessel that shall have towed or otherwise communicated with a vessel of the class of vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, not having the discharge from Quarantine of the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, shall be subject to the same regulations and instructions as hereinbefore provided, respecting vessels not discharged from Quarantine.

No steamboat shall be allowed to proceed to Grosse-Isle for the purpose of taking on board passengers direct from that island, without previously obtaining from the Collector of Customs of the Port of Quebec, a written permit to that effect; subject nevertheless to the regulations hereinbefore provided.

No vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or Montreal, until all the requirements of the foregoing regulations in reference to such vessels shall have been fully complied with.

11.—PORT OF HALIFAX.

That all boats, ships or vessels coming into the Harbour of Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia, which shall have at the time of their said arrival, or shall have had during their passage from the places where they respectively cleared, any person on board labouring under Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious and dangerous disease, or on board of which any person shall have died during such passage, or which, being of less tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement, shall have on board thirteen or more steerage passengers, or which being of greater tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement, shall have on board fifty or more steerage passengers or which shall have come from some infected port, shall make their Quarantine in the Harbour of Halifax, on board such vessels or at such place on shore, and in such manner as shall be directed by the inspecting physician of the said Port of Halifax, and there remain and continue until such ships or vessels shall be discharged from such Quarantine, by such license or passport, and discharge given without fee or emolument of any kind as shall be directed or permitted by such order or orders as shall be made by the Governor, with the advice of the Privy Council; and until the said ships and vessels shall respectively have performed such Quarantine and shall be discharged therefrom by such license or passport and discharge as aforesaid, persons, goods or merchandise which shall be on board such boats, ships or vessels, shall not come or be brought on shore, or be put on board of any other ship or vessel in Canada, except on the said Partridge Island when duly required by competent authority.

All boats, ships or vessels of the class and description hereinbefore mentioned as liable to make their Quarantine in the said Harbour of St. John, shall anchor within a mile of the outside or southern end of Partridge Island, (unless forced by stress of weather to anchor inside the said island, in which case such vessels shall anchor as close as practicable to the said island,) there to be inspected by the inspecting physician and ordered according to the circumstances as aforesaid.

The inspecting physician of the Port of St. John shall visit, on their arrival, such boats, ships or vessels, and shall direct them as best calculated for the public health, and in accordance with the intent and meaning of the present regulations and such orders in Council as may be communicated to him from time to time.

13.—INSPECTING PHYSICIANS OF THE PORTS OF HALIFAX AND ST. JOHN.

The inspecting physicians of the Ports of Halifax and St. John (or any medical officer nominated to act as assistant in their absence) shall have respectively, the control over all officers and employes, who may be appointed or employed for the service of the Quarantine in the said ports, respectively, and the medical attendance over the sick and healthy passengers or crew detained on board, or who may have been landed to undergo the said Quarantine on shore, and the said inspecting physicians shall have, respectively, the same duties to perform and the same authority as those hereinbefore assigned to the Medical Superintendent of the Quarantine of Grosse-Isle, and shall fulfil the said duties and exercise the said authority in the same manner as prescribed for the said Medical Superintendent.

14.—VESSELS IN QUARANTINE AT THE PORTS OF HALIFAX AND ST. JOHN.

In all cases where vessels having passengers on board, or account of sickness amongst such passengers, shall be detained in Quarantine, the master or person in charge may, on application to the inspecting physician of the said Ports of Halifax or St. John respectively, be allowed to land the said passengers with their luggage; and the vessel being properly cleansed, purified and disinfected under the superintendence and with the license of the Inspecting Physician, may proceed up the harbor without the said passengers, upon the master or person in charge paying to such person as shall be appointed to receive the same, ten pence for each passenger to bear the expense of their conveyance, and also at the rate of one shilling per diem for each of the said passengers, to reimburse the expense of their maintenance for the time during which such vessel, in the judgment of the inspecting physician, would have had to be detained in Quarantine waiting for the passengers not affected with any of the pestilential or infectious diseases aforesaid, otherwise such vessel shall be detained in Quarantine until the passengers not sick of the aforesaid diseases, shall be cleansed, washed, purified and disinfected.

15.—PILOTS OF THE PORTS OF HALIFAX AND ST. JOHN.

Pilots of the Ports of Halifax and St. John respectively, having been furnished with copies of the said Act, and of these regulations, shall exhibit the same to the master or person in charge of any boat, ship or vessel they may board:—every Pilot having charge of a vessel of the description of those liable to make Quarantine at the Ports of Halifax or St. John respectively, shall bring her to anchor within the limits of the anchorage grounds hereinbefore defined for the said ports respectively:—They shall also keep a Union Jack flying at the peak of all vessels under their charge, until boarded by the proper medical officer aforesaid.

16.—GENERAL PROVISIONS.

All vessels trading between any ports or places within Canada, and not having touched at any ports or places without the Dominion nor communicated with any other vessel which shall have arrived from any port without the Dominion, shall be exempt from the foregoing rules and regulations so far as respects the necessity of going to or stopping at the anchorage ground aforesaid; nor shall the said rules and regulations apply to any vessel of war, or to transports or vessels having Queen's troops on board accompanied by a medical officer and in a healthy state, or to any steamer, unless sickness or death may have occurred during the passage.

No vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or Montreal, until all the requirements of the foregoing regulations in reference to such vessel shall have been fully complied with.

Any person who shall contravene, either by omission or commission, any of the foregoing regulations, shall for every such offence incur and pay a fine of not exceeding FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS, to be recovered in the manner prescribed by the said Act; and every person who, upon conviction of any such offence, shall fail to pay the amount of fine which he shall have been condemned to pay, shall be imprisoned until such fine be paid.

AND

All previous orders or regulations are hereby revoked. Now Know Ye, that we do hereby command, and enjoin upon all our loving subjects that they do take notice of and obey the said regulations so made as aforesaid and govern themselves accordingly.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these our letters to be made patent, and the great seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed: Witness, our right trusty and well-beloved cousin the Right Honorable CHARLES STANLEY VISCOUNT MONCK, Baron Monck of Ballytrammon, in the County of Wexford, in the Peerage of Ireland, and Baron Monck of Ballytrammon, in the County of Wexford, in the Peerage of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Governor-General of Canada, &c., &c., &c., at our Government House, in our City of Ottawa, this twenty-third day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight, and in the thirty-first year of our reign.

By Command,
HECTOR L. LANGEVIN,
759tf Secretary of State.

Railroads.

CHANGE of TIME

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and after FRIDAY, the 15th May, 1868, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA
Mixed, 7.15 a.m.	10.35 a.m.
Express, 1.35 p.m.	4.15 p.m.
LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 7 a.m.	9.25 a.m.
Mixed, 1.00 p.m.	4.15 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principals stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.
Ottawa, May 14, 1868. 1y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT
Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p.m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.
Brockville, April 11. 472y

Grand Trunk Railway Company
OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 3.30 A.M.

Night do do at 7.30 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.00 A.M.

Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.

Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.

Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.

Express for Boston and New York, at 3.30 P.M.

Express for Portland (staying over at Island Pond) at 2.00 P.M.

Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Riviere du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Jacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbroke, Waterville and Coaticooke only, at 10.10 P.M.

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
December 23, 1867 650tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET.

FOUR GOOD ROOMS over SHEPHERD'S GROCERY STORE, Murray st., between Sussex and Dalhousie-sts. Also, GOOD STABLES for thirteen horses. Rent moderate. Also a quantity of CEDARS for sale. Enquire of M. SHEPHERD, at the Store.
Ottawa, May 20, 1868. 748

Lots for Sale.

6 BUILDING LOTS, one mile from the city, on the Richmond Road, containing one acre each. Apply to THOMAS ANDERSON, Jr. on the premises. 564tf

FOR SALE, on SANDY HILL, opposite Desbarats', LOT No. 32, Stuart street. Terms moderate. Apply to Mrs. TIERNAN, No. 2, King street opposite the Gas House.
Ottawa, May 4 1868. 734d

Two Dwellings to Let,
BEING the Upper part of E. MARTINEAU'S Clothing Store, Corner of Sussex and Clarence-streets.
Enquire at the Store.
Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. EUG. MARTINEAU. 646t

Steamers.

1868 1868

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S
MAIL STEAMER

Queen Victoria,

Captain A. BOWIE,

Leaves the Queen's Wharf with mails and passengers for Montreal, every morning, (Sundays excepted) at half-past 6 o'clock, arriving at 4:45 p.m.

Travellers and tourists will find this a delightful trip.

First-class Fare (meals extra)	$3 50
Second " "	2 00
First " Return "	6 00

Baggage checked through.

Parcel Express daily to and from Montreal and all landings.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs landed at L'Orignal.

For further information apply at Office on the wharf, or on board the steamer.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Excursion Tickets to Grenville and back for one fare.

MARKET STEAMER

"FAIRY,"

Captain R. G. NICHOLS,

Leaves Ottawa for Major's and intermediate landings on Tuesdays and Fridays at 4 o'clock, p.m.
7498 R. W. SHEPHERD.

1868 1868

UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

Upper Ottawa Route.

Consisting of the following first-class Steamers,

ANN SISSON,	-	Captain Murphy.
ALLIANCE,	- -	" Findlay.
EMERALD,	- -	" Toner.
OREGON,	- -	" Cowley.
CALUMET,	- -	" Blondin.
JASON GOULD,	-	" Bolton.
PONTIAC,	- -	" Duggan.
PEMBROKE,	- -	" Overman.
SNOW BIRD,	- -	" Beattie.

Until further notice the Steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day (Sundays excepted) for the Upper Ottawa at 8:30 a.m., connecting with the *Alliance* at head of railroad at 12:30, touching at Arnprior, Sandpoint, Bristol, Bennechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf, and Portage-du-Fort. Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after the arrival of the Steamer *Alliance* for Cobden, connecting with Steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.

The Steamer *Pembroke* leaves Pembroke at 7 o'clock, a.m., on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday for Des Joachims, calling at intermediate ports, returning on same day, leaving at 2 p.m., connecting at Pembroke with Steamer *Jason Gould* which leaves daily at 5 a.m., and arriving at Portage-du-Fort at 10 a.m.

The Steamer *Alliance* leaves Portage-du-Fort every morning (Sundays excepted) at 9:30 a.m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bennechere, Bristol, Sandpoint and Arnprior, and arriving at head of railway at 12:45, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4 p.m.

The Steamer *Calumet* leaves Haveleck for Chapeau Village and intermediate ports on Tuesdays at 6 o'clock, a.m., and returning leaves Chapeau Village same days, at 2 o'clock.

A connection is made daily with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at Arnprior at 2 o'clock p.m., in time to connect with the Grand Trunk Railway night trains east and west, and on the downward trip at Sandpoint 1:35 a.m., Arnprior 12:10.

Passengers for Des Joachims leave Ottawa every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

For further particulars apply at the office of the Company in Ottawa City or Aylmer.

R. S. CASSELS,
Ottawa City, April 22, 1868. President. 7248

Condensed Time Table

Between Brockville and Ottawa, via Brockville and Ottawa Railway and Union Forwarding Railway Company's Steamers:

UPWARDS.

Leave Ottawa at	7:00 a.m.
Arrive at Arnprior at	2:00 p.m.
Leave Arnprior at	2:20 p.m.
Arrive at Brockville at	7:45 p.m.

In time to connect with Grand Trunk Railway Night Trains, East and West.

DOWNWARDS.

Leave Brockville at	7:15 a.m.
Arrive at Arnprior at	12:10 p.m.
Leave Arnprior at	12:15 p.m.
Arrive at Ottawa at	5:00 p.m.

NOTICE
—TO—
SHIPPERS OF GOODS
TO THE
Upper Ottawa,
By Steamers of the
Union Forwarding
AND
RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE Union Forwarding and Railway Company having assumed the carting of goods between

OTTAWA & AYLMER,

I beg to intimate that the same rate will be charged on goods received at either place, the Company having established a through rate on all goods forwarded from Ottawa to places on the Upper Ottawa.

Receipts for goods will be given by the Shipping Clerk, Mr. S. Dyde, Canal Basin Wharf, or at the office of the Company, Wellington-street.

R S CASSELS,
President.
Ottawa, March 23, 1868. 698-u

Ice, Ice, Ice!

THE subscriber will furnish ICE DAILY to those requiring it for the Season. Double supplies on Saturday for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season, $6 00. Hotels and Steamers supplied with large quantities on liberal terms, as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted.

All orders left at KAVANAGH'S RESTAURANT, or at the subscriber's, will be strictly attended to.

F. STARMER,
126, Rideau-st.
Ottawa, May 14, 1868. 742d

W. NOTMAN,
Photographer to the Queen
CORNER OF
WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS,

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his

Establishment will be Opened

—ON—

Monday Next, 3rd February

When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for all the different branches of Photography.
Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 582y

NEW STORE!

THE Store formerly occupied by W. D. WOOD, No. 38, on RIDEAU STREET, has been rented by the subscribers, and will be opened on MONDAY, FOURTEENTH OCTOBER, with an entire new stock of

GROCERIES,
LIQUORS AND
HARDWARE.

WOOD & ROSSITER.
Ottawa, October 12, 1867 15

1867 AND 1868.

INDIA WAREHOUSE!

16 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform their Customers that their Stock is now complete, and embraces every delicacy of the Season, among which will be found a choice assortment of

TEAS,

Breakfast SOUCHONG, } Black Extra Fine.
do CONGOU, }
Superior HYSON,
" GUNPOWDER,
" IMPERIAL,
" TWANKAY,
Orange PEKOE, } These Teas have been
Flowery " } carefully selected for
Japan " } family trade by

BROWNE & HARDY.

SUGARS,
LOAF,
BROKEN LOAF,
CRUSHED,
GROUND,
YELLOW,
and MUSCOVADO.

COFFEE,
MOCHA,
JAVA,
JAMAICA, and
CEYLON,
☞ Roasted and Ground daily on the premises.

CHOCOLATE and COCOA,
FRENCH, flavored with Vanilla;
TAYLOR'S,
FRYE'S,
MOTT'S

FRUITS, &c.
LAYER RAISINS,
in Whole, Half and Quarter Boxes
MUSCATEL, do do
SULTANA,
VALENTIA,
CURRANTS,
GRAPES,
ORANGES
LEMONS,
PRUNES,
ALMONDS,
WALNUTS,
FILBERTS, and
BRAZIL NUTS.

SPICES,
NUTMEGS,
MACE,
CINNAMON,
CLOVES,
GINGER,
MIXED SPICES,
All Ground on the Premises
D. T. BROWNE & CO.
Ottawa December 19 405t

Piano-Forte Tuition!

W. C. CLARK,
PROFESSOR OF MUSIC and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-street, corner of Lisgar-street, Centre Town.
Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Mahon's Music Store. 452y

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Headache, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER has now been before the public for a length of time, and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroy

The Ottawa Times

VOL. III. NO 761. OTTAWA, SATURDAY, JUNE 6, 1868. PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valle issuing of the Daily over 2,000 ! and Weekly over 4,000 ! making a total circulation in the week over 6,000 ! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

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BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. GEORGE TAILLON.
Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1868. 366-tf

R. J. WICKSTEED,
ADVOCATE, &c., 43, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 589-6m

N. TETREAU,
NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 6, 1867. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. Office: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
Office: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa
February 7, 1866. 43-u

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Cunner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the house lately occupied as the Custom House
Ottawa, March 30. 87-c

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
Office: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-atf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
Office: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office.
Ottawa, March 10, 1866.

NICHOLAS SPARKS,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

G. J. O'DOHERTY,
LAW, Chancery, and Conveyancing Office, Aumond's Buildings, Rideau street.
Ottawa, December 6, 1867.

Medical Cards.

A. CODD, M.D., C.M.,
(Attending Physician General Protestant Hospital)
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Four doors east of the Revere House, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
Office Hours—From 8 to 10 a m, and from 2 to 4 p.m.
Ottawa, April 30. 730-3m

DR. CHESLEY,
OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 25 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30 447tf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 380y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,
DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
CORNER of Kent and Wellington Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 43utf

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, with out the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-100-y

Hotels and Saloons.

DOMINION HOUSE,
WELLINGTON-STREET.
THE undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.
GEORGE IRVINE.
Ottawa, March 26. 658y

MATHEWS' OLD STAND,
YORK-STREET,
WILL BE OPEN for the accommodation of the public on THURSDAY, 12th of March, 1868. The subscriber having again resumed business in his old stand as hotel-keeper, wishes to return thanks to his numerous friends and the public for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on him, during the past seventeen years, and hopes by strict attention to business, and kindness to all, to share a portion of public patronage. His Larder will be always supplied with the best the market affords. His Bar will be supplied with the best of Liquors and choicest Cigars.
T. MATHEWS, Proprietor.
N. B.—The house has been thoroughly renovated and newly furnished.
Ottawa, March 11, 1868. 688tf

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec

REVERE HOUSE, OTTAWA,
G. A. BUCKE. W. H. SANGER, } ....PROPRIETORS.
THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867 582tf

THE ALBION HOTEL
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1866. 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., dall

THE METROPOLITAN
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

TORONTO HOUSE,
SPARKS STREET.
MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has a few Commodious Suites of Apartments to Let, handsomely and comfortably furnished.
Gentlemen attending the Session of Parliament will find at the Toronto House most convenient quarters, where the quiet of the private family is combined with the usual attendance to be found at the best hotels.
Ottawa, Feb. 25, 1868. 875tf

MONEY TO LEND
ON REAL ESTATE SECURITY.
WALKER & PENNOCK, Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
April 15, 1868. 717tf

SMITH & RODNEY
MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from Eaton's Gilding Store, having just received a choice stock of
English, French and Canadian
CLOTHS and TWEEDS,
And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1, 1867. 551tf

A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER
AND
Blank Book Manufacturer,
26, METCALFE-ST., OTTAWA.
HAVING every facility in the way of first-class Machinery, and employing none but first-class workmen, I am prepared to turn out every description of Binding in as good a style of workmanship as any other establishment in Canada.
A. MORTIMER, Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, Feb. 8. 384y

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS, Toronto, May 28, 1868.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT Charles Westley Lount, of Bracebridge, in the Township of Macauley, in the District of Muskoka, Esquir has been appointed Agent for the disposal of public lands in the Townships of Morrison, Muskoka, Draper, Macauley, Stephenson, McLean, Brunnel, Monck and Watt, in the District of Muskoka, in the place of Richard Jose Oliver, Esquire, whose services have been dispensed with.

Applications for lands open as Free Grants in the above mentioned Townships, must also be made to Mr. Lount.

S. RICHARDS, Commissioner.
Toronto, May 29, 1867. 758-tf

Druggists.

Spectacles for all Sights.
OPTICAL Instruments Electro-Magnetic and Galvanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.
W. HEARN, Market Drug Store, York-street.
637y

Miscellaneous.

D. CODD & CO.,
PATENT AGENTS, SOLICITORS, &c. Drawings, Specifications, Models, and all other business in connection with the procuring of Letters Patent of Invention, attended to at the shortest notice.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 741-6m

I. B. TACKABERRY'S
AUCTION ROOMS, No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any part of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

B. BILLINGS, JR.,
ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O & P R W 740tf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 378y

HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,
WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.
WILLIAM HOLGATE, JOHN OLIVER, WILLIAM ANNABLE.
506y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

LADIES CALL AT THE CAPITAL
Boot and Shoe Store !
YORK-STREET.
For Cheap Gaiters
AT
ONE DOLLAR A PAIR !
Good at 95 cents.
Men's ware equally low, in every variety of style
This is the place to buy cheap at the "Capital," York-street.
429y GEORGE MURPHY.

VICTORIA
FURNITURE WAREROOMS.
GEORGE ARMSTRONG, Corner Victoria Square and Craig-street, Montreal, solicits a call from the Citizens of Ottawa about to furnish, who may visit Montreal to his very large and varied stock of FURNITURE which he will sell at greatly reduced prices for cash. The Parlor Furniture is of the best quality and latest designs, either plain or handsomely carved, in Walnut, oil finished or polished.
His Sideboards, Bookcases, Chamber Sets, Hall Furniture, &c., are worthy of attention.
Hair Mattrasses and Bedding of all description constantly on hand, or made to order, at the shortest notice. Call and examine for yourselves.
"Patent Sofa, with reclining arms, of a very superior make."
N.B.—Sole Agent in the Dominion for the sale of G. A. FISKS' Air-Tight Metallic Casket. 712-3m

MACHINERY OILS,
AMERICAN NATURAL
Lubricating Oils!
They Don't Gum,
They Don't Freeze,
THEY ARE THE
BEST AND CHEAPEST
MACHINERY OILS
IN THE DOMINION.
McKENZIE & MACKAY, Agent sfor Canada.
T. ISAACS, Agent, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 17, 1868. 663tf

MILES'
HAIRDRESSING SALOON
BELL'S BLOCK, ELGIN-ST.
THIS SALOON is fitted up in a neat and attractive manner, and is always attended by competent and attentive workmen.
E. MILES, Hair Dresser, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General
Ottawa, April 13. 715y

NEW BOOKS.
Exodus of the Western Nations by Viscount Bury; Chronicles and Characters by Owen Meredith; Brakespeare by the author of "Guy Livingstone"; The Lost Name, a Novel; Farming for Boys; The New Dictionary of Quotations; The Huguenots by Samuel Smiles; Law and Lawyers—Curious Facts and Characteristic Sketches; Art and Artists, do.; Books and Authors, do.; Clergymen and Doctors, do.; Longfellow's Works Complete for 15 cents; The Waverley Novels, per vol., 15 cents; Cooper's Novels, per vol., 15 cents; Essays in Elia by Lamb complete for 15 cents; De Quincey's Confessions of an Opium Eater for 15 cents.
Bibles, Prayer Books, Church Services, just received from the Publishers, in the newest and richest patterns.
For sale by
J DURIE & SON, 10 Sparks-st., Opposite the Russell House
498y

GREAT BARGAINS IN DRESS GOODS, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.
NEW STYLE OF DRESS GOODS, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.
FANCY DRESS GOODS AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.
PLAIN GOODS FOR TRAVELLING DRESSES, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.
BAREGE, GRENADINE & LLAMA DRESS GOODS, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S Invite inspection of their Stock.
No. 14, RIDEAU-STREET.
Ottawa, May 30, 1868. 510y

NEW SILK AND DRESS GOODS:
Grant and Henderson
Have just opened out a new lot of
Black and Fancy Silks, Moire-Antiques,
BROCADES, POPLINS, CHALLIS, LUSTRES, &c.
Elegant Goods at Moderate Prices.
Millinery, Mantles, Jackets, Carpets and House Furnishings in great variety, always on hand.
No. 20, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, May 16, 1868. 62?y

CITIZEN OFFICE,
RIDEAU-STREET.
A NEW
Stationery Store
Has been opened in connection with
"The Ottwa Citizen" Office,
AND THE
Patronage of the Public is Respectfully Solicited.
THE STOCK EMBRACES
AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF
STATIONERY!
INCLUDING ALL KINDS OF
WRITING, PRINTING, WRAPPING, BLOTTING, COLORED, TISSUE, CARTRIDGE & DRAWING PAPERS.
ENVELOPES, VISITING CARDS, (Plain and Mourning.)
PLAYING CARDS,
MEMORANDUM
And ACCOUNT BOOKS,
POCKET LEDGERS
And CASH BOOKS,
LETTER COPYING BOOKS.
INDEXES,
BLANK NOTES, And DRAFTS.
STEEL PENS, QUILLS,
INDIA RUBBER, INK ERASER,
SEALING WAX,
ELASTIC BANDS (All Sizes),
ERASING KNIVES,
LETTER SCALES,
FILES AND CLIPS,
PAPER FASTENERS.
INK-STANDS, (All sizes in Glass, Pewter and Fancy.)
PEN RACKS, INKS,
ROUND RULERS,
SLATES AND SLATE PENCILS,
MUCILAGE, MARKING INKS,
And every other ARTICLE in the trade.
ORDERS FOR
BLANK BOOKS!
In any Style of Ruling and Binding, executed on the shortest notice.
BOOKBINDING
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
Job Printing
As usual, Neatly, Cheaply and Expeditiously executed.
I. B. TAYLOR, Proprietor.
Ottawa, May 25, 1868. 751y

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT ! 35, SUSSEX St. H. MEADOWS & CO.
WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall Stoves, for wood or coal we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW OVEN STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
Suitable for private Dwellings and Churchs Warehouses and Stoves
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PAR TOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
New and most beautiful designs, very cheap.
COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES.
Hot Air Furnaces.
We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE, RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with Stovepipes, &c., at reduced rates.
Lumbermen's Supplies Lumbermen's Supplies! Shanty Plates! Basins! Camp Kettles, &c.
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS!
Bird Cages! Bird Cages! Bird Cages!
Price Lists sent free on application.
Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending purchasers would do well to note.
An inspection of the above goods invited at the
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, October 2 1867. 62-y

The Ottawa Times.

OTTAWA, SATURDAY, JUNE 6, 1868

ABYSSINIA.

THE CAPTURE OF MAGDALA.

(Special Correspondence of the London Times.)

CAMP BEFORE MAGDALA, April 12.

As I don't know at what moment this letter may not be abruptly cut short by the departure of a mail, I think it best, even at the risk of anticipating its interest, to let the public know at once, in a few words, what is the position of affairs before Magdala up to the moment at which I write. Briefly, then, Theodore's troops were, the day before yesterday, beaten in a short but sharp engagement by the First Brigade, almost under Magdala, and the next morning two of the prisoners, Mr. Flad and Lieutenant Prideaux, appeared in our camp with a flag of truce, sent by Theodore to make terms. Nearly the whole day—a very anxious one—was spent in parleying, Theodore evidently expecting better terms than it was possible for Sir Robert Napier, without compromising the national honor, to concede; but before night all the English prisoners were unconditionally surrendered, many of the other Europeans were safe in our camp, and very little (if any) fears were entertained about the fate of the remainder. This afternoon, as I write, they are gradually coming in with their own baggage and a long train of presents from Theodore to the Commander-in-Chief. The objects of the Abyssinian Expedition are, in short, accomplished, for the only question now left to be settled is the comparatively unimportant—though by no means unexciting—one, whether Theodore will surrender Magdala without further fighting, or whether it will have to be stormed. That it can and will be taken there is no doubt, and to-morrow will probably see the British flag waving from the walls.

You may imagine into what a state of confusion and excitement our camp has been thrown by all these momentous events, chasing each other in rapid succession, with so many anxious intervals and hours of almost unbearable suspense, and following immediately upon a long uneventful campaign, during which the most exciting incidents have been the joyful discovery that some district produced eatable bread, or a tragic whisper that the Commissariat was running short of rum. It requires a life-long faith in figures and almanacs to believe that barely a day and a half have elapsed since we were looking forward to the safe delivery of the captives as a doubtful event, and to the possibility of another year's absence from home and roughing it in Abyssinia, supposing Theodore escaped. Measured not by minutes, but by variety and intensity of sensations, as psychologists tell us time should be measured, there are in a life few months that would not pass more quickly than these short hours. Would that any description of mine could do justice to them! But, so far from this, I have to ask the indulgence of your readers for a report that must be written, not only against time, but in such a Babel of questions, answers, congratulations, kissings, handshakings, tears, laughter, rumors, contradictions and counter-contradictions, as only the present occasion could create, and to which nothing short of utter blindness, deafness and heartlessness, could make even a special correspondent impervious. Within four yards of the little *tent d'abri* under which I have to write, lying at my length on the ground, Mrs. Flad, who was prevented by illness from coming into camp last night, is at this very moment exchanging greetings and congratulations with Mrs. Rosenthal, both happy and free at last, after so many weary months of well-nigh hopeless captivity; a group of small children are carrying on an animated conversation in a strange *paois*, compounded possibly of German and Abyssinian; and a strong-lunged baby is performing, in the universal baby language, a solo of its own. Exactly twenty-four hours ago these people were in momentary fear of a cruel death, at the mercy of a merciless tyrant, who, two days before had, in cold blood, butchered over three hundred innocent captives, slaying some with his own hand, and who, mad with rage and strong drink, alternately threatened and flattered them, as fear or fury predominated. Just twenty-four hours ago their lives were literally not worth a moment's purchase. Now they are as safe as five thousand gallant hearts, ready to shed every drop of blood in their defence can make them, with friendly faces and friendly voices on all sides of them, and big rough men—the sailors of the Rocket Brigade, of course, as conspicuous as they were in the fight on Friday—almost crying over their children. Some facetious fellow-captive, with a curious quaver, however, in his voice, which makes the facetiousness give forth an uncertain sound, has just sternly ordered the ladies to come, with their children, and "have their heads taken off" in a photograph, and of course I must presently go too, to have my first look at so interesting a group, this being about the fifthieth interruption since I began this morning to make mental notes of what I had gone through in the last few days, but perhaps only the twentieth or thereabouts since I began actually to write A newspaper correspondent has, I know, not the slightest right to intrude himself or his grievances on the public, and hitherto I have done my best not to sneer against this great journalistic canon. But now, for the first time, and I trust the last time, I must, at all hazards, ask your readers to take into consideration the difficulties under which the production—which they will criticize in their easy chairs—has been written, and show some mercy to the writer.

If I remember correctly, my last letter left the Expeditionary force on the point of starting for the head of the Bashilo Pass. This was reached early on Thursday last, the march being a very short one, and the rest of the day, a wretchedly rainy and inclement one, was spent in making preparations for an advance across the Bashilo at daybreak next morning. Sir Robert Napier generally keeps his own secrets, and what his full plan of operations was, and is, perhaps not known to any but himself. But enough of it is known to many to leave not the slightest doubt that he had no intention or expectations of engaging the enemy, if he could help it, on the same day as that on which he crossed the Bashilo. His information as to the topography of Magdala and the approaches to it were very imperfect. No reconnaissance had been made from points sufficiently near to secure accurate results, and considering that he had to carry a fortress of great strength, and believed to be numerously garrisoned, but also to prevent Theodore's escape accuracy was all important. It was obviously Sir Robert Napier's policy, and there is little, if any doubt that it was his intention to take his troops near enough to Magdala to effect a thorough reconnaissance in force of the fortress and the neighboring country; but not near enough either to provoke the enemy into a premature engagement or to alarm them. With this view Colonel Phayre was ordered to take a reconnoitering party across the Bashilo, supported by a strong body of infantry, consisting of nearly the whole of the first Brigade, or some 1,500 men, under Gen. Schneider, avoiding the road already made by Theodore up to the foot of Fahla, ascend the first and if he found that he could safely do so, the second of the mountain spurs which lie to the right of this road between Bashilo and Magdala. Theodore's road to Fahla, I may mention, follows a ravine winding through a series of spurs and abrupt ascents, relieved by occasional terraces, which form a country broken up in a manner marvellously wild and irregular even for Abyssinia. Up to the head of the Bashilo Pass, where we were encamped, the ground is perfectly level table-land, but the plateau suddenly breaks in some places as precipitously and sharply as if it had been cut with a knife, and the whole country between it and Magdala, and, indeed, in almost every direction as far as the eye can reach, presents one huge, tangled inextricable mass of hills, scraps and ravines, lying as it were like the labyrinth which protected Fair Rosamond, between any invader and Magdala. However, Theodore's road threads the mazes of this labyrinth, runs up to the top of Fahla, and thence turning sharply to the left, or east, connects Fahla with Islamgee (the site of the King's camp), and Selasee, and Magdala prove, on close inspection, to form one large three-cornered amba, being of nearly the same elevation, though differing materially in the steepness of their approaches, and mutually protecting and flanking each other. The distance between the extremest points of this amba, originally estimated at two miles and a half, can scarcely be more than a mile and a half. Sir Robert Napier did not think it expedient to use the enemy's road up to the very walls of the enemy's fortress, and so he ordered Colonel Phayre to use the road only down to the Bashilo, and then to find his own way to the right, making his own path as he went over one or two spurs of the labyrinth; but on no account to take the supporting brigade, so far as to incur any risk of its being obliged to fight or retreat. Why Col. Phayre disobeyed this very simple and explicit order is at present known only to Col. Phayre. His disobedience has led to such fortunate results that one does not feel much disposed, more especially at the present moment, to criticise it very closely. The fact remains, however, and he not only rushed boldly in where the Commander-in-Chief feared to retreat, but actually sent off a despatch to say that he had the command of the Arogee Pass (Theodore's road) before this not unimportant military monoeuvre could be performed. In consequence of this despatch, Colonel Penn's mountain battery—now better known as the "Steel Pens"—the Naval Rocket Brigade, a company of the 4th King's Own, a company of Punjab Pioneers, the baggage animals, and a baggage guard were all sent under Colonel Milward by Theodore's road, instead of over the mountain spurs to the right, and in consequence of their taking this course, Sir Robert Napier found himself, to his astonishment, beating the enemy long before he had intended to be within gunshot of them.

Fortunately, Colonel Phayre was not the only brilliant blunderer of the day. King Theodore, misinformed by spies, fancied that only a small pioneer force was advancing with baggage to find a camping ground for the rest of the army, and his mistake was immediately confirmed by the appearance at the top of the Arogee Pass of Col. Milward's men, more especially as the mules of the battery and the Rocket Brigade looked to his inexperienced eye like ordinary baggage animals. To understand his mistake, and the results to which it led, your readers must bear in mind that the 1st Brigade (which had alone crossed the Bashilo, the 2nd Brigade remaining on the other side) had been divided into two equal portions, and had taken different routes, the smaller portion going under Col. Milward, up the Arogee within full view of the opposing hill of Fahla, on which Theodore stood, the larger (composed of the 4th, the Punjab Pioneers, the Beloochees, two companies of Madras Sappers, two companies of Bombay Sappers, and a few of the 10th R.E.) going up over broken precipitous ground, which completely hid them from Theodore's sight. All that he saw of them was a group of staff officers on a lofty eminence to his left, surrounding the Commander-in-Chief and Sir Charles Staveley, and down below the Punjab Pioneers, whom Sir Robert, considerably astonished to find that the Arogee Pass was not commanded, as he had been told, had immediately on his arrival, sent to support Colonel Milward's force. It was indeed fortunate that he did so. Colonel Penn's Battery had, as it was, a very narrow escape from being taken; it would have been taken ten times over by a hostile European force in Theodore's position, and it was only the Punjab Pioneers that saved it even from Abyssinia. In a few minutes more one of the guns of Fahla poured forth a heavy booming sound, evidently in preconcerted signal, and almost simultaneously the steep road leading down from the heights, and the hilly, broken ground below them were alive with armed men, horse and foot, rushing impetuously to battle.

A finer or more spirit-stirring sight it is difficult to imagine, not more, however, from the bold, martial bearing of the men—some of them, too, splendid horsemen—although they came on with the proud, triumphant confidence of soldiers used to conquest, than from the magnificent scenery in which the action was carried on, Magdala and the adjoining mountains forming, as it were, a grand natural amphitheatre, and a spacious terrace at the foot of Fahla making an admirable stage on which to give full effect to the brilliant game of war. The effect on our troops was magical. They had scarcely ever dared to believe that the Abyssinians would fight even behind walls, and to find them rushing on in this gallant style to do battle in the open field was, indeed, an unlooked-for taste of the—

"Stern joy which warriors feel,
In foemen worthy of their steel."

A ringing cheer broke from their ranks, and the two armies hastened to close.

How the fight would have gone if the Abyssinians had only had to encounter the force for which they were prepared it is not easy to say, although it may not, perhaps, be safe to admit a doubt on the subject. The Naval Rocket Brigade, although their firing was at first very well, almost as dangerous to friend as to foe, gradually improved and did good work.—the strange, unknown character of their missiles contributing, perhaps, more than anything else to shake the confidence of the Abyssinians. At first they were pushing on to the eminence on which the Commander-in-Chief stood, watching and generally superintending the fight, though leaving nearly all, if not all, its actual management to Sir Charles Staveley; but later on, as the enemy fell back and made a spirited stand behind two guns almost at the foot of Fahla, the Rocket Brigade were brought down on the actual stage or terrace on which the fight was being fought, out, and by that time their fire had become very mischievous. The Mountain Battery, which did not open until the enemy were within 400 yards, did deadly execution in the skilful hands of Colonel Penn, assisted by Lieutenant Nolan; and the Punjab Pioneers and the baggage guard, composed of men from the 4th and 10th Native Infantry, fought like heroes. The small force, too, was under the command of an officer, who thoroughly understood how to make the most of his materials—Colonel Milward.

Nevertheless, if this small force alone had been opposed to the Abyssinians, I cannot help thinking that their overwhelming numerical superiority, backed by undoubted pluck and even by dash, would have made this battle at least a doubtful one. But another and more formidable foe was in store for them. Up to the moment when the first gun from Fahla sounded the prelude to the battle, the 4th were crawling listlessly along, constantly falling out of the ranks to lie down, utterly knocked up by a terrible trying march, and imploring any one who passed for a drop of water, which on that day was as precious and rare a commodity as champagne. No hallowed rag of saint or winking virgin ever wrought such a miracle upon halt or lame as did the sound of that one Abyssinian gun upon the dead-beat men of the 4th. In five minutes they were to the front, dressing up, and hurrying past the Beloochees—not that the Beloochees were a whit the less eager,—but they had not the deadly Snider to recommend them, and in a very few minutes more—though to anxious eyes above it may have appeared a longer time—they emerged from the hollow into which they had disappeared on leaving the hill, and began steadily to mount the stage which the enemy had at first so dauntlessly made their own, and to take it from them inch by inch. A Briton writing for Britons I need not dwell on the pluck of my own fellow-countrymen. Suffice it to say that nothing could have been finer than the cool, determined way in which the 4th, under Colonel Cameron, gallantly supported on the left by the Beloochees, under Major Beville, mounted the hill without stopping for a moment to count the enemy or discover how near they were, and then forced them resistlessly back. Their firing was, indeed, like that of the Rocket Brigade, fearfully wild at first, but they were excited by the utterly unexpected nature of the whole affair, and had probably among them many young hands who had never been in action before. Afterwards it also greatly improved, and some wonderful shots were made. If any other fault could be found with them, it would be that they did not take sufficient advantage of the cover which the character of the ground readily afforded, but needlessly exposed themselves—a fault which their fellow-countrymen will probably not be disposed to treat with great severity.

To describe the fight after the Snider came into play would be only to describe a battue. Its sharp, short cracks following each other in succession were the death knell of the Abyssinian cause. The unfortunate foe had no longer even the shadow of a chance, but went down like grass before the scythe. How they kept their ground at all when Sniders, mountain guns, and rockets had begun to get fairly at them is a marvel, and says a good deal for their national "pluck," notwithstanding that they never managed to hold, even for a few minutes after the first impetuous onset, any ground from which it was attempted to dislodge them. That they came on so pluckily is accounted for by their mistaking the character of the force, but this mistake, soon discovered, could only have contributed to their confusion, and yet to the very last, though they had left, it is thought, some 500 comrades dead on the field, among them their leader, Theodore's favorite general, and must have had at least three times that number wounded, they kept up some show of resistance, rallied to make a few faint charges, and mustered up spirits enough for a mock-victorious cheer when Sir Charles Staveley, as night was coming on, and nothing was to be gained by useless butchery, sounded the retreat. Their artillery—Theodore's famous guns—gave them no assistance whatever, on the contrary, killed, it is said, a few of them. The big gun burst at the first explosion, the rest—there were about seven—kept up a steady cannonade easily distinguishable by its dull heavy sound, ascribed to the slow ignition of bad powder, from the quick rattle of the mountain guns, but did not even touch one of our men. Not one man on our side, strange to say, was killed, and only nineteen were wounded, among them one officer, Captain Roberts, of the 4th, who was hit by a bullet in the elbow joint. As regards the rest I have no exact list before me, nor any means just now of getting one; but to the best of my belief five of our wounded were from the 4th, about four from the Beloochees, and ten from the Punjab Pioneers. These last came in for the severest part of the fighting, and were cheered yesterday by their comrades in the force for the pluck they showed. They surprised the enemy in a ravine, getting so close to them that bayonets and spears were used, and ghastly groups of from five to twenty Abyssinians huddled together in corners, from which no escape was possible, showed next morning how fierce, though unequal, the contest had been.

I am afraid you will think that I ought to have said something about the strategy employed in the fight, but really, as far as

I could judge from my own observation or from what I have gathered in conversation with military men, there was very little. The attack was too sudden and unexpected, and lasted too short a time—only about an hour—to give opportunity for it. All that Sir Charles Staveley or General Schneider could do was to bring up the troops as fast as possible, prevent their being taken in flank and rear, and keep them from going too far. As regards the disposition of the troops engaged, the Madras Sappers, under Major Prendergast, V. C., were on the extreme right, though too far to add one more to the many laurels they have gained. The Bombay Sappers came next, under Capts. Macdonald and Leacock. The 4th, under Colonel Cameron, the Beloochees, under Major Beville, and a few of the 10th Royal Engineers, under Major Pritchard, were in the centre.

Colonel Milward's force, before enumerated, the Punjab Pioneers being under the command of Major Chamberlayne, formed the left. The Naval Rocket Brigade, under Commander Fellowes, joined the centre, after leaving the hill to the right of Fahla.

I must here close this letter, though I hope to be in time with another despatch to-morrow. In case, however, it should be too late, let me mention that the present position of affairs is that if Theodore does not surrender himself in twenty-four hours Magdala is to be stormed.

The Burning of Magdala.

(*Special Correspondence of the London Times.*)

Magdala was burnt this afternoon, and dense columns of flame and smoke from its lofty summits are still proclaiming far and wide to the wondering tribes of semi-savage warriors who infest the surrounding country that the reign of their greatest enemy is at an end, and the crowning act of England's vengeance performed for the wrongs done to those who trusted their lives and liberties to her good faith and the strength of her far-reaching arm. It was very desirable that the lesson should be brought home as forcibly as possible to all within reach of its influence, and in no way could this be better done than by the destruction—so far, indeed, as it could be destroyed—of the most famous and most formidable stronghold in Abyssinia. Sir Robert Napier at first reluctantly resolved to spare Magdala and hand it over to Gobaze, hesitating, with his usual considerateness, to remove the strong barrier which it interposed between the Christians of Abyssinia and their fierce predatory neighbors, the Mohammedan Gallas. Gobaze, by defeating and killing in battle his namesake and rival, Desso Gobaze, has just made himself undisputed master of all the country south of Antalo and north of Magdala, and is now, both by extent of territory and dynastic *prestige*, the foremost man in Abyssinia. If Magdala was to be given away to any one he had the best claim. But still there were obvious objections on political grounds to giving it away to anybody, no less than to leaving it undestroyed, and so Sir Robert Napier's good genius stepped in to the rescue, and settled the dilemma in the way most satisfactory to all parties. Gobaze, on being offered the fortress, had the good sense to decline it, declaring that it would take nearly all his army to garrison it; and as to leave Magdala unprotected was to leave it to the Gallas, and more than defeat the very object for which it was offered to Gobaze, the fiat immediately went forth for its destruction. Thus everybody has reason to be satisfied. Sir Robert Napier has done all that he can, even at the risk of a great sacrifice, to protect those who are, in name at any rate, his fellow-Christians. Gobaze has had a very high compliment paid him, which may perhaps, be considered some slight set-off even against his overwhelming kindness and condescension in permitting his subjects to sell us provisions at about three times the proper price. Kassa, Menilek and other potentates cannot complain that we have actually given one of them any advantage over the rest; and last, but not least, Magdala has been destroyed.

It may relieve your readers to be told that there probably never was an act of national vengeance by which the world has lost so little. The only thing that makes Magdala remarkable—its unequalled natural strength as a mountain fastness—cannot be destroyed. Its artificial fortifications consisted only in a few yards of rough stone wall and palisade, which it may have taken an hour or two to pull down, and a very strong gateway, defended by beams and doors of immense thickness, which it cost a few pounds of powder to blow up. The town itself was uninteresting, save from its accidental associations as the prison of our fellow-countrymen and other Europeans, even for Abyssinia a charge so grave that no man, it is to be hoped, would lightly bring it against any town calling itself Christian. It consisted of the ordinary collection of huts, most of them built of grass and wood, with thatched conical roofs, and did not boast even one building of exceptional beauty or importance. The church was one of the meanest and dirtiest that we have seen in Abyssinia, while the palace of the great Emperor Theodore differed only from the surrounding huts of his humblest subjects in being larger, two-storied, and with a thatched roof, not conical but oblong, giving it much the appearance of an English barn, except that no decent English farmer would allow any animal that he valued to live in a building so dark, dirty, and ill-ventilated. After all that one had heard and read of this undoubtedly great man, of his immeasurable superiority to his people and the country upon which, unhappily for him, his lot was thrown, of his enlightened appreciation of the institutions of more civilized nations, and his penetrating practical insight into whatever was most valuable in those of his own, it seemed strange, almost beyond belief, to find that he had lived the squalid, graceless life of a savage, to stand in his so-called palace,—a rude, dirty cabin—and looking everywhere around in vain for even one slight trace of a refined or accomplished mind. In the workshop of his European artisans there were of course many signs of modern civilization, though nearly all of a practical, very few of a strictly ornamental or luxurious kind. Workmen's tools and huge glass tumblers, apparently of English make, seemed the principal articles of import, drinking being, next to fighting, the great business of a wealthy Abyssinian's life, and these mixed up with crosses, censors, mitres, bells—the spoils of Goudar churches—Amharic Bibles, stray copies of the *Record*, old volumes, encyclopædias, foolscap paper, old matchlocks, pistols, swords, powder-flasks, and percussion-caps, formed altogether as strange a jumble as it would be easy to find anywhere. The "lot," on the whole, has rather disappointed the captors. They did not expect much, but still it was believed that Theodorus had both gold and silver treasure. If he had, it has somehow disappeared. By an oversight no orders were given nor any precautions taken against looting, and there is little doubt that the moment the place was forced many Abyssinians, who knew best where to look, began to search for plunder. Next day an order was issued that everything taken should be given back, but, as many things had already changed hands, and handsome prices been paid for them as curiosities and relics of Magdala rather than for their intrinsic value, the order was unpopular, and I question whether it has been very strictly obeyed. The late Emperor, too, appears to have behaved to his prisoners and artisans with a generosity which must have left him nearly bankrupt. Scarcely an article of real value has been found which is not declared to have been at some time or other presented by him to some one of them, which, therefore, does not go into the general fund to be raised, by the sale of all loot, for the benefit of the non-commissioned officers and men of the force. All these deductions will, I fear, make the proceeds of the sale very small. However, a few curious and valuable relics have been found. Mr. Holmes, for instance, who came out here as archæologist for the British Museum, and who has hitherto had a singularly disappointing and unfruitful journey, was lucky enough to rescue a handsome crown, probably an archbishop's, and a gold chalice, bearing the following inscription in Amharic:

"The chalice of King Adam Segud, called Yasoo, the son of Queen Brahn Mogusso, presented to Kwoskwan Sanctuary (Gondar.) May my body and soul be purified. Weight twenty-five wokkits of pure gold, value, $500. Made by Waldo Georgis."

The Emperor's own crown has also been found, and is, I believe, to be sent home to the Queen. I saw in the hands of a British soldier what, under the circumstances, was certainly a very singular and interesting bit of loot, a six-barrelled revolver, with an inscription declaring that it was presented by the Queen to the Emperor Theodore, in token of her gratitude for "the kindness shown by him to her servant Plowden." The soldier told me that he had seen five pistols with this inscription, and had had a hard fight to get one for himself; but, so far, only one has been given up to the prize agents.

It is a curious instance of the irony of history, that it was not improbably with one of these very pistols—tokens of the British Queen's gratitude for kindness shown by him to her servant—that Theodore shot himself at the approach of a British soldier; for there is now no doubt that he did shoot himself. A soldier of the Thirty-Third swears that he witnessed the act, and, what is more important, both the medical men of the committee appointed to identify the body and enquire into the cause of his death, declare unhesitatingly that the fatal wound must have been self-inflicted. Their evidence is further supported by that of Theodore's own servant and armor-bearer, who seems to have stood by him faithfully to the very last, and who furnishes other particulars about his death and the close of his career not devoid of interest. From his account it would seem that Theodore himself was fully conscious of the danger of attacking British troops in the open field, and plainly told his followers that they were no match for men who had better arms and better discipline; that they ought to act on the defensive from Magdala, or, if they were bent upon an attack, attack by night. Fortunately for us, this prudent counsel was overborne by the ignorant clamor of his warriors, eager for spoil and little used to defeat. After the fight they seem, if one may trust his servant's account, to have lost all their former unwavering faith in Theodore's invincibility, and to his proud, imperious spirit, impatient of opposition, and long accustomed to see himself feared and worshipped as a god, the last few hours of his life must have been sufficiently bitter and humiliating to expiate in some degree even his many crimes. Twice his followers stood aloof from him in sullen, resentful disobedience, when summoned to his side, and positively refused, when he invited them, as the last chance, to fly from Magdala, to accompany him, and any longer share his fortunes. Even his favorite and most distinguished chiefs, the very men who in the end remained faithful and died with him, seem to have wavered strangely between their old allegiance and their new-born distrusts. At one time five of them even formed a conspiracy for seizing him and giving him up to the British, but, at the last moment, his marvellous personal ascendancy reasserted itself, and their hearts failed them. At another time, when he wished, as the British troops were first coming round Selassee, near Magdala, to mount his horse and ride out to meet them, his chiefs implored him, with a devotion worthy of the Old Guard, not to risk his own life, but to let one of them go. He accordingly gave a splendid horse to one of his leading officers, the Commander of Ordnance, and told him to mount it and go forth upon it, and, like a brave warrior, "brag before the enemy, as the time had come to die." He himself shortly followed, also on horseback, with the remaining chiefs, and fired the few bravado shots which, as I mentioned in my last letter, drew forth a return volley from the Sniders.

Shortly afterwards Theodore and the chiefs retired within Magdala, and there waited the advance of the British. As the first soldiers appeared above the stockade the chiefs were shot down; but Theodore, who had already dropped his royal robe of silk to escape observation, fled from the gateway to a retired spot higher up on the citadel, and there shot himself, putting the pistol into his mouth. From the plainness of his dress the body was not at first recognized, but, as soon as it was identified, and, on the approach of Sir Robert Napier, drawn forth into the principal pathway, an involuntary cheer burst forth from the soldiers around. Such a cheer over the body of a fallen foe rather jarred upon my nerves, but still it was natural and pardonable enough, for at the bottom it meant, not exultation over the death of an enemy, but delight at the sudden discovery beyond all doubt that the last object of a tedious campaign had been accomplished, and that there was now nothing to prevent the force from turning its face in triumph home. Theodore's escape was dreaded up to the latest moment as the possible source of further detention in Abyssinia, and the soldiers would have been more than human if they had repressed the first outburst of joy at discovering that from this dreaded evil they were now safe.

LAW, LOVE AND MUSCLE.

[From the Toronto Telegraph.]

A ludicrous scene occurred last week at Osgood Hall, during the legal term, which four times a year attracts large numbers of youthful aspirants for legal honors to that seat of learning. Among the students who attended was one from Prescott, who put up at one of the leading hotels during his stay in the city. He had not long been a sojourner in the metropolis before he was smitten with the charms of a fair maiden belonging to one of our most respectable families, whom it was his good or evil fortune to meet frequently on the street. He was entirely unknown, to his enslaver, and despairing of obtaining an introduction in the usual formal way, wrote her a long and ardent letter in which he poured out his whole soul in the burning, passionate words of an enthusiastic lover. He begged of her to allow him an interview, to send him a single lock of her precious hair, and asserted that if she would allow him the inexpressible happiness of escorting her to the theatre, he would be her willing slave for life, winding up with fervent vows and protestations innumerable, of the sincerity of his passion. He did not append his name to the document, however, but requested the answer to be sent to room No. —, of the hotel at which he was stopping. The letter was duly received by his *inamorata*, who, like a sensible girl, at once handed it to her "big brother." Big brother wrote a blood and thunder reply forthwith, threatening that if any more such communications were received, he would be under the necessity of punching the head of the sender. This answer to the tender effusions of the love-sick swain, by some mistake in the address, was sent to another limb of the law from Ottawa, who also occupied apartments in the hotel. No sooner did he receive it than he hastened to the "big-brother," and told him he had come to have his head punched, adding, however, that there must be some mistake. Mutual explanations ensued, and the saddle was finally fixed on the right horse. A day or two afterwards the youths met in the lecture-room at the hall, and the Ottawa man accused the Prescotter of having written the letter in question, and exhibited the document to the assembled students, who roared with laughter at the most pathetic passages of his tender effusion. Rendered furious by this unfeeling conduct, the sensitive lover, whose tenderest emotions had been thus cruelly lacerated, assaulted his tormentor, and a vigorous and lively contest ensued. The parties struck, clinched, and rolled over each other on the floor, when they were separated by the other students. After the lecture was out they rushed at each other outside the building, their mutual wrath still unappeased. With fury flashing in their countenances they met, and right in front of the portals of the Temple of Justice proceeded to annihilate each other. One was armed with an umbrella, the other with a cane, and both were plied with vigor and effect. The lover obtained a slight advantage by bringing down his umbrella with a sounding whack on his adversary's head, but the Ottawa man regained his position by smashing in his opponent's stove pipe with his stick. Finally the approach of the police put an end to the combat, the parties separating after a fight of several minutes duration, in which the Prescott student got considerably the worst of it.

MAGEE AND RUSSELL'S great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

FINE coral jewellery, bog oak jewellery and a large collection of other goods suitable for wedding and other presents can be seen at Young & Radford's; all new and choice goods and will be sold cheap.

Some enemy of mankind has started in the Cincinnati *Commercial* the question as to whether this is the 69th or 89th year of the century. The row has been going on about a week, and already a dozen lunatics are at it on each side. It is evident there is no Royal Italian Bitters in that neighborhood.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Her Majesty's Theatre—Benefit of Miss Adele Ward.
Auction Sale of Dry Goods, &c.—H. McLean.
Ottawa Crockery Store—W. Allan.
Soda Water and Ginger Ale—Wm. Massey.
Pic-Nic Excursion—Natural History Society.
Auction Sale of Pianofortes, &c., Postponed.
Money to Lend—Nicholas Sparks.

The Ottawa Times

SATURDAY, JUNE 6, 1868.

WE understand that HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL will leave Rideau Hall early next week, for Spencer Wood, Quebec.

THE *Leader* states that WHELAN's trial will be brought on as soon as possible in the circuit arrangements, which will be determined in a few days. We may, therefore, expect that the Ottawa Assizes will be among the first of the term.

OUR enterprising neighbor, the *Citizen*, succeeded yesterday in giving a prominent position in its editorial column to an extract from the *Leader's* Ottawa despatch transmitted from this city on Tuesday evening! This unwonted activity (of scissors) was doubtless due to the fact that the extract in question "came down" heavily on a telegraphic item from Toronto which had previously appeared in the TIMES. We know not whether the exertion would have been too much for our neighbor to have made the enquiries here as to the character of the report alluded to, the truth or falsity of which will soon be put beyond question, but we appreciate his delicacy in waiting to hold the hat for any one who will pitch into the TIMES rather than strike himself.

THE Kingston *News* is concerned that the Lieutenant-Governorships should become the subject of newspaper controversy. We are astonished at our contemporary's squeamishness, since the very highest appointments in the gift of the Crown are daily criticised by the ever meddlesome press; and there can be little reason why the office of Lieutenant-Governor should be exempt from the universal practice. When Sir N. F. BELLEAU was appointed to the Lieutenant-Governorship of Quebec the press applauded, and the *News* did not censure. When General DOYLE received a like appointment for Nova Scotia, there was another chorus of commendation from the journals; and if they may not criticise surely they ought not to have the privilege of applauding. But it is not the fashion now-a-days to receive such announcements in "solemn silence." Even the *News* violates its own rule by advocating the appointment of strangers, of men from the different Provinces, unconnected with local politics and party quarrels. But there are only two Provinces to which this rule could now be applied, New Brunswick and Ontario, and we venture to say that the appointment of Judge WILMOT, to the Governorship of his own Province, would give infinitely more satisfaction there where he is known than would his appointment to the Lieut.-Governorship of this Province, in which he would be in fact a stranger to the great body of the people. The same remark will hold good with respect to parties in Ontario. We have no local man to confer upon New Brunswick who would be more agreeable to the people of that Province than one of their own honored and trusted public men; while we have some whose honorable public record, whose services to their country, and especially in the cause of Confederation, whose character for honor and fair dealing, would commend their appointment to sensible men of all parties in this Province.

We have no objection to the principle of interchange advocated by the *News*, but the time for putting it in practice has passed. Opinion in New Brunswick is evidently settled in favor of one of its own men for Governor; and assuredly Ontario is by no means concerned at a like prospect in store for her. The strong political party man, when transferred to the Bench, or even to an inferior official position, has almost universally in Canada shown his ability to rise above the trammels of political or party feeling in the discharge of his duties. Are we to suppose that the men to be appointed Lieutenant-Governors will be less capable of truly appreciating the responsibilities of their position? The idea is absurd.

The announcements with respect to these appointments, both in Ontario and New Brunswick, have been premature; but nevertheless, it is quite probable that they will be found correct in due time. The "objections" referred to by the *News*, as having been raised against the Hon. Mr. HOWLAND, in connection with the office in Ontario, are of a very flimsy kind, and have not received much countenance from the public. If examined they would be found to be of a purely "sentimental" character, and such as it is neither politic nor patriotic to indulge in this new country; while his qualifications for the discharge of the duties of the office, and his services to the country, are such as will compare favorably with those of any of our public men who would care to accept the position.

As to the claim put forth by the Toronto *Telegraph* in favor of the Ontario Premier, it appears to be in questionable taste, seeing the relations which must hereafter subsist between him and the occupant of the gubernatorial chair. We do not doubt the ability of the Hon. J. S. MACDONALD to discharge the duties of the office creditably to himself and satisfactorily to the country, nor question for a moment the value of his long public services; but we do not think that it is either his, or the country's, desire that he should leave the domain of politics at this particular time, though the day may come when a five years' term of gubernatorial rule would be in his case a fitting closing chapter to a long and useful public career.

IT is stated that advices continue to be received of constant preparations on the part of the Fenians along the frontier, and that an attack may be looked for at any day. Dates are fixed by newspaper correspondents pointing to some time during the present month, while others mention the fourth of July; but upon these very little reliance can be placed, as it is not likely that such precise information would be allowed to reach the public.

ELSEWHERE we publish the annual report of the Directors of the Ontario Bank, from which it will be seen that the institution is in a healthy and flourishing condition. The bank is paying half yearly dividends of four per cent, adding to its reserve, and otherwise giving substantial evidence of a prosperous business and sound management.

We cannot sympathise with the Directors in their condemnation of the legislation of Parliament, as affecting the interests of inter-Provincial trade. On the contrary the remission of the duties on breadstuffs was a measure dictated by the highest considerations of policy and justice, which commended itself to the good sense of the whole Dominion, while the general distribution of customs dues was such as to be as nearly as possible fair to all the Provinces, and to give to the Maritime Ports the full benefit of their geographical position as *entrepots* of trade between the outer world and the Dominion. We believe that the agricultural productions of Ontario can compete successfully with those of the United States in the markets of St. John and Halifax; or that failing in this then the people of the Maritime Provinces should be permitted to buy their breadstuffs where they can to the best advantage. Their prosperity will re-enact upon us just as we should be made to feel their retrogression. So long as Nova Scotia or New Brunswick stood alone and had to import breadstuffs, the question of a duty was merely one of policy, just as it was in Canada which had breadstuffs to export. But the moment these were joined under one tariff, then the duty, which was a tax on the importer, became a premium to the exporter, and thus far operated as an injustice to the Maritime Provinces, and a special advantage to Ontario, the continuance of which could not have been reasonably defended on the plea of encouraging inter-Provincial trade, because the Maritime Provinces received nothing to compensate them for the sacrifice they were compelled to make. The policy of the Government in repealing this duty will, we have every confidence, result advantageously to the general prosperity and contentment of the Dominion, without retarding the development of inter-Provincial trade.

With respect to the contemplated legislation on banking, the results of the Parliamentary Committee's investigation must be made known before the public will be in a position to pass judgment on the subject. It is to be remembered that there are other interests besides those of the banks; that the system partially introduced in 1866 has been on trial only during the period of the abrogation of the Reciprocity Treaty; that the failure of the Upper Canada Bank in 1866, and of the Commercial in 1867, were by no means traceable to that system, though both these failures must have more or less "seriously disturbed commercial under-"takings and curtailed"—for a time at least—"the facilities previously afforded by the "banks to the country generally." Many people are inclined to think that "the system "partially introduced in 1866," came very opportunely as a relief to the bank circulation of the country, the ready acceptance of Government Notes by bank bill-holders during the panic, in lieu of gold, having doubtless contributed materially to lessen the pressure and shorten the duration of the crisis, which was brought about by the banks themselves being unable to retain the confidence of the public. The first thing which the Legislature should regard in framing a new law upon this subject is the security of the circulation. With the present system that has always failed just at the time it was most wanted, and whatever else may be said against the issue of Dominion Notes it cannot be denied that they furnish the most ample security to the holder; such security as would in fact render a panic impossible. There is a general complaint of the want of expansive power in a national currency upon such a basis as our Provincial Note system; but it should be kept in view that the undue contraction of a bank currency—undue as affecting trade, but essentially necessary for the safety of the banks—has been the cause of much commercial disaster in this country; and that the necessity for periodically "putting on the "screws" would be obviated by a national currency.

JAMES O'REILLY, Esq., Q. C., arrived in town yesterday, and will be here for a few days.

LOCAL NEWS.

BOG OAK JEWELLERY.—Very handsome sets of bog oak jewellery can be had at Young & Radford's, at $1 per set.

POLICE COURT.—Alexis Trudeau was charged with using improper and insulting language, such as was calculated to provoke a breach of the peace, to Mrs. Margaret Hilliard. His Worship fined the defendant $2 and costs.—Lyman Green, whose case was adjourned from yesterday, was charged with keeping a pigeon-hole table, for which he had failed to take out a license. He was fined $8 and costs.

GOOD FOR EVIL.—It will be remembered that at the Recorder's Court, on Monday last, a man was sentenced to a month's imprisonment for stealing a number of tulip bulbs from Mr. Desbarats' garden, in which last year he was employed as a labourer. The incarceration of the culprit left his wife and children in a destitute condition, in which they would have suffered for the crime of their natural protector. But Mr. D., knowing such to be the case, immediately gave instructions that they should be supplied with all that was necessary for their comfortable maintenance. This is perfectly consistent with the gentleman's character, but he will, perhaps, not thank us for publishing the fact. Yet why, in the midst of so much evil, should we be debarred the pleasure of making known an act so refreshingly good?

PIC-NIC EXCURSION.—By an advertisement in another column, it will be seen that the Ottawa Natural History Society intend giving themselves a pleasure excursion and pic-nic, on Thursday next. The place selected—Papineauville—is one of the most beautiful places on the banks of the river, and the venerable patriot who has given it its name, is ever ready to treat visitors with the most polite consideration. It is, of course, understood that the excursionists will bring their own refreshments (which, however, may be had on the *Queen*), and that the younger folks will provide for their own means of recreation and amusement while ashore. The boat will arrive at 10 o'clock at Major's, and call there at 3 o'clock to take up the party. Should the weather be unfavorable, the excursion will be deferred to some other day, of which notice will be given. The members of the Society will be at liberty to invite their friends, and we therefore expect the party will be an exceedingly pleasant one.

AUCTION SALE.—The great auction sale of dry goods, jewellery, plated ware, &c., will be closed to-day at McLean's auction room. The whole stock will be cleared out without reserve.

POSTPONED.—The auction sale of pianos, organs, harmoniums and household furniture at Bermingham's Dominion auction mart, advertised to come off yesterday, was postponed, owing to the unfavorable state of the weather, until Thursday next. Parties desirous of buying should embrace the opportunity of examining the stock, which is said to be very large and valuable.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE AND THE DRAMA.—Last night, according to previous announcement Miss Augusta Chambers took her benefit. The bill contained *Caste*, which was repeated by particular request, and in which she established for herself the character as an actress, which in the estimation of the first audience who greeted her in this city, she evidently merited. Miss Chambers was worthily supported by the rest of the company, who in a very short time have succeeded in satisfying the public that the impression they left on the minds of the audience on Monday night, was the correct one. The attainments of this young company are of so solid a character that they are not likely to lose their well-earned reputation by anything they may undertake in their profession. Mr. Mitchell is a great acquisition to the company, for not only is he an excellent dancer, but in singing he is only equalled by his acting. The farce of *His Last Legs, or the Irish Mesmeriser* which concluded the performances last night created roars of laughter; and though we have seen it performed by several large companies, we certainly never saw it rendered as it was last night. An entire new bill is presented to-night for the benefit of Miss Adele Ward. Besides various other amusements we are to have the three act domestic drama entitled *Miriam's Crime*, which has been very generally admired, and also the comic drama of *Toodles*. This being the last night of the company's appearance in Ottawa, it is to be hoped that there will be a full house. The present is certainly the best bill of the season.

AGRICULTURAL.—We learn that the Managers of the City of Ottawa Agricultural Society, lately organized, propose in a few days calling on our leading business men with the view of adding names to their subscription list, in order that they may be enabled to carry out successfully the objects contemplated in the formation of the Society. It will be readily understood that the aid extended to the Society by the Provincial Government, three hundred and fifty dollars, will go but a small way in enabling the directors to offer a respectable list of prizes, apart from paying other necessary expenses, such as erecting sheds, fencing grounds, &c., &c. So that to call upon the citizens for subscriptions, is the only legitimate way in the power of the directors, to forward the enterprise. The question, therefore, as to whether during the coming autumn, the proposed exhibition will be held in the city, must rest entirely with the citizens themselves. No doubt can be entertained as to the great advantages to the city resulting from such an exhibition. The crowds of people brought in on these occasions, stimulate trade and put money into circulation. It will be profitable, therefore, as a pecuniary investment; and the encouragement given to the industrial interests a should of itself be sufficient to induce the prosperous amongst us—merchants, hotelkeepers, and others—to liberally aid the directors in their laudable efforts to establish on a firm basis the City Agricultural Society.

ST. ALBAN'S CHURCH CONCERT.—The Concert given last night, at the Russell House, proved that we were not far wrong in predicting that it would be a brilliant affair. It was expected that His Excellency the Governor-General would be present, but in consequence of the preparations for his leaving the city, he was unable to attend; he was represented, however, by Lieut.-Col. Irvine, P.A.D.C. We also noticed Lord Alexander Russell, with the officers of the Rifles, Hon. Mr. Macdougall, many Heads of Departments, and a large number of our leading citizens. The music was of a high order, and was executed in nearly every instance in a most satisfactory manner. We have not space for a lengthened report, and therefore must content ourselves with noticing one or two of those whose performances struck us as above the common. The duet for piano and flute was charmingly executed by Messrs. Smith and Stoeckel. The latter has become almost an indispensible requisite to all concerts. Mr. G. Smith, the new organist of the Cathedral, has already proved himself to be a perfect master of his profession. This gentleman was ten years at the Conservatoire de Musique at Paris, and is a valuable acquisition as a teacher here. Mr. Kimber was in excellent voice and did admirably. Miss O'Brien in *Luce di quest' anima* brought down the house, and was rapturously encored. Mrs. Austin, who presided at the piano, was excellent in her piano solo, and also in all the accompaniments. Miss Macdougall in *Non e Ver*, was greatly applauded and encored, and gave "Where are the Friends of my Youth?" with admirable expression. Miss Powell, Miss Coffin, Mrs. Sheppard and Miss Reiffenstein, were greeted with deserved applause, as was also Miss Ross in *Alice*. Mr. Seymour, in his comic *Melange*, and the two comic songs given as encores was inimitably droll. Rev. Dr. Jones himself is no mean vocalist; in fact, he sings as well as he preaches.

WHAT IS FENIANISM DOING?

[From the N. Y. Tablet] (Roman Catholic.)

The thing called Fenianism is beginning at last to throw off the mask, and show itself in its true colors. It is slipping its moorings day by day, and drifting farther out on the shoreless sea where man has but his own wild will to guide him. Day by day the organisation is developing more plainly its entire identity with the secret revolutionary societies of continental Europe, who neither have, nor profess to have, any relation with God or any reverence for religion. Even an occasional glance at their various newspaper organs will convince any one who is not wilfully blind to the fact, that Fenianism is sapping, gradually but surely, the very foundations of religion among the Irish race, at least that portion of it which it has in tutorage. Happily, the poison has not reached the heart of Ireland—that heart is still sound, still Christian in its instincts, and in its affections—in its reverence for authority, its horror of vice under what name soever it presents itself, and its supreme devotion to the interests of religion. Were it not so—were not all the more intelligent portion of the Irish everywhere disgusted, as we are, by the shameful outrages which are being perpetrated by the Fenians (if not by Fenianism) against all civilization, then might we, indeed, cease to hope for the future of Ireland, and hang our heads in shame.

But all is not lost; there is still a sound public opinion, a Christian sentiment, amongst our race that will ultimately frown down the base and cowardly acts whereby this Irish wing of the great Revolution is disturbing the whole earth in signalizing its progress. The majority of the Irish people still hold, and we trust will hold, by their Christian traditions—they remember the days of old, and the deeds of the men who have made their name glorious. The intelligent among them think of the true Irish patriots, who were also true Christians. They ask themselves what have these wretched plotters of dark deeds, these Irish *Carbonari*, in common with such men as James Fitzmaurice, Hugh O'Neil, or Own Roe, Hugh O'Donnel, or Daniel O'Connell, or even Henry Grattan, Protestant as he was? They will think what would any of these great Irishmen, these glorious leaders, say if they heard of such deeds as the cowardly midnight murder which, a few weeks since, in an adjoining country, startled a whole continent, the attempt on the life of one of the young English princes in Australia, the murder of Mr. Fetherstonhaugh in Ireland, the blowing up of prisons, &c., &c., which are too plainly brought home to Fenianism. Yes, there is still enough of religious principle among the Irish to make them sensible that such an organization, throwing religion overboard, never can, never will, benefit Ireland.

Latest by Telegraph.

FROM TORONTO.

The Grand Jury Recommend Corporeal Punishment for Juvenile Offenders—A Family of Seven Persons Poisoned—Arrest of Patterson—The Lieutenant-Governorship.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, June 5, 1868.

In the Grand Jury presentment corporeal punishment of juvenile offenders is recommended.

Seven members of a family were nearly poisoned by eating toad stools gathered in mistake for mushrooms. It is thought they are now out of danger.

Patterson, of Whitby, who has been arrested, says he punished his son to stop his ravenous appetite.

The *Leader* opposes the appointment of Mr. Howland. The *Telegraph* refuses to believe the rumor.

CABLE NEWS

(*Via* Montreal Line.)

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Passage of the Maynooth College Bill.

The Emperor of Austria's Reasons for Signing the Concordat.

LONDON, June 5.—In the House of Commons this evening, an amendment to the Suspensory Bill was offered, placing the office tenures under the Maynooth College grant on the same basis as the livings in the Irish Church. The amendment was opposed as destructive, and not suspensory in accordance with the character of the Bill under consideration, and was rejected by the House. The House then voted in favor of permitting new appointments to be made to the Maynooth College. The Suspensory Bill was then passed in Committee, and was received with cheers.

The Emperor of Austria asserts that he had to make his choice of two alternatives—the signing of the recent laws, hostile to the Concordat, or the abdication of the throne of the Hapsburgs—and he chose the former. This explanation is intended to soften the resentment of the Pope for the violation of the Concordat.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Via Montreal Line.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

The Funeral of ex-President Buchanan.

LANCASTER, PA., June 4.—The funeral procession of ex-President Buchanan was one of the most imposing sights ever witnessed in this country. It extended from his home at Wheatland to the city of Lancaster, a distance of a mile and a half. His estate is computed to be worth $300,000.

The Revolution in Venezuela.

NEW YORK, June 5.—The *Herald's* London (Venezuela) correspondent says of the battle on the 10th between the forces of Bruceaul and Rajas, that the number killed is unknown, but the 500 wounded on both sides are in the hospitals. The rebels retired on account of a lack of ammunition. Nearly all the towns in the country are surrounded by the revolutionists. The government is totally unable to pay its creditors. The soldiers are in arrears of their pay, and many of them are almost naked; some are begging on the streets.

A British Detachment to be left in Abyssinia.

The *Herald's* London special says Gen. Napier will leave a small detachment of British troops stationed in Abyssinia.

1,000 Miles in 1,000 Consecutive Hours.

NEW YORK, June 5.—Goulding, the pedestrian, who is engaged in walking 1,000 miles in 1,000 consecutive hours, accomplished his 965th mile yesterday at 4:15 p.m. He walked strongly and although very sore from continuous exertion appeared to be confident of the result. He will, if successful, finish the 1,000 miles to-morrow (Saturday) morning, at 4 a.m.

Arrived.

The steamer *Wm. Penn*, from London, has arrived.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

The Reciprocity Treaty—Representations by the British Minister at Washington.

WASHINGTON, June 5.—The British Minister, it is said, has addressed a letter to the Secretary of State, calling attention to the fact that the Canadian Government admits American coal free of duty; that it has resisted the pressure of Nova Scotia coal interests to impose a duty of five cents per ton on foreign coal, which would exclude American coal from Western Canada, a million dollars worth of which was consumed in that section last year, and that this course has been adopted by the Canadian Government in the hope that the Government of the United States would sanction some reciprocal legislation. The British Minister asks whether this Government is prepared to consider the question. The matter having been referred to the Secretary of the Treasury, it is said that he replied that Congress having abregated the old Reciprocity Treaty he did not consider the Executive should re-open the question, unless Congress shall give some indication of its desire to do so. The papers are before the Committee of Ways and Means.

Presentation of the Chinese Embassy to President Johnson.

WASHINGTON, June 5.—At twelve o'clock to-day the President received Mr. Burlingame and the Chinese Embassy in the East Room of the White House. Secretary McCulloch, Seward, Randall, Browning and Schofield, were present to receive Minister Burlingame and Embassy. The President was requested by the representatives of the press to allow them to be present during the presentation, but this was referred to Secretary Seward, who replied that at the Chinese Court such a proceeding would be out of place, and therefore it must be refused here, and that correspondents could remain outside of the White House. Minister Burlingame read his address on behalf of his associates, and this was followed by one from Mr. Seward, on behalf of the President. As soon as this was concluded the Embassy at once withdrew. A large number of persons, the *attachees* of Foreign Legations were at the White House anticipating that they would be allowed to witness the presentation.

Suicide.

ROCHESTER, June 5.—David Bancroft, aged 45 years, hung himself last night.

Shoemakers' Strike.

The strike among the shoemakers in Ashland, culminated in a riotous demonstration yesterday, on account of the manufacturers hiring persons not members of the strike. To restore order, forty citizens armed themselves. The arrival of a special force of 25 State Constables quelled the disturbance, and all is quiet to-day.

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, June 5.—The *Post's* financial article says the money market is unchanged. Governments closed a shade better.

Important from South America.

NEW YORK, June 5.—Panama dates of the 28th May, have been received. The Presidential election was quietly progressing. Gen. Lawrence, Minister to Costa Rica, left on the 27th for his destination. The United States vessels *Decotah* and *Savannah* had sailed, the latter for San Francisco. The *Ossipic* is on the Central American coast, awaiting supplies before proceeding to the Sandwich Islands. The *Cyrenne* is at Panama, and the *Gettysburg* at Aspenwall. Chili has refused a renewal of a commercial treaty with the Argentine Republic, and some little jubilation is manifested at the fact of five new corvettes leaving England for Chilian ports.

Peruvian advices state that two hundred persons died daily from yellow fever.

Business is suspended in consequence.

Capt. Blakely—inventor of the Blakely gin—and wife, and several prominent merchants, were among the victims.

The United States consul at Tombese had a difficulty with the authorities, and was calaboosed.

ONTARIO BANK.

Proceedings of the Eleventh annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Ontario Bank, held at the Banking House, Bowmanville, 1st day of June, 1868.

The chair was taken by the Hon. John Simpson, President, at whose request the cashier read the following report:

The eleventh annual report of the Directors of the Ontario Bank, submitted to the shareholders at the annual meeting, held in their Banking House in Bowmanville, on Monday, the 1st day of June, 1868.

Your Board of Directors respectfully submit their eleventh annual report, with the accompanying statements, for your consideration and approval. You meet for the first time in your new banking premises, which while erected to meet the requirements of the business of the head office, have been built with a due regard to economy and durability.

Your Directors have much pleasure in stating, that the business of the Bank has been conducted at all its offices with more than usual carefulness; and a thorough scrutiny into the state and business of each office, convinces them that as the transactions of the past year have been attended with less than the average amount of loss—a result which, we feel assured, will be looked upon with satisfaction by you and by all who feel an interest in the prosperity of the Ontario Bank.

The harvest of the past year was below an average one, but the active demand prevailing, and the high prices obtained for all descriptions of farm produce, together with the general prosperity that attended other branches of industry, have caused a degree of prosperity to abound in the Province of Ontario, where the operations of the Bank are mainly carried on, that has seldom been equalled.

A monetary crisis of considerable severity passed over the country last Autumn—produced mainly (as we believe) by the suspension of the Commercial Bank, but intensified by a general feeling of distrust on the part of the public. The monied institutions of the country felt constrained for their own security, as well as that of their customers, to withhold for a time the facilities usually granted for moving the crops, and for carrying on their ordinary business operations. The result of the panic, which only lasted for a short time, caused a good deal of commercial derangement, and produced some temporary inconvenience and loss.

The prompt manner in which the Commercial Bank met all its liabilities to the public, should convince the most sceptical, that under any circumstances the creditors of our chartered Banks are perfectly safe.

Various causes having been assigned by the public for producing the crisis or panic alluded to, it was deemed proper by one Branch of the Dominion Parliament, to appoint a special committee to enquire into and report upon the whole matter. The Committee's reports have already been made public, through the press or otherwise; and your Directors feel that no further allusion need be made to them, excepting to state, that the answers elicited in reply to the questions propounded by the Committee showed a unanimity of sentiment entertained by all conversant with the facts, and seldom attained on any subject which may be made one of special enquiry. Your Directors trust that the labor of this Committee will not be lost, but that it may have that weight attached to it which its importance, and the source from which it emanated entitles it to.

The Charters in nearly all the Banks in the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec will expire in the years 1870 and 71; and it is understood that legislation affecting them will take place during the last Session with that object in view. What that legislation may be it is of course impossible to foreshadow; but your Directors venture to express the hope that the system partially introduced in 1866, which has already seriously disturbed commercial undertakings and curtailed the facilities previously afforded by the Banks to the country generally, will not only not be extended, but abandoned.

Your Directors in their last report expressed their gratification, that measures had been taken to extend the Trade with the Maritime Provinces by more direct and closer commercial relations, the necessity for which had arisen in consequence of the abrogation of the Reciprocity Treaty; and they also expressed the hope that those efforts might be attended with success. They fear, however, that the late legislation of the Dominion Parliament has been such as will divert this trade into other channels, and dispel the hope they then entertained for its success.

The prospects of an abundant harvest, and the hopes of the husbandman were never more gratifying than at present.

Largely interested as your bank is in the success of the agriculturist, it is equally so in that of the manufacturer; prominent among which are those engaged in the sawed lumber trade. Your directors are happy to be able to state that the prospects for this branch of industry, which for some time past has been depressed, are now much more encouraging. Your bank cannot but feel benefitted by the impulse that will be given to trade and commerce, if the expectations now raised shall be realized.

Your Directors have deemed it advisable to close the Dundas branch of your bank.

Your Board regret to have to announce the death of one of their co-Directors, who for many years has filled the office of Vice-President of the bank, and been a member of the Board from its formation.

Mr. Mann's urbanity and constant attendance at the Board meetings, and his great anxiety to promote the interest of the institution, causes his loss to be severely felt and regretted. And while the last tokens of respect have this day been paid to his memory, by following his remains to their last earthly resting place, the Board desires to extend to his family and relatives, their sympathy in their affliction.

A careful and thorough inspection has been made by the President, Directors, and Cashier, of the books and assets of the head office and branches; and we have much pleasure in reporting that everything was found perfectly correct.

The Cashier, Managers, and other officers have discharged their respective duties to the satisfaction of your Board, and we consider them fully entitled to your thanks.

The profits of the last year, after payment of all current expenses, and making provision for interest on deposits, and discount on U.S. current funds, is.......... $220,361 37
To which add balance at credit of profit and loss from last year... 23,429 57

$243,790 94

Which has been appropriated as follows:—

To payment of dividend, 1st of December last	$79,997 60	
To dividend payable 1st of June inst.	80,000 00	
To Government tax on circulation	2,375 06	
To amount written off for losses accruing from previous years	22,177 46	
To usual reduction in Bank property	4,000 00	
To added to reserve	30,000 00	
		$218,550 12
Leaving a balance at credit of profit and loss account of		25,240 82

All of which is respectfully submitted.
(Signed,) G. SIMPSON, President.
JOHN J. ROBSON, Secretary.
ONTARIO BANK, Bowmanville, 1st June, 1868.

General Statement of the Affairs of the Ontario Bank, as on Tuesday, the 26th day of May, 1868.

ASSETS.

Gold, Silver, and Provincial Notes on hand		$544,194 34
Government Securities		206,892 69
Balances due by other Banks		138,914 80
Notes and Cheques of other Banks		150,329 90
Bank Property		152,487 98
Notes and Bills discounted		4,193,546 54
Total		$5,386,366 25

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock		$2,000,000 00
Circulation		1,056,178 03
Deposits not on Interest..$994,406 85		
do on Interest..	$859,842 92	1,854,249 77
Balances due to other Banks		126,316 88
Dividends unclaimed		2,036 67
Dividend No. 22, payable 1st June		80,000 00
Reserve Fund		230,000 00
Profit and Loss		25,240 82
Interest and Exchange reserved		12,344 11
		$5,386,366 25

D. FISHER, Cashier.

Ontario Bank, Bowmanville, May 26, 1868.

The report and general statement were adopted and a vote of thanks passed to the President and Directors. The following gentlemen were then elected Directors for the current year, viz—Hon. John Simpson, Hon. W. P. Howland, Thos. N. Gibbs, J. P. Lovekin, William McMurtry, James Dryden, and Capt. R. T. Raynes.

The Board of newly elected Directors met immediately after and re-elected the Hon. J. Simpson, President, and T. N. Gibbs, Esq., M. P., Vice-President.

A. SWALWELL, Chief Undertaker for Ottawa, Sparks-st., Centre Town. 750tf.

THE GRUB.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—In your paper of this morning, I notice a paragraph stating that the gooseberry and currant bushes near the city, are suffering from attacks of the grub, and concludes by asking some one to devise a remedy.

I am afraid when the grub once appears on the bushes, the only effectual remedy is to pick them off by hand, and this can, of course, only be done in small gardens, in large ones the labor would be too great.

In other places, in England, in Australia, and in Canada, the best way to prevent the ravages of these grubs, as shown by experience, is to protect the birds who eat them. Just now, in the vicinity of this city, boys, and men too, I am sorry to say, may be met almost daily, especially on Sunday, with dozens of robins and other small birds (which at this season live almost entirely upon insect food) which have been shot or trapped. Along the banks of the Ottawa and the Rideau, in McKay's woods especially, and wherever else shrubbery is to be found, boys may be seen destroying the nests and killing the birds.

Now, it is illegal to kill birds, (27 and 28 Vict., cap. 52), (with very few exceptions, eagles, hawks, owls, and one or two other species), between March and August; and it is illegal to fire a gun on Sunday in the Province of Ontario, (Consolidated Statutes of Upper Canada, 22 Vict., cap. 104, section 4). Any person so doing is liable to fine and imprisonment in default of payment.

If the police in the vicinity of the city, and farmers in the neighborhood, were to take a little trouble to enforce the law, complaints of the damage done by these grubs would soon cease.

Your obedient servant,
X. Y. Z.

Ottawa, 5th June, 1868.

[We have been informed by a gentleman who tried the experiment last year, and found it effective, that hellebore dissolved in water and used from an ordinary watering-pot on the bushes will destroy the grub. This, however, necessitates some labour and a little expense, when, perhaps, the insectivorous birds, of whose wanton destruction our correspondent justly complains, would have done the work more effectually and without cost.]

MAGEE AND RUSSELL'S great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

Sailing of the Last American Fenian.

WASHINGTON, June 5.—The State Department has received intelligence that Dennis O'Connor, the last American citizen arrested in Ireland, has been released, and is now on his way to the United States.

Railway Depot Burned.

JOLIETTE, June 5.—The Michigan Central R.R. depot and the Round-house here was burned to-day; loss about $30,000, covered by insurance.

Convention of Superintendents of Insane Asylums.

BOSTON, June 5.—At a session of the Convention of Medical Superintendents of Insane Asylums to-day, a memorial to Congress was adopted, asking relief from political disabilities interfering with the proper discharge of their official duties, by superintendents of asylums in the Southern States lately in rebellion.

MAGEE AND RUSSELL'S great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

CARPETS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS.—Garland Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality. They have just received a large stock and invite the attention of parties furnishing to it. Purchasers will find their stock in this department second to none in Ottawa. 581-y

MESSRS. Young & Radford having secured the services of first-class working jewellers in etruscan, filagree, plain, fancy and solid gold work, and having made large additions to their work shop are now better prepared to execute any orders with which they may be entrusted than heretofore. Masonic jewels gold and silver medals, and every kind of gold and silver work done on the shortest possible notice. Remember the place, 30 Sparks-st., and encourage home manufacture.

GOOD SIGNS.—It is a good sign to see a man doing an act of charity to his fellows. It is a good sign to see the color of health in a man's face. It is a good sign to see an honest man wearing old clothes, and the immense sales of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," is a good sign that it is a scientific preparation, and properly appreciated by the people. Sold everywhere at 25cts. per bottle.

PHYSICING HORSES.—Many persons physic their horses frequently—especially every spring. This is a great error, and one which has caused the loss of many valuable horses, as physic as it is usually given, often produces inflammation of the bowels which generally proves fatal; it also weakens the horse and thus renders him more liable to disease, or less able to throw it off. What is required is a medicine which will operate gently upon the bowels, and act upon the liver and lungs, removing all obstructions therefrom, purifying the blood and enabling all the organs to do their work without overtaxing any, which is accomplished by the use of "Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and condition medicine"—it is always safe and certain. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.* is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C.W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

MAGEE AND RUSSELL'S great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The services of the most efficient and respectable officers and servants have been secured by Mr. GIANELLI for the CANADA HOUSE, CALEDONIA SPRINGS. 761-3

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

Lessee and Manager, - J. J. COLLINS.

Last Night of the Season.

This Saturday Evening, June 6th.

BENEFIT OF MISS ADELE WARD.

First time in this city of the new three Act Domestic Drama yclept

"Miriam's Crime."

SONG..........................Miss Adele Ward.

To conclude with the Comic Drama of

TOODLES

Mrs. Toodles......................Miss Adele Ward.

☞ Parties having demands against the Manager will please present the same for payment at the Box Office this evening between the hours of 8 and 9 o'clock.

Prices of Admission:
Parquette, - - - - - 50 cents.
Gallery, - - - - - 25 "

C. W. NISBET, Agent.

Ottawa, June 6, 1868.

MONEY TO LEND

On REAL ESTATE SECURITY. Apply to NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister, &c., Elgin-street, Ottawa.

761-1-24tf

PIC-NIC EXCURSION.

OTTAWA

Natural History Society.

THE OTTAWA NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY having made very favorable arrangements with Capt. bOWIE, of the steamer

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

To take down a large party to

PAPINE AUVILLE,

—ON—

Thursday, the 11th instant

(which is a Statutory Holiday), the members of the Society are informed that they can obtain tickets for themselves, their families and friends, on application to Messrs. Thorburn, VanCortlandt, Alfred Jones (of the British American Bank Note Company), P. Le Sueur (P. O. Department), W. R. Wright (Militia Department), and the undersigned. Persons who intend to join the excursion party will please be on board the steamer not later than 6:15 a.m.

WILLIAM WHITE,
Secretary.

June 6, 1868. 761td

THE MEDICALL HALL

Soda Water and Ginger Ale Factory,

23 Great St. James-street, Montreal,

OPPOSITE the POST OFFICE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS

Beg to intimate to their patrons that they have commenced the manufacture of Ærated Waters of every description, and on the most extensive scale.

Particular attention will be paid to the preparation of "Belfast Ginger Ale," a beverage first introduced into this country by our Mr. Brown, who alone possesses the original receipt, and who has also taken out a TRADE MARK for the same.

The proprietors believe their Ærated Waters will be superior to any others at present prepared in Montreal, for the following reasons, viz:—

1st. The employment of the most improved machinery the United States can produce.

2nd. The application of strictly scientific principles to the details.

3rd. Extra care given to the chemical purity of the articles used in the different processes.

4th. The possession of chemical knowledge, without which it is simply impossible to produce Ærated Waters in perfection.

The following Waters and Beverages are the principal ones prepared at the MEDICAL HALL FACTORY: Belfast Ginger Ale, Lemonade, Sarsaparilla, Winter Beverage, Summer Beverage, Soda Water, Seltzer Water, Potash Water, Kissengen Water, Vichy Water.

KENNETH, CAMPBELL & CO.,
Apothecaries to H.R.H. the Prince of Wales.
W. M. MASSEY,
Agent for Ottawa. 472y

A LECTURE

For the BENEFIT of the POOR, under the auspices of the SOCIETY of ST. VINCENT de PAUL, will be delivered in the R. C. CATHEDRAL, on TUESDAY EVENING, NINTH Inst., at Eight o'clock, by the Rev. Mr. O'FARRELL, of Montreal.

SUBJECT—"The Supremacy of the Pope."

Admission—25 cents; Reserved Seats, 50 cents; Lady and Gentleman, 75 cents.

ROBT. O'REILLY, Sec'y.

Ottawa, June 4, 1868. 759td

TABLES

FOR

Converting One Inch Lumber

AND

QUEBEC STANDARD

—TO—

Board Measure.

For Sale by

J. DURIE & SON,
Booksellers and Stationers,
10, Sparks-st., Ottawa.

June 5, 1868. 760a

The Noble Art of Self Defence.

JUST RECIVED,

PER NESTORIAN,

TWO CASES BOXING GLOVES,

Fencing Foils and Masks, &c.

Also, a lot of Superior

Mahogany Bagatelle Tables,

From 6 to 12 Feet,

ENGLISH CROQUET,

VERY SUPERIOR,

And CRICKETING GOODS

Of the Very Best Manufacture,

At ORME & SON'S,
25, Sparks-st.

Ottawa, June 5, 1868. 760-3

Coffee! Coffee!

TO those who enjoy a Cup of

REALLY FINE COFFEE!

—TRY—

BUCHANAN'S

Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha,

JAVA & JAMAICA,

Roasted and Ground

Daily on the premises, by steam power.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

May 11, 1868. 739tf

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

AN OMNIBUS

Will leave the

RUSSELL HOUSE,

Every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 7 a.m., punctually, to carry passengers

FOR AYLMER

To connect with the Union Forwarding Railway Company's Steamers.

JAMES MULLIGAN.

Ottawa, May 16, 1868. 744tf

NOTICE.

MESSRS. ANGUS & SON, in retiring from the Undertaking Business, would beg to inform their friends and the public that they have disposed of their Hearses and stock in trade to Mr. Samuel Rogers, Cabinet Maker, who will in future attend to all orders in the Undertaking line, and they have much pleasure in recommending him to their many patrons and friends.

ANGUS & SON,
Furniture Dealers, No. 22, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, May 11, 1868.

UNDERTAKING.

IN reference to the above, S. Rogers takes this opportunity of thanking his numerous friends and customers for their very liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Cabinet and Upholstering Business, and would respectfully solicit in this new branch of his trade a continuation of their favors.

S. ROGERS,
Cabinet Maker, &c., Rideau and George-streets.

Ottawa, May 11, 1868. 741d

Magee & Russell's

—GREAT—

REMOVAL SALE!

COMMENCED

MONDAY,

JUNE 1st,

NO RESERVE.

All Goods re-marked in plain figures, with Red Ink, showing the actual reductions.

The following are only a few of the bargains offered. The public are invited to inspect the stock, and judge for themselves before purchasing:—

FANCY SILK DRESSES

That were selling for $16 and $17, reduced to $12 and $13.

SILKS

Marked $19 to $23.50, reduced to $15, $16 and $15.50, the full dress of 15 yards.

All our rich French Silks reduced from $5 to $8 on each dress.

BLACK GLACIE

And Gros Grain Silks all reduced.

MANTLE VELVETS and VELVETEENS,

Only received a few days ago, marked down from 10 to 15 per cent.

BLACK LACE SHAWLS,

Commencing at $1.25.

All the rich Spanish and Pusher Lace Shawls will show large reductions.

Paisley Shawls reduced from $1.50 to $5 on each shawl.

Last year's Barege Shawls reduced to nearly half price.

NEW HOOP SKIRTS

Cheaper than anything in the trade. Old fashioned large Hoop Skirts almost given away. Would pay to have them altered.

LADIES STRAW HATS & BONNETS,

New styles, all reduced.

All old shapes in Straw Goods sold for what they will fetch.

Pattern Bonnets and all trimmed Millinery greatly reduced.

One Case Shakers at 12½c, some of them worth 50c.

NEW PARASOLS

Reduced from 10 to 20 per cent. Old ones to about half price.

500 PALM LEAF FANS

Sold during the sale at 5 cents each; not more an two to one customer.

Several thousand Ladies' Imitation Lace Paper Collars for half the New York price.

About 150 pieces ¾ Mohair and Poplinette Dress Goods, will be offered at such prices as must clear them out.

PRINTED DELAINES

That sold from 17½ to 20 cents per yard, marked down to 12½ cents.

FRENCH DELAINES

And Merinos, Cobourgs, Lustres, Glacie, Alpaccas, Printed Muslins, and all other Dress Goods in stock, likewise reduced.

A lot of washing Challies will be offered very low.

All domestic goods, such as Sheeting, Table Linens, Towellings, Flannels, &c., will show heavy reductions.

OUR COTTONS

Being all purchased when the raw material was at its lowest point in Liverpool, customers would do well to lay in a stock during the sale. We will sell all Cotton goods far below what it would cost to import them just now.

PRINTS

At 7, 9 and 11 cents per yard; present retail value 10, 12½ and 15 cents per yard.

SPLENDID STYLES IN TWEEDS,

Coatings and Cloakings, at the reduced figures.

CARPETS,

Damasks, and all kinds of House Furnishings, and other heavy goods that would be troublesome to remove, will be cleared out at and below cost price.

LADIES BEST FRENCH KID GLOVES

Will be sold at $1 per pair, and all soiled and damaged Kid Gloves will be thrown in with the slow selling colours and sold at much less money.

GENTS' MERINO UNDERCLOTHING,

Dress and Flannel Shirts, Ties and Collars, all marked down to removal prices.

One lot of 68 gross Printed Paper Collars will be sold for 12½ cents the Box of 12 Collars; well worth 25 cents.

DRESS TRIMMINGS,

Embroidery, Lace Goods, Cotton Lisle and Silk Gloves, are all reduced.

A job lot of Dress Fringes, now so fashionable, will be sold at 12½ cents per yard, some of them being worth at the present price of Silk about 35 cents per yard.

A remarkably cheap lot of Ladies' Cambric Handkerchiefs, also, Ladies' and Childrens' Cotton Hose, at least 40 per cent less than last year's prices.

The intention being to reduce the stock to

Lowest Possible Point,

Before removing to New Premises (now building) in the Autumn. Great care has been taken to re-mark the entire stock at such prices as must effect

LARGE SALES

AND INSURE

A Speedy Clearance.

DURING THIS SALE

NO SAMPLES WILL BE CUT,

NO GOODS WILL BE SENT ON APPROBAT

NOR SOLD ON CREDIT.

Magee & Russell.

Ottawa, June 2, 1868. 707y

Auction Sales
BY J. BERMINGHAM.

POSTPONED.

The Great Auction Sale

—OF—

Piano-Fortes, Church Organs,

HARMONIUMS,

AND

Household Furniture,

To come off at the Dominion Auction Mart, on the 5th instant, is postponed in consequence of unfavorable weather,

UNTIL THURSDAY, THE 11TH INSTANT,

At half-past 10 a.m., and half-past 2 p.m.

Ottawa, June 6, 1868. 761td

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET.

A large and well FURNISHED HOUSE, or four Bedrooms, Sitting Room and Drawing Room of same, in a healthy and respectable locality, within three minutes walk of the Government Buildings. For particulars apply to J. BERMINGHAM, House and Land Agent, Dominion Auction Mart, Sussex-st.

Ottawa, June 4, 1868. 759tf

FOR SALE!

THAT Splendid First-Class

HOTEL,

IN THE

CAPITAL OF THE DOMINION!

KNOWN AS THE

REVERE HOUSE,

And at present leased at a rental of $2,000. It is one of the best buildings in the city. Its length is one hundred and six (106) feet by forty (40) feet wide, built of stone, with cut stone front and tin roof. The house contains fifty bedrooms, five parlors and dining room, with bar, kitchen and laundry attached. There is a new Brick Stable, sixty-six (66) by thirty (30) feet, capable of stabling forty Horses, a large yard and outbuildings; also a vacant lot, which the purchaser can have if required to enlarge. The premises are in excellent order, being only five years built. Very lately a sum of $2,000 was expended improving the building. For a first-class hotel, or Military Quarters, it cannot be equalled in the city.

TERMS EASY, and made known free of charge, by letter or otherwise, on application to

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer,
Commission and Real Estate Agent.

Ottawa, June 3, 1868. 758d

Dominion Auction Mart,

AND

Commission Sale Rooms

House, Land & General Agency,
OFFICE & SALE ROOMS,
INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-STREET,

OTTAWA.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city.

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Reilly, Esq, Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
House, Land and General Agent.

753y

ARNOLDI'S

WINE AND SPIRIT VAULTS'

11 *Metcalfe-st., Telegraph Co's Building,*
OTTAWA,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL, FOR CASH ONLY

Dekuyper's Red Cases, Gin, 15 bottles		$9 00
" Green, " " per doz		4 80
Booth's London Gin	"	7 20
Bernard's and Thompson's Gin	"	6 00
Green Seal Champagne	"	12 00

AND UPWARDS.

PORT WINES—Graham's, Sandeman's, &c.

	Per Gall.	Per Doz
No. 1 Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2 "	3 00	8 75
" 3 Old	3 50	10 00
" 4 Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine old	5 75	15 50

SHERRIES—Duneeq's, Pemartin's, &c.:

No. 1 Superior Light table Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2 Extra do	3 00	8 75
" 3 Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4 Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine	5 50	15 00

Single sample bottles at above rates.

Also, of Standard Brands, in wood or bottle, old and new, Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch and Canadian Whiskies.

Canadian Ale, in wood or bottle.

Guinness' Porter, pints and quarts. Hibbert's Porter, pints and quarts. Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, pints and quarts.

Clarets, Hocks, Sauternes, Curacao, Maraschino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., &c.

Purity in all cases guaranteed, and goods marked at the lowest quotations.

Orders by mail with cash, promptly attended to. Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.

NOTICE.

The subscriber would intimate to those of his customers with whom current accounts may have been opened that it is his intention to take advantage of any irregularity in their payment to close them in order that he may conduct his business totally on the *cash principle*, which has been found to work much more satisfactorily for both the buyer and seller in every branch of trade in which it has been tried, and relying on quality of his goods and the prices charged for them (which will always be as low as they can honestly be sold for) he solicits a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

K. ARNOLDI,
Dealer in the better qualities of Wines, Spirits, &c.,
Metcalfe-street, Telegraph Co's Building, Ottawa.
Price lists on application or sent to any address.

April 21, 1868. 535y

OTTAWA CROCKERY STORE.

NEW GOODS.

JUST received ex S. S. "Damascus," 10 Hhds. of the finest English Glassware, selected expressly for the retail trade, comprising

	CUT and ENGRAVED	
CHAMPAGNES,	do	PORT and SHERRY WINES,
LIQUEURS,	do	CLARETS, GOBLETS,
FINGER BOWLS,	do	CALF FOOT JELLIES,
CLARET JUGS,	do	TALL TUMBLERS,
FRUIT DISHES,	do	DECANTERS,
BUTTER COOLERS,	do	CELERY VASES,
		CARAFFS, &c., &c.

And a choice lot of delicate Straw Stem Wines, in Ports, Champagnes, Clarets, Sherries, Liqueurs, &c. All the above articles match in shape, patterns, &c., and are the best glass procurable in England.

W. ALLAN,
51 *RIDEAU STREET,* (*opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.*)

Ottawa, June 6, 1868. 574y

BLYTH & KERR,

Successors to Chas. Garth,

No. 25, RIDEAU-STREET.

PLUMBERS, GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,
TIN & COPPERSMITHS, BELL HANGERS, &c.

All materials for the above branches kept constantly on hand.

Also, Importers and Dealers in House Furnishing Hardware.

Just received a well selected assortment of Fishing Tackle, Baskets, Bait, Reels, Lines, Flys, Rods, &c. Manufacturers of all descriptions of work for Water and Gas Works, Brewer's Distilleries, Mills, &c. Makes and fits up Galvanized Iron Cornices, Gutters, Conductors, Roofing, &c.

Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water or Warm Air, on the most approved principles.

Orders from the country will receive strict attention. 740y

CRICKETING GOODS,

CROQUET, FISHING TACKLE

FOILS,

Masks & Boxing Gloves

AT THE

Sheffield House, Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 5, 1868.

Auction Sales
BY H. McLEAN.

To-Day.

THE LAST AND GREAT

Day and Evening Sale

—OF—

Dry Goods,

JEWELLERY!

AND

PLATED GOODS,

AT

HECTOR McLEAN'S

Sale Rooms, 18, Sparks-st.,

TO-DAY.

We have opened our THREE LAST BALES o GOODS, and the whole stock on hand must positively be sold

Without Reserve

To close the consignment.

Sales at TWO and SEVEN o'clock, P. M.

Ottawa, June 6, 1868. 761-1

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY, AND COURT OF SPAIN, THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT

Mr. JOHN LESLIE, Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,
For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*
H. & A. SAUNDERS, Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion, for the sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa, May 26. 748y

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St

M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 57tf

Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale.

THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

Fine Bottled Ale!

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

Scotch Irish, Old Rye

And other Ma Whiskies,

Ports, Sherries, Brandies Gin, &c.,

To ether with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A Call kindly Solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

NEW GREEN HOUSE.

ERECTED lately by the subscriber at New Edinburgh, who has now on hand and for sale a large variety of choice Verbenas, and other flowering plants. Orders left at G. Bell's, Rideau-street, will be punctually attended to

ROBERT CURRY.

Marc 1868. 691-3m

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

Just Received Per Express.

A CHOICE Selection CANADA WATCH COMPANY'S WATCHES,

At Young & Radford's.

AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY'S WATCHES,

At Young & Radford's.

AT THE

MONTREAL WAREHOUSE

FINE GOLD JEWELLERY,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE GOLD and CORAL JEWELLERY,

At Young & Radford's.

10,000 LBS. MAPLE SUGAR.

J. MARTIN & CO.

50 CASES ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

J. MARTIN & CO.

HERRINGS, PORK, FLOUR, BUTTER, CHEESE.

657y J. MARTIN & CO.

PIANOS. PIANOS.

JUST RECEIVED AT THE

London Music Store!

Her Majesty's Theatre,

Wellington Street,

A new and splendid assortment of

PIANOFORTES!

UNION MAKE,

Every PIANO from this establishment warranted for 5 years.

Also just received a new stock of

VICTORIA ORGANS and MELODEONS

VIOLINE, CONCERTINAS, GUITARS, &c., in great variety.

Second hand Pianos taken in part payment for new ones.

Connected with this establishment is a Piano Manufacturer, who will attend punctually to all orders for TUNING left at the London Music Store.

E. MILES,
Lessee of Her Majesty's Theatre

Ottawa, March 25, 1868. 551-39y

FOR SALE.

A SELF-ACTING SODA WATER APPARATUS, with cylinders complete, cheap for cash. Apply to WILLIAM PRODERICK Sussex-street, Ottawa. 687tf

FINE Eighteen CARAT GOLD WATCHES as low as $18.00,

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

ROGER'S BEST CUTLERY and fine ENGLISH ELECTRO-PLATED WARE, can be had

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S

30 Sparks-st. Ottawa.

1868. MAY. 1868.

J. A. PINARD & CO.,

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New Dress Goods,

A good value in Striped, all Mohair, for 6d per yard.

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A good variety of Patterns at 6d per yard.

New Grey Cottons,

A good Cotton, 40 inches wide, for 7d per yard.

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A good heavy made Cotton for 6d per yard.

The Tailoring Department is replete with all the novelties of the season.

Cash buyers will find it their advantage to visit the above before purchasing elsewhe

J. A. PINARD & Co.,
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Ottawa, May 5, 186 16y

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Great rapidity, Simple Machinery, quiet in action, easy to operate, price from $47. *Prospectuses, and instructions gratis.*

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The "HOWE" SEWING MACHINES are the best for arriage Trimmers, Harness Makers, Boot and Shoe makers, are the best Shuttle Machine for Tailors, Dressmakers, Families, etc. etc., etc. Price from $50. Prospectus free and instructions gratis.

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HARDWARE, HARDWARE!

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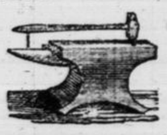

No. 24 No. 24

RIDEAU STREET.

Come old and young, come short and tall,
Come rich and poor, come great and small,
Just call and see my stock in trade,
Hardware and paints of every grade.

A Complete Assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware constantly kept on hand at the SIGN of the ANVIL, T. BIRKETT, consisting in part of

Butts,	Axes,	Iron,	Paints, all colors,	Screws,	Saws,	Tin,	Oils,
Locks,	Ropes,	Stoves,	Glass,	Coolers,	Putty,	Bolts,	Chains,
Nails,	Coal,	Pitch,	Grindstones,	&c.,	&c.,	&c.,	&c.

Also a complete stock of MECHANICS' TOOLS of the most improved English and American manufacture.

Then Come and Examine my Stock,
A duty never shirk it,
And satisfaction will be got
In business with T. BIRKETT.

Don't forget the place—THOS. BIRKETT, Sign of the Anvil, No. 24, Rideau-street.

P. S.—All Goods delivered Free to any par of the city. 408y

Ladies Keep Cool!

BLACK AND WHITE LACE SHAWLS,
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BAREGE & GRENADINE PROMENADE COSTUMES,
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GENTLEMEN KEEP COOL!

BLACK ALPACCA COATS,
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All in great variety, cheap, at

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Wholesale and Retail.

Importers, 20 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 29, 1868. 484y

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SUMMER GOODS,

—AT—

"THE GOLDEN BOOT."

NO. 226, WELLINGTON-STREET.

Ladies' White Canvass Boots,
Ladies' Button Prunella Boots,
Ladies' Lace Prunella Boots,
Ladies' Prunella Gaiter Boots,
Ladies' Kid Button Boots,
Ladies' Kid Lace Boots,
Ladies' Kid Gaiter Boots,
Ladies' English Walking Boots,

Gent's White Canvass Congress,
Gent's White Canvass Shoes,
Gent's Mill. Calf Congress,
Gent's Calf-faced Congress,
Gent's Calf Balmorals,
Gent's Fine Kid Congress,
Gent's Prunella Brogans,
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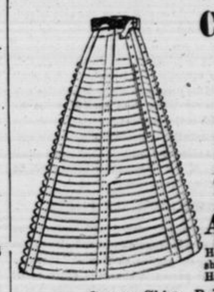
Children's Fine Morrocco Lace Boots,
Children's Fine Kid Congress and Lace Boots,
Children's Enameled and Calf Copper Toes,

And other goods in endless variety.

The subscribers beg to thank the public for the liberal patronage they have received since opening the above establishment.

W. ANGUS & CO.,
No. 226, Wellington street.

666y



City Hoop Skirt Factory,

43 SPARKS-STREET,

Central Ottawa.

THE DOUBLE EXTENSION SKIRT,
" DEMI "
" NEW GORE TRAIL SKIRT.

French Wove Corsets!

AN immense stock of Corsets just arrived, French, English and Scotch manufacture.

I beg to call the attention of ladies to the above new styles of Hoop Skirts which I have on hand, and will make to order on the shortest notice: Also, Parasols, Hosiery and Gloves, Hair Nets, Handkerchiefs, &c., &c.

Croquet Skirts, Printed and Embroidered, Gored and Plain.

N.B.—A lot of old fashioned Corsets on hand (lacing at the back) cheap, wholesale and retail.

DAVID MILLAR,
43 Sparks-st, Centre Town, next to Esmonde's Stove Depot.

456y

CANADA

MONCK.

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come, and whom they may in anywise concern—GREETING:

J. A. MACDONALD,
Minister of Justice.

WHEREAS,

By a certain Act of the Parliament of Canada, passed in the recent session thereof, and intituled: "An Act relating to Quarantine and Public Health," it is amongst other things in effect enacted that the Governor in Council may, from time to time, make such regulations as he thinks proper, for enforcing compliance with all the requirements of the said Act, and concerning the entry or departure of boats or vessels at the different ports or places in Canada, and concerning the landing of passengers or cargoes from such boats or vessels or the receiving of passengers or cargoes on board of the same, as may be thought best calculated to preserve the public health, and for ensuring the due performance of quarantine, by and in respect of vessels, passengers, goods or things, arriving at any port within Canada, to which he thinks it right for the preservation of the public health, that such regulations should apply, and for the thorough cleansing and disinfecting of such vessels, passengers, goods or things, so as to prevent, as far as possible, the introduction or dissemination of disease into or in Canada, and may appoint or remove such officers as he may deem necessary for so doing, and assign to them, respectively, such powers as he may think required for carrying out the provision of such regulations, and may, from time to time, revoke or amend the same or any of them, and may make others in their stead, and may impose penalties, forfeitures and punishments for the breach thereof, which regulations shall be notified by proclamation, published in the *Canada Gazette* at least twice; and the production of the copies of the *Gazette* containing any such proclamation shall be evidence of the making, date and contents of such regulations. And further that such regulations shall have the force of law during the time they respectively remain unrevoked, unless they be expressly limited to be in force only during a certain time or at certain times or seasons in which case they shall have the force of law during the time and at the times and seasons during or at which they have been limited to be in force; and that any person disobeying any such regulation may be prosecuted for a misdemeanor, punishable by fine or imprisonment or both, as the court may direct, or otherwise such person may be sued for the penalties contained in such regulation.

AND WHEREAS, our Governor in Council, hath this day been pleased to make, under the authority, and in pursuance of the said above in part recited Act, certain regulations as follows, that is to say:

1.—VESSELS COMING UP THE ST. LAWRENCE.

That all boats, ships and other vessels, except the Canadian Mail Steamers, which henceforth and during the eight months next following the first day of April in each and every year shall arrive in the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports, place or places, in Europe or elsewhere out of Canada, by way of that part of the River St. Lawrence which is below Grosse-Isle, and which shall have at the time of their said arrival, or shall have had during their passage from the places where they respectively cleared, any person on board labouring under Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious and dangerous disease, or on board of which any person shall have died during such passage, or which, being of less tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement, shall have on board thirteen or more steerage passengers, or which being of greater tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement, shall have on board fifty or more steerage passengers, or which shall have come from some infected port, shall make their Quarantine in the River St. Lawrence, and there remain and continue until such boats, ships or vessels shall be discharged from such Quarantine, by such license or passport, and discharge given without fee or emolument of any kind as shall be directed or permitted by such order or orders as shall be made by the Governor, with the advice of the Privy Council and until the said boats, ships and vessels shall respectively have performed such Quarantine, and shall be discharged therefrom by such license or passport and discharge as aforesaid, persons, goods or merchandise, which shall be on board such boats, ships or vessels shall not come or be put on board of any other ship or vessel in Canada, except on Grosse-Isle aforesaid, when duly required by competent authority.

2.—PORT OF QUEBEC.

That all boats, ships and vessels which henceforth and during the eight months aforesaid, shall arrive at the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports in Europe, place or places, or elsewhere as aforesaid, of the class or description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable and bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, do make their further Quarantine in the Harbour of Quebec, according to the regulations hereinafter provided.

3.—GROSSE-ISLE.

All boats, ships and vessels of the class and description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle, shall anchor within the space included between Grosse-Isle and a line drawn parallel to it, through the Red Buoy, to be placed as heretofore under the direction of the Superintendent of Pilots, and bounded on the east and west by lines drawn due south from the western extremities of Cliff Island and Grosse-Isle. The island shall be so divided as to leave one portion thereof for the hospitals, and for the treatment and reception of those who are labouring under or who are threatened with any of the following diseases, namely: Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or any other infectious and dangerous disease; and the remaining portion for the reception and accommodation of all passengers and other persons who shall be landed and detained upon the said island who shall not labour under or be threatened with any of the said diseases, and no person or persons, unless on duty, shall be permitted to pass from one of the said portions of the said island to the other, unless they have passports signed by the Medical Superintendent.

4.—ESTABLISHMENT AT GROSSE-ISLE.

The establishment at Grosse-Isle shall consist of a Medical Superintendent, an Hospital Steward and such Officers, Employes and Orderlies as may be appointed or employed to meet the exigencies of the service. The Medical Superintendent shall be authorized to see the Quarantine duty performed, and for this purpose shall have full power and authority over all officers and other persons whatsoever in Grosse-Isle, or attached to that station, and be authorized to call upon all persons to aid him in enforcing the law and their regulations, and in case of his death, sickness or absence, the officer next in rank employed on the island shall have the power and authority aforesaid.

5.—MEDICAL SUPERINTENDENT.

The Medical Superintendent (or in case of his death, sickness or absence, the officer next in rank employed on the island) shall enforce the said law and these regulations, and shall direct boats, ships or vessels to go to such place or places to perform Quarantine, as it may be necessary to send them to. He shall direct all boats, ships or vessels, liable to perform Quarantine, to be brought to anchor within the limits of the Quarantine anchorage, and generally do all that may be required to enforce rigid obedience to the said law and these regulations. He shall permit all passengers, or other persons landed on the said island, to be re embarked or shipped on board any steamboat or other vessel when the vessel is in a fit state to receive them, and that they may have been examined by him and found in a fit state for re-embarkation or for leaving the said island; and that all such passengers and persons, with their luggage, have been washed, cleansed and purified, and that there does not exist amongst those who are about to proceed or leave the said island any case or symptoms of Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles or other infectious and dangerous disease.

He shall also go off to vessels bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle as aforesaid, and put the following questions to the masters or persons in charge, viz:

1 What is your name and that of your vessel?
2 From whence did you sail, and date?
3 What is your cargo, and whence taken on board?
4 At what place or places did your vessel touch in her voyage?
5 Was such place or places, or any and which of them, infected with the cholera, plague, or any pestilential fever or disease?
6 How many persons were on board when the vessel sailed?
Cabin passengers?
Steerage passengers?
Crew?
7 Have any person or persons during the voyage been infected? or are there now any infected with the cholera, plague or any pestilential fever or disease?
8 Did any person or persons, and how many die during the voyage, and from what distemper?
9 Did you or any of the ship's company or passengers, with your privity, go on board any ship or vessel, or did any of the company of any ship or vessel come on board your ship in the voyage, and from what port did she sail last?
10 Did you or any of your ship's company or passengers with or without your privity or consent, land at any place within Canada?
11 Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

If the answers be satisfactory, he shall give a clean bill of health to the master or person in charge; and such vessels may then proceed to the harbour of Quebec. If the answers be not satisfactory, or the Medical Superintendent has any reason to suspect fraud on the part of the master or person in charge, crew or passengers, he shall immediately order the vessel to such place as may be appointed for vessels detained under Quarantine of observation; he shall call for the ship's papers, passenger lists and log-books, and inspect them thoroughly so as to ascertain the whole of the occurrences during the voyage, and should he meet with any resistance, he will make such signal as may be determined on to show that assistance is necessary.

The Medical Superintendent shall also board all vessels he may consider necessary to inspect. He shall have charge of all vessels detained in Quarantine. He shall direct, if necessary, all steerage passengers to be landed with their luggage. And shall superintend the cleansing and disinfection of vessels. He shall direct the number of passengers to be landed, distinguishing those who require to be treated for pestilential or infectious diseases, and who are to be landed at that part of the said island set apart for such treatment, from those who do not require such treatment, and who may be landed at that part of the said island set apart for the reception of the healthy and those free from pestilential or infectious diseases, and he shall be careful that all such persons shall be landed at such places respectively. He shall have medical charge of all cabin passengers who do not disembark, and who may be labouring under any other than pestilential or infectious diseases; and shall order all passengers and persons on board any such ship or vessel who shall labour under any pestilential or infectious disease, to be landed with their luggage according to the foregoing regulation.

He shall give medical treatment on board in all cases of slight diseases which are not by these regulations specially required to be treated on shore, and when it shall be deemed advisable not to land the passengers on the said island. He shall whenever a vessel is cleansed, ventilated and purified, direct such vessel to receive on board the whole or any portion of the passengers, or whether the whole or any and which of the said passengers shall remain on the said island, to proceed up the river by some other mode of conveyance, and he shall, as soon as the passengers are re-embarked on board their ship, or on board any ship or vessel leaving the said island, give a passport or clean bill or health to the master or person having such vessel in charge, to proceed to Quebec. He shall make returns of the vessels boarded by him as soon as possible after such vessels are visited.

The Medical Superintendent shall have charge of the hospitals. He shall receive into the hospitals set apart for the treatment of pestilential and infectious diseases, all persons labouring under or threatened with any such disease. He shall have the general superintendence and direction of everything relating to the sick. He shall visit and inspect all passengers who shall be landed from any vessel, and distribute them as he shall think expedient either on that part of the island appropriated for the treatment of pestilential or infectious diseases, or on the part of the said island appropriated to healthy passengers. Upon the recovery of persons treated for any such disease he shall, after due precaution, transfer such persons to the healthy part of the said island. He shall superintend the cleansing, washing and purifying of all passengers, and the unpacking and ventilating of their baggage, and when they are in a fit state to proceed, he shall, if need be, cause any baggage or any part of it to be burned or otherwise destroyed.

6.—TRADERS, SUTLERS, GROCERS AND OTHERS.

No persons following the business of sutlers, traders, grocers or other occupations, or concerned in buying or selling, shall be allowed to reside upon the island, except under the license and strict control of the Medical Superintendent, who will have full authority to discharge and send from the island all or any such persons reporting the fact of such discharge and the reason therefor, for the information of the Governor General or person administering the government. All such persons in any way engaged in selling or traffic on the said island shall be regulated as to prices by lists to be furnished by the Medical Superintendent from time to time, assisted by the Emigrant Agent at Quebec. He shall strictly enquire into and decide upon all complaints of misconduct or breach of the regulations by persons so trading; he shall see that no officer or person employed by the Government, or in any public employment on the said island, has directly or indirectly any interest or concern in any supply of provisions, or other things to be supplied or furnished, bought or sold upon the said island, or directly or indirectly receives or takes any private gratuity or reward for any service rendered to any masters or crews of vessels, passengers or other persons upon the said island. And it shall be the duty of all persons to whose knowledge any breach of this regulation shall come to report the same forthwith to the Medical Superintendent, who shall enquire into the facts alleged, and may suspend from his office any person so charged until the pleasure of the Governor-General shall be known respecting the person so charged.

7.—SAINT LAWRENCE PILOTS.

Pilots having been furnished with copies of the said Act and of these regulations, and also of the laws regulating emigration, shall exhibit the same to the master or person in charge of every vessel they may board. Every pilot having charge of a vessel of the description of those liable to make Quarantine at Grosse-Isle as aforesaid, shall bring her to anchor within the limits of the anchorage ground at Grosse-Isle hereinbefore defined. They shall also keep a Union Jack flying at the peak of all vessels under their charge, until boarded by the proper officers. On arriving at Quebec, if the vessel has received a clean bill of health from the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, and has not been detained there on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, she may bring to at any place within the following limits in the Port of Quebec, viz: the whole space of the River St. Lawrence, from the mouth of the River St. Charles, to a line drawn across the said River St. Lawrence, from the flag-staff on the Citadel or Cape Diamond at right angles to the course of the said river, but must not communicate with the shore or with any other vessel or boat until boarded by the inspecting physician; but if the vessel be of the class of those not liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, she may either bring to at any place within the aforesaid limits, in the Port of Quebec, or she may proceed at once to the ballast ground.

8.—PASSENGERS.

On the arrival of any vessel at Grosse-Isle, on board of which there shall be or shall have been during the passage any case of Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious or dangerous disease, and in all other cases when it shall be considered necessary by the Medical Superintendent, the steerage passengers shall be landed with their luggage, and washed and purified, and shall be permitted to re-embark and proceed in the same vessel, or shall be detained and embarked in some steamboat or other vessel, as shall be directed by the Medical Superintendent. The passengers in the principal cabin shall not be landed except in cases of sickness, and may at all times proceed with the vessels or otherwise, after having washed and purified their luggage to the satisfaction and with the passport of the Medical Superintendent.

9.—VESSELS.

All vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, on their arrival there shall anchor within the limits of the anchorage ground at Grosse-Isle hereinbefore defined, until boarded by the Medical Superintendent; and if they shall not be detained at Grosse-Isle on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, shall receive a clean bill of health, and may proceed to the harbour of Quebec and there anchor at any place within the limits of that portion of the Port of Quebec hereinbefore defined, and there remain without communication with the shore, or any other vessel or boat until finally discharged from Quarantine by the license or passport aforesaid; but if any such vessel shall have been detained at Grosse-Isle from sickness or suspicion thereof, it shall anchor at the mouth of the River St. Charles, and there remain until finally discharged from Quarantine as aforesaid.

Vessels arriving at Grosse-Isle from any infected port or place, or one supposed to be infected, and on board of which no pestilential disease shall have declared itself during the passage, may be kept under Quarantine of observation for a period of not more than three days, during which time the passengers and crew thereof shall be subjected to a strict purification under the direction of the Medical Superintendent. All vessels detained in Quarantine shall be cleansed and ventilated, and their between decks, if not painted or varnished, shall be whitewashed, but if painted or varnished, shall be thoroughly scrubbed with soap and water or ley, and such portion of the ballast as the Medical Superintendent shall order, shall be thrown overboard, under his immediate superintendence, or that of some person to be appointed by him for that duty.

In all cases where vessels having passengers on board on account of sickness amongst such passengers shall be detained in Quarantine, the master or person in charge may, on application to the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, be allowed to land the said passengers with their luggage; and the vessel being properly cleansed, purified and disinfected under the superintendence and with the license of the Medical Superintendent, may proceed up the river without the said passengers upon the master or person in charge paying to such person as shall be appointed to receive the same one shilling and three pence for each passenger, to bear the expense of their conveyance to Quebec and also at the rate of one shilling per diem for each of the said passengers, to reimburse the expense of their maintenance at Grosse-Isle, for the time during which such vessel, in the judgment of the Medical Superintendent, would have had to be detained in Quarantine waiting for the passengers not affected with any of the pestilential or infectious diseases aforesaid, otherwise such vessel shall be detained in Quarantine until the passengers not sick of the aforesaid diseases, shall be cleansed, washed, purified and disinfected.

10.—INSPECTING PHYSICIAN AT QUEBEC.

An inspecting physician at Quebec shall go off to all vessels arriving at Quebec or at the mouth of the River St. Charles, and put the following questions to the masters or persons in charge, viz:

1 When did you leave Grosse-Isle?
2 Exhibit to me your passport from Grosse-Isle?
3 How many persons have you on board?
Cabin passengers?
Steerage passengers?
Crew?
4 Number left at Grosse-Isle?
5 Have any person or persons been taken sick since you left Grosse-Isle?
6 Have any died? State number, names and disease?
7 Have any person or persons come on board or left your vessel since you left Grosse-Isle?
8 Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

And moreover, he shall require all masters or persons in charge of vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, to exhibit to him the license or passport which they shall have received from the Medical Superintendent at the Quarantine Station; and such masters or persons in charge shall forthwith exhibit the same for examination to the said inspecting physician at Quebec, who, if he shall find, as well from the answer he may receive as from the tenor of the passport and the actual state of the passengers and crew that sickness does not exist on board he shall then grant to the master or person in charge of such vessel, a certificate in writing setting forth the healthy state of the passengers and crew, to the end that such vessel may obtain a final discharge from Quarantine. But, if on the contrary, such inspecting physician at Quebec, shall find any case of pestilential or infectious disease on board, or shall have just cause to apprehend the breaking out of any such malady, it shall then be his duty to hoist a yellow flag at the main-top-gallant-mast head and shall cause the vessel to return to or remain and be detained at the mouth of the River Saint Charles for further observation and inspection; and having acquainted the master or person in charge with the penalties to be incurred if he should permit any communication with his vessel until released from Quarantine, he shall report all the circumstances to the Minister of Agriculture for the information of the Governor General; and if it shall appear to the said inspecting physician at any time that such vessel shall have passed the Quarantine Station at Grosse-Isle without stopping to make Quarantine, being liable thereto, and should therefore be sent down to Grosse-Isle, or that such vessel having already cleared from Grosse-Isle, should return thereto, there to land the passengers, he shall order the master or person in charge to proceed or return with such vessel to Grosse-Isle, and such master or person in charge shall obey such order, and the proper officers at Grosse-Isle shall observe in respect of such vessels the same rules and regulations as are provided for vessels arriving at Grosse-Isle with sick. Should the inspecting physician at Quebec meet with any resistance in the discharge of the duty required of him by this regulation, he will immediately enforce the same by all lawful means at his disposal.

Any steamboat or other vessel that shall have towed or otherwise communicated with a vessel of the class of vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, not having the discharge from Quarantine of the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, shall be subject to the same regulations and instructions as hereinbefore provided, respecting vessels not discharged from Quarantine.

No steamboat shall be allowed to proceed to Grosse-Isle for the purpose of taking on board passengers direct from that island, without previously obtaining from the Collector of Customs of the Port of Quebec, a written permit to that effect; subject nevertheless to the regulations hereinbefore provided.

No vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or Montreal, until all the requirements of the foregoing regulations in reference to such vessels shall have been fully complied with.

11.—PORT OF HALIFAX.

That all boats, ships or vessels coming into the Harbour of Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia, which shall have at the time of their said arrival, or shall have had during their passage from the places where they respectively cleared, any person on board labouring under Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious and dangerous disease, or on board of which any person shall have died during such passage, or which, being of less tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement, shall have on board thirteen or more steerage passengers, or which being of greater tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement, shall have on board fifty or more steerage passengers, shall make their Quarantine in the Harbour of Halifax, on board such vessels or at such place on shore, and in such manner as shall be directed by the inspecting physician of the said Port of Halifax, and there remain and continue until such ships or vessels shall be discharged from such Quarantine, by such license or passport, and discharge given without fee or emolument of any kind as shall be directed or permitted by such order or orders as shall be made by the Governor, with the advice of the Privy Council; and until the said ships and vessels shall respectively have performed such Quarantine and shall be discharged therefrom by such license or passport and discharge as aforesaid, persons, goods or merchandise which shall be on board such boats, ships or vessels, shall not come or be brought on shore, or go or be put on board of any other ship or vessel in Canada, except on the said Grosse-Island when duly required by competent authority.

All boats, ships or vessels of the class and description hereinbefore mentioned as liable to make their Quarantine in the said Harbour of St. John, shall anchor within a mile of the outside or southern end of Partridge Island, (unless forced by stress of weather to anchor inside the said island, in which case such vessels shall anchor as close as practicable to the said island,) there to be inspected by the inspecting physician and ordered according to the circumstances as aforesaid.

The inspecting physician of the Port of St. John shall visit, on their arrival, such boats, ships or vessels, and shall direct them as best calculated for the public health, and in accordance with the intent and meaning of the present regulations and such orders in Council as may be communicated to him from time to time.

13.—INSPECTING PHYSICIANS OF THE PORTS OF HALIFAX AND ST. JOHN.

The inspecting physicians of the Ports of Halifax and St. John (or any medical officer nominated to act as assistant in their absence) shall have respectively, the control over all officers and employes, who may be appointed or employed for the service of the Quarantine in the said ports, respectively, and the medical attendance over the sick and healthy passengers or crew detained on board, or who may have been landed to undergo the said Quarantine on shore, and the said inspecting physicians shall have, respectively, the same duties to perform and the same authority as those hereinbefore assigned to the Medical Superintendent of the Quarantine of Grosse-Isle, and shall fulfil the said duties and exercise the said authority in the same manner as prescribed for the said Medical Superintendent.

14.—VESSELS IN QUARANTINE AT THE PORTS OF HALIFAX AND ST. JOHN.

In all cases where vessels having passengers on board, or account of sickness amongst such passengers, shall be detained in Quarantine, the master or person in charge may, on application to the inspecting physician of the said Ports of Halifax or St. John respectively, be allowed to land the said passengers with their luggage; and the vessel being properly cleansed, purified and disinfected under the superintendence and with the license of the Inspecting Physician, may proceed up the harbor without the said passengers, upon the master or person in charge paying to such person as shall be appointed to receive the same, ten pence for each passenger to bear the expense of their conveyance, and also at the rate of one shilling per diem for each of the said passengers, to reimburse the expense of their maintenance for the time during which such vessel, in the judgment of the inspecting physician, would have had to be detained in Quarantine waiting for the passengers not affected with any of the pestilential or infectious diseases aforesaid, otherwise such vessel shall be detained in Quarantine until the passengers not sick of the aforesaid diseases, shall be cleansed, washed, purified and disinfected.

15.—PILOTS OF THE PORTS OF HALIFAX AND ST. JOHN.

Pilots of the Ports of Halifax and St. John respectively, having been furnished with copies of the said Act, and of these regulations, shall exhibit the same to the master or person in charge of any boat, ship or vessel they may board:—every Pilot having charge of a vessel of the description of those liable to make Quarantine at the Ports of Halifax or St. John respectively, shall bring her to anchor within the limits of the anchorage grounds hereinbefore defined for the said ports respectively:—They shall also keep a Union Jack flying at the peak of all vessels under their charge, until boarded by the proper medical officer aforesaid.

16.—GENERAL PROVISIONS.

All vessels trading between any ports or places within Canada, and not having touched at any ports or places without the Dominion nor communicated with any other vessel which shall have arrived from any port without the Dominion, shall be exempt from the foregoing rules and regulations so far as respects the necessity of going to or stopping at the anchorage ground aforesaid; nor shall the said rules and regulations apply to any vessel of war, or to transports or vessels having Queen's troops on board accompanied by a medical officer and in a healthy state, or to any steamer, unless sickness or death may have occurred during the passage.

No vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or Montreal, until all the requirements of the foregoing regulations in reference to such vessel shall have been fully complied with.

Any person who shall contravene, either by omission or commission, any of the foregoing regulations, shall for every such offence incur and pay a fine of not exceeding FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS, to be recovered in the manner prescribed by the said Act; and every person who, upon conviction of any such offence, shall fail to pay the amount of fine which he shall have been condemned to pay, shall be imprisoned until such fine be paid.

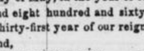
AND

All previous orders or regulations are hereby revoked. Now Know Ye, that we do hereby command, and enjoin upon all our loving subjects that they do take notice of and obey the said regulations so made as aforesaid and govern themselves accordingly.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these our letters to be made patent, and the great seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed: Witness, our right trusty and well-beloved cousin the Right Honorable CHARLES STANLEY VISCOUNT MONCK, Baron Monck of Ballytrammon, in the County of Wexford, in the Peerage of Ireland, and Baron Monck of Ballytrammon, in the County of Wexford, in the Peerage of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Governor-General of Canada, &c., &c., &c., at our Government House, in our City of Ottawa, this twenty-third day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight, and in the thirty-first year of our reign.

By Command,
HECTOR L. LANGEVIN,
759tf Secretary of State.

Railroads.



CHANGE of TIME

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and after FRIDAY, the 15th May, 1868, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA
Mixed, 7.15 a. m.	10.35 a. m.
Express, 1.35 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 7 a. m.	9.25 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.

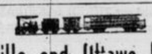
The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principals stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.
Ottawa, May 14, 1868. 1y



Brockville and Ottawa Railway,

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT
Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are down east and west.

H ARBOTT,
Managing Director.
Brockville, April 11. 473y

Grand Trunk Railway Company

OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows;

GOING WEST.—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 8.30 A.M.

Night do do at 7.30 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate Stations at 7.00 A.M.

Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.

Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.

Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.

Express for Boston and New York, at 3.30 P.M.

Express for Portland (staying over that Island Pond) at 2.00 P.M.

Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Riviere du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbroke, Waterville and Coaticooke only, at 10.10 P.M.

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
December 23, 1867 650tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET.

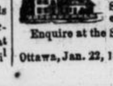
FOUR GOOD ROOMS over SHEPHERD'S GROCERY STORE, Murray st., between Sussex and Dalhousie-sts. Also, GOOD STABLES for thirteen horses. Rent moderate. Also a quantity of CEDARS for sale. Enquire of M. SHEPHERD, at the Store.
Ottawa, May 20, 1868. 748

Lots for Sale.

6 BUILDING LOTS, one mile from the city, on the Richmond Road, containing one acre each. Apply to THOMAS ANDERSON, Jr. on the premises. 564tf

FOR SALE, on SANDY HILL, opposite Cleeborate's, LOT No. 32, Stuart street. Terms moderate. Apply to Mrs. TIERNAN, No. 2, King street opposite the Gas House.
Ottawa, May 4 1868. 734d

Two Dwellings to Let,



BEING the Upper part of D. E. MARTINEAU'S Clothing Store, Corner of Sussex and Clarence-st reets.

Enquire at the Store.
Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. EUG. MARTINEAU. 646

Steamers.

1868 1868

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMER

Queen Victoria,

Captain A. BOWIE,

Leaves the Queen's Wharf with mails and passengers for Montreal, every morning. (Sundays excepted) at half-past 6 o'clock, arriving at 4:45 p.m.

Travellers and tourists will find this a delightful trip.

First-class Fare (meals extra)	$3 50
Second " "	2 00
First " Return "	6 00

Baggage checked through.

Parcel Express daily to and from Montreal and all landings.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs landed at L'Orignal.

For further information apply at Office on the wharf, or on board the steamer.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Excursion Tickets to Grenville and back for one fare.

MARKET STEAMER

"FAIRY,"

Captain R. G. NICHOLS,

Leaves Ottawa for Major's and intermediate landings on Tuesdays and Fridays at 4 o'clock, p.m.
7498 R. W. SHEPHERD.

1868 1868

UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

Upper Ottawa Route.

Consisting of the following first-class Steamers,

ANN SISSON,	Captain	Murphy.
ALLIANCE,	"	Find'ay.
EMERALD,	"	Toner.
OREGON,	"	Cowley.
CALUMET,	"	Blondin.
JASON GOULD,	"	Bolton.
PONTIAC,	"	Duggan.
PEMBROKE,	"	Overman.
SNOW BIRD,	"	Beattie.

Until further notice the Steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day (Sundays excepted) for the Upper Ottawa at 8:30 a.m., connecting with the *Alliance* at head of railroad at 12:30, touching at Arnprior, Sandpoint, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf, and Portage-du-Fort. Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after the arrival of the Steamer *Alliance* for Cobden, connecting with Steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.

The Steamer *Pembroke* leaves Pembroke at 7 o'clock, a.m., on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday for Des Joachims, calling at intermediate ports, returning on same day, leaving at 2 p.m., connecting at Pembroke with Steamer *Jason Gould* which leaves daily at 5 a.m., and arriving at Portage-du-Fort at 10 a.m.

The Steamer *Alliance* leaves Portage-du-Fort every morning (Sundays excepted) at 9:30 a.m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere, Bristol, Sandpoint and Arnprior, and arriving at head of railway at 12:45, also connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4 p.m.

The Steamer *Calumet* leaves Haveleck for Chapeau Village and intermediate ports on Tuesdays at 6 o'clock, a.m., and returning leaves Chapeau Village same days, at 2 o'clock.

A connection is made daily with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at Arnprior at 2 o'clock p.m., in time to connect with the Grand Trunk Railway night trains east and west, and on the downward trip at Sandpoint 1:35 a.m., Arnprior 12:10.

Passengers for Des Joachims leave Ottawa every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

For further particulars apply at the office of the Company in Ottawa City or Aylmer.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.
Ottawa City, April 22, 1868. 724S

Condensed Time Table

Between Brockville and Ottawa, via Brockville and Ottawa Railway and Union Forwarding Railway Company's Steamers:

UPWARDS.

Leave Ottawa at	7:00 a.m.
Arrive at Arnprior at	2:00 p.m.
Leave Arnprior at	2:20 p.m.
Arrive at Brockville at	7:45 p.m.

In time to connect with Grand Trunk Railway Night Trains, East and West.

DOWNWARDS.

Leave Brockville at	7:15 a.m.
Arrive at Arnprior at	12:10 p.m.
Leave Arnprior at	12:15 p.m.
Arrive at Ottawa at	5:00 p.m.

NOTICE

—TO—

SHIPPERS OF GOODS

TO THE

Upper Ottawa,

By Steamers of the

Union Forwarding

AND

RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE Union Forwarding and Railway Company having assumed the cartage of goods between

OTTAWA & AYLMER,

I beg to intimate that the same rate will be charged on goods received at either place, the Company having established a through rate on all goods forwarded from Ottawa to places on the Upper Ottawa.

Receipts for goods will be given by the Shipping Clerk, Mr. S. Dyde, Canal Basin Wharf, or at the office of the Company, Wellington-street.

R S CASSELS,
President.
Ottawa, March 23, 1868. 698-3 u

Ice, Ice, Ice!

THE subscriber will furnish ICE DAILY to those requiring it for the Season. Double supplies on Saturday for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season, $6.00. Hotels and Steamers supplied with large quantities on liberal terms, as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted.

All orders left at KAVANAGH'S RESTAURANT, or at the subscriber's, will be strictly attended to.

F. STARMER,
126, Rideau-st.
Ottawa, May 14, 1868. 742d

W. NOTMAN,

Photographer to the Queen

CORNER OF

WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS,

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his

Establishment will be Opened

—ON—

Monday Next, 3rd February

When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for all the different branches of Photography.
Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 582y

NEW STORE!

THE Store formerly occupied by W. D. WOOD, No. 38, on RIDEAU STREET, has been notified by the subscribers, and will be opened on MONDAY, FOURTEENTH OCTOBER, with an entire new stock of

GROCERIES,

LIQUORS AND

HARDWARE.

WOOD & ROSSITER.
Ottawa, October 12, 1867 15

1867 AND 1868.

INDIA WAREHOUSE!

16 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform their Customers that their Stock is now complete, and embraces every delicacy of the Season, among which will be found a choice assortment of

TEAS,

Breakfast SOUCLONG,	Black Extra Fine.
do CONGOU,	
Superior HYSON,	
" GUNPOWDER,	
" IMPERIAL,	
" TWANKAY,	
Orange PEKOE,	These Teas have been
Flowery "	carefully selected for
Japan "	family trade by

BROWNE & HARDY.

SUGARS,

LOAF,
BROKEN LOAF,
CRUSHED,
GROUND,
YELLOW,
and MUSCOVADO.

COFFEE,

MOCHA,
JAVA,
JAMAICA, and
CEYLON,

☞ Roasted and Ground daily on the premises.

CHOCOLATE and COCOA,

FRENCH, flavored with Vanilla;
TAYLOR'S,
FRYE'S,
MOTT'S

FRUITS, &c.

LAYER RAISINS,
in Whole, Half and Quarter Boxes
MUSCATEL, do do
SULTANA,
VALENTIA,
CURRANTS,
GRAPES,
ORANGES
LEMONS,
PRUNES,
ALMONDS,
WALNUTS,
FILBERTS, and
BRAZIL NUTS.

SPICES,

NUTMEGS,
MACE,
CINNAMON,
CLOVES,
GINGER,
MIXED SPICES,
All Ground on the Premises

D. T. BROWNE & CO.
Ottawa, December 19 495t

Piano-Forte Tuition!

W. C. CLARK,

PROFESSOR OF MUSIC and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Lessons at Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-street, corner of Waterer-street, Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Ennis's Music Store. 452y

☞ ☞ ☞ ☞ ☞ ☞

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN D

The Times

VOL. III. NO 762. | OTTAWA, MONDAY, JUNE 8, 1868. | PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valle issuing of the Daily over 2,000 ! and Weekly over 4,000 ! making a total circulation in the we·k over 6,000 ! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.
Yearly subscription to the daily (if paid in advance) $5 00
If not paid in advance 6 00
Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance) $1 00
not paid in advance 1 50

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

Legal Cards.

MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. GEORGE TAILLON.
Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1868. 366-tf

R. J. WICKSTEED,
ADVOCATE, &c., 43, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 589-6m

N. TETREAU,
NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 6, 1867. 398tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street.
OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa
February 7, 1866. 43-u

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Casner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 19, 1868.

NICHOLAS SPARKS,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st, opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

G. J. O'DOHERTY,
LAW, Chancery, and Conveyancing Office, Aumond's Buildings, Rideau street.
Ottawa, December 5, 1867.

Medical Cards.

A. CODD, M.D., C.M.,
(Attending Physician General Protestant Hospital.)
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Four doors east of the Revere House, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
OFFICE HOURS—From 8 to 10 a. m, and from 2 to 3 p.m.
Ottawa, April 30. 730-3m

DR. CHESLEY,
OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 25 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30 44tf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co's, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 380y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,
DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
CORNER of Kent and Wellington Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 43utf

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town. CANCERS CURED, with out the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-100-y

Hotels and Saloons.

DOMINION HOUSE,
WELLINGTON STREET.

THE undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.
GEORGE IRVINE.
Ottawa, March 26. 658y

MATHEWS' OLD STAND,
YORK-STREET,

WILL BE OPEN for the accommodation of the public on THURSDAY, 12th of March, 1868. The subscriber having again resumed business in his old stand as hotel-keeper, wishes to return thanks to his numerous friends and the public for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on him, during the past seventeen years, and hopes by strict attention to business, and kindness to all, to share a portion of public patronage. His Larder will be always supplied with the best the market affords. His Bar will be supplied with the best of Liquors and choicest Cigars.
T. MATHEWS, Proprietor.
N. B.—The house has been thoroughly renovated and newly furnished.
Ottawa, March 11, 1868. 688tf

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec

REVERE HOUSE, OTTAWA,
G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, } ....PROPRIETORS.

THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867 582tf

THE ALBION HOTEL
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1866. 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

TORONTO HOUSE,
SPARKS STREET.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has a few Commodious Suites of Apartments to Let, handsomely and comfortably furnished.
Gentlemen attending the Session of Parliament will find at the Toronto House most convenient quarters, where the quiet of the private family is combined with the usual attendance to be found at the best hotels.
Ottawa, Feb. 25, 1868. 675tf

MONEY TO LEND
ON REAL ESTATE SECURITY.
WALKER & PENNOCK, Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
April 15, 1868. 717tf

SMITH & RODNEY
MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from Eaton's Gilding Store, having just received a choice stock of
English, French and Canadian
CLOTHS and TWEEDS,
And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1, 1867: 551tf

A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER
AND
Blank Book Manufacturer,
26, METCALFE-ST., OTTAWA.

HAVING every facility in the way of first-class Machinery, and employing none but first-class workmen, I am prepared to turn out every description of Binding in as good a style of workmanship as any other establishment in Canada.
A. MORTIMER, Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, Feb. 6. 384y

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS, Toronto, May 28, 1868.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT Charles Westley Lount, of Bracebridge, in the Township of Macauley, in the District of Muskoka, Esquire has been appointed Agent for the disposal of public lands in the Townships of Morrison, Muskoka, Draper, Macauley, Stephenson, McLean, Brunnel, Monck and Watt, in the District of Muskoka, in the place of Richard Jose Oliver, Esquire, whose services have been dispensed with.
Applications for lands open as Free Grants in the above mentioned Townships, must also be made to Mr. Lount.
S. RICHARDS, Commissioner.
Toronto, May 29, 1867. 758-tf

Druggists.

THE MEDICAL HALL

Soda Water and Ginger Ale Factory,
23 Great St. James-street, Montreal,
OPPOSITE the POST OFFICE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS
Beg to intimate to their patrons that they have commenced the manufacture of Ærated Waters of every description, and on the most extensive scale.
Particular attention will be paid to the preparation of "Belfast Ginger Ale," a beverage first introduced into this country by our Mr. BROWN, who alone possesses the original receipt, and who has also taken out a TRADE MARK for the same.
The proprietors believe their Ærated Waters will be superior to any others at present prepared in Montreal, for the following reasons, viz:—
1st. The employment of the most improved machinery the United States can produce.
2nd. The application of strictly scientific principles to the details.
3rd. Extra care given to the chemical purity of the articles used in the different processes.
4th. The possession of chemical knowledge, without which it is simply impossible to produce Ærated Waters in perfection.
The following Waters and Beverages are the principal ones prepared at the MEDICAL HALL FACTORY: Belfast Ginger Ale, Lemonade, Sarsaparilla, Winter Beverage, Summer Beverage, Soda Water, Seltzer Water, Potash Water, Kissengen Water, Vichy Water.
KENNETH CAMPBELL & CO., Apothecaries to H.R.H. the Prince of Wales.
W. M. MASSEY, Agent for Ottawa. 472y

Spectacles for all Sights.

OPTICAL Instruments Electro-Magnetic and Galvanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.
W. HEARN, Market Drug Store, York-street.
637y

Miscellaneous.

D. CODD & CO.,
PATENT AGENTS, SOLICITORS, &c. Drawings, Specifications, Models, and all other business in connection with the procuring of Letters Patent of Invention, attended to at the shortest notice.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 741-6m

I. B. TACKABERRY'S
AUCTION ROOMS, No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any part of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

B. BILLINGS, JR.,
ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O & P R W 740tf

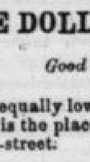
S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y.

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 378y

HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,
WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.
WILLIAM HOLGATE, JOHN OLIVER, WILLIAM ANNABLE.
506y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

LADIES CALL AT THE CAPITAL
Boot and Shoe Store!



YORK-STREET.
For Cheap Gaiters
AT
ONE DOLLAR A PAIR !
Good at 95 cents.
Men's ware equally low, in every variety of style
☞ This is the place to buy cheap at the "Capital," York-street.
429y GEORGE MURPHY.

VICTORIA
FURNITURE WAREROOMS.

GEORGE ARMSTRONG, Corner Victoria Square and Craig-street, Montreal, solicits a call from the Citizens of Ottawa about to furnish, who may visit Montreal to his very large and varied stock of FURNITURE which he will sell at greatly reduced prices for cash. The Parlor Furniture is of the best quality and latest designs, either plain or handsomely carved, in Walnut, oil finished or polished.
His Sideboards, Bookcases, Chamber Sets, Hall Furniture, &c., are worthy of attention.
Hair Mattrasses and Bedding of all description constantly on hand, or made to order, at the shortest notice. Call and examine for yourselves.
"Patent Sofa, with reclining arms, of a very superior make."
N.B.—Sole Agent in the Dominion for the sale of G. A. FISKS' Air-Tight Metallic Casket. 712-3m

MACHINERY OILS.
AMERICAN NATURAL
Lubricating Oils!
They Don't Gum,
They Don't Freeze,
THEY ARE THE
BEST AND CHEAPEST
MACHINERY OILS
IN THE DOMINION.
McKENZIE & MACKAY, Agents for Canada.
T. ISAACS, Agent, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 17, 1868. 663tf

1868. MAY. 1868.

J.A.PINARD&CO.,

ARE NOW SHEWING

New Dress Goods,
A good value in Striped, all Mohair, for 6d per yard.

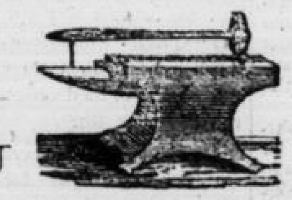
New Prints,
A good variety of Patterns at 6d per yard

New Grey Cottons,
A good Cotton, 40 inches wide, for 7d per yard.

New White Cottons,
A good heavy made Cotton for 6d per yard.

The Tailoring Department is replete with all the novelties of the season.
Cash buyers will find it their advantage to visit the above before purchasing elsewhe
J. A. PINARD & Co., No. 17, Sussex-st., Sign of the Golden Ball.
Ottawa, May 5, 186 16y

HARDWARE, HARDWARE!
—AT—
Thomas Birkett's,
SIGN OF THE ANVIL,



No. 24 RIDEAU STREET. No. 24

Come old and young, come short and tall,
Come rich and poor, come great and small,
Just call and see my stock in trade,
Hardware and paints of every grade.

A Complete Assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware constantly kept on hand at the SIGN of the ANVIL, T. BIRKETT, consisting in part of

Butts,	Axes,	Iron,	Paints, all colors,	Screws,	Saws,	Tin,	Oils,
Locks,	Ropes,	Stoves,	Glass,	Coolers,	Putty,	Bolts,	Chains,
Nails,	Coal,	Pitch,	Grindstones,	&c.,	&c.,	&c.,	&c.

Also a complete stock of MECHANICS' TOOLS of the most improved English and American manufacture.
Then Come and Examine my Stock,
A duty never shirk it,
And satisfaction will be got
In business with T. BIRKETT.
☞ Don't forget the place—THOS. BIRKETT, Sign of the Anvil, No. 24, Rideau-street.
P. S.—All Goods delivered Free to any par of the city. 408y

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE
WERE AWARDED THEIR 67TH
Prize and Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.
Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

Great rapidity, Simple Machinery, quiet in action, easy to operate, price from $47. Prospectus free, and instructions gratis.
☞ Sole Agent for Ontario. G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa, and 105 King-st, West, Toronto.
The "HOWE" SEWING MACHINES are the best for Carriage Trimmers, Harness Makers, Boot and Shoe makers, are the best Shuttle Machine for Tailors, Dressmakers, Families, etc., etc. Price from $50. Prospectus free and instructions gratis.
479 43y R. W. STEPHEN, 37 Sparks-street, Ottawa.

GREAT BARGAINS IN DRESS GOODS, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.
NEW STYLE OF DRESS GOODS, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.
FANCY DRESS GOODS AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.
PLAIN GOODS FOR TRAVELLING DRESSES, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.
BAREGE, GRENADINE & LLAMA DRESS GOODS, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S Invite inspection of their Stock.
No. 14, RIDEAU-STREET.
Ottawa, May 30, 1868. 510y

NEW SILK AND DRESS GOODS:
Grant and Henderson
Have just opened out a new lot of
Black and Fancy Silks, Moire-Antiques,
BROCADES, POPLINS, CHALLIS, LUSTRES, &c.
☞ Elegant Goods at Moderate Prices. ☜
Millinery, Mantles, Jackets, Carpets and House Furnishings in great variety, always on hand.
No. 20, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, May 16, 1868. 62?y

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT ! 35, SUSSEX St. H. MEADOWS & CO.

WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall Stoves, for wood or coal we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.

☞ Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW OVEN STOVES.

BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.

☞ Suitable for private Dwellings and Churchs Warehouses and Stores

PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PAR TOVES. PARLOR STOVES.

☞ New and most beautiful designs, very cheap.

COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES.
Hot Air Furnaces.

We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE, RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. ☞ Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with Stovepipes, &c., at reduced rates.

Lumbermen's Supplies Lumbermen's Supplies! Shanty Plates! Basins! Camp Kettles, &c.
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS!
Bird Cages! Bird Cages! Bird Cages!
Price Lists sent free on application.
☞ Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending purchasers would do well to note.
An inspection of the above goods invited at the "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, October 2 1867. 62-y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,
Saturday, 30th day of May, 1868.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION Of the Honorable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 17th section of the Act 31 Vic., cap 8, intituled: "An Act respecting the Inland Revenue," His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following Regulations for the Manufacture in Bond of the goods therein enumerated, and the issuing of Bonded Licenses, shall be, and they are hereby made and established.

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council.

REGULATIONS.

1. That, subject to the provisions of the Act above cited, to these Regulations, and to such further Regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond the articles herein enumerated, viz.:

Extracts,
Essences,
Perfumed Spirits,
Ethers,
Chloroform,
Collodion,
Tinctures,
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin, (commonly called Old Tom,) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary Preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical preparations,
Analine Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders,
Vinegar and acids,
Varnish, using only Methylated Spirits.

2. That Alcohol used for the manufacture of Spirit Varnish, shall be mixed with wood naptha (of commerce) in the proportion of one gallon of wood naptha to eight gallons of proof spirits, such mixing to be done under such superintendence as the Minister of Inland Revenue may from time to time approve.

3. That all Tinctures, Essences, Extracts and Cordials, manufactured in Bond, and from which the Alcohol or Spirit can be extracted in a potable state, by the usual process of re-distillation or rectification, shall, when entered for consumption, pay the same duty of Excise as the Alcohol or Spirit which they contain would pay if entered for consumption in its pure state.

4. That Extracts, Essences, Tinctures and Cordials manufactured in Bond shall only be entered for consumption at the following places, viz.:

Quebec,
Kingston,
Hamilton,
Montreal,
Toronto,
London,
Halifax,
St. John, N. Brunswick.

And when so entered shall be subjected to such tests for ascertaining the quantity of Alcohol which they contain and the possibility of extracting it in a potable state, as the Honorable the Minister of Inland Revenue may approve, and the result of such tests as declared by the Officer or operator entrusted therewith shall be final and conclusive, as to the amount of duty which such goods shall pay.

5. That any Bonded Manufactory licensed under the above recited Act, may be closed and the License forfeited whenever it is shown to the satisfaction of the Minister of Inland Revenue that there is just cause for believing that frauds upon the Revenue are perpetrated in connection with such Manufactory.

6. That in addition to the License fee named in the Act above cited, every person to whom a "Bonded Manufacturing License" is granted, shall pay to the Collector of Inland Revenue, in monthly instalments, such sums of money as shall be sufficient for the payment of the expenses incurred by the Inland Revenue Department for the effective supervision of the Manufactures carried on under such License, and for taking account of the dutiable articles consumed in such Manufacture, and of the articles produced therefrom. And the maximum sum to be so paid by the party aforesaid, shall, from time to time, be determined by the Minister of Inland Revenue, as he may deem necessary, and shall, as nearly as may be, be in proportion to the magnitude and general character of the business carried on under such License.

7. That Goods manufactured in Bond shall be removed from the apartments of the Manufactory, wherein they are manufactured, as soon as the whole process of manufacture is completed, and shall then be placed in apartments or store-rooms set apart for that purpose, wherein they shall be bonded in the manner required by the Excise Bonding Regulations made by Order in Council, dated the 27th day of April, 1868; and they shall be dealt with, in respect of their subsequent removal, exportation or entry for consumption, in accordance with the said Regulations. 759-3

NOTICE.

MESSRS. ANGUS & SON, in retiring from the Undertaking Business, would beg to inform their friends and the public that they have disposed of their Hearses and stock in trade to Mr. Samuel Rogers, Cabinet Maker, who will in future attend to all orders in the Undertaking line, and they have much pleasure in recommending him to their many patrons and friends.
ANGUS & SON,
Furniture Dealers, No. 22, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, May 11, 1868.

UNDERTAKING.

IN reference to the above, S. Rogers takes this opportunity of thanking his numerous friends and customers for their very liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Cabinet and Upholstering Business, and would respectfully solicit in this new branch of his trade a continuation of their favors.
S. ROGERS,
Cabinet Maker, &c., Rideau and George-streets.
Ottawa, May 11, 1868. 741d

The Ottawa Times.

OTTAWA, MONDAY, JUNE 8, 1868.

THE PARIS SEASON.

HERE is a pretty picture, from one of the pleasantest of "Our Correspondents," of the opening of "the Season" in the most delightful city of the world:—

Within the last few hours the season has arrived when Paris decks herself in that pretty light green spring robe which becomes her so well, and which, though put by every autumn, is reproduced with the coming "youth of the year," and never seems to be a bit faded or shabby. I know nothing prettier than the view to be seen to-day from the Rond Point of the Champs Elysees. From the Palais of the Tuileries to the Arc de Triomphe, especially at the time when one usually sees it, when the glorious sunset—Paris is getting as celebrated for its sunsets as Claude—is glittering on the Palace of Industry and the Palace of Royalty, turning their windows to blazing fire and gilding the whole scene, it is a splendid picture, set in a glorious frame. Of course the correct thing is to go into the Bois, in a carriage with two steppers, a coachman like a High Church Bishop, and two powdered valets; but, by a sad omission of nature, not everybody has those little conveniences; and the next best thing is to go with a friend who has. If you have not that friend then you can walk—it is a fine constitutional—or you can go in a cab; but that takes up no little time, and costs a good deal of money. Therefore, you see, persons who are "poor but respectable," lazy people—and there are several thousands of them in Paris, I can tell you—and smart *employees* in Government offices, whose work keeps them in Paris till late in the afternoon, frequent the Champs Elysees. From the Place de la Concorde to the Rond Point are ranged, on either side of the broad well-watered road, three rows of chairs, which, as you pass under their fire, inevitably call to mind opera stalls on the night of a new ballet. Most of the people are well dressed—some very nicely—but the women fall off; and the *demi-monde* does not condescend to sit in a "two sous" chair; so the female element, though highly respectable, is a trifle dowdy. They all have an "*en tout cas*," and so shading themselves, look like a parterre of proper flowers. The men may be ranged in two categories: one elderly, idle, with probably much more time than money, but evidently enough of both; they all wear spectacles, or "pinch-noses," and are all reading *La Patrie*; they have breakfasted late and long, and will dine early. What remains, then, for these intermediate hours, and what better way of cheating time than sitting still and seeing all Paris parade before you? The other class is not quite the "Golden Youth:" the pure golden youth is riding by the side of Amazone, or leaning into the window of Phryne's brougham, which he and she would call a *coupe*. No; they are attaches and under-secretaries, who flock over the bridges about five o'clock, dressed within an inch of their lives, and pass a happy hour in taking off their hats to the ladies of their affections. It is a simple pleasure, but, in our hot youth, "*semel insanavimus omnes.*" Everybody smokes like a furnace. Children—I am sure that, in spite of the dictum of the Brighton riding-master, there are more children in Paris than in any other city in Europe—cluster round our feet; there are swings and "emetics"—they call them "roundabouts" at Greenwich Fair, at least they used to do so—full of children. Goat carriages are freighted with young ladies and gentlemen whose troubles are all to come. There are children in "slings," children in arms, children tottering about in a state of imitation intoxication, which, I hear, is called "learning to walk." In a word, babies abound. But we must look at the gorgeous procession of carriages and mounted cavaliers—the latter, perhaps, "bumping" more than we should like in the "shires," and holding on by the curb more than necessity demands. There goes Mackenzie Greives, swinging along on a very neat chestnut. Ah! he has sailed over those shires before now, and well, too. Here comes M. Aguado, with two brown horses, a perfect match as Mr. Vansittart (a good judge) seems to think, as he stops to examine them and light another cigarette. "That's not a bad drag," says Capt. Crocker, R. A., over for short leave. "That," says Goneccon, late of the same service, and now resident in Paris, "is Mr. Roberts, a good fellow and good whip." That other drag belongs to a very neat gentleman, who drives very slowly, and was lately described as M. Chose, who every day is taken out walking by four horses. There's a contrast as to pace. That is his Excellency Kahlil Bey; but you know Beys sometimes do go very fast. "Very neat T-cart." Quite right; it belongs to Mr. Ashton Blount, the Captain Little of the French turf. Well, that is not a good turn-out coming now; it is hired, and the carriage is so old that it might have been in Noah's Ark, as the horse would have been if they could have found a "match;" but you have no idea how much Mrs. X. pays for it. That chestnut hack? Oh, that belongs to a *petite dame Anglaise*, who can ride; and when she likes to make him step, you cannot help recalling the story of the dealer, who said: "Well, sir, you have bought him, and right you are; but take off the curb-chain, or else he'll be putting his leg through it, and you'll damage a valuable horse." Quite a black barouchette, evidently by Peters, out of George-street, now rolls by. That is the Austrian Ambassadress, in the new colours. Bright yellow and very neat brougham, "C" springs and chestnuts—Madame de Gallifet. Two very quick steppers in a very plain phaeton; servants excellent. "I have seen that face before," says stranger. "Probably," says native, "many people have. It is the Emperor!" And so it goes on—a living kaleidoscope, ever changing and ever amusing—till Jack says to Tom, "Now, old fellow, show us this fine dining shop of yours; and Jules, turning to Charles, says, "Let us now go to the club." It is an amusing, if frivolous, scene. Come and see.

THE NAVY ESTIMATES.

The *Times*, May 12, agrees with Mr. Corry that as large an amount as can be spared from the other departments of the naval service should be appropriated to the construction of armour-plated ships. Not that the country should hurry on the construction of armour-plated vessels as if for some immediate necessity. If some of our neighbors are spending unprecedented sums on their ships, we can afford to look upon their conduct with curiosity rather than distrust. But gradually, and with a due forecast of the progress of science, it would certainly be advisable to provide vessels capable of contending with any that may be sent to sea. It is a pity that Mr. Corry still clings in practice very much to the old views of a ubiquitous British navy, which are confessedly the cause of a large part of our burdens. The question of the cruising squadrons is the great question of naval administration. Are these vessels necessary for the safety of British subjects and their property in foreign parts? And, if some such vessels be required, are those actually employed the best fitted for the purpose?

The traditional policy (says the *Daily News*, May 12) of keeping war-ships in every part of the world was denounced as a gross superstition by Mr. Gladstone, and that declaration of opinion is certain to bear fruit, whether Mr. Gladstone be in office or opposition. A partial reduction has, indeed, already taken place, the foreign and colonial squadrons having already been diminished by 15 ships out of 135, and 2,768 men out of 23,100; and but for the Abyssinian war the reduction would have been 18 ships, and 3,028 men. Mr. Childers' motion to reduce by £60,000, and 4,000 men, the vote for the marines would have been carried if the organization of the Government had been at the service of its authors, and this £60,000 is part of the price which the nation is paying for a Conservative Government. With regard to naval construction, Mr. Corry reverses the policy of Sir J. Pakington, and the only expenditure provided in these estimates for unarmed ships is inherited from the policy of the right hon. baronet. This reversal of policy is approved by the *Daily News* on the ground that, however, well suited wooden vessels may be for rapid cruisers intended to convoy and protect British merchant ships in distant seas; still, if our squadrons at foreign stations are to be diminished, and neutral rights at sea are to receive a large extension, and the navy of the future is to be employed chiefly to guard the home coasts, iron-clads alone will be serviceable.

THE following from the *Manchester Examiner*, of May 11th, may be taken as a fair exposition of Manchester colonial views:

"The truth is that our principal colonies, to which we have given representative institutions, are now outgrowing our control. They will have a policy of their own, and that policy neither is, nor can be expected to be, always consistent with our interests. Undoubtedly, as was said in the course of the debate in the House of Lords, we save them a good deal of trouble by furnishing them with Governors, and we also save them a good deal of money by the protection we afford them. But, on the other hand, it is clear both that we get nothing in return, and that we are constantly in danger of getting something worse than nothing, in the shape of an embarrassment like that which has suggested these observations; while, if we should unfortunately become involved in war, the colonies would find our protection a poor equivalent for the inconveniences and perhaps the danger they would suffer from being covered by our flag. If it has not already arrived, the time must soon come for a fair and impartial consideration of the question whether it would not be better and wiser, in the interest of all parties, that possessions, which are already independent in fact, should also become independent in name."

In the Episcopal churches of Barton, Glanford and Saltfleet, on Sunday last, the congregations joined in singing the national anthem, with the following additional verse:

"Far from our Fatherland,
Nobly we'll fall or stand,
By Britain's Queen.
In town or forest free
Britons unconquered, we
Sing with true loyalty
God save the Queen."

The spirit with which old and young united in singing the anthem was most gratifying, and brought tears of joy into the eyes of many.—*Woodstock Times.*

TUBULAR MASTS.—The great tubular iron lower-masts for the *Monarch*, 6, iron turret-ship, 5,100 tons, now building, exceed in size any yet made for a ship in the royal navy. The aggregate diameter of the masts is but two inches less than the diameter of the masts of the *Great Eastern* steam-ship: but the masts of the *Great Eastern* were sent in pieces, while those of the *Monarch* are whole. The weight of the masts is no less than fifty-three tons. These ponderous masses were lifted by means of a 25-ton steam crane.

KING THEODORE ON THE STAGE.—The *Temps* says that the Chatelet Theatre, in Paris, is about to put in rehearsal a grand drama in five acts and twelve tableaux, entitled "Theodorus, King of Abyssinia."

THERE was once a consul at ——, who indicated his office hours by the legend on his door, "In from ten to one." An old ship captain, who kept coming, for about a week, without finding the consul, at last furiously wrote, in the terms of a wager, under this legend, "Ten to one you're out."

PHYSICING HORSES.—Many persons physic their horses frequently — especially every spring. This is a great error, and one which has caused the loss of many valuable horses, as physic as it is usually given, often produces inflammation of the bowels which generally proves fatal; it also weakens the horse and thus renders him more liable to disease, or less able to throw it off. What is required is a medicine which will operate gently upon the bowels, and act upon the liver and lungs, removing all obstructions therefrom, purifying the blood and enabling all the organs to do their work without overtaxing any, which is accomplished by the use of "Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and condition medicine"—it is always safe and certain. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.* is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C.W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

McGee Testimonial Fund--R. Hunter.
Radway's Sarsaparillian—W. M. Massey.
The Greatest Curiosity of the day—*The Citizen.*
Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer—R. P. Hall & Co.
To Builders—John Carling.
Pickles, Sauces, &c.—Bate & Co.

The Ottawa Times

MONDAY, JUNE 8, 1868.

The Hon. Mr. Campbell left on Saturday for Kingston.

His Excellency the Governor-General leaves this city on Wednesday for Spencer Wood, Quebec.

It was reported on Saturday that Genera O'Neil was at St. Albans, arranging for an immediate attack on Canada.

We notice by the press of the Sister Province that an earnest battle is being fought for the Queen's Printership of Quebec. The respectable firm of Duvernay Bros., of Montreal, are among the candidates for the office, and had we a vote we should gladly give it in their favor. Their house has done good service in days gone by to the Conservative cause, and the *Minerve* is still one of the most staunch and influential of French Canadian Conservative journals. We are gratified to notice that our English *confreres* of the commercial capital who usually "fight on the same line" with ourselves favor Duvernay's claim.

To-day we give place to a letter from Mr. J. G. Moylan, of the *Canadian Freeman*, in reply to an article which recently appeared in the Times. Though Mr. Moylan has entered into details which we wish he could have overlooked, we do not feel that we can deny him the privilege of vindicating himself through the channel in which he was assailed This privilege we extend to our bitterest opponent, and we cannot surely deny it to one whom we are proud to number as among our most intimate and warmest friends. There is not, we believe, on the press of Canada, a man who stands higher in the estimation of his *confreres* than Mr. Moylan for all the qualities which go to make up the character of an honorable journalist, and sorry should we be if by any act of ours he or his newspaper were placed in a false light before the public. Circumstances have given us the opportunity of knowing how much and how far he has exerted himself in the cause of peace and good government in this country; and few there are who can claim to have made a better use of their influence than he, during the trying times through which the country has so far passed, and which apparently are yet upon it.

But the mistake of the *Freeman* has been in permitting it to be supposed, even by implication, that there was anything good in Fenianism, or that there was in the Order a sense of honor or obligation which could properly affect the Irish character. The error we know is pre-eminently Irish, because it is on the side of generosity But still it is an error, especially for an Irishman, for John Bright may say or do what it is neither prudent nor politic for the editor of the *Canadian Freeman* to say or do. Nobody who has been acquainted with the course of the *Freeman* will suspect it of pandering to revolutionary feelings; and still less would any one who knows its editor accuse him of harboring Fenian sympathies. But when the *Freeman* undertook to identify the villainous escapades of the Fenian rabble with the Irish "national character," its editor need hardly be surprised if another Irishman, no less zealous for the national honor than he, but viewing the matter from a different stand-point, should have given vent, in true Irish fashion, to his feelings. This, we believe, is about the whole case, and for our own part we certainly incline to the opinion that the Irish "national character" is strong enough and sufficiently marked, both in past and present times, to be able to disavow without injury, any connection with, or sympathy or responsibility for, the wicked deeds of the Fenian excresence, which is no more a part of it than the corn on a man's toe—which the sooner it is excised the better for the whole system—is a part of the human frame. If the *Freeman* would but adopt this view of the matter, which we think is the correct one, we should not be at all sorry that the Times happened to have run atilt of it.

The *Leader*, while doubting whether Mr. Howland has sufficient claims to be preferred to the Lieutenant-Governorship of Ontario, and while arguing that he is more usefully occupied at the head of the important Department over which he presides, holds the following language, in reply to a nasty little paragraph in the Montreal *Witness*. We are sure the good sense of the community will endorse the sentiments of the *Leader* on the point mooted:—

"Mr. Howland's birth is made the subject of deprecatory remarks, not only in our contemporary but in other newspapers. The mere accident of birth should not be made to overshadow the whole services of a man's life time. There is enough in the acts of a busy life to afford material for censure or praise without dragging in a matter over which a man had no control. It is not desirable that the spirit of Know-nothingism, in any shape whatever, should be encouraged in this country. We have a constitution which happily permits men who have been born in other lands to rise to the highest positions under it. With all their boasted freedom, the neighboring people adhere to a constitution which makes ineligible to the Presidency any man who has not been born in the United States. Canada, with its more monarchical form of government, lays down no such unwise restrictions. The very fact that Mr. Howland is mentioned in connection with the Lieutenant-Governorship of Ontario shows how immensely more liberal we are than those who boast a greater freedom. We may hope then that this question of birth will be said as little about as possible. It is not necessary that a man should be born in a democratic country to be dangerously democratic himself in his words and actions. If judgment be based upon that for which a man is responsible, and not upon that which he had no power to control, the result will be far more satisfactory."

E. Clark, Esq., J. P., has been appointed Police Magistrate on the frontier of Lower Canada, by His Excellency the Governor-General.

Interesting Discovery.

CAVE IN WAKEFIELD, HULL.

To the Editor of THE TIMES:

Dear Sir,—Having ascertained in February that a cave had been recently discovered in Wakefield, I determined to visit the locality, and on Friday last a party of three was formed for the purpose—Mr. J.H. Rowan of the Public Works Department, Mr. Hubertus of the Toronto *Globe*, and myself. We left Ottawa at 6 a.m., and proceeded on the Gatineau road to Hull, crossing on the new bridge near the residence of Alonzo Wright, Esq., M. P., for the County of Ottawa. A direct route was then pursued to the residence of Mr. Morris, a comfortable farmer and Councillor in the second concession of Wakefield, distant from this city fully eighteen miles—the time occupied in attaining this point being about six hours. The roads were very passable and the beauty of the landscape *en route* rendered the trip exceedingly pleasant. By accident, rather than good guiding, we fell in with the right man in the right place, and without much delay or ceremony procured assistance, and walked by a circuitous route along the base of a high mountain, over ravines and waterfalls, we reached the anxiously looked for locality, considerably fatigued, owing to the few hours experience of *roughing it in the bush. The cave* now came in view and presented many peculiarities which could not fail to render it exceedingly interesting and attractive. The mouth of the cave is on the side of the mountain principally composed of Laurentian lime stone, and faces a beautiful small lake. The whole height of the mountain is between two and three hundred feet above the level of the lake, and the opening of the cave appeared nearly one-third of the distance from the top, having over-hanging it beautiful pines and cedars of considerable dimensions. In shape the entrance was somewhat that of a horseshoe, and fully eighteen feet, both as to height and breadth. It looked downwards and forwards, having a gradual descent for a distance of fully 74 feet, becoming funnel shaped and contracted to a height of five feet and width of 15 feet. At this point our lamp being lit and in good order, not knowing if foul air existed, we cautiously progressed in a bent posture until we entered the first grand chamber, which afforded no small degree of interest. It appeared of an oval shape, 80 feet in length, 21 feet across, and about 9 feet in height. Passing inwards in an oblique direction to the left, we observed an opening somewhat contracted and leading to a second chamber. Here the height was five feet. This we entered on our hands and knees, and came within the chamber, which measured in diameter 18 feet, the height throughout being little over five feet. On our return, we observed two openings to the left of the first chamber, one anterior and the other posterior. The latter was entered by a narrow fissure in the rock, and was found to ascend obliquely upwards, a distance of 25 feet, more or less shallow, and beautifully encrusted with carbonate of lime, soft and cheesy; about the centre of the cavity was observed a most exquisite column extending from the ceiling to the floor, formed no doubt by the union of a stalactite and a stalagmite. The anterior lateral chamber was next entered, and found to pass upwards a distance of 30 feet, at which point the summit of the cavern was fully 50 feet, more or less of a gothic shape and beautifully ornamented with stalactites, and fringed like encrustations of carbonate of lime. Here we returned to the entrance of the cave, and having observed a very narrow passage to the left also, only in fact two feet high, we crawled through and found ourselves in a chamber by far the most interesting of the whole. It ascended a distance of 30 feet and was magnificently arched. On the way up, we were somewhat astonished upon observing the existence of reflected light in a chamber above, and obscured from our view more or less, by an arch thrown across. Nearing this we ascertained that it was the exact point reached by the anterior passage from the first cavern—and thus was explained the means of lateral communication between these two caverns.

The whole of the central caves presented a water worn appearance, smooth on the surface, of a grey color and considerably excavated at intervals of a few feet. Here and there in each chamber were observed, on the sides and roof particularly, various portions of rock composed of quartzite and other crystalline mineral formations. Occasionally the surfaces of projecting masses of imbedded rock presented a beautiful and starlike appearance, owing to the light reflected from small cubes of iron pyrites. In many places the stalactites were exquisitely formed—and in the middle of the largest of the lateral chambers, is a centre piece which surpasses in beauty even the richest ornamentation of the skilled artizan of either ancient or modern times. The formation of the entire cave, is, no doubt, the result of aqueous action in ages long passed, at which time a great portion of country now exposed to view, was, without doubt, submerged. In examining this cave two pleasant hours were passed, and being unable to discover anything further which would add to its interest we returned. Such a trip would well repay the time and trouble of any person desirous of observing one of the most interesting and attractive localities in the vicinity of this city.

I have the honor to be, sir,
Yours, &c.,
J. A. Grant.

MILITIA GENERAL ORDERS.

Forty-third Carleton Battalion of Infantry.—Ensign and Adjutant Wm. H. Falls, to have the rank of Lieutenant.

No. 5 Company, Richmond.—To be Captain acting till further orders: Lieutenant John Joseph Maxwell, vice John A. Bryson, left the limits.

To be Lieutenant (temporary): Ensign Thomas Good, M. S., vice Maxwell, promoted.

To be Ensign, acting till further orders: John Hill, gentleman, vice Good, promoted.

A. Swalwell, Chief Undertaker for Ottawa, Sparks-st., Centre Town. 750tf

Fine coral jewellery, bog oak jewellery and a large collection of other goods suitable for wedding and other presents can be seen at Young & Radford's; all new and choice goods and will be sold cheap.

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

For a choice selection of pickles, sauces, &c., go to Bate & Co., 52 Spark-st. 762d

For soups and potted meats go to Bate & Co., 52 Spark-st. 762d

Carpets and House Furnishings.—Garland Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality. They have just received a large stock and invite the attention of parties furnishing to it. Purchasers will find their stock in this department second to none in Ottawa. 582-y

Messrs. Young & Radford having secured the services of first-class working jewellers in etruscan, filagree, plain, fancy and solid gold work, and having made large additions to their work shop are now better prepared to execute any orders with which they may be entrusted than heretofore. Masonic jewels gold and silver medals, and every kind of gold and silver work done on the shortest possible notice. Remember the place, 30 Sparks-st., and encourage home manufacture.

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

The Reciprocity Treaty.—The American press do not seem to be at all satisfied whether the Reciprocity Treaty is beneficial or a detriment to the prosperity of the American Government, but it is gratifying to see that on some points the United States press and the Canadians agree, and one is that the Canadian Pain Destroyer is the best thing for the cure of coughs, colds, frost-bites, rheumatism, &c. Sold by all medicine dealers at twenty-five cents per bottle.

AUDI ALTERAM PARTEM.

Office of the "Canadian Freeman,"
Toronto, Ont., June 4, 1868.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Sir,—I have just read, with a mixture of astonishment and amusement, the article which appeared in yesterday's Times, *apropos* of myself and the journal under my control. My first idea was to pay no attention to the matter, feeling convinced that few—if any—intelligent readers of the Times, who had the least knowledge of the *Freeman*, and its editor, would be influenced in the slightest degree in the opinion which they had previously entertained of the one or the other. Upon second consideration, however, it appeared to me to be prudent and necessary, at the present juncture, to correct any misstatement of facts or principles, or any misrepresentation of motives, that could tend even by implication, to create a false impression upon any portion of the Canadian people respecting my position as a public journalist, upon the question of Fenianism. I have, therefore, to request you will do me the very great favor of allowing me, through the columns of the Times, to reply to the severe and unwarrantable strictures published in your impression of the 3rd inst. You will at once admit the reasonableness of this request, when I remind you that I have no other medium of reaching the readers of your paper; and that as it has been made the channel of circulating grave and damaging charges against me, it is but fair you should permit me to use the same means for refuting these allegations, and setting myself right, on a matter of paramount moment.

I shall not stay to enquire what could have prompted an attack so extremely bitter and unmerited, on the part of a journal, betwixt which and myself, the most friendly relations have existed ever since its first publication. I take it for granted it was not inspired by the publisher, and was certainly not penned by the gentleman who holds, so worthily, the position of responsible editor. Indeed, the penultimate paragraph clearly indicates that some scribist, for the nonce, occupied the editorial chair.

The article published in the *Freeman* of the 28th ult., is represented by the writer in the Times to be an apology for Fenianism, in connection with the execrable crimes that have been perpetrated in Clerkenwell, Australia, and Ottawa, and which have been attributed to Fenians. Had my article been quoted fairly and fully, the very context itself would have thoroughly refuted the overstrained, and erroneous interpretation that has been given in your columns. Instead of doing this, isolated and even garbled extracts have been made, upon which a construction has been placed diametrically opposite to that which I intended to convey.

As an illustration of this torturing process, permit me to quote what I wrote respecting Barrett, whose case excited the deepest interest throughout Great Britain. The conviction upon the minds of thousands, in England, of his innocence, could not be shaken. A numerous deputation, headed by Mr. John Bright, and including several members of Parliament, waited on Mr. Gathorne Hardy, to grant a reprieve that further inquiry might be made in view of establishing the guiltlessness of the doomed man. The London *Times* itself, not to speak of other prominent English journals, urged the justice of staying execution. This was, *de facto*, done, and further, a commission was appointed to proceed to Glasgow, for the procuring of fresh evidence to prove an *alibi.*

Now, when members, who were in a better position than we can be in Canada, to know the merits of the case, interested themselves so deeply for the condemned man, when the Secretary of State felt it his duty to delay execution, and instituted a Commission to sift Barrett's guilt or innocence to the bottom, must not the writer be not only hypocritical but absolutely disingenuous, who would find fault with the following paragraph?

"The trial of those persons charged with complicity in the Clerkenwell explosion, has just concluded in the acquittal of all but one of the prisoners, Barrett. He was accused and convicted of having actually set fire to the barrel of powder. If Michael Barrett be the man who fired the barrel of gunpowder, which caused the explosion at Clerkenwell, then, beyond all doubt, he deserves to be hanged. The act was one whose recklessness involved criminality of the deepest dye. But if, on the other hand, he was totally unconnected with the crime, if at the time it occurred, he was—as set forth in his defence—four or five hundred miles distant, then it is a terrible thing to think of his being executed as a murderer. This is really the issue which is presented to the public at this moment respecting the man convicted as the principal in the Clerkenwell outrage."

Now, sir, I ask any candid and unbiassed man to decide whether or not these sentiments of mine justify such comments, as the gentleman of a "first effort" indulges in. He says:

"From the *Freeman* point of view it is similarly "inconceivable" that the British jury who brought in a verdict against Barrett could have been otherwise than mistaken, or that the *alibi* which failed in his defence, has not been clearly established. Pursuing such a train of thought, it naturally becomes "a terrible thing" to contemplate the fate of the ruffian whose "recklessness"—playful word—carried death, and torture worse than death, to the little children at play under the walls of the London jail: "to think of whom being executed as a murderer" is shocking to the *Freeman* sensibilities."

There is a noble and most humane maxim in English law, which asserts that 'twere better ninety-nine guilty persons should escape, than that one innocent should suffer. The writer in the Times would seem to forget or be ignorant of this merciful principle in criminal jurisprudence, otherwise I cannot imagine how he could hurry with so much indecent haste to the gallows a human being, concerning whose guilt serious misgivings were entertained.

I would further ask, is there a single expression in what I published concerning Barrett to warrant the allegation that I "apologized for the convicted perpetrator." If my language admit of such a meaning, then the leading journals of England, of every shade of politics, must be classed by the Times writer as not only the apologists, but the strenuous advocates of Barrett, in that his reprieve was granted through the strong opinions in his favor expressed by the press.

I select another specimen of the style of criticism to which the article published in the *Freeman* has been subjected. The censor says:

"But, lest it may be thought that we have only selected such paragraphs of our contemporary's remarkable article as were available for our special purpose of rebuke, we give him, in conclusion, the benefit of republication of his own final, and in our opinion, most ingenious argument:

"Much is often palliated from a belief in men's fanatical sincerity; a cause is often excused for the outbursts of individual fury, or for isolated, and as it were accidental crime. But that a central organization should be capable of forming and directing the murder of an opponent would, if it were the case, condemn it in the minds of all good men. We still cling to the hope that no body of Irishmen, few or many, would discredit their country and its cause by such a scheme."

"Now, how does all this read? Is it competent for us to furnish a translation? If it be, we should give it somewhat thus:

"Fenianism is about to make a second attempt on Canada, and relies largely upon the co-operation of Canadian sympathisers. These it expects to find among the Irish element. We, addressing that element, beg to assure its representatives that Fenianism is by no means so black as it has been painted. It is quite a mistake to imagine that it shoots men from behind, or blows babies to pieces. You must never admit such an accusation, or you bring disgrace upon your country, and dishonor the cause of Irish liberty, which we invite you to uphold. Dismiss, then, the weak compunction from your minds, and rally round the glorious green flag of your fathers which the chivalrous O'Neil is panting to unfurl upon the soil of the oppressor."

This wresting of language from its plain and literal signification is dishonorable; it is unworthy an honest journalist. It is highly improper and unjust for the writer of the Times article to attribute to me, as he has done, sentiments which I repudiate and abhor *ex intimo corde*. I will give him credit for some share of manliness and moral pluck, if, on my next visit to Ottawa, he boldly and openly repeat in my hearing what he has written under cover of editorial impersonality.

The insinuation that I have been actuated by "considerations of personal safety," is as groundless as it is gratuitous and insulting. Those who have followed the course of the *Freeman* since the first inception of Fenianism, can well attest that I have never shown the white feather, or that no timid or uncertain sound ever issued through my columns. On the contrary, exception has been taken by warm and esteemed friends, whose views are thoroughly anti-Fenian, to my published opinions on the subject of Fenianism, as being too bold and out-spoken.

I beg leave, sir, entirely and emphatically to protest against the great injustice which has been, knowingly, or unwittingly, done me in your columns. I distinctly disclaim the sentiments which the writer seeks to render me responsible for—sentiments, which, in all candour, I declare have never been harbored by me for one moment. My views respecting Fenianism have undergone no other change than that which has been caused by my first convictions,—of its folly, wickedness, and ultimate failure,—having acquired additional strength and firmness. With all due deference to the gentleman of "a first effort" I shall—despite his sweeping assertion as to my pusillanimity—continue to hold these opinions, and to proclaim them in Toronto or elsewhere, whenever I deem it timely or necessary.

And now, sir, having very hurriedly, and with great moderation and patience, pointed out the utter groundlessness for the attack which has been made upon me, upon a most delicate and vitally important issue, by some *amateur*, but very injudicious writer, allow me to say that the present is a most inopportune time to impeach the loyalty of any man in the Dominion, unless upon the clearest and strongest evidence. It behooves every one who has at heart the interest and welfare of the country, to act with prudence and caution. A crisis has arrived when we cannot afford to lose friends or make enemies. It is certainly but poor encouragement to me, and to others like me, who have stood in the gap, who, at much personal risk and sacrifice, the loss of friends and the incurring of odium, have steadily and unflinchingly resisted the introduction and spread of a movement in Canada that would be fatal to our government and institutions, to be branded now as disloyal, as the sympathisers and apologists of assassins.

It now remains for me to say that the purport of the article, which so excited the ire and malignity of your *locum tenens*, was to deprecate the inordinate haste with which conclusions have been arrived at by the press, respecting crimes which have been committed, and which have been attributed to Fenianism. I urged this course, not to shield or even palliate outrages or their guilty perpetrators; but in order, when the proof of guilt would be clearly elicited, the strictures and condemnation of the press would have a more telling effect. I also desired, inasmuch as Fenianism is essentially an Irish organization, to appeal to my countrymen, whether Fenians or not, to discourage and condemn the perpetration of crimes which must eventually redound to the discredit of the national character.

This was the extent of my offending—no more. If the gentleman who essayed "a first effort" in journalism, during your temporary absence from Ottawa, chose to misunderstand the plain language I used, and to misinterpret the obvious meaning which I intended to convey, it is his fault and not mine; and it is his duty, with my opinions so plainly expressed, to make proper reparation.

I have to tender you my earnest apology for having trespassed at such length on your valuable space, and to request you will do me the kindness of causing this letter to be inserted at your earliest convenience.

Believe me,
Truly yours,
Jas. G. Moylan.

LOCAL NEWS.

For jams and jellies go to Bate & Co., 52, Spark-st. 762d

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

Bog Oak Jewellery.—Very handsome sets of bog oak jewellery can be had at Young & Radford's, at $1 per set.

St. Alban's School House Readings.—At eight o'clock this evening, readings will be given by Col. Macdougall, the Rev. T. Bedford Jones, and others. A speech and a song by Mr. Grant Seymour. Music and songs by Mr. Harvey and Mr. Sinclair, and probably by Mr. Augustus Smith and Mr. Stoeckel.

The Lecture To-morrow Evening.—The sale of tickets for the lecture by Rev. Mr. O'Farrell, in the R. C. Cathedral, is progressing very favorably; but as the object of the lecture is a charitable one, it is hoped that proper encouragement will be given to gentlemen of genius and eloquence to enlist their sympathies in the good cause.

Police Court.—James Flynn, and a man by the name of Thompson, were charged with being drunk and disorderly, and fined $2 each and costs.—The next case was that of two vagrant boys, arrested the previous day, but not brought to court. Their guardians appeared for them, and were fined $1 each and costs.—The case of Trudeau *vs.* Mrs. Hilliard, was adjourned till Monday.

McGee Testimonial Fund.—A meeting of the Local Committee is called for this afternoon at four o'clock at the City Hall. We hope all the members will be present, and that creditable reports of the labors of the ward committees will be submitted. We shall take the opportunity of laying before our readers the particulars regarding the collections in the several wards, that the public may be able to judge how far the parties concerned have exerted themselves in the cause.

Groceries.—The attention of families is called to the advertisement in another column, of Messrs. Bate & Co. The reputation of this firm as caterers of first-class groceries, is too well known in the city to require any recommendation from us; but they have lately received a large supply from England, which we would desire especially to mention. The great variety and quality of their present stock, especially commend their store as a first class establishment from which to purchase groceries.

Departure and Arrival of Troops.—Two companies of the P. C. O. Rifle Brigade left here for Chelsea on Saturday morning at six o'clock. They marched out of the city to the lively music of the band. Their departure has no connection with Fenian rumors. They are simply gone into camp at a distance of twelve miles from the city, where they have a range, for rifle practice. In the evening three companies of the same Brigade arrived by the steamer *Queen* from Quebec. The men look well and in good spirits. The band went to meet them, and played them up to the barracks.

O. U. R. Moonlight Excursion.—The young gentlemen of the O. U. R. Club, who ever since their formation, have organized many pleasure parties, and on all occasions have succeeded in accomplishing their object in the most satisfactory way, and in a style of completeness which has never failed to elicit the admiration of their guests. This evening they give a moonlight excursion on the steamer *Alexandra*, which will leave the Queen's wharf at eight o'clock p.m., sharp. Gowan's band has been engaged for the occasion. Preparations are made for dancing, and a piano will be in the cabin. We wish them a happy time.

New Patterns in Glass.—By reference to our advertising columns it will be found that Mr. W. Allan, of the Ottawa Crockery Store, Rideau-st., has just received *per* steamer *Damascus*, ten hhds. of the finest English glassware, comprising, in the newest patterns, and the finest quality of glass, all the articles required in a first class house or hotel. We have seen the goods and do not hesitate to pronounce them beautiful in shape and pattern, and of the purest material manufactured. Mr. Allan has been the means of introducing some of the finest and best articles both in china and glass ware, plain and ornamental, ever brought to this city.

The Operatic Concert Troupe.—The Lagrange and Brignoli Opera Troupe have made arrangements to be here this week, but as the agent had failed to state the night of their performance, we are unable to say whether it will be on Wednesday or Thursday. We shall probably be in a position to state to-morrow morning the precise time of their advent. In Toronto they have received an ovation every night, and the newspapers are in raptures over their performances. Lagrange and Brignoli are the great stars of the troupe, while those of lesser magnitude appear to be suns in comparison with the ordinary *artistes* of the musical firmament. We look forward to their appearance here with great interest.

Relaxation.—A number of the medical students of this city who have returned from their studies at Toronto and elsewhere, were entertained on Friday evening, at the "Queen," by some of their intimate friends. The young gentlemen enjoyed themselves very much, and as is usual on such occasions, drank loyal and fashionable toasts, made speeches, sang songs, and acquitted themselves to the entire satisfaction of each other, and we hope, to themselves. This was by no means such a party as Bob Sawyer's, although there was a middle aged gentleman present, as Mr. Pickwick was at Bob's; but there is no comparison between the two. This was a highly respectable affair, and the supper was got up as mine host of the "Queen" knows how, whilst that given by Sawbones furnished no enjoyment except to the readers of its description in the papers of the Pickwick Club.

Her Majesty's Theatre and the Drama.—On Saturday night Mrs. Pope being sick *Miriam's Crime* could not be played, and *Caste* was repeated in its stead. The play was received with the same applause that greeted it on the two previous occasions. All the characters were sustained by the actors with their usual ability, and at the conclusion Miss Chambers was loudly called for. Miss Adele Ward is a very clever and useful actress. In *Toodles* the audience found a great fund of amusement; Collins as "Toodles" and Miss Ward as "Mrs. Toodles" appeared to considerable advantage. The company have now concluded their engagement, and leave the city on their professional tour this morning. In their business transactions they have proved themselves perfectly honorable, and we wish them prosperity. Gowan's band has been to this, as it is to all companies, a very great acquisition, but they cannot expect to find so effective an auxiliary in every place.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Sir,—Permit me through your valuable columns to call the attention of the public to a custom that is daily becoming more prevalent and annoying. I allude to the practice of boys and loafers, who drive off cows to the pound in order to get a few dollars, and in some cases break into private enclosures, to levy black mail on the owners of such animals.

On Friday some fifteen or twenty cows were driven to pound from the Parliament Square. Some remained two days before their owners were aware of it, in a *mud hole* of a pound in the wet, drenching rain, without cover food, or, even water, except in the puddles at their feet, returned to their owners almost dried up by being milked in the Pound, and from bad, cruel usage. Threats are made that it is only the beginning of the onslaught. The amount charged varies according to the supposed means of the owner to pay vindictive damages. Should the gates and fences not be kept closed and in repair, if the cows do so much damage to this common? I hear the matter is to be tested before the proper tribunals. In the meantime had the municipal authorities not better decide the question by a bye-law that would not be a dead letter?

Yours, &c., A Sufferer.

SHOCKING MURDER.

ONE SOLDIER KILLED—TWO WOUNDED.

We have again to record one of those horrible murders which from time to time not only appal the garrison, but the citizens of Montreal. The shocking event occurred in the Victoria Barracks, in a room on the third flat, in the centre of the block, about 10 minutes past 6 o'clock last evening. These barrack rooms run the whole depth of the block, and are lighted by windows looking on St. Paul-st., and on the parade ground in rear, and the iron bedsteads of the men are ranged along the walls about a yard distant from each other, the centre of the room being occupied by long tables. This was the arrangement of room occupied by men of the 16th Regiment, where the murder occurred. The murderer was private Maurice Blake, of the 16th Regiment, who at 2 o'clock that afternoon had come out of the cells, where he had undergone a sentence of 48 hours confinement. At 10 minutes past 6 he was near his bed, which was about the tenth from the window on St. Paul-st. on the east side at a distance of about 30 feet, when he suddenly seized his rifle, aimed at Sergeant Gilby, who was seated at a small table, about a dozen feet from the window at the other end of the room, some 70 feet distant, and fired. In firing, however, the rifle seems to have swerved round, and the ball first grazed the thigh of Pte. Jamieson, who was getting something from his kit on a high shelf against the wall, about 20 feet distant. It then passed through the heart of private England, who was seated on his bed, which was the third from that of Jamieson's, the first man, and about 30 feet from the murderer. The deceased appears to have been filling his pipe with his back half turned towards Blake, and immediately died, the ball passing on, and shattering the arm of Pte. Winters, who was about three beds further on, holding up his tunic cleaning it. The act created considerable excitement in the barracks. The murderer was immediately seized and taken to the guard room, and the deceased Pte. England, and the wounded men taken to the hospital.

The prisoner Blake seemed to manifest no concern at what he had done; he appears, however, to have supposed it was Sergeant Bourne, instead of Sergeant Gilby, who was seated at the small table, and admitted in the guard-room the shot was for the former, against whom he had a grudge, for placing him in confinement about a week ago for using threatening language. He was handed over to Detectives Lafon and Bouchard, who immediately conveyed him to the Central Police Station. He is a man of about 23 or 24 years of age, and had served four years and six months. He was given to drinking, and about two years ago was tried by Court Martial for striking an officer, convicted and received fifty lashes. The prisoner after his arrest preserved a stolid demeanor. The body of the deceased was finally conveyed to the dead house of the military hospital, Water-st. The impression among Blake's comrades was that, from eccentric things he was in the habit of doing, he was not quite a sane man, he was however perfectly sober at the time he committed the crime. Some years ago, it will be remembered private Maun, was tried and executed for shooting a sergeant in the same regiment. The inquest on England, will be held at nine this morning.—*Montreal Gazette.*

Latest by Telegraph.

FROM TORONTO.

A New Residence for the Lieut.-Governor—The Old Residence to be Sold by Auction—Suicide—Heavy Thunder Storm—Situations for Emigrant Servants.

Special to THE TIMES.

Toronto, June 6, 1868.

The plans for the Lieut.-Governor's residence have been completed, and sanctioned by the Local Government. Work will be proceeded with immediately. The old buildings are to be sold by auction.

A woman named Ann Santry committed suicide last night by drinking half a cup full of laudanum. Antidotes were administered, but proved ineffectual to save her life.

A very heavy thunder storm, accompanied with rain, visited this city early this morning, and was followed by heavy showers during the day.

A meeting was held in St. Lawrence Hall to-day, concerning the engagement of servants who are to be brought here by Miss Rye, of London. Situations are already secured for about seventy of them. They are expected here on Wednesday.

FROM PORT ROWAN.

Two Men Drowned.

Special to THE TIMES.

Port Rowan, June 6, 1868.

Capts. James Robb and Walter Robb, Captains of the steam tugs *Robb* and *Jessie*, were drowned in Long Point bay last night. They were fishing in their yacht when a squall came up and capsized the boat.

CABLE NEWS

(*Via* Montreal Line.)

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

Dublin, June 6.—It was announced several days ago that Messrs. Sullivan and Pigot, the editors who were accused of writing seditious articles, had been released on a writ of error. Mr. Sullivan was so released. The writ in the case of Mr. Pigot was denied, and that gentleman is consequently still held in close confinement.

London, June 6.—Despatches have been received here stating that the English captives recently held by King Theodorus, of Abyssinia, and released by Gen. Napier, have arrived at Suez (Egypt) homeward bound.

St. Petersburg, June 6.—The Government is in receipt of later intelligence from the seat of war in Central Asia. The victory of the 2nd May, and the capture of Bokhara, are fully confirmed. The reported death of the Emir of Bokhara lacks confirmation.

Florence, June 6.—His Holiness the Pope has sent an agent to the United States to enlist volunteers for the Papal army.

Gen. Garibaldi has written several very earnest letters to his friends, and to the authorities in America, entreating them on behalf of the liberal party of Italy, to discourage the project.

Paris, June 6.—The American fleet, under the command of Admiral Farragut, is still riding at anchor in the harbor of Brest. The Americans are the object of much attention. It is said to-day that Admiral Farragut will visit the city before his fleet leaves.

London, June 6.—Sir Stafford Northcote, the Secretary of State for India, has received late intelligence from the English troops in Abyssinia. The despatch was dated May 30th. Gen. Napier hoped to reach the coast of the Red Sea at Seolla, by the first of June. He parted company with Russac, his faithful native ally, the day before the date of his despatch.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Via Montreal Line.

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Base Ball.

Cincinnati, June 5.—A match game of base ball was played this afternoon between the Athletic Club of Philadelphia, and the Buckeye Club of this city, resulting in the defeat of the latter, by a score of 22 to 8.

Terrible Gale.

Sandusky, O., June 5.—A terrible gale of wind, accompanied by rain, passed over this city this afternoon, doing considerable damage. The roof of the Cincinnati, Sandusky and Cleveland railroad warehouse was blown off, and fell upon the propeller *Arontes* lying at an adjoining dock, tearing away her smoke-stack, injuring three men, two of them seriously. Trees were uprooted, chimneys and sheds blown down, and much property destroyed.

Probable War between Chili and Peru.

New York, June 5.—Letters from Lima (Peru) state that there was some apprehension of war between that country and Chili, growing out of differences arising between the two countries, relative to proceedings pertaining to a settlement of the late war with Spain. The elections were favorable to Balta, but a conspiracy was on foot in favor of Prado.

From Mexico.

Vera Cruz dates up to May 26th state that Rivera had pronounced against the Government, and taken possession of the mountain fastness and of Ajacco, with between 700 and 1,200 men. He claims to have numerous prominent generals co-operating with him. Similar pronunciamentos had been made all over the country. Considerable alarm was manifested in the capital. Marquez denies that he betrayed Maximilian, by refusing to go to his rescue at Queretaro, and states that he never received orders to go there.

From Japan.

A Japan letter of April 27th states that Yokohama was then in possession of foreign troops, and consequently peaceful. American interests were coming prominently forward, and our *prestige* was already slightly advanced beyond that of Great Britain and France.

Political.

The *Tribune's* Washington special says Wilson will demand a vote on the Reconstruction Bill in the Senate to-day. In the Executive session of the Senate yesterday, the Foreign Relations Committee reported back the names of Geo. B. McClellan nominated as Minister to England, and S. S. Cox, Minister to Austria, with the recommendation that they be rejected.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

One Thousand Miles in one Thousand Consecutive Hours.

New York, June 6.—John Goulding, the pedestrian, completed his thousand miles in one thousand consecutive hours this morning.

Quarantine in New Orleans.

New Orleans, June 6.—Vessels from all infected ports are ordered to be quarantined during twenty days.

Union Pacific R. R. Extension.

Washington, June 6.—A petition of some of the railroad presidents, favoring the bill for the further extension of the Union Pacific R. R., has been referred to the Pacific R. R. committee.

The U. S. Public Debt Statement Postponed.

In consequence of the large redemption for the past month for conversions, &c., the Treasury Department will not be able to give a monthly statement of the public debt before Tuesday.

New York Money Market.

New York, June 6.—The *Post's* financial article says money is unchanged. Specie shipments to-day $854,000 for Europe.

Sickness on Shipboard.

New York, June 6.—The officers of the steamship *Virginia* reported no sickness, and but two deaths of infants on the voyage. The Quarantine Commissioners, however, on examining the 1,100 passengers found 15 cases of small pox, and have put the vessel under strict quarantine, as well as adopted stringent measures to prevent the spread of the disease.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The services of the most efficient and respectable officers and servants have been secured by Mr. GIANELLI for the CANADA HOUSE, CALEDONIA SPRINGS. 761-3

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

RENEWS THE HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR WHEN GRAY.

Renews the nutritive matter which nourishes the hair.

RENEWS THE GROWTH OF THE HAIR WHEN BALD.

Renews the brash, wiry hair to silken softness.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR DRESSING.

One bottle shows its effects.

R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N.H., Proprietors.

For sale by all druggists. 762dwd

To Consumptives.—The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, free, by return mail, will please address, REV. EDWARD WILSON, Williamsburg, Kings Co., New York.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding he symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. Symptoms of Worms.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual waist ing away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to th child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Casto Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., who are he sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* ☞ and take no other. ☜ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine deale eve where. 578y

The Florence Nightingale of the Nursery.—The following is an extract from a letter written by the Rev. C. Z. Weizer, to the *German Reformed Messenger*, at Chambersburg, Penn.:

A Benefactress.—Just open the door for her, and Mrs. Winslow will prove the American Nightingale of the Nursery. Of this we are sure, that *we will teach our "Susy" to say "A Blessing Mrs. Winslow,"* for helping her to survive a escape the griping, colicking and teething ge We confirm every word set forth in the prospectus It performs precisely what it professes to perform, every part of it—nothing less. Away with your "Cordial," "Paregoric," "Drops," "Laudanum," and every other "Narcotic," by which the babe is drugged into stupidity, and rendered dull and idiotic for life.

We have never seen Mrs. Winslow—know her onl through the preparation of her "Soothing Syrup for Children Teething." If we had the power, we would make her, as she is, a physical saviour to the infant race. 25 cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists. Be sure and call for "*Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.*" Having the *fac simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations. 709d14w2m

A "Cough," "Cold," or Irritated Throat if allowed to progress, results in serious Pulmonary and Bronchial affections, oftentimes incurable.

Brown's Bronchial Troches reach *directly* the affected parts, and give almost instant relief. In Bronchitis, Asthma and Catarrh they are beneficial. Obtain only the *genuine* Brown's Bronchial Troches, which have *proved* their efficacy by a test of many years. Among testimonials attesting their efficacy are letters from—

E H Chapin, D D, New York,
Henry Ward Beecher, Brooklyn, N Y,
N P Willis, New York,
Hon C A Phelps Pres. Mass. Senate,
Dr G F Bigelow, B
Prof. Edward North, Clinton. N Y.

Surgeons in the Army, and others of eminence. Sold everywhere at 25 cents per box. 708d14w2m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

McGEE TESTIMONIAL FUND.

A MEETING OF THE COMMITTEE ON THE McGee Testimonial Fund, WILL BE HELD THIS DAY, MONDAY, IN THE *CITY HALL, at FOUR O'CLOCK, P.M.,* For the purpose of receiving FINAL REPORTS From the several Ward Committees of the subscriptions collected by them.

ROBERT HUNTER, Secretary.

Ottawa, June 8, 1868. 762-1

Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale.

THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

Fine Bottled Ale !

Which is in splendid condition. Also, Scotch Irish, Old Rye And other Ma Whiskies, Ports, Sherries, Brandies Gin, &c., Together with a General Assortment of FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A Call kindly Solicited.

D. WHELAN, 44, Rideau-street, Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

GEO. MAYES, COPPER PLATE PRINTER, *Bank Street, Centre Town,* Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

Pickles, Sauces, &c.,

JUST RECEIVED DIRECT FROM CROSSE & BLACKWELL, London,

Ex ship "Ardmillan," the following:

125 DOZ. MIXED PICKLES,
35 DOZ. Gerkins,
35 DOZ. Onions,
35 DOZ. Chow Chow,
30 DOZ. Picalilie,
25 DOZ. Walnuts,
20 DOZ. Cauliflower,
15 DOZ. Imperial Hot,
15 DOZ. West India,
15 DOZ. Capt. White's Oriental,

Reading Sauce,
King of Oude Sauce,
Harvey do.
John Bull do.
Kalos Gensis do.
Soyer's do.
Worcestershire do.
India Soy.
Essence of Anchovies,
Essence of Shrimps,
Mushroom Ketchup,
Walnut Ketchup,
French Capers,
Chili Vinegar,
Tarragon Vinegar,
Raspberry Vinegar,
Olives,
Bottled Fruits, an assortment,
Raspberry Jam,
Strawberry do.
Damson do.
Gooseberry do.
Red Currant do.
Black do. do.
Red Jelly.
Black Jelly.
Crystallized Fruits,
Fruits in Noyeaus,
Preserved Ginger in Jars and 1 lb. Pots,
Currie Powder,
Anchovy Paste,
Potted Ham, Beef and Tongue,
Potted Yarmouth Bloaters,
Strasbourg Potted Meats,
Soup and Bouillé,
Mock Turtle Soup,
Mulligatawny Soup,
Hare Soup,
Jugged Hare,
Pheasants in Gravy,
Grouse in Gravy,
Partridge in Gravy,
Paté de Foie Gras,
Paté D'Alouettes,
Paté de Cailles.

ALSO,

A large lot of Keen's Celebrated Mustard in half lb. and 1 lb. tins.

BATE & Co., 52, SPARKS-ST.

June 8, 1868. 762d

PIC-NIC EXCURSION.

OTTAWA Natural History Society.

THE OTTAWA NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY having made very favorable arrangements with Capt. BOWIE, of the steamer "QUEEN VICTORIA," To take down a large party to PAPINEAUVILLE, —ON— *Thursday, the 11th instant* (which is a Statutory Holiday), the members of the Society are informed that they can obtain tickets for themselves, their families and friends, on application to Messrs. Thorburn, VanCortlandt, Alfred Jones (of the British American Bank Note Company), P. Le Sueur (P. O. Department), W. R. Wright (Militia Department), John Durie, J. Hope, Geo. Hay, Sparks-st., and the undersigned. Persons who intend to join the excursion party will please be on board the steamer not later than 6:15 a.m.

WILLIAM WHITE, Secretary.

June 6, 1868. 761d

TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS Will be received, addressed to the undersigned, until NOON of Monday, the 22nd Instant, For the Erection of the Lieutenant-Governor's Residence, ON *THE GOVERNMENT GROUNDS,* On Simcoe and King-sts., Toronto.

Plans and Specifications may be seen at this office, and at the office of Messrs. Gundry & Langley, Architects, corner of King and Jordan sts., Toronto, on and after MONDAY, the 8th Instant.

The person to whom the contract may be awarded will be required to furnish satisfactory security for the due performance of the work, and to execute a contract approved by the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING, Commissioner of Public Works.

Parliament Buildings, Office of Public Works, Toronto, June 6, 1868. 762a

auces, &c.,
DIRECT FROM
KWELL, London,
n," the following:
ED PICKLES,
an assortment,
Beef and Tongue,
uth Bloaters,
ted Meats,
Soup,
ALSO,
n's Celebrated Mustard in tins.
ATE & Co.,
53, SPARKS-ST.
C EXCURSION.
OTTAWA
History Society.
WA NATURAL HISTORY
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WILLIAM WHITE,
Secretary.
BUILDERS.
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the 22nd Instant,
or the Erection of the
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be required to furnish satisfac-
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JOHN CARLING,
Commissioner of Public Works.
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Public Works,
nto, June 6, 1868.

TO BE GIVEN AWAY!

THE

Greatest Curiosity

OF THE DAY.

WILL BE PUBLISHED

On Thursday next, THE WONDERFUL ALMANAC for 306 years, a copy of which will be presented, FREE OF CHARGE, to every Lady and Gentleman applying at

The Ottawa Citizen,
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

SANSUM'S INTEREST & EXCHANGE TABLES:

A supply of this useful work just received and for sale at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen.
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

COPY BOOKS,

(Plain and with Head Line), EXERCISE BOOKS. A supply just received and for sale at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

PLAIN & FANCY STATIONERY,

All marked in plain figures, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

COUNTING HOUSE and SCHOOL REQUISITES,

At the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

MUSIC, MAGAZINES OR PRINTED BOOKS,

Bound in any style required, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

ENGINEERS' and ARTISTS' MATERIALS,

At the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

ACCOUNT BOOKS,

Memorandum Books, Pocket Books, Indexes, &c., at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

WRAPPING PAPERS,

MANILLA, TEA and STRAW, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen,
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

STEEL PENS and PEN HANDLES,

Gillott's, Mitchell's and other makers, at the west cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

WRITING INKS,

Stephen's, Todd's Perth Office, &c., at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

LEAD PENCILS,

Faber's, Rowney's and others, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

BLANK BOOKS,

Manufactured to order, in any style of ruling and binding, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

BOOK and JOB PRINTING,

At the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS, authorized by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario. The prices are:

FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.

FIRST BOOK, part second, 54 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.

SECOND BOOK, 58 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.

THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Thirty cents.

FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.

FIFTH BOOK, 50 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

A supply just received and for sale at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

☞ A liberal allowance to Teachers and Dealers.

TO BE GIVEN AWAY!

THE

Greatest Curiosity

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On Thursday next, THE WONDERFUL ALMANAC for 306 years, a copy of which will be presented, FREE OF CHARGE, to every Lady and Gentleman applying at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

Ottawa, June 8, 1868. 751y

Magee & Russell's

—GREAT—

REMOVAL SALE!

COMMENCED

MONDAY,

JUNE 1st.

NO RESERVE.

All Goods re-marked in plain figures, with Red Ink, showing the actual reductions.

The following are only a few of the bargains offered. The public are invited to inspect the stock, and judge for themselves before purchasing:—

FANCY SILK DRESSES

That were selling for $16 and $17, reduced to $12 and $13.

SILKS

Marked $19 to $23.50, reduced to $15, $16 and $15.50, the full dress of 15 yards.
All our rich French Silks reduced from $5 to $8 on each dress.

BLACK GLACIE

And Gros Grain Silks all reduced.

MANTLE VELVETS and VELVETEENS,

Only received a few days ago, marked down from 10 to 15 per cent.

BLACK LACE SHAWLS,

Commencing at $1.25.
All the rich Spanish and Pusher Lace Shawls will show large reductions.
Paisley Shawls reduced from $1.50 to $5 on each shawl.
Last year's Barege Shawls reduced to nearly half price.

NEW HOOP SKIRTS

Cheaper than anything in the trade. Old fashioned large Hoop Skirts almost given away. Would pay to have them altered.

LADIES STRAW HATS & BONNETS,

New styles, all reduced.
All old shapes in Straw Goods sold for what they will fetch.
Pattern Bonnets and all trimmed Millinery greatly reduced.
One Case Shakers at 12½c, some of them worth 50c.

NEW PARASOLS

Reduced from 10 to 20 per cent. Old ones to about half price.

500 PALM LEAF FANS

Sold during the sale at 5 cents each; not more than two to one customer.
Several thousand Ladies' Imitation Lace Paper Collars for half the New York price.
About 150 pieces ¾ Mohair and Poplinette Dress Goods, will be offered at such prices as must clear them out.

PRINTED DELAINES

That sold from 17½ to 20 cents per yard, marked down to 12½ cents.

FRENCH DELAINES

And Merinos, Cobourgs, Lustres, Glacie, Alpaccas, Printed Muslins, and all other Dress Goods in stock, likewise reduced.
A lot of washing Challies will be offered very low.
All domestic goods, such as Sheeting, Table Linens, Towellings, Flannels, &c., will show heavy reductions.

OUR COTTONS

Being all purchased when the raw material was at its lowest point in Liverpool, customers would do well to lay in a stock during the sale. We will sell all Cotton goods far below what it would cost to import them just now.

PRINTS

At 7, 9 and 11 cents per yard; present retail value 10, 12½ and 15 cents per yard.

SPLENDID STYLES IN TWEEDS,

Coatings and Cloakings, at the reduced figures.

CARPETS,

Damasks, and all kinds of House Furnishings, and other heavy goods that would be troublesome to remove, will be cleared out at and below cost price.

LADIES BEST FRENCH KID GLOVES

Will be sold at $1 per pair, and all soiled and damaged Kid Gloves will be thrown in with the slow selling colours and sold at much less money.

GENTS' MERINO UNDERCLOTHING,

Dress and Flannel Shirts, Ties and Collars, all marked down to removal prices.
One lot of 68 gross Printed Paper Collars will be sold for 12½ cents the Box of 12 Collars; well worth 25 cents.

DRESS TRIMMINGS,

Embroidery, Lace Goods, Cotton Lisle and Silk Gloves, are all reduced.
A job lot of Dress Fringes, now so fashionable, will be sold at 12½ cents per yard, some of them being worth at the present price of Silk about 35 cents per yard.
A remarkably cheap lot of Ladies' Cambric Handkerchiefs, also, Ladies' and Childrens' Cotton Hose, at least 40 per cent less than last year's prices.

The intention being to reduce the stock to

Lowest Possible Point,

Before removing to New Premises (now building) in the Autumn. ☞ Great care has been taken to re-mark the entire stock at such prices as must effect

LARGE SALES

AND INSURE

A Speedy Clearance.

DURING THIS SALE

NO SAMPLES WILL BE CUT,

NO GOODS WILL BE SENT ON APPROBAT

NOR SOLD ON CREDIT.

Magee & Russell.

Ottawa, June 2, 1868. 707y

Auction Sales

BY J. BERMINGHAM.

POSTPONED.

The Great Auction Sale

—OF—

Piano-Fortes, Church Organs,

HARMONIUMS,

AND

Household Furniture,

To come off at the Dominion Auction Mart, on the 5th instant, is postponed in consequence of unfavorable weather,

UNTIL THURSDAY, THE 11TH INSTANT,

At half-past 10 a.m., and half-past 2 p.m.

Ottawa, June 6, 1868. 761td

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET.

A large and well FURNISHED HOUSE, or four Bedrooms, Sitting Room and Drawing Room of same, in a healthy and respectable locality, within three minutes walk of the Government Buildings. For particulars apply to J. BERMINGHAM, House and Land Agent, Dominion Auction Mart, Sussex-st.

Ottawa, June 4, 1868. 759tf

FOR SALE!

THAT Splendid First-Class

HOTEL,

IN THE

CAPITAL OF THE DOMINION!

KNOWN AS THE

REVERE HOUSE,

And at present leased at a rental of $2,000. It is one of the best buildings in the city. Its length is one hundred and six (106) feet by forty (40) feet wide, built of stone, with cut stone front and tin roof. The house contains fifty bedrooms, five parlors and dining room, with bar, kitchen and laundry attached. There is a new Brick Stable, sixty-six (66) by thirty (30) feet, capable of stabling forty Horses, a large yard and outbuildings; also a vacant lot, which the purchaser can have if required to enlarge. The premises are in excellent order, being only five years built. Very lately a sum of $2,000 was expended improving the building. For a first-class hotel, or Military Quarters, it cannot be equalled in the city.

TERMS EASY, and made known free of charge, by letter or otherwise, on application to

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer,
Commission and Real Estate Agent.

Ottawa, June 3, 1868. 758d

Dominion Auction Mart,

AND

Commission Sale Rooms

House, Land & General Agency,
OFFICE & SALE ROOMS,
INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-STREET,
OTTAWA.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city.

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
753y House, Land and General Agent.

MILES'

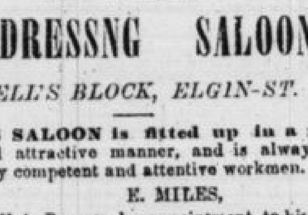
HAIRDRESSNG SALOON!

BELL'S BLOCK, ELGIN-ST.

THIS SALOON is fitted up in a neat and attractive manner, and is always attended by competent and attentive workmen.

E. MILES,
Hair Dresser, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General.

Ottawa, April 13. 715y



WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to
HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY,
AND
COURT OF SPAIN,
THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,
AND
HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT

MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,
For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*

H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal.
Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion, for the sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa, May 20. 748y

NEW GREEN HOUSE.

ERECTED lately by the subscriber at New Edinburgh, who has now on hand and for sale a large variety of choice Verbœnas, and other flowering plants. Orders left at G. Bott's, Rideau-street, will be punctually attended to.

ROBERT CURRY.

Marc 1868. 691-3m

OTTAWA CROCKERY STORE.

NEW GOODS.

JUST received ex S. S. "Damascus," 10 Hhds. of the finest English Glassware, selected expressly for the retail trade, comprising

CUT and ENGRAVED		
CHAMPAGNES,	do	PORT and SHERRY WINES,
LIQUEURS,	do	CLARETS, GOBLETS,
FINGER BOWLS,	do	CALF FOOT JELLIES,
CLARET JUGS,	do	TALL TUMBLERS,
FRUIT DISHES,	do	DECANTERS,
BUTTER COOLERS,	do	CELERY VASES,
	do	CARAFFS, &c., &c.

And a choice lot of delicate Straw Stem Wines, in Ports, Champagnes, Clarets, Sherries, Liqueurs, &c. All the above articles match in shape, pattern, &c., and are the best glass procurable in England.

W. ALLAN,
51 *RIDEAU STREET*, (*opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.*)

Ottawa, June 6, 1868. 574y

BLYTH & KERR,

Successors to Chas. Garth,

No. 25, RIDEAU-STREET,

PLUMBERS, GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,
TIN & COPPERSMITHS, BELL HANGERS, &c.

All materials for the above branches kept constantly on hand.

Also, Importers and Dealers in House Furnishing Hardware.

Just received a well selected assortment of Fishing Tackle, Baskets, Bait, Reels, Lines, Flys, Rods, &c. Manufacturers of all descriptions of work for Water and Gas Works, Brewers, Distilleries, Mills, &c. Makes and fits up Galvanized Iron Cornices, Gutters, Conductors, Roofing, &c.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water or Warm Air, on the most approved principles.

Orders from the country will receive strict attention. 740y

CRICKETING GOODS,

CROQUET, FISHING TACKLE

FOILS,

Masks & Boxing Gloves

AT THE

Sheffield House, Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 5, 1868.

SARSAPARILLIAN,

PAREIRA BRAVA.

Newly Discovered Virtues—Hidden for 300 years—The Discovery of the True Virtues of the Roots—Brought to Light and Made Manifest in

DR. RADWAY'S SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT,

By a new process recently discovered by Dr. Radway, for obtaining the active properties from vegetable substances.

SARSAPARILLIAN.

Pareira Brava.

Associated with other newly discovered Roots, enters into the composition of RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT, secures a remedial agent, that cures all forms of Chronic, Scrofulous, Skin, Glandular, Kidney, Bladder and Uterine Diseases, by communicating its curative, reparative and fruitful efficacy, through the BLOOD, SWEAT AND URINE.

The ordinary Sarsaparilla decoctions and Syrups are mere washes, compared with the Sarsaparillian of the Resolvent. It is a well known fact that Sarsaparilla as ordinarily prepared either as officinally or as a proprietary remedy, never possessed the confidence of medical men, and all the reputation it enjoyed was deemed by well informed Chemists, Physicians, and medical writers to be due to other remedial agents associated with it.

The true curative virtues of Sarsaparilla for 300 years have laid hidden in the Crystalline principle of the Root. Under DR. RADWAY'S *New Process*, SARSAPARILLIAN is secured and brought to light, and associated with other ingredients, it fulfils the most extravagant expectations and views of men. One ounce of Dr. Radway's Sarsaparillian contains more of the curative principle than ten pounds of the extracts from the crude roots, as prepared officinally or in the popular advertised Sarsaparillas.

PAREIRA BRAVA.—Another of the ingredients of the Radway's Resolvent, held in high estimation by the most eminent medical men of Europe, South America and United States, as the best remedial agent for the diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, Uterus, and as a *lithontriptic* for *dissolving Calculi*, as a curative for Jaundice, Rheumatism, Leucorrhœs, etc., since 1688 has never been properly prepared. Under Dr. Radway's process, the Cisampaline principle of this valuable Root is secured, and associated with Sarsaparillian and other ingredients in the Resolvent, makes it a perfect cure in every form of disease of the Kidneys, Bladder, and Urinary Organs—Dropsy, Gravel, Incontinence, or Stoppage of Water, Diabetes, or Urinary Diarrhœa, and *every kind of weakening, irritating or purulent discharges, not proper to mention* in an advertisement, is rapidly cured by this remedy.

So quick does the Resolvent enter into the circulation, that it may be detected in the Urine *in ten minutes* after it has been taken. In many cases it has secured a free discharge of water—in cases where Catheters were formerly used.—Is not this a blessing?

BUCHU, Turpentine Junipers, Gin, Copaiba, Cubebs, and other direct Diuretics, are in many cases hurtful. In Diabetes, Urinary Diarrhœas, Catarrh of the Bladder, Dropsy, and in a weakness or ulceration of the Kidneys, are unsafe to use as a continued remedy, and should never be given unless under supervision of a Physician, as the strain these direct remedies may produce on the Kidneys may, in the course of a few hours, require Opiates, to change or modify their action; this fact is self-evident to any medical man, a compensating Remedy like the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT, is the true remedy to use in these cases.—Even as a diuretic.

Pareira Brava,

As prepared by Dr. Radway, and one of the ingredients of the Resolvent, is as superior to all forms of Buchu, etc., as rich cream is to watered milk.

Let all suffering from unnatural drains from the system—caused either by self-abuse, depraved habit of body—bad blood, impure association, weakness of the genital organs, or Skin Diseases, Scrofula, uncured Secondary Disease, Syphiloid Ulcers, Chronic Disease—or from Consumption of the Lungs, as well as degeneration of the Kidneys—Chronic Disease of the Liver, Spleen, etc., commence at once the use of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT. It commences its work of purification at once; it repairs the waste of the body, with new and healthy material. It restores functional harmony to every organ in the system, and secures the natural secretions of the proper constituents to each. Persons have been cured, and have children now living that were deemed incapacited, by self-abuse, etc., through the use of this remedy. Ask for Dr. Radway's **Sarsaparillian or Renovating Resolvent.**

PRICE—$1 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $5.

W. M. MASSEY, Agent.

READ FALSE AND TRUE.—Send one letter-stamp to RADWAY & Co., 439 St. Paul-street, Montreal. Information worth thousands will be given you. Price of RESOLVENT SARSAPARILLIAN, $1 per bottle, or $10 per dozen. 762b

RoyalCanadianBank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St

M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 57tf

FOR SALE.

A SELF-ACTING SODA WATER APPARATUS, with cylinders complete, cheap for cash. Apply to WILLIAM PRODERICK ussex-street, Ottawa. 687tf

FOR SALE

AT THE

MONTREAL WAREHOUSE

800 BUTTER TUBS, in good order.

J. MARTIN & CO.

10,000 LBS. MAPLE SUGAR.

J. MARTIN & CO.

50 CASES ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

J. MARTIN & CO.

HERRINGS, PORK, FLOUR, BUTTER, CHEESE.

657y J. MARTIN & CO.

PIANOS. PIANOS.

JUST RECEIVED AT THE

London Music Store!

☞ Her Majesty's Theatre, ☜

Wellington Street,

A new and splendid assortment of

PIANOFORTES!

☞ UNION MAKE, ☜

Every PIANO from this establishment warranted for 5 years.

Also just received a new stock of

VICTORIA ORGANS and MELODEONS

VIOLINS, CONCERTINAS, GUITARS, &c., in great variety.

Second hand Pianos taken in part payment for new ones.

Connected with this establishment is a Piano Manufacturer, who will attend punctually to all orders for TUNING left at the London Music Store.

E. MILES,
Lessee of Her Majesty's Theatre

Ottawa, March 25, 1868. 551-39y

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

Just Received Per Express.

A CHOICE Selection CANADA WATCH COMPANY'S WATCHES,

At Young & Radford's.

AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY'S WATCHES,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE GOLD JEWELLERY,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE GOLD and CORAL JEWELLERY,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE HUNTING ANCHOR WATCHES, in fine Silver Cases, as low as $12.00,

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FINE Eighteen CARAT GOLD WATCHES as low as $18.00,

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

ROGER'S BEST CUTLERY and fine ENGLISH ELECTRO-PLATED WARE, can be had

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S

30 Sparks-st. Ottawa.

NEW STOCK OF

SUMMER GOODS,

—AT—

"THE GOLDEN BOOT."

NO. 226, WELLINGTON-STREET.

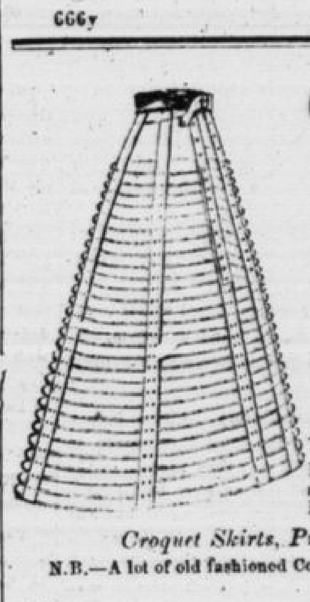
Ladies' White Canvass Boots,
Ladies' Button Prunella Boots,
Ladies' Lace Prunella Boots,
Ladies' Prunella Gaiter Boots,
Ladies' Kid Button Boots,
Ladies' Kid Lace Boots,
Ladies' Kid Gaiter Boots,
Ladies' English Walking Boots,

Gent's White Canvass Congress,
Gent's White Canvass Shoes,
Gent's Mill. Calf Congress,
Gent's Calf-faced Congress,
Gent's Calf Balmorals,
Gent's Fine Kid Congress,
Gent's Prunella Brogans,
Gent's Pat. Dress Boots,

Children's Fine Morrocco Lace Boots,
Children's Fine Kid Congress and Lace Boots,
Children's Enameled and Calf Copper Toes,
And other goods in endless variety.

The subscribers beg to thank the public for the liberal patronage they have received since opening the above establishment.

W. ANGUS & CO.,
666y No. 226, Wellington street.



City Hoop Skirt Factory,

43 SPARKS-STREET,

Central Ottawa.

THE DOUBLE EXTENSION SKIRT,
" DEMI "
" NEW GORE TRAIL SKIRT.

French Wove Corsets!

AN immense stock of Corsets just arrived, French, English and Scotch manufacture.

I beg to call the attention of ladies to the above new styles of Hoop Skirts which I have on hand, and will make to order on the shortest notice: Also, Parasols, Hosiery and Gloves, Hair Nets, Handkerchiefs, &c., &c.

Croquet Skirts, Printed and Embroidered, Gored and Plain.

N.B.—A lot of old fashioned Corsets on hand (lacing at the back) cheap, wholesale and retail.

DAVID MILLAR,
456y 43 Sparks-st, Centre Town, next to Esmonde's Stove Depot.

Ladies Keep Cool!

BLACK AND WHITE LACE SHAWLS,
GRENADINE SHAWLS,
BAREGE SHAWLS,
BAREGE JACKETS

BAREGE & GRENADINE PROMENADE COSTUMES,
GRENADINES,
FRENCH & ENGLISH MUSLINS.

GENTLEMEN KEEP COOL!

BLACK ALPACCA COATS,
BUFF ALPACCA COATS,
LINEN COATS,
MARSEILLES VESTS

All in great variety, cheap, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S,

Wholesale and Retail.

Importers, 20 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 29, 1868. 484y

ARNOLDI'S

WINE AND SPIRIT VAULTS,

11 *Metcalfe-st., Telegraph Co's Building,*
OTTAWA,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL, FOR CASH ONLY

Dekuyper's Red Cases, Gin, 15 bottles		$9 00
" Green, " " per doz		4 80
Booth's London Gin	"	7 20
Bernard's and Thompson's Gin	"	6 00
Green Seal Champagne	"	12 00

AND UPWARDS.

PORT WINES—Graham's, Sandeman's, &c.

	Per Gall.	Per Doz
No. 1 Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2 "	3 00	8 75
" 3 Old	3 50	10 00
" 4 Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine old	5 75	15 50

SHERRIES—Lomecq's, Pemartin's, &c.:

No. 1 Superior Light table Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2 Extra do	3 00	8 75
" 3 Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4 Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine	5 50	15 00

Single sample bottles at above rates.

Also, of Standard Brands, in wood or bottle, old and new, Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch and Canadian Whiskies.

Canadian Ale, in wood or bottle.

Guinness' Porter, pints and quarts. Hibbert's Porter, pints and quarts. Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, pints and quarts.

Clarets, Hocks, Sauternes, Curacao, Maraschino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., &c.

Purity in all cases guaranteed, and goods marked at the lowest quotations.

Orders by mail with cash, promptly attended to. Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.

NOTICE.

The subscriber would intimate to those of his customers with whom current accounts may have been opened that it is his intention to take advantage of any irregularity in their payment to close them in order that he may conduct his business totally on the *cash principle*, which has been found to work much more satisfactorily for both the buyer and seller in every branch of trade in which it has been tried, and relying on quality of his goods and the prices charged for them (which will always be as low as they can honestly be sold for) he solicits a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

K. ARNOLDI,

Dealer in the better qualities of Wines, Spirits, &c., Metcalfe-street, Telegraph Co's Building, Ottawa. Price lists on application or sent to any address.

April 21, 1868. 535y

NEW BOOKS.

Exodus of the Western Nations by Viscount Bury; Chronicles and Characters by Owen Meredith; Brakespeare by the author of "Guy Livingstone"; The Lost Name, a Novel; Farming for Boys; The New Dictionary of Quotations; The Huguenots by Samuel Smiles; Law and Lawyers—Curious Facts and Characteristic Sketches; Art and Artists, do.; Books and Authors, do.; Clergymen and Doctors, do.; Longfellow's Works Complete for 15 cents; The Waverley Novels, per vol., 15 cents; Cooper's Novels, per vol., 15 cents; Essays in Elia by Lamb complete for 15 cents; De Quincey's Confessions of an Opium Eater for 15 cents.

Bibles, Prayer Books, Church Services, just received from the Publishers, in the newest and richest patterns.

For sale by

J DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st.,
498y Opposite the Russell House

A LECTURE

For the BENEFIT of the POOR, under the auspices of the SOCIETY of ST. VINCENT de PAUL, will be delivered in the R. C. CATHEDRAL, on TUESDAY EVENING, NINTH Inst., at Eight o'clock, by the Rev. Mr. O'FARRELL, of Montreal.

SUBJECT—"The Supremacy of the Pope."

Admission—25 cents; Reserved Seats, 50 cents; Lady and Gentleman, 75 cents.

ROBT. O'REILLY, Sec'y.

Ottawa, June 4, 1868. 759td

The Noble Art of Self Defence.

JUST RECEIVED,

PER NESTORIAN,

TWO CASES BOXING GLOVES,

Fencing Foils and Masks, &c.

Also, a lot of Superior

Mahogany Bagatelle Tables,

From 6 to 12 Feet,

ENGLISH CROQUET,

VERY SUPERIOR

And CRICKETING GOODS

Of the Very Best Manufacture,

At

ORME & SON'S,
25, Sparks-st.

Ottawa, June 5, 1868. 760-3

Coffee! Coffee!

TO those who enjoy a Cup of

REALLY FINE COFFEE!

—TRY—

BUCHANAN'S

Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha,

JAVA & JAMAICA,

Roasted and Ground

Daily on the premises, by steam power.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

May 11, 1868. 739tf

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

☞ AN OMNIBUS ☜

Will leave the

RUSSELL HOUSE,

Every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 7 a.m., punctually, to carry passengers

FOR AYLMER

To connect with the Union Forwarding Railway Company's Steamers.

JAMES MULLIGAN.

Ottawa, May 16, 1868. 744tf

TABLES

FOR

Converting One Inch Lumber

AND

QUEBEC STANDARD

—TO—

Board Measure.

For Sale by

J. DURIE & SON,
Booksellers and Stationers,
10, Sparks-st., Ottawa.

June 5, 1868. 760a

CANADA.

MONCK.

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come, and whom they may in anywise concern—GREETING:

J. A. MACDONALD, Minister of Justice.

WHEREAS,

By a certain Act of the Parliament of Canada, passed in the recent session thereof, and intituled: "An Act relating to Quarantine and Public Health," it is amongst other things in effect enacted that the Governor in Council may, from time to time, make such regulations as he thinks proper, for enforcing compliance with all the requirements of the said Act, and concerning the entry or departure of boats or vessels at the different ports or places in Canada, and concerning the landing of passengers or cargoes from such boats or vessels or the receiving of passengers or cargoes on board of the same, as may be thought best calculated to preserve the public health, and for ensuring the due performance of quarantine, by and in respect of vessels, passengers, goods or things, arriving at any port within Canada, to which he thinks it right for the preservation of the public health, that such regulations should apply, and for the thorough cleansing and disinfecting of such vessels, passengers, goods or things, so as to prevent, as far as possible, the introduction or dissemination of disease into or in Canada, and may appoint or remove such officers as he may deem necessary for so doing, and assign to them, respectively, such powers as he may think required for carrying out the provision of such regulations, and may, from time to time, revoke or amend the same or any of them, and may make others in their stead, and may impose penalties, forfeitures and punishments for the breach thereof, which regulations shall be notified by proclamation, published in the *Canada Gazette* at least twice; and the production of the copies of the *Gazette* containing any such proclamation shall be evidence of the making, date and contents of such regulations. And further that such regulations shall have the force of law during the time they respectively remain unrevoked, unless they be expressly limited to be in force only during a certain time or at certain times or seasons in which case they shall have the force of law during the time and at the times and seasons during or at which they have been limited to be in force; and that any person disobeying any such regulation may be prosecuted for a misdemeanor, punishable by fine or imprisonment or both, as the court may direct, or otherwise such person may be sued for the penalties contained in such regulation.

AND WHEREAS, our Governor in Council, hath this day been pleased to make, under the authority, and in pursuance of the said above in part recited Act, certain regulations as follows, that is to say:

1—VESSELS COMING UP THE ST. LAWRENCE.

That all boats, ships and other vessels, except the Canadian Mail Steamers, which henceforth and during the eight months next following the first day of April in each and every year shall arrive in the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports, place or places, in Europe or elsewhere out of Canada, by way of that part of the River St. Lawrence which is below Grosse-Isle, and which shall have at the time of their said arrival, or shall have had during their passage from the places where they respectively cleared, any person on board labouring under Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious and dangerous disease, or on board of which any person shall have died during such passage, or which, being of less tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement, shall have on board thirteen or more steerage passengers, or which being of greater tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement, shall have on board fifty or more steerage passengers, or which shall have come from some infected port, shall make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle in the River St. Lawrence, and there remain and continue until such boats, ships or vessels shall be discharged from such Quarantine, by such license or passport, and discharge given without fee or emolument of any kind as shall be directed or permitted by such order or orders as shall be made by the Governor, with the advice of the Privy Council and until the said boats, ships and vessels shall respectively have performed such Quarantine, and shall be discharged therefrom by such license or passport and discharge as aforesaid, persons, goods or merchandize, which shall be on board such boats, ships or vessels shall not come or be brought on shore, or go or be put on board of any other ship or vessel in Canada, except on Grosse-Isle aforesaid, when duly required by competent authority.

2.—PORT OF QUEBEC.

That all boats, ships and vessels which henceforth and during the eight months aforesaid, shall arrive at the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports in Europe, place or places, or elsewhere as aforesaid, of the class or description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable and bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, do make their further Quarantine in the Harbour of Quebec, according to the regulations hereinafter provided.

3.—GROSSE-ISLE.

All boats, ships and vessels of the class and description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle, shall anchor within the space included between Grosse-Isle and a line drawn parallel to it, through the Red Buoy to be placed as heretofore under the direction of the Superintendent of Pilots, and bounded on the east and west by lines drawn due south from the western extremities of Cliff Island and Grosse-Isle. The island shall be so divided as to leave one portion thereof for the hospitals, and for the treatment and reception of those who are labouring under or who are threatened with any of the following diseases, namely: Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or any other infectious and dangerous disease; and the remaining portion for the reception and accommodation of all passengers and other persons who shall be landed and detained upon the said island who shall not labour under or be threatened with any of the said diseases, and no person or persons, unless on duty, shall be permitted to pass from one of the said portions of the said island to the other, unless they have passports signed by the Medical Superintendent.

4.—ESTABLISHMENT AT GROSSE-ISLE.

The establishment at Grosse-Isle shall consist of a Medical Superintendent, an Hospital Steward and such Officers, Employes and Orderlies as may be appointed or employed to meet the exigencies of the service. The Medical Superintendent shall be authorized to see the Quarantine duly performed, and for this purpose shall have full power and authority over all officers and other persons whatsoever in Gross-Isle, or attached to that station and be authorised to call upon all persons to aid him in enforcing the law and their regulations, and in case of his death, sickness or absence, the officer next in rank employed on the island shall have the power and authority aforesaid.

5.—MEDICAL SUPERINTENDENT.

The Medical Superintendent (or in case of his death, sickness or absence, the officer next in rank employed on the island) shall enforce the said law and these regulations, and shall direct boats, ships or vessels to go to such place or places to perform Quarantine, as it may be necessary to send them to. He shall direct all boats, ships or vessels, liable to perform Quarantine, to be brought to anchor within the limits of the Quarantine anchorage, and generally do all that may be required to enforce rigid obedience to the said law and these regulations. He shall permit all passengers, or other persons landed on the said island, to be re-embarked or shipped on board any steamboat or other vessel when the vessel is in a fit state to receive them, and that they may have been examined by him and found in a fit state for re-embarkation or for leaving the said island; and that all such passengers and persons, with their luggage, have been washed, cleansed and purified, and that there does not exist amongst those who are about to proceed or leave the said island any case or symptoms of Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles or other infectious and dangerous disease.

He shall also go off to vessels bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle as aforesaid, and put the following questions to the masters or persons in charge, viz:

1 What is your name and that of your vessel?
2 From whence did you sail, and date?
3 What is your cargo, and whence taken on board?
4 At what place or places did your vessel touch in her voyage?
5 Was such place or places, or any and which of them, infected with the cholera, plague, or any pestilential fever or disease?
6 How many persons were on board when the vessel sailed?
Cabin passengers?
Steerage passengers?
Crew?
7 Have any person or persons during the voyage been infected? or are there now any infected with the cholera, plague or any pestilential fever or disease?
8 Did any person or persons, and how many die during the voyage, and from what distemper?
9 Did you or any of the ship's company or passengers, with your privity, go on board any ship or vessel, or did any of the company of any ship or vessel come on board your ship in the voyage, and from what port did she sail last?
10 Did you or any of your ship's company or passengers with or without your privity or consent, land at any place within Canada?
11 Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

If the answers be satisfactory, he shall give a clean bill of health to the master or person in charge; and such vessels may then proceed to the harbour of Quebec. If the answers be not satisfactory, or the Medical Superintendent has any reason to suspect fraud on the part of the master or person in charge, crew or passengers, he shall immediately order the vessel to such place as may be appointed for vessels detained under Quarantine of observation; he shall call for the ship's papers, passenger lists and log-books, and inspect them thoroughly so as to ascertain the whole of the occurrences during the voyage, and should he meet with any resistance, he will make such signal as may be determined on to show that assistance is necessary.

The Medical Superintendent shall also board all vessels he may consider necessary to inspect. He shall have charge of all vessels detained in Quarantine. He shall direct, if necessary, all steerage passengers to be landed with their luggage. And shall superintend the cleansing and disinfection of vessels. He shall direct the number of passengers to be landed, distinguishing those who require to be treated for pestilential or infectious diseases, and who are to be landed at that part of the said island set apart for such treatment, from those who do not require such treatment, and who may be landed at that part of the said island set apart for the reception of the healthy and those free from pestilential or infectious diseases, and he shall be careful that all such persons shall be landed at such places respectively. He shall have medical charge of all cabin passengers who do not disembark, and who may be labouring under any other than pestilential or infectious diseases; and shall order all passengers and persons on board any such ship or vessel who shall labour under any pestilential or infectious disease, to be landed with their luggage according to the foregoing regulation.

He shall give medical treatment on board in all cases of slight diseases which are not by these regulations specially required to be treated on shore, and when it shall be deemed advisable not to land the passengers on the said island. He shall whenever a vessel is cleansed, ventilated and purified, direct such vessel to receive on board the whole or any portion of the passengers, or whether the whole or any and which of the said passengers shall remain on the said island, to proceed up the river by some other mode of conveyance, and he shall, so soon as the passengers are re-embarked on board their ship, or on board any ship or vessel leaving the said island, give a passport or clean bill or health to the master or person having such vessel in charge, to proceed to Quebec. He shall make returns of the vessels boarded by him as soon as possible after such vessels are visited.

The Medical Superintendent shall have charge of the hospitals. He shall receive into the hospitals set apart for the treatment of pestilential and infectious diseases, all persons labouring under or threatened with any such disease. He shall have the general superintendence and direction of everything relating to the sick. He shall visit and inspect all passengers who shall be landed from any vessel, and distribute them as he shall think expedient either on that part of the island appropriated for the treatment of pestilential or infectious diseases, or on the part of the said island appropriated to healthy passengers. Upon the recovery of persons treated for any such disease he shall, after due precaution, transfer such persons to the healthy part of the said island. He shall superintend the cleansing, washing and purifying of all passengers, and the unpacking and ventilating of their baggage, and when they are in a fit state to proceed, he shall, if need be, cause any baggage or any part of it to be burned or otherwise destroyed.

6.—TRADERS, SUTLERS, GROCERS AND OTHERS.

No persons following the business of sutlers, traders, grocers or other occupations, or concerned in buying or selling, shall be allowed to reside upon the island, except under the license and strict control of the Medical Superintendent, who will have full authority to discharge and send from the island all or any such persons reporting the fact of such discharge and the reason therefor, for the information of the Governor General or person administering the government. All such persons in any way engaged in selling or traffic on the said island shall be regulated as to prices by lists to be furnished by the Medical Superintendent from time to time, assisted by the Emigrant Agent at Quebec. He shall strictly enquire into and decide upon all complaints of misconduct or breach of the regulations by persons so trading; he shall see that no officer or person employed by the Government, or in any public employment on the said island, has directly or indirectly any interest or concern in any supply of provisions, or other things to be supplied or furnished, bought or sold upon the said island, or directly or indirectly receives or takes any private gratuity or reward for any service rendered to any masters or crews of vessels, passengers or other persons upon the said island. And it shall be the duty of all persons to whose knowledge any breach of this regulation shall come to report the same forthwith to the Medical Superintendent, who shall enquire into the facts alleged, and may suspend from his office any person so charged until the pleasure of the Governor-General shall be known respecting the person so charged.

7.—SAINT LAWRENCE PILOTS.

Pilots having been furnished with copies of the said Act and of these regulations, and also of the laws regulating emigration, shall exhibit the same to the master or person in charge of every vessel they may board. Every pilot having charge of a vessel of the description of those liable to make Quarantine at Grosse-Isle as aforesaid, shall bring her to anchor within the limits of the anchorage ground at Grosse-Isle hereinbefore defined. They shall also keep a Union Jack flying at the peak of all vessels under their charge, until boarded by the proper officers. On arriving at Quebec, if the vessel has received a clean bill of health from the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, and has not been detained there on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, she may bring to at any place within the following limits in the Port of Quebec, viz: the whole space of the River St. Lawrence, from the mouth of the River St. Charles, to a line drawn across the said River St. Lawrence, from the flag-staff on the Citadel or Cape Diamond at right angles to the course of the said river, but must not communicate with the shore or with any other vessel or boat until boarded by the inspecting physician; but if the vessel be of the class of those not liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle she may either bring to at any place within the aforesaid limits, in the Port of Quebec, or she may proceed at once to the ballast ground.

8.—PASSENGERS.

On the arrival of any vessel at Grosse-Isle, on board of which there shall be or shall have been during the passage any case of Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious or dangerous disease, and in all other cases when it shall be considered necessary by the Medical Superintendent, the steerage passengers shall be landed with their luggage, and washed and purified, and shall be permitted to re-embark and proceed in the same vessel, or shall be detained and embarked in some steamboat or other vessel, as shall be directed by the Medical Superintendent. The passengers in the principal cabin shall not be landed except in cases of sickness, and may at all times proceed with the vessels or otherwise, after having washed and purified their luggage to the satisfaction and with the passport of the Medical Superintendent.

9.—VESSELS.

All vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, on their arrival there shall anchor within the limits of the anchorage ground at Grosse-Isle hereinbefore defined, until boarded by the Medical Superintendent; and if they shall not be detained at Grosse-Isle on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, shall receive a clean bill of health, and may proceed to the harbour of Quebec and there anchor at any place within the limits of that portion of the Port of Quebec hereinbefore defined, and there remain without communication with the shore, or any other vessel or boat until finally discharged from Quarantine by the license or passport aforesaid; but if any such vessel shall have been detained at Grosse-Isle from sickness or suspicion thereof, it shall anchor at the mouth of the River St. Charles, and there remain until finally discharged from Quarantine as aforesaid.

Vessels arriving at Grosse-Isle from any infected port or place, or one supposed to be infected, and on board of which no pestilential disease shall have declared itself during the passage, may be kept under Quarantine of observation for a period of not more than three days, during which time the passengers and crew thereof shall be subjected to a strict purification under the direction of the Medical Superintendent. All vessels detained in Quarantine shall be cleansed and ventilated, and their between decks, if not painted or varnished, shall be whitewashed, but if painted or varnished, shall be thoroughly scrubbed with soap and water or ley, and such portion of the ballast as the Medical Superintendent shall order, shall be thrown overboard, under his immediate superintendence, or that of some person to be appointed by him for that duty.

In all cases where vessels having passengers on board on account of sickness amongst such passengers shall be detained in Quarantine, the master or person in charge may, on application to the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, be allowed to land the said passengers with their luggage; and the vessel being properly cleansed, purified and disinfected under the superintendence and with the license of the Medical Superintendent, may proceed up the river without the said passengers upon the master or person in charge paying to such person as shall be appointed to receive the same one shilling and three pence for each passenger, to bear the expense of their conveyance to Quebec, and also at the rate of one shilling per diem for each of the said passengers, to reimburse the expense of their maintenance at Grosse-Isle, for the time during which such vessel, in the judgment of the Medical Superintendent, would have had to be detained in Quarantine waiting for the passengers not affected with any of the pestilential or infectious diseases aforesaid, otherwise such vessel shall be detained in Quarantine until the passengers not sick of the aforesaid diseases, shall be cleansed, washed, purified and disinfected.

10.—INSPECTING PHYSICIAN AT QUEBEC.

An inspecting physician at Quebec shall go off to all vessels arriving at Quebec or at the mouth of the River St. Charles, and put the following questions to the masters or persons in charge, viz:

1 When did you leave Grosse-Isle?
2 Exhibit to me your passport from Grosse-Isle?
3 How many persons have you on board?
Cabin passengers?
Steerage passengers?
Crew?
4 Number left at Grosse-Isle?
5 Have any person or persons been taken sick since you left Grosse-Isle?
6 Have any died? State number, names and disease?
7 Have any person or persons come on board or left your vessel since you left Grosse-Isle?
8 Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

And moreover, he shall require all masters or persons in charge of vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, to exhibit to him the license or passport which they shall have received from the Medical Superintendent at the Quarantine Station; and such masters or persons in charge shall forthwith exhibit the same for examination to the said inspecting physician at Quebec, who, if he shall find, as well from the answer he may receive as from the tenor of the passport and the actual state of the passengers and crew that sickness does not exist on board he shall then grant to the master or person in charge of such vessel, a certificate in writing setting forth the healthy sate of the passengers and crew, to the end that such vessel may obtain a final discharge from Quarantine. But, if on the contrary, such inspecting physician at Quebec, shall find any case of pestilential or infectious disease on board, or shall have just cause to apprehend the breaking out of any such malady, it shall then be his duty to hoist a yellow flag at the main-top-gallant-mast head and shall cause the vessel to return to or remain and be detained at the mouth of the River Saint Charles for further observation and inspection; and having acquainted the master or person in charge with the penalties to be incurred if he should permit any communication with his vessel until released from Quarantine, he shall report all the circumstances to the Minister of Agriculture for the information of the Governor General; and if it shall appear to the said inspecting physician at any time that such vessel shall have passed the Quarantine Station at Grosse-Isle without stopping to make Quarantine, being liable thereto, and should therefore be sent down to Grosse-Isle, or that such vessel having already cleared from Grosse-Isle, should return thereto, there to land the passengers, he shall order the master or person in charge to proceed or return with such vessel to Grosse-Isle, and such master or person in charge shall obey such order, and the proper officers at Grosse-Isle shall observe in respect of such vessels the same rules and regulations as are provided for vessels arriving at Grosse-Isle with sick. Should the inspecting physician at Quebec meet with any resistance in the discharge of the duty required of him by this regulation, he will immediately enforce the same by all lawful means at his disposal.

Any steamboat or other vessel that shall have towed or otherwise communicated with a vessel of the class of vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, not having the discharge from Quarantine of the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, shall be subject to the same regulations and instructions as hereinbefore provided, respecting vessels not discharged from Quarantine.

No steamboat shall be allowed to proceed to Grosse-Isle for the purpose of taking on board passengers direct from that island, without previously obtaining from the Collector of Customs of the Port of Quebec, a written permit to that effect; subject nevertheless to the regulations hereinbefore provided.

No vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or Montreal, until all the requirements of the foregoing regulations in reference to such vessels shall have been fully complied with.

11.—PORT OF HALIFAX.

That all boats, ships or vessels coming into the Harbour of Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia, which shall have at the time of their said arrival, or shall have had during their passage from the places where they respectively cleared, any person on board labouring under Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious and dangerous disease, or on board of which any person shall have died during such passage, or which, being of less tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement, shall have on board thirteen or more steerage passengers, or which being of greater tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement, shall have on board fifty or more steerage passengers or which shall have come from some infected port, shall make their Quarantine in the Harbour of Halifax, on board such vessels or at such place on shore, and in such manner as shall be directed by the inspecting physician of the said Port of Halifax, and there remain and continue until such ships or vessels shall be discharged from such Quarantine, by such license or passport, and discharge given without fee or emolument of any kind as shall be directed or permitted by such order or orders as shall be made by the Governor, with the advice of the Privy Council; and until the said ships and vessels shall respectively have performed such Quarantine and shall be discharged therefrom by such license or passport and discharge as aforesaid, persons, goods or merchandise which shall be on board such boats, ships or vessels, shall not come or be brought on shore, or go, or be put on board of any other ship or vessel in Canada, except at such place indicated as aforesaid when duly required by competent authority.

All boats, ships or vessels of the class and description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable to make their Quarantine in the Harbour of Halifax, shall anchor within a mile of the southern end of George's Island, there to be inspected by the inspecting physician, and ordered, according to circumstances as aforesaid.

The inspecting physician of the port of Halifax shall visit, on their arrival, such boats, ships or vessels, and shall direct them as best calculated for the public health, and in accordance with the intent and meaning of the present regulations and orders in Council, which may be communicated to him from time to time.

12.—PORT OF SAINT JOHN.

That all boats, ships or vessels coming into the Harbour of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, which shall have at the time of their said arrival, or shall have had during their passage from the places where they respectively cleared, any person on board labouring under Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles or other infectious and dangerous disease, or on board of which any person shall have died during such passage, or which, being of less tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement, shall have on board thirteen or more steerage passengers, or which being of greater tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement, shall have on board fifty or more steerage passengers, or which shall have come from some infected port shall make their Quarantine in the Harbour of Saint John on board such vessels or on Partridge Island, and in such manner as shall be indicated by the inspecting physician of the said Port of St. John, and there remain and continue until such ships or vessels shall be discharged from such Quarantine, by such license or passport, and discharge given without fee or emolument of any kind, or shall be directed or permitted by such order or orders as shall be made by the Governor, with the advice of the Privy Council; and until the said ships and vessels shall respectively have performed such Quarantine, and shall be discharged therefrom by such license or passport and discharge as aforesaid, persons, goods or merchandise, which shall be on board such boats, ships or vessels, shall not come or be brought on shore, or go or be put on board of any other ship or vessel in Canada, except on the said Partridge Island when duly required by competent authority.

All boats, ships or vessels of the class and description hereinbefore mentioned as liable to make their Quarantine in the said Harbour of St. John, shall anchor within a mile of the outside or southern end of Partridge Island, (unless forced by stress of weather to anchor inside the said island, in which case such vessels shall anchor as close as practicable to the said island,) there to be inspected by the inspecting physician and ordered according to the circumstances as aforesaid.

The inspecting physician of the Port of St. John shall visit, on their arrival, such boats, ships or vessels, and shall direct them as best calculated for the public health, and in accordance with the intent and meaning of the present regulations and such orders in Council as may be communicated to him from time to time.

13.—INSPECTING PHYSICIANS OF THE PORTS OF HALIFAX AND ST. JOHN.

The inspecting physicians of the Ports of Halifax and St. John (or any medical officer nominated to act as assistant in their absence) shall have respectively, the control over all officers and employes, who may be appointed or employed for the service of the Quarantine in the said ports, respectively, and the medical attendance over the sick and healthy passengers or crew detained on board, or who may have been landed to undergo the said Quarantine on shore, and the said inspecting physicians shall have, respectively, the same duties to perform and the same authority as those hereinbefore assigned to the Medical Superintendent of the Quarantine of Grosse-Isle, and shall fulfil the said duties and exercise the said authority in the same manner as prescribed for the said Medical Superintendent.

14.—VESSELS IN QUARANTINE AT THE PORTS OF HALIFAX AND ST. JOHN.

In all cases where vessels having passengers on board, or account of sickness amongst such passengers, shall be detained in Quarantine, the master or person in charge may, on application to the inspecting physician of the said Ports of Halifax or St. John respectively, be allowed to land the said passengers with their luggage; and the vessel being properly cleansed, purified and disinfected under the superintendence and with the license of the Inspecting Physician, may proceed up the harbor without the said passengers, upon the master or person in charge paying to such person as shall be appointed to receive the same, ten pence for each passenger to bear the expense of their conveyance, and also at the rate of one shilling per diem for each of the said passengers, to reimburse the expense of their maintenance for the time during which such vessel, in the judgment of the inspecting physician, would have had to be detained in Quarantine waiting for the passengers not affected with any of the pestilential or infectious diseases aforesaid, otherwise such vessel shall be detained in Quarantine until the passengers not sick of the aforesaid diseases, shall be cleansed, washed, purified and disinfected.

15.—PILOTS OF THE PORTS OF HALIFAX AND ST. JOHN.

Pilots of the Ports of Halifax and St. John respectively, having been furnished with copies of the said Act, and of these regulations, shall exhibit the same to the master or person in charge of any boat, ship or vessel they may board:—every Pilot having charge of a vessel of the description of those liable to make Quarantine at the Ports of Halifax or St. John respectively, shall bring her to anchor within the limits of the anchorage grounds hereinbefore defined for the said ports respectively:—They shall also keep a Union Jack flying at the peak of all vessels under their charge, until boarded by the proper medical officer aforesaid.

16.—GENERAL PROVISIONS.

All vessels trading between any ports or places within Canada, and not having touched at any ports or places without the Dominion nor communicated with any other vessel which shall have arrived from any port without the Dominion, shall be exempt from the foregoing rules and regulations so far as respects the necessity of going to or stopping at the anchorage ground aforesaid; nor shall the said rules and regulations apply to any vessel of war, or to transports or vessels having Queen's troops on board accompanied by a medical officer and in a healthy state, or to any steamer, unless sickness or death may have occurred during the passage.

No vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or Montreal, until all the requirements of the foregoing regulations in reference to such vessel shall have been fully complied with.

Any person who shall contravene, either by omission or commission, any of the foregoing regulations, shall for every such offence incur and pay a fine of not exceeding FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS, to be recovered in the manner prescribed by the said Act; and every person who, upon conviction of any such offence, shall fail to pay the amount of fine which he shall have been condemned to pay, shall be imprisoned until such fine be paid.

AND

All previous orders or regulations are hereby revoked. Now Know Ye, that we do hereby command, and enjoin upon all our loving subjects that they do take notice of and obey the said regulations so made as aforesaid and govern themselves accordingly.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these our letters to be made patent, and the great seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed: Witness, our right trusty and well-beloved cousin the Right Honorable CHARLES STANLEY VISCOUNT MONCK, Baron Monck of Ballytrammon, in the County of Wexford, in the Peerage of Ireland, and Baron Monck of Ballytrammon, in the County of Wexford, in the Peerage of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Governor-General of Canada, &c., &c., &c., at our Government House, in our City of Ottawa, this twenty-third day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight, and in the thirty-first year of our reign.

By Command,
HECTOR L. LANGEVIN,
759tf Secretary of State.

Railroads.

CHANGE of TIME

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and after FRIDAY, the 15th May, 1868, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA
Mixed, 7.15 a.m.	10.35 a.m.
Express, 1.36 p.m.	4.15 p.m.
LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 7 a.m.	9.25 a.m.
Mixed, 1.00 p.m.	4.15 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.
Ottawa, May 14, 1868. 1y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT
Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.
7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p.m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.
5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H ABBOTT, *Managing Director.*
Brockville, April 11. 472y

Grand Trunk Railway Company
OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows;

GOING WEST—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 8.30 A.M.
Night do do at 7.30 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.00 A.M.
Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.
Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.
Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.
Express for Boston and New York, at 3.30 P.M.
Express for Portland (staying over at Island Pond) at 2.00 P.M.
Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Riviere du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbroke, Waterville and Coaticooke only, at 10.10 P.M.
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
December 23, 1867 650tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET.

FOUR GOOD ROOMS over SHEPHERD'S GROCERY STORE, Murray st., between Sussex and Dalhousie-sts. Also, GOOD STABLES for thirteen horses. Rent moderate. Also a quantity of CEDARS for sale. Enquire of M. SHEPHERD, at the Store.
Ottawa, May 20, 1868. 748

Lots for Sale.

6 BUILDING LOTS, one mile from the city, on the Richmond Road, containing one acre each. Apply to THOMAS ANDERSON, Jr. on the premises. 564tf

FOR SALE, on SANDY HILL, opposite Desbarats', LOT No. 32, Stuart street. Terms moderate. Apply to Mrs. TIERNAN, No. 2, ing street opposite the Gas House.
Ottawa, May 4 1868. 734d

Two Dwellings to Let,

BEING the Upper part of E. MARTINEAU'S Clothing Store, Corner of Sussex and Clarence-streets.
Enquire at the Store. EUG. MARTINEAU.
Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 646

Steamers.

1868 1868

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S
MAIL STEAMER
Queen Victoria,
Captain A. BOWIE,

Leaves the Queen's Wharf with mails and passengers for Montreal, every morning, (Sundays excepted) at half-past 6 o'clock, arriving at 4:45 p.m.
Travellers and tourists will find this a delightful trip.
First-class Fare (meals extra) $3 50
Second " " 2 00
First " Return " 6 00
Baggage checked through.
Parcel Express daily to and from Montreal and all landings.
Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs landed at L'Orignal.
For further information apply at Office on the wharf, or on board the steamer.
Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Excursion Tickets to Grenville and back for one fare.

MARKET STEAMER
"FAIRY,"
Captain R. G. NICHOLS,
Leaves Ottawa for Major's and intermediate landings on Tuesdays and Fridays at 4 o'clock, p.m.
7493 R. W. SHEPHERD.

1868 1868
UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.
Upper Ottawa Route.
Consisting of the following first-class Steamers,

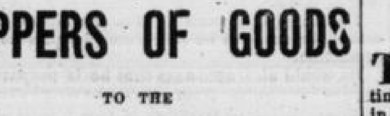
ANN SISSON,	Captain Murphy.
ALLIANCE,	" Findlay.
EMERALD,	" Toner.
OREGON,	" Cowley.
CALUMET,	" Blondin.
JASON GOULD,	" Bolton.
PONTIAC,	" Duggan.
PEMBROKE,	" Overman.
SNOW BIRD,	" Beattie.

Until further notice the Steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day (Sundays excepted) for the Upper Ottawa at 8:30 a.m., connecting with the *Alliance* at head of railroad at 12:30, touching at Arnprior, Sandpoint, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf, and Portage-du-Fort. Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after the arrival of the Steamer *Alliance* for Cobden, connecting with Steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.
The Steamer *Pembroke* leaves Pembroke at 7 o'clock, a.m., on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday for Des Joachims, calling at intermediate ports, returning on same day, leaving at 2 p.m., connecting at Pembroke with Steamer *Jason Gould* which leaves daily at 5 a.m., and arriving at Portage-du-Fort at 10 a.m.
The Steamer *Alliance* leaves Portage-du-Fort every morning (Sundays excepted) at 9:30 a.m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere, Bristol, Sandpoint and Arnprior, and arriving at head of railway at 12:45, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4 p.m.
The Steamer *Calumet* leaves Havelock for Chapeau Village and intermediate ports on Tuesdays at 6 o'clock, a.m., and returning leaves Chapeau Village same day, at 2 o'clock.
A connection is made daily with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at Arnprior at 2 o'clock p.m., in time to connect with the Grand Trunk Railway night trains east and west, and on the downward trip at Sandpoint 11:35 a.m., Arnprior 12:10.
Passengers for Des Joachims leave Ottawa every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
For further particulars apply at the office of the Company in Ottawa City or Aylmer.
R. S. CASSELS, President.
Ottawa City, April 22, 1868. 7248

Condensed Time Table

Between Brockville and Ottawa, via Brockville and Ottawa Railway and Union Forwarding Railway Company's Steamers:

UPWARDS.
Leave Ottawa at .... 7:00 a.m.
Arrive at Arnprior at .... 2:00 p.m.
Leave Arnprior at .... 2:20 p.m.
Arrive at Brockville at .... 7:45 p.m.
In time to connect with Grand Trunk Railway Night Trains, East and West.
DOWNWARDS.
Leave Brockville at .... 7:15 a.m.
Arrive at Arnprior at .... 12:10 p.m.
Leave Arnprior at .... 12:15 p.m.
Arrive at Ottawa at .... 5:00 p.m.



NOTICE
—TO—
SHIPPERS OF GOODS
TO THE
Upper Ottawa,
By Steamers of the
Union Forwarding
AND
RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE Union Forwarding and Railway Company having assumed the cartage of goods between
OTTAWA & AYLMER,
I beg to intimate that the same rate will be charged on goods received at either place, the Company having established a through rate on all goods forwarded from Ottawa to places on the Upper Ottawa.
Receipts for goods will be given by the Shipping Clerk, Mr. S. Dyde, Canal Basin Wharf, or at the office of the Company, Wellington-street.
R S CASSELS, President.
Ottawa, March 23, 1868. 698-

Ice, Ice, Ice!

THE subscriber will furnish ICE DAILY to those requiring it for the Season. Double supplies on Saturday for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season, $6.00. Hotels and Steamers supplied with large quantities on liberal terms, as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted.
All orders left at KAVANAGH'S RESTAURANT, or at the subscriber's, will be strictly attended to.
F. STARMER, 126, Rideau-st.
Ottawa, May 14, 1868. 742d

W. NOTMAN,
Photographer to the Queen
CORNER OF
WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS,
WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his
Establishment will be Opened
—ON—
Monday Next, 3rd February
When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for all different branches of Photography.
Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 582y

NEW STORE!

THE Store formerly occupied by W. D. WOOD, No. 38, on RIDEAU STREET, has been fitted by the subscribers, and will be opened on MONDAY, FOURTEENTH OCTOBER, with an entire new stock of
GROCERIES,
LIQUORS AND
HARDWARE.
WOOD & ROSSITER.
Ottawa, October 12, 1867 15

1867 AND 1868.

INDIA WAREHOUSE!
16 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform their Customers that their Stock is now complete, and embraces every delicacy of the Season, among which will be found a choice assortment of

TEAS,

Breakfast SOUCHONG, } Black Extra Fine.
do CONGOU,
Superior HYSON,
" GUNPOWDER,
" IMPERIAL,
" TWANKAY,
Orange PEKOE, } These Teas have been carefully selected for family trade by
Flowery "
Japan "
BROWNE & HARDY.

SUGARS,
LOAF,
BROKEN LOAF,
CRUSHED,
GROUND,
YELLOW,
and MUSCOVADO.

COFFEE,
MOCHA,
JAVA,
JAMAICA, and
CEYLON,
Roasted and Ground daily on the premises.

CHOCOLATE and COCOA,
FRENCH, flavored with Vanilla;
TAYLOR'S,
FRYE'S,
MOTT'S

FRUITS, &c.
LAYER RAISINS,
in Whole, Half and Quarter Boxes
MUSCATEL, do do
SULTANA,
VALENTIA,
CURRANTS,
GRAPES,
ORANGES
LEMONS,
PRUNES,
ALMONDS,
WALNUTS,
FILBERTS, and
BRAZIL NUTS.

SPICES,
NUTMEGS,
MACE,
CINNAMON,
CLOVES,
GINGER,
MIXED SPICES,
All Ground on the Premises
D. T. BROWNE & CO.
Ottawa, December 19 405t

Piano-Forte Tuition!

W. C. CLARK,
PROFESSOR OF MUSIC and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-street, corner of Slater-street, Centre Town.
Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store. 452y

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the
CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER
...de, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.
We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.
The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.
The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.
Price twenty-five cents per bottle.
NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W.
Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.
Ottawa Nov. 1. 1867 7ydw

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.

NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.
Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,
The Victoria Hotel
could not fail to be made to pay.
It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four-stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.
Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ., Or JOHN HENEY, Esq., Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W
Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

Quebec Bank—Ottawa Branch
SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

FROM the 1st day of April next ensuing, INTEREST at the RATE of FIVE per cent per annum, will be allowed on Deposits in this Department.
H. V. NOEL, Manager.
Ottawa, March 13, 1868. 690-3m

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &
Prepared by AUGUSTUS LAVER, ARCHITECT
End Daly-st. Ottawa.
April 1.

Skates! Skates!
At ISAAC'S,
ALSO,
SLEIGHS, SLEIGHS
ALL PRESENTS BY SANTA CLAUS,
At ISAAC'S
Skates from 20 cents to $6.00
At ISAAC'S,
Sparks-street,
ALSO,
Hardware of all Description
At Lowest Cash Prices,
At ISAAC'S.
Remember the place,
AT ISAAC'S
December 17, 1867.

DARLEY'S
Arabian Heave Remedy
AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind,* and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses;* also, as a *Condition Medicine,* surpassing everything of the kind, is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.
It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.
D. W. HURD, Successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.
NORTHROP & LYMAN, NEWCASTLE, C.W., *Proprietors for the Canadas*
PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.
Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov. 1, 1867. 577dw6m

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Saturday, 30th day of May, 1868.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under the authority given by the Act passed in the late Session of the Parliament of Canada, 31 Vic. Cap. 8, intituled: "An Act respecting the Inland Revenue," and by the "Act respecting Raw Tobacco," 31 Vic. Cap. 51.

His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following Regulations respecting the granting of Licenses and Permits to Tobacco Dealers, shall be and they are hereby made and established.

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council.

REGULATIONS.

1st. Licenses to deal in Raw Leaf Tobacco and to enter the same ex-warehouse for consumption on payment of duty, may be granted by any of the undermentioned Officers on application being made in the proper form, namely:

All Collectors and deputy Collectors of Inland Revenue.

Such Postmasters, not exceeding one in each Parish, Township or Municipality wherein there is no other Officer of Inland Revenue, as may be from time to time appointed by the Minister of Inland Revenue.

2nd. Application for a License shall be made in such form, and shall contain such information as may be required by departmental regulations, and shall also state the name, place of residence and occupation of the person applying.

3rd. A License shall only be valid when granted on a form supplied by the Department of Inland Revenue, and signed by the Commissioner; and any License may be forfeited by the Minister of Inland Revenue whenever he has satisfactory evidence that the person to whom it is granted has evaded or assisted in evading the payment of any duty to which Tobacco is liable, or that he has failed to comply with these Regulations or any part thereof.

4th. Permits to take Raw Leaf Tobacco out of Bond, or from the farm or premises where it was grown, for consumption, may be granted by the officers and persons hereby authorized to issue Licenses, on application being made in the form approved by the Department, and payment of the duty to which the Tobacco would be liable if manufactured, that is to say: on Raw Leaf Tobacco the growth of Canada, five cents per pound, being the duty to which it would be liable if manufactured into Common Canadian Twist, and on Raw Leaf Tobacco not the growth of Canada, ten cents per pound. (31 Vic. Cap. 51, sec. 4. 31 Vic. Cap. 8, sec. 31.)

5th. Every permit shall be valid only when the form supplied by the Department of Inland Revenue and signed by the person issuing it —and every such permit shall be delivered to and retained by the importer or grower of the tobacco as evidence that the tobacco to which it relates was lawfully removed and the said permit shall be produced by him whenever demanded by any officer of Inland Revenue for the purpose of taking an account thereof.

6th. All persons issuing licenses or permits under these regulations or who receive any duty on raw leaf tobacco entered for consumption, shall transmit all money so received to the Receiver-General at least once in each week or oftener should the amount collected in one week exceed fifty dollars, and they shall account to the Department of Inland Revenue in such manner, at such times and in such form as may be from time to time determined by Departmental Regulations in that behalf.

7th. All persons licensed to deal in raw leaf tobacco shall keep an account of all that they receive or sell or otherwise dispose of in such form as may be prescribed by Departmental Regulations. 759-3

Plans, Specifications, &c.,
PREPARED for Buildings of every description, by
SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 60, Sparks-st. Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON Managing Director; ALEX. ROBERTSON Editor.

VOL. II.
Ottawa Da...
Published every morn...
THE DAILY AND W... enjoys THE LARGEST C... published in the Ottawa ... daily over 2,000; and ... making a total circulation ... 18,000; thus outstripping ... affording the best medium ...
Legal C...
MOSGROVE & ... BARRISTERS, ... Office—Mosgrove's B... Ottawa. WILLIAM MOSGROVE. Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1868.
R. J. WICK... ADVOCATE, &c., ... Street, MONTREAL. November 14, 1867.
N. TETR... NOTARY PUBLIC of Quebec, HULL, ... Dec. 6, 1867.
LAPIERRE & ... ATTORNIES-AT-LA... Chancery, Conveyancer... Ottawa, February 26, 1867.
D. O'CON... ATTORNEY-AT-LA... Office: Union Buildings, ... February 21, 1866.
R. H. HAY... ATTORNEY-AT-LA... Chancery, Conveyancer... Office: Post Office Building... February 7, 1866.
P. J. BUCKLE... BARRISTER and ... Solicitor-in-Chancery ... January 17 1867.
AUGUSTUS K... BARRISTER and ... Ottawa, March 30.
LEES & GEM... BARRISTERS, Attor... Ottawa, February 7, 1866.
EDWARD T. DA... BARRISTER, Solicit... January 27, 1866.
J. P. MACPH... BARRISTER, &c., ... Ottawa, March 10, 1866.
NICHOLAS S... BARRISTER and A... Solicitor in Chancery, ... Post Office, Ottawa.
G. J. O'DOH... LAW, Chancery, and ... Office, Aumond's Buildin... tawa, December 6, 1867.
Medical C...
A. CODD, M.D. (Attending Physician ... Hospital) PHYSICIAN, Surgeon ... Ottawa, April 30.
DR. CHES... OFFICE over Mr. Ga... May 30
DR. C. LEG... PHYSICIAN, Surgeon ...
DR. DORI... PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, ... Clarence Street, Ottawa, March 1.
DR. OLIVER M... DENTIST, Office ... Ottawa, January 27, 1866.
DR. C. A. MA... DENTIST, Office ... Messrs. Campbell & Co. ... Ottawa, January 27, 1866.
F. R. BELL, A.M., M... SURGERY and Res... Ottawa, November 12.
DR. GEORGE HU... DENTIST: Office, ... Ottawa, October 30, 1867.
DR. W. J. H... CORNER of Kent ... November 6.
DR. O. C. W... PHYSICIAN, Surgeon ... Ottawa, April 14.

The Times

VOL. III. NO 763. OTTAWA, TUESDAY, JUNE 9, 1868. PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valle issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the we'k over 6,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:
Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.
Yearly subscription to the daily (if paid in advance) $5 00
If not paid in advance 6 00
Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance) $1 00
not paid in advance 1 50

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—*Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the* OTTAWA TIMES

Legal Cards.

MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. GEORGE TAILLON.
Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1868. 366-tf

R. J. WICKSTEED,
ADVOCATE, &c., 42, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 589-6m

N. TETREAU,
NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 6, 1867. 396tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa
February 7, 1866. 43-u

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Lake Cussers Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House
Ottawa, March 30. 87-c

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. OFFICE: In the Court house, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866.

NICHOLAS SPARKS,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

G. J. O'DOHERTY,
LAW, Chancery, and Conveyancing Office, Aumond's Buildings, Rideau street.
Ottawa, December 6, 1867.

Medical Cards.

A. CODD, M.D., C.M.,
(Attending Physician General Protestant Hospital.)
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Four doors east of the Revere House, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
OFFICE HOURS—From 8 to 10 a. m., and from 2 to 4 p. m.
Ottawa, April 30. 730-3m

DR. CHESLEY,
OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 25 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30. 447tf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

F. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 380y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,
DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
CORNER of Kent and Wellington-Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 43utf

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, with out the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-100-y

Hotels and Saloons.

DOMINION HOUSE,
WELLINGTON-STREET.

THE undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.
GEORGE IRVINE.
Ottawa, March 26. 658y.

MATHEWS' OLD STAND,
YORK-STREET,

WILL BE OPEN for the accommodation of the public on THURSDAY, 12th of March, 1868. The subscriber having again resumed business in his old stand as hotel-keeper, wishes to return thanks to his numerous friends and the public for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on him, during the past seventeen years, and hopes by strict attention to business, and kindness to all, to share a portion of public patronage. His Larder will be always supplied with the best the market affords. His Bar will be supplied with the best of Liquors and choicest Cigars.
T. MATHEWS, Proprietor.
N. B.—The house has been thoroughly renovated and newly furnished.
Ottawa, March 11, 1868. 688tf

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec

REVERE HOUSE, OTTAWA,
G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, } ...... PROPRIETORS.

THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867. 582tf

THE ALBION HOTEL
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1866. 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc..daily

THE METROPOLITAN
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

TORONTO HOUSE,
SPARKS STREET.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has a few Commodious Suites of Apartments to Let, handsomely and comfortably furnished.
Gentlemen attending the Session of Parliament will find at the Toronto House most convenient quarters, where the quiet of the private family is combined with the usual attendance to be found at the best hotels.
Ottawa, Feb. 25, 1868. 675tf

MONEY TO LEND
ON REAL ESTATE SECURITY.
WALKER & PENNOCK, Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
April 15, 1868. 717tf

SMITH & RODNEY
MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from Eaton's Gilding Store, having just received a choice stock of
English, French and Canadian
CLOTHS and TWEEDS,
And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1, 1867. 551tf

A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER
AND
Blank Book Manufacturer,
26, METCALFE-ST., OTTAWA.

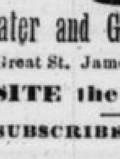
HAVING every facility in the way of first-class Machinery, and employing none but first-class workmen, I am prepared to turn out every description of Binding in as good a style of workmanship as any other establishment in Canada.
A. MORTIMER, Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, Feb. 6. 384y

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS, Toronto, May 28, 1868.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT Charles Westley Lount, of Bracebridge, in the Township of Macauley, in the District of Muskoka, Esquire has been appointed Agent for the disposal of public lands in the Townships of Morrison, Muskoka, Draper, Macauley, Stephenson, McLean, Brunnel, Monck and Watt, in the District of Muskoka, in the place of Richard Jose Oliver, Esquire, whose services have been dispensed with.
Applications for lands open as Free Grants in the above mentioned Townships, must also be made to Mr. Lount.
S. RICHARDS, Commissioner.
Toronto, May 29, 1867. 758-tf

Druggists.

THE MEDICAL HALL



Soda Water and Ginger Ale Factory,
23 Great St. James-street, Montreal,
OPPOSITE the POST OFFICE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS

Beg to intimate to their patrons that they have commenced the manufacture of Ærated Waters of every description, and on the most extensive scale.
Particular attention will be paid to the preparation of "Belfast Ginger Ale," a beverage first introduced into this country by our Mr. BROWN, who alone possesses the original receipt, and who has also taken out a TRADE MARK for the same.
The proprietors believe their Ærated Waters will be superior to any others at present prepared in Montreal, for the following reasons, viz:—
1st. The employment of the most improved machinery the United States can produce.
2nd. The application of strictly scientific principles to the details.
3rd. Extra care given to the chemical purity of the articles used in the different processes.
4th. The possession of chemical knowledge, without which it is simply impossible to produce Ærated Waters in perfection.
The following Waters and Beverages are the principal ones prepared at the MEDICAL HALL FACTORY: Belfast Ginger Ale, Lemonade, Sarsaparilla, Winter Beverage, Summer Beverage, Soda Water, Seltzer Water, Potash Water, Kissengen Water, Vichy Water.
KENNETH CAMPBELL & CO., Apothecaries to H.R.H. the Prince of Wales.
W. M. MASSEY, Agent for Ottawa. 472y

Spectacles for all Sights.

OPTICAL Instruments Electro-Magnetic and Galvanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.
W. HEARN, Market Drug Store, York-street.
637y

Miscellaneous.

D. CODD & CO.,
PATENT AGENTS, SOLICITORS, &c. Drawings, Specifications, Models, and all other business in connection with the procuring of Letters Patent of Invention, attended to at the shortest notice.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 741-6m

I. B. TACKABERRY'S
AUCTION ROOMS, No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any part of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

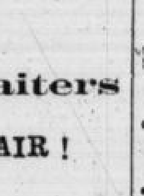
B. BILLINGS, JR.,
ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O & P R W 740tf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 378y

HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,
WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.
WILLIAM HOLGATE, JOHN OLIVER, WILLIAM ANNABLE.
506y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

LADIES CALL AT THE CAPITAL
Boot and  Shoe Store!
YORK-STREET.
For Cheap Gaiters
AT
ONE DOLLAR A PAIR!
Good at 95 cents.
Men's ware equally low, in every variety of style
This is the place to buy cheap at the "Capital," York-street.
429y GEORGE MURPHY.

VICTORIA
FURNITURE WAREROOMS.

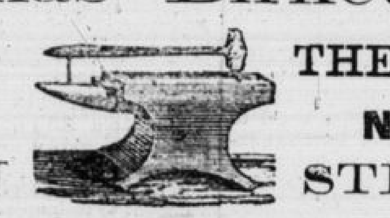
GEORGE ARMSTRONG, Corner Victoria Square and Craig-street, Montreal, solicits a call from the Citizens of Ottawa about to furnish, who may visit Montreal to his very large and varied stock of FURNITURE which he will sell at greatly reduced prices for cash. The Parlor Furniture is of the best quality and latest designs, either plain or handsomely carved, in Walnut, oil finished or polished.
His Sideboards, Bookcases, Chamber Sets, Hall Furniture, &c., are worthy of attention.
Hair Mattrasses and Bedding of all description constantly on hand, or made to order, at the shortest notice. Call and examine for yourselves.
"Patent Sofa, with reclining arms, of a very superior make."
N.B.—Sole Agent in the Dominion for the sale of G. A. FISKS' Air-Tight Metallic Casket. 712-3m

MACHINERY OILS.
AMERICAN NATURAL
Lubricating Oils!
They Don't Gum,
They Don't Freeze,
THEY ARE THE
BEST AND CHEAPEST
MACHINERY OILS
IN THE DOMINION.
McKENZIE & MACKAY, Agents for Canada.
T. ISAACS, Agent, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 17, 1868. 663tf

1868. MAY. 1868.

J. A. PINARD & CO.,
ARE NOW SHEWING
New Dress Goods,
A good value in Striped, all Mohair, for 6d per yard.
New Prints.
A good variety of Patterns at 6d per yard
New Grey Cottons,
A good Cotton, 40 inches wide, for 7d per yard.
New White Cottons,
A good heavy made Cotton for 6d per yard.
The Tailoring Department is replete with all the novelties of the season.
Cash buyers will find it their advantage to visit the above before purchasing elsewhe
J. A. PINARD & Co.,
No. 17, Sussex-st., *Sign of the Golden Ball.*
Ottawa, May 5, 186 16y

HARDWARE, HARDWARE!
—AT—
Thomas Birkett's,
SIGN OF THE ANVIL,
No. 24 No. 24
RIDEAU STREET.



Come old and young, come short and tall,
Come rich and poor, come great and small,
Just call and see my stock in trade,
Hardware and paints of every grade.

A Complete Assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware constantly kept on hand at the SIGN of the ANVIL, T. BIRKETT, consisting in part of
Butts, Axes, Iron, Paints, all colors, Screws, Saws, Tin, Oils,
Locks, Ropes, Stoves, Glass, Coolers, Putty, Bolts, Chains,
Nails, Coal, Pitch, Grindstones, &c., &c., &c., &c.
Also a complete stock of MECHANICS' TOOLS of the most improved English and American manufacture.
Then Come and Examine my Stock,
A duty never shirk it,
And satisfaction will be got
In business with T. BIRKETT.
Don't forget the place—THOS. BIRKETT, Sign of the Anvil, No. 24, Rideau-street.
P. S.—All Goods delivered Free to any part of the city. 408y

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE
WERE AWARDED THEIR 67TH
Prize and Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.
Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.
Great rapidity, Simple Machinery, quiet in action, easy o opera e, price from $47. *Prospectus free, and instructions gratis.*
Sole Agent for Ontario. G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa. and 105 King st., West, Toronto.
The "HOWE" SEWING MACHINES are the best for Carriage Trimmers, Harness Makers, Boot and Shoe Makers, are the best Shuttle Machine for Tailors, Dressmakers, Families, etc., etc. Price from $50. Prospectus free and instructions gratis.
479 43y R. W. STEPHEN, 37 Sparks-street, Ottawa.

GREAT BARGAINS IN DRESS GOODS, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.
NEW STYLE OF DRESS GOODS, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.
FANCY DRESS GOODS AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.
PLAIN GOODS FOR TRAVELLING DRESSES, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.
BAREGE, GRENADINE & LLAMA DRESS GOODS, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S Invite inspection of their Stock.
No. 14, RIDEAU-STREET.
Ottawa, May 30, 1868. 510y

NEW SILK AND DRESS GOODS:
Grant and Henderson
Have just opened out a new lot of
Black and Fancy Silks, Moire-Antiques,
BROCADES, POPLINS, CHALLIS, LUSTRES, &c.
Elegant Goods at Moderate Prices.
Millinery, Mantles, Jackets, Carpets and House Furnishings in great variety, always on hand.
No. 20, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, May 16, 1868. 62'y

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
"CAPITAL" 35, H.
STOVE SUSSEX MEADOWS
DEPOT! St. & CO.

WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall Stoves, for wood or coal we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW OVEN STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
Suitable for private Dwellings and Churches Warehouses and Stores
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
New and most beautiful designs, very cheap.
COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES.
Hot Air Furnaces.
We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE, RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with Stovepipes, &c., at reduced rates.
Lumbermen's Supplies! Lumbermen's Supplies! Shanty Plates! Basins! Camp Kettles, &c.
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS!
Bird Cages! Bird Cages! Bird Cages!
Price Lists sent free on application.
Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending purchasers would do well to note.
An inspection of the above goods invited at the
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, October 2 1867. 62-y

The Ottawa Times.

OTTAWA, TUESDAY, JUNE 8, 1868.

THE GOLD DISTRICT.

[From the Belleville Intelligencer.]

A few notes respecting the operations now going on in the Hastings gold district, may have some general interest at the present moment.

A large quantity of machinery for the Anglo-Saxon Company, reached Belleville last week *en route* for the mine. From the spirit and energy shown by this Company, great results may fairly be anticipated. Their works are to be on a very extensive scale, and are being rapidly driven forward.

The Bay State Company's mill is understood to be all but ready for operations, and will probably commence work on Wednesday next. All persons experienced in mining matters who visit this mill, speak warmly of its probable efficiency. Some of them do not hesitate to characterize it as the best they have met with anywhere. The results actually produced will, however, speak for it in a very few days. In the meantime, much interest is manifested in it by the mining community, from its being the first of that description made in Belleville, and a sample of what the Messrs. Brown can turn out of their foundry; from the care and thought bestowed upon it by its proprietors, chiefly merchants among us; and especially from the fact of its having been constructed under the immediate direction and active supervision of Dr. Otway, whose reputation is bound up in its success.

The Directors of the Richardson Company are still persevering through all their disappointments and discouragements, and doing the very best they can for the development of the rich treasures, which it is to be hoped, will yet reward their steady and praiseworthy efforts. They are now negociating with Mr. Dunstan, whose permanent services and supervision they intend to secure.

It is, however, understood that Mr. Dunstan has engaged first to superintend the removal, and re-erection of the mill which has worked for Messrs. Daniels, Scott & Taylor, and which has just been purchased by the Merchants' Union Mining Company on most favorable terms. As this company have set aside half of their capital stock (namely $25,000) as working capital, and it now appears probable that they will have their works erected and in operation for less than $5,000, the shareholders are looking forward hopefully to a division of $20,000 surplus stock, thus securing four shares free for every five purchased. The Directors talk of immediately adding five new stamps of a stronger construction to those already in use. On the whole this mine is beginning to occupy a prominent place in public opinion.

The Barry Mine, like the Richardson, has its ups and downs. Just now the proprietors have some trouble from finding that their crushing machine works badly, but they also, like their Richardson confreres, seem full of pluck, determined to conquer their difficulties, and are already preparing to erect fresh works.

The country will really be much indebted to these pioneer companies for its future development. Not many, except those actually engaged in the work, are aware of the difficulties and discouragements, with which the promoters have to contend, through which they can scarcely hope to press, unless gifted with an extraordinary amount of pluck, combined with indomitable energy.

A concluding remark may be added. Some amusement was created among the inner ring of outsiders by the quiet yet keen competition between the various parties endeavoring to secure the Scott & Taylor mill. Mr. Daniels, whose name was not often used, but who was really the principal owner, is a New York capitalist, and, after the withdrawal of his partners, found it demanding more attention than he could properly spare for it; he therefore determined to part with it, even though at a great sacrifice. His price was at first $3,000; and one company at least was in treaty for it at $2,500. Difficulties, however, interposed, and parties representing three or four of our leading mining companies were feeling their way, and really, though secretly, competing for it, so far as they thought they could, consistently with keeping down the price; while some private individuals were also trying to purchase it as a good speculation. It was finally secured by Mr. Stevenson, the active agent of the Merchants' Union Mining Company, on terms considerably below those named above, to the apparent surprise and no small chagrin of the various disappointed competitors.

—Weston's pedestrian feats are explained by a statement that *he was once Collector for a newspaper office.* A herd hit at the slow process by which newspaper bills are paid. Gianelli, however, always pays in advance.

—Owing to the law's delay in Indiana, the board of a man imprisoned in one of the county jails for the theft of twenty cents will cost $200 before he can be tried. How much worse would it be were the jailor there required to do what our Mr. Payette has to do three times daily—supply the prisoners with Italian Bitters.

THE BANKS.—At the annual meeting of the Bank of Montreal held on the 1st of June, a dividend of five per cent. for the last half year was declared. The "rest" is now $1,500,000, and Mr. King advises an increase of this "rest," to meet any changes that may take place. The annual report of the City Bank, Montreal, shows the net profits of the past year to be $119,737, which, with the balance previously on hand, made $230,777. Deducting two dividends of 4 per cent., $96,000, the balance at the credit of the reserve fund is $134,777.

—A recent writer has said that no nation bestows less attention on the human hair, than the Americans. If this be said in regard to the oils and greases that are used, then never was greater mistake made. We are pleased to know that a remedial medicinal preparation is now offered in the market. It is not one of those clear colored liquids, whose only merit consists in their beauty, but of intrinsic worth, which cures all diseases of the scalp, restores the hair to its natural color, when grey, and causes new hair to grow where it has fallen out; this is Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer. We speak of its virtues from actual use.—*Northern Gazette.*

118 YEARS OLD.—There is, at the present time, living within two miles of the village of Dunvegan, in the Township of Kenyon, an old lady named McLean, a native of the Isle of Skye, who was born in 1751. She is quite hale and hearty, still assists her daughter and grand-children in their domestic duties, even to going for and milking the cows. She takes as much interest in the latest news as she did one hundred years ago. Our correspondent who sends us this information adds there can be no doubt of its truth, as a party who went to the old country last year referred to the parish register, and found the date of the birth to be as given above.—*Cornwall Freeholder.*

A NEW ENGLISH COLONY.—The English Government have now what may be termed a new colony, to which they have the right by former discovery and recent exploration. It is an Island slightly separated from the continent of Australia, at the north end, and known as Arnheim Island, forming the western edge of the Gulf of Carpentaria. This island was first touched at and marked about two hundred years ago, by the crews of the *Arnheim* and *Peru*. The line of fifteen degrees of south latitude runs through, and its area is as large as that of the two islands of Great Britain and Ireland put together. It has a rich tropical soil, abounds in rivers, and possesses great mineral and vegetable wealth. Capt. Cadell recently explored the island, and he declares it to be capable of sustaining a population of fifty millions of inhabitants.

SERVANT GIRLS ON THE WAY.

The following extracts from a letter written by Miss Rye, to a friend in this country, may be interesting to many of our readers. Miss Rye, who has taken an active part in forwarding the occupation of respectable women to the colonies, is now on the Atlantic with one hundred girls, on their way to this country, whose expenses will be paid as far as Toronto by the Canadian Government. The letter is dated London, May 13:

"It is quite time that (D. V.) I leave Liverpool, in the *Hibernian*, on the 28th of May, for Quebec, bringing with me one hundred working women. For the last seven years I have busied myself in the emigration of women—chiefly to Australia and New Zealand.

"I enclose you a paper by which you will see what I have done for Australia within the last eighteen months. Unfortunately there is a political crisis at Melbourne—so that we can get no more money for sending the women there; at least not for a long time I fear; so as it was quite impossible for me to hope to raise £15 per head, the passage between this and any Austral port. I put myself in communication with the late Mr. Buchanan, your Emigrant Agent. Since first hearing from him, and getting most satisfactory accounts of the state of the labor market in Canada West, I have busied myself to get girls and money to settle one hundred among you. I am thankful to say every one here helps me, and I have quite enough of money for their passage out, and railway to Liverpool, all I am anxious about is help when I land, and money for the girls' passages by rail from Quebec to Toronto. I wish to bring them all as far west as Toronto, if possible."

* * * * * * *

"Nearly all the women are working servants, not more than ten, if so many, dressmakers and needle-women, and I have impressed upon them the necessity of going into service after they land.

"I enclose you my form, which every woman has filled up—my clerk then writes for the characters, and when I tell you, that we have given out three hundred forms for the one hundred women selected for the *Hibernian*, I think you will agree with me that I have done all I can to insure respectable women. I have no Magdellas or reformatory girls in my party (to my knowledge.)

"I have about ten Scotch girls, and tried to get more, but they are hard to move."

Believe me, dear madam,
Yours very faithfully,
(Signed,) MARIA S. RYE.

AN INCIDENT IN VAN DIEMAN'S LAND

A writer in *Cassell's Magazine*, reciting his recollections of Van Dieman's Land, tells this story of two old convicts:—"While in Victoria, in 1859, I came in contact with two men who were splitting posts and rails in the bush for railway purposes, who had been transported from England, either to New South Wales or Van Dieman's Land, upwards of forty years before, during the reign of George the Third. They had become fast friends on the outward passage, and had worked together ever since they obtained their freedom. They were a pair of old bachelors, each about seventy years of age; but wiry and active to a wonderful degree, living very simply and abstemiously, except when the monthly settlement day arrived, when they invariably got drunk for two or three days. During one of these bouts they quarrelled and dissolved partnership; but they could not remain long asunder—they were perfectly miserable; so before many days passed I had the satisfaction of seeing the venerable Damon reunited to the equally venerable Pythias. So long a time had elapsed since these old gentlemen had left England, and they had led such a secluded life since they had arrived in the colonies, that they were totally ignorant of all modern inventions and discoveries, and when a locomotive engine arrived from Melbourne, they displayed as much wonder as if they had been Ancient Britons."

POISONED. Two men took arsenic, one immediately applied for an antidote, took it and recovered, the other took nothing and died. We may view the seeds of disease in the same light, for they are equally poisonous, and unless they are removed will also prove fatal; they float in the blood and choke up the delicate ducts of the liver, lungs, stomach, kidneys, &c., thereby producing disease; and to remove them there is nothing equal to the Great Shoshonees Remedy, for it not only purifies the blood but also cures diseases of these organs.

HEALTH IS STRENGTH.—To prevent or conquer disease is one of the grandest attainments ever aimed at by man; and Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers will as sure by cure coughs, colds, tickling in the throat and pulmonary complaints, as war and pestilence will destroy. Severe colds if not attended to sooner or later lead to incurable consumption, and the strength of the strongest soon fails if neglected. The readiest and best means known for the cure of these complaints is "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers," which have been thoroughly tried for the last twenty years, and have never been known to fail. Singers and public speakers will also derive great benefit from the use of them. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts. per box.

NOT QUITE SO.—"It is among the most savage and debased tribes only that the condition and comfort of the horse have been neglected;" but we believe there are many in civilized countries who are guilty of the same neglect, and without the excuse of the former; here all may avail themselves of the use of an article which has done more than anything else heretofore known to improve the condition and relieve the suffering of the horse. Those who will not use it will be the losers, their horses the sufferers, to avoid both use "Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and Condition Medicine," and you will be satisfied with the result. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.*, is on each package. *Northrup & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY.—At the last Paris Exhibition, a patent machine for sharpening mill stones, attracted a good deal of attention. The invention, like most other valuable discoveries, is as simple as it is effective. It consists of a spindle or small wheel about an inch in diameter, connected with a frame, to which is fixed a black diamond similar to a glasier's diamond. A man attends the machine, and directs by the hand the longitudinal and lateral movement of the diamond in its operations. The fine lines it cuts are more expeditiously and better executed than could be accomplished by the old and somewhat rough way of sharpening by picks. Owing to the exactness of lines the flour is more equally ground, and a greater quantity of flour is produced from a given quantity of wheat. This machine has been introduced in England and has been found to be practically all that was represented. The saving effected by the application of the patent, combining the saving of labor, the increased quantity and superior quality of the flour manufactured, is variously estimated at from 25 to 50 cents per bag. Of this, however, there is no positive certainty, but the following facts have been proved by actual experiment: That the manual labor of sharpening the stone is reduced one-fourth, and that the total saving effected is upwards of $17 per week on every pair of stones, or nearly $900 per annum. In this country where the price of skilled labor is much higher, the saving would be greater. Surely it is worthy the attention of our intelligent and enterprising millers.—*Hamilton Spectator.*

MAGEE AND RUSSELL's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

THE RECIPROCITY TREATY.—The American press do not seem to be at all satisfied whether the Reciprocity Treaty is beneficial or a detriment to the prosperity of the American Government, but it is gratifying to see that on some points the United States press and the Canadians agree, and one is that the Canadian Pain Destroyer is the best thing for the cure of coughs, colds, frost-bites, rheumatism, &c. Sold by all medicine dealers at twenty-five cents per bottle.

THE COAL TRADE OF NOVA SCOTIA.

Some attention has lately been given this subject in Ontario, owing to the demand of the Halifax coal owners that the Dominion should place an import duty upon American coal, and the lectures of Mr. Haliburton, which referred largely to this matter. The Halifax *Express*—a well-written newspaper—in discussing the prospects of a new Reciprocity Treaty, touches upon the coal trade; and we quote from its article:—

"The amount of our exports both of fish and coal to the United States has been steadily diminishing, and at the present moment the trade in the last mentioned article is in a state of complete prostration. For this the coal owners have to some extent at least to thank their own false confidence and want of foresight. They kept on declaring that the States *must* take their coal, they could not help themselves, and therefore held on, keeping up old prices. But the gas companies of New England and New York refused to take Nova Scotia coal at the price the proprietors insisted on having, and finding no disposition to come to terms, they altered their furnaces to fit them for using Anthracite. Then we believe the reduction was made, but unfortunately it was too late to be of much use. There is one fact which we in Nova Scotia will have to learn, and that is, that if we are to have a trade, and be able to compete successfully with other nations, we must be satisfied with smaller profits than we have been hitherto exacting. Three dollars a ton for coal at the pit's mouth is too high a price altogether, much higher than in England, where the seams are generally speaking not one-third the thickness, and miners' wages are at least equally high. We can only command a market by offering a good article at as least as low a price as our neighbors. It is no doubt a vastly pleasant thing to possess a monopoly and to make enormous dividends, but the great drawback is that this state of matters is certain not to last. The higher the profit the greater becomes the risk, and we may rest assured that it will induce competition from some quarter that will very soon interfere with it. It so happens that Nova Scotia has seams from 20 to 30 feet in thickness, and at no great depth below the surface. This, joined to the fact that nearly all the mines are close to navigable water, ought of itself to give an advantage sufficient to command a fair market. We do not pretend to speak with the confidence of practical knowledge or experience, but are firmly convinced that coal of the finest quality, thoroughly screened, might be sold in Nova Scotia at $1 50 or at the utmost $2 per ton, and a moderate and certain profit be secured. The high duty placed upon our coal puts us at a very serious disadvantage in competing with the great coal fields of Pennsylvania. The duty was imposed with that object, and gave the coal owners of that State great encouragement to endeavor to supplant us in the New England market. They lowered the price of their coal, and the railway companies also lowered their freight. Our coal owners looked on with a kind of supercilious contempt, while their business was being ruined. They folded their arms, and in lofty accents stated that they could afford to sacrifice one season, and that these people would soon tire of selling coal at a loss—they would not lower their price, not they; and now they see the fruit of their selfishness and folly. The Pennsylvania proprietors may have sold, perhaps, at a small profit, or none at all, but by doing so they have secured a great market, and left us out in the cold. Our policy, or to speak more definitely, the policy of the coal mining companies in this Province, should have been the determination to keep the market they had at all hazards, and to have sold without profit rather than have endangered it."

This is plain speaking from a quarter which is entitled to be heard. To compensate for their own want of the necessary forethought the Nova Scotia coal owners did not hesitate to ask that the people of Ontario should be taxed for their advantage; for, as they are by far the largest importers of Pennsylvania and Ohio coal, it is they who would have to pay the tax. There seems to us no reason why the Nova Scotia men should not set to work at once and undersell the States in Ontario. Of course they cannot do this if they demand exorbitant profits, but we think they could do it if they would only be satisfied with a fair remuneration for their labor and the investment of their capital.—*Leader.*

LIQUID FUEL.

The paper on "Liquid Fuel," read by Dr. Paul at the Society of Arts was chiefly devoted to a consideration of the heat producing power of various kinds of fuel; and in comparing them with petroleum, paraffin oil, and the "dead oil" of the gas tar refiner, sometimes called creosote or napthalin oil, he showed that as the latter could only produce such a larger amount of heat than ordinarily good steam coal would produce, that they were in this respect about forty per cent. better than coal. He further showed that the conditions under which fuel is ordinarily used involve a waste of the heat actually produced, amounting to upwards of twenty-five per cent., and that in the case of coal there was a still further waste. Allowing for all these circumstances, he considered that the duty obtained with coal in steam navigation does not generally exceed about eight pounds of steam produced for each pound of coal consumed, and that the composition of the hydrocarbon oils proposed to be used as liquid fuel justified the conclusion that they could effect a nearly two-fold duty, inasmuch as they could now be completely burned without waste. This maximum difference, which would enable a vessel supplied with liquid fuel to steam twice as long as she could with an equal quantity of coal, is, in Dr. Paul's opinion, only to be taken advantage of in certain exceptional classes, since he estimates the value of such oil would be about £5 per ton, which for a given duty, would make this fuel about three times as expensive as coal is now. He concluded by suggesting that it was the province of the merchant or naval engineer to take up the subject at this stage, and for them to determine whether, with the relations of steam-producing power the cost of which had been stated, there were circumstances under which liquid fuel would be more advantageous than coal, since that was entirely a question as to the advantage gained being worth the greater cost. Hence there appears to be no prospect of that total revolution in steam navigation and reconstruction of our navy which was anticipated by the *Times* (just before April 8, 1864) as an imminent result of the introduction of petroleum as fuel. In the discussion which followed, Capt. Selwyn, R.N., stated that he was engaged for the Admirality in applying the use of liquid fuel to vessels, and he maintained that a very much greater duty had been obtained with liquid fuel than that stated in the paper as its maximum capability.

INTERESTING CEREMONIES.—On Friday evening the Wesleyan Methodist Church on Sydenham-st., was crammed with a large and attentive audience to witness the ordination of the young ministers, nine in number, proposed to be accepted into the ministry. The floor was occupied principally by the clergymen in attendance on the Conference, and the galleries were crowded to excess with church people. Standing room was not to be obtained, at any sacrifice, the crowd was so great. The young ministers related their experiences, after which the Rev. Mr. Punshon, President, addressed them most eloquently. His address was listened to with marked attention, and appreciated as such gifted oratory should be appreciated. The Rev. Dr. Taylor also made an eloquent address. The proceedings lasted until a very late hour. An interesting occurrence has also taken place which will increase the good feeling existing between the Conferences in Session in this city. The Synod of the Church of Scotland in Canada appointed a deputation, consisting of the Rev. Dr. Cook, Rev. Dr. Urquhart, Rev. Kenneth MacLennan, Alex. Morris, M. P., and James Croil, Esq., to exchange fraternal greetings with the Wesleyan Methodist Conference. This deputation was received in a very kindly manner on Saturday morning, and the Wesleyan Conference appointed a committee of their own to return the compliment, which was composed of the Revds. Dr. Green, Dr. Taylor, Dr. Nelles, J. Borland and G. Douglass. These compliments will tend to the happiest results, and assist much in producing harmony between the two churches.—*Kingston Whig.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

A Puppy Lost—$2 Reward.
A Rare Chance in Dry Goods—Ansell & Michael.
Auction Sale of Furniture—H. McLean.
Professional Notice—P. J. Buckley.
Auction Sale of Furniture—A. Rowe.

The Ottawa Times

TUESDAY, JUNE 9, 1868.

As already stated, His Excellency the Governor-General and family, leave to-morrow for Spencer Wood.

We understand that the Civil Service Commission, to which we alluded on a former occasion, will be appointed in the course of a day or two, and enter at once on its duties.

The Western papers have been indulging in all sorts of rumors lately respecting Government appointments to judicial and other offices. It is quite natural that these should vary in degrees of absurdity; but we think the climax is reached in that which assigns to the Hon. Mr. Macdougall the Judgeship of the County of York.

We have noticed that report has also busied itself with Mr. Macdougall's name in connection with another vacant office—that of the Collectorship of Toronto, which will doubtless be filled up on the return of the Minister of Customs to the capital—and in this case, too, it has been just as much at fault. It may be as well to state that the reasons which induced the Hon. Minister of Public Works to enter the Government under Sir John A. Macdonald on the first day of July last are equally applicable now to his continuing in office. It has surprised us that any thought of his retirement in the absence of all political necessity for such a step should have been seriously entertained by newspaper writers, who are presumed to have considerable knowledge of public affairs, and since we see the announcement reiterated, it appears time to give it its *quietus*. Though a good deal has been accomplished since the formation of the Government, there is yet much work of a preliminary character to be gone through before it can be said to have fulfilled its mission; and since Mr. Macdougall has so prominently identified himself with the project for the incorporation of the great Northwest Territory with the Dominion of Canada, it is naturally to be expected that he should assist in carrying it to completion. Besides, we know of no reason, personal or political, which would lead the Minister of Public Works to seek retirement from public life at the present juncture, and fancy that none have been more surprised than himself at the offices which have from time to time been assigned him.

The Quebec Morning *Chronicle* of Saturday calls attention, editorially, to the condition of some German immigrants recently landed at that port, and publishes a letter from Mr. Pemberton, acting Prussian Consul, giving a melancholy picture of their circumstances, "the women faint and exhausted; the children sickly and crying; and the men dejected and hopeless." This is a sad picture, and an appeal is made to the Dominion Government on their behalf. The Montreal *Gazette* of yesterday has a similar story to tell regarding a number of the same class of immigrants lying at "the tanneries," and on their behalf, it is said, assistance had been applied for at the Montreal Emigration Agency, but refused, "owing to strict orders received from Ottawa."

We received the journals mentioned too late yesterday afternoon to enable us to make any enquiries here as to the true state of the case; but may it not be that these passengers from Hamburg and Bremen merely touch at Quebec and Montreal *en route* for the Western States? And if so, why should the Dominion Government be called upon to provide their passage through? We should be sorry to say a word that would prejudice the claims of these strangers to such assistance as their necessities require, but we cannot in all seriousness, support the idea that the Government of Canada is bound in any way to forward settlers to the Western States, who, for reasons of economy, and perhaps, from some little inkling of Canadian generosity in former times, have chosen the St. Lawrence as the most convenient route by which to reach their Western homes.

If they are *bona fide* intending settlers in Canada, then the appeal should be made at once on their behalf to the Local Bureaus of Quebec and Ontario to supplement the shortcomings of the agencies of the Dominion. It is clear that neither at Quebec nor at Montreal can the Canadian officers exceed their instructions on behalf of these destitute Germans; but if they are to become settlers in either of the Provinces their case is a fitting one for urgent representation at the Provincial Emigration Departments. In the Western Province there are many prosperous German settlements, with the leading men of which communication should be opened at once, and, no doubt, remunerative employment could be got for large numbers of them, probably for all that may come; but we do not see the justice of coming down upon the General Government for their rations for a week or two, and their passage to the other side of the lines. Mr. Pemberton says these immigrants are all willing to settle in Canada; if so their wants and wishes should at once be made known to the Local Governments, whose duty and interest it would be to have them transported to the places where they would be the most likely to secure employment.

The *Leader*, with justifiable satisfaction, points to the steady and substantial progress of Toronto, and the large increase which has recently taken place in the number of its wholesale business firms. It is not unlikely that it is quite true, as our contemporary says, that Toronto has done a more healthy western business than Montreal, for it is well known that the latter city has an army of travelling agents continually employed throughout the towns and villages of the west, pushing the wares of the wholesale merchants on to the retail dealers, who in turn are compelled to push them on their customers, and the consequences are that more goods are bought than are really wanted, and more sold than can well be paid for. That the usual decennial crisis did not come last year, is, perhaps, due less to the increased sagacity of business men, or the greater prudence of the public, than to causes of an exceptional character, over which neither the business men nor the public of Canada had any control. There has been, not only a succession of good harvests as mentioned by the *Leader*, which circumstance of itself tends to stave off the consequences of undue expansion, but there has been a continuance of high prices for grain, hitherto unexampled in duration. In those localities especially where grain is about the only considerable item of export it will be no wonder to any one that with good crops the community should be prosperous while in the receipt of more than double the price for wheat, which they received four or five years ago. It is, we think, in the high prices which have ruled for the past two years for all kinds of produce, and in the great demand for live stock to supply the waste of the American war, that we should mainly seek for the causes which have tended to tide the commercial community of Canada so successfully over the past year, in spite of some disturbing influences of a financial character, and the general tendency to come once in a while to a sudden halt, such as that predicted by those whom the *Leader* calls the "Cummingites of commerce."

We do not hold that these crises should necessarily return once in ten years, or at any given period; but it does appear that it is necessary that they should sometimes come to check the spirit of overtrading that almost invariably follows a few years of uninterrupted prosperity. Thus, we believe, that only for the causes mentioned above, and for which we cannot thank ourselves, the "straightened money market" would have led to something very little short of a repetition of the disasters of '57, but the present condition of affairs, and the re-awakening of a more cautious spirit, of which there are not wanting many symptoms, may hold the commerce of the country on a sound footing, so long as Providence shall bless the country with abundant harvests, and save the people from extravagance. It is not reassuring, however, to see so much of the extra price received for last year's crop, converted into expensive articles of millinery for the adornment of the farmers' daughters in all the glare and style of fashionable city belles. The people have a spirit which keeps progress with their prosperity, and should a single bad harvest, accompanied by a heavy fall in prices, take place, we very much fear it would be found that the "Cummingites of commerce" would only be out of date, without being wrong as to the event.

Happily the harvest prospects were never better, and from the much larger area of land under cultivation, which there is little doubt has increased in a greater ratio than the population, there is every reason to count upon a greatly increased quantity of breadstuffs for export. But will prices rule at last year's figures? This is extremely doubtful. It is far more likely that grain will from this time tend downwards in the direction of the ruling figures of a few years ago, and prudence would suggest in the absence of reasons to justify a contrary course that while the agricultural community may safely calculate upon an equal or a better yield of grain than last year, they should also be prepared to accept a lower price for it. Nor would it be unwise on the part of commercial men, dependent for the success of their operations to a great extent on remittances from the "back country," to consider whether there is any real ground for believing that the capacity to pay will be greater next winter than it was last. There is no present indication of its being very largely increased, as the probability of a decline in prices ought to balance the probability of an increased crop.

Col. Ford, Commanding Royal Engineers in Canada, accompanied by Lieut. Glancy, arrived in this city yesterday afternoon.

LOCAL NEWS.

For jams and jellies go to Bate & Co., 52, Spark-st. 762d

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

A. Swalwell, Chief Undertaker for Ottawa, Sparks-st., Centre Town. 750tf

Bog Oak Jewellery.—Very handsome sets of bog oak jewellery can be had at Young & Radford's, at $1 per set.

I. P. B. S.—We are requested to remind the members of the Irish Protestant Benevolent Society of the meeting to-night, in the rooms of the Society, over Thomas Isaacs' hardware store. (Entrance on Metcalf street.) Business of importance will be submitted.

The McGee Testimonial Fund.—A meeting of the collectors of the above fund was held yesterday afternoon in the city clerk's office. The subscription lists are not complete but are expected to be so in a day or two, when the treasurer's statement will be published.

Cows, Horses, and Pigs.—Owners of these animals should know that by the city by-laws cows are allowed to run at large from the 15th of April to the 15th of June, but their owners are liable for trespass should they commit any. Horses and pigs are not allowed to run at large, and any of those animals found at large may be impounded.

Lecture To-Night.—Remember the lecture of Rev. Mr. O'Farrell this evening, at the Cathedral, on the Supremacy of the Pope. Mr. O'Farrell's reputation as an orator was indisputably established by his eloquent oration at the funeral of the lamented Mr. McGee. The proceeds of the lecture are to go to the poor.

The Moonlight Excursion.—The steamer *Queen* left her wharf last night on the O. U. R. moonlight excursion on the river. About one hundred couples left in her. Gowan's band were on board, and Frederick's waggons went down loaded with good things to eat and drink, and all necessary preparations were made for the great enjoyment of the party, and it served them right for they are jolly fellows everyone.

Police Court.—Maxwell Smith, drunk and disorderly, fined $3 and costs.—Francois Riopel, Narcisse Carpentier, Antoine Larocque and Francis Groulx, were fined $1 dollar each and costs for allowing their pigs to run at large.—Alexis Trudeau *vs.* Margaret Hilliard for trespass. It was stated in evidence that Mrs. Hilliard attacked the house for the purpose of making a seizure for rent. The Police Magistrate thought he had no jurisdiction where a question of right was to be tried, but he would adjourn the case till Thursday, and in the meantime would look the matter up.

For a choice selection of pickles, sauces, &c., go to Bate & Co., 52 Spark st. 762d

THE SCHOOLS.

THE MAYOR'S VISIT TO THE SEPARATE SCHOOLS.

On Friday last the Mayor, accompanied by Father Guillard, Local Superintendent of Separate Schools, and R. H. McGreevy, Esq., chairman of the Board, visited the Roman Catholic Schools of the city.

The day was a very disagreeable one, for it rained incessantly during the whole day, and seemed to work a general depression of spirits in door as well as out. The schools, therefore, were seen to some disadvantage, and besides the time is altogether too short to visit half a dozen schools in two or three hours, and we should advise His Worship to devote at least two days to his next visit, and that will be hardly enough.

The first school visited was

ST. BRIDGET'S SCHOOL, UPPER TOWN.

This school is situate in Wellington-street, and taught by the Nuns. All the pupils are girls. The French section comprises seventy scholars, divided into four classes, and the branches taught are reading, writing, arithmetic and geography. The principal teacher is Sister Vigan. The English section is taught by Sister Burns. The names on the roll number 62; average attendance 40. The ordinary branches of reading, writing, arithmetic and geography are taught. The school rooms are kept clean and tolerably well ventilated, but there is no playground.

THE UPPER TOWN SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

This school is taught by Mr. Louis Tasse, assisted by Mr. J. Macauley. There are 123 names on the roll, and the average attendance is 70. One-third of the boys are French. Both languages, and the usual elementary branches are taught, including bookkeeping. The fourth book is the highest in English, and the Testament in French. The building is not at all suitable as a school. The ceiling is altogether too low to be healthy, and a family lives overhead whose noise interferes with study.

Most of the scholars in both the Upper Town R. C. Schools reside on Ashburnham Hill and at LeBreton's Flats.

THE CHRISTIAN BROTHERS' SCHOOL.

This school is situate in Murray-st. It is a large brick edifice built by the Bishop, and rented to the Board on very low terms.

The 1st class is taught in both languages by Bro. Andre. The pupils are also instructed in geometry and algebra.

The 2nd French class is taught by Bro. Nivald, the roll contains 80 names, and the average attendance is 60.

The 1st English class is taught by Bro. Owen in the usual elementary branches, including mensuration and algebra. The use of the globes is also taught.

The 2nd English class is taught by Bro. Coleman. The roll contains 70 names, and the average attendance is 64.

The 3rd English class is taught by Bro. Filbert. Contains 127 names on the roll, and the average attendance is 110.

The 3rd junior French class is taught by Bro. Nazarin, presents a roll of 150 names with an average attendance of 120.

THE SISTERS' SCHOOL, LOWER TOWN.

This is situate on the corner of Murray and Cumberland-sts. It is a good stone building erected some years ago by the Bishop. The money being given by the friends of a man named Finch, formerly of Ottawa, and who went to Valparaiso, where after amassing a fortune he died; his relatives having no means of recovering the property applied to the Bishop, who obtained it for them. And out of gratitude, they handed over a portion of it to his lordship, who applied it to the building of this school house, which we believe the Separate School Board have rent free.

The 1st French class is taught by Sister Martineau. Its roll contains 49 names, and its average attendance is 45. All the pupils are French. The usual elementary branches are taught, and the room is furnished with maps. Everything is very clean, neat and orderly, and these remarks apply to the whole school.

The 2nd French class is taught by Sister Fetre. The names on the roll are 100; average attendance 90. The room in which this class is taught is much too small.

The 1st English class, taught by Sister Mullen, has on its roll 67 names, with an average attendance of 45. The ordinary branches are taught, the fourth book being the highest.

The 2nd English class taught, by Sister Ryan, has on its roll 125 names, with an average attendance of 83, 17 of them being orphans from the asylum.

The 3rd French class is taught by Sister Martin, assisted by Sister Rosa. Roll 207 names; average attendance 150. Many of these children are far too young to be confined in school, and are sent merely for the convenience. Everything in the building is scrupulously clean and orderly.

ST. GEORGE'S WARD BOYS' SCHOOL.

This school is kept in a wretched hovel, and totally unfit for the purposes of a school It is dingy and dirty; the plaster is off the walls, the ceiling low, dirt is everywhere visible, and everything is disgusting. The sooner the Board of Trustees can get the boys out of it the better. There are 88 names on the roll, and the average attendance is 60.

With the exception of one of these schools there seems to be no such thing as a recess known; but little children of four years old, and of all the ages up from that to fourteen and fifteen, boys and girls, are kept fettered to their forms and desks, and stretched on the rack of decorum for three mortal hours at a time, twice a day, with the bare intermission of one hour at noon for eating their dinner, between the morning and afternoon sessions. This shews on the part of teachers, or on the part of those who govern the schools, an entire ignorance of the laws that govern the human organization.

Even without study the confinement in ill-ventilated and insufficiently lighted rooms, which are also generally much too small, would be incompatible with healthy action. But when study and good conduct, the latter meaning stillness and silence, are added to their imprisonment, the interference with their corporeal functions is so great that derangement of both body and mind may justly be apprehended, and will be sure to result from a protracted education upon principles so directly opposed to the laws of our being. By all means give the children an intermission of at least twenty minutes in each session, and it will result in more and better school work, and more bodily vigor. This is not a new theory; it has been proved in Europe and in the United States, and should at least be tried here.

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

Fine coral jewellery, bog oak jewellery and a large collection of other goods suitable for wedding and other presents can be seen at Young & Radford's; all new and choice goods and will be sold cheap.

Carpets and House Furnishings.—Garland Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality. They have just received a large stock and invite the attention of parties furnishing to it. Purchasers will find their stock in this department second to none in Ottawa 582-y

Messrs. Young & Radford having secured the services of first-class working jewellers in etruscan, filagree, plain, fancy and solid gold work, and having made large additions to their work shop are now better prepared to execute any orders with which they may be entrusted than heretofore. Masonic jewels gold and silver medals, and every kind of gold and silver work done on the shortest possible notice. Remember the place, 30 Sparks-st., and encourage home manufacture.

Latest by Telegraph.

FROM TORONTO.

Convocation of the Toronto University—Gold Medal of the Law Society—County Council—York Roads Toll Gates Re-let.

Special to THE TIMES.

Toronto, June 8, 1868.

The Convocation of the Toronto University was held to-day. Lieut.-Governor Stisted was present. He was received by a guard of honor at the building, and occupied a seat on the dais throughout the proceedings. The annual dinner is to be held to-night.

The gold medal in the faculty of law was won by W. P. R. Street.

The County Council met to-day.

The toll gates on the York roads, except two, were re-let for $17.310; if the other two bring as much as last year, $27,660 will be the proceeds this year.

CABLE NEWS

(*Via* Montreal Line.)

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Berlin, June 7.—Count Von Bismarck urged the adoption by the nations of Europe and America of treaties establishing a uniform international system for measurement of the tonnage and capacity of shipping. He proposes the English method of measurement as the best basis for such a system, but suggests that it be modified by the application of the meterical principle. The North German Confederation is prepared to open negotiations with foreign Governments on this subject.

St. Petersburg, June 7.—The Emperor of Russia has issued an ukase setting free all persons of foreign birth now exiled to Siberia, and all natives of Russian Poland who are sentenced to less than twenty years exile.

Brussels, June 7.—*Le Nord* newspaper asserts that the opinion widely prevails in Paris that war will break out in Europe before the close of next autumn.

Vienna, June 7.—His Imperial Highness Prince Napoleon has arrived here from Baden. He was received by the Emperor Francis Joseph, with whom he held a close consultation. The object of the Prince's mission is unknown. The Chamber of Deputies of the Lower House of the Reichsrath has voted to fund all the different forms of National indebtedness, with the exception of lottery obligations, placing the rate of interest at five per cent. per annum, and imposing a heavy tax on coupons.

Arrivals Out.

Glasgow, June 7.—The *Britannia* arrived yesterday.

Southampton, June 7.—The *Saxonia* arrived this morning.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Paris, June 8.—The great event of the Paris races occurred yesterday, the race was for the grand prize of Paris, and the gift of the Emperor, and 100,000 francs; the second to receive $2,000; and the third $1,000. The Emperor, Empress, and Prince Imperial, Count de Flanders and wife were present. Scarcely any interest was shown, owing to the probable success of the favorite horses. The *Earl* won, beating *Suzerain, Hallroyal* and *Blue Skin.*

AMERICAN NEWS.

Via Montreal Line.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Entertainment to the Chinese Embassy.

Washington, June 5.—Secretary Seward gave a brilliant entertainment to the Chinese Embassy last evening.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

From Mexico.

Havana, June 8.—Numerous insurrections are reported; one band in Queretaro proclaiming in favor of Santa Anna. General Negret had routed in the Chichiquila mountains, the troops commanded by Gen. Vulecz, and others. Numerous skirmishes had taken place with Rivero's troops, who had pronounced against Juarez, and several prisoners had been taken by the regulars. The revenue of the Mexican Republic for the coming year, from duties and taxes, is estimated at $18,000,000. A subscription had been granted the Seangroniz railway. Batanzeo had pronounced against Juarez as President, proclaiming Porfiario Dios as President. He was routed, and his adherents put to flight.

Several Persons Poisoned.

Memphis, June 8.—A number of persons in White County, Arkansas, have been poisoned by eating mulberries on which locusts had deposited their eggs. Several have died.

A Tobacco and Cigar Factory Burned.

New Haven, June 8.—The tobacco storehouse and cigar factory of Col. Ellsworth Phelps, at Windsor, was destroyed by fire late on Sunday evening. Loss heavy. Insurance not known.

A Letter from Japan.

New York, June 8.—A Japan letter, of April 28, states that stringent orders in reference to attacks on foreigners have been issued, making high officials, so offending, liable to loss of caste without the honor of Hara-kari. The envoy plenipotentiary of the Mikado had orders to raise Yeddo to the ground. A proposition is reported to be under consideration by the Mikado to open the entire country to trade and travel.

McClellan and the Presidency.

The *Herald* this morning says if it is decided in the Democratic Convention to take a soldier as the standard bearer, there is no doubt but that McClellan will be the choice of the Democrats.

Union Men Complain of Want of Justice in New Orleans.

Despatches received here from New Orleans say that the Union men complain bitterly that while Capt. Packard has been arrested, and is to be tried by a Military Commission, for attempting to discharge the duties imposed on him by the new Constitution, hundreds of rebels, who are believed to have murdered Union men, are allowed to walk the streets unmolested by the military authorities.

Senator Grimes enters a Libel Suit against the "Tribune."

The *Sun's* Washington despatch says that Senator Grimes' friends state that it is the intention of that gentleman to enter a suit against the New York *Tribune* for libel. The suit against the *Tribune* will be based upon a charge in the *Tribune* that he voted for the acquittal of the President under corrupt influences.

A Virtual Repeal of the Reciprocity Treaty with Canada.

Washington, June 8.—In the House of Representatives to-day, a Bill was introduced by Mr. Beamen, and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means, to regulate trade on the northern frontier, which is a virtual repeal of the Reciprocity Treaty with Canada.

Arrival of an Excursion Party.

Omaha, June 7.—The Methodist excursion party has arrived back from the mountain excursion safely to-day.

Indian Outrages.

St. Louis, June 8.—Montana papers report that the Indians are stealing stock in Missouri valley. Two soldiers were killed by them in sight of Camp Reeves, and also fired into a steamer. Father Desmah and Gen. Terry were urging peace upon the Sioux at Fort Rill. The Indians say they don't care for peace, but want ammunition.

The Flag Ship Contoocook.

New York, June 8.—A St. Thomas letter of the 4th ult. says that the flag ship *Contoocook*, by the assistance of two French war steamers, had got off rocks at Gaudelupe, and is expected at St. Thomas soon.

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

For soups and potted meats go to Bate & Co., 52 Spark-st. 762d

UNION ST. JOSEPH D'OTTAWA.

At the half yearly elections, the following members were appointed office-bearers:—Olivier Durocher, President; J. J. Fink, 1st Vice President; A. Frechette, 2nd Vice-President; F. Rochon, Secretary; C. Bordeleau, Assistant Secretary; O. Pinard, Librarian; U. Peltier, Treasurer; L. A. Rocque, Collector do.; M. Boyle, Assistant do.; L. Paiement, Marshal.

F. Rochon,
Secretary U.St.J.O.

Tenth Report of the Managing Committee, ending the 1st May, 1868:

Received for contributions and fines		$455 69½
Paid to widows	$117 00	
do sick members	80 00	
do ordinary expenses	48 21½	
Deposited in bank during the last six months	166 00	
In the hands of Treasurer	44 48	
		$455 69½

REAL ASSETS OF THE SOCIETY.

Deposits at the bank	$886 22
In the hands of the Treasurer	44 48
Furniture and decorations	530 72
Due for admission	61 50
do monthly contributions	19 25
do Society's holyday	14 10
do St. Jean Baptiste	11 00
do monthly fines	25 85
do funeral fines	28 50
do M. Committee fines	3 30
	$1,634 92

The Society is composed of two hundred and fifty-five members; twenty-six have been admitted during the last six months.

O. Durocher,
President.
F. Rochon,
Secretary.

Ottawa, 5th May, 1868.

CATTLE AT LARGE.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Sir,—I observe in the Times of to-day a letter signed "Sufferer," who seems to think it very hard that his cows when found at large in the public streets, or trespassing upon private property, should be put in the pound.

Now, I think, the *owners* of these animals have certainly no right to complain, but the public at large undoubtedly have. You cannot go to any part of the city where will you not find cattle straying; only the other day some person was chased by a bull in the vicinity of Ashburnham Hill, and a short time before that, a bull gave chase to some children on the common at the end of Daly-st.

Why should people who keep cows turn them out to pick up a living at the expense of the public. "A Sufferer" seems to think the public have no right to complain, but that it is their duty to secure fences, gates, &c. shut up the entrance to the public buildings, I suppose, and surrender the streets and sidewalks for the use of cattle keepers. It so happens that even the precaution of shutting your gates won't keep out of your grounds some of these animals. I have seen a cow twice deliberately try with her horns to open a gate, and on the second trial succeeded, and had she not been seen at the moment the labour of the season would have been destroyed in ten minutes.

Not a day passes but cattle may be seen in the cemeteries, on the Government square, and in other places where they are equally out of place, and I do sincerely hope the Corporation will deal with this question, and effectually too, so that a stop may be put to this nuisance, and the public may know whether the streets are for their use or for cattle walks.

Yours, Another Sufferer.

Ottawa, June 8.

THE "WEEDING-OUT" PROCESS REVIVED.

An Extensive Operator.

Toronto for some time has been barren of criminal operations of prominence; nothing in the way of a robbery of an extensive kind has occurred among us for months, and people, with the good nature that invariably shows itself under such circumstances, concluded that crime was on the ebb and our city free from these pests of society, the cost of surveillance over which is such a heavy item in our municipal expenditure. Facts that lately came to light tended in a degree to dispel the illusion as far as the police were concerned, but it was not till yesterday that matters exhibited the phase in which they are now presented. Within the past month Messrs. Johnston, Livingston & Co., a firm lately started in the wholesale dry goods trade, on Yonge-st., above Wellington, missed a quantity of clothing from their store. The case was so mysterious as to afford no clue whatever to the thief, and beyond starting a few surmises in an entirely wrong direction, nothing was done. The thefts continued, however, more goods were missed, but the mode of their going was as inexplicable as before. Giving information to the police, Detective Sheahan was posted on the circumstances, but failed to obtain the slightest indication of either the robber or the goods, so adroitly was the thing managed. On Friday week the first inkling of how the goods were disposed of was obtained by Mr. Johnson, a member of the firm, who in going up Yonge street, saw a quantity of half-made clothing suspended in front of a second-hand store. He recognized them, but failed to obtain any information as to the party from whom they were purchased. Meanwhile the store was again entered. Between Saturday night and Monday morning, the appearance inside showed that the store was again opened, and several rolls of cloths and suits of clothes stolen. Detective Sheahan was again sent for to the store on Monday afternoon, and was examining the case, when the second-hand dealer, with a man named Thomas Harrison in charge, entered the establishment. The latter had been again at the clothes dealer's with a further supply, when being recognized, acting on instructions, Harrison was brought to the store. This was the man undoubtedly, as the goods in his possession, together with the suit he then wore, were recognized. But the possibility of his having been alone at a "job" which relieved the store of upwards of $500 worth of clothing was thought to be absurd, and efforts were made, though without success, to discover his accomplices. None such could be discovered, and the prisoner was fully committed on Tuesday last to the Recorder's Court, where the trial took place yesterday. A stout defence was made, but he was found guilty, and sentenced to the Penitentiary. The culprit realising that he had been caught, then confessed all. Obtaining an audience with Mr. Johnston, he volunteered to state the mode by which the goods were abstracted, informing the owner that he was alone in the business. This was doubted until he explained his mode of working. About a month ago, it appears from his statement, he went into the store, stole the key from the front door, and in about an hour replaced it, after having secured an exact copy. With this he was accustomed to enter the shop in the mornings and evenings, but invariably during sunlight, dress himself in three or four suits, place a roll of goods inside his coat, and walk down the street undetected. This he did two or three times a week, until his stock became quite extensive. The pardonable curiosity of the owner as to where the goods were was satisfied by the statement that after taking them he proceeded to some spot secure from observation, where he disrobed and hid his superfluous garments. As the goods would be worthless by the time he hoped to return, he volunteered to state where they were, and for that purpose Detective Sheahan and the convicted man made a trip to several places indicated in a cab. In a lumber-yard opposite the Queen's Hotel they found several suits of clothes and one or two webs of cloth, the same at a lumber-yard on Yonge-st., and a wood-yard on Queen-st. and other places, until when returning the vehicle became so full that both had to get out and walk. The case was absolutely one of the most peculiar that for a long time came under the notice of the police, and affords timely warning as to the necessity for watching keys and locks—a precaution too often forgotten. Harrison has been a resident of New York for some time, and only came here about six weeks ago. He has evidently made the most of his time since, but has at last been afforded ample room for reflection by his three years sentence to the Penitentiary. Detective Sheahan deserves credit for his action in bringing the adroit thief to justice.

EMIGRATION FROM THE EAST END.

The London *Times* of the 22nd ult. says:—The committee of the East-end Emigration and Relief Fund are prosecuting their work of emigration to Canada as a means of relief for the distress of the east of London with some vigor. It will be recollected that on the 16th of April last they sent 163 emigrants to Canada in the *St. Lawrence*, the first steamer leaving the Thames for that port this season, and this was yesterday followed up by the despatch of another party of 167 souls, in the steamship *Thames*, to the same destination. These people have all been selected with great care from among the unemployed who have been thrown out of work in consequence of the slackness in the iron shipbuilding trade on the Thames by a committee of gentlemen in Poplar, and in all cases attention has been paid to the selected candidates for emigration fulfilling the following requirements:—that they shall have been long resident in the district; that their characters bore strict investigation; that they were not in the receipt of parochial relief; and that they had not refused work or been on strike. In all cases in which any doubts arose personal application was made to the last employer of the candidate, and the characters of many among them have been certified by the recommendations of Messrs. Green, Samuda Brothers, Blyth, and other large employers of labour. Mr. Dixon, the Canadian Government agent expressed his high approval of the appearance and bearing of the men, all of whom may be said to be in the prime of life, and stated his opinion that, provided they were steady, they could not fail to obtain employment in Canada and do well there. It is particularly satisfactory that the younger members of these poor families (for all the emigrants are in families) have some prospect in life open for them. This seemed the great hope of the mothers. One poor woman was heard to say, "It's the boys I'm thinking of; I was afraid they would be disgracing me by idleness in Poplar." For the girls, too, there is much hope; all above 14 are sure to meet with immediate employment on arrival in the Dominion. The arrangements were satisfactory. After mustering the passengers and ship's company, and before reaching Gravesend, dinner was served to the emigrants, a fact they appeared to appreciate. The Canadian mail in the morning had brought letters from Mr. L. Stafford, the chief emigration agent at Quebec, announcing the arrival of the *St. Lawrence* on the 7th inst., and reporting the disposal of the emigrants, whom he describes as a "well behaved and healthy-looking lot of people," and respecting whom he promises a full report when they are finally settled.

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

—A fellow who should always be on hand—Tom Thumb.

—A "patent vaccinator" has been invented, to render innoculation painless and certain.

—The Austrian Emperor has headed a subscription to erect a monument to Schiller, in one of the Viennese squares.

—The model ordered by Congress for George Peabody, in consideration of his munificent gift to the South, is completed. It is three inches in diameter and half an inch thick and bears an appropriate inscription.

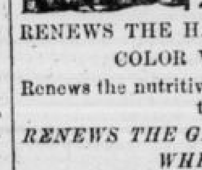
—Recently an impudent negro policeman of Mobile presumed to settle a dispute between two negroes about the ownership of a house, and ordered the one he favored to pull down, the house and take it away, which was done.

—Gunpowder has a much greater explosive power when heated. It is said that its force is doubled at a temperature of 400 Fahrenheit, but it is not worth while for boys to test the truth of the statement by practical experiment.

—A French gentleman having recently written a drama in verse thought he would give his wife an intellectual treat and commenced reading it to her. He described with great rapture the return of spring, Nature again putting on its clothing, the flowers sending forth sweet perfume, the lambs bleating in the fields, &c. His wife here suddenly interrupted and asked—"My dear, *apropos* of lambs, would you like a shoulder of lamb for dinner to-morrow?"

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The services of the most efficient and respectable officers and servants have been secured by Mr. GIANELLI for the CANADA HOUSE, CALEDONIA SPRINGS. 761-3



HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

RENEWS THE HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR WHEN GRAY.
Renews the nutritive matter which nourishes the hair.
RENEWS THE GROWTH OF THE HAIR WHEN BALD.
Renews the harsh, wiry hair to silken softness.
BEAUTIFUL HAIR DRESSING.
One bottle shows its effects.
R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H., Proprietors.
For sale by all druggists. 762dwd

Bronchitis, Coughs, Asthma,

And all disorders of the Throat and Lungs, are relieved by using "Brown's Bronchial Troches."

"I have been afflicted with Bronchitis during the past winter, and found no relief until I found your 'Bronchial Troches.'
C. H. Gardiner,
Principal of Rutger's Female Institute, New York."

"Almost instant relief in the distressing labor of breathing peculiar to Asthma."
Rev. A. C. Eggleston, New York.

"It gives me great pleasure to certify to the efficacy of your Bronchial Troches, in an affliction of the throat and voice, induced by public singing. They have suited my case exactly, relieving my throat and clearing the voice so that I could sing with ease.
T. Ducharme,
Chorister French Parish Church, Montreal.'

"When somewhat hoarse from cold or over-exertion in public speaking, I have uniformly found Brown's Troches afford relief.
Henry Wilkes, D. D.,
Pastor of Zion Church, Montreal."

Sold by all dealers in medicines at 25 cents a box.

To Consumptives.—The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, free, by return mail, will please address, REV. EDWARD WILSON, Williamsburg, Kings Co., New York.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding he symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. Symptoms of Worms.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual waist ing away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to th child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Casto Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., who are he sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenge* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 578y

Who is Mrs. Winslow?

As this question is frequently asked, we will simply say that she is a lady who, for upwards of thirty years, has untiringly devoted her time and talents as a Female Physician and nurse, principally among children. She has especially studied the constitution and wants of this numerous class, and, as a result of this effort and practical knowledge, obtained in a lifetime spent as nurse and physician, she has compounded a Soothing Syrup, for children teething. It operates like magic—giving rest and health, and is, moreover, sure to regulate the bowels. In consequence of this article, Mrs. Winslow is becoming world-renowned as a benefactor of her race; children certainly do rise up and bless her; especially is this the case in this city. Vast quantities of the Soothing Syrup are daily sold and used here. We think Mrs. Winslow has immortalized her name by this invaluable article, and we sincerely believe thousands of children have been saved from an early grave by its timely use, and that millions yet unborn will share its benefits, and unite in calling her blessed. No mother has discharged her duty to her suffering little one, in our opinion, until she has given it the benefit of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. Try it, mothers—try it now—*Ladies' Visitor*, New York City.

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents a bottle.
Be sure and call for
"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,"
Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations. 762-24-2m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

$2.00 REWARD.

Lost, on TUESDAY last, from Daly-street, a SPANIEL PUPPY, about three months old, black, with four white feet. Any one returning her to Mr. Powell, St. Alban's Terrace, will receive the above reward. Anybody detaining her after this notice will be prosecuted. 763.3

PROFESSIONAL NOTICE.

MR. P. J. BUCKLEY HAS REMOVED HIS LAW OFFICE to the THOMPSON BLOCK, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, adjacent to the offices of Horace Lapierre, Advocate and Counsel. Office Hours—From 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.
Ottawa, June 9, 1868. 763a

A RARE CHANCE.

The undersigned having received direct from the manufacturers in Europe, a large consignment of

Dry Goods

with instructions to dispose of them at

LOW RATES!

Is now offering them to the public, and at an almost nominal advance on the makers' cost price. The stock consists of
1,000 yards of Carpets, of various kinds,
40 Handsome Hearth Rugs,
60 Summer Counterpanes,
24 White Marsala Quilts,
A large quantity of Toilet Covers,
Some Wool Table Covers,
And a large variety of other Goods.

The stock may be seen at the store of MESSRS. ANSELL & MICHAEL'S, Scott's Corner, Elgin and Sparks-street, opposite the Russell Hotel. Parties requiring articles of the above mentioned kind will find it to their advantage to call and inspect the goods at once, as the whole must be disposed of within a few days.

ANSELL & MICHAEL.
Ottawa, June 9, 1868. 763-3m

AUCTION SALE OF
Household Furniture
AND EFFECTS, &c., &c.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
Will sell by Public Auction, at Mr. Champagne's Hotel, York-street, on
Thursday, the 11th instant,
At 10 o'clock, a.m.,
A large quantity of different kinds of Household Furniture, and other goods; 3 good second hand Buggies, 2 setts of Harness, and a lot of Window Sashes and Doors.
Terms—Cash in Silver.
Ottawa, June 9, 1868. 763td

BY A. ROWE.

IMPORTANT and Special Sale of
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE!
Feather Beds,
Carpets, Crockery, Stoves,
&c., &c., &c.

To close consignments, the subscriber has been instructed to sell at his Rooms,
NO. 42 RIDEAU STREET,
—ON—
Saturday, June 13th, 1868,
the following Goods:—Hair Cloth Sofas, different styles and sizes; Hair Cloth Chairs to match; Centre Tables, B. W.; Carved Sideboards, different styles and sizes, B.W.; Bureaus, with glasses; Extension Dining Tables, B. W.; Drawing Room Tables and Whatnots, B.W.; Couches in hair and reps, B.W.; Bedsteads, B. W.; enclosed Washstands; also black walnut Cane Seated Chairs, in different styles; Armed Rockers, in cane, and nurse do.; Easy Chairs, in hair cloth; 1 superior Feather Bed; Tapestry; Carpets, quite new; 1 superior Cooking Stove, elevated oven, with furniture attached; also, at the same time and place, a superior Herring's Safe.
The sale is positive and without reserve.
N.B.—The Stock must be disposed of to make room for other Goods which will be advertised in a few days.
Sale at TWO p.m.
Terms Cash—in bankable funds.
A. ROWE, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, June 9, 1868. 763td

NOTICE.

MESSRS. ANGUS & SON, in retiring from the Undertaking Business, would beg to inform their friends and the public that they have disposed of their Hearses and stock in trade to Mr. Samuel Rogers, Cabinet Maker, who will in future attend to all orders in the Undertaking line, and they have much pleasure in recommending him to their many patrons and friends.
ANGUS & SON,
Furniture Dealers, No. 22, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, May 11, 1868.

UNDERTAKING.

IN reference to the above, S. Rogers takes this opportunity of thanking his numerous friends and customers for their very liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Cabinet and Upholstering Business, and would respectfully solicit in this new branch of his trade a continuation of their favors.
S. ROGERS,
Cabinet Maker, &c., Rideau and George-streets.
Ottawa, May 11, 1868. 741d

Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale.

THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his
Fine Bottled Ale!
Which is in splendid condition. Also,
Scotch Irish, Old Rye
And other Malt Whiskies,
Ports, Sherries, Brandies Gin, &c.,
Together with a General Assortment of
FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.
A Call kindly Solicited.
D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store
Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

GEO. MAYES,
COPPER PLATE PRINTER,
Bank Street, Centre Town,
Between Sparks & Queen Streets.
Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

Pickles, Sauces, &c.,
JUST RECEIVED DIRECT FROM
CROSSE & BLACKWELL, London,
Ex ship "Ardmillan," the following:

125 DOZ. MIXED PICKLES,
35 DOZ. Gerkins,
35 DOZ. Onions,
35 DOZ. Chow Chow,
30 DOZ. Piccalilli,
25 DOZ. Walnuts,
20 DOZ. Cauliflower,
15 DOZ. Imperial Hot,
15 DOZ. West India,
15 DOZ. Capt. White's Oriental,

Reading Sauce,
King of Oude Sauce,
Harvey do.
John Bull do.
Kalos Geusis do.
Soyer's do.
Worcestershire do.
India Soy.
Essence of Anchovies,
Essence of Shrimps,
Mushroom Ketchup,
Walnut Ketchup,
French Capers,
Chili Vinegar,
Tarragon Vinegar,
Raspberry Vinegar,
Olives,
Bottled Fruits, an assortment,
Raspberry Jam,
Strawberry do.
Damson do.
Gooseberry do.
Red Currant do.
Black do. do.
Red do. Jelly.
Black do. do.
Crystallized Fruits,
Fruits in Noyeaus,
Preserved Ginger in Jars and 1 lb. Pots,
Currie Powder,
Anchovy Paste,
Potted Ham, Beef and Tongue,
Potted Yarmouth Bloaters,
Strasbourg Potted Meats,
Soup and Bouille,
Mock Turtle Soup,
Mulligatawny Soup,
Hare Soup,
Jugged Hare,
Pheasants in Gravy,
Grouse in Gravy,
Partridge in Gravy,
Paté de Foie Gras,
Paté D'Alouettes,
Paté de Cailles.

ALSO,
A large lot of Keen's Celebrated Mustard in half lb. and 1 lb. tins.

BATE & Co.,
52, SPARKS-ST.
June 8, 1868. 762d

PIC-NIC EXCURSION.

OTTAWA
Natural History Society.

THE OTTAWA NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY having made very favorable arrangements with Capt. BOWIE, of the steamer
"QUEEN VICTORIA,"
To take down a large party to
PAPINEAUVILLE,
—ON—
Thursday, the 11th instant
(which is a Statutory Holiday), the members of the Society are informed that they can obtain tickets for themselves, their families and friends, on application to Messrs. Thorburn, VanCortlandt, Alfred Jones (of the British American Bank Note Company), P. Le Sueur (P. O. Department), W. R. Wright (Militia Department), John Durie, J. Hope, Geo. Hay, Sparks-st., and the undersigned. Persons who intend to join the excursion party will please be on board the steamer not later than 6:15 a m.
WILLIAM WHITE,
Secretary.
June 6, 1868. 761td

TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS
Will be received, addressed to the undersigned, until NOON of
Monday, the 22nd Instant,
For the Erection of the
Lieutenant-Governor's Residence,
ON
THE GOVERNMENT GROUNDS,
On Simcoe and King-sts., Toronto.
Plans and Specifications may be seen at this office, and at the office of Messrs. Gundry & Langley, Architects, corner of King and Jordan sts., Toronto, on and after MONDAY, the 8th Instant.
The person to whom the contract may be awarded will be required to furnish satisfactory security for the due performance of the work, and to execute a contract approved by the undersigned.
The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.
JOHN CARLING,
Commissioner of Public Works.
Parliament Buildings,
Office of Public Works,
Toronto, June 6, 1868. 762a

TO BE GIVEN AWAY!

THE

Greatest Curiosity

OF THE DAY.

WILL BE PUBLISHED

On Thursday next, THE WONDERFUL ALMANAC for 306 years, a copy of which will be presented, FREE OF CHARGE, to every Lady and Gentleman applying at

The Ottawa Citizen,
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

SANSUM'S INTEREST & EXCHANGE TABLES!
A supply of this useful work just received and for sale at the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen.
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

COPY BOOKS,
(Plain and with Head Line), EXERCISE BOOKS. A supply just received and for sale at the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

PLAIN & FANCY STATIONERY,
All marked in plain figures, at the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

COUNTING HOUSE and SCHOOL REQUISITES,
At the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

MUSIC, MAGAZINES OR PRINTED BOOKS,
Bound in any style required, at the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

ENGINEERS' and ARTISTS' MATERIALS,
At the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

ACCOUNT BOOKS,
Memorandum Books, Pocket Books, Indexes, &c., at the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

WRAPPING PAPERS,
MANILLA, TEA and STRAW, at the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen,
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

STEEL PENS and PEN HANDLES,
Gillott's, Mitchell's and other makers, at the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

WRITING INKS,
Stephen's, Todd's Perth Office, &c., at the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

LEAD PENCILS,
Faber's, Rowney's and others, at the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

BLANK BOOKS,
Manufactured to order, in any style of ruling and binding, at the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

BOOK and JOB PRINTING,
At the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS; authorized by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario. The prices are:

FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.

FIRST BOOK, part second, 54 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.

SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.

THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Thirty cents.

FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.

FIFTH BOOK, 50 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

A supply just received and for sale at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.
☞ A liberal allowance to Teachers and Dealers.

TO BE GIVEN AWAY!

THE

Greatest Curiosity

OF THE DAY.

WILL BE PUBLISHED

On Thursday next, THE WONDERFUL ALMANAC for 306 years, a copy of which will be presented, FREE OF CHARGE, to every Lady and Gentleman applying at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.
Ottawa, June 8, 1868. 751y

Magee & Russell's

—GREAT—

REMOVAL SALE!

COMMENCED

MONDAY,

JUNE 1st.

NO RESERVE.

All Goods re-marked in plain figures, with Red Ink, showing the actual reductions.

The following are only a few of the bargains offered. The public are invited to inspect the stock, and judge for themselves before purchasing:—

FANCY SILK DRESSES
That were selling for $16 and $17, reduced to $12 and $13.

SILKS
Marked $19 to $23.50, reduced to $15, $16 and $15.50, the full dress of 15 yards.
All our rich French Silks reduced from $5 to $8 on each dress.

BLACK GLACIE
And Gros Grain Silks all reduced.

MANTLE VELVETS and VELVETEENS,
Only received a few days ago, marked down from 10 to 15 per cent.

BLACK LACE SHAWLS,
Commencing at $1.25.
All the rich Spanish and Pusher Lace Shawls will shew large reductions.
Paisley Shawls reduced from $1.50 to $5 on each shawl.
Last year's Barege Shawls reduced to nearly half price.

NEW HOOP SKIRTS
Cheaper than anything in the trade. Old fashioned large Hoop Skirts almost given away. Would pay to have them altered.

LADIES STRAW HATS & BONNETS,
New styles, all reduced.
All old shapes in Straw Goods sold for what they will fetch.
Pattern Bonnets and all trimmed Millinery greatly reduced.
One Case Shakers at 12½c, some of them worth 50c.

NEW PARASOLS
Reduced from 10 to 20 per cent. Old ones to about half price.

500 PALM LEAF FANS
Sold during the sale at 5 cents each; not more an two to one customer.
Several thousand Ladies' Imitation Lace Paper Collars for half the New York price.
About 150 pieces ¾ Mohair and Poplinette Dress Goods, will be offered at such prices as must clear them out.

PRINTED DELAINES
That sold from 17½ to 20 cents per yard, marked down to 12½ cents.

FRENCH DELAINES
And Merinos, Cobourgs, Lustres, Glacie, Alpaccas, Printed Muslins, and all other Dress Goods in stock, likewise reduced.
A lot of washing Challies will be offered very low.
All domestic goods, such as Sheeting, Table Linens, Towellings, Flannels, &c., will show heavy reductions.

OUR COTTONS
Being all purchased when the raw material was at its lowest point in Liverpool, customers would do well to lay in a stock during the sale. We will sell all Cotton goods far below what it would cost to import them just now.

PRINTS
At 7, 9 and 11 cents per yard; present retail value 10, 12½ and 15 cents per yard.

SPLENDID STYLES IN TWEEDS,
Coatings and Cloakings, at the reduced figures.

CARPETS,
Damasks, and all kinds of House Furnishings, and other heavy goods that would be troublesome to remove, will be cleared out at and below cost price.

LADIES BEST FRENCH KID GLOVES
Will be sold at $1 per pair, and all soiled and damaged Kid Gloves will be thrown in with the slow selling colours and sold at much less money.

GENTS' MERINO UNDERCLOTHING,
Dress and Flannel Shirts, Ties and Collars, all marked down to removal prices.
One lot of 68 gross Printed Paper Collars will be sold for 12½ cents the Box of 12 Collars; well worth 25 cents.

DRESS TRIMMINGS,
Embroidery, Lace Goods, Cotton Lisle and Silk Gloves, are all reduced.
A job lot of Dress Fringes, now so fashionable, will be sold at 12½ cents per yard, some of them being worth at the present price of Silk about 35 cents per yard.
A remarkably cheap lot of Ladies' Cambric Handkerchiefs, also, Ladies' and Childrens' Cotton Hose, at least 40 per cent less than last year's prices.

The intention being to reduce the stock to

Lowest Possible Point,

Before removing to New Premises (now building) in the Autumn. ☞ Great care has been taken to re-mark the entire stock at such prices as must effect

LARGE SALES

AND INSURE

A Speedy Clearance.

DURING THIS SALE

NO SAMPLES WILL BE CUT,

NO GOODS WILL BE SENT ON APPROBAT

NOR SOLD ON CREDIT.

Magee & Russell.
Ottawa, June 2, 1868. 707y

Auction Sales

BY J. BERMINGHAM.

POSTPONED.

The Great Auction Sale

—OF—

Piano-Fortes, Church Organs,

HARMONIUMS,

AND

Household Furniture,

To come off at the Dominion Auction Mart, on the 5th instant, is postponed in consequence of unfavorable weather,

UNTIL THURSDAY, THE 11TH INSTANT,

At half-past 10 a.m., and half-past 2 p.m.
Ottawa, June 6, 1868. 761td

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET.
A large and well FURNISHED HOUSE, or four Bedrooms, Sitting Room and Drawing Room of same, in a healthy and respectable locality, within three minutes walk of the Government Buildings. For particulars apply to J. BERMINGHAM, House and Land Agent, Dominion Auction Mart, Sussex-st.
Ottawa, June 4, 1868. 759tf

FOR SALE!

THAT Splendid First-Class

HOTEL,

IN THE

CAPITAL OF THE DOMINION!

KNOWN AS THE

REVERE HOUSE,

And at present leased at a rental of $2,000. It is one of the best buildings in the city. Its length is one hundred and six (106) feet by forty (40) feet wide, built of stone, with cut stone front and tin roof. The house contains fifty bedrooms, five parlors and dining room, with bar, kitchen and laundry attached. There is a new Brick Stable, sixty-six (66) by thirty (30) feet, capable of stabling forty Horses, a large yard and outbuildings; also a vacant lot, which the purchaser can have if required to enlarge. The premises are in excellent order, being only five years built. Very lately a sum of $2,000 was expended improving the building. For a first-class hotel, or Military Quarters, it cannot be equalled in the city.

TERMS EASY, and made known free of charge, by letter or otherwise, on application to

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer,
Commission and Real Estate Agent.
Ottawa, June 3, 1868. 758d

Dominion Auction Mart,

AND

Commission Sale Rooms

House, Land & General Agency,
OFFICE & SALE ROOMS.
INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-STREET,

OTTAWA.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city.

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a lar e and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmeniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq. M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq. M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq. M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq. M P
James O'Reilly, Esq. Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq. Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq. M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
House, Land and General Agent.
753y

MILES' HAIRDRESSNG SALOON!

BELL'S BLOCK, ELGIN-ST.

THIS SALOON is fitted up in a neat and attractive manner, and is always attended by competent and attentive workmen.

E. MILES,
Hair Dresser, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General.
Ottawa, April 13. 715y

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY,

AND

COURT OF SPAIN,
THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,

AND

HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT

MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,
For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*

H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal.
Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion, for the sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.
Ottawa, May 29. 748y

NEW GREEN HOUSE.

ERECTED lately by the subscriber at New Edinburgh, who has now on hand and for sale a large variety of choice Verbenas, and other flowering plants. Orders left at G. Bett's, Rideau-street, will be punctually attended to

ROBERT CURRY.
Marc 1863. 691-3m

OTTAWA CROCKERY STORE.

NEW GOODS.

JUST received ex S. S. "Damascus," 10 Hhds. of the finest English Glassware, selected expressly for the retail trade, comprising

	CUT and ENGRAVED	PORT and SHERRY WINES,
CHAMPAGNES,	do	CLARETS, GOBLETS,
LIQUEURS,	do	CALF FOOT JELLIES,
FINGER BOWLS,	do	TALL TUMBLERS,
CLARET JUGS,	do	DECANTERS,
FRUIT DISHES,	do	CELERY VASES,
BUTTER COOLERS,	do	CARAFFS, &c., &c.

And a choice lot of delicate Straw Stem Wines, in Ports, Champagnes, Clarets, Sherries, Liqueurs, &c. All the above articles match in shape, pattern, &c., and are the best glass procurable in England.

W. ALLAN,
51 *RIDEAU STREET,* (*opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.*)
Ottawa, June 6, 1868. 574y

BLYTH & KERR,

Successors to Chas. Garth,

No. 25, RIDEAU-STREET,

PLUMBERS, GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,
TIN & COPPERSMITHS, BELL HANGERS, &c.

All materials for the above branches kept constantly on hand.

Also, Importers and Dealers in House Furnishing Hardware.

Just received a well selected assortment of Fishing Tackle, Baskets, Bait, Reels, Lines, Flys, Rods, &c. Manufacturers of all descriptions of work for Water and Gas Works, Brewer's Distillaries, Mills, &c. Makes and fits up Galvanized Iron Cornices, Gutters, Conductors, Roofing, &c.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water or Warm Air, on the most approved principles.

Orders from the country will receive strict attention. 740y

CRICKETING GOODS,

CROQUET, FISHING TACKLE

FOILS,

Masks & Boxing Gloves

AT THE

Sheffield House, Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 5, 1868.

SARSAPARILLIAN,
PAREIRA BRAVA.

Newly Discovered Virtues—Hidden for 300 years—The Discovery of the True Virtues of the Roots—Brought to Light and Made Manifest in

DR. RADWAY'S SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT,

By a new process recently discovered by Dr. Radway, for obtaining the active properties from vegetable substances.

SARSAPARILLIAN.
Pareira Brava.

Associated with other newly discovered Roots, enters into the composition of RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT; secures a remedial agent that cures all forms of Chronic, Scrofulous, Skin, Glandular, Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Diseases, by communicating its curative, reparative and fruitful efficacy, through the BLOOD, SWEAT and URINE.

The ordinary Sarsaparilla decoctions and Syrups are mere washes, compared with the Sarsaparillian of the Resolvent. It is a well known fact that Sarsaparilla as ordinarily prepared either as officinally or as a proprietary remedy, never possessed the confidence of medical men, and all the reputation it enjoyed was deemed by well informed Chemists, Physicians, and medical writers to be due to other remedial agents associated with it.

The true curative virtues of Sarsaparilla for 300 years have laid hidden in the Crystalline principle of the Root. Under DR. RADWAY'S *New Process,* SARSAPARILLIAN is secured and brought to light, and associated with other ingredients, it fulfils the most extravagant expectations and views of men. One ounce of Dr. Radway's Sarsaparillian contains more of the curative principle than ten pounds of the extracts from the crude roots, as prepared officinally or in the popular advertised Sarsaparillas.

PAREIRA BRAVA.—Another of the ingredients of the Radway's Resolvent, held in high estimation by the most eminent medical men of Europe, South America and United States, as the best remedial agent for the diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, Uterus, and as a *lithontriptic* for *dissolving Calculi,* as a curative for Jaundice, Rheumatism, Leucorrhœs, etc., since 1688 has never been properly prepared. Under Dr. Radway's process, the Cissampaline principle of this valuable Root is secured, and associated with Sarsaparillian and other ingredients in the Resolvent, makes it a perfect cure in every form of disease of the Kidneys, Bladder, and Urinary Organs—Dropsy, Gravel, Incontinence, or Stoppage of Water, Diabetes, or Urinary Diarrhœa, and *every kind of weakening, irritating or purulent discharges, not proper to mention* in an advertisement, is rapidly cured by this remedy.

So quick does the Resolvent enter into the circulation, that it may be detected in the Urine *in ten minutes* after it has been taken. In many cases it has secured a free discharge of water—in cases where Catheters were formerly used.—Is not this a blessing?

BUCHU, Turpentine Junipers, Gin, Copaiba, Cubebs, and other direct Diuretics, are in many cases hurtful. In Diabetes, Urinary Diarrhœa, Catarrh of the Bladder, Dropsy, and in a weakness or ulceration of the Kidneys, are unsafe to use as a continued remedy, and should never be given unless under supervision of a Physician, as the strain these direct remedies may produce on the Kidneys may, in the course of a few hours, require Opiates, to change or modify their action; this fact is self-evident to any medical man, a compensating Remedy like the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT, is the true remedy to use in these cases.—Even as a diuretic.

Pareira Brava,

As prepared by Dr. Radway, and one of the ingredients of the Resolvent, is as superior to all forms of Buchu, etc., as rich cream is to watered milk.

Let all suffering from unnatural drains from the system—caused either by self-abuse, depraved habit of body—bad blood, impure association, weakness of the genital organs, or Skin Diseases, Scrofula, uncured Secondary Disease, Syphilold Ulcers, Chronic Disease—or from Consumption of the Lungs, as well as degeneration of the Kidneys—Chronic Disease of the Liver, Spleen, etc., commence at once the use of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOVENT. It commences its work of purification at once; it repairs the waste of the body, with new and healthy material. It restores functional harmony to every organ in the system, and secures the natural secretions of the proper constituents to each. Persons have been cured, and have children now living that were deemed incapacited, by self-abuse, etc., through the use of this remedy. Ask for Dr. Radway's Sarsaparillian or Renovating Resolvent.

PRICE—$1 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $5.

W. M. MASSEY, Agent.

READ FALSE AND TRUE.—Send one letter-stamp to RADWAY & Co., 439 St. Paul-street, Montreal. Information worth thousands will be given you. Price of RESOLVENT SARSAPARILLIAN, $1 per bottle, or $10 per dozen. 762b

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St

M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 571f

FOR SALE.

A SELF-ACTING SODA WATER APPARATUS, with cylinders complete, cheap for cash. Apply to WILLIAM FREDERICK
ussex-street, Ottawa. 687tf

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

Just Received Per Express.

A CHOICE Selection CANADA WATCH COMPANY'S WATCHES,

At Young & Radford's.

AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY'S WATCHES,

At Young & Radford's.

FOR SALE

AT THE

MONTREAL WAREHOUSE

800 BUTTER TUBS, in good order.

J. MARTIN & CO.

10,000 LBS. MAPLE SUGAR.

J. MARTIN & CO.

50 CASES ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

J. MARTIN & CO.

FINE HUNTING ANCHOR WATCHES, in fine Silver Cases, as low as $12.00,

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

HERRINGS, PORK, FLOUR, BUTTER, CHEESE.

657y J. MARTIN & CO.

PIANOS. PIANOS.

JUST RECEIVED AT THE

London Music Store!

☞ Her Majesty's Theatre, ☜

Wellington Street,

A new and splendid assortment of

PIANOFORTES!

☞ UNION MAKE, ☜

Every PIANO from this establishment warranted for 5 years.

Also just received a new stock of

VICTORIA ORGANS and MELODEONS

VIOLINS, CONCERTINAS, GUITARS, &c., in great variety.

Second hand Pianos taken in part payment for new ones.

Connected with this establishment is a Piano Manufacturer, who will attend punctually to all orders for TUNING left at the London Music Store.

E. MILES,
Lessee of Her Majesty's Theatre.
Ottawa, March 25, 1868. 551-39y

FINE GOLD JEWELLERY,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE GOLD and CORAL JEWELLERY,

At Young & Radford's.

ROGER'S BEST CUTLERY and fine ENGLISH ELECTRO-PLATED WARE, can be had

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S

30 Sparks-st. Ottawa.

FINE Eighteen CARAT GOLD WATCHES as low as $18.00,

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

NEW STOCK OF

SUMMER GOODS,

—AT—

"THE GOLDEN BOOT."

NO. 226, WELLINGTON-STREET.

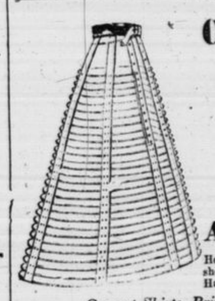
Ladies' White Canvass Boots,
Ladies' Button Prunella Boots,
Ladies' Lace Prunella Boots,
Ladies' Prunella Gaiter Boots,
Ladies' Kid Button Boots,
Ladies' Kid Lace Boots,
Ladies' Kid Gaiter Boots,
Ladies' English Walking Boots,

Gent's White Canvass Congress,
Gent's White Canvass Shoes,
Gent's Mill. Calf Congress,
Gent's Calf-faced Congress,
Gent's Calf Balmorals,
Gent's Fine Kid Congress,
Gent's Prunella Bregans,
Gent's Pat. Dress Boots,

Children's Fine Morrocco Lace Boots,
Children's Fine Kid Congress and Lace Boots,
Children's Enameled and Calf Copper Toes,
And other goods in endless variety.

The subscribers beg to thank the public for the liberal patronage they have received since opening the above establishment.

W. ANGUS & CO.,
666y No. 226, Wellington street.



City Hoop Skirt Factory,

43 SPARKS-STREET,

Central Ottawa.

THE DOUBLE EXTENSION SKIRT,
" DEMI "
" NEW GORE TRAIL SKIRT.

French Wove Corsets!

AN immense stock of Corsets just arrived, French, English and Scotch manufacture.

I beg to call the attention of ladies to the above new styles of Hoop Skirts which I have on hand, and will make to order on the shortest notice: Also, Parasols, Hosiery and Gloves, Hair Nets, Handkerchiefs, &c., &c.

Croquet Skirts, Printed and Embroidered, Gored and Plain.

N.B.—A lot of old fashioned Corsets on hand (lacing at the back) cheap, wholesale and retail.

DAVID MILLAR,
456y 43 Sparks-st, Centre Town, next to Remende's Stove Depôt.

Ladies Keep Cool!

BLACK AND WHITE LACE SHAWLS,
GRENADINE SHAWLS,
BAREGE SHAWLS,
BAREGE JACKETS

BAREGE & GRENADINE PROMENADE COSTUMES,
GRENADINES,
FRENCH & ENGLISH MUSLINS.

GENTLEMEN KEEP COOL!

BLACK ALPACCA COATS,
BUFF ALPACCA COATS,
LINEN COATS,
MARSEILLES VESTS

All in great variety, cheap, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S,

Wholesale and Retail.
Importers, 20 Sparks-st.
Ottawa, May 29, 1868. 484y

ARNOLDI'S

WINE AND SPIRIT VAULTS,

11 *Metcalfe-st., Telegraph Co's Building,*

OTTAWA,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL, FOR CASH ONLY

Dekuyper's Red Cases, Gin, 15 bottles	$9 00
" Green, " " per doz	4 00
Booth's London Gin "	7 20
Bernard's and Thompson's Gin "	6 00
Green Seal Champagne "	12 00

AND UPWARDS.

PORT WINES—Graham's, Sandeman's, &c.

	Per Gall.	Per Doz
No. 1 Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2 "	3 00	8 75
" 3 Old	3 50	10 00
" 4 Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine old	5 75	15 50

SHERRIES—Lomeno's, Pemartin's, &c.:

No. 1 Superior Light table Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2 Extra do	3 00	8 75
" 3 Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4 Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine	5 50	15 00

Single sample bottles at above rates.

Also, of Standard Brands, in wood or bottle, old and new, Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch and Canadian Whiskies.

Canadian Ale, in wood or bottle.

Guinness' Porter, pints and quarts. Hibbert's Porter, pints and quarts. Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, pints and quarts.

Clarets, Hocks, Sauternes, Curacoa, Maraschino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., &c.

Purity in all cases guaranteed, and goods marked at the lowest quotations.

Orders by mail with cash, promptly attended to. Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.

NOTICE.

The subscriber would intimate to those of his customers with whom current accounts may have been opened that it is his intention to take advantage of any irregularity in their payment to close them in order that he may conduct his business totally on the *cash principle,* which has been found to work much more satisfactorily for both the buyer and seller in every branch of trade in which it has been tried, and relying on quality of his goods and the prices charged for them (which will always be as low as they can honestly be sold for) he solicits a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

K. ARNOLDI,
Dealer in the better qualities of Wines, Spirits, &c., Metcalfe-street, Telegraph Co's Building, Ottawa.
Price lists on application or sent to any address.
April 21, 1868. 535y

NEW BOOKS.

Exodus of the Western Nations by Viscount Bury; Chronicles and Characters by Owen Meredith; Brakespeare by the author of "Guy Livingstone"; The Lost Name, a Novel; Farming for Boys; The New Dictionary of Quotations; The Huguenots by Samuel Smiles; Law and Lawyers—Curious Facts and Characteristic Sketches; Art and Artists, do.; Books and Authors, do.; Clergymen and Doctors, do.; Longfellow's Works Complete for 15 cents; The Waverley Novels, per vol, 15 cents; Cooper's Novels, per vol, 15 cents; Essays in Elia by Lamb complete for 15 cents; De Quincey's Confessions of an Opium Eater for 15 cents.

Bibles, Prayer Books, Church Services, just received from the Publishers, in the newest and richest patterns.

For sale by

J DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st.,
498y Opposite the Russell House

A LECTURE

For the BENEFIT of the POOR, under the auspices of the SOCIETY of ST. VINCENT de PAUL, will be delivered in the R. C. CATHEDRAL, on TUESDAY EVENING, NINTH Inst., at Eight o'clock, by the Rev. Mr. O'FARRELL, of Montreal.

SUBJECT—"The Supremacy of the Pope."

Admission—25 cents; Reserved Seats, 50 cents; Lady and Gentleman, 75 cents.

ROBT. O'REILLY, Sec'y.
Ottawa, June 4, 1868. 759td

The Noble Art of Self Defence.

JUST RECIVED,

PER NESTORIAN,

TWO CASES BOXING GLOVES,

Fencing Foils and Masks, &c.

Also, a lot of Superior

Mahogany Bagatelle Tables,

From 6 to 12 Feet,

ENGLISH CROQUET,

VERY SUPERIOR

And CRICKETING GOODS

Of the Very Best Manufacture,

At ORME & SON'S,
25, Sparks-st.
Ottawa, June 5, 1868. 760-3

Coffee! Coffee!

TO those who enjoy a Cup of

REALLY FINE COFFEE!

—TRY—

BUCHANAN'S

Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha, JAVA & JAMAICA,

Roasted and Ground

Daily on the premises, by steam power.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.
May 11, 1868. 739tf

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

☞ AN OMNIBUS ☜

Will leave the

RUSSELL HOUSE,

Every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 7 a.m., punctually, to carry passengers

FOR AYLMER

To connect with the Union Forwarding Railway Company's Steamers.

JAMES MULLIGAN.
Ottawa, May 16, 1868. 744tf

TABLES

FOR

Converting One Inch Lumber

AND

QUEBEC STANDARD

—TO—

Board Measure.

For Sale by

J. DURIE & SON,
Booksellers and Stationers,
10, Sparks-st., Ottawa.
June 5, 1868. 760a

CANADA

MONCK.

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come, and whom they may in anywise concern—GREETING:

J. A. MACDONALD,
Minister of Justice.

WHEREAS,

By a certain Act of the Parliament of Canada, passed in the recent session thereof, and intituled: "An Act relating to Quarantine and Public Health," it is amongst other things in effect enacted that the Governor in Council may, from time to time, make such regulations as he thinks proper, for enforcing compliance with all the requirements of the said Act, and concerning the entry or departure of boats or vessels at the different ports or places in Canada, and concerning the landing of passengers or cargoes from such boats or vessels or the receiving of passengers or cargoes on board of the same, as may be thought best calculated to preserve the public health, and for ensuring the due performance of quarantine, by and in respect of vessels, passengers, goods or things, arriving at any port within Canada, to which he thinks it right for the preservation of the public health, that such regulations should apply, and for the thorough cleansing and disinfecting of such vessels, passengers, goods or things, so as to prevent, as far as possible, the introduction or dissemination of disease into or in Canada, and may appoint or remove such officers as he may deem necessary for so doing, and assign to them, respectively, such powers as he may think required for carrying out the provision of such regulations, and may, from time to time, revoke or amend the same or any of them, and may make others in their stead, and may impose penalties, forfeitures and punishments for the breach thereof, which regulations shall be notified by proclamation, published in the *Canada Gazette* at least twice; and the production of the copies of the *Gazette* containing any such proclamation shall be evidence of the making, date and contents of such regulations. And further that such regulations shall have the force of law during the time they respectively remain unrevoked, unless they be expressly limited to be in force only during a certain time or at certain times or seasons in which case they shall have the force of law during the time and at the times and seasons during or at which they have been limited to be in force; and that any person disobeying any such regulation may be prosecuted for a misdemeanor, punishable by fine or imprisonment or both, as the court may direct, or otherwise such person may be sued for the penalties contained in such regulation.

AND WHEREAS, our Governor in Council, hath this day been pleased to make, under the authority, and in pursuance of the said above in part recited Act, certain regulations as follows, that is to say:

1.—VESSELS COMING UP THE ST. LAWRENCE.

That all boats, ships and other vessels, except the Canadian Mail Steamers, which henceforth and during the eight months next following the first day of April in each and every year shall arrive in the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports, place or places, in Europe or elsewhere out of Canada, by way of that part of the River St. Lawrence which is below Grosse-Isle, and which shall have at the time of their said arrival, or shall have had during their passage from the places where they respectively cleared, any person on board labouring under Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious and dangerous disease, or on board of which any person shall have died during such passage, or which, being of less tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement, shall have on board thirteen or more steerage passengers, or which being of greater tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement, shall have on board fifty or more steerage passengers, or which shall have come from some infected port, shall make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle in the River St. Lawrence, and there remain and continue until such boats, ships or vessels shall be discharged from such Quarantine, by such license or passport, and discharge given without fee or emolument of any kind as shall be directed or permitted by such order or orders as shall be made by the Governor, with the advice of the Privy Council, and until the said boats, ships and vessels shall respectively have performed such Quarantine, and shall be discharged therefrom by such license or passport and discharge as aforesaid, persons, goods or merchandise, which shall be on board such boats, ships or vessels shall not come or be brought on shore, or go or be put on board of any other ship or vessel in Canada, except on Grosse-Isle aforesaid, when duly required by competent authority.

2.—PORT OF QUEBEC.

That all boats, ships and vessels which henceforth and during the eight months aforesaid, shall arrive at the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports in Europe, place or places, or elsewhere as aforesaid, of the class or description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable and bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, do make their further Quarantine in the Harbour of Quebec, according to the regulations hereinafter provided.

3.—GROSSE-ISLE.

All boats, ships and vessels of the class and description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle, shall anchor within the space included between Grosse-Isle and a line drawn parallel to it, through the Red Buoy, to be placed as heretofore under the direction of the Superintendent of Pilots, and bounded on the east and west by lines drawn due south from the western extremities of Cliff Island and Grosse-Isle. The island shall be so divided as to leave one portion thereof for the hospitals, and for the treatment and reception of those who are labouring under or who are threatened with any of the following diseases, namely: Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or any other infectious and dangerous disease; and the remaining portion for the reception and accommodation of all passengers and other persons who shall be landed and detained upon the said island who shall not labour under or be threatened with any of the said diseases, and no person or persons, unless on duty, shall be permitted to pass from one of the said portions of the said island to the other, unless they have passports signed by the Medical Superintendent.

4.—ESTABLISHMENT AT GROSSE-ISLE.

The establishment at Grosse-Isle shall consist of a Medical Superintendent, an Hospital Steward and such Officers, Employes and Orderlies as may be appointed or employed to meet the exigencies of the service. The Medical Superintendent shall be authorized to see the Quarantine duty performed, and for this purpose shall have full power and authority over all officers and other persons whatsoever in Grosse-Isle, or attached to that station, and be authorized to call upon all persons to aid him in enforcing the law and their regulations, and in case of his death, sickness or absence, the officer next in rank employed on the island shall have the power and authority aforesaid.

5.—MEDICAL SUPERINTENDENT.

The Medical Superintendent (or in case of his death, sickness or absence, the officer next in rank employed on the island) shall enforce the said law and these regulations, and shall direct boats, ships or vessels to go to such place or places to perform Quarantine, as it may be necessary to send them to. He shall direct boats, ships or vessels, liable to perform Quarantine, to be brought to anchor within the limits of the Quarantine anchorage, and generally do all that may be required to enforce rigid obedience to the said law and these regulations. He shall permit all passengers, or other persons landed on the said island, to be re embarked or shipped on board any steamboat or other vessel when the vessel is in a fit state to receive them, and that they may have been examined by him and found in a fit state for re-embarkation or for leaving the said island; and that all such passengers and persons, with their luggage, have been washed, cleansed and purified, and that there does not exist amongst those who are about to proceed or leave the said island any case or symptoms of Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles or other infectious and dangerous disease.

He shall also go off to vessels bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle as aforesaid, and put the following questions to the masters or persons in charge, viz:

1 What is your name and that of your vessel?
2 From whence did you sail, and date?
3 What is your cargo, and whence taken on board?
4 At what place or places did your vessel touch in her voyage?
5 Was such place or places, or any and which of them, infected with the cholera, plague, or any pestilential fever or disease?
6 How many persons were on board when the vessel sailed?
Cabin passengers?
Steerage passengers?
Crew?
7 Have any person or persons during the voyage been infected? or are there now any infected with the cholera, plague or any pestilential fever or disease?
8 Did any person or persons, and how many die during the voyage, and from what distemper?
9 Did you or any of the ship's company or passengers, with your privity, go on board any ship or vessel, or did any of the company of any ship or vessel come on board your ship in the voyage, and from what port did she sail last?
10 Did you or any of your ship's company or passengers with or without your privity or consent, land at any place within Canada?
11 Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

If the answers be satisfactory, he shall give a clean bill of health to the master or person in charge; and such vessels may then proceed to the harbour of Quebec. If the answers be not satisfactory, or the Medical Superintendent has any reason to suspect fraud on the part of the master or person in charge, crew or passengers, he shall immediately order the vessel to such place as may be appointed for vessels detained under Quarantine of observation; he shall call for the ship's papers, passenger lists and log-books, and inspect them thoroughly so as to ascertain the whole of the occurrences during the voyage, and should he meet with any resistance, he will make such signal as may be determined on to show that assistance is necessary.

The Medical Superintendent shall also board all vessels he may consider necessary to inspect. He shall have charge of all vessels detained in Quarantine. He shall direct, if necessary, all steerage passengers to be landed with their luggage. And shall superintend the cleansing and disinfection of vessels. He shall direct the number of passengers to be landed, distinguishing those who require to be treated for pestilential or infectious diseases, and who are to be landed at that part of the said island set apart for such treatment, from those who do not require such treatment, and who may be landed at that part of the said island set apart for the reception of the healthy and those free from pestilential or infectious diseases, and he shall be careful that all such persons shall be landed at such places respectively. He shall have medical charge of all cabin passengers who do not disembark, and who may be labouring under any other than pestilential or infectious diseases; and shall order all passengers and persons on board any such ship or vessel who shall labour under any pestilential or infectious disease, to be landed with their luggage according to the foregoing regulation.

He shall give medical treatment on board in all cases of slight diseases which are not by these regulations specially required to be treated on shore, and when it shall be deemed advisable not to land the passengers on the said island. He shall whenever a vessel is cleansed, ventilated and purified, direct such vessel to receive on board the whole or any portion of the passengers, or whether the whole or any and which of the said passengers shall remain on the said island, to proceed up the river by some other mode of conveyance, and he shall, as soon as the passengers are re-embarked on board their ship, or on board any ship or vessel leaving the said island, give a passport or clean bill or health to the master or person having such vessel in charge, to proceed to Quebec. He shall make returns of the vessels boarded by him as soon as possible after such vessels are visited.

The Medical Superintendent shall have charge of the hospitals. He shall receive into the hospitals set apart for the treatment of pestilential and infectious diseases, all persons labouring under or threatened with any such disease. He shall have the general superintendence and direction of everything relating to the sick. He shall visit and inspect all passengers who shall be landed from any vessel, and distribute them as he shall think expedient either on that part of the island appropriated for the treatment of pestilential or infectious diseases, or on the part of the said island appropriated to healthy passengers. Upon the recovery of persons treated for any such disease he shall, after due precaution, transfer such persons to the healthy part of the said island. He shall superintend the cleansing, washing and purifying of all passengers, and the unpacking and ventilating of their baggage, and when they are in a fit state to proceed, he shall, if need be, cause any baggage or any part of it to be burned or otherwise destroyed.

6.—TRADERS, SUTLERS, GROCERS AND OTHERS.

No persons following the business of sutlers, traders, grocers or other occupations, or concerned in buying or selling, shall be allowed to reside upon the island, except under the license and strict control of the Medical Superintendent, who will have full authority to discharge and send from the island all or any such persons reporting the fact of such discharge and the reason therefor, for the information of the Governor General or person administering the government. All such persons in any way engaged in selling or traffic on the said island shall be regulated as to prices by lists to be furnished by the Medical Superintendent from time to time, assisted by the Emigrant Agent at Quebec. He shall strictly enquire into and decide upon all complaints of misconduct or breach of the regulations by persons so trading; he shall see that no officer or person employed by the Government, or in any public employment on the said island, has directly or indirectly any interest or concern in any supply of provisions, or other things to be supplied or furnished, bought or sold upon the said island, or directly or indirectly receives or takes any private gratuity or reward for any service rendered to any masters or crews of vessels, passengers or other persons upon the said island. And it shall be the duty of all persons to whose knowledge any breach of this regulation shall come to report the same forthwith to the Medical Superintendent, who shall enquire into the facts alleged, and may suspend from his office any person so charged until the pleasure of the Governor-General shall be known respecting the person so charged.

7.—SAINT LAWRENCE PILOTS.

Pilots having been furnished with copies of the said Act and of these regulations, and also of the laws regulating emigration, shall exhibit the same to the master or person in charge of every vessel they may board. Every pilot having charge of a vessel of the description of those liable to make Quarantine at Grosse-Isle as aforesaid, shall bring her to anchor within the limits of the anchorage ground at Grosse-Isle hereinbefore defined. They shall also keep a Union Jack flying at the peak of all vessels under their charge, until boarded by the proper officers. On arriving at Quebec, if the vessel has received a clean bill of health from the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, and has not been detained there on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, she may bring to at any place within the following limits in the Port of Quebec, viz: the whole space of the River St. Lawrence, from the mouth of the River St. Charles, to a line drawn across the said River St. Lawrence, from the flag-staff on the Citadel or Cape Diamond at right angles to the course of the said river, but must not communicate with the shore or with any other vessel or boat until boarded by the inspecting physician; but if the vessel be of the class of those not liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, she may either bring to at any place within the aforesaid limits, in the Port of Quebec, or she may proceed at once to the ballast ground.

8.—PASSENGERS.

On the arrival of any vessel at Grosse-Isle, on board of which there shall be or shall have been during the passage any case of Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious or dangerous disease, and in all other cases when it shall be considered necessary by the Medical Superintendent, the steerage passengers shall be landed with their luggage, and washed and purified, and shall be permitted to re-embark and proceed in the same vessel, or shall be detained and embarked in some steamboat or other vessel, as shall be directed by the Medical Superintendent. The passengers in the principal cabin shall not be landed except in cases of sickness, and may at all times proceed with the vessels or otherwise, after having washed and purified their luggage to the satisfaction and with the passport of the Medical Superintendent.

9.—VESSELS.

All vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, on their arrival there shall anchor within the limits of the anchorage ground at Grosse-Isle hereinbefore defined, until boarded by the Medical Superintendent; and if they shall not be detained at Grosse-Isle on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, shall receive a clean bill of health, and may proceed to the harbour of Quebec and there anchor at any place within the limits of that portion of the Port of Quebec hereinbefore defined, and there remain without communication with the shore, or any other vessel or boat until finally discharged from Quarantine by the license or passport aforesaid; but if any such vessel shall have been detained at Grosse-Isle from sickness or suspicion thereof, it shall anchor at the mouth of the River St. Charles, and there remain until finally discharged from Quarantine as aforesaid.

Vessels arriving at Grosse-Isle from any infected port or place, or one supposed to be infected, and on board of which no pestilential disease shall have declared itself during the passage, may be kept under Quarantine of observation for a period of not more than three days, during which time the passengers and crew thereof shall be subjected to a strict purification under the direction of the Medical Superintendent. All vessels detained in Quarantine shall be cleansed and ventilated, and their between decks, if not painted or varnished, shall be whitewashed, but if painted or varnished, shall be thoroughly scrubbed with soap and water or ley, and such portion of the ballast as the Medical Superintendent shall order, shall be thrown overboard, under his immediate superintendence, or that of some person to be appointed by him for that duty.

In all cases where vessels having passengers on board on account of sickness amongst such passengers shall be detained in Quarantine, the master or person in charge may, on application to the Medical Superintendent at Gross-Isle, be allowed to land the said passengers with their luggage; and the vessel being properly cleansed, purified and disinfected under the superintendence and with the license of the Medical Superintendent, may proceed up the river without the said passengers upon the master or person in charge paying to such person as shall be appointed to receive the same one shilling and three pence for each passenger, to bear the expense of their conveyance to Quebec; and also at the rate of one shilling per diem for each of the said passengers, to reimburse the expense of their maintenance at Grosse-Isle, for the time during which such vessel, in the judgment of the Medical Superintendent, would have had to be detained in Quarantine waiting for the passengers not affected with any of the pestilential or infectious diseases aforesaid, otherwise such vessel shall be detained in Quarantine until the passengers not sick of the aforesaid diseases, shall be cleansed, washed, purified and disinfected.

10.—INSPECTING PHYSICIAN AT QUEBEC.

An inspecting physician at Quebec shall go off to all vessels arriving at Quebec or at the mouth of the River St. Charles, and put the following questions to the masters or persons in charge, viz:

1 When did you leave Grosse-Isle?
2 Exhibit to me your passport from Grosse-Isle?
3 How many persons have you on board?
Cabin passengers?
Steerage passengers?
Crew?
4 Number left at Grosse-Isle?
5 Have any person or persons been taken sick since you left Grosse-Isle?
6 Have any died? State number, names and disease?
7 Have any person or persons come on board or left your vessel since you left Grosse-Isle?
8 Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

And moreover, he shall require all masters or persons in charge of vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, to exhibit to him the license or passport which they shall have received from the Medical Superintendent at the Quarantine Station; and such masters or persons in charge shall forthwith exhibit the same for examination to the said inspecting physician at Quebec, who, if he shall find, as well from the answer he may receive as from the tenor of the passport and the actual state of the passengers and crew that sickness does not exist on board he shall then grant to the master or person in charge of such vessel, a certificate in writing setting forth the healthy state of the passengers and crew, to the end that such vessel may obtain a final discharge from Quarantine. But, if on the contrary, such inspecting physician at Quebec, shall find any case of pestilential or infectious disease on board, or shall have just cause to apprehend the breaking out of any such malady, it shall then be his duty to hoist a yellow flag at the main-top-gallant-mast head and shall cause the vessel to return to or remain and be detained at the mouth of the River Saint Charles for further observation and inspection; and having acquainted the master or person in charge with the penalties to be incurred if he should permit any communication with his vessel until released from Quarantine, he shall report all the circumstances to the Minister of Agriculture for the information of the Governor General; and if it shall appear to the said inspecting physician at any time that such vessel shall have passed the Quarantine Station at Grosse-Isle without stopping to make Quarantine, being liable thereto, and should therefore be sent down to Grosse-Isle, or that such vessel having already cleared from Grosse-Isle, should return thereto, there to land the passengers, he shall order the master or person in charge to proceed or return with such vessel to Grosse-Isle, and such master or person in charge shall obey such order, and the proper officers at Grosse-Isle shall observe in respect of such vessels the same rules and regulations as are provided for vessels arriving at Grosse-Isle with sick. Should the inspecting physician at Quebec meet with any resistance in the discharge of the duty required of him by this regulation, he will immediately enforce the same by all lawful means at his disposal.

Any steamboat or other vessel that shall have towed or otherwise communicated with a vessel of the class of vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, not having the discharge from Quarantine of the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, shall be subject to the same regulations and instructions as hereinbefore provided, respecting vessels not discharged from Quarantine.

No steamboat shall be allowed to proceed to Grosse-Isle for the purpose of taking on board passengers direct from that island, without previously obtaining from the Collector of Customs of the Port of Quebec, a written permit to that effect; subject nevertheless to the regulations hereinbefore provided.

No vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or Montreal, until all the requirements of the foregoing regulations in reference to such vessels shall have been fully complied with.

11.—PORT OF HALIFAX.

That all boats, ships or vessels coming into the Harbour of Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia, which shall have at the time of their said arrival, or shall have had during their passage from the places where they respectively cleared, any person on board labouring under Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious and dangerous disease, or on board of which any person shall have died during such passage, or which, being of less tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement, shall have on board thirteen or more steerage passengers, or which being of greater tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement, shall have on board fifty or more steerage passengers, or which shall have come from some infected port shall make their Quarantine in the Harbour of Halifax, on board such vessels or at such place on shore, and in such manner as shall be directed by the inspecting physician of the said Port of Halifax, and there remain and continue until such ships or vessels shall be discharged from such Quarantine, by such license or passport, and discharge given without fee or emolument of any kind as shall be directed or permitted by such order or orders as shall be made by the Governor, with the advice of the Privy Council; and until the said ships and vessels shall respectively have performed such Quarantine and shall be discharged therefrom by such license or passport and discharge as aforesaid, persons, goods or merchandise which shall be on board such boats, ships or vessels, shall not come or be brought on shore, or go, or be put on board of any other ship or vessel in Canada, except at such place indicated as aforesaid when duly required by competent authority.

All boats, ships or vessels of the class and description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable to make their Quarantine in the Harbour of Halifax, shall anchor within a mile of the southern end of George's Island, there to be inspected by the inspecting physician, and ordered, according to circumstances as aforesaid.

The inspecting physician of the port of Halifax shall visit, on their arrival, such boats, ships or vessels, and shall direct them as best calculated for the public health, and in accordance with the intent and meaning of the present regulations and orders in Council, which may be communicated to him from time to time.

12.—PORT OF SAINT JOHN.

That all boats, ships or vessels coming into the Harbour of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, which shall have at the time of their said arrival, or shall have had during their passage from the places where they respectively cleared, any person on board labouring under Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles or other infectious and dangerous disease, or on board of which any person shall have died during such passage, or which, being of less tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement, shall have on board thirteen or more steerage passengers, or which being of greater tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement, shall have on board fifty or more steerage passengers, or which shall have come from some infected port shall make their Quarantine in the Harbour of Saint John on board such vessels or on Partridge Island, and in such manner as shall be indicated by the inspecting physician of the said Port of St. John, and there remain and continue until such ships or vessels shall be discharged from such Quarantine, by such license or passport, and discharge given without fee or emolument of any kind, or shall be directed or permitted by such order or orders as shall be made by the Governor, with the advice of the Privy Council; and until the said ships and vessels shall respectively have performed such Quarantine, and shall be discharged therefrom by such license or passport and discharge as aforesaid, persons, goods or merchandise, which shall be on board such boats, ships or vessels, shall not come or be brought on shore, or go or be put on board of any other ship or vessel in Canada, except on the said Partridge Island when duly required by competent authority.

All boats, ships or vessels of the class and description hereinbefore mentioned as liable to make their Quarantine in the said Harbour of St. John, shall anchor within a mile of the outside or southern end of Partridge Island, (unless forced by stress of weather to anchor inside the said island, in which case such vessels shall anchor as close as practicable to the said island,) there to be inspected by the inspecting physician and ordered according to the circumstances as aforesaid.

The inspecting physician of the Port of St. John shall visit, on their arrival, such boats, ships or vessels, and shall direct them as best calculated for the public health, and in accordance with the intent and meaning of the present regulations and such orders in Council as may be communicated to him from time to time.

13.—INSPECTING PHYSICIANS OF THE PORTS OF HALIFAX AND ST. JOHN.

The inspecting physicians of the Ports of Halifax and St. John (or any medical officer nominated to act as assistant in their absence) shall have respectively, the control over all officers and employes, who may be appointed or employed for the service of the Quarantine in the said ports, respectively, and the medical attendance over the sick and healthy passengers or crew detained on board, or who may have been landed to undergo the said Quarantine on shore, and the said inspecting physicians shall have, respectively, the same duties to perform and the same authority as those hereinbefore assigned to the Medical Superintendent of the Quarantine of Grosse-Isle, and shall fulfil the said duties and exercise the said authority in the same manner as prescribed for the said Medical Superintendent.

14.—VESSELS IN QUARANTINE AT THE PORTS OF HALIFAX AND ST. JOHN.

In all cases where vessels having passengers on board, or account of sickness amongst such passengers, shall be detained in Quarantine, the master or person in charge may, on application to the inspecting physician of the said Ports of Halifax or St. John respectively, be allowed to land the said passengers with their luggage; and the vessel being properly cleansed, purified and disinfected under the superintendence and with the license of the Inspecting Physician, may proceed up the harbor without the said passengers, upon the master or person in charge paying to such person as shall be appointed to receive the same, ten pence for each passenger to bear the expense of their conveyance, and also at the rate of one shilling per diem for each of the said passengers, to reimburse the expense of their maintenance for the time during which such vessel, in the judgment of the inspecting physician, would have had to be detained in Quarantine waiting for the passengers not affected with any of the pestilential or infectious diseases aforesaid, otherwise such vessel shall be detained in Quarantine until the passengers not sick of the aforesaid diseases, shall be cleansed, washed, purified and disinfected.

15.—PILOTS OF THE PORTS OF HALIFAX AND ST. JOHN.

Pilots of the Ports of Halifax and St. John respectively, having been furnished with copies of the said Act, and of these regulations, shall exhibit the same to the master or person in charge of any boat, ship or vessel they may board:—every Pilot having charge of a vessel of the description of those liable to make Quarantine at the Ports of Halifax or St. John respectively, shall bring her to anchor within the limits of the anchorage grounds hereinbefore defined for the said ports respectively:—They shall also keep a Union Jack flying at the peak of all vessels under their charge, until boarded by the proper medical officer aforesaid.

16.—GENERAL PROVISIONS.

All vessels trading between any ports or places within Canada, and not having touched at any ports or places without the Dominion nor communicated with any other vessel which shall have arrived from any port without the Dominion, shall be exempt from the foregoing rules and regulations so far as respects the necessity of going to or stopping at the anchorage ground aforesaid; nor shall the said rules and regulations apply to any vessel of war, or to transports or vessels having Queen's troops on board accompanied by a medical officer and in a healthy state, or to any steamer, unless sickness or death may have occurred during the passage.

No vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or Montreal, until all the requirements of the foregoing regulations in reference to such vessel shall have been fully complied with.

Any person who shall contravene, either by omission or commission, any of the foregoing regulations, shall for every such offence incur and pay a fine of not exceeding FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS, to be recovered in the manner prescribed by the said Act; and every person who, upon conviction of any such offence, shall fail to pay the amount of fine which he shall have been condemned to pay, shall be imprisoned until such fine be paid.

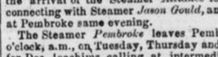
AND

All previous orders or regulations are hereby revoked. Now Know Ye, that we do hereby command, and enjoin upon all our loving subjects that they do take notice of and obey the said regulations so made as aforesaid and govern themselves accordingly.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these our letters to be made patent, and the great seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed: Witness, our right trusty and well-beloved cousin the Right Honorable CHARLES STANLEY VISCOUNT MONCK, Baron Monck of Ballytrammon, in the County of Wexford, in the Peerage of Ireland, and Baron Monck of Ballytrammon, in the County of Wexford, in the Peerage of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Governor-General of Canada, &c., &c., &c., at our Government House, in our City of Ottawa, this twenty-third day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight, and in the thirty-first year of our reign.

By Command,
HECTOR L. LANGEVIN,
759tf Secretary of State.

Railroads.



CHANGE of TIME

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and after FRIDAY, the 15th May, 1868, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA
Mixed, 7. 15 a. m.	10.35 a. m.
Express, 1.35 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 7 a. m.	9.25 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.

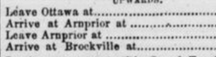
The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, eastward.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.
Ottawa, May 14, 1868. 1y



Brockville and Ottawa Railway,

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT
Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.
Brockville, April 11. 472y

Grand Trunk Railway Company

OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows;

GOING WEST—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 8.30 A.M.

Night do do at 7.30 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.00 A.M.

Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.

Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.

Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.

Express for Boston and New York, at 3.30 P.M.

Express for Portland (staying over at Island Pond) at 2.00 P.M.

Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Riviere du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbroke, Waterville and Coaticooke only, at 10.10 P.M.

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations; apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
December 23, 1867 650tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET.

FOUR GOOD ROOMS over SHEPHERD'S GROCERY STORE, Murray st., between Sussex and Dalhousie-sts. Also, GOOD STABLES for thirteen horses. Rent moderate. Also a quantity of CEDARS for sale. Enquire of M. SHEPHERD, at the Store.

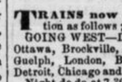
Ottawa, May 20, 1868. 748

Lots for Sale.

6 BUILDING LOTS, one mile from the city, on the Richmond Road, containing one acre each. Apply to THOMAS ANDERSON, Jr. on the premises. 564tf

FOR SALE, on SANDY HILL, opposite Oesbarats', LOT No. 32, Stuart street. Terms moderate. Apply to Mrs. TIERNAN, No. 2, Lingstreet opposite the Gas House.

Ottawa, May 4 1868. 734d



Two Dwellings to Let,

BEING the Upper part of E. MARTINEAU'S Clothing Store, Corner of Sussex and Clarence-street.

Enquire at the Store.

EUG. MARTINEAU.
Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 646

Steamers.

1868 1868

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMER

Queen Victoria,

Captain A. BOWIE,

Leaves the Queen's Wharf with mails and passengers for Montreal, every morning, (Sundays excepted) at half-past 6 o'clock, arriving at 4:45 p.m.

Travellers and tourists will find this a delightful trip.

First-class Fare (meals extra)	$3 50
Second " "	2 00
First " Return "	6 00

Baggage checked through.

Parcel Express daily to and from Montreal and all landings.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs landed at L'Orignal.

For further information apply at Office on the wharf, or on board the steamer.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Excursion Tickets to Grenville and back for one fare.

MARKET STEAMER

"FAIRY,"

Captain R. G. NICHOLS,

Leaves Ottawa for Major's and intermediate landings on Tuesdays and Fridays at 4 o'clock, p.m.

7493 R. W. SHEPHERD.

1868 1868

UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

Upper Ottawa Route.

Consisting of the following first-class Steamers,

ANN SISSON,	-	Captain Murphy.
ALLIANCE,	- -	" Findlay.
EMERALD,	- -	" Toner.
OREGON,	- -	" Cowley.
CALUMET,	- -	" Blondin.
JASON GOULD,	-	" Bolton.
PONTIAC,	- -	" Duggan.
PEMBROKE,	- -	" Overman.
SNOW BIRD,	- -	" Beattie.

Until further notice the Steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day (Sundays excepted) for the Upper Ottawa at 8:30 a.m., connecting with the *Alliance* at head of railroad at 12:30, touching at Arnprior, Sandpoint, Bristol, Honnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf, and Portage-du-Fort. Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after the arrival of the Steamer *Alliance* for Cobden, connecting with Steamer *Jason Gould* which leaves daily at 5 a.m., and arriving at Portage-du-Fort at 10 a.m.

The Steamer *Alliance* leaves Portage-du-Fort every morning (Sundays excepted) at 9:30 a.m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Honnechere, Bristol, Sandpoint and Arnprior, and arriving at head of railway at 12:45, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4 p.m.

The Steamer *Calumet* leaves Havelock for Chapeau Village and intermediate ports on Tuesdays at 6 o'clock, a.m., and returning leaves Chapeau Village same days, at 2 o'clock.

A connection is made daily with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at Arnprior at 2 o'clock p.m., in time to connect with the Grand Trunk Railway night trains east and west, and on the downward trip at Sandpoint 11:35 a.m., Arnprior 12:10.

Passengers for Des Joachims leave Ottawa every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

For further particulars apply at the office of the Company in Ottawa City or Aylmer.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.
Ottawa City, April 22, 1868. 724S

Condensed Time Table

Between Brockville and Ottawa, via Brockville and Ottawa Railway and Union Forwarding Railway Company's Steamers:

UPWARDS.

Leave Ottawa at	7:00 a.m.
Arrive at Arnprior at	2:00 p.m.
Leave Arnprior at	2:20 p.m.
Arrive at Brockville at	7:45 p.m.

In time to connect with Grand Trunk Railway Night Trains, East and West.

DOWNWARDS.

Leave Brockville at	7:15 a.m.
Arrive at Arnprior at	12:10 p.m.
Leave Arnprior at	12:15 p.m.
Arrive at Ottawa at	5:00 p.m.

NOTICE

—TO—

SHIPPERS OF GOODS

TO THE

Upper Ottawa,

By Steamers of the

Union Forwarding

AND

RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE Union Forwarding and Railway Company having assumed the carting of goods between

OTTAWA & AYLMER,

I beg to intimate that the same rate will be charged on goods received at either place, the Company having established a through rate on all goods forwarded from Ottawa to places on the Upper Ottawa.

Receipts for goods will be given by the Shipping Clerk, Mr. S. Dyde, Canal Basin Wharf, or at the office of the Company, Wellington-street.

R S CASSELS,
President.
Ottawa, March 23, 1868. 698-u

Ice, Ice, Ice!

THE subscriber will furnish ICE DAILY to those requiring it for the Season. Double supplies on Saturday for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season, $6.00. Hotels and Steamers supplied with large quantities on liberal terms, as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted.

All orders left at KAVANAGH'S RESTAURANT, or at the subscriber's, will be strictly attended to.

F. STARMER.
126, Rideau-st.
Ottawa, May 14, 1868. 742d

W. NOTMAN,

Photographer to the Queen

CORNER OF

WELLINGTON AND METCALFE

STREETS,

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his

Establishment will be Opened

—ON—

Monday Next, 3rd February

When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for all the different branches of Photography.

Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 582y

NEW STORE!

THE Store formerly occupied by W. D. WOOD, No. 38, on RIDEAU STREET, has been refitted by the subscribers, and will be opened on MONDAY, FOURTEENTH OCTOBER, with an entire new stock of

GROCERIES,

LIQUORS AND

HARDWARE.

WOOD & ROSSITER.
Ottawa, October 12, 1867 15

1867 AND 1868.

INDIA WAREHOUSE!

16 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform their Customers that their Stock is now complete, and embraces every delicacy of the Season, among which will be found a choice assortment of

TEAS,

Breakfast SOUCHONG, } Black Extra Fine.
do CONGOU, }
Superior HYSON,
" GUNPOWDER,
" IMPERIAL,
" TWANKAY,
Orange PEKOE, } These Teas have been
Flowery " } carefully selected for
Japan " } family trade by

BROWNE & HARDY.

**SUG

The Ottawa Times

VOL. III. NO 764. OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 10, 1868. PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valle issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the we'r over 16,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only, ... $6 00

Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line, ... 8c

All subsequent insertions, per line, ... 2c

Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

Yearly subscription to the daily (if paid in advance) $5 00

If not paid in advance 6 00

Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance) $1 00

not paid in advance 1 50

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—*Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the* OTTAWA TIMES

Legal Cards.

MOSGROVE & TAILLON,

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
William Mosgrove. George Taillon.
Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1868. 366-tf

R. J. WICKSTEED,

ADVOCATE, &c., 42, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 589-6m

N. TETREAU,

NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 6, 1867. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,

ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

D. O'CONNOR,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. Office: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa
February 7, 1866. 43-u

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Casner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-c

LEES & GEMMELL,

BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
Robert Lees. John J. Gemmell.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

J. P. MACPHERSON,

BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866.

NICHOLAS SPARKS,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

G. J. O'DOHERTY,

LAW, Chancery, and Conveyancing Office, Aumond's Buildings, Rideau street.
Ottawa, December 6, 1867.

Medical Cards.

A. CODD, M.D., C.M.,

(*Attending Physician General Protestant Hospital*)

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Four doors east of the Revere House, Rideau-street, Ottawa. Office Hours—From 8 to 10 a. m, and from 2 to 1 p. m.
Ottawa, April 30. 730-3m

DR. CHESLEY,

OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 25 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30 44"tf

DR. C. LEGGO,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,

DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,

DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co's, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.

(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)

SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 380y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,

DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY,

CORNER of Kent and Wellington Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 43utf

DR. O. C. WOOD,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, with out the use of the knife, by a new but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa April 14. 17w-100-)

Hotels and Saloons.

DOMINION HOUSE,

WELLINGTON-STREET.

THE undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.
GEORGE IRVINE.
Ottawa, March 26. 658y

MATHEWS' OLD STAND,

YORK-STREET,

WILL BE OPEN for the accommodation of the public on THURSDAY, 12th of March, 1868. The subscriber having again resumed business in his old stand as hotel-keeper, wishes to return thanks to his numerous friends and the public for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on him, during the past seventeen years, and hopes by strict attention to business, and kindness to all, to share a portion of public patronage. His Larder will be always supplied with the best the market affords. His Bar will be supplied with the best of Liquors and choicest Cigars.
T. MATHEWS, Proprietor.
N. B.—The house has been thoroughly renovated and newly furnished.
Ottawa, March 11, 1868. 688tf

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,

LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec

REVERE HOUSE, OTTAWA,

G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, } ....PROPRIETORS.

THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867 582tf

THE ALBION HOTEL

NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor. This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1866. 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN

LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham. The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
☞ Oysters, Game etc. ...dall

THE METROPOLITAN

Aumond's Block,

Rideau Street Ottawa.

P. O'MEARA, Proprietor.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

TORONTO HOUSE,

SPARKS STREET.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has a few Commodious Suites of Apartments to Let, handsomely and comfortably furnished.
Gentlemen attending the Session of Parliament will find at the Toronto House most convenient quarters, where the quiet of the private family is combined with the usual attendance to be found at the best hotels.
Ottawa, Feb. 25, 1868. 675tf

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE SECURITY.
WALKER & PENNOCK, Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
April 15, 1868. 717tf

SMITH & RODNEY

MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from Eaton's Gilding Store, having just received a choice stock of

English, French and Canadian

CLOTHS and TWEEDS,

And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1, 1867. 551tf

A. MORTIMER,

BOOKBINDER

AND

Blank Book Manufacturer,

26, METCALFE-ST., OTTAWA.

HAVING every facility in the way of first-class Machinery, and employing none but first-class workmen, I am prepared to turn out every description of Binding in as good a style of workmanship as any other establishment in Canada.
A. MORTIMER, Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, Feb. 6. 384y

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS, Toronto, May 28, 1868. }

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT Charles Westley Lount, of Bracebridge, in the Township of Macauley, in the District of Muskoka, Esquir has been appointed Agent for the disposal of public lands in the Townships of Morrison, Muskoka, Draper, Macauley, Stephenson, McLean, Brunnel, Monck and Watt, in the District of Muskoka, in the place of Richard Jose Oliver, Esquire, whose services have been dispensed with.

Applications for lands open as Free Grants in the above mentioned Townships, must also be made to Mr. Lount.

S. RICHARDS, Commissioner.
Toronto, May 29, 1867. 758-tf

Druggists.

THE MEDICAL HALL

Soda Water and Ginger Ale Factory,

23 Great St. James-street, Montreal,

OPPOSITE the POST OFFICE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS Beg to intimate to their patrons that they have commenced the manufacture of Ærated Waters of every description, and on the most extensive scale.
Particular attention will be paid to the preparation of "Belfast Ginger Ale," a beverage first introduced into this country by our Mr. Brown, who alone possesses the original receipt, and who has also taken out a Trade Mark for the same.
The proprietors believe their Ærated Waters will be superior to any others at present prepared in Montreal, for the following reasons, viz:—
1st. The employment of the most improved machinery the United States can produce.
2nd. The application of strictly scientific principles to the details.
3rd. Extra care given to the chemical purity of the articles used in the different processes.
4th. The possession of chemical knowledge, without which it is simply impossible to produce Ærated Waters in perfection.
The following Waters and Beverages are the principal ones prepared at the Medical Hall Factory: Belfast Ginger Ale, Lemonade, Sarsaparilla, Winter Beverage, Summer Beverage, Soda Water, Seltzer Water, Potash Water, Kissengen Water, Vichy Water.
KENNETH, CAMPBELL & CO., Apothecaries to H.R.H. the Prince of Wales.
W. M. MASSEY, Agent for Ottawa. 472y

Spectacles for all Sights.

OPTICAL Instruments Electro-Magnetic and Galvanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.
W. HEARN, Market Drug Store, York-street.
637y

Miscellaneous.

D. CODD & CO.,

PATENT AGENTS, SOLICITORS, &c. Drawings, Specifications, Models, and all other business in connection with the procuring of Letters Patent of Invention, attended to at the shortest notice.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 741-6m

I. B. TACKABERRY'S

AUCTION ROOMS, No. 30, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any part of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS

PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-

H. McLEAN'S

AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

B. BILLINGS, JR.,

ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P, Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O & P R W 740tf

S. CHRISTIE,

COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,

EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 378y

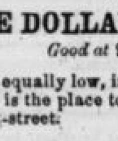
HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,

WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.
WILLIAM HOLGATE, JOHN OLIVER, WILLIAM ANNABLE.
506y

R. H. McGREEVY,

CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

LADIES CALL AT THE CAPITAL

Boot and  Shoe Store!

YORK-STREET.

For Cheap Gaiters

AT

ONE DOLLAR A PAIR!

Good at 95 cents.

Men's ware equally low, in every variety of style
☞ This is the place to buy cheap at the "Capital," York-street.
429y GEORGE MURPHY.

VICTORIA

FURNITURE WAREROOMS.

GEORGE ARMSTRONG, Corner Victoria Square and Craig-street, Montreal, solicits a call from the Citizens of Ottawa about to furnish, who may visit Montreal to his very large and varied stock of FURNITURE which he will sell at greatly reduced prices for cash. The Parlor Furniture is of the best quality and latest designs, either plain or handsomely carved, in Walnut, oil finished or polished.
His Sideboards, Bookcases, Chamber Sets, Hall Furniture, &c., are worthy of attention.
Hair Mattresses and Bedding of all description constantly on hand, or made to order, at the shortest notice. Call and examine for yourselves.
"Patent Sofa, with reclining arms, of a very superior make."
N.B.—Sole Agent in the Dominion for the sale of G. A. FISKS' Air-Tight Metallic Casket. 712-3m

Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale.

THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

Fine Bottled Ale!

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

Scotch Irish, Old Rye

And other Malt Whiskies,

Ports, Sherries, Brandies Gin, &c.,

Together with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A Call kindly Solicited.

D. WHELAN, 44, Rideau-street, Opposite Allan's Crockery Store
Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank Street, Centre Town,

Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

1868. MAY. 1868.

J.A.PINARD&CO.,

ARE NOW SHEWING

New Dress Goods,

A good value in Striped, all Mohair, for 6d per yard.

New Prints,

A good variety of Patterns at 6d per yard.

New Grey Cottons,

A good Cotton, 40 inches wide, for 7d per yard.

New White Cottons,

A good heavy made Cotton for 6d per yard.

The Tailoring Department is replete with all the novelties of the season.

Cash buyers will find it their advantage to visit the above before purchasing elsewhe

J. A. PINARD & Co.,
No. 17, Sussex-st., *Sign of the Golden Ball.*
Ottawa, May 5, 186 . 16y.

HARDWARE, HARDWARE!

—AT—

Thomas Birkett's,

SIGN OF THE ANVIL,
No. 24 No. 24
RIDEAU STREET.

Come old and young, come short and tall,
Come rich and poor, come great and small,
Just call and see my stock in trade,
Hardware and paints of every grade.

A Complete Assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware constantly kept on hand at the SIGN of the ANVIL, T. BIRKETT, consisting in part of

Butts,	Axes,	Iron,	Paints, all colors,	Screws,	Saws,	Tin,	Oils,
Locks,	Ropes,	Stoves,	Glass,	Coolers,	Putty,	Bolts,	Chains,
Nails,	Coal,	Pitch,	Grindstones,	&c.,	&c.,	&c.,	&c.

Also a complete stock of MECHANICS' TOOLS of the most improved English and American manufacture.

Then Come and Examine my Stock,
A duty never shirk it,
And satisfaction will be got
In business with T. BIRKETT.

☞ Don't forget the place—THOS. BIRKETT, Sign of the Anvil, No. 24, Rideau-street.
P. S.—All Goods delivered Free to any part of the city. 408y

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE WERE AWARDED THEIR 67TH

Prize and Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

Great rapidity, Simple Machinery, quiet in action, easy to operate, price from $17. *Prospectus free, and instructions gratis.*

G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa, and 105 King st., West, Toronto.

☞ Sole Agent for Ontario.

The "HOWE" SEWING MACHINES are the *best* for Carriage Trimmers, Harness Makers, Boot and Shoe makers, are the best Shuttle Machine for Tailors, Dressmakers, Families, etc. etc. Price from $30. Prospectus free and instructions gratis.
479 43y R. W. STEPHEN, 37 Sparks-street, Ottawa.

GREAT BARGAINS IN DRESS GOODS, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

NEW STYLE OF DRESS GOODS, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FANCY DRESS GOODS AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

PLAIN GOODS FOR TRAVELLING DRESSES, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

BAREGE, GRENADINE & LLAMA DRESS GOODS, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S Invite inspection of their Stock.

No. 14, RIDEAU-STREET.

Ottawa, May 30, 1868. 510y

NEW SILK AND DRESS GOODS:

Grant and Henderson

Have just opened out a new lot of

Black and Fancy Silks, Moire-Antiques,

BROCADES, POPLINS, CHALLIS, LUSTRES, &c.

☞ Elegant Goods at Moderate Prices. ☜

Millinery, Mantles, Jackets, Carpets and House Furnishings in great variety, always on hand.

No. 20, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, May 16, 1868. 62?y

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT! 35, SUSSEX St. H. MEADOWS & CO.

WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall Stoves, for wood or coal we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.

☞ Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW OVEN STOVES.

BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.

☞ Suitable for private Dwellings and Churches Warehouses and Stores

PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES PARLOR STOVES.

☞ New and most beautiful designs, very cheap.

COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES. Hot Air Furnaces.

We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE, RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. ☞ Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with Stovepipes, &c., at reduced rates.

Lumbermen's Supplies! Lumbermen's Supplies! Shanty Plates! Basins! Camp Kettles, &c.
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS!

Bird Cages! Bird Cages! Bird Cages!

Price Lists sent free on application.
☞ Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending purchasers would do well to note.
An inspection of the above goods invited at the
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, October 2 1867. 62-y

The Ottawa Times.

OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 10, '68.

JAPAN.

Particulars of the Massacre of the French Sailors and its Punishment—A Case of Hari-Kari—Progress of the Civil War in Japan, &c., &c., &c.

We have received by the overland mail from California copious Japanese files containing a variety of fresh and interesting news from that country. The files came by the Pacific mail steamship *New York*, from Hong Kong, April 19, Yokohama April 28, with 750 passengers and 200 tons of freight.

THE MURDER OF THE FRENCH CREW.

HIOGO, Japan, March 26.

For some time we have had no particular excitement until the 2nd inst., when it was reported that "Ikada Ise," the officer who ordered his men to fire upon our people, was to be beheaded on the spot where he gave the command. Of course our citizens manifested a great deal of anxiety to know at what hour the spectacle was to take place, in order that they might witness it. The day passed, however, and we heard of no execution. On the following morning, to the surprise of everyone, it was made known that the demand of the Ministers had been complied with on the previous night, at 10:25 o'clock, in a temple at Hiogo, in presence of Japanese high officials.

THE MURDERER COMMITS HARI-KARI.

The unfortunate man paid the penalty of his folly with that coolness without bravado, that has ever distinguished his countrymen. Out of consideration for his position, he was permitted to commit Hari-kari. Upon his making the cut across his stomach, the executioner at once, with one blow, severed his head from his body, thus closing the career of the would-be murderer of unarmed Europeans—and justice was satisfied. The course of this man is but another proof of the animosity that is felt by Japanese towards foreigners, and, I predict, the sequel will show more of these attacks, and the final necessity for a general war against the whole race of Daimios before peace will be fully established. We have made the commencement, and must not allow any impediment to intervene to prevent the full carrying out of the treaty. On the 5th, all the ministers with their suites left for Osaka to re-establish their embassies, taking with them all the men-of-war save the gun-boat *Cockchafer*, so that we were almost without protection. We remained thus until the 9th, when the *Rinaldo* came down to relieve the gunboat, and reported trouble between the French troops and the Japanese. At once every one was enquiring the cause and effects of the trouble, and as usual in such cases, all kinds of stories were flying around the settlement, but all agreed that the French had been assaulted and had several men killed and wounded.

THE SCENE OF THE BUTCHERY.

The true state of the case was made known last evening when the French Consul, Mr. Viault, and a number of officers and men of the French fleet came down in a launch (a gale of wind blowing the entire day,) from whom it was learned that on the 8th or 9th, I forget which, a crew from the French man-of-war *Dupleix*, were on shore in the steam launch for the purpose of surveying the river at Saki (some eight miles from Osaka.) A portion of the crew landed, and were walking along the shore when they were approached by some Japanese in the most friendly manner, and invited by them to walk toward the town; they went with them, *their arms being in the launch!* After they had proceeded a short distance these people turned, without provocation, and fired upon them; others at once commenced firing upon those in the boat. One of the party, an engineer, took to the water, and by good swimming reached the launch, and placed it between the assailants and himself, and by skilful management was able to work the boat off to the ship. The result of the whole affair was that eleven were killed. A more atrocious and cowardly assault was never made. The Consul also stated that the dead men would be brought down to-day for burial; in accordance with his request each Consul notified his countrymen to be present at 1 o'clock this p. m., to attend the funeral. About 11 o'clock the *Oneida* and *Monocacy* steamed into harbor, and shortly after the *Ocean* and *Dupleix* came in, the latter having the dead on board.

HOW FRANCE HONORS HER HEROIC DEAD.

At a little before the hour appointed, boats were despatched from the *Dupleix* with sailors armed with muskets, and the fine band of the frigate; these took up their position on the beach; and shortly after, the four boats were seen leaving the *Dupleix* with the unfortunate men who had been so brutally murdered. The water procession consisted of one French launch, one launch with the dead on board, and two gigs; these were followed by five American and five English boats, with their respective officers. The bodies were received by the companies before sent on shore, and were carried in procession by their brother sailors. The procession took up its line of march, preceded by the band and one company of sailors, armed with rifles, in front, followed by their comrades and English sailors armed. Then came the French Minister and the Commander of the *Dupleix*. These were followed by the English, American, Prussian, Dutch, and Italian Ministers, after whom came Consuls who were followed by the officers of the combined fleet, the whole being brought up by private citizens, making a very long and truly a most solemn procession.

AFFECTING SCENE AT THE GRAVE.

Upon reaching the cemetery the eleven bodies were lowered to their last resting place, the band playing a funeral dirge. When the last one was placed in his grave, the commander of the *Dupleix* stepped in front, and made a most affecting speech, which was received by the men of his ship with sobs and tears. After he had concluded, the French Minister stepped in front, and made an address, in which he spoke of the cowardly murder of their countrymen, and promised them, with uplifted hand, full and complete revenge. It has never been my lot to witness a more painful sight—to see brave-visaged men who would face an enemy at any time without flinching, under the manly tones of their Minister weeping like women—told how deeply they felt the loss of their comrades. After the Minister concluded his remarks, one of the men stepped forward and read the prayer for the dead, then the French Minister took up a handful of sand, and walked past the graves, depositing a portion in each, which was also done by every foreign Minister present.

LAST HONORS.

The sailors then fired a volley over their graves, and the procession returned to the beach, thus terminating another of those ceremonials that is calculated to embitter any foreigner against the inhuman infidels.

A JAPANESE BISMARCK.

In the next chapter of that biographical history without an end—"The Vicissitudes of Fortune," the name of Stotsbashi should find a conspicuous place. A cadet of the House of Mito, a family always depressed under some cloud of disaster, and suffering from apparently chronic disorder in its domain, he was adopted into the family whose name he bears, and raised Shimadz Saburo to the post of Gotairo, for the purpose of carrying out a certain policy. Winning the confidence and affection of his young ward, Iyemochi, he received from him, as it were, the dangerous legacy of the Shogoonate; misled, deceived, by the prospect of support from his foreign allies, he ventured to attempt an independent course of action, and offended his patron; and, twice offering his resignation to the Mikado, twice was he reinstated.

STOTSBASHI'S COUP D'ETAT FAILS.

Then, on the imposing occasion of the opening of Osaka and Hiogo, in the presence of the most powerful force yet seen in Japan, we see him to all appearance stronger than ever, when suddenly, a precipitate attempt at a *coup d'etat* failing, he has to leave his capital in the depth of a January night, and fugitive; his army dispersed, his *prestige* gone, the sceptre passed away from him, he arrives in the great stronghold of his family, where, abandoned by his allies, betrayed and defeated, he retires into an obscurity deeper and darker than that from which a few short years ago, he had been raised by an abler and a stronger hand. The translation of two private circulars issued since his arrival in Yeddo to the Hatamotos of his house, are most interesting. They show to what straits he has been reduced, and the touching phrases of the documents, of which the translator has carefully preserved the tenor and character, indicate with sad and interesting significance the humiliation which he keenly feels. To dismiss the old and tried retainers of his house, the faithful and attached servants of the Shogoonate, to break up old ties, and to cast aside ancient customs, all the pomp and circumstance of State—these must have been indeed sore trials to what all who have known Stotsbashi unite in estimating as an heroic temperament and a noble mind.

FINAL SUBMISSION OF STOTSBASHI.

Stotsbashi has most distinctly and categorically submitted to the Emperor, and in circulars to the vassals of his house, has advised all who owe him fealty and obedience to do the same. Abandoned by his foreign allies, with the prestige of his arms irretrievably gone, and the mysterious and time-honored influence of the Mikado used against him by the Southern Daimios with consummate skill, submission was clearly his best policy, his only chance, indeed, of safety for the present and possible advancement in the future. Intelligent, enlightened, and liberal-minded as this young nobleman has shown himself to be, it would be a real calamity for his country, if his victorious opponents should proceed to extremities against him.

THE CIVIL WAR IN JAPAN.

There is but very little prospect of continued fighting here. Aidzu's hostility to the Southern Daimios' party—and particularly to Chioshiu, is of no recent date. He may fight—but he will inevitably be beaten. Sendai will not help him, Kushiu has given in his allegiance to the new *regime*, Mito has enough to occupy him in his own dominions, and Stotsbashi, as we have seen, distinctly refuses to move. The Tokugawa clan has no head, and the rule of the House of Iyeyas has sunk into the history of the past. There appears hardly any doubt now but the transfer of Yeddo and the *K'uwanto* (eight provinces) from the late Shogoon to the Mikado, will be made peaceably.

ATTACK ON THE BRITISH MINISTER'S ESCORT.

On the 23rd of March the British Minister set out to his audience with his Imperial Majesty Mutsuhito. He had with him his own mounted escort of 13 men and a guard of her Majesty's 9th Regiment, of about 60. In addition, he was accompanied by some 200 Japanese, who formed his advance and rear guard. At a certain point, where the obstacle of a bridge compelled the men to move in a double file, and where, moreover, a turn in the street gave a favorable opportunity, a couple of Japanese swordsmen rushed out of a shop and attacked the escort. So totally unprepared were the men for any such assault, and so skilled the assailants in the use of their weapons, that eight of the thirteen mounted guard and one man of the 9th were disabled before the mischief could be stopped, and in less time than is required to describe the incident, one of the desperate *Samuari* had reached Sir Harry Parkes. Here, however, he was fortunately stopped and wounded by bayonet and sword thrusts and with a pistol bullet in his head, he was taken alive.

SKILL OF JAPANESE SWORDSMEN.

His companion had been killed meanwhile by Goto Shiojiro, a Japanese noble, whose name will be found in our list of Under-Secretaries of State for Foreign Affairs, and who was riding by the side of Sir Harry when the attack was made. He jumped off his horse instantly, and rushing forward with drawn sword, engaged this man, who had just wounded another native officer of rank, and quickly dispatched him, severing his head from his body. Almost all the damage to the escort was therefore done by the other man, and a proof is here afforded to us of what one determined and skilled Japanese swordsman can do; and at the same time the utter helplessness of lancers as an escort. The lance is doubtless the Queen of weapons for a cavalry soldier in the open field, but in a narrow street, a lancer, encumbered with a weapon worse than useless to him, is about as helpless as he looks imposing. Some of the poor fellows were badly hurt, one having the knee joint cut through and the wrist of another being almost severed.

THE MIKADO AT OSAKA.

The Mikado arrived at Osaka on Wednesday last, having in his train, we are informed, seven Daimios and their retainers, the latter number, it is estimated, over ten thousand men. This is said to be the first time the Mikado has ever left Kioto. About a fourth part of the city of Osaka has been barricaded off, plans showing the portions thus enclosed have been prepared, and foreigners are advised not to go there during the visit of his Majesty, which is expected to last about three weeks. We cannot think that any part of Osaka is particularly safe for foreigners, scowling *samuari* are not unfrequently to be met with, and occasionally some may be seen carelessly swinging naked revolvers in their hands as they stroll along. As for the Mikado's proclamation threatening to *de-samuarise* all two-sworded men who may in future assault foreigners—it *may* be posted up in Osaka, but there is not a single copy to be seen posted in Oraca, so a recent visitor informs us.

A TRIP TO OSAKA.

Your correspondent paid a visit to the city of Osaka a week ago.

We arrived at the bar about 6 p. m., with a light wind from the west and the tide about half up; it being flood tide we noticed two junks aground on the bar, with their sails set and their sterns kept in position by long poles stuck in the sand and fastened inboard; this precaution being necessary to keep them from riding broadside on; as there was very little sea on and our boat drew but little water, we soon crossed this, at times impassable bar.

Inside the bar we found the water very smooth and about five or six feet deep in the fairway, and on ascending the river, we noticed that both sides were lined with junks of every description. We passed several house-boats containing what we supposed to be pleasure seekers, namely, two sworded gentlemen accompanied by some of the fairer sex who had brought with them musical instruments, and who seemed to entertain themselves and companions with music and singing, whilst they were poled from one side of the river to the other.

CLEANLINESS OF THE CITY.

The first thing that strikes a stranger on arriving at this place is the cleanliness of the streets, some of which are made with brick tiles placed edgeways in the ground, higher in the centre than at the sides, thus allowing the water to run into the gutters and keeping the streets always dry, even in wet weather. The street possessing most interest, both to foreigners and natives, is called *Sinchi-bachi*, in the shops on either side of which are to be seen various articles of European clothing, some of home make and others of Japanese handiwork. The latter of course will not bear much comparison with the former.

THE TYCOON'S PALACE.

After we had traversed the full length of this street, which was pretty thickly crowded with natives, who seemed to look on us as curiosities, we directed our steps towards the late Tycoon's palace, which was burnt some time ago. On approaching this edifice we were struck with its strong and massive construction, the outer wall being built of granite, and from thirty to forty feet high. It is surrounded by a deep and broad moat, in the centre of which the water is twelve feet deep, whilst the moat itself is thirty feet broad, and from the surface of the water to the top of the moat wall there is a depth of some twenty feet.

THE DEFENCES.

There are three entrances by this outer wall, two by land and the other over a drawbridge, the two former have a thick embankment of earth thrown up before them and are guarded by a number of Statsuma's men, to whom we applied for admittance, this being readily granted, we passed through one of the entrances and noticed suspended on the inside a very strongly built gate which took three men to move; immediately facing us was another wall which we passed by a gate also very strongly built, but to our astonishment we found on our left another granite wall surrounded by a dry moat. This, however, had but one entrance, the gate of which we found even more strongly built than the two we had already passed. In the interior of the second fortress once stood the late Tycoon's palace, the only remaining vestige of which were the foundation stones, all cracked by the heat of the fire. There were, however, two buildings still standing, which, we were told, were the "money go-downs," or treasury. In the centre of the fortress there is yet another building to which we repaired, and on ascending its broad stone staircase, we found ourselves in the section of the castle, round which there are roofed buildings open on the sides. This section is called the castle of refuge and in it there is a very deep well, a shed is built to protect the soldiers from the weather, and between this building and the wall there is a narrow pathway.

THE FEDERAL CONSTITUTION OF JAPAN.

[Translation from the Kioto Gazette of March, 1868.]

The three officers are:

1.—Sosai, to which Princes of the blood (Miya) are appointed: Nobles of the Court (Kuge) and territorial nobles, (Daimio) are eligible as Fuku sasai (assistant sosai).

The function of this office is to direct the whole government, and to have the supreme decison in all matters.

2. Gijo, to which Princes of the blood, nobles of the Court, and territorial nobles are eligible.

The function of this office is to preside over the separate departments, and to settle discussions in connection therewith.

3. Sanyo, to which nobles of the court, territorial nobles, and Daimio's retainers selected by the Mikado are eligible.

The function of this office is to assist in the discussion of business, and to preside over branches of the separate departments.

THE EIGHT DEPARTMENTS.

1. The *Sosai* department.

2. *Jin-gi-ji-mu-Kioku*, or department of the Shinto religion. This department has charge of the Shinto festivals, of the priests and the shrines.

3. *Dai-ko-ku-ji-mu-Kioku*, or department of Home affairs. This department has charge of the capital and the five home provinces, of land and water transport in all the provinces, of post towns and post roads, of barriers and fairs, and of the governors of castle towns, ports, &c.

4. *Gum-po-ji-mu-Kioku*, or War Department. This department has charge of the naval and military forces, drilling, protection of the Emperor, and military defences in general.

6. *Kuai-kei-ji-mu-Kioku*, or Department of Finance. This department has the charge of the registers of houses and population, of rates and taxes, money, corn, accounts, tribute, building and repairs, salaries, public storehouses and internal trade.

7. *Sei-do-ji-mu-Kioku*, or Judicial Department. This department has charge of the censorate, of inquisitions, arrests, trials, and the penal laws in general.

8. *Sei-do-ji-mu-Kioku*, or Legislative Department. This department has charge of the superintendence of offices, enactments, sumptuary regulations, appointments and all other laws and regulations.

CHOSHI AND KOSHI.

Choshi are unlimited in number. They are retainers of daimios and other men of talent from the towns or country districts, who are specially and impartially selected on account of their ability. They are appointed to be *Sanyo*, and also to be officers of the different apartments. Some are appointed to office without being *Sanyo*. Their terms of office is for four years, after which they retire in favor of those who possess the greatest wisdom and talent. Such are of surpassing ability and cannot be dispensed with, are eligible for a further period of four years. They are chosen by a general vote.

Koshi.—Three for every clan above 400,000 *koku*, two for every clan between 400,000 *koku* and 100,000 *koku*, one for every clan below 100,000 *koku*. These are clansmen selected by their prince and sent by him to the deliberative assembly; they are, in fact, members of parliament. The object is to arrive at the opinion of the majority. The number is fixed, but the period of service unlimited, and they obey the directions of their prince. Such as are of sufficient talent may be selected to be Choshi.

NOT QUITE SO.—"It is among the most savage and debased tribes only that the condition and comfort of the horse have been neglected;" but we believe there are many in civilized countries who are guilty of the same neglect, and without the excuse of the former; here all may avail themselves of the use of an article which has done more than anything else heretofore known to improve the condition and relieve the suffering of the horse. Those who will not use it will be the losers, their horses the sufferers, to avoid both use "Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and Condition Medicine," and you will be satisfied with the result. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.*, is on each package. *Northrup & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

HEALTH IS STRENGTH.—To prevent or conquer disease is one of the grandest attainments ever aimed at by man; and Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers will as sure by cure coughs, colds, tickling in the throat and pulmonary complaints, as war and pestilence will destroy. Severe colds if not attended to sooner or later lead to incurable consumption, and the strength of the strongest soon fails if neglected. The readiest and best means known for the cure of these complaints is "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers," which have been thoroughly tried for the last twenty years, and have never been known to fail. Singers and public speakers will also derive great benefit from the use of them. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts. per box.

FINE coral jewellery, bog oak jewellery and a large collection of other goods suitable for wedding and other presents can be seen at Young & Radford's; all new and choice goods and will be sold cheap.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Public Notice—John Ferguson.
Precentor Wanted for Knox Church—J. Durie.
Special Notice—Caledonia Springs.

The Ottawa Times

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 10, 1868.

His Excellency the Governor-General and family leave this morning at seven o'clock by the train for Prescott, whence they take the boat for Quebec.

Hon. Sir George E. Cartier and Hon Mr. Campbell arrived to-day. Sir John A. Macdonald, K.C.B., leaves this morning for Montreal.

The Civil Service Commission, appointed yesterday, we have reason to believe comprises Messrs. C. S. Ross, of Kingston, Thos. Reynolds, of the Ottawa & Prescott Railway, and Messrs. Langton, Bernard and Griffin of the Departments.

We understand that it is in contemplation to establish a camp at Sarnia, and another in the Eastern Townships, to be composed of Regulars and Volunteers, who will be brigaded together, and for the time of their service treated as the regular army, and supplied with rations from the Commissariat.

The shooting of Detective Cullen, at Montreal, yesterday morning, will be heard of by our readers with extreme regret. The last advices represent his recovery as almost impossible, and we think it the least that we can do to point out the obligation under which the authorities rest to provide for his wife and children. The duties of a detective are most onerous and of a very responsible character; they require men of a peculiar ability for their proper discharge, and none stood higher in the estimation of the public, in this particular line of duty, than Detective Cullen. If his life has been sacrificed, as we have too much reason to fear it was, while in the performance of his duty, it would be an unworthy thing for the country, and a sad discouragement to those engaged in similar services, were his wife and little ones to be left unprovided for. We hope, therefore, that a generous provision will be made for the family of Detective Cullen if, unfortunately, the wound he received yesterday morning shall have proved to be a fatal one.

From the comments of some of the small country journals "up west," it appears that rather curious notions prevail on the subject of the Lieutenant-Governorship. Before speaking particularly of the character or qualifications of the gentleman whose name has been so prominently put before the public, in connection with the office in Ontario, it may not be amiss to say a few words as to the office itself, the nature of which is evidently misapprehended by certain writers who have given the world the benefit of their ideas on the subject.

In the first place the Lieutenant-Governorships stand just in precisely the same relation to the Canadian Government as does the Governor-Generalship to the Government of the Empire. Her Majesty, by the advice of her Privy Council, appoints the Governor-General, and the selection is made, as we may presume, for reasons of Imperial consideration. As the guardians of the interests of the Empire Her Majesty's advisers are bound to select the man who in their judgment will best fulfil all the requirements of the position, and it has never even been hinted that in ordinary circumstances political or party considerations should be utterly ignored in the filling of such offices. If the Governor selected for any Colony is ill-adapted to the position, or his bearing towards the Colonists calculated to injure the interests of the Empire, the mistake of his appointment attaches clearly to Her Majesty's Imperial advisers; but so long as he is guided in his administrative acts by his constitutionally chosen Colonial Ministers, it is clear that the Colonists have but a very remote interest in the question who shall fill the office. As a matter of fact these appointments are accepted by the Colonies as affairs in which their personal tastes are only to be consulted in so far as the judgment of the Queen's Privy Council may determine; but nobody claims that we in Canada should be directly consulted, or that our Privy Council should be held responsible for them, and any one would be laughed at who would attempt in this country to write up or down the claims or pretensions of any particular public man in England for the office of Governor-General of Canada.

With respect to the appointment of Lieutenant-Governors, we have only to substitute the Governor-General for the Queen, and the Canadian for the Imperial Government, to have an exact counterpart of the case just stated. If the opinions of the Provinces are to be canvassed in advance, and the offices to be filled by him who can command the most general expression in his favor, we are only adopting the elective system in one of its most insecure forms; for nothing is more easy than to misrepresent the sober judgment of a whole community by a temporary agitation on any given question. The Government of Canada has its responsibility for the advice it may give His Excellency. Doubtless the members of the Privy Council will exercise their judgment in so filling up these offices as best to serve the general interests of the Dominion, which cannot be served by outraging the feelings of any particular Province. But assuming that the Privy Council will have a due regard to these feelings, by which ultimately their tenure of office will be determined, it is clear that the Provincial interest in the appointment practically ceases. As the Governor-General is an Imperial Officer, representing Her Majesty, so are the Lieutenant-Governors Canadian officers, representing the same authority, derived through the Governor-General. In the Provincial sense, it is an office of just as little political significance as is the office of Governor-General in the Canadian sense, and we all know how little it matters to us, or to any of the Colonies, whether the Governor is the nominee of Derby or Russell. The appointment may affect the politics or political parties of the Dominion, but it cannot constitutionally be held to affect the politics or parties of the Provinces, because the Lieutenant Governor is surrounded by his constitutional Ministers, and bound to accept their advice in matters within the sphere of his administration just as is the Governor-General.

It is, then, the worst of folly to speak of the Lieutenant-Governors as directing the politics of their Provinces, for the very acceptance of the position imposes a degree of reticence on party matters, which practically deprives the occupant of whatever political influence he may have formerly been able to wield. He is elevated above the considerations or alliances of party, and acts only through the advice of his Ministers, who are responsible to Parliament therefor. From this very fact the office is one of dignified political retirement. As we said the other day, respecting the Hon. John S. Macdonald, the time might come when the country would gladly see him *close* his public career with a five years' incumbency of the gubernatorial chair. But no one expects that at the present time the Ontario Premier would, for a moment, dream of shelving himself on a Lieutenant-Governorship, because after his term of office he could not come down to the lower, but more personally important, rank of a political leader. The acceptance of a Lieutenant-Governorship is the unbinding of the party and political ties by which the individual's public usefulness was maintained, and the assumption of a higher *dignity* than that of the statesman or politician, which can only be gracefully or fittingly done by a man previously in political life when he desires to abandon the political arena. Can any one seriously imagine that Sir John A. Macdonald, or Sir George E. Cartier, would think at this day of abandoning the active duties of statesmanship for the quiet retirement, and mere official routine, of the Lieutenant-Governor's office? It would be a misfortune for the country were it an office which could tempt our statesmen to abandon political and parliamentary life in the very midst of their usefulness, as it would be a lamentable spectacle hereafter were we to witness in the political arena a number of ex-Governors wrangling for party supremacy, or even discharging the ordinary functions of political and Parliamentary leaders. If the office is to be maintained in due respect, we think it will be wise that, whenever conferred on a politician, it will be at the end, and not in the middle, of his political career. That the policy of the Dominion Government has been strictly in conformity with the best means of maintaining this respect, and maintaining it, too, within due bounds, we shall take another occasion to show, when we shall also have some remarks to make on the silly objections unthinkingly put forward by some parties with respect to the Hon. Mr. Howland, in connection with the Lieutenant-Governorship of Ontario.

Pierre Fortin, Esq., father of Dr. P. Fortin the member for Gaspe, died at Laprairie, on Sunday, at the age of 71 years and 8 months.

The Rev. Mr. O'Farrell delivered a very able lecture at the Cathedral yesterday evening, on the "Supremacy of the Pope." All who had the pleasure of hearing him were charmed with his eloquence. He is undoubtedly one of the ablest masters of language, and his lecture last night must have contributed very largely to the funds of the Benevolent Society on behalf of which it was delivered.

COUNTY COURT AND COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS.

This Court was opened yesterday morning before His Honor Judge Armstrong.

Mulholland, charged with assault, was acquitted.

In the County Court there were sixteen undefended issues, all of which were disposed of.

LOCAL NEWS.

For jams and jellies go to Bate & Co., 52, Spark-st. 762d

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

A. Swalwell, Chief Undertaker for Ottawa, Sparks-st., Centre Town. 750tf

Bog Oak Jewellery.—Very handsome sets of bog oak jewellery can be had at Young & Radford's, at $1 per set.

Arrest on a Charge of Tampering with Soldiers.—Yesterday afternoon a man named Bowes was arrested on information received from a private soldier, charged with persuading him to desert the service. On strict investigation by the Police Magistrate he became satisfied of the prisoner's innocence, and discharged him from custody.

Longfellow for 15 Cents.—We have received this book from Durie & Son as a specimen of what books cost now-a-days. We have seen Longfellow's poems sell for five dollars, and the type no clearer or more beautiful than this for 15 cents. They have, too, Sir W. Scott's poems the same price for each, and his novels for 12½ cents, and the novels of Cooper at 12½ cents each.

Strawberries.—We are informed by a gentleman of this city, that on Saturday last as he was strolling through some fields in the neighborhood of Ottawa, he had the pleasure of picking some fine ripe strawberries. They were of the wild kind peculiar to this country. This is very early for wild strawberries. The same gentleman informs us that there is every prospect of an abundance of garden strawberries this year.

A Ram that Wouldn't be Killed.—A few days ago a butcher in Upper Town had a ram that he was about to kill for the market, but before the fatal hour arrived the prescient ram made his escape to the commons on Ashburnham hill. The butcher followed him a day or two after, and tried to shoot him, but was unable to get a shot at him. Yesterday the animal went to the house of a lady in the neighborhood, and leaped through the window, and went upstairs to bed, whence he could not be dislodged until some men in the vicinity were called in to aid in turning him out.

Major's Hill.—The band of the Rifle Brigade will play the following programme on the Major's Hill, to-day, from 4 to 6 p. m.:

1. March,	Distant Greeting,	by Doring.
2. Overture,	Cheval de Bronze,	Auber.
3. Waltz,	The Dolorsolatio,	Miller.
4. Operatic selection,	Fra Diavolo,	Auber.
5. Quadrille—on Irish airs, obligato solos for various instruments,		Laurent.
6. Duetto—Bugle & Flugelhorn,	Semiramide,	Rossini.
7. Galop,	Feuer und Flamme,	Faust.

The Rifle Brigade Marches.
National Anthem.

A Scare.—Yesterday a tragical appearing circumstance culminated in a very laughable incident. A small box arrived in the city, by express from Quebec, addressed to a party in Ottawa. The gentleman to whom the box was addressed, released it from the express and had it conveyed to his office; but on opening it found therein a small coffin—child's size—which he declined to open, fearing that it might contain something horrible. A professional gentleman, however, a friend of the recipient of the "dread unknown," and who has lately acquired some reputation in a western city for bravery in a pugilistic encounter, volunteered to solve the awful mystery. Tools were procured, and all stood around with hushed breaths surmising all manner of fearful murders, &c. The coffin was opened—when lo! there lay a bottle of green seal! An inquest, without the services of a coroner, was held and the jury, after careful deliberation, pronounced the contents a fine sample of champagne. In the meantime the police had heard of the mysterious occurrence and a *posse* was sent to the gentleman's house to investigate the mystery, but no trace could be found of the coffin or its supposed occupant. Finding nothing there they proceeded to the gentleman's office just in time to hear the verdict of the jury, which of course was deemed satisfactory, and all parties left greatly amused at the occurrence.

Police Court.—Terence O'Neill, who had been taken advantage of in some way on the previous day, unaccountably to himself, appeared in the prisoners' dock to confront His Worship; and it was moreover insinuated by some of the police that poor Terry had been found drunk and incapable, &c., on the streets. Like a christian philosopher Terry disdained to repel the charge of his enemies, but after some good humored and eloquent observations touching his general character, and the motives by which he was actuated, meekly submitted to be led off to jail for two weeks. But, as to breaking stones, as he had too often done for the benefit of the County of Carleton, that he flatly declares he will never do again.—Sarah Sullivan was charged with vagrancy and something more. She said she had been in service and had lately left her situation; that she was going round a little yesterday, and was tired and a good deal bothered by boys who got round her, (she had not been drinking much), and then she was put in the station. His Worship said she had been there before, and he remembered that he had not sent her to jail. Sarah promised to be good in future and was allowed to go.—Mary Casey was charged by constable Durocher with interfering with him in the discharge of that part of his duty which consisted in driving pigs to the pound. Mary had threatened to give him something across the face, which he interpreted to mean something disagreeable. She had also tried to persuade his two juvenile assistants to leave him in his difficulty with the pig; and even by her seductive language to induce the very pig to run away from his custody, which it did. For all this, Mary, who appeared at court in mourning, was fined only $2 and $1 costs.

The Moonlight Excursion.—The excursion by moonlight, organized by the O.U.R. Club, as we stated yesterday, left in the fine steamer *Queen Victoria* on Monday night a little after 8 o'clock. The party consisted of over a hundred couples with Gowan's band and a well furnished victualling department, supplied by Mr. Hall, confectioner, of Upper Town. The boat had not proceeded far before the lively strains of the band created a desire to mark the time in the dance. The place was cleared, and in an incredibly short time everybody was dancing in all directions. Those who could not find room in one place sought and found another till the good steamer's timbers vibrated to the poetry of motion from stem to stern. But in the cabin there was an excellent piano, and the lovers of song sought the aid of its accompaniments and filled the cabin with harmony, which wafted on the breeze for the delectation of the river gods and the raftsmen. But the moonlight was not yet. Cynthia had not deigned to show her bright face, nor amid the scenes which prevailed was she much missed, except perhaps by the more sentimental of the party. Still, when at the noon of night she unveiled her charms, her appearance was welcomed by all. The time for discussing the viands came, and with the appetites created by healthful exercise, the whole party did justice to that part of the programme, as ample as to any that preceded or followed it. Then on the homeward trip, dance and song succeeded each other in rapid succession, till the steamer touched her wharf, at one of the small hours of the morning, which of them no one cared to enquire. Far from being satiated with the pleasures of the night more dances were called for, and Gowan's bandsmen are not the ones to tire of music, and amusement was kept up some time after the engine had gone to rest, but everything mortal must come to an end, and so at last, did the dance, and the happy time was brought to a close by giving three cheers for the band, three for the O.U.R. club, three for Capt. Bowie, three for Her Majesty the Queen, and the boat and her crew were left to their repose.

An Insane Woman Drowns Her Infant in a Tub of Water.—Yesterday morning the people of New Edinburgh were horrified by the startling intelligence, that Mrs. Bray, long since known to be insane, had drowned her infant. The news spread rapidly through the village and created a most painful sensation. The unhappy woman who committed the dreadful deed is the wife of Mr. John Bray, blacksmith. She has been insane for over two years. In the hope that she would ultimately recover her husband has had her carefully watched and tended in the house, and has done all in his power to keep his troubles to himself. About a month ago, however, she became quite unmanageable, and apprehending mischief he applied to a magistrate, and produced the certificate of her insanity and dangerous state. He committed her as a dangerous lunatic, but the jail being no place for her, the jailor refused to take her, and she returned home, where she has been watched and tended as before. Yesterday morning Mr. Bray left home about 5 o'clock to go to his work as usual, leaving his wife in her room and three little girls with the infant. About eight o'clock the mother went down stairs and took the infant from the arms of one of the girls, about eleven years, and took it up stairs to her room, into which she had contrived unseen to have a tub of water, in which she drowned her infant son, William Frederick, aged three months. Coroner Riel was sent for, who summoned a jury and held an inquest. Several witnesses were examined but nothing of importance beyond the above facts were elicited. The mother admitted the fact that she had drowned her child, which occupied a quarter of an hour, and that the child struggled a good deal. She gave as her reason for doing so, that the angels had appeared to her and told her that her child, if it grew up, would be dumb, and she must drown it. The verdict rendered by the jury was—"That the deceased Frederick William Bray came to his death by being suffocated or drowned by his mother, Matilda Bray, then, and for some time past, laboring under confirmed insanity. The jurors aforesaid in this case, think the authorities highly to blame on account of not receiving the said Mrs. Bray into safe-keeping, as an application was made about a month ago, accompanied by a certificate of a medical man, declaring the dangerous condition of the aforesaid Mrs. Bray, and also, by a committal from a county magistrate." Mrs. Bray stands committed by the coroner to take her trial for wilful murder.

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

Carpets and House Furnishings.—Garland Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality. They have just received a large stock and invite the attention of parties furnishing to it. Purchasers will find their stock in this department second to none in Ottawa. 582-y

Latest by Telegraph.

FROM MONTREAL.

Detective Cullen Shot.

Special to THE TIMES.

Montreal, June 9, 1868.

About four o'clock this morning Detective Cullen arrested a burglar, who shot him in the groin. The prisoner is an American, and it was supposed that he was a partizan in the Whelan conspiracy, but that is now discredited. The parties implicated are all under arrest. Great fears are entertained for Cullen's safety. This afternoon it was reported that he would only live a few hours. The ball entered the pelvis, and it is feared penetrated to the bowels.

Second Despatch.

Montreal, 11 o'clock, p. m.

Detective Cullen is nothing worse. Charles Gardiner is the name of the assassin. He was arrested by Cullen at 3 o'clock this morning, for burglary and robbery in Pennsylvania. He shot Cullen on the way to the police station.

Third Despatch.

Montreal, 12 o'clock, Midnight.

Detective Cullen is somewhat better. He is quite buoyant in spirits, but he is very weak. If inflammation is kept off, hopes are entertained of his recovery.

FROM TORONTO.

Dominion Day—Meeting of the Church Society—Anglican Synod—Distribution of Ammunition—The St. Regis Indians Win the Lacrosse Match.

Special to THE TIMES.

Toronto, June 10, 1868.

Dominion Day, July first, is to be observed as a public holiday here.

The annual meeting of the Church Society commenced this morning. The reports show receipts $21,441, and expenditure $20,342.

The Anglican Synod opens to-night with a full choral service in St. James' Cathedral.

Seven cars of Snider rifle ammunition have been received for distribution here and in the West.

In the Lacrosse match this afternoon between the St. Regis Indians and the Toronto club, the Indians won three games out of four.

CABLE NEWS

(Via Montreal Line.)

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

London, June 8.—Chief Justice Cockburn states that the charge delivered by Judge Blackburn to the Grand Jury, which recently refused to bring a bill of indictment against ex-Governor Eyre, of Jamaica, is contrary to the opinion of the majority of the Court of Queen's Bench.

Paris, June 8.—The *Etendard*, in an article on the action of the Austrian House of Deputies concerning the national debt, advises the Reichsrath not to adopt the proposed heavy tax on coupons.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES

The Opening Up of the Northwest Territory brought up in the House of Commons.

London, June 9.—In the House of Commons this evening Sir Harry Verney, member for Buckingham, made some enquiries of the Government concerning measures for opening up the territory in British North America to settlement.

The Right Hon. C. B. Adderly, Under Secretary for the Colonial Department, replied that the early colonization of the lands from Lake Superior to the Pacific coast was desirable, but so long as the negotiations for a settlement with the Hudson's Bay Company were pending, no steps could be taken by the Home Government in that direction.

Brussels, June 8.—There has been riotous demonstrations in Luxemburg in favor of France, which were promptly quelled, and the leaders arrested.

Paris, June 9.—Stockelberg, the new Russian Minister, presented his credentials, and had a formal reception at court yesterday. In the remarks which he made on the occasion, he pressed for the continuation of the friendly relations between France and Russia, on the basis of mutual interests. The Emperor made a pacific reply. He reciprocated the hope expressed by Baron Stockelberg, and thought that the appointment of an Envoy, personally so popular in France, was a pledge of amity.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Via Montreal Line.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

A Story Denied.

Rutland, Vt., June 9.—There is no foundation for reports about French laborers having left West Rutland, (Vermont,) quarries and gone back to Canada.

Democratic Convention in Nashville, Tennessee.

Nashville, Tenn., June 9.—The Democratic State Convention which is to be held here to-day promises to be the largest held here for many years. The idea of running Chase for President is universally ignored. Johnson has many friends, and Pendleton as many or more.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

From San Francisco.

San Francisco, June 8.—Advices from Mexico represent the condition of affairs in the interior as much demoralized. The steamer *Continental* from Oregon brings further returns of the late election. The election of Smith, (Democrat) to Congress by 750 majority is conceded. There is a Democratic majority in the Legislature. The hay and grain crops promise an abundant crop.

During the last month 327 vessels arrived at San Francisco.

Letter from Chief Justice Chase.

New York, June 9.—The *Herald* publishes a letter written by Chief Justice Chase, dated May 25, in which he says he has been strongly denounced as a partisan in his conduct during the impeachment trial, but that he was partisan on neither side. The Republican party may read him out if they choose, but he will follow his old fights. He closes by saying what the developments of the future may be I know not, I neither expect, nor desire, to be a candidate for office again. It would, however, gratify me exceedingly if the Democratic party would take ground which would assure the party against all attempts to subvert the principle of the universal suffrage established in eight, and to be established in all of the Southern Constitutions; then I think the future of the great cause for which I have labored so long would be secured, and I should not regret my absence from political labors.

Grant at War with the Radicals.

The *World's* special says that Gen. Grant has concluded that he has no right to interfere against the order of Gen. Buchanan, postponing the inauguration of the Louisiana State Government. The Radicals have decided to appeal to Congress to upset the district commander's recent act.

Reception of the Chinese Embassy by the American Congress—Speech of the Speaker.

Washington, June 8.—In the House to-day, the galleries were filled to witness the reception of the Chinese Embassy. At the time fixed, the Committee of the House, acting as an escort, entered the Hall with the Embassy, who took a position facing the Speaker. The members of the House rising and remaining standing until the guests were placed. Mr. Schenecks, chairman of the Committee, introduced to the Speaker the members of the Embassy. The Speaker then said: "Your Excellencies—The House of Representatives intermits its ordinary labors to-day to receive in this Hall, the Embassy which the oldest nation of the world has commissioned to America and Europe, and in the name of the people of the United States we bid you welcome. Spanning a continent in our area from the Bay of Fundy to the granite portals of the Golden State, we turn our faces from the fatherland of Europe to clasp hands in closer relation than ever before with those who come to us from that continent which was the birth place of mankind. Nor does it lessen our pleasure that the chief of this Embassy, transferred as he was from membership here to diplomatic duties abroad, so won the confidence of his Imperial Majesty to whom he was accredited, that he returned to our midst honored with his distinguished associates as the custodians of the most remarkable trust ever committed by an Emperor to his envoys. This Embassy of the Chinese Empire, which has attracted such universal attention, has been hailed throughout our land, not only as marking an onward step in the world's history, but as being of peculiar interest to this Republic; with our Western States fronting the same ocean, on which the millions of China have looked for ages before our country was born into the family of nations; with our Pacific R.R. approaching completion and destined with the steamers plying from its terminus, east and west, to become the highway of commerce between Asia and Europe; with our possessions on the Pacific slope, nearest of all the great nations to the Empire from which you come, we hail your appearance at this capitol, as the augury of closer commercial and international intercourse. Wishing for you as cordial a greeting wherever you may go on the Thames or the Seine, the Danube and the Rhine, the Baltic and the Adriatic, I give you again an earnest heartfelt welcome."

Steamship Sunk.

Fort Monroe, June 9.—The steamer *Nevada* from Vera Cruz, for New York, ran on the shoals near Potteras. The passengers and crew were taken off by the steamer *Resolute*, and brought to Norfolk. The *Nevada* sunk in a few moments.

Postponement of the Jerome Park Races.

New York, June 9.—The Jerome Park races for to-day were postponed.

Greece Recognizes Crete—Prospects of a General European War.

Boston, June 9.—A private letter from Athens says the Greek Government has recognized Crete, which will certainly lead to war between Turkey and Greece, to be followed by a general European war with France, Austria, and Great Britain on the side of Turkey.

An Impeachment Court without a Quorum.

Albany, June 9.—The Dorn court of impeachment was without a quorum yesterday, and again to-day. A recess was ordered until afternoon.

THE THREATENED RAID.

[From the Montreal Gazette.]

Authentic information has been received in this country to the effect that the United States military authorities have caused an investigation to be made in consequence of representations made to them, all along the Dominion frontier, with reference to the alleged Fenian preparations to make a raid on Canada.

The investigation has elicited this fact: that, so far, there are no Fenian preparations for invasion worth talking about. The alleged movements of the so-called "General" O'Neil along the frontier have no military significance. He has neither men nor military stores.

It is needless to say to any intelligent man that both would be required for the purpose of an invasion, and that neither could be gathered to any extent worth notice, in secret, or without some time spent in preparation.

The movements of Fenian muskets and the alleged contracts for biscuits have been made the most of, and certainly have not been shorn of their proportions in the newspaper telegraphic reports. And what the public may rely upon is, that no collection of this nature, of any considerable amount, can be gathered in one spot, and escape the vigilance of the Canadian authorities; or without means being taken to meet it.

The very utmost that "General" O'Neil can do is to run across the frontier in some place with a handful of men to fire a few shots, and then run back to be arrested in the United States, and so have the farce gone through again "that they were prevented by the United States army from taking Canada;" while they would only be prevented from being shot or hung. On this point the public may be certain that the Canadian Government will be ready to meet and severely punish any lawless robbing expedition of this kind.

So far, also, as we have been able to obtain information, the Fenian organization has no money. There have been no general public subscriptions; no bonds sold; the contributions so cruelly swindled from poor but generous heated servant girls, in the much abused name of Ireland, have been "played out;" and the only funds, so far as known, which the organization possesses, are the collections at public meetings, which have not been large in amount. Certainly they will not pay the preliminary expenses of an army of invasion. Contemptible as was the last attempted Fenian raid, it was respectable in the means at command, compared with the present demonstrations.

Appearances go to show that the present demonstrations of "General" O'Neil and his friends are merely to take advantage of the political situation in the United States to keep the Fenian organization alive. Those who have profited by so lucrative a swindle could scarcely be expected to let the thing die without a struggle. Besides, a little activity now may give the thing a little more market value in the coming elections. The people of the Dominion may continue to pursue their avocations in peace, assured, at the same time, that the Government and military authorities will not commit the kind of mistake against which Napoleon issued his note of warning, of so despising their enemy as not to be ready to meet him.

The preparations of the Imperial and Dominion authorities are in such a forward state that in forty-eight hours they could throw from fifteen to twenty thousand well armed and well disciplined men upon any threatened point along the Eastern or Western frontier. The have been enabled to do this by organizing all the former independent companies in Quebec and Ontario into battalions and brigades, the nucleus of each of which would consist of a regiment of regulars, and a field battery of Armstrong guns. Apart from this, there are large reserves in the cities and towns, as well as in the back country, and a flotilla along the St. Lawrence, which is constantly receiving accessions from the squadron on the seaboard.

A WORD ABOUT NATIONAL FLAGS.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Sir,—Every now and then we read of suggestions being made and designs drawn for a "National Flag." Sometimes such efforts are ascribed to a society and sometimes to an individual. In the latter case for example the name of the Deputy Minister of Agriculture has been freely used, too freely, as we venture to think, to be flattering, for Dr. Tache is not only a gentleman of education, but he enjoys all further advantage of having travelled a good deal in distant lands. To attribute to him the authorship of the pretty dancing-room device of a wreath of tinted maple leaves, with the buckle of the Garter, and a beaver at rest, as a design for a national flag, includes the supposition that the learned doctor has overlooked the prime requisite of a flag, and especially of a national flag, viz.: that it should be distinct and distinguishable at any distance. The parts of such a flag should be very simple, inexpensive, and susceptible of arrangement, even by unskilled people. Our Red Cross, or Union Jack, may be read afar off; as also may the tri-color, and the Stars and Stripes. Designs suitable for boudoir banner screens, or as patterns for Berlin wool work, or for seats of chairs, or for curates' slippers, or for lovers' smoking caps, are not as well adapted for national flags. Let those who busy themselves in drawing designs for flags keep steadily in view that such designs have to be read at great distances, and that they should therefore be as distinct and as distinguishable as the tricolour, or as the old

Red Cross.

Progress of Co-operation in New York.—The members of the Second Union Co-operative Building Society met Friday evening at Farmer's Institute, New York City, 49 Ludlow street, and put in their thirtieth subscription. The sum amounted to $708.61, making a total in bank of $5,877.87, after advancing $7,300 to members for building purposes. The First Union Co-operative Building Society has $10,980.50 in bank, after advancing $12,700 to borrowing members. The annual balance sheet will be presented to the public in a few weeks. The Third Union Co-operative Building Society has now nearly completed its 500 members, and has $553 in bank. The Fourth Union Co-operative Building Society, which holds its public meetings at Cooper Institute, has been formed for the purpose of accommodating those persons who require a larger amount than $5,000, which cannot be obtained from any of the above Societies. It issues shares at $1,000 each, members being allowed to hold from three to twenty shares; subscriptions, $2 monthly on each share. The principle feature in this Society, as in the other three, is that the Society advances cash to its members for building purposes, free from all interest. The member then occupies the house and pays the rent of it into the Society, which rent goes toward liquidating his indebtedness to the Society. The money advanced is the combined subscriptions of the members, as each member has to pay a monthly subscription in accordance with the amount of shares held by him. Thus 200 members holding a $7,000 share each, would in one year pay rent to the amount of $140,000, besides $33,600 in subscriptions, which would all go towards the making up of fresh appropriations, and so it would continue until each member was supplied with property equal to the amount of shares held by him. The Secretary, Albert Allingham, is in attendance daily at Farmer's Institute, 49 Ludlow street. The Co-operative Lot Society has now 503 members, has purchased a large tract of land for $44,250, near the Boulevard, Brooklyn, and has $1,626.97 in bank.

For a choice selection of pickles, sauces &c., go to Bate & Co., 52 Spark-st. 762d

A Heavy Loss.—Ole Bull, violinist, when last in Toronto, discovered that he had lost a handsome diamond that was set in one end of his violin bow. The stone was supposed to have fallen out in the Mechanics' Hall, Hamilton, and a telegram was sent and search made, but it cannot be found. The diamond was worth $250.—*Toronto Telegraph.*

Messrs. Young & Radford having secured the services of first-class working jewellers in etruscan, filagree, plain, fancy and solid gold work, and having made large additions to their work shop are now better prepared to execute any orders with which they may be entrusted than heretofore. Masonic jewels gold and silver medals, and every kind of gold and silver work done on the shortest possible notice. Remember the place, 50 Sparks-st., and encourage home manufacture.

The 53rd Regiment.—We understand that orders have been received positively ordering the removal of the 53rd Regiment from London to Quebec. The troops will move to-day. There is no probability that the 7th Battalion will be camped, as previously announced.

The Reciprocity Treaty.—The American press do not seem to be at all satisfied whether the Reciprocity Treaty is beneficial or a detriment to the prosperity of the American Government, but it is gratifying to see that on some points the United States press and the Canadians agree, and one is that the Canadian Pain Destroyer is the best thing for the cure of coughs, colds, frost-bites, rheumatism, &c. Sold by all medicine dealers at twenty-five cents per bottle.

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

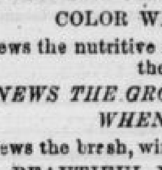
For soups and potted meats go to Bate & Co., 52 Spark st. 762d

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

—There are sixty thousand Chinamen in California, but a drunken one is a rare sight. Gianelli should open communication with these people; no one appreciates Italian Bitters more than the temperate man.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The HOT and COLD MINERAL WATER BATHS at the CALEDONIA SPRINGS are pronounced by the most eminent of the MEDICAL FACULTY to be the best of their kind in the world. 764-3



HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

RENEWS THE HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR WHEN GRAY.

Renews the nutritive matter which nourishes the hair.

RENEWS THE GROWTH OF THE HAIR WHEN BALD.

Renews the brash, wiry hair to silken softness.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR DRESSING.

One bottle shows its effects.

R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N.H., Proprietors.

For sale by all druggists. 762dwd

Bronchitis, Coughs, Asthma,

And all disorders of the Throat and Lungs, are relieved by using "Brown's Bronchial Troches."

"I have been afflicted with Bronchitis during the past winter, and found no relief until I found your 'Bronchial Troches.'

C. H. Gardiner,
Principal of Rutger's Female Institute, New York."

"Almost instant relief in the distressing labor of breathing peculiar to Asthma."

Rev. A. C. Eggleston, New York.

"It gives me great pleasure to certify to the efficacy of your Bronchial Troches, in an affliction of the throat and voice, induced by public singing. They have suited my case exactly, relieving my throat and clearing the voice so that I could sing with ease.

T. Ducharme,
Chorister French Parish Church, Montreal."

"When somewhat hoarse from cold or over-exertion in public speaking, I have uniformly found Brown's Troches afford relief.

Henry Wilkes, D. D.,
Pastor of Zion Church, Montreal."

Sold by all dealers in medicines at 25 cents a box.

Who is Mrs. Winslow?

As this question is frequently asked, we will simply say that she is a lady who, for upwards of thirty years, has untiringly devoted her time and talents as a Female Physician and nurse, principally among children. She has especially studied the constitution and wants of this numerous class, and, as a result of this effort and practical knowledge, obtained in a lifetime spent as nurse and physician, she has compounded a Soothing Syrup, for children teething. It operates like magic—giving rest and health, and is, moreover, sure to regulate the bowels. In consequence of this article, Mrs. Winslow is becoming world-renowned as a benefactor of her race; children certainly do rise up and bless her; especially is this the case in this city. Vast quantities of the Soothing Syrup are daily sold and used here. We think Mrs. Winslow has immortalized her name by this invaluable article, and we sincerely believe thousands of children have been saved from an early grave by its timely use, and that millions yet unborn will share its benefits, and unite in calling her blessed. No mother has discharged her duty to her suffering little one, in our opinion, until she has given it the benefit of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. Try it, mothers—try it now.—*Ladies' Visitor*, New York City.

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents a bottle.

Be sure and call for

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,"

Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations. 762-24-2m

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding he symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. Symptoms of Worms.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual waisting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., who are he sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 578y

To Consumptives.—The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, free, by return mail, will please address, REV. EDWARD WILSON, Williamsburg, Kings Co., New York.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

WANTED

For Knox Church, Ottawa, a PRECENTOR qualified to give instruction in music to adult and juvenile classes. Testimonials, etc., to be forwarded (post-paid), to
764-2 JOHN DURIE, Ottawa.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the

COMMERCIAL PARTNERSHIP

Heretofore existing between

John Ferguson, junr., & William Ferguson,

Doing business in the

Township of Buckingham,

IN THE

DISTRICT of OTTAWA,

Has been since the FIFTEENTH day MAY last, (1868,) dissolved by mutual consent.

JOHN FERGUSON, Junr.,
WILLIAM FERGUSON.

Buckingham, 8th June, 1868. 764-2

$2.00 REWARD.

Lost, on TUESDAY last, from Daly-street, a SPANIEL PUPPY, about three months old, black, with four white feet. Any one returning her to Mr. Powell, St. Alban's Terrace, will receive the above reward. Anybody detaining her after this notice will be prosecuted. 763-3

PROFESSIONAL NOTICE.

MR. P. J. BUCKLEY HAS REMOVED HIS LAW OFFICE to the THOMPSON BLOCK, Corner of Sussex and York streets, adjacent to the offices of Horace Lapierre, Advocate and Counsel. Office Hours—From 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.
Ottawa, June 9, 1868. 763a

A RARE CHANCE.

The undersigned having received direct from the manufacturers in Europe, a large consignment of

Dry Goods

with instructions to dispose of them at

LOW RATES!

Is now offering them to the public, and at an almost nominal advance on the makers' cost price. The stock consists of

1,000 yards of Carpets, of various kinds,
40 Handsome Hearth Rugs,
60 Summer Counterpanes,
24 White Marsala Quilts,
A large quantity of Toilet Covers,
Some Wool Table Covers,
And a large variety of other Goods.

The stock may be seen at the store of MESSRS. ANSELL & MICHAEL'S, Scott's Corner, Elgin and Sparks-street, opposite the Russell Hotel. Parties requiring articles of the above mentioned kind will find it to their advantage to call and inspect the goods at once, as the whole must be disposed of within a few days.

ANSELL & MICHAEL.
Ottawa, June 9, 1868. 763-3m

PIANOS. PIANOS.

JUST RECEIVED AT THE

London Music Store!

Her Majesty's Theatre,

Wellington Street,

A new and splendid assortment of

PIANOFORTES!

UNION MAKE,

Every PIANO from this establishment warranted for 5 years.

Also just received a new stock of

VICTORIA ORGANS and MELODEONS

VIOLINS, CONCERTINAS, GUITARS, &c., in great variety.

Second hand Pianos taken in part payment for new ones.

Connected with this establishment is a Piano Manufacturer, who will attend punctually to all orders for TUNING left at the London Music Store.

E. MILES,
Lessee of Her Majesty's Theatre.
Ottawa, March 25, 1868. 551-39y

NEW BOOKS.

Exodus of the Western Nations by Viscount Bury; Chronicles and Characters by Owen Meredith; Brakespeare by the author of "Guy Livingstone"; The Lost Name, a Novel; Farming for Boys; The New Dictionary of Quotations; The Huguenots by Samuel Smiles; Law and Lawyers—Curious Facts and Characteristic Sketches; Art and Artists, do.; Books and Authors, do.; Clergymen and Doctors, do.; Longfellow's Works Complete for 15 cents; The Waverley Novels, per vol., 15 cents; Cooper's Novels, per vol., 15 cents; Essays in Elia by Lamb complete for 15 cents; De Quincey's Confessions of an Opium Eater for 15 cents.

Bibles, Prayer Books, Church Services, just received from the Publishers, in the newest and richest patterns.

For sale by

J. DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st.,
498y Opposite the Russell House

NOTICE.

MESSRS. ANGUS & SON, in retiring from the Undertaking Business, would beg to inform their friends and the public that they have disposed of their Hearses and stock in trade to Mr. Samuel Rogers, Cabinet Maker, who will in future attend to all orders in the Undertaking line, and they have much pleasure in recommending him to their many patrons and friends.

ANGUS & SON,
Furniture Dealers, No. 22, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, May 11, 1868.

UNDERTAKING.

In reference to the above, S. Rogers takes this opportunity of thanking his numerous friends and customers for their very liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Cabinet and Upholstering Business, and would respectfully solicit in this new branch of his trade a continuation of their favors.

S. ROGERS,
Cabinet Maker, &c., Rideau and George-streets.
Ottawa, May 11, 1868. 741d

Pickles, Sauces, &c.,

JUST RECEIVED DIRECT FROM

CROSSE & BLACKWELL, London,

Ex ship "Ardmillan," the following:

125 DOZ. MIXED PICKLES,
35 DOZ. Gerkins,
35 DOZ. Onions,
35 DOZ. Chow Chow,
30 DOZ. Piccolilli,
25 DOZ. Walnuts,
20 DOZ. Cauliflower,
15 DOZ. Imperial Hot,
15 DOZ. West India,
15 DOZ. Capt. White's Oriental,

Reading Sauce,
King of Oude Sauce,
Harvey do.
John Bull do.
Kalos Ceusis do.
Soyer's do.
Worcestershire do.
India Soy.
Essence of Anchovies,
Essence of Shrimps,
Mushroom Ketchup,
Walnut Ketchup,
French Capers,
Chili Vinegar,
Tarragon Vinegar,
Raspberry Vinegar,
Olives,
Potted Fruits, an assortment,
Raspberry Jam,
Strawberry do.
Damson do.
Gooseberry do.
Red Currant do.
Black do. do.
Red do. Jelly.
Black do. do.
Crystallized Fruits,
Fruits in Noyeau,
Preserved Ginger in Jars and 1 lb. Pots,
Currie Powder,
Anchovy Paste,
Potted Ham, Beef and Tongue,
Potted Yarmouth Bloaters,
Strasbourg Potted Meats,
Soup and Bouille,
Mock Turtle Soup,
Mulligatawny Soup,
Hare Soup,
Jugged Hare,
Pheasants in Gravy,
Grouse in Gravy,
Partridge in Gravy,
Paté de Foie Gras,
Paté D'Alouettes,
Paté de Cailles.

ALSO,

A large lot of Keen's Celebrated Mustard in half lb. and 1 lb. tins.

BATE & Co.,
52, SPARKS-ST.
June 8, 1868. 762d

PIC-NIC EXCURSION.

OTTAWA

Natural History Society.

THE OTTAWA NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY having made very favorable arrangements with Capt. BOWIE, of the steamer

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

To take down a large party to

PAPINEAUVILLE,

—ON—

Thursday, the 11th instant

(which is a Statutory Holiday), the members of the Society are informed that they can obtain tickets for themselves, their families and friends, on application to Messrs. Thorburn, VanCortlandt, Alfred Jones (of the British American Bank Note Company), P. Le Sueur (P. O. Department), W. R. Wright (Militia Department), John Durie, J. Hope, Geo. Hay, Sparks-st., and the undersigned. Persons who intend to join the excursion party will please be on board the steamer not later than 6:15 a.m.

WILLIAM WHITE,
Secretary.
June 6, 1868. 761d

TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS

Will be received, addressed to the undersigned, until NOON of

Monday, the 22nd Instant,

For the Erection of the

Lieutenant-Governor's Residence,

ON

THE GOVERNMENT GROUNDS,

On Simcoe and King-sts., Toronto.

Plans and Specifications may be seen at this office, and at the office of Messrs. Gundry & Langley, Architects, corner of King and Jordan sts., Toronto, on and after MONDAY, the 8th Instant.

The person to whom the contract may be awarded will be required to furnish satisfactory security for the due performance of the work, and to execute a contract approved by the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING,
Commissioner of Public Works.
Parliament Buildings,
Office of Public Works,
Toronto, June 6, 1868. 762a

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

Just Received Per Express.

A CHOICE Selection CANADA WATCH COMPANY'S WATCHES,

At Young & Radford's.

AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY'S WATCHES,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE GOLD JEWELLERY,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE GOLD and CORAL JEWELLERY,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE HUNTING ANCHOR WATCHES, in fine Silver Cases, as low as $12.00,

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FINE Eighteen CARAT GOLD WATCHES as low as $18.00,

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

ROGER'S BEST CUTLERY and fine ENGLISH ELECTRO-PLATED WARE, can be had

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S

30 Sparks-st. Ottawa.

Magee & Russell's

—GREAT—

REMOVAL SALE!

COMMENCED

MONDAY,

JUNE 1st.

NO RESERVE.

All Goods re-marked in plain figures, with Red Ink, showing the actual reductions.

The following are only a few of the bargains offered. The public are invited to inspect the stock, and judge for themselves before purchasing:—

FANCY SILK DRESSES

That were selling for $16 and $17, reduced to $12 and $13.

SILKS

Marked $19 to $23.50, reduced to $15, $16 and $15.50, the full dress of 15 yards.

All our rich French Silks reduced from $5 to $8 on each dress.

BLACK GLACIE

And Gros Grain Silks all reduced.

MANTLE VELVETS and VELVETEENS,

Only received a few days ago, marked down from 10 to 15 per cent.

BLACK LACE SHAWLS,

Commencing at $1.25.

All the rich Spanish and Pusher Lace Shawls will show large reductions.

Paisley Shawls reduced from $1.50 to $5 on each shawl.

Last year's Barege Shawls reduced to nearly half price.

NEW HOOP SKIRTS

Cheaper than anything in the trade. Old fashioned large Hoop Skirts almost given away. Would pay to have them altered.

LADIES STRAW HATS & BONNETS,

New styles, all reduced.

All old shapes in Straw Goods sold for what they will fetch.

Pattern Bonnets and all trimmed Millinery greatly reduced.

One Case Shakers at 12½c, some of them worth 50c.

NEW PARASOLS

Reduced from 10 to 20 per cent. Old ones to about half price.

500 PALM LEAF FANS

Sold during the sale at 5 cents each; not more an two to one customer.

Several thousand Ladies' Imitation Lace Paper Collars for half the New York price.

About 150 pieces ¾ Mohair and Poplinette Dress Goods, will be offered at such prices as must clear them out.

PRINTED DELAINES

That sold from 17½ to 20 cents per yard, marked down to 12½ cents.

FRENCH DELAINES

And Merinos, Cobourgs, Lustres, Glacie, Alpaccas, Printed Muslins, and all other Dress Goods in stock likewise reduced.

A lot of washing Challies will be offered very low.

All domestic goods, such as Sheeting, Table Linens, Towellings, Flannels, &c., will show heavy reductions.

OUR COTTONS

Being all purchased when the raw material was at its lowest point in Liverpool, customers would do well to lay in a stock during the sale. We will sell all Cotton goods far below what it would cost to import them just now.

PRINTS

At 7, 9 and 11 cents per yard; present retail value 10, 12½ and 15 cents per yard.

SPLENDID STYLES IN TWEEDS,

Coatings and Cloakings, at the reduced figures.

CARPETS,

Damasks, and all kinds of House Furnishings, and other heavy goods that would be troublesome to remove, will be cleared out at and below cost price.

LADIES BEST FRENCH KID GLOVES

Will be sold at $1 per pair, and all soiled and damaged Kid Gloves will be thrown in with the slow selling colours and sold at much less money.

GENTS' MERINO UNDERCLOTHING,

Drees and Flannel Shirts, Ties and Collars, all marked down to removal prices.

One lot of 68 gross Printed Paper Collars will be sold for 12½ cents the Box of 12 Collars; well worth 25 cents.

DRESS TRIMMINGS,

Embroidery, Lace Goods, Cotton Lisle and Silk Gloves, are all reduced.

A job lot of Dress Fringes, now so fashionable, will be sold at 12½ cents per yard, some of them being worth at the present price of Silk a hour 35 cents per yard.

A remarkably cheap lot of Ladies' Cambric Handkerchiefs, also, Ladies' and Childrens' Cotton Hose, at least 40 per cent less than last year's prices.

The intention being to reduce the stock to

Lowest Possible Point;

Before removing to New Premises (now building) in the Autumn. ☞ Great care has been taken to re-mark the entire stock at such prices as must effect

LARGE SALES

AND INSURE

A Speedy Clearance.

DURING THIS SALE

NO SAMPLES WILL BE CUT,

NO GOODS WILL BE SENT ON APPROBAT

NOR SOLD ON CREDIT.

Magee & Russell.

Ottawa, June 2, 1868. 707y

Auction Sales

BY J. BERMINGHAM.

POSTPONED.

The Great Auction Sale

—OF—

Piano-Fortes, Church Organs,

HARMONIUMS,

AND

Household Furniture,

To come off at the Dominion Auction Mart, on the 5th instant, is postponed in consequence of unfavorable weather,

UNTIL THURSDAY, THE 11TH INSTANT,

At half-past 10 a.m., and half-past 2 p.m.

Ottawa, June 6, 1868. 761td

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET.

A large and well FURNISHED HOUSE, or four Bedrooms, Sitting Room and Drawing Room of same, in a healthy and respectable locality, within three minutes walk of the Government Buildings. For particulars apply to J. BERMINGHAM, House and Land Agent, Dominion Auction Mart, Sussex-st.

Ottawa, June 4, 1868. 759tf

FOR SALE!

THAT Splendid First-Class

HOTEL,

IN THE

CAPITAL OF THE DOMINION!

KNOWN AS THE

REVERE HOUSE.

And at present leased at a rental of $2,000. It is one of the best buildings in the city. Its length is one hundred and six (106) feet by forty (40) feet wide, built of stone, with cut stone front and tin roof. The house contains fifty bedrooms, five parlors and dining room, with bar, kitchen and laundry attached. There is a new Brick Stable, sixty-six (66) by thirty (30) feet, capable of stabling forty Horses, a large yard and outbuildings; also a vacant lot, which the purchaser can have if required to enlarge. The premises are in excellent order, being only five years built. Very lately a sum of $2,000 was expended improving the building. For a first-class hotel, or Military Quarters, it cannot be equalled in the city.

TERMS EASY, and made known free of charge, by letter or otherwise, on application to

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer,
Commission and Real Estate Agent.

Ottawa, June 3, 1868. 758d

Dominion Auction Mart,

AND

Commission Sale Rooms

House, Land & General Agency,
OFFICE & SALE ROOMS.
INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-STREET,

OTTAWA.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city.

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmeniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the Instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES:

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq. M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq. M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Reilly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq. Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
753y House, Land and General Agent.

MILES'

HAIRDRESSNG SALOON!

BELL'S BLOCK, ELGIN-ST.

THIS SALOON is fitted up in a neat and attractive manner, and is always attended by competent and attentive workmen.

E. MILES,
Hair Dresser, by appointment, to hir Excellency the Governor-General.

Ottawa, April 13. 715y

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY, AND COURT OF SPAIN, THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT

MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,

For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*

H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion, for the sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa, May 20. 748y

NEW GREEN HOUSE.

ERECTED lately by the subscriber at New Edinburgh, who has now on hand and for sale a large variety of choice Verbenas, and other flowering plants. Orders left at G. Bott's, Rideau-street, will be punctually attended to

ROBERT CURRY.

Marc 1868. 691-3m

Auction Sales

BY A. ROWE.

IMPORTANT and Special Sale of

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE!

Feather Beds,

Carpets, Crockery, Stoves,

&c., &c., &c.

To close consignments, the subscriber has been instructed to sell at his Rooms,

NO. 42 RIDEAU STREET,

—ON—

Saturday, June 13th, 1868,

the following Goods:—Hair Cloth Sofas, different styles and sizes; Hair Cloth Chairs to match; Centre Tables, B. W.; Carved Sideboards, different styles and sizes, B.W.; Bureaus, with glasses; Extension Dining Tables, B. W.; Drawing Room Tables and Whatnots, B.W.; Couches in hair and reps, B.W.; Bedsteads, B. W.; enclosed Washstands; also black walnut Cane Seated Chairs, in different styles; Armed Rockers, in cane, and nurse do.; Easy Chairs, in hair cloth; 1 superior Feather Bed; Tapestry; Carpets, quite new; 1 superior Cooking Stove, elevated oven, with furniture attached; also, at the same time and place, a superior Herring's Safe.

The sale is positive and without reserve.

N.B.—The Stock must be disposed of to make room for other Goods which will be advertised in a few days.

Sale at TWO p.m.

Terms Cash—in bankable funds.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, June 9, 1868. 763d

SARSAPARILLIAN.

PAREIRA BRAVA.

Newly Discovered Virtues—Hidden for 300 years—The Discovery of the True Virtues of the Roots—Brought to Light and Made Manifest in

DR. RADWAY'S SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT,

By a new process recently discovered by Dr. Radway, for obtaining the active properties from vegetable substances.

SARSAPARILLIAN.

Pareira Brava.

Associated with other newly discovered Roots, enters into the composition of RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT; secures a remedial agent, that cures all forms of Chronic, Scrofulous, Skin, Glandular, Kidney, Bladder and Uterine Diseases, by communicating its curative, reparative and fruitful efficacy, through the BLOOD, SWEAT and URINE.

The ordinary Sarsaparilla decoctions and Syrups are mere washes, compared with the Sarsaparillian of the Resolvent. It is a well known fact that Sarsaparilla as ordinarily prepared either as officinally or as a proprietary remedy, never possessed the confidence of medical men, and all the reputation it enjoyed was deemed by well informed Chemists, Physicians, and medical writers to be due to other remedial agents associated with it.

The true curative virtues of Sarsaparilla for 300 years have laid hidden in the Crystalline principle of the Root. Under DR. RADWAY'S *New Process*, SARSAPARILLIAN is secured and brought to light, and associated with other ingredients, it fulfils the most extravagant expectations and views of men. One ounce of Dr. Radway's Sarsaparillian contains more of the curative principle than ten pounds of the extracts from the crude roots, as prepared officinally or in the popular advertised Sarsaparillas.

PAREIRA BRAVA.—Another of the ingredients of the Radway's Resolvent, held in high estimation by the most eminent medical men of Europe, South America and United States, as the best remedial agent for the diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, Uterus, and as a *lithontriptic for dissolving Calculi*, as a curative for Jaundice, Rheumatism, Leucorrhœa, etc., since 1688 has never been properly prepared. Under Dr. Radway's process, the Glauxpaline principle of this valuable Root is secured, and associated with Sarsaparillian and other ingredients in the Resolvent, makes it a perfect cure in every form of disease of the Kidneys, Bladder, and Urinary Organs—Dropsy, Gravel, Incontinence, or Stoppage of Water, Diabetes, or Urinary Diarrhœa, and *every kind of weakening, irritating or purulent discharges, not proper to mention* in an advertisement, is rapidly cured by this remedy.

So quick does the Resolvent enter into the circulation, that it may be detected in the Urine *ten minutes* after it has been taken. In many cases it has secured a free discharge of water—in cases where Catheters were formerly used.—Is not this a blessing?

BUCHU, Turpentine Junipers, Gin, Copaiba, Cubebs, and other direct Diuretics, are in many cases hurtful. In Diabetes, Urinary Diarrhœas, Catarrh of the Bladder, Dropsy, and in a weakness or ulceration of the Kidneys, are unsafe to use as a continued remedy, and should never be given unless under supervision of a Physician, as the strain these direct remedies may produce on the Kidneys may, in the course of a few hours, require Opiates, to change or modify their action; this fact is self-evident to any medical man, a compensating Remedy like the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT, is the true remedy to use in these cases.—Even as a diuretic.

Pareira Brava,

As prepared by Dr. Radway, and one of the ingredients of the Resolvent, is as superior to all forms of Buchu, etc., as rich cream is to watered milk.

Let all suffering from unnatural drains from the system—caused either by self-abuse, depraved habit of body—bad blood, impure association, weakness of the genital organs, or Skin Diseases, Scrofula, uncured Secondary Disease, Syphilold Ulcers, Chronic Disease—or from Consumption of the Lungs, as well as degeneration of the Kidneys—Chronic Disease of the Liver, Spleen, etc., commence at once the use of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOVENT. It commences its work of purification at once; it repairs the waste of the body, with new and healthy material. It restores functional harmony to every organ in the system, and secures the natural secretions of the proper constituents to each. Persons have been cured, and have children now living that were deemed incapacited, by self-abuse, etc., through the use of this remedy. Ask for Dr. Radway's **Sarsaparillian or Renovating Resolvent.**

PRICE—$1 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $5.

W. M. MASSEY, Agent.

READ FALSE AND TRUE.—Send one letter-stamp to RADWAY & Co., 439 St. Paul-street, Montreal. Information worth thousands will be given you. Price of RESOLVENT SARSAPARILLIAN, $1 per bottle, or $10 per dozen. 762b

RoyalCanadianBank

OTTAWA AGENCY.

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St

M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 571f

FOR SALE.

A SELF-ACTING SODA WATER APPARATUS, with cylinders complete, cheap for cash. Apply to WILLIAM PRODERICK sussex-street, Ottawa. 687t

TABLES

FOR

Converting One Inch Lumber

AND

QUEBEC STANDARD

—TO—

Board Measure.

For Sale by

J. DURIE & SON,

Booksellers and Stationers,

10, Sparks-st., Ottawa.

June 5, 1868. 760a

Auction Sales

BY H. McLEAN.

AUCTION SALE OF

Household Furniture

AND EFFECTS, &c., &c.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,

Will sell by Public Auction, at Mr. Champagne's Hotel, York-street, on

Thursday, the 11th instant,

At 10 o'clock, a.m.,

A large quantity of different kinds of Household Furniture, and other goods; 3 good second hand Buggies, 2 setts of Harness, and a lot of Window Sashes and Doors.

Terms—Cash in Silver.

Ottawa, June 9, 1868. 763td

FOR SALE

AT THE

MONTREAL WAREHOUSE

500 BUTTER TUBS, in good order.

J. MARTIN & CO.

10,000 LBS. MAPLE SUGAR.

J. MARTIN & CO.

50 CASES ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

J. MARTIN & CO.

HERRINGS, PORK, FLOUR, BUTTER, CHEESE.

657v J. MARTIN & CO.

ARNOLDI'S

WINE AND SPIRIT VAULTS,

11 Metcalfe-st., Telegraph Co's Building,

OTTAWA,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL, FOR CASH ONLY

Dekuyper's Red Cases, Gin, 15 bottles		$9 00
" Green, " " per doz		4 80
Booth's London Gin		7 20
Berward's and Thompson's Gin	"	6 00
Green Seal Champagne	"	12 00

AND UPWARDS.

PORT WINES—Graham's, Sandeman's, &c.

	Per Gall.	Per Doz
No. 1 Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2 "	3 00	8 75
" 3 Old	3 50	10 00
" 4 Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine old	5 75	15 50
SHERRIES—Lomecq's, Pemartin's, &c.:		
No. 1 Superior Light table Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2 Extra do	3 00	8 75
" 3 Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4 Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine	5 50	15 00

Single sample bottles at above rates.

Also, of Standard Brands, in wood or bottle, old and new, Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch and Canadian Whiskies.

Canadian Ale, in wood or bottle.

Guinness' Porter, pints and quarts. Hibbert's Porter, pints and quarts. Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, pints and quarts.

Clarets, Hocks, Sauternes, Curacao, Maraschino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., &c

Purity in all cases guaranteed, and goods marked at the lowest quotations.

Orders by mail with cash, promptly attended to. Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.

NOTICE!

The subscriber would intimate to those of his customers with whom current accounts may have been opened that it is his intention to take advantage of any irregularity in their payment to close them in order that he may conduct his business totally on the *cash principle*, which has been found to work much more satisfactorily for both the buyer and seller in every branch of trade in which it has been tried, and relying on quality of his goods and the prices charged for them (which will always be as low as they can honestly be sold for) he solicits a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

K. ARNOLDI,

Dealer in the better qualities of Wines, Spirits, &c., Metcalfe-street, Telegraph Co's Building, Ottawa.

Price lists on application or sent to any address.

April 21, 1868. 535y

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

☞ AN OMNIBUS ☜

Will leave the

RUSSELL HOUSE,

Every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 7 a.m., punctually, to carry passengers

FOR AYLMER

To connect with the Union Forwarding Railway Company's Steamers.

JAMES MULLIGAN.

Ottawa, May 16, 1868. 744tf

TO BE GIVEN AWAY!

THE

Greatest Curiosity

OF THE DAY.

WILL BE PUBLISHED

On Thursday next, THE WONDERFUL ALMANAC for 306 years, a copy of which will be presented, FREE OF CHARGE, to every Lady and Gentleman applying at

The Ottawa Citizen,
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

SANSUM'S INTEREST & EXCHANGE TABLES:

A supply of this useful work just received and for sale at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen.
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

COPY BOOKS,

(Plain and with Head Line), EXERCISE BOOKS. A supply just received and for sale at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

PLAIN & FANCY STATIONERY,

All marked in plain figures, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

COUNTING HOUSE and SCHOOL REQUISITES,

At the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

MUSIC, MAGAZINES OR PRINTED BOOKS,

Bound in any style required, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

ENGINEERS' and ARTISTS' MATERIALS,

At the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
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Ottawa, June 8, 1868. 751y

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CHAMPAGNES,	do	PORT and SHERRY WINES,
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And a choice lot of delicate Straw Stem Wines, in Ports, Champagnes, Clarets, Sherries, Liqueurs, &c. All the above articles match in shape, pattern, &c., and are the best glass procurable in England.

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FOILS,

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Ladies' White Canvass Boots,
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And other goods in endless variety.

The subscribers beg to thank the public for the liberal patronage they have received since opening the above establishment.

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THE DOUBLE EXTENSION SKIRT,
" DEMI "
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French Wove Corsets!

AN immense stock of Corsets just arrived, French, English and Scotch manufacture.

I beg to call the attention of ladies to the above new styles of Hoop Skirts which I have on hand, and will make to order on the shortest notice: Also, Parasols, Hosiery and Gloves, Hair Nets, Handkerchiefs, &c., &c.

Croquet Skirts, Printed and Embroidered, Gored and Plain.

N.B.—A lot of old fashioned Corsets on hand (lacing at the back) cheap, wholesale and retail.

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BLACK AND WHITE LACE SHAWLS,
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Also, a lot of Superior

Mahogany Bagatelle Tables,

From 6 to 12 Feet,

ENGLISH CROQUET,

VERY SUPERIOR

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Of the Very Best Manufacture,

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Coffee! Coffee!

TO those who enjoy a Cup of

REALLY FINE COFFEE

—TRY—

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Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha, JAVA & JAMAICA,

Roasted and Ground

Daily on the premises, by steam power.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

May 11, 1868. 739tf

CANADA

MONCK.

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come, and whom they may in anywise concern—GREETING:

J. A. MACDONALD,
Minister of Justice.

WHEREAS,

By a certain Act of the Parliament of Canada, passed in the recent session thereof, and intituled: "An Act relating to Quarantine and Public Health," it is amongst other things in effect enacted that the Governor in Council may, from time to time, make such regulations as he thinks proper, for enforcing compliance with all the requirements of the said Act, and concerning the entry or departure of boats or vessels at the different ports or places in Canada, and concerning the landing of passengers or cargoes from such boats or vessels or the receiving of passengers or cargoes on board of the same, as may be thought best calculated to preserve the public health, and for ensuring the due performance of quarantine, by and in respect of vessels, passengers, goods or things, arriving at any port within Canada, to which he thinks it right for the preservation of the public health, that such regulations should apply, and for the thorough cleansing and disinfecting of such vessels, passengers, goods or things, so as to prevent, as far as possible, the introduction or dissemination of disease into or in Canada, and may appoint or remove such officers as he may deem necessary for so doing, and assign to them, respectively, such powers as he may think required for carrying out the provision of such regulations, and may, from time to time, revoke or amend the same or any of them, and may make others in their stead, and may impose penalties, forfeitures and punishments for the breach thereof, which regulations shall be notified by proclamation, published in the *Canada Gazette* at least twice; and the production of the copies of the *Gazette* containing any such proclamation shall be evidence of the making, date and contents of such regulations. And further that such regulations shall have the force of law during the time they respectively remain unrevoked, unless they be expressly limited to be in force only during a certain time or at certain times or seasons in which case they shall have the force of law during the time and at the times and seasons during or at which they have been limited to be in force; and that any person disobeying any such regulation may be prosecuted for a misdemeanor, punishable by fine or imprisonment or both, as the court may direct, or otherwise such person may be sued for the penalties contained in such regulation.

AND WHEREAS, our Governor in Council, hath this day been pleased to make, under the authority, and in pursuance of the said above in part recited Act, certain regulations as follows, that is to say:

1.—VESSELS COMING UP THE ST. LAWRENCE.

That all boats, ships and other vessels, except the Canadian Mail Steamers, which henceforth and during the eight months next following the first day of April in each and every year shall arrive in the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports, place or places, in Europe or elsewhere out of Canada, by way of that part of the River St. Lawrence which is below Grosse-Isle, and which shall have at the time of their said arrival, or shall have had during their passage from the places where they respectively cleared, any person on board labouring under Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious and dangerous disease, or on board of which any persons shall have died during such passage, or which, being of less tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement, shall have on board thirteen or more steerage passengers, or which being of greater tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement, shall have on board fifty or more steerage passengers or which shall have come from some infected port, shall make their Quarantine in the River St. Lawrence, and there remain and continue until such boats, ships or vessels shall be discharged from such Quarantine, by such license or passport, and discharge given without fee or emolument of any kind as shall be directed or permitted by such order or orders as shall be made by the Governor, with the advice of the Privy Council and until the said boats, ships and vessels shall respectively have performed such Quarantine, and shall be discharged therefrom by such license or passport and discharge as aforesaid, persons, goods or merchandise, which shall be on board such boats, ships or vessels shall not come or be brought on shore, or go or be put on board of any other ship or vessel in Canada, except on Grosse-Isle aforesaid, when duly required by competent authority.

2.—PORT OF QUEBEC.

That all boats, ships and vessels which henceforth and during the eight months aforesaid, shall arrive at the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports in Europe, place or places, or elsewhere as aforesaid, of the class or description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable and bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, do make their further Quarantine in the Harbour of Quebec, according to the regulations hereinafter provided.

3.—GROSSE-ISLE.

All boats, ships and vessels of the class and description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle, shall anchor within the space included between Grosse-Isle and a line drawn parallel to it, through the Red Buoy, to be placed as heretofore under the direction of the Superintendent of Pilots, and bounded on the east and west by lines drawn due south from the western extremities of Cliff Island and Grosse-Isle. The island shall be so divided as to leave one portion thereof for the hospitals, and for the treatment and reception of those who are labouring under or who are threatened with any of the following diseases, namely: Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or any other infectious and dangerous disease; and the remaining portion for the reception and accommodation of all passengers and other persons who shall be landed and detained upon the said island who shall not labour under or be threatened with any of the said diseases, and no person or persons, unless on duty, shall be permitted to pass from one of the said portions of the said island to the other, unless they have passports signed by the Medical Superintendent.

4.—ESTABLISHMENT AT GROSSE-ISLE.

The establishment at Grosse-Isle shall consist of a Medical Superintendent, an Hospital Steward and such Officers, Employés and Orderlies as may be appointed or employed to meet the exigencies of the service. The Medical Superintendent shall be authorized to see the Quarantine duly performed, and for the purpose shall have full power and authority over all officers and other persons whatsoever in Grosse Isle, or attached to that station, and be authorized to call upon all persons to aid him in enforcing the law and their regulations, and in case of his death, sickness or absence, the officer next in rank employed on the island shall have the power and authority aforesaid.

5.—MEDICAL SUPERINTENDENT.

The Medical Superintendent (or in case of his death, sickness or absence, the officer next in rank employed on the island) shall enforce the said law and these regulations, and shall direct boats, ships or vessels to go to such place or places to perform Quarantine, as it may be necessary to send them.

He shall direct all boats, ships or vessels, liable to perform Quarantine, to be brought to anchor within the limits of the Quarantine anchorage, and generally do all that may be required to enforce rigid obedience to the said law and these regulations. He shall permit all passengers, or other persons landed on the said island, to be re embarked or shipped on board any steamboat or other vessel when the vessel is in a fit state to receive them, and that they may have been examined by him and found in a fit state for re-embarkation or for leaving the said island; and that all such passengers and persons, with their luggage, have been washed, cleansed and purified, and that there does not exist amongst those who are about to proceed or leave the said island any case or symptoms of Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious and dangerous disease.

He shall also go off to vessels bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle as aforesaid, and put the following questions to the masters or persons in charge, viz:

1 What is your name and that of your vessel?
2 From whence did you sail, and date?
3 What is your cargo, and whence taken on board?
4 At what place or places did your vessel touch in her voyage?
5 Was such place or places, or any and which of them, infected with the cholera, plague, or any pestilential fever or disease?
6 How many persons were on board when the vessel sailed?
Cabin passengers?
Steerage passengers?
Crew?
7 Have any person or persons during the voyage been infected? or are there now any infected with the cholera, plague or any pestilential fever or disease?
8 Did any person or persons, and how many die during the voyage, and from what distemper?
9 Did you or any of the ship's company or passengers, with your privity, go on board any ship or vessel, or did any of the company of any ship or vessel come on board your ship in the voyage, and from what port did she sail last?
10 Did you or any of your ship's company or passengers with or without your privity or consent, land at any place within Canada?
11 Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

If the answers be satisfactory, he shall give a clean bill of health to the master or person in charge; and such vessels may then proceed to the harbour of Quebec. If the answers be not satisfactory, or the Medical Superintendent has any reason to suspect fraud on the part of the master or person in charge, crew or passengers, he shall immediately order the vessel to such place as may be appointed for vessels detained under Quarantine of observation; he shall call for the ship's papers, passenger lists and log-books, and inspect them thoroughly so as to ascertain the whole of the occurrences during the voyage, and should he meet with any resistance, he will make such signal as may be determined on to show that assistance is necessary.

The Medical Superintendent shall also board all vessels he may consider necessary to inspect. He shall have charge of all vessels detained in Quarantine. He shall direct, if necessary, all steerage passengers to be landed with their luggage. And shall superintend the cleansing and disinfection of vessels. He shall direct the number of passengers to be landed, distinguishing those who require to be treated for pestilential or infectious diseases, and who are to be landed at that part of the said island set apart for such treatment, from those who do not require such treatment, and who may be landed at that part of the said island set apart for the reception of the healthy and those free from pestilential or infectious diseases, and he shall be careful that all such persons shall be landed at such places respectively. He shall have medical charge of all cabin passengers who do not disembark, and who may be labouring under any other than pestilential or infectious diseases; and shall order all passengers and persons on board any such ship or vessel who shall labour under any pestilential or infectious disease, to be landed with their luggage according to the foregoing regulation.

He shall give medical treatment on board in all cases of slight diseases which are not by these regulations specially required to be treated on shore, and when it shall be deemed advisable not to land the passengers on the said island. He shall whenever a vessel is cleansed, ventilated and purified, direct such vessel to receive on board the whole or any portion of the passengers, or whether the whole or any and which of the said passengers shall remain on the said island, to proceed up the river by some other mode of conveyance, and he shall, so soon as the passengers are re-embarked on board their ship, or on board any ship or vessel leaving the said island, give a passport or clean bill of health to the master or person having such vessel in charge, to proceed to Quebec. He shall make returns of the vessels boarded by him as soon as possible after such vessels are visited.

The Medical Superintendent shall have charge of the hospitals. He shall receive into the hospitals set apart for the treatment of pestilential and infectious diseases, all persons labouring under or threatened with any such disease. He shall have the general superintendence and direction of everything relating to the sick. He shall visit and inspect all passengers who shall be landed from any vessel, and distribute them as he shall think expedient either on that part of the island appropriated for the treatment of pestilential or infectious diseases, or on the part of the said island appropriated to healthy passengers. Upon the recovery of persons treated for any such disease he shall, after due precaution, transfer such persons to the healthy part of the said island. He shall superintend the cleansing, washing and purifying of all passengers, and the unpacking and ventilating of their baggage, and when they are in a fit state to proceed, he shall, if need be, cause any baggage or any part of it to be burned or otherwise destroyed.

6.—TRADERS, SUTLERS, GROCERS AND OTHERS.

No persons following the business of sutlers, traders, grocers or other occupations, or concerned in buying or selling, shall be allowed to reside upon the island, except under the license and strict control of the Medical Superintendent, who will have full authority to discharge and send from the island all or any such persons reporting the fact of such discharge and the reason therefor, for the information of the Governor General or person administering the government. All such persons in any way engaged in selling or traffic on the said island shall be regulated as to prices by lists to be furnished by the Medical Superintendent from time to time, assisted by the Emigrant Agent at Quebec. He shall strictly enquire into and decide upon all complaints of misconduct or breach of the regulations by persons so trading; he shall see that no officer or person employed by the Government, or in any public employment on the said island, has directly or indirectly any interest or concern in any supply of provisions, or other things to be supplied or furnished, bought or sold upon the said island, or directly or indirectly receives or takes any private gratuity or reward for any service rendered to any masters or crews of vessels, passengers or other persons upon the said island. And it shall be the duty of all persons to whose knowledge any breach of this regulation shall come to report the same forthwith to the Medical Superintendent, who shall enquire into the facts alleged, and may suspend from his office any person so charged until the pleasure of the Governor-General shall be known respecting the person so charged.

7.—SAINT LAWRENCE PILOTS.

Pilots having been furnished with copies of the said Act and of these regulations, and also of the laws regulating emigration, shall exhibit the same to the master or person in charge of every vessel they may board. Every pilot having charge of a vessel of the description of those liable to make Quarantine at Grosse-Isle as aforesaid, shall bring her to anchor within the limits of the anchorage ground at Grosse-Isle hereinbefore defined. They shall also keep a Union Jack flying at the peak of all vessels under their charge, until boarded by the proper officers. On arriving at Quebec, if the vessel has received a clean bill of health from the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, and has not been detained there on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, she may bring to at any place within the following limits in the Port of Quebec, viz: the whole space of the River St. Lawrence, from the mouth of the River St. Charles, to a line drawn across the said River St. Lawrence, from the flag-staff on the Citadel or Cape Diamond at right angles to the course of the said river, but must not communicate with the shore or with any other vessel or boat until boarded by the inspecting physician; but if the vessel be of the class of those not liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, she may either bring to at any place within the aforesaid limits, in the Port of Quebec, or she may proceed at once to the ballast ground.

8.—PASSENGERS.

On the arrival of any vessel at Grosse-Isle, on board of which there shall be or shall have been during the passage any case of Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious or dangerous disease, and in all other cases when it shall be considered necessary by the Medical Superintendent, the steerage passengers shall be landed with their luggage, and washed and purified, and shall be permitted to re-embark and proceed in the same vessel, or shall be detained and embarked in some steamboat or other vessel, as shall be directed by the Medical Superintendent. The passengers in the principal cabin shall not be landed except in cases of sickness, and may at all times proceed with the vessels or otherwise, after having washed and purified their luggage to the satisfaction and with the passport of the Medical Superintendent.

9.—VESSELS.

All vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, on their arrival there shall anchor within the limits of the anchorage ground at Grosse-Isle hereinbefore defined, until boarded by the Medical Superintendent; and if they shall not be detained at Grosse-Isle on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, shall receive a clean bill of health, and may proceed to the harbour of Quebec and there anchor at any place within the limits of that portion of the Port of Quebec hereinbefore defined, and there remain without communication with the shore, or any other vessel or boat until finally discharged from Quarantine by the license or passport aforesaid; but if any such vessel shall have been detained at Grosse-Isle from sickness or suspicion thereof, it shall anchor at the mouth of the River St. Charles, and there remain until finally discharged from Quarantine as aforesaid.

Vessels arriving at Grosse-Isle from any infected port or place, or one supposed to be infected, and on board of which no pestilential disease shall have declared itself during the passage, may be kept under Quarantine of observation for a period of not more than three days, during which time the passengers and crew thereof shall be subjected to a strict purification under the direction of the Medical Superintendent. All vessels detained in Quarantine shall be cleansed and ventilated, and their between decks, if not painted or varnished, shall be whitewashed, but if painted or varnished, shall be thoroughly scrubbed with soap and water or ley, and such portion of the ballast as the Medical Superintendent shall order, shall be thrown overboard, under his immediate superintendence, or that of some person to be appointed by him for that duty.

In all cases where vessels having passengers on board on account of sickness amongst such passengers shall be detained in Quarantine, the master or person in charge may, on application to the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, be allowed to land the said passengers with their luggage; and the vessel being properly cleansed, purified and disinfected under the superintendence and with the license of the Medical Superintendent, may proceed up the river without the said passengers upon the master or person in charge paying to such person as shall be appointed to receive the same one shilling and three pence for each passenger, to bear the expense of their conveyance to Quebec, and also at the rate of one shilling per diem for each of the said passengers, to reimburse the expense of their maintenance at Grosse-Isle, for the time during which such vessel, in the judgment of the Medical Superintendent, would have had to be detained in Quarantine waiting for the passengers not affected with any of the pestilential or infectious diseases aforesaid, otherwise such vessel shall be detained in Quarantine until the passengers not sick of the aforesaid diseases, shall be cleansed, washed, purified and disinfected.

10.—INSPECTING PHYSICIAN AT QUEBEC.

An inspecting physician at Quebec shall go off to all vessels arriving at Quebec or at the mouth of the River St. Charles, and put the following questions to the masters or persons in charge, viz:

1 When did you leave Grosse-Isle?
2 Exhibit to me your passport from Grosse-Isle?
3 How many persons have you on board?
Cabin passengers?
Steerage passengers?
Crew?
4 Number left at Grosse-Isle?
5 Have any person or persons been taken sick since you left Grosse-Isle?
6 Have any died? State number, names and disease?
7 Have any person or persons come on board or left your vessel since you left Grosse-Isle?
8 Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

And moreover, he shall require all masters or persons in charge of vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, to exhibit to him the license or passport which they shall have received from the Medical Superintendent at the Quarantine Station; and such masters or persons in charge shall forthwith exhibit the same for examination to the said inspecting physician at Quebec, who, if he shall find, as well from the answer he may receive as from the tenor of the passport and the actual state of the passengers and crew that sickness does not exist on board he shall then grant to the master or person in charge of such vessel, a certificate in writing setting forth the healthy state of the passengers and crew, to the end that such vessel may obtain a final discharge from Quarantine. But, if on the contrary, such inspecting physician at Quebec, shall find any case of pestilential or infectious disease on board, or shall have just cause to apprehend the breaking out of any such malady, it shall then be his duty to hoist a yellow flag at the main-top-gallant-mast head and shall cause the vessel to return to or remain and be detained at the mouth of the River Saint Charles for further observation and inspection; and having acquainted the master or person in charge with the penalties to be incurred if he should permit any communication with his vessel until released from Quarantine, he shall report all the circumstances to the Minister of Agriculture for the information of the Governor General; and if it shall appear to the said inspecting physician at any time that such vessel shall have passed the Quarantine Station at Grosse-Isle without stopping to make Quarantine, being liable thereto, and should therefore be sent down to Grosse-Isle, or that such vessel having already cleared from Grosse-Isle, should return thereto, there to land the passengers, he shall order the master or person in charge to proceed or return with such vessel to Grosse-Isle, and such master or person in charge shall obey such order, and the proper officers at Grosse-Isle shall observe in respect of such vessels the same rules and regulations as are provided for vessels arriving at Grosse-Isle with sick. Should the inspecting physician at Quebec meet with any resistance in the discharge of the duty required of him by this regulation, he will immediately enforce the same by all lawful means at his disposal.

Any steamboat or other vessel that shall have towed or otherwise communicated with a vessel of the class of vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, not having the discharge from Quarantine of the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, shall be subject to the same regulations and instructions as hereinbefore provided, respecting vessels not discharged from Quarantine.

No steamboat shall be allowed to proceed to Grosse-Isle for the purpose of taking on board passengers direct from that island, without previously obtaining from the Collector of Customs of the Port of Quebec, a written permit to that effect; subject nevertheless to the regulations hereinbefore provided.

No vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or Montreal, until all the requirements of the foregoing regulations in reference to such vessels shall have been fully complied with.

11.—PORT OF HALIFAX.

That all boats, ships or vessels coming into the Harbour of Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia, which shall have at the time of their said arrival, or shall have had during their passage from the places where they respectively cleared, any person on board labouring under Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious and dangerous disease, or on board of which any person shall have died during such passage, or which, being of less tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement, shall have on board thirteen or more steerage passengers, or which being of greater tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement, shall have on board fifty or more steerage passengers or which shall have come from some infected port, shall make their Quarantine in the Harbour of Halifax, on board such vessels or at such place on shore, and in such manner as shall be directed by the inspecting physician of the said Port of Halifax, and there remain and continue until such ships or vessels shall be discharged from such Quarantine, by such license or passport, and discharge given without fee or emolument of any kind as shall be made by the Governor, with the advice of the Privy Council; and until the said ships and vessels shall respectively have performed such Quarantine and shall be discharged therefrom by such license or passport and discharge as aforesaid, persons, goods or merchandize which shall be on board such boats, ships or vessels, shall not come or be brought on shore, or go, or be put on board of any other ship or vessel in Canada, except at such place indicated as aforesaid when duly required by competent authority.

All boats, ships or vessels of the class and description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable to make their Quarantine in the Harbour of Halifax, shall anchor within a mile of the southern end of George's Island, there to be inspected by the inspecting physician, and ordered, according to circumstances as aforesaid.

The inspecting physician of the port of Halifax shall visit, on their arrival, such boats, ships or vessels, and shall direct them as best calculated for the public health, and in accordance with the intent and meaning of the present regulations and such orders in Council as may be communicated to him from time to time.

13.—INSPECTING PHYSICIANS OF THE PORTS OF HALIFAX AND ST. JOHN.

The inspecting physicians of the Ports of Halifax and St. John (or any medical officer nominated to act as assistant in their absence) shall have respectively, the control over all officers and employes, who may be appointed or employed for the service of the Quarantine in the said ports, respectively, and the medical attendance over the sick and healthy passengers or crew detained on board, or who may have been landed to undergo the said Quarantine on shore, and the said inspecting physicians shall have, respectively, the same duties to perform and the same authority as those hereinbefore assigned to the Medical Superintendent of the Quarantine of Grosse-Isle, and shall fulfil the said duties and exercise the said authority in the same manner as prescribed for the said Medical Superintendent.

14.—VESSELS IN QUARANTINE AT THE PORTS OF HALIFAX AND ST. JOHN.

In all cases where vessels having passengers on board, or account of sickness amongst such passengers, shall be detained in Quarantine, the master or person in charge may, on application to the inspecting physician of the said Ports of Halifax or St. John respectively, be allowed to land the said passengers with their luggage; and the vessel being properly cleansed, purified and disinfected under the superintendence and with the license of the Inspecting Physician, may proceed up the harbor without the said passengers, upon the master or person in charge paying to such person as shall be appointed to receive the same, ten pence for each passenger to bear the expense of their conveyance, and also at the rate of one shilling per diem for each of the said passengers, to reimburse the expense of their maintenance for the time during which such vessel, in the judgment of the inspecting physician, would have had to be detained in Quarantine waiting for the passengers not affected with any of the pestilential or infectious diseases aforesaid, otherwise such vessel shall be detained in Quarantine until the passengers not sick of the aforesaid diseases, shall be cleansed, washed, purified and disinfected.

15.—PILOTS OF THE PORTS OF HALIFAX AND ST. JOHN.

Pilots of the Ports of Halifax and St. John respectively, having been furnished with copies of the said Act, and of these regulations, shall exhibit the same to the master or person in charge of any boat, ship or vessel they may board:—every Pilot having charge of a vessel of the description of those liable to make Quarantine at the Ports of Halifax or St. John respectively, shall bring her to anchor within the limits of the anchorage grounds hereinbefore defined for the said ports respectively:—They shall also keep a Union Jack flying at the peak of all vessels under their charge, until boarded by the proper medical officer aforesaid.

16.—GENERAL PROVISIONS.

All vessels trading between any ports or places within Canada, and not having touched at any ports or places without the Dominion nor communicated with any other vessel which shall have arrived from any port without the Dominion, shall be exempt from the foregoing rules and regulations so far as respects the necessity of going to or stopping at the anchorage ground aforesaid; nor shall the said rules and regulations apply to any vessel of war, or to transports or vessels having Queen's troops on board accompanied by a medical officer and in a healthy state, or to any steamer, unless sickness or death may have occurred during the passage.

No vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or Montreal, until all the requirements of the foregoing regulations in reference to such vessel shall have been fully complied with.

Any person who shall contravene, either by omission or commission, any of the foregoing regulations, shall for every such offence incur and pay a fine of not exceeding FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS, to be recovered in the manner prescribed by the said Act; and every person who, upon conviction of any such offence, shall fail to pay the amount of fine which he shall have been condemned to pay, shall be imprisoned until such fine be paid.

AND

All previous orders or regulations are hereby revoked. Now Know Ye, that we do hereby command, and enjoin upon all our loving subjects that they do take notice of and obey the said regulations so made as aforesaid and govern themselves accordingly.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these our letters to be made patent, and the great seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed: Witness, our right trusty and well-beloved cousin the Right Honorable CHARLES STANLEY VISCOUNT MONCK, Baron Monck of Ballytrammon, in the County of Wexford, in the Peerage of Ireland, and Baron Monck of Ballytrammon, in the County of Wexford, in the Peerage of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Governor-General of Canada, &c., &c., &c., at our Government House, in our City of Ottawa, this twenty-third day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight, and in the thirty-first year of our reign.

By Command,
HECTOR L. LANGEVIN,
759f Secretary of State.

Railroads.

CHANGE of TIME

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and after FRIDAY, the 15th May, 1868, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA
Mixed, 7.15 a.m.	10.35 a.m.
Express, 1.35 p.m.	4.15 p.m.
LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 7 a.m.	9.25 a.m.
Mixed, 1.00 p.m.	4.15 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent.
THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.
Ottawa, May 14, 1868. 1y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway,

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT
Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7:15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p.m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.
Brockville, April 11. 472y

Grand Trunk Railway Company

OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 8.30 A.M.

Night do do at 7.30 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.00 A.M.

Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.

Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.

Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.

Express for Boston and New York, at 3.50 P.M.

Express for Portland (staying over night at Island Pond) at 2.00 P.M.

Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Rivière du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticooke only, at 10.10 P.M.

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
December 23, 1867 650tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET.

FOUR GOOD ROOMS over SHEPHERD'S GROCERY STORE, Murray st., between Sussex and Dalhousie-sts. Also, GOOD STABLES for thirteen horses. Rent moderate. Also a quantity of CEDARS for sale. Enquire of M. SHEPHERD, at the Store.

Ottawa, May 20, 1868. 748

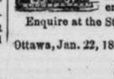
Lots for Sale.

BUILDING LOTS, one mile from the city, on the Richmond Road, containing one acre each. Apply to THOMAS ANDERSON, Jr. on the premises. 564tf

FOR SALE, on SANDY HILL, opposite Desbarats', LOT No. 32, Stuart street. Terms moderate. Apply to Mrs. TIERNAN, No. 2, Rideau street opposite the Gas House.

Ottawa, May 4 1868. 734d

Two Dwellings to Let,



BEING the Upper part of E. MARTINEAU'S Clothing Store, Corner of Sussex and Clarence-streets.

Enquire at the Store.

Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. EUG. MARTINEAU. 64

Steamers.

1868 1868

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMER

Queen Victoria,

Captain A. BOWIE,

Leaves the Queen's Wharf with mails and passengers for Montreal, every morning, (Sundays excepted) at half-past 6 o'clock, arriving at 4:45 p.m.

Travellers and tourists will find this a delightful trip.

First-class Fare (meals extra)	$3 50
Second " "	2 00
First " Return "	6 00

Baggage checked through.

Parcel Express daily to and from Montreal and all landings.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs landed at L'Orignal.

For further information apply at Office on the wharf, or on board the steamer.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Excursion Tickets to Grenville and back for one fare.

MARKET STEAMER

"FAIRY,"

Captain R. G. NICHOLS,

Leaves Ottawa for Major's and intermediate landings on Tuesdays and Fridays at 4 o'clock, p.m.

7493 R. W. SHEPHERD.

1868 1868

UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

Upper Ottawa Route.

Consisting of the following first-class Steamers,

ANN SISSON,	- -	Captain Murphy.
ALLIANCE,	- -	" Find'ay.
EMERALD,	- -	" Toner.
OREGON,	- -	" Cowley.
CALUMET,	- -	" Blondin.
JASON GOULD,	- -	" Bolton.
PONTIAC,	- -	" Duggan.
PEMBROKE,	- -	" Overman.
SNOW BIRD,	- -	" Beattie.

Until further notice the Steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day (Sundays excepted) for the Upper Ottawa at 8:30 a.m., connecting with the *Alliance* at head of railroad at 12:30, touching at Arnprior, Sandpoint, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf, and Portage-du-Fort. Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after the arrival of the Steamer *Alliance* for Cobden, connecting with Steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.

The Steamer *Pembroke* leaves Pembroke at 7 o'clock, a.m., on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday for Des Joachims, calling at intermediate ports, returning on same day, leaving at 2 p.m., connecting at Pembroke with Steamer *Jason Gould* which leaves daily at 5 a.m., and arriving at Portage-du-Fort at 10 a.m.

The Steamer *Alliance* leaves Portage-du-Fort every morning (Sundays excepted) at 9:30 a.m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere, Bristol, Sandpoint and Arnprior, and arriving at head of railway at 12:45, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4 p.m.

The Steamer *Calumet* leaves Havelock for Chapeau Village and intermediate ports on Tuesdays at 6 o'clock, a.m., and returning leaves Chapeau Village same days, at 2 o'clock.

A connection is made daily with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at Arnprior at 2 o'clock p.m., in time to connect with the Grand Trunk Railway night trains east and west, and on the downward trip at Sandpoint 1:35 a.m., Arnprior 12:10.

Passengers for Des Joachims leave Ottawa every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

For further particulars apply at the office of the Company in Ottawa City or Aylmer.

R. S. CASSELS,
Ottawa City, April 22, 1868. President. 724S

Condensed Time Table

Between Brockville and Ottawa, via Brockville and Ottawa Railway and Union Forwarding Railway Company's Steamers:

UPWARDS.	
Leave Ottawa at	7:00 a.m.
Arrive at Arnprior at	2:00 p.m.
Leave Arnprior at	2:20 p.m.
Arrive at Brockville at	7:45 p.m.

In time to connect with Grand Trunk Railway Night Trains, East and West.

DOWNWARDS.	
Leave Brockville at	7:15 a.m.
Arrive at Arnprior at	12:10 p.m.
Leave Arnprior at	12:15 p.m.
Arrive at Ottawa at	5:00 p.m.

NOTICE

—TO—

SHIPPERS OF GOODS

TO THE

Upper Ottawa,

By Steamers of the

Union Forwarding

AND

RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE Union Forwarding and Railway Company having assumed the cartage of goods between

OTTAWA & AYLMER,

I beg to intimate that the same rate will be charged on goods received at either place, the Company having established a through rate on all goods forwarded from Ottawa to places on the Upper Ottawa.

Receipts for goods will be given by the Shipping Clerk, Mr. S. Dyde, Canal Basin Wharf, or at the office of the Company, Wellington-street.

R S CASSELS,
Ottawa, March 23, 1868. 698-3 President.

Ice, Ice, Ice!

THE subscriber will furnish ICE DAILY to those requiring it for the Season. Double supplies on Saturday for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season, $6.00. Hotels and Steamers supplied with large quantities on liberal terms, as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted.

All orders left at KAVANAGH'S RESTAURANT, or at the subscriber's, will be strictly attended to.

F. STARMER,
126, Rideau-st.
Ottawa, May 14, 1868. 742d

W. NOTMAN,

Photographer to the Queen

CORNER OF

WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS,

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his

Establishment will be Opened

—ON—

Monday Next, 3rd February

When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for all the different branches of Photography.

Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 582y

NEW STORE!

THE Store formerly occupied by W. D. WOOD, No. 38, on RIDEAU STREET, has been refitted by the subscribers, and will be opened on MONDAY, FOURTEENTH OCTOBER, with an entire new stock of

GROCERIES,

LIQUORS AND

HARDWARE.

WOOD & ROSSITER.
Ottawa, October 12, 1867 15

1867 AND 1868.

INDIA WAREHOUSE!

16 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform their Customers that their Stock is now complete, and embraces every delicacy of the Season, among which will be found a choice assortment of

TEAS,

Breakfast SOUCHONG, } Black Extra Fine.
" do CONGOU, }
Superior HYSON,
" GUNPOWDER,
" IMPERIAL,
" TWANKAY,
Orange PEKOE, } These Teas have been
Flowery " } carefully selected for
Japan " } family trade by

BROWNE & HARDY.

SUGARS,

LOAF,
BROKEN LOAF,
CRUSHED,
GROUND,
YELLOW,
and MUSCOVADO.

COFFEE,

MOCHA,
JAVA,
JAMAICA, and
CEYLON,

☞ Roasted and Ground daily on the premises.

CHOCOLATE and COCOA,

FRENCH, flavored with Vanilla;
TAYLOR'S,
FRYE'S,
MOTT'S

FRUITS, &c.

LAYER RAISINS,
in Whole, Half and Quarter Boxes
MUSCATEL, do do
SULTANA,
VALENTIA,
CURRANTS,
GRAPES,
ORANGES
LEMONS,
PRUNES,
ALMONDS,
WALNUTS,
FILBERTS, and
BRAZIL NUTS.

SPICES,

NUTMEGS,
MACE,
CINNAMON,
CLOVES,
GINGER,
MIXED SPICES,
All Ground on the Premises

D. T. BROWNE & CO.
Ottawa, December 19 465t

Piano-Forte Tuition!

W. C. CLARK,

PROFESSOR OF MUSIC and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-street, corner of Queen-street, Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Mahon's Music Store. 452y

☞ ☞ ☞ ☞ ☞ ☞

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Fr

The Times

VOL. III. NO 765. OTTAWA, THURSDAY, JUNE 11, 1868. PRICE—3 CENTS

THE
Ottawa Daily Times,
(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley, issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week over 14,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only ... $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line ... 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line ... 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.
Yearly subscription to the daily (if paid in advance) ... $5 00
If not paid in advance ... 6 00
Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance) ... $1 00
If not paid in advance ... 1 50

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 34, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES.

Legal Cards.

MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. GEORGE TAILLON.
Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1868. 366-tf

R. J. WICKSTEED,
ADVOCATE, &c., 42, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 589-6m

N. TETREAU,
NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 6, 1867. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin-Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-n

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Cassers Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-c

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office.
Ottawa, March 10, 1866.

NICHOLAS SPARKS,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

G. J. O'DOHERTY,
LAW, Chancery, and Conveyancing Office, Aumond's Buildings, Rideau street.
Ottawa, December 6, 1867.

Medical Cards.

A. CODD, M.D., C.M.,
(Attending Physician General Protestant Hospital.)
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Four doors east of the Revere House, Rideau-street, Ottawa. OFFICE HOURS—From 8 to 10 a. m, and from 2 to 4 p. m.
Ottawa, April 30. 730-3m

DR. CHESLEY,
OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 25 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30 44"tf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co's, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 380y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,
DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
CORNER of Kent and Wellington-Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 43utf

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town. CANCERS CURED, with out the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa April 14. 17w-100-y

Hotels and Saloons.

DOMINION HOUSE.
WELLINGTON STREET.
THE undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.
GEORGE IRVINE.
Ottawa, March 26. 658y

MATHEWS' OLD STAND,
YORK-STREET,
WILL BE OPEN for the accommodation of the public on THURSDAY, 12th of March, 1868. The subscriber having again resumed business in his old stand as hotel-keeper, wishes to return thanks to his numerous friends and the public for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on him, during the past seventeen years, and hopes by strict attention to business, and kindness to all, to share a portion of public patronage. His Larder will be always supplied with the best the market affords. His Bar will be supplied with the best of Liquors and choicest Cigars.
T. MATHEWS, Proprietor.
N. B.—The house has been thoroughly renovated and newly furnished.
Ottawa, March 11, 1868. 688tf

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec

REVERE HOUSE, OTTAWA,
G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, ...PROPRIETORS.
THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867 582tf

THE ALBION HOTEL
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1866. 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly over hauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc. daily

THE METROPOLITAN
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

TORONTO HOUSE,
SPARKS STREET.
MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has a few Commodious Suites of Apartments to Let, handsomely and comfortably furnished.
Gentlemen attending the Session of Parliament will find at the Toronto House most convenient quarters, where the quiet of the private family is combined with the usual attendance to be found at the best hotels.
Ottawa, Feb. 25, 1868. 671tf

MONEY TO LEND
ON REAL ESTATE SECURITY.
WALKER & PENNOCK, Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
April 15, 1868. 717tf

SMITH & RODNEY
MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from Eaton's Gilding Store, having just received a choice stock of
English, French and Canadian
CLOTHS and TWEEDS,
And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1, 1867. 551tf

A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER
AND
Blank Book Manufacturer,
26, METCALFE-ST., OTTAWA.
HAVING every facility in the way of first-class Machinery, and employing none but first-class workmen, I am prepared to turn out every description of Binding in as good a style of workmanship as any other establishment in Canada.
A. MORTIMER, Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, Feb. 6. 384y

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS, Toronto, May 28, 1868.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT Charles Westley Lount, of Bracebridge, in the Township of Macauley, in the District of Muskoka, Esquire has been appointed Agent for the disposal of public lands in the Townships of Morrison, Muskoka, Draper, Macauley, Stephenson, McLean, Brunnel, Monck and Watt, in the District of Muskoka, in the place of Richard Jose Oliver, Esquire, whose services have been dispensed with.
Applications for lands open as Free Grants in the above mentioned Townships, must also be made to Mr. Lount.
S. RICHARDS, Commissioner.
Toronto, May 29, 1867. 758-tf

Druggists.

THE MEDICAL HALL
Soda Water and Ginger Ale Factory,
23 Great St. James-street, Montreal,
OPPOSITE the POST OFFICE.
THE SUBSCRIBERS
Beg to intimate to their patrons that they have commenced the manufacture of Ærated Waters of every description, and on the most extensive scale.
Particular attention will be paid to the preparation of "Belfast Ginger Ale," a beverage first introduced into this country by our Mr. BROWN, who alone possesses the original receipt, and who has also taken out a TRADE MARK for the same.
The proprietors believe their Ærated Waters will be superior to any others at present prepared in Montreal, for the following reasons, viz:—
1st. The employment of the most improved machinery the United States can produce.
2nd. The application of strictly scientific principles to the details.
3rd. Extra care given to the chemical purity of the articles used in the different processes.
4th. The possession of chemical knowledge, without which it is simply impossible to produce Ærated Waters in perfection.
The following Waters and Beverages are the principal ones prepared at the MEDICAL HALL FACTORY: Belfast Ginger Ale, Lemonade, Sarsaparilla, Winter Beverage, Summer Beverage, Soda Water, Seltzer Water, Potash Water, Kissengen Water, Vichy Water.
KENNETH CAMPBELL & CO., Apothecaries to H.R.H. the Prince of Wales.
W. M. MASSEY, Agent for Ottawa. 472y

Spectacles for all Sights.
OPTICAL Instruments Electro-Magnetic and Galvanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.
W. HEARN, Market Drug Store, York-street.
637y

Miscellaneous.

D. CODD & CO.,
PATENT AGENTS, SOLICITORS, &c. Drawings, Specifications, Models, and all other business in connection with the procuring of Letters Patent of Invention, attended to at the shortest notice.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 741-6m

I. B. TACKABERRY'S
AUCTION ROOMS, No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any part of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

B. BILLINGS, JR.,
ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O & P R W 740tf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 378y

HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,
WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C.W.
WILLIAM HOLGATE, JOHN OLIVER, WILLIAM ANNABLE.
506y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

LADIES CALL AT THE CAPITAL
Boot and Shoe Store!
YORK-STREET.
For Cheap Gaiters
AT
ONE DOLLAR A PAIR!
Good at 95 cents.
Men's ware equally low, in every variety of style
This is the place to buy cheap at the "Capital," York-street.
429y GEORGE MURPHY.

VICTORIA
FURNITURE WAREROOMS.
GEORGE ARMSTRONG, Corner Victoria Square and Craig-street, Montreal, solicits a call from the Citizens of Ottawa about to furnish, who may visit Montreal to his very large and varied stock of FURNITURE which he will sell at greatly reduced prices for cash. The Parlor Furniture is of the best quality and latest designs, either plain or handsomely carved, in Walnut, oil finished or polished.
His Sideboards, Bookcases, Chamber Sets, Hall Furniture, &c., are worthy of attention.
Hair Mattresses and Bedding of all description constantly on hand, or made to order, at the shortest notice. Call and examine for yourselves.
"Patent Sofa, with reclining arms, of a very superior make."
N.B.—Sole Agent in the Dominion for the sale of G. A. FISKS' Air-Tight Metallic Casket. 712-3m

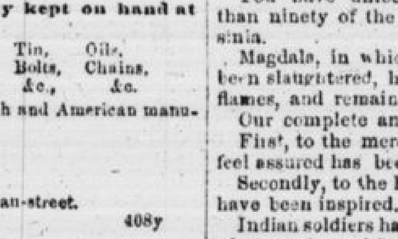
Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale.
THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his
Fine Bottled Ale!
Which is in splendid condition. Also,
Scotch Irish, Old Rye
And other Malt Whiskies,
Ports, Sherries, Brandies Gin, &c.,
Together with a General Assortment of
FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.
A Call kindly Solicited.
D. WHELAN, 44, Rideau-street, Opposite Allan's Crockery Store
Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

GEO. MAYES,
COPPER PLATE PRINTER,
Bank Street, Centre Town,
Between Sparks & Queen Streets.
Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

1868. MAY. 1868.

J.A.PINARD&CO.,
ARE NOW SHEWING
New Dress Goods,
A good value in Striped, all Mohair, for 6d per yard.
New Prints,
A good variety of Patterns at 6d per yard.
New Grey Cottons,
A good Cotton, 40 inches wide, for 7d per yard.
New White Cottons,
A good heavy made Cotton for 6d per yard.
Tailoring Department is replete with all the novelties of the season.
Cash buyers will find it their advantage to visit the above before purchasing elsewhere
J. A. PINARD & Co., No. 17, Sussex-st., Sign of the Golden Ball.
Ottawa, May 5, 186 16y

HARDWARE, HARDWARE!
—AT—
Thomas Birkett's,
SIGN OF THE ANVIL,
No. 24 RIDEAU No. 24 STREET.



Come old and young, come short and tall,
Come rich and poor, come great and small,
Just call and see my stock in trade,
Hardware and paints of every grade.

A Complete Assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware constantly kept on hand at the SIGN of the ANVIL, T. BIRKETT, consisting in part of
Butts, Axes, Iron, Paints, all colors, Screws, Saws, Tin, Oils,
Locks, Ropes, Stoves, Glass, Coolers, Putty, Bolts, Chains,
Nails, Coal, Pitch, Grindstones, &c., &c., &c., &c.
Also a complete stock of MECHANICS' TOOLS of the most improved English and American manufacture.
Then Come and Examine my Stock,
A duty never shirk it,
And satisfaction will be got
In business with T. BIRKETT.
Don't forget the place—THOS. BIRKETT, Sign of the Anvil, No. 24, Rideau-street.
P. S.—All Goods delivered Free to any part of the city. 408y

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE
WERE AWARDED THEIR 67th
Prize and Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.
Great rapidity, Simple Machinery, quiet in action, easy to operate, price from $47. Prospectuses, and instructions gratis.
G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa. and 105 King st., West, Toronto.
Sole Agent for Ontario.
The "HOWE" SEWING MACHINES are the best for Carriage Trimmers, Harness Makers, Boot and Shoe makers, are the best Shuttle Machine for Tailors, Dressmakers, Families, etc., etc. Price from $50. Prospectus free and instructions gratis.
479 43y R. W. STEPHEN, 37 Sparks-street, Ottawa.

GREAT BARGAINS IN DRESS GOODS, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.
NEW STYLE OF DRESS GOODS, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.
FANCY DRESS GOODS AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.
PLAIN GOODS FOR TRAVELLING DRESSES, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.
BAREGE, GRENADINE & LLAMA DRESS GOODS, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S Invite inspection of their Stock.
No. 14, RIDEAU-STREET.
Ottawa, May 30, 1868. 510y

NEW SILK AND DRESS GOODS:
Grant and Henderson
Have just opened out a new lot of
Black and Fancy Silks, Moire-Antiques,
BROCADES, POPLINS, CHALLIS, LUSTRES, &c.
Elegant Goods at Moderate Prices.
Millinery, Mantles, Jackets, Carpets and House Furnishings in great variety, always on hand.
No. 20, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, May 16, 1868. 67?y

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT! 35, SUSSEX St. H. MEADOWS & CO.
WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall Stoves, for wood or coal we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW OVEN STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
Suitable for private Dwellings and Churches Warehouses and Stores
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES PARLOR STOVES.
New and most beautiful designs, very cheap.
COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES.
Hot Air Furnaces.
We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE, RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with Stovepipes, &c., at reduced rates.
Lumbermen's Supplies Lumbermen's Supplies! Shanty Plates! Basins! Camp Kettles, &c.
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS!
Bird Cages! Bird Cages! Bird Cages!
Price Lists sent free on application.
Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending purchasers would do well to note.
An inspection of the above goods invited at the "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, October 2 1867. 62-y

The Ottawa Times.

OTTAWA, THURSDAY, JUNE 11, 1868.

THE ABYSSINIAN EXPEDITION.

Gen. Napier's General Order.

The special correspondent of the New York *Herald* says that after the fall of Magdala, Napier issued the following Napoleonic "order of the day:"

Soldiers of the Army of Abyssinia—The Queen and people of England entrusted to you a very arduous and difficult expedition, to release our countrymen from a long and painful captivity and to vindicate the honor of our country, which had been outraged by Theodorus, King of Abyssinia.

I congratulate you with all my heart on the noble way in which you have fulfilled the commands of our sovereign.

You have traversed, often under a tropical sun amid storms of rain and sleet, four hundred miles of mountainous and difficult country.

You have crossed many steep and precipitous ranges of mountains more than ten thousand feet in altitude, where your supplies could not keep pace with you.

When you arrived within reach of your enemy, though with scanty food and some of you for many hours without either food or water, in four days you passed the formidable chasm of the Bashilo and defeated the army of Theodorus, which poured down upon you from their lofty fortress in full confidence of victory.

A host of many thousands have laid down their arms at your feet.

You have captured and destroyed upwards of thirty pieces of artillery, many of great weight and efficiency, with ample stores of ammunition.

You have stormed the almost inaccessible Fortress of Magdala, defended by Theodorus with the desperate remnant of his chiefs and followers.

After you forced the entrance, Theodorus who never showed mercy, distrusted the offer of mercy held out to him and died by his own hand.

You have released not only the British captives, but those of other friendly nations.

You have unloosed the chains of more than ninety of the principal chiefs of Abyssinia.

Magdala, in which so many victims have been slaughtered, has been committed to the flames, and remains only a scorched rock.

Our complete and rapid success is due:

First, to the mercy of God, whose hand I feel assured has been over us in a just cause.

Secondly, to the high spirit with which you have been inspired.

Indian soldiers have forgotten the prejudices of race and creed to keep pace with their European comrades.

Never has an army entered on a war with more honorable feelings than yours; this has carried you through many fatigues and difficulties; you have been only eager for the moment when you could close with your enemy.

The remembrance of your privations will pass away quickly, but your gallant exploit will live in history.

The Queen and the people of England will appreciate your services.

On my part, as your commander, I thank you for your devotion to your duty and the good discipline you have maintained. Not a single complaint has been made against a soldier of fields injured or villagers wilfully molested in person or property.

We must not forget what is due to our comrades who have been laboring for us in the sultry climate of Zoola and the pass of Koomaylee, or in the monotony of the posts which have maintained our communications. Each and all would have given all they possessed to be with us. But they deserve our gratitude.

I shall watch your safety to the moment of your re-embarkation, and to the end of my life remember with pride that I have commanded you.

R. NAPIER,
Lieutenant-General, Commander-in-Chief.
CAMP DALSULO, April 20, 1868.

The King of Italy has caused to be placed in the archives of Naples several thousand historical documents hitherto kept secret, and forming 200 bundles. Several of them contain interesting details respecting the reign of Charles V.

The London cab-drivers have recently held a meeting to protest against the increase by the proprietors of one shilling in the daily charge for the hire of cabs. It was asserted that a cabman would be obliged to drive 32 miles a day, to make up the amount demanded by the masters.

—A curious method of killing rats is recommended in a German journal as very efficient. A piece of new or unused sponge is cut into small pieces, which are smeared with butter and placed within reach of the rats, next to a dish of water. The rats eat the sponge, and becoming thirsty, drink the water, which swells the sponge, and in a short time kills the animals, which are found dead all around.

—About a year ago a co-operative foundry was established in Rochester, after the plan of those in Troy and Albany. It has proved a grand success. Only a trifle over $18,000 was paid in. The profits for the six months ending December 19th were $8,392.81. A dividend of twelve per cent. on the stock has been declared, payable in stock, and the balance has been divided pro rata among the employees, making to them 29 3-10ths per cent. upon their earnings.

—It is said that among two millions of persons by whom Yeddo, in Japan, is inhabited, there is not a beggar in the streets, not a drunkard, not a ruffian. The women are beautiful, the men are robust and energetic, there is no trouble about fashions, education is universal, books are plentiful though there are no newspapers; life is simple and easy, marriage is universal, and children go naked.

THE BRITISH IRON-CLAD NAVY.—Mr. Corry, the First Lord of Admiralty, in his speech of the navy estimates, gives some interesting information relative to the present condition of the British iron-clad navy. There are 44 iron-clad vessels built and building, there being nine now on the stocks, the *Captain, Audacious, Invincible, Vanguard, Repulse, Monarch, Sultan, Triumph*, and *Glutton*. The latter is a vessel of somewhat peculiar construction, with two turrets, each of which is to carry a 1200 pounder Armstrong gun, weighing twenty-five tons. In the course of the debate, Mr. Childers said that he thought it was a great misfortune that members of Parliament were by etiquette precluded from alluding to opinions expressed by the newspapers.

—The velocipede is becoming a formidable rival to the horse in Paris. One velocipedist (it has been found necessary to invent the word) rolled down the Champs Elysees the other day in an "Americaine," drawn by two velocipedes, on which were mounted two postilions or jockies. The proprietor of the vehicle was "un gentleman" belonging to "le haute fashion." We are assured too, that M. de Visin, the distinguished equestrian who rode over the steeple course of the Bois de Boulogne a fortnight ago without touching his horse's bridle, has made "un match" with Prince Achille Murat, in which M. de Visin on a velocipede backs himself against the Prince on horseback. The velocipedal skill of M. de Visin is said to be something extraordinary. A few weeks ago he undertook to travel on a velocipede from Angers to Paris, and actually went as far as Tours, a distance of about 54 miles, when the machine broke.—*Pall Mall Gazette.*

CARPETS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS.—Garland Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality. They have just received a large stock and invite the attention of parties furnishing to it. Purchasers will find their stock in this department second to none in Ottawa 582-y

SUN-SPOTS AND RAIN.

The changes from maximum to minimum, and *vice versa*, that occur in the number of spots visible upon the sun, take place periodically. Each period has a duration of five years. The number of spots reached their maximum in the years 1842, 1852 and 1862. The minimum number were observed during the years 1847, 1857 and 1867. Five or six years ago there were a great many spots visible. This fact was brought forward by some would-be philosophers in explanation of the great quantity of rain that fell during that summer season. They argued that, on account of the great number of spots, we received a less amount of heat. Last summer the sun was quite free from spots, and it was said that the increased heat produced an increase of evaporation. The moisture thus taken into the atmosphere had, of course, to fall in the form of rain. This summer there are a few spots visible. They are now held responsible for the unusual quantity of rain. In accordance with the old saying, we may remark, it is indeed a handy rule—one that works both ways.

The facts in the case, however, are these: The quantity of water carried into the atmosphere from the surface of the ocean, in the form of moisture, amounts to about the same each year, viz: fifty inches upon an average. The ocean, it is well understood, extends over about three-fourths of the surface of the globe. Of course, at the equator, the evaporation is much greater than that; near the poles, much less. These fifty inches of water fall again upon the ocean and land in the form of rain. The Northern States receive as their yearly quantum, a fall of rain to the depth of forty inches; the Southern States fifty inches; Minnesota, Western California, and Colorado, thirty inches; Nebraska and Utah, twenty inches; while there are some regions almost entirely rainless. Occasionally we find that changes occur in these average quantities; some regions receiving more, and consequently, others less than their usual share. The reason of this, we are utterly unable to explain. During the past year, for instance, too much rain fell in New York; in the Northwest too little. It is the same at the present time. We are undoubtedly getting the lion's share. Time will tell us where there is a lack of it. Evidently the sunspots have little or no influence upon this peculiar phenomenon, which, perhaps, future researches may explain.—*Journal of Mining.*

MAGEE AND RUSSELL's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

FOR a choice selection of pickles, sauces &c., go to Bate & Co., 52 Sparks-st. 762d

—An elderly man was struck with apoplexy recently in the Rue Vivienne in Paris. In his pocket was found the card of the Marquis of—. A messenger was forthwith despatched to the Jockey Club, to inform his son of the fatal disaster that had befallen his father. The son arrived, and threw himself upon the corpse, embracing it and bathing it with his tears. Suddenly he jumped up and exclaimed, "By Jove, it is not my father; it's his coachman," who happened to have the Marquis's card in his pocket.

—Lord Brougham was once asked at a wedding breakfast to return thanks for the bridesmaids. He replied as follows: "I am greatly flattered by being asked to return thanks for the bridesmaids; and I have been trying to determine for which of my merits it is that I have been selected for the honor of representing these fair young creatures—whether for my youth, for my innocence, or for my beauty." In the end, he took credit to himself for the possession of all three. Those who remember the features of the ex-Chancellor, as depicted in the pages of *Punch*, can appreciate the point of this remark.

NOT QUITE SO.—"It is among the most savage and debased tribes only that the condition and comfort of the horse have been neglected;" but we believe there are many in civilized countries who are guilty of the same neglect, and without the excuse of the former; here all may avail themselves of the use of an article which has done more than anything else heretofore known to improve the condition and relieve the suffering of the horse. Those who will not use it will be the losers, their horses the sufferers, to avoid both use "Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and Condition Medicine," and you will be satisfied with the result. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.*, is on each package. *Northrup & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

HEALTH IS STRENGTH.—To prevent or conquer disease is one of the grandest attainments ever aimed at by man; and Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers will as sure by cure coughs, colds, tickling in the throat and pulmonary complaints, as war and pestilence will destroy. Severe colds if not attended to sooner or later lead to incurable consumption, and the strength of the strongest soon fails if neglected. The readiest and best means known for the cure of these complaints is "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers," which have been thoroughly tried for the last twenty years, and have never been known to fail. Singers and public speakers will also derive great benefit from the use of them. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts. per box.

HAUNTED HOUSE IN NEW YORK.—Among the elegant residences in Fifth Avenue, in the vicinity of Eleventh-st., is a brown stone front, standing a little back from the street, and differing from its fellows only in the general air of quiet and desertion which surrounds it. For more than 13 years that house has not been opened to admit the light of day, much less a human visitor. For more than 13 years, doors, windows and blinds have been locked and sealed. Externally, the house looks little unlike any other Fifth Avenue house deserted for the season: within a different state of affairs must exist—as not a single article of furniture, nothing of value, was removed when it was closed in 1854. The story of its desertion is a sad, though brief one. In the spring of 1854, its owner—a prosperous merchant—sent his wife and family to Europe, intending to follow them in August, and make a tour of the Continent. Meantime, he continued to reside in town during the hot summer months, being deeply engrossed in business. Even the appearance of that most dreadful of scourges, the Asiatic cholera, could not frighten him from his counting-room and his Fifth Avenue home. One day he attended to business as usual; at midnight, was dead. Two days after, the body was carried forth for burial, and the doors which closed after the funeral party have never been re-opened. The absent wife was almost heart-broken at her loss, and shrank so from anything tending to revive the associations of the happy past, that she has never returned from Europe, and gave orders that the house should remain closed. Rumor says, however, that within the past ten days, lights have been shining through the windows, and strange, unnatural noises have been heard. A gentleman passing the house at the witching hour of 12, a few nights since, asserts that he heard music, and plainly distinguished the notes of the "Dead March." Another party solemnly avers that he has seen strange forms, in white garments, flitting past the windows, and that all the blinds were thrown open. Other stories, equally improbable, are told, and the immediate neighborhood is being worked into a state of high excitement.—*N. Y. Sun.*

THE RECIPROCITY TREATY.—The American press do not seem to be at all satisfied whether the Reciprocity Treaty is beneficial or a detriment to the prosperity of the American Government, but it is gratifying to see that on some points the United States press and the Canadians agree, and one is that the Canadian Pain Destroyer is the best thing for the cure of coughs, colds, frost-bites, rheumatism, &c. Sold by all medicine dealers at twenty-five cents per bottle.

MESSRS. Young & Radford having secured the services of first-class working jewellers in etruscan, filagree, plain, fancy and solid gold work, and having made large additions to their work shop are now better prepared to execute any orders with which they may be entrusted than heretofore. Masonic jewels gold and silver medals, and every kind of gold and silver work done on the shortest possible notice. Remember the place, 80 Sparks-st., and encourage home manufacture.

CANADIAN NEWS.

—Salmon is selling in Halifax at 16 cents per pound.

CHURCH SOCIETY OF HURON.—The quarterly meeting of the incorporated members of the Church Society will be held in the Synod Hall, London, on Tuesday, June 16th, at ten o'clock, a. m.

—The Most Worshipful Grand Orange Lodge of British America meets this year in the city of Halifax, N. S., on Tuesday, 16th June. Arrangements have been made with the Grand Trunk Railway for the "Round Trip" for $16.

FINE coral jewellery, bog oak jewellery and a large collection of other goods suitable for wedding and other presents can be seen at Young & Radford's; all new and choice goods and will be sold cheap.

—Mr. Miles Brown, of Fullerton, who is always very fortunate in his yield of wool, has again taken from his sheep some extraordinary fleeces. A few days since he clipped from a two year old Cotswold ram 21 lbs of splendid wool, 33 lbs from two yearling Leicester ewes, 23 lbs from two grade yearling ewes, and 13 lbs from a one year old grade ram.

BRUCE MINES.—We are pleased to announce that, owing to the rise in copper, the Bruce and Wellington Mining Companies are beginning again to push mining at an with vigor. During the spring a very large number of the miners left there, owing to the scarcity of work, and things began, we are informed, to look very gloomy. Now, however, we are enabled to announce a change for the better. —*Collingwood Enterprise.*

THE LAKE MEMPHREMAGOG NAVIGATION COMPANY.—A special general meeting of the Shareholders of this Company was held on Monday afternoon at the office of Messrs. Allan, Montreal. The Act passed last session to confirm a By-law passed by the Directors of the Company, was submitted to the meeting, and approved and confirmed. A vote of thanks was also passed to Mr. Colby, M.P., for his zeal in pushing the bill through Parliament.

BOY DROWNED.—The son of a respectable master mason, of St. Sauveur, lost his life on Friday afternoon by drowning. The boy, who was about twelve years old, was subject to fits, and left his father's house by himself about one o'clock, for the purpose of fishing in the River St. Charles. His body was found immersed in shallow water, later on in the day, by some workmen passing close to where he had been last seen alive, and it is presumed that the unfortunate lad had been seized with an unusually severe and sudden attack and had fallen into the water and been suffocated while in the paroxysms of the fit.—*Quebec Chronicle*

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA. —The report and statement of accounts for the six months ending the 31st March show a balance at credit of revenue of £17,329, out of which it is proposed to pay a dividend at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum, carry £3 959 to the reserve fund, and leave a balance of £3 559 to the credit of the next account. The report concludes, "An ample field for employment of the funds of the Company still exists in Canada, and the Directors trust that their debentures will be as freely taken as heretofore by those investors who are seeking a sound investment; this is all that is needed to ensure in the future a continuance of the prosperity which has marked the operations of the Company during the last 16 years."

DIABOLICAL ATTEMPT.—The London *Free Press* of yesterday says: An attempt was made on Wednesday night by some devils in human shape to throw the night-express train east, on the Great Western railway, off the track, near Princeton, by placing across and upon it (the track) a number of iron rails, kegs of spikes, and large boulders of rock. Providentially, however, the fact was discovered by the engineer of an up freight train which was running slowly at the time, and the obstructions were at once removed. Had not the express train been late, the freight would not have departed from the last station, and the result would have been in all probability the destruction of the express and a large number of human lives, as the impediments were placed at a point where the embankment is many feet high. The object of this plot—properly to characterize which it is impossible to find language strong enough—was undoubtedly plunder, the miscreants calculated, in the confusion resulting from their design, if successful, to seize and rob the express and mail bags, and make off with the booty, while the officers and passengers would be entombed in the *debris*, or lying dead or helpless by the wayside. The crime is without a parallel in Canadian history, is unnameable, and unworthy of the beasts that perish.

FARMERS, IMPROVE THE BREED OF YOUR STOCK! —We were delighted to see, on Friday last, an instance of the intelligence and enterprise of our Ramsay farmers, in the importation, by Mr. Lawrence Naismith, of a young full blood short horned Durham bull, bred by Mr. John Snell, Edmonton, Ontario. The animal is a very handsome one, only seven months old, but almost the size of an ordinary two years old, and cost three hundred dollars. Mr. Naismith, has brought with him a certified copy of the pedigree of the "Prince of Solway," (the name by which his purchase is known,) reaching back some six or seven generations, his immediate progenitors being imported "Baron Solway" and dam "Blanche." It gives us very great pleasure to record the above, and we trust Mr. Naismith may be amply rewarded by success in cattle breeding. This is one point in which our farmers are behind those in the west—paying too little attention to the breed of their cattle—and we really think the Agricultural Society would be more strictly fulfilling its mission by devoting a large share of its funds to the encouragement of the importation of pure stock.—*Almonte Gazette.*

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Bronchitis, Coughs, Asthma,
And all disorders of the THROAT and LUNGS, are relieved by using "Brown's Bronchial Troches."

"I have been afflicted with Bronchitis during the past winter, and found no relief until I found your 'BRONCHIAL TROCHES.'
C. H. GARDINER,
Principal of Rutger's Female Institute, New York."

"Almost instant relief in the distressing labor of breathing peculiar to Asthma."
REV. A. C. EGGLESTON, New York.

"It gives me great pleasure to certify to the efficacy of your Bronchial Troches, in an affliction of the throat and voice, induced by public singing. They have suited my case exactly, relieving my throat and clearing the voice so that I could sing with ease.
T. DUCHARME,
Chorister French Parish Church, Montreal."

"When somewhat hoarse from cold or over-exertion in public speaking, I have uniformly found Brown's Troches afford relief.
HENRY WILKES, D. D.,
Pastor of Zion Church, Montreal."

Sold by all dealers in medicines at 25 cents a box.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 578y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Auction Sale—H. McLean.
Tenders for Supplies—John Carling.
To Contractors— Do.
Her Majesty's Theatre—Hamall's Serenaders.
Bank of British North America—J. Cox.

The Ottawa Times

THURSDAY, JUNE 11, 1868.

The Hon. W. P. Howland, C.B., and the Hon. W. Macdougall, C.B., leave for the West to-day.

We should have said yesterday morning that the Hon. Mr. Howland, not the Hon. Mr. Campbell, arrived at the capital on the day previous.

It is understood that Sir John A. Macdonald will be at Kingston on Saturday, and probably visit Toronto in the early part of next week, before his return to the capital.

The following is a correct list of the Civil Service Commission, to which we alluded yesterday: Messrs. Langton, Griffin, Bouchette and Smith, of the Departments, Mr. Ross, of Kingston, and Mr. Reynolds, of the Ottawa and St. Lawrence Railway.

We are happy to learn that L. D. Duvernay, Esq., of the firm of Duvernay Brothers, of Montreal and Ottawa, has been appointed Queen's Printer for the Province of Quebec. This appointment is warmly approved by the English journals in Montreal, and we join our *confreres* in congratulating Mr. Duvernay on his well deserved success.

Everything is reported quiet on the frontier, though movements of arms and munitions continue. It will be hard work for the Fenians to get up a raid in the face of the complete preparations that have been made for their reception, and notwithstanding the general opinion to the contrary, we still cling to the notion that no raid will be made upon Canada this summer.

It is not at all improbable that the first anniversary of "Dominion Day" will be signalised at the Capital of Ontario by the inauguration to office of the first permanent Lieutenant-Governor of the Province—the Hon. Mr. Howland. It would be a fitting day for such a ceremony, and General Stisted, who has worthily filled the position for the first year under Confederation, could have no more complimentary termination to his temporary incumbency of office. We hope that arrangements may be made to carry out the programme to which we have alluded.

There is a report that the Hon. George Brown will be a candidate for the representation of West York, in the not improbable event of the Hon. Mr. Howland's being appointed to the Lieutenant-Governorship of Ontario. We have some doubt of the truth of this story, because we do not think the atmosphere (political) of the present House of Commons would agree with his constitution, and at this time of day the hon. gentleman is likely to be fully aware of the fact, and govern himself accordingly. However, it is not a new thing for Mr. Brown to drop in on a chance vacancy after the fortunes of war have gone against him at a general election, and "the thing which has been," &c., &c., though it may not turn out so pleasantly as it did before.

It is gratifying to learn that the spring fishing along the coasts of the River St. Lawrence and the Gulf have begun early, and that bait and fish are plentiful. Shad swarmed along the south shore as far down as Rimouski; in one fascine fishery, near Green Island, 1,200 were captured in two days. At the Magdalen Islands herrings were most abundant. About the end of May there were in the island harbors upwards of fifty fishing vessels, more than half of which came from the United States ports, and the others belonged to Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island, and New Brunswick. Their total catch of spring herrings was 39,000 barrels—being 23,370 barrels over last season's take. A much larger quantity, it is said, could easily have been caught by the islanders, but they were unprovided with salt to cure them, and therefore took only enough for immediate use.

This news will disappoint the fishy prophets of the "fixed engines" society, at Quebec.

A silly rumor has been started on the strength of a telegram, reported to have been sent from Ottawa, to the effect that the Imperial Government had refused the guarantee to the Intercolonial Railway loan, unless the Canadian Government were prepared to issue bonds for five millions more. The statement is entirely false from beginning to end. We have the best authority for saying that the Imperial Government is thoroughly satisfied with the nature of the Canadian securities for the loan; that no demand for an increase in its amount has been made; and that the matter will be satisfactorily completed for an early commencement of the work, when the Hon. Mr. Rose reaches England, for which he will probably leave on Saturday.

The same despatch stated that Mr. Sandford Fleming is going to England on Intercolonial Railway matters. This is also utterly false. With respect to the question of route we have already stated that the decision of the Canadian Government would be transmitted for the approval of the Imperial authorities in time to permit Mr. Rose to complete the arrangements for the negociation of the loan. It is generally understood in well informed circles that the failure to discover a practicable central route, as demonstrated by recent explorations, has virtually determined the decision in favor of the Major Robinson line. For this very probable result, we have been from our first understanding of the question fully prepared, but we are glad that no hasty judgment has been arrived at by the Government, as nothing has been lost by the delay, and every opportunity has been given for arriving at the decision which will best serve the interests of the whole Dominion.

An interesting communication from "The Lost and Found"—Mr. David Manchester—is unavoidably crowded out of this issue. Our readers will no doubt all be amused, and some of them interested, by its contents. We shall endeavor to lay it before them to-morrow.

We alluded the other day to the case of the Prussian Immigrants at Quebec and Montreal, and the stand which the Government of Canada had taken against paying their passages to the Western States. The abuse of the emigration system in the late Province of Canada to which we then referred, had like many other abuses a small beginning and a steady growth. Gradually as it became known that the Canadian Government would pay the passage of any one who professed to be too poor to pay his own, the number of these unfortunates increased. The shipping agents of companies in European countries may possibly have discovered the fact; sympathising friends who had probably passed through Canada at the public expense with their gold dollars sewed into the waistbands of their breeches, may perchance have dropped a sly hint to the dear ones in "Fatherland," that from their arrival at Quebec to their crossing the St. Clair it would be an exceedingly foolish thing for them to expend a cent as the Canadian authorities would pass them through. Indeed such things have been as paying the way for foreign born immigrants from Quebec to Chicago, but that was not very long kept up. It is clear that such a system was capable of almost indefinite expansion. Year after year the number of destitutes were increasing until, as shown by the public accounts for the year ending June, 1867, the item for transportation alone had reached something in the neighborhood of seventeen thousand dollars. The attention of the Government was called to this growing abuse, and the matter received the earnest consideration of the Ministry before the estimates for next year were made up. It was determined that the "system" should be stopped; that pauper emigrants from one foreign country to another, should no longer, as a general rule, be transported through this country at the public expense; and we are sure the decision is one which will meet the public approval. Notwithstanding the reduced sum placed in the estimates for emigration purposes, the Department has already paid for the transport of a number of emigrants from the port of landing to their destination; but they were British subjects and intending settlers in Canada, so that there was some excuse for the expenditure. The next arrival—that to which we alluded the other day—was of a different description and the Department has taken a firm stand to enforce the policy recently determined on.

Mr. Pemberton, the acting Prussian Consul, has assailed the Government on this head through the columns of the Quebec *Chronicle*, and we invite our contemporary's attention to the following facts in order that the matter may be fairly understood. It would be needless to go over the whole of Mr. Pemberton's letter, but we state what the Government have actually done in the premises. It is not true that assistance has been refused to these immigrants; they have been fed and sheltered mainly at the public expense since their arrival, and they have already cost far more than the amount of the Immigrant tax paid on their account. The tax of one dollar per head upon which Mr. Pemberton grounds his claim amounted, by the last public accounts, to $22,621.00 for the year, and during the same period the expenditure on account of immigration amounted to $53,577.96, more than two dollars to one of the money received for the purposes contemplated by the Act which Mr. Pemberton cites, so that heretofore the Government has acted in no niggardly spirit. But the estimates for next year appropriate only $36,805.00 for emigration, including agencies and quarantine at St. John and Halifax, at which ports no tax is levied, so that it is perfectly clear that the department must curtail its expenditure; and there cannot, we think, be an item upon which it can more legitimately economise than that of through passages to foreigners for the Western States. It was never contemplated by the Act that a wholesale system of transport for pauper immigrants should be established, but merely that assistance should be given in exceptional cases, medical and other attendance, and support during sickness, accommodation and care at Grosse Isle when required, and such aid by information and advice, as it may be in the power of the Agents to supply. This it is still intended to keep up, but whole cargoes are not to be provided for *en bloc*. If they landed poor and destitute, the fault was with those who sent them, and though every facility and encouragement will be given to all to settle in Canada, we can no longer continue the system of unlimited free passages to all who may come, as contended for by Mr. Pemberton.

There is one other point in Mr. Pemberton's letter which deserves attention. He complains that the Government gave no notice of their change of policy "to foreign authorities." We think that "foreign authorities" had no right to presume so far upon Canadian good nature that so long as Canada carries out the spirit of the law to which he refers, and even exceeds it by the expenditure of a larger amount of money than is raised under it, the foreign authorities have no right to complain. Canada might complain that Hamburg and Bremen should send upon her shores a number of persons entirely destitute of all provision for their maintenance until they reach their destination, seeing that their passage through Canada is of the very smallest benefit to us. Some difficulty will, no doubt, occur in carrying out the course adopted, especially during the first season, but still it is right that it should be done, and we are quite sure it will not be in any spirit of harshness to the poor immigrant. Mr. Pemberton's picture of their treatment by the Department is altogether overdrawn. They were not refused assistance; but on the contrary, are maintained by the Emigration Office for the present; and we think it possibly a part of Mr. Pemberton's duty to care somewhat for these people, who belong to the country for which he is acting. Let him, as we said before, if it is true that they desire to settle in Canada, interest the Local Governments in their behalf; or, if they are going to the West, let an appeal be made in that quarter to provide them the means of transit.

—A man in Kokoma, Indiana, in boring a well in his cellar, struck a vein of gas, for which he provided tubing, and now uses it to light his house. Gianelli does better than that; by means of a small silver tube he supplies a large number of houses with Italian Bitters.

For soups and potted meats go to Bate & Co., 52 Spark st. 762d

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

In the County Court yesterday a case—Whelan *vs.* Keeley—was disposed of, which was formerly the subject of investigation before the Police Magistrate and the Court of Assize. It was then as a charge of forgery against Keeley, and the prisoner was acquitted. Yesterday it was as a civil action for the recovery of the money—$91—claimed by Whelan as due to him from Keeley, and the verdict was in favor of the plaintiff, Mr. Whelan. We have only one comment to make—that the receipt said to have been forged was not produced, but the young man O'Neil, who at the former trial was broadly charged with having signed it and pocketed the money, and who at the time of the former trial was in Ireland, was in town yesterday and ready to go into the witness box if called upon. Some of his friends here feeling hurt at the imputation cast upon his character by the published reports of the former trial, sent for him to Ireland, and he immediately returned for the purpose of vindicating himself. We have much pleasure in stating these facts to show that not a breath of suspicion attaches to the character of O'Neil, who was formerly an employee in Mr. Whelan's store, and against whose probity not a word had ever been uttered until it was charged that the signature to the receipt in question somewhat resembled his writing. His friends are doubtless pleased that he has thoroughly cleared himself of the imputation.

LOCAL NEWS.

For jams and jellies go to Bate & Co., 52, Spark-st. 762d

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

A. Swalwell, Chief Undertaker for Ottawa, Sparks-st., Centre Town. 750tf

Bog Oak Jewellery.—Very handsome sets of bog oak jewellery can be had at Young & Radford's, at $1 per set.

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

Crowded Out.—A charming letter from our Paris correspondent, though in type, is unavoidably crowded out of this issue, but will appear in our next.

The Late Arrest.—Mr. Bowes was admitted to bail yesterday in the sum of £100, and two sureties of £50 each, to appear next Thursday.

Arrests Yesterday.—A person was arrested yesterday on a charge of stealing a cow and a mortar mill; and another for misdemeanor, both of whom will appear at the police court this morning.

The Crops.—We are informed by farmers from the country that any fears that may have been apprehended as to the late continuous and heavy rains are groundless, and that the crops, even in the lowest parts in this region, never looked better at this season of the year than at present. This statement is confirmed by practical farmers from all parts for many miles around.

En Route for the Penitentiary.—The prisoner Black who was tried and convicted this week at L'Orignal, of stealing $300 from the safe of Mr. Peter O'Brien, of that place, and sentenced therefor to five years' penal servitude in the Provincial Penitentiary, arrived here yesterday *en route* for his destination. There being no means for him to proceed on his journey till the morning, he was locked up in the police station to await the departure of the cars this morning, when he left for Kingston.

The Great Clearing Sale.—The clearing sale of dry goods at Magee and Russell's store continues with unabated success. The demand for goods at that establishment is as great as at the commencement of the sale on the 1st instant, which in itself was almost unprecedented in the city. There is every prospect of Messrs. Magee and Russell being able to dispose of their entire stock before the middle of July, which will enable them to re-commence business in their new premises with an entire new stock. Parties in want of summer goods cannot do better than call and see the low prices at which the goods are sold.

An Explanation.—In vindication of the "authorities" against the censure contained in the verdict of the Coroner's jury in the case of the late child murder by its insane mother in New Edinburgh, we are requested to state that in consequence of all the available space in the jail being occupied by the required classification of state prisoners therein confined, there was no apartment or cell left for the proper confinement of Mrs. Bray, the lunatic, except the "black hole," and moreover, that the Government had given instructions that lunatics should not be confined in jails. This, we apprehend, will be sufficient to satisfy the public that the Sheriff and the jail authorities are in no way to blame in the matter.

New Window Sash Supporter and Lock Combined.—This new and very useful article commends itself especially to the attention of the public at the approaching warm weather. By means of this ingenious contrivance the window can be fastened at any point desired, and will sustain itself without scratching or injuring the sash. It also acts as a very superior fastener when the window is closed. The article was patented on 23rd March, 1868. The patentee proposes to thoroughly canvass the entire city during the next few weeks. He has obtained first class recommendations wherever the fastener has been used. Orders can be left with Mr. Metcalf, at Stockdale's livery stables, or Mr. J. K. Read, at the Albion Hotel, and will be promptly attended to.

Auction Sale.—We would draw the attention of the public to the sale of pianofortes, harmoniums, drawing-room, parlor, and bedroom furniture, buggies, dogcarts, &c., &c., to be disposed of by auction, at the Dominion Auction Mart, Sussex-st. They are all consigned for sale, and will be sold without reserve at 10 a.m., and 2 p.m., this day. Any one in want of a piano, or requiring to furnish, should attend this sale. The pianos are admitted by the best judges of the city, who have examined them, to be unsurpassed by any ever brought into this market; and for volume and purity of tone, are unrivalled by any others on this continent. The buggies, and dog-carts, are built by the best makers, and will, with all the other goods in the establishment, be sold cheap. The arrangements made by Mr. Bermingham at his Auction Mart, are so complete that ladies attending the sale can be seated.

Hamall's Serenaders.—This troupe will give three performances in Ottawa—Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, the 15th, 16th and 17th. They come to Ottawa with the very highest recommendations of the press, both in Montreal and elsewhere. The following highly complimentary notice from the Montreal *News* of the 10th speaks for the performances of the company in that city:

"Another crowded house greeted Hamall's Serenaders at the Mechanics' Hall last night. The performances of this company certainly surpass anything in their line that have previously exhibited in this city. They possess the best ballad singers—Hugh Hamall, himself, being unequalled—bone player, tambourinist, &c., in the burnt cork profession, and their jokes and conundrums are the very best we have ever heard. They have recently added to their staff, Johnny Howard, the popular tambourinist, late of Skiff and Gaylord's troupe. In addition to the minstrel entertainment, the Leroux Brothers perform on the horizontal bar, and go through *L'Echelle Perilleuse*, and the terrific *Niagara Leap*, with such daring as reminds us of Mons. Moreste when here with the Ravel Troupe a few years ago, whose gymnastic performances—especially his flying leap—were the wonder of the vast audiences that nightly attended the theatre."

Latest by Telegraph.

FROM MONTREAL.

Cullen Improving.

Special to THE TIMES.

MONTREAL, June 10—10 p.m.

Detective Cullen continues to improve. He is still in good spirits, and is very hopeful. The wound now gives him less pain. The physicians have some hopes of his ultimate recovery, but his wound will require great care and attention to prevent inflammation.

FROM TORONTO.

The American Government taking Measures to prevent a Raid—Fashionable Wedding—The Anglican Synod—The Bishop opposed to the Dis-establishment of the Irish Church.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, June 10, 1868.

The *Globe* learns that the Washington Government have issued orders to their military officers to take the promptest and most effective measures to prevent the incursion of armed bodies of men on Canadian territory.

A fashionable wedding took place this morning. Mr. Robert Gooderham was married to to the daughter of Rice Lewis.

The Anglican Synod met this morning. The Bishop in charge stated his intention to publish the life of his predecessor. He refers to the Colenso difficulty, styling him ex-Bishop of Natal, and predicts great benefit from the Pan Anglican Synod, and mischief from the movement to the dis-establishment of the Irish Church.

FROM GUELPH.

Medical Association of Ontario.

Special to THE TIMES.

GUELPH, June 10, 1868.

Dr. Grant, of Ottawa, was unanimously elected President of the Medical Council of Ontario to-day. He returned thanks in an able and eloquent address, which was warmly applauded by the members of the Association.

CABLE NEWS

(Via Montreal Line.)

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

New York, June 10.—The *Herald's* Brussels special says that the King and Queen of Belgium arrived at their capital on Monday to welcome Admiral Farragut to Belgium. A grand banquet was given to the Admiral.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Berlin, June 10.—The North German Confederation propose to the great powers of Europe and America, the adoption of an international treaty, and guarantees the absolute security from seizure of private property upon the high seas in time of war. The Prussian Government is about to commence works for the extension and strengthening of the fortifications of Cologne.

Vienna, June 10.—The Reichsrath has adopted a bill providing for the sale of the State domain.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Via Montreal Line.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

The Democratic Platform.

Nashville, Tenn., June 10.—At the Democratic State Convention yesterday a platform was adopted, formally allying the Conservatives in Tennessee with the national Democratic party, declaring the doctrine of Secession finally decided by the war, but asserting the just rights of the State. Strong ground was declared against the reconstruction policy of Congress, and in favor of the rightful supremacy of the white man in the control of the Government. The greenback policy was unanimously adopted. A majority of the delegates are considered Pendleton men.

From Montana.

St. Louis, June 10.—Montana advices state that the recent heavy rains have given an impetus to mining operations, and it was believed the yield of gold the coming season would be large. Provisions were plenty and cheap. The Indians were hostile.

The Loss by the "Nevada."

New York, June 10. The steamer *Nevada*, lost off Hatteras, had a cargo valued at $400,000. The vessel and cargo are a total loss. One seaman was drowned.

Mortality in New York.

There were 348 deaths in New York last week, and 96 in Brooklyn. The cause of this great decrease in mortality is attributed to the humidity of the atmosphere, and the out-door exercise taken by all classes on the cessation of the rainy season.

Arrival of the "Cuba."

The steamer *Cuba* from Liverpool, has arrived.

Political.

The *World* says: It is known that the President will tender the office of Attorney-General to Mr. Evarts, and eventually nominate Mr. Groesbeak to the Secretaryship of the Treasury. The President is known to be favorably inclined to the nomination of Hon. Reverdy Johnson as Minister to England.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Suspended.

New York, 10.—Messrs. Shepherd, Son & Co., produce merchants, suspended to-day. Cause—heavy losses in sugar.

Shipment of Specie.

The *Java* sailed to-day taking $800,000 in specie.

Whiskey Riot.

New York, June 10.—A small whiskey riot occurred this morning on Front-st., Brooklyn, during which the U. S. Marshal Dillon, and a number of men, were beaten off. The Marshal was much injured, and a seized whiskey still was rescued from the officers. No arrest made.

Mr. Romereo, Mexican Minister of Finance, arrived here this morning from Mexico.

Congress.

In the Senate to-day the chair laid before the Senate a communication from the Secretary of the Interior, including the opinion of Gen. Sherman, as one of the Indian Commissioners, that immediate action should be taken in the matter of the Sioux and Nevada Indians. Referred to the committee on Indian affairs.

Impeachment.

New York, June 10.—The *Post's* special says Peter Schuebe was before the Impeachment Managers again this morning. He became considerably confused, and made several contradictory statements. The aspect of his testimony yesterday was changed to-day. It appears Wooley telegraphed him the enquiry, "What can you do towards saving the country?" and he replied, "Twenty thousand dollars in Bank and as much more as may be needed."

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

—Wolves are said to be pretty numerous in the township of Esquesing, and have proved very destructive to sheep.

—Last week the Rev. Father Maheut of Mount Forest was presented by his congregation with a silver-mounted cane and a purse of $150.

—The County Council of Peel at its last sitting voted $200 towards the fund that is being subscribed for the organization of a band in connection with the Battalion of the county.

—The ladies of Brampton and vicinity have raised almost enough money to purchase a set of colors for the Peel Battalion, and it is probable that the presentation will be made on Dominion Day.

COUNTY COURT AND GENERAL QUARTER SESSIONS.

These Courts were opened on Tuesday morning by His Honor Judge Armstrong, who made a most forcible and eloquent address to the Grand Jury in reference to the present Fenian excitement. We regret that we cannot give a synopsis of the address. Some idea of it may be formed by reading the presentment of the Grand Jury, as some allusion is made therein to the charge delivered by His Honor. The following is the

PRESENTMENT OF THE GRAND JURY.

The Grand Jurors, assembled, beg leave to present that they thank Your Worship for the able charge delivered by you at the opening of this Court. That they are happy to join Your Worship in your congratulations on the absence of crime in this County, there being but one of common assault laid before them for investigation. That we join Your Worship in your regrets that this country has been robbed, by the hand of the assassin, of its most brilliant statesman, the late Hon. Thos. D'Arcy McGee, and they further deeply regret that this county has been the theatre of so foul a deed.

They also regret that in a distant colony of this Empire an attempt was made from the same prolific source of crime to deprive this country and our widowed Queen of the life of His Royal Highness Prince Alfred. But they rejoice to congratulate your Worship that the kind hand of a benign Providence spared to our Queen her son, and to the British people their favorite Prince.

Your Grand Jurors rejoice with you in the sentiment that the people of this Dominion are truly loyal to that crown, whose emblem has been carried triumphantly over almost the whole of this globe, and that none are now more willing and ready to risk their life and limb in defence of our Canadian soil, the Queen and British connection, than the people of the County of Carleton. They would also represent to your Worship the feeling prevailing throughout this county of the necessity of the issuing of a special commission of general jail delivery for this county, that the parties accused of the murder of the late Mr. McGee should be specially tried, for the recent attempt in this city upon the life of the witness Turner, and the shooting of Detective Cullen in Montreal, point out the danger to which the Crown witnesses in this matter are exposed.

That your jurors have visited the jail and found the same scrupulously clean, and in good order, but regret that the larger number of State prisoners therein confined, and the heavy expense thereby entailed upon the county, which compels your jurors again to recommend the special commission.

They thank the Governor of the jail for the gentlemanly courtesy displayed by him towards your jurors in the discharge of their duty, and for the effective measures taken for the safe-keeping of such important criminals.

John Stuart, Foreman.

Grand Jury Room,
Ottawa, June 10th, 1868.

After the delivery of the presentment, the Grand Jury were thanked and discharged.

There were only 23 records entered in the County Court, the majority of which were defended for time—the whole have been disposed of. Press of business prevents us giving the different cases to-day, but we will give them to-morrow.

ADDRESS OF CONDOLENCE TO MRS. McGEE.

The following is a copy of an address adopted by the St. Andrew's Society at its last quarterly meeting, and forwarded to Mrs. McGee:

We the members of the St. Andrew's Society, of Ottawa, at this our first meeting since the death of the late Hon. Thomas D'Arcy McGee, desire to express our horror and detestation of the crime which has deprived the Dominion of Canada of one of its best and most illustrious sons, and to extend to his bereaved widow and children the assurance of our deepest sympathy in the terrible calamity, with which in the inscrutable providence of God it has pleased him to afflict them.

His many estimable qualities of mind and heart had endeared him to all classes of the community, and his distinguished career as a statesman, patriot, and man of letters, will long be cherished as a priceless legacy by a grateful and admiring nation.

Unselfishly devoting his great and commanding talents to the promotion of charitable and philanthropic objects, irrespective of nationality or creed, he showed himself, in the true sense of the term, a benefactor of his country.

As a benevolent society whose interests he has so ably and eloquently advocated, we have special reasons to lament and deplore his untimely death, and we feel that Mrs. McGee and family are peculiarly entitled to our heartfelt sympathy and condolence.

In tendering this tribute of esteem and affection to his memory, we are conscious how cold and expressionless our words must sound to those who knew him best and loved him most.

We can only pray that he who is the husband of the widow and the father of the fatherless, will comfort them in their affliction, guide and protect them through life, and finally, when life's trials are over, take them to his heavenly Kingdom.

J. Fraser,
President.

To Mrs. McGee, Montreal.
Dated at the City of Ottawa,
the first day of June, A.D., 1868.

A VISIT TO GARDINER, THE WOULD-BE MURDERER'S HOME.

This morning we visited the house recently occupied by the burglars and general speculators, the arrest of whom led to poor Cullen's being shot, and perhaps killed. The house is a three-story cut stone mansion, 5, Place de Rolland, or 30 Berri street, being next door to Mr. A. W. Hood. The rooms were almost completely dismantled, all the furniture having been removed from the first floor, and from all the rooms on the second floor, save two. As we arrived, a woman was entering, since removed to the central station. She is about thirty years of age, not unprepossessing in face and address, and of decidedly American cast of countenance, with dark hair and eyes. The house is very spacious and airy. All the blinds were closed. In a front room on the second flight there was a heap of masculine apparel, and a couple of trunks since opened and removed to the station. The clothing was of fashionable make, and first-class material. There were also three or four pieces of plate in the form of tea and coffee pots, a silver salver and a lot of champagne and wine goblets, some chimney ornaments in porcelain (the usual Arcadian shepherdess and piping shepherd) and a canary in a gilded cage, ruffling his feathers and singing merrily, unawed by detectives. In another corner was a heap of females' clothing, some mats, &c. The adjoining room in front, a large darkened bedroom, still carpeted, with a dressing table, mirror, bureau, and rocking chairs, was occupied by the woman before mentioned, a little boy about 2 years old, a girl about 10, and a negro servant girl. The woman wore a dark claret-colored dress, light cashmere shawl and bonnet, with white gossamer veil. The little boy was trotting round in every part of the house, sucking an orange almost as big as himself, till the woman took him up and sang him to sleep, he curling up on her breast most unconcernedly. The large bedroom in the rear was in a similar state of confusion. On the floor was a hastily made bed, where the detectives had slept, waiting for their prisoner the preceding evening. The bath-room in the rear contained a couple of trunks, marked "Reading, Pa," and "Via Hudson River R. R. Express." The pipes connected with the bath and water-closet were being sawn into, and taken up, as it were believed money and papers had been thrown into them for concealment. On the third story the rooms were entirely cleared of their furniture.

We are not allowed as yet by the authorities to disclose the facts of the arrest, the reason why, or the names of the men and their antecedents, as it is considered inexpedient to publish them. The first edition of to-morrow's *Gazette* will contain full particulars. Meanwhile we may give, and can vouch for their being substantially correct, the following facts connected with the arrest of the would-be-murderer. So soon as the detectives shall have been permitted to give their version it will be seen that our account varies but little from the official one:

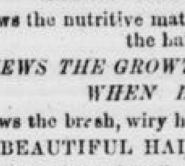
From information received concerning the habits of the residents of the house already described, the detectives had closely watched it. A couple of days ago the furniture in the house was sold, and evident preparations were being made for a moonlight flitting. Yesterday evening at six o'clock three detectives accompanied by a policeman went to the house in question, and gaining admission made themselves comfortable, awaiting their expected visitor. It was near three o'clock, a. m., when he came. His name is we understand Charles Gardiner, and he is a tall, well-made, powerful man. He rang at the door when the officer stepped down stairs to meet him. Drawing his revolver from behind his hip he asked, "What the devil are you doing here?" The officer answered to come in, and he would see. When he saw the detectives he said blusteringly, "I could exterminate you, and three more of you with this. I am not bound to go with you. If I go it is of my own will." As he was a gentlemanly looking man, and as the officers had no positive charge against him, he was not searched, nor indeed formally arrested. He went away peacefully enough with the officers, Cullen accompanied him, the policeman walking some distance in the rear about fifteen or twenty feet, Detective Bouchard in advance. At the corner of Saint Denis-st. he suddenly drew his revolver, as we have already stated, and fired at Cullen, the shot taking effect above the right groin. Cullen fell. Labossiere, the officer of police, ran up to Cullen, took Cullen's revolver, and pursued the fugitive, who had by this time obtained a lead of nearly an acre. Pursuit proving ineffectual, Bouchard went to the Central Station, turned out the reliefs, stationed men at the various toll-gates and on the wharves, and started himself for the Lachine road. When on St. Antoine-st, near Aqueduct, he saw a man at some distance whom, on a nearer approach, he recognised by his vest, chain, and shirt to be the man he sought. He retired into a doorway, and as the man approached he suddenly stepped out from the recess and presented his revolver at his head. The man, who proved to be Gardiner, threw up his hands in surprise and fear, exclaiming "I surrender! Don't fire for God's sake!" He was then removed to the station, where three other accomplices were already confined.

As an instance of the confusion in which were things in the house, we omitted to mention the furniture of the one room. It was a guitar, a dandy gold-headed cane, lots of cans formerly holding potted fruits, and some copies of the New York *Herald* and *Clipper*. It is said that a magnificent collection of burglars tools was found in the premises, as also some important papers connecting the prisoner with the affair of the illicit still recently suppressed, and with another similar transaction. That the business was a money-making one is evident from the fact that a rental of $600 was paid for the house, and that it was very fashionably furnished.

Crowds of people flocked to the Central station to-day to enquire about Cullen's progress, and only one sentiment of sympathy and respect was expressed for him by the force and by the public.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

The HOT and COLD MINERAL WATER BATHS at the CALEDONIA SPRINGS are pronounced by the most eminent of the MEDICAL FACULTY to be the best of their kind in the world. 764-3



HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

RENEWS THE HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR WHEN GRAY.

Renews the nutritive matter which nourishes the hair.

RENEWS THE GROWTH OF THE HAIR WHEN BALD.

Renews the brash, wiry hair to silken softness.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR DRESSING.

One bottle shows its effects.

R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H., Proprietors.

For sale by all druggists. 762dwd

To Consumptives.—The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, free, by return mail, will please address, REV. EDWARD WILSON, Williamsburg, Kings Co., New York

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

AUCTION SALE

Of Very Valuable REAL ESTATE, on the Corner of Metcalfe and Maria-sts., known as the ROBERT HUNTER PROPERTY.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent, has been commissioned to sell by Public Auction, on the premises, on WEDNESDAY, the SEVENTEENTH INST., at 12 o'clock, noon, that substantial and elegant double Brick Cottage and premises, situated on the Corner of Metcalfe and Maria-sts., Centre Town, opposite the Square. The Lot is 61 feet, fronting on Metcalfe-st., by 92 feet deep on Maria-st., with an alley in the rear, and thoroughly drained. The House (surrounded with well grown shade trees) is divided into two first-class tenements, containing eight rooms and kitchen each, and situated in one of the most central, favorite and improving localities in the city. There is an abundant supply of pure water on the premises, and the House (built by Mr. Gallagher) is in excellent repair, having been recently painted and papered throughout, and attached are all the outbuildings necessary to make those tenements first rate residences.

The property can be seen between the hours of 11 o'clock a. m., and 1 o'clock p.m.

TERMS—One-fourth cash, and the balance in five equal annual instalments, with interest at 7 per cent. per annum.

Title indisputable. Sale positive.

For further particulars apply, until the day of sale, to Mr. ROBERT HUNTER, of the firm of Hunter, Rose & Co., or to

H. McLEAN, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, June 11, 1868. 765td

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, ONTARIO.

To Contractors.

TENDERS Will be received until noon,

Thursday, 25th inst.,

For the following works required for the completion of the wings to the Provincial Lunatic Asylum:

PLASTERER & GAS FITTER,
TINSMITH,
SLATER.

The plans and specifications can be seen at the Department of Public Works, Parliament Buildings, between the hours of ten a.m. and 4 p.m.

Tenders to be addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed on the outside,

"Tenders for the proposed work at the Provincial Lunatic Asylum."

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING,
Commissioner of Public Works, Ontario,
Department of Public Works,
Parliament Buildings,
Toronto, June 9, 1868. 765td

NEW GREEN HOUSE.

ERECTED lately by the subscriber at New Edinburgh, who has now on hand and for sale a large variety of choice Verbœnas, and other flowering plants. Orders left at G. Bott's, Rideau-street, will be punctually attended to.

ROBERT CURRY.

Marc 1868. 691-3m

ACCOUNT, showing the whole amount of the Debts and Assets of the BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA, at the close of the year 1867; and showing also the amount of its NOTES payable on demand, which had been in circulation during every month of that year; together with the amount of SPECIE and other ASSETS, distinguishing each kind, immediately available in every such month, for the discharge of such Notes.

[Published pursuant to Royal Charter of Incorporation.]

Debts.	Sterling. £ s. d.	Assets.	Sterling. £ s. d.
Circulation	267,765 16 4	Specie	479,948 10 6
Other Liabilities	2,478,221 14 10	Other Assets	3,447,895 12 9
	£2,745,987 11 2		£3,927,844 3 3

1867.	Notes in Circulation. Dollars.	Specie. Dollars.	Notes of other Banks. Dollars.
January	1,554,672 00	1,998,036 17	149,847 35
February	1,492,565 00	2,572,964 36	144,730 58
March	1,468,951 00	1,415,145 67	114,119 11
April	1,409,138 00	1,400,686 12	107,433 92
May	1,396,460 00	1,408,120 46	135,091 10
June	1,355,793 00	1,630,475 03	106,375 68
July	1,311,261 00	1,555,527 67	93,858 00
August	1,320,652 00	1,601,300 07	176,625 75
September	1,511,726 00	1,493,731 85	107,605 26
October	1,699,923 00	1,896,420 83	148,499 59
November	1,644,158 00	2,013,345 39	168,434 80
December	1,512,992 00	2,112,686 57	115,801 97

By order of the Court of Directors,
J. COX, Chief Clerk.

Bank of British North America,
London, May 15, 1868. 765-3

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE

Positively Three Nights Only.

COMMENCING

Monday 15th, 16th and 17th June,

HAMALL'S SERENADERS,

And BRASS BAND.

Also the celebrated LEROUX BROTHERS, acknowledged by the Press and the public to be the most daring gymnasts of the nineteenth century. In a new act of Double Echelle, or the men of mid air, and who will introduce the terrific Niagara leap.

Admission, 25 cents; Reserved Seats, 50 cents.

J. HAMALE, Business Manager. J. E. NOBLE, Agent.

Ottawa, June 11. 764-4

TENDERS

WILL BE RECEIVED

Addressed to the undersigned at the office of this Department until noon of

Tuesday, the 23rd instant,

For the supply of the following articles, all of which must be of the best description, and to be delivered at the Provincial Lunatic Asylum and at the Branch Asylum, Queen's Park, Toronto, in such quantities and at such times as may be required, for six months from 1st July to 30th December, 1868, viz:—

Tea, black and uncolored Japan, per lb	
Coffee, Roasted,	"
Rice,	"
Sugar, bright,	"
Pepper, whole,	"
Mustard,	"
Starch,	"
Indigo,	"
Salt, Liverpool and American, per brl.	
Shoes, Men's and Women's, per pair.	
Cobourgs, Men's,	"
Butter, first quality, per lb	
Butchers' Meat, first quality, per lb.	
Corn Brooms, per doz.	
Scrub Brushes, per pair	
Blacking, per box	
Sal Soda, per lb.	
Vinegar, White Wine,	per gallon
Oatmeal,	per barrel
Pot Barley,	"
Split Peas,	"
Flour, Inspected Extra,	"
Flour, do Superfine,	"
Eggs, Fresh,	per dozen
Straw, clean oaten in bdls,	per ton
Hay, best Timothy,	"

CORDWOOD—Sound seasoned Beech and Maple, of equal quantities, but not mixed, and each kind piled separately, and not more than twelve months felled; to measure four feet in length from point to scarp, to be delivered and piled as above, and at the Engine House, Garrison Common, per cord.

COAL—Also, for delivering during the months of July and August of 450 gross tons Lehigh Coal, of best quality, egg size, and screened, per ton. 180 tons Brier Hill Coal, of best quality, and mined this season, per ton; both sorts of coal to be subject to the approval of the proper officers of the Asylum. Weight of coal to the Chief Asylum to be determined by scales on the premises, and for the Branch Asylum at the city weigh scales.

Samples of the following articles to accompany tenders, viz., Tea, Coffee, Rice, Sugar, Pepper, Mustard, Starch, Indigo, Corn Brooms, Scrub Brushes, Blacking, Shoes and Boots.

The tender must express the rate in dollars and cents, and contain the actual signatures of two sufficient sureties, who will be required for the due performance of the contract on behalf of each person tendering for the same.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

Further information respecting the contracts may be learned of the Bursar of the Asylum.

JOHN CARLING,
Commissioner of Public Works.

Parliament Buildings,
Office of the Public Works,
Toronto, June 8, 1868. 765td

PIC-NIC EXCURSION.

OTTAWA

Natural History Society.

THE OTTAWA NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY having made very favorable arrangements with Capt. BOWIE, of the steamer

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

To take down a large party to

PAPINEAUVILLE,

—ON—

Thursday, the 11th instant

(which is a Statutory Holiday), the members of the Society are informed that they can obtain tickets for themselves, their families and friends, on application to Messrs. Thorburn, VanCortlandt, Alfred Jones (of the British American Bank Note Company), P. Le Sueur (P. O. Department), W. R. Wright (Militia Department), John Durie, J. Hope, Geo. Hay, Sparks-st., and the undersigned. Persons who intend to join the excursion party will please be on board the steamer not later than 6:15 a.m.

WILLIAM WHITE, Secretary.

June 6, 1868. 761td

Coffee! Coffee!

TO those who enjoy a Cup of

REALLY FINE COFFEE

—TRY—

BUCHANAN'S

Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha, JAVA & JAMAICA,

Roasted and Ground

Daily on the premises, by steam power.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

May 11, 1868. 739tf

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

AN OMNIBUS

Will leave the

RUSSELL HOUSE,

Every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 7 a.m., punctually, to carry passengers

FOR AYLMER

To connect with the Union Forwarding Railway Company's Steamers.

JAMES MULLIGAN.

Ottawa, May 16, 1868. 744tf

Pickles, Sauces, &c.,

JUST RECEIVED DIRECT FROM

CROSSE & BLACKWELL, London,

Ex ship "Ardmillan," the following:

125 DOZ. MIXED PICKLES,
35 DOZ. Gerkins,
35 DOZ. Onions,
35 DOZ. Chow Chow,
30 DOZ. Piccolilli,
25 DOZ. Walnuts,
20 DOZ. Cauliflower,
15 DOZ. Imperial Hot,
15 DOZ. West India,
15 DOZ. Capt. White's Oriental

Reading Sauce,
King of Oude Sauce,
Harvey do.
John Bull do.
Kalos Geusis do.
Soyer's do.
Worcestershire do.
India Soy.
Essence of Anchovies,
Essence of Shrimps,
Mushroom Ketchup,
Walnut Ketchup,
French Capers,
Chili Vinegar,
Tarragon Vinegar,
Raspberry Vinegar,
Olives,
Bottled Fruits, an assortment,
Raspberry Jam,
Strawberry do.
Damson do.
Gooseberry do.
Red Currant do.
Black do. do.
Red do. Jelly.
Black do. do.
Crystallized Fruits,
Fruits in Noyeau,
Preserved Ginger in Jars and 1 lb. Pots,
Currie Powder,
Anchovy Paste,
Potted Ham, Beef and Tongue,
Potted Yarmouth Bloaters,
Strasbourg Potted Meats,
Soup and Bouille,
Mock Turtle Soup,
Mulligatawny Soup,
Hare Soup,
Jugged Hare,
Pheasants in Gravy,
Grouse in Gravy,
Partridge in Gravy,
Paté de Foie Gras,
Paté D'Alouettes,
Paté de Cailles,

ALSO,

A large lot of Keen's Celebrated Mustard in half lb. and 1 lb. tins.

BATE & Co.,
52, SPARKS-ST.

June 8, 1868. 762d

NEW BOOKS.

Exodus of the Western Nations by Viscount Bury; Chronicles and Characters by Owen Meredith; Brakespeare by the author of "Guy Livingstone"; The Lost Name, a Novel; Farming for Boys; The New Dictionary of Quotations; The Huguenots by Samuel Smiles; Law and Lawyers—Curious Facts and Characteristic Sketches; Art and Artists, do.; Books and Authors, do.; Clergymen and Doctors, do.; Longfellow's Works Complete for 15 cents; The Waverley Novels, per vol., 15 cents; Cooper's Novels, per vol., 15 cents; Essays in Elia by Lamb complete for 15 cents; De Quincey's Confessions of an Opium Eater for 15 cents.

Bibles, Prayer Books, Church Services, just received from the Publishers, in the newest and richest patterns.

For sale by

J DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st.,
Opposite the Russell House

498y

PROFESSIONAL NOTICE.

MR. P. J. BUCKLEY HAS REMOVED HIS LAW OFFICE to the THOMPSON BLOCK, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, adjacent to the offices of Horace Lapierre, Advocate and Counsel. Office Hours—From 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.

Ottawa, June 9, 1868. 763a

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the

COMMERCIAL PARTNERSHIP

Heretofore existing between

John Ferguson, junr., & William Ferguson,

Doing business in the

Township of Buckingham,

IN THE

DISTRICT of OTTAWA,

Has been since the FIFTEENTH day MAY last, (1868,) dissolved by mutual consent.

JOHN FERGUSON, Junr.,
WILLIAM FERGUSON.

Buckingham, 8th June, 1868. 764-

YOUNG & R[...]
COLU[...]
Just Received [...]
A CHOICE Select[...] WATCH COMPA[...]
At Young [...]
AMERICAN W[...] PANY'S WATCH[...]
At Young[...]
FINE GOLD [...]
At Young[...]
FINE GOLD and [...] ELLERY,
At Young[...]
FINE HUNT[...] WATCHES, in [...] low as $12.00,
AT YO[...]
FINE Eighte[...] WATCHES as[...]
AT YO[...]
ROGER'S [...] and fine [...] PLATED WARE[...]
AT YO[...]
30 Spark[...]

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

Just Received Per Express.

A CHOICE Selection CANADA WATCH COMPANY'S WATCHES,

At Young & Radford's.

AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY'S WATCHES,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE GOLD JEWELLERY,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE GOLD and CORAL JEWELLERY,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE HUNTING ANCHOR WATCHES, in fine Silver Cases, as low as $12.00,

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FINE Eighteen CARAT GOLD WATCHES as low as $18.00,

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

ROGER'S BEST CUTLERY and fine ENGLISH ELECTRO-PLATED WARE, can be had

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S

30 Sparks-st. Ottawa.

Magee & Russell's

—GREAT—

REMOVAL SALE!

COMMENCED

MONDAY,

JUNE 1st.

NO RESERVE.

All Goods re-marked in plain figures, with Red Ink, showing the actual reductions.

The following are only a few of the bargains offered. The public are invited to inspect the stock, and judge for themselves before purchasing:—

FANCY SILK DRESSES

That were selling for $16 and $17, reduced to $12 and $13.

SILKS

Marked $19 to $23.50, reduced to $15, $16 and $15.50, the full dress of 15 yards.

All our rich French Silks reduced from $5 to $8 on each dress.

BLACK GLACIE

And Gros Grain Silks all reduced.

MANTLE VELVETS and VELVETEENS,

Only received a few days ago, marked down from 10 to 15 per cent.

BLACK LACE SHAWLS,

Commencing at $1.25.

All the rich Spanish and Pusher Lace Shawls will show large reductions.

Paisley Shawls reduced from $1.50 to $5 on each shawl.

Last year's Barege Shawls reduced to nearly half price.

NEW HOOP SKIRTS

Cheaper than anything in the trade. Old fashioned large Hoop Skirts almost given away. Would pay to have them altered.

LADIES STRAW HATS & BONNETS,

New styles, all reduced.

All old shapes in Straw Goods sold for what they will fetch.

Pattern Bonnets and all trimmed Millinery greatly reduced.

One Case Shakers at 12½c, some of them worth 50c.

NEW PARASOLS

Reduced from 10 to 20 per cent. Old ones to about half price.

500 PALM LEAF FANS

Sold during the sale at 5 cents each; not more than two to one customer.

Several thousand Ladies' Imitation Lace Paper Collars for half the New York price.

About 150 pieces ¾ Mobair and Poplinette Dress Goods, will be offered at such prices as must clear them out.

PRINTED DELAINES

That sold from 17½ to 20 cents per yard, marked down to 12½ cents.

FRENCH DELAINES

And Merinos, Cobourgs, Lustres, Glacie, Alpaccas, Printed Muslins, and all other Dress Goods in stock, likewise reduced.

A lot of washing Challies will be offered very low.

All domestic goods, such as Sheeting, Table Linens, Towellings, Flannels, &c., will show heavy reductions.

OUR COTTONS

Being all purchased when the raw material was at its lowest point in Liverpool, customers would do well to lay in a stock during the sale. We will sell all Cotton goods far below what it would cost to import them just now.

PRINTS

At 7, 9 and 11 cents per yard; present retail value 10, 12½ and 15 cents per yard.

SPLENDID STYLES IN TWEEDS,

Coatings and Cloakings, at the reduced figures.

CARPETS,

Damasks, and all kinds of House Furnishings, and other heavy goods that would be troublesome to remove, will be cleared out at and below cost price.

LADIES BEST FRENCH KID GLOVES

Will be sold at $1 per pair, and all soiled and damaged Kid Gloves will be thrown in with the slow selling colours and sold at much less money.

GENTS' MERINO UNDERCLOTHING,

Dress and Flannel Shirts, Ties and Collars, all marked down to removal prices.

One lot of 68 gross Printed Paper Collars will be sold for 12½ cents the Box of 12 Collars; well worth 25 cents.

DRESS TRIMMINGS,

Embroidery, Lace Goods, Cotton Lisle and Silk Gloves, are all reduced.

A job lot of Dress Fringes, now so fashionable, will be sold at 12½ cents per yard, some of them being worth at the present price of Silk about 35 cents per yard.

A remarkably cheap lot of Ladies' Cambric Handkerchiefs, also, Ladies' and Childrens' Cotton Hose, at least 40 per cent less than last year's prices.

The intention being to reduce the stock to

Lowest Possible Point,

Before removing to New Premises (now building) in the Autumn. ☞ Great care has been taken to re-mark the entire stock at such prices as must effect

LARGE SALES

AND INSURE

A Speedy Clearance.

DURING THIS SALE

NO SAMPLES WILL BE CUT,

NO GOODS WILL BE SENT ON APPROBAT

NOR SOLD ON CREDIT.

Magee & Russell.

Ottawa, June 2, 1868. 707y

Auction Sales
BY J. BERMINGHAM.

To-Day.

POSTPONED.

The Great Auction Sale

—OF—

Piano-Fortes, Church Organs,

HARMONIUMS,

AND

Household Furniture,

To come off at the Dominion Auction Mart, on the 5th instant, is postponed in consequence of unfavorable weather,

UNTIL THURSDAY, THE 11TH INSTANT,

At half-past 10 a.m., and half-past 2 p.m.

Ottawa, June 6, 1868. 761td

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET.

A large and well FURNISHED HOUSE, or four Bedrooms, Sitting Room and Drawing Room of same, in a healthy and respectable locality, within three minutes walk of the Government Buildings. For particulars apply to J. BERMINGHAM, House and Land Agent, Dominion Auction Mart, Sussex-st.

Ottawa, June 4, 1868. 759tf

FOR SALE!

THAT Splendid First-Class

HOTEL,

IN THE

CAPITAL OF THE DOMINION!

KNOWN AS THE

REVERE HOUSE,

And at present leased at a rental of $2,000. It is one of the best buildings in the city. Its length is one hundred and six (106) feet by forty (40) feet wide, built of stone, with cut stone front and tin roof. The house contains fifty bedrooms, five parlors and dining room, with bar, kitchen and laundry attached. There is a new Brick Stable, sixty-six (66) by thirty (30) feet, capable of stabling forty Horses, a large yard and outbuildings; also a vacant lot, which the purchaser can have if required to enlarge. The premises are in excellent order, being only five years built. Very lately a sum of $2,000 was expended improving the building. For a first-class hotel, or Military Quarters, it cannot be equalled in the city.

TERMS EASY, and made known free of charge, by letter or otherwise, on application to

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer,
Commission and Real Estate Agent.

Ottawa, June 3, 1868. 758d

Dominion Auction Mart,

AND

Commission Sale Rooms

House, Land & General Agency,
OFFICE & SALE ROOMS,
INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-STREET,
OTTAWA.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city.

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
753y House, Land and General Agent.

MILES'
HAIRDRESSNG SALOON!

BELL'S BLOCK, ELGIN-ST.

THIS SALOON is fitted up in a neat and attractive manner, and is always attended by competent and attentive workmen.

E. MILES,
Hair Dresser, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General.

Ottawa, April 13. 715y

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to
HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY,
AND
COURT OF SPAIN,
THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,
AND
HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:
Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT
MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,
For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*

H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion, for the sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa, May 20. 748y

NOTICE.

MESSRS. ANGUS & SON, in retiring from the Undertaking Business, would beg to inform their friends and the public that they have disposed of their Hearses and stock in trade to Mr. Samuel Rogers, Cabinet Maker, who will in future attend to all orders in the Undertaking line, and they have much pleasure in recommending him to their many patrons and friends.

ANGUS & SON,
Furniture Dealers, No. 22, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, May 11, 1868.

UNDERTAKING.

IN reference to the above, S. Rogers takes this opportunity of thanking his numerous friends and customers for their very liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Cabinet and Upholstering Business, and would respectfully solicit in this new branch of his trade a continuation of their favors.

S. ROGERS,
Cabinet Maker, &c., Rideau and George-streets.

Ottawa, May 11, 1868. 741d

Auction Sales
BY A. ROWE.

IMPORTANT and Special Sale of

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE!

Feather Beds,

Carpets, Crockery, Stoves,

&c., &c., &c.

To close consignments, the subscriber has been instructed to sell at his Rooms,

NO. 42 RIDEAU STREET,

—ON—

Saturday, June 13th, 1868,

the following Goods:—Hair Cloth Sofas, different styles and sizes; Hair Cloth Chairs to match; Centre Tables, B. W.; Carved Sideboards, different styles and sizes, B.W.; Bureaus, with glasses; Extension Dining Tables, B. W.; Drawing Room Tables and Whatnots, B.W.; Couches in hair and reps, B.W.; Bedsteads, B. W.; enclosed Washstands; also black walnut Cane Seated Chairs, in different styles; Armed Rockers, in cane, and nurse do.; Easy Chairs, in hair cloth; 1 superior Feather Bed; Tapestry; Carpets, quite new; 1 superior Cooking Stove, elevated oven, with furniture attached; also, at the same time and place, a superior Herring's Safe.

The sale is positive and without reserve.

N.B.—The Stock must be disposed of to make room for other Goods which will be advertised in a few days.

Sale at TWO p.m.

Terms Cash—in bankable funds.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, June 9, 1868. 763td

SARSAPARILLIAN,
PAREIRA BRAVA.

Newly Discovered Virtues—Hidden for 300 years—The Discovery of the True Virtues of the Roots—Brought to Light and Made Manifest in

DR. RADWAY'S SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT.

By a new process recently discovered by Dr. Radway, for obtaining the active properties from vegetable substances.

SARSAPARILLIAN.
Pareira Brava.

Associated with other newly discovered Roots, enters into the composition of RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT; secures a remedial agent, that cures all forms of Chronic, Scofulous, Skin, Glandular, Kidney, Bladder and Uterine Diseases, by communicating its curative, reparative and fruitful efficacy, through the BLOOD, SWEAT and URINE.

The ordinary Sarsaparilla decoctions and Syrups are mere washes, compared with the Sarsaparillian of the Resolvent. It is a well known fact that Sarsaparilla as ordinarily prepared either as officinally or as a proprietary remedy, never possessed the confidence of medical men, and all the reputation it enjoyed was deemed by well informed Chemists, Physicians, and medical writers to be due to other remedial agents associated with it.

The true curative virtues of Sarsaparilla for 300 years have laid hidden in the Crystalline principle of the Root. Under DR. RADWAY'S *New Process*, SARSAPARILLIAN is secured and brought to light, and associated with other ingredients, it fulfils the most extravagant expectations and views of men. One ounce of Dr. Radway's Sarsaparillian contains more of the curative principle than ten pounds of the extracts from the crude roots, as prepared officinally or in the popular advertised Sarsaparillas.

PAREIRA BRAVA.—Another of the ingredients of the Radway's Resolvent, held in high estimation by the most eminent medical men of Europe, South America and United States, as the best remedial agent for the diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, Uterus, and as a *lithontriptic for dissolving Calculi*, as a curative for Jaundice, Rheumatism, Leucorrhoea, etc., since 1688 has never been properly prepared. Under Dr. Radway's process, the Cisampaline principle of this valuable Root is secured, and associated with Sarsaparillian and other ingredients in the Resolvent, makes it a perfect cure in every form of disease of the Kidneys, Bladder, and Urinary Organs—Dropsy, Gravel, Incontinence, or Stoppage of Water, Diabetes, or Urinary Diarrhoea, and *every kind of weakening, irritating or purulent discharges, not proper to mention* in an advertisement, is rapidly cured by this remedy.

So quick does the Resolvent enter into the circulation, that it may be detected in the Urine *in ten minutes* after it has been taken. In many cases it has secured a free discharge of water—in cases where Catheters were formerly used.—Is not this a blessing?

BUCHU, Turpentine Junipers, Gin, Copaiba, Cubebs, and other direct Diuretics, are in many cases hurtful. In Diabetes, Urinary Diarrhoeas, Catarrh of the Bladder, Dropsy, and in a weakness or ulceration of the Kidneys, are unsafe to use as a continued remedy, and should never be given unless under supervision of a Physician, as the strain these direct remedies may produce on the Kidneys may, in the course of a few hours, require Opiates, to change or modify their action; this fact is self-evident to any medical man, a compensating Remedy like the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT, is the true remedy to use in these cases.—Even as a diuretic.

Pareira Brava,

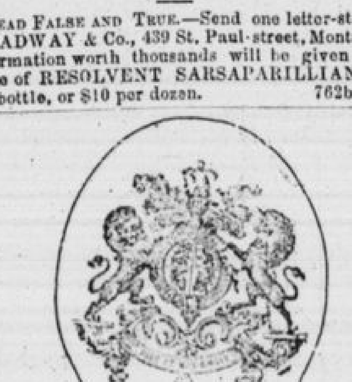
As prepared by Dr. Radway, and one of the ingredients of the Resolvent, is as superior to all forms of Buchu, etc., as rich cream is to watered milk.

Let all suffering from unnatural drains from the system—caused either by self-abuse, depraved habit of body—bad blood, impure association, weakness of the genital organs, or Skin Diseases, Scrofula, uncured Secondary Disease, Syphiloid Ulcers, Chronic Disease—or from Consumption of the Lungs, as well as degeneration of the Kidneys—Chronic Disease of the Liver, Spleen, etc., commence at once the use of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT. It commences its work of purification at once; it repairs the waste of the body, with new and healthy material. It restores functional harmony to every organ in the system, and secures the natural secretions of the proper constituents to each. Persons have been cured, and have children now living that were deemed incapacited, by self-abuse, etc., through the use of this remedy. Ask for Dr. Radway's **Sarsaparillian** or **Renovating Resolvent.**

PRICE—$1 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $5.

W. M. MASSEY, Agent.

READ FALSE AND TRUE.—Send one letter-stamp to RADWAY & Co., 439 St. Paul-street, Montreal. Information worth thousands will be given you. Price of RESOLVENT SARSAPARILLIAN, $1 per bottle, or $10 per dozen. 762b



RoyalCanadianBank

OTTAWA AGENCY:
Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St
M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 57tf

TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS

Will be received, addressed to the undersigned, until NOON of

Monday, the 22nd Instant,

For the Erection of the

Lieutenant-Governor's Residence,

ON

THE GOVERNMENT GROUNDS,

On Simcoe and King-sts., Toronto.

Plans and Specifications may be seen at this office, and at the office of Messrs. Gundry & Langley, Architects, corner of King and Jordan sts., Toronto, on and after MONDAY, the 8th Instant.

The person to whom the contract may be awarded will be required to furnish satisfactory security for the due performance of the work, and to execute a contract approved by the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING,
Commissioner of Public Works.

Parliament Buildings,
Office of Public Works,
Toronto, June 6, 1868. 762a

Auction Sales
BY H. McLEAN.

AUCTION SALE OF

Household Furniture

AND EFFECTS, &c., &c.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer and Commission Merchant, Will sell by Public Auction, at Mr. Champagne's Hotel, York-street, on

Thursday, the 11th instant,

At 10 o'clock, a.m.,

A large quantity of different kinds of Household Furniture, and other goods; 3 good second hand Buggies, 2 setts of Harness, and a lot of Window Sashes and Doors.

Terms—Cash in Silver.

Ottawa, June 9, 1868. 763td

FOR SALE

AT THE

MONTREAL WAREHOUSE

800 BUTTER TUBS, in good order.

J. MARTIN & CO.

10,000 LBS. MAPLE SUGAR.

J. MARTIN & CO.

50 CASES ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

J. MARTIN & CO.

HERRINGS, PORK, FLOUR, BUTTER, CHEESE.

657v J. MARTIN & CO.

ARNOLDI'S
WINE AND SPIRIT VAULTS,

11 *Metcalfe-st., Telegraph Co's Building,*
OTTAWA,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL, FOR CASH ONLY

Dekuyper's Red Cases, Gin, 15 bottles	$9 00
" Green, " " per doz	4 80
Booth's London Gin	7 20
Bernard's and Thompson's Gin "	6 00
Green Seal Champagne "	12 00

AND UPWARDS.

PORT WINES—Graham's, Sandeman's, &c.

		Per Gall.	Per Doz
No. 1	Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2	"	3 00	8 75
" 3	Old	3 50	10 00
" 4	Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5	Very fine old	5 75	15 50

SHERRIES—Lomecq's, Pemartin's, &c.:

No. 1	Superior Light table Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2	Extra do	3 00	8 75
" 3	Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4	Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5	Very fine	5 50	15 00

Single sample bottles at above rates.

Also, of Standard Brands, in wood or bottle, old and new, Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch and Canadian Whiskies.

Canadian Ale, in wood or bottle.

Guinness' Porter, pints and quarts. Hibbert's Porter, pints and quarts. Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, pints and quarts.

Clarets, Hocks, Sauternes, Curacao, Maraschino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., &c.

Purity in all cases guaranteed, and goods marked at the lowest quotations.

Orders by mail with cash, promptly attended to. Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.

NOTICE!

The subscriber would intimate to those of his customers with whom current accounts may have been opened that it is his intention to take advantage of any irregularity in their payment to close them in order that he may conduct his business totally on the *cash principle*, which has been found to work more satisfactorily for both the buyer and seller in every branch of trade in which it has been tried, and relying on quality of his goods and the prices charged for them (which will always be as low as they can honestly be sold for) he solicits a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

K. ARNOLDI,
Dealer in the better qualities of Wines, Spirits, &c., Metcalfe-street, Telegraph Co's Building, Ottawa.

Price lists on application or sent to any address.

April 21, 1868. 535y

TABLES

FOR

Converting One Inch Lumber

AND

QUEBEC STANDARD

—TO—

Board Measure.

For Sale by
J. DURIE & SON,
Booksellers and Stationers,
10, Sparks-st., Ottawa.

June 5, 1868. 760a

WANTED

For Knox Church, Ottawa, a PRECENTOR qualified to give instruction in music to adult and juvenile classes. Testimonials, etc., to be forwarded (post-paid), to

764-2 JOHN DURIE, Ottawa.

$2.00 REWARD.

Lost, on TUESDAY last, from Daly-street, a SPANIEL PUPPY, about three months old, black, with four white feet. Any one returning her to Mr. Powell, St. Alban's Terrace, will receive the above reward. Anybody detaining her after this notice will be prosecuted. 763-3

TO BE GIVEN AWAY!

THE

Greatest Curiosity

OF THE DAY.

WILL BE PUBLISHED

On Thursday next, THE WONDERFUL ALMANAC for 306 years, a copy of which will be presented, FREE OF CHARGE, to every Lady and Gentleman applying at

The Ottawa Citizen,
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

SANSUM'S INTEREST & EXCHANGE TABLES:

A supply of this useful work just received and for sale at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen.
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

COPY BOOKS,

(Plain and with Head Line), EXERCISE BOOKS. A supply just received and for sale at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

PLAIN & FANCY STATIONERY,

All marked in plain figures, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

COUNTING HOUSE and SCHOOL REQUISITES,

At the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

MUSIC, MAGAZINES OR PRINTED BOOKS,

Bound in any style required, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

ENGINEERS' and ARTISTS' MATERIALS,

At the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

ACCOUNT BOOKS,

Memorandum Books, Pocket Books, Indexes, &c., at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

WRAPPING PAPERS,

MANILLA, TEA and STRAW, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen,
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

STEEL PENS and PEN HANDLES,

Gillott's, Mitchell's and other makers, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

WRITING INKS,

Stephen's, Todd's Perth Office, &c., at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

LEAD PENCILS,

Faber's, Rowney's and others, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

BLANK BOOKS,

Manufactured to order, in any style of ruling and binding, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

BOOK and JOB PRINTING,

At the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS, authorized by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario. The prices are:

FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.

FIRST BOOK, part second, 54 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.

SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.

THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Thirty cents.

FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.

FIFTH BOOK, 50 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

A supply just received and for sale at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

☞ A liberal allowance to Teachers and Dealers.

TO BE GIVEN AWAY!

THE

Greatest Curiosity

OF THE DAY.

WILL BE PUBLISHED

On Thursday next, THE WONDERFUL ALMANAC for 306 years, a copy of which will be presented, FREE OF CHARGE, to every Lady and Gentleman applying at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

Ottawa, June 8, 1868. 751y

BLYTH & KERR,

Successors to Chas. Garth,

No. 25, RIDEAU-STREET.

PLUMBERS, GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,
TIN & COPPERSMITHS, BELL HANGERS, &c.

All materials for the above branches kept constantly on hand.

Also, Importers and Dealers in House Furnishing Hardware.

Just received a well selected assortment of Fishing Tackle, Baskets, Bait, Reels, Lines, Flys, Rods, &c. Manufacturers of all descriptions of work for Water and Gas Works, Brewer's Distilleries, Mills, &c. Makes and fits up Galvanized Iron Cornices, Gutters, Conductors, Roofing, &c.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water or Warm Air, on the most approved principles.

Orders from the country will receive strict attention. 740y

OTTAWA CROCKERY STORE

NEW GOODS.

JUST received ex S. S. "Damascus," 10 Hhds. of the finest English Glassware, selected expressly for the retail trade, comprising

	CUT and ENGRAVED	
CHAMPAGNES,	do	PORT and SHERRY WINES,
LIQUEURS,	do	CLARETS, GOBLETS,
FINGER BOWLS,	do	CALF FOOT JELLIES,
CLARET JUGS,	do	TALL TUMBLERS,
FRUIT DISHES,	do	DECANTERS,
BUTTER COOLERS,	do	CELERY VASES, CARAFFS, &c., &c.

And a choice lot of delicate Straw Stem Wines, in Ports, Champagnes, Clarets, Sherries, Liqueurs, &c.

All the above articles match in shape, pattern, &c., and are the best glass procurable in England.

W. ALLAN,
51 *RIDEAU STREET,* (*opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.*)

Ottawa, June 6, 1868. 574y

CRICKETING GOODS,

CROQUET, FISHING TACKLE
FOILS,
Masks & Boxing Gloves
AT THE
Sheffield House, Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 5, 1868.

NEW STOCK OF

SUMMER GOODS,

—AT—

"THE GOLDEN BOOT."

NO. 226, WELLINGTON-STREET.

Ladies' White Canvass Boots,
Ladies' Button Prunella Boots,
Ladies' Lace Prunella Boots,
Ladies' Prunella Gaiter Boots,
Ladies' Kid Button Boots,
Ladies' Kid Lace Boots,
Ladies' Kid Gaiter Boots,
Ladies' English Walking Boots,

Gent's White Canvass Congress,
Gent's White Canvass Shoes,
Gent's Mill. Calf Congress,
Gent's Calf-laced Congress,
Gent's Calf Balmorals,
Gent's Fine Kid Congress,
Gent's Prunella Brogans,
Gent's Pat. Dress Boots,

Children's Fine Morrocco Lace Boots,
Children's Fine Kid Congress and Lace Boots,
Children's Enameled and Calf Copper Toes,
And other goods in endless variety.

The subscribers beg to thank the public for the liberal patronage they have received since opening the above establishment.

W. ANGUS & CO.,
No. 226, Wellington street.

666y

City Hoop Skirt Factory,

43 SPARKS-STREET,
Central Ottawa.

THE DOUBLE EXTENSION SKIRT,
" DEMI "
" NEW GORE TRAIL SKIRT.

French Wove Corsets!

AN immense stock of Corsets just arrived, French, English and Scotch manufacture.

I beg to call the attention of ladies to the above new styles of Hoop Skirts which I have on hand, and will make to order on the shortest notice: Also, Parasols, Hosiery and Gloves, Hair Nets, Handkerchiefs, &c., &c.

Croquet Skirts, Printed and Embroidered, Gored and Plain.

N.B.—A lot of old fashioned Corsets on hand (lacing at the back) cheap, wholesale and retail.

DAVID MILLAR,
456y 43 Sparks-st, Centre Town, next to Esmonde's Stove Depot.

Ladies Keep Cool!

BLACK AND WHITE LACE SHAWLS,
GRENADINE SHAWLS,
BAREGE SHAWLS,
BAREGE JACKETS
BAREGE & GRENADINE PROMENADE COSTUMES,
GRENADINES,
FRENCH & ENGLISH MUSLINS.

GENTLEMEN KEEP COOL!

BLACK ALPACCA COATS,
BUFF ALPACCA COATS,
LINEN COATS,
MARSEILLES VESTS

All in great variety, cheap, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S,

Wholesale and Retail.
Importers. 20 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 29, 1868. 184y

A RARE CHANCE.

The undersigned having received direct from the manufacturers in Europe, a large consignment of

Dry Goods

with instructions to dispose of them at

LOW RATES!

Is now offering them to the public, and at an almost nominal advance on the makers' cost price. The stock consists of

1,000 yards of Carpets, of various kinds,
40 Handsome Hearth Rugs,
60 Summer Counterpanes,
24 White Marsala Quilts,
A large quantity of Toilet Covers,
Some Wool Table Covers,
And a large variety of other Goods.

The stock may be seen at the store of MESSRS. ANSELL & MICHAEL'S, Scott's Corner, Elgin and Sparks-street, opposite the Russell Hotel. Parties requiring articles of the above mentioned kind will find it to their advantage to call and inspect the goods at once, as the whole must be disposed of within a few days.

ANSELL & MICHAEL.

Ottawa, June 9, 1868. 763-3m

FOR SALE.

A SELF-ACTING SODA WATER APPARATUS, with cylinders complete, cheap for cash. Apply to WILLIAM PRODERICK Sussex-street, Ottawa. 687tf

PIANOS. PIANOS.

JUST RECEIVED AT THE

London Music Store!

☞ Her Majesty's Theatre, ☜
Wellington Street,

A new and splendid assortment of

PIANOFORTES!

☞ UNION MAKE. ☜

Every PIANO from this establishment warranted for 5 years.

Also just received a new stock of

VICTORIA ORGANS and MELODEONS

VIOLINS, CONCERTINAS, GUITARS, &c., in great variety.

Second hand Pianos taken in part payment for new ones.

Connected with this establishment is a Piano Manufacturer, who will attend punctually to all orders for TUNING left at the London Music Store.

E. MILES,
Lessee of Her Majesty's Theatre.

Ottawa, March 25, 1868. 551-39y

CANADA

MONCK.

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come, and whom they may in anywise concern—GREETING:

J. A. MACDONALD, Minister of Justice.

WHEREAS,

By a certain Act of the Parliament of Canada, passed in the recent session thereof, and intituled: "An Act relating to Quarantine and Public Health," it is amongst other things in effect enacted that the Governor in Council may, from time to time, make such regulations as he thinks proper, for enforcing compliance with all the requirements of the said Act, and concerning the entry or departure of boats or vessels at the different ports or places in Canada, and concerning the landing of passengers or cargoes from such boats or vessels or the receiving of passengers or cargoes on board of the same, as may be thought best calculated to preserve the public health, and for ensuring the due performance of quarantine, by and in respect of vessels, passengers, goods or things, arriving at any port within Canada, to which he thinks it right for the preservation of the public health, that such regulations should apply, and for the thorough cleansing and disinfecting of such vessels, passengers, goods or things, so as to prevent, as far as possible, the introduction or dissemination of disease into or in Canada, and may appoint or remove such officers as he may deem necessary for so doing, and assign to them, respectively, such powers as he may think required for carrying out the provision of such regulations, and may, from time to time, revoke or amend the same or any of them, and may make others in their stead, and may impose penalties, forfeitures and punishments for the breach thereof, which regulations shall be notified by proclamation, published in the *Canada Gazette* at least twice; and the production of the copies of the *Gazette* containing any such proclamation shall be evidence of the making, date and contents of such regulations. And further that such regulations shall have the force of law during the time they respectively remain unrevoked, unless they be expressly limited to be in force only during a certain time or at certain times or seasons in which case they shall have the force of law during the time and at the times and seasons during or at which they have been limited to be in force; and that any person disobeying any such regulation may be prosecuted for a misdemeanor, punishable by fine or imprisonment or both, as the court may direct, or otherwise such person may be sued for the penalties contained in such regulation.

AND WHEREAS, our Governor in Council, hath this day been pleased to make, under the authority, and in pursuance of the said above in part recited Act, certain regulations as follows, that is to say:

1.—VESSELS COMING UP THE ST. LAWRENCE.

That all boats, ships and other vessels, except the Canadian Mail Steamers, which henceforth and during the eight months next following the first day of April in each and every year shall arrive in the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports, place or places, in Europe or elsewhere out of Canada, by way of that part of the River St. Lawrence which is below Grosse-Isle, and which shall have at the time of their said arrival, or shall have had during their passage from the places where they respectively cleared, any person on board labouring under Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious and dangerous disease, or on board of which any person shall have died during such passage, or which, being of less tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement, shall have on board fifty or more steerage passengers, or which being of greater tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement, shall have come from some infected port, shall make their Quarantine in the Harbour of Halifax, on board such vessels or at such place on shore, and in such manner as shall be directed by the inspecting physician of the said Port of Halifax, and there remain and continue until such ships or vessels shall be discharged from such Quarantine, by such license or passport, and discharge given without fee or emolument of any kind as shall be directed or permitted by such order or orders as shall be made by the Governor, with the advice of the Privy Council; and until the said ships and vessels shall respectively have performed such Quarantine and shall be discharged therefrom by such license or passport and discharge as aforesaid, persons, goods or merchandise which shall be on board such boats, ships or vessels, shall not come or be brought on shore, or go, or be put on board of any other ship or vessel in Canada, except at such place indicated as aforesaid when duly required by competent authority.

All boats, ships or vessels of the class and description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable to make their Quarantine in the Harbour of Halifax, shall anchor within a mile of the southern end of George's Island, there to be inspected by the inspecting physician, and ordered, according to circumstances as aforesaid.

The inspecting physician of the port of Halifax shall visit, on their arrival, such boats, ships or vessels, and shall direct them as best calculated for the public health, and in accordance with the intent and meaning of the present regulations and orders in Council, which may be communicated to him from time to time.

12.—PORT OF SAINT JOHN.

That all boats, ships or vessels coming into the Harbour of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, which shall have at the time of their said arrival, or shall have had during their passage from the places where they respectively cleared, any person on board labouring under Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles or other infections and dangerous disease, or on board of which any person shall have died during such passage, or which, being of less tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement, shall have on board thirteen or more steerage passengers, or which being of greater tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement, shall have on board fifty or more steerage passengers, or which shall have come from some infected port shall make their Quarantine in the Harbour of Saint John on board such vessels or on Partridge Island, and in such manner as shall be indicated by the inspecting physician of the said Port of St. John, and there remain and continue until such ships or vessels shall be discharged from such Quarantine, by such license or passport, and discharge given without fee or emolument of any kind, or shall be directed or permitted by such order or orders as shall be made by the Governor, with the advice of the Privy Council; and until the said ships and vessels shall respectively have performed such Quarantine, and shall be discharged therefrom by such license or passport and discharge as aforesaid, persons, goods or merchandise, which shall be on board such boats, ships or vessels, shall not come or be brought on shore, or go or be put on board of any other ship or vessel in Canada, except on the said Partridge Island when duly required by competent authority.

All boats, ships or vessels of the class and description hereinbefore mentioned as liable to make their Quarantine in the said Harbour of St. John, shall anchor within a mile of the outside or southern end of Partridge Island, (unless forced by stress of weather to anchor inside the said island, in which case such vessels shall anchor as close as practicable to the said island,) there to be inspected by the inspecting physician and ordered according to the circumstances as aforesaid.

The inspecting physician of the Port of St. John shall visit, on their arrival, such boats, ships or vessels, and shall direct them as best calculated for the public health, and in accordance with the intent and meaning of the present regulations and such orders in Council as may be communicated to him from time to time.

13.—INSPECTING PHYSICIANS OF THE PORTS OF HALIFAX AND ST. JOHN.

The inspecting physicians of the Ports of Halifax and St. John (or any medical officer nominated to act as assistant in their absence) shall have respectively, the control over all officers and employes, who may be appointed or employed for the service of the Quarantine in the said ports, respectively, and the medical attendance over the sick and healthy passengers or crew detained on board, or who may have been landed to undergo the said Quarantine on shore, and the said inspecting physicians shall have, respectively, the same duties to perform and the same authority as those hereinbefore assigned to the Medical Superintendent of the Quarantine of Grosse-Isle, and shall fulfil the said duties and exercise the said authority in the same manner as prescribed for the said Medical Superintendent.

14.—VESSELS IN QUARANTINE AT THE PORTS OF HALIFAX AND ST. JOHN.

In all cases where vessels having passengers on board, or account of sickness amongst such passengers, shall be detained in Quarantine, the master or person in charge may, on application to the inspecting physician of the said Ports of Halifax or St. John respectively, be allowed to land the said passengers with their luggage; and the vessel being properly cleansed, purified and disinfected under the superintendence and with the license of the Inspecting Physician, may proceed up the harbor without the said passengers, upon the master or person in charge paying to such person as shall be appointed to receive the same, ten pence for each passenger to bear the expense of their conveyance, and also at the rate of one shilling per diem for each of the said passengers, to reimburse the expense of their maintenance for the time during which such vessel, in the judgment of the inspecting physician, would have had to be detained in Quarantine waiting for the passengers not affected with any of the pestilential or infectious diseases aforesaid, otherwise such vessel shall be detained in Quarantine until the passengers not sick of the aforesaid diseases, shall be cleansed, washed, purified and disinfected.

15.—PILOTS OF THE PORTS OF HALIFAX AND ST. JOHN.

Pilots of the Ports of Halifax and St. John respectively, having been furnished with copies of the said Act, and of these regulations, shall exhibit the same to the master or person in charge of any boat, ship or vessel they may board:—every Pilot having charge of a vessel of the description of those liable to make Quarantine at Grosse-Isle as aforesaid, shall bring her to anchor within the limits of the anchorage ground at Grosse-Isle hereinbefore defined. They shall also keep a Union Jack flying at the peak of all vessels under their charge, until boarded by the proper medical officer aforesaid.

16.—GENERAL PROVISIONS.

All vessels trading between any ports or places within Canada, and not having touched at any ports or places without the Dominion nor communicated with any other vessel which shall have arrived from any port without the Dominion, shall be exempt from the foregoing rules and regulations so far as respects the necessity of going to or stopping at the anchorage ground aforesaid; nor shall the said rules and regulations apply to any vessel of war, or to transports or vessels having Queen's troops on board accompanied by a medical officer and in a healthy state, or to any steamer, unless sickness or death may have occurred during the passage.

No vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or Montreal, until all the requirements of the foregoing regulations in reference to such vessel shall have been fully complied with.

Any person who shall contravene, either by omission or commission, any of the foregoing regulations, shall for every such offence incur and pay a fine of not exceeding FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS, to be recovered in the manner prescribed by the said Act; and every person who, upon conviction of any such offence, shall fail to pay the amount of fine which he shall have been condemned to pay, shall be imprisoned until such fine be paid.

AND

All previous orders or regulations are hereby revoked. Now Know Ye, that we do hereby command, and enjoin upon all our loving subjects that they do take notice of and obey the said regulations so made as aforesaid and govern themselves accordingly.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these our letters to be made patent, and the great seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed: Witness, our right trusty and well-beloved cousin the Right Honorable CHARLES STANLEY VISCOUNT MONCK, Baron Monck of Ballytrammon, in the County of Wexford, in the Peerage of Ireland, and Baron Monck of Ballytrammon, in the County of Wexford, in the Peerage of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Governor-General of Canada, &c., &c., &c., at our Government House, in our City of Ottawa, this twenty-third day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight, and in the thirty-first year of our reign.

By Command,
HECTOR L. LANGEVIN,
759tf Secretary of State.

Railroads.

CHANGE of TIME

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and after FRIDAY, the 15th May, 1868, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7.15 a.m.	10.35 a.m.
Express, 1.30 p.m.	4.15 p.m.
LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 7 a.m.	9.25 a.m.
Mixed, 1.00 p.m	4.15 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principals stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.
Ottawa, May 14, 1868. 1y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT
Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p.m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.
Brockville, April 11. 472y

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 8.30 A.M.

Night do do at 7.30 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.00 A.M.

Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.

Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.

Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.

Express for Boston and New York, at 3.30 P.M.

Express for Portland (staying over at Island Pond) at 2.00 P.M.

Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Riviere du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbroke, Waterville and Coaticooke only, at 10.10 P.M.

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
December 23, 1867 650tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET.

FOUR GOOD ROOMS over SHEPHERD'S GROCERY STORE, Murray st., between Sussex and Dalhousie-sts. Also, GOOD STABLES for thirteen horses. Rent moderate. Also a quantity of CEDARS for sale. Enquire of M. SHEPHERD, at the Store.

Ottawa, May 20, 1868. 748

Lots for Sale.

6 BUILDING LOTS, one mile from the city, on the Richmond Road, containing one acre each. Apply to THOMAS ANDERSON, Jr on the premises. 564tf

FOR SALE, on SANDY HILL, opposite Desbarats', LOT No. 32, Stuart street. Terms moderate. Apply to Mrs. TIERNAN, No. 2, King street opposite the Gas House.
Ottawa, May 4 1868. 734d

Two Dwellings to Let,

BEING the Upper part of E. MARTINEAU'S Clothing Store, Corner of Sussex and Clarence-streets.

Enquire at the Store.

Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. EUG. MARTINEAU. 64

Steamers.

1868 1868

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMER

Queen Victoria,

Captain A. BOWIE,

Leaves the Queen's Wharf with mails and passengers for Montreal, every morning. (Sundays excepted) at half-past 6 o'clock, arriving at 4:45 p.m.

Travellers and tourists will find this a delightful trip.

First-class Fare (meals extra)	$3 50
Second " "	2 00
First " Return "	6 00

Baggage checked through.

Parcel Express daily to and from Montreal and all landings.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs landed at L'Orignal.

For further information apply at Office on the wharf, or on board the steamer.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Excursion Tickets to Grenville and back for one fare.

MARKET STEAMER

"FAIRY,"

Captain R. G. NICHOLS,

Leaves Ottawa for Major's and intermediate landings on Tuesdays and Fridays at 4 o'clock, p.m.

7498 R. W. SHEPHERD.

1868 1868

UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

Upper Ottawa Route.

Consisting of the following first-class Steamers,

ANN SISSON,	-	Captain Murphy.
ALLIANCE,	- -	" Findlay.
EMERALD,	- -	" Toner.
OREGON,	- -	" Cowley.
CALUMET,	- -	" Blondin.
JASON GOULD,	-	" Bolton.
PONTIAC,	- -	" Duggan.
PEMBROKE,	- -	" Overman.
SNOW BIRD,	- -	" Beattie.

Until further notice the Steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day (Sundays excepted) for the Upper Ottawa at 8:30 a.m., connecting with the *Alliance* at head of railroad at 12:30, touching at Arnprior, Sandpoint, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf, and Portage-du-Fort. Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after the arrival of the Steamer *Alliance* for Cobden, connecting with Steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.

The Steamer *Pembroke* leaves Pembroke at 7 o'clock, a.m., on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday for Des Joachims, calling at intermediate ports, returning on same day, leaving at 2 p.m., connecting at Pembroke with Steamer *Jason Gould* which leaves daily at 5 a.m., and arriving at Portage-du-Fort at 10 a.m.

The Steamer *Alliance* leaves Portage-du-Fort every morning (Sundays excepted) at 9:30 a.m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere, Bristol, Sandpoint and Arnprior, and arriving at head of railway at 12:15, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4 p.m.

The Steamer *Calumet* leaves Havelock for Chapeau Village and intermediate ports on Tuesdays at 6 o'clock, a. m., and returning leaves Chapeau Village same days, at 2 o'clock.

A connection is made daily with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at Arnprior at 2 o'clock p. m., in time to connect with the Grand Trunk Railway night trains east and west, and on the downward trip at Sandpoint 1:35 a.m., Arnprior 7:10.

Passengers for Des Joachims leave Ottawa every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

For further particulars apply at the office of the Company in Ottawa City or Aylmer.

R. S. CASSELS, President.
Ottawa City, April 22, 1868. 7248

Condensed Time Table

Between Brockville and Ottawa, via Brockville and Ottawa Railway and Union Forwarding Railway Company's Steamers:

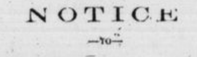
UPWARDS.

Leave Ottawa at	7:00 a.m.
Arrive at Arnprior at	2:00 p.m.
Leave Arnprior at	2:20 p.m.
Arrive at Brockville at	7:45 p.m.

In time to connect with Grand Trunk Railway Night Trains, East and West.

DOWNWARDS.

Leave Brockville at	7:15 a.m.
Arrive at Arnprior at	12:10 p.m.
Leave Arnprior at	12:15 p.m.
Arrive at Ottawa at	5:00 p.m.



NOTICE

—TO—

SHIPPERS OF GOODS

TO THE

Upper Ottawa,

By Steamers of the

Union Forwarding AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE Union Forwarding and Railway Company having assumed the carting of goods between

OTTAWA & AYLMER,

I beg to intimate that the same rate will be charged on goods received at either place, the Company having established a through rate on all goods forwarded from Ottawa to places on the Upper Ottawa.

Receipts for goods will be given by the Shipping Clerk, Mr. S. Dyde, Canal Basin Wharf, or at the office of the Company, Wellington-street.

R S CASSELS, President.
Ottawa, March 23, 1868. 698-o q

Ice, Ice, Ice!

THE subscriber will furnish ICE DAILY to those requiring it for the Season. Double supplies on Saturday for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season, $6.00. Hotels and Steamers supplied with large quantities on liberal terms, as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted.

All orders left at KAVANAGH'S RESTAURANT, or at the subscriber's, will be strictly attended to.

F. STARMER.
125, Rideau-st.
Ottawa, May 14, 1868. 742d

W. NOTMAN,

Photographer to the Queen

CORNER OF

WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS,

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his

Establishment will be Opened

—ON—

Monday Next, 3rd February

When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for all the different branches of Photography.

Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 582y

NEW STORE!

THE Store formerly occupied by W. D. WOOD, No. 38, on RIDEAU STREET, has been refitted by the subscribers, and will be opened on MONDAY, FOURTEENTH OCTOBER, with an entire new stock of

GROCERIES,
LIQUORS AND
HARDWARE.

WOOD & ROSSITER.
Ottawa, October 12, 1867 15

1867 AND 1868.

INDIA WAREHOUSE!

16 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform their Customers that their Stock is now complete, and embraces every delicacy of the Season, among which will be found a choice assortment of

TEAS,

Breakfast SOUCHONG, } Black Extra Fine.
do CONGOU, }
Superior HYSON,
" GUNPOWDER,
" IMPERIAL,
" TWANKAY,
Orange PEKOE, } These Teas have been
Flowery " } carefully selected for
Japan " } family trade by

BROWNE & HARDY.

SUGARS,

LOAF,
BROKEN LOAF,
CRUSHED,
GROUND,
YELLOW,
and MUSCOVADO.

COFFEE,

MOCHA,
JAVA,
JAMAICA, and
CEYLON,

Roasted and Ground daily on the premises.

CHOCOLATE and COCOA,

FRENCH, flavored with Vanilla;
TAYLOR'S,
FRYE'S,
MOTT'S

FRUITS, &c.

LAYER RAISINS,
in Whole, Half and Quarter Boxes
MUSCATEL, do do
SULTANA,
VALENTIA,
CURRANTS,
GRAPES,
ORANGES
LEMONS,
PRUNES,
ALMONDS,
WALNUTS,
FILBERTS, and
BRAZIL NUTS.

SPICES,

NUTMEGS,
MACE,
CINNAMON,
CLOVES,
GINGER,
MIXED SPICES,
All Ground on the Premises

D. T. BROWNE & CO.

Ottawa December 19 403t

Piano-Forte Tuition!

W. C. CLARK,

PROFESSOR OF MUSIC and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-street, corner of Water-street, Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Co's Music Store. 452y

among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Head, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints, and are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

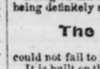
Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Nov. 1, 1867 1ydw

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.



NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ., Or JOHN HENEY, Esq., Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W

Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Ayles, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINSET, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

Quebec Bank—Ottawa Branch

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

FROM the 1st day of April next ensuing, INTEREST at the RATE of FIVE per cent per annum, will be allowed on Deposits in this Department.

H. V. NOEL, Manager.
Ottawa, March 13, 1868. 690-3m

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD

PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &

Prepared by AUGUSTUS LAVER, ARCHITECT

2nd Daly-st. Ottawa.
April 1.

Skates! Skates

At ISAACS,

ALSO,

SLEIGHS, SLEIGHS

ALL PRESENTS BY SANTA CLAUS,

At ISAACS

Skates from 20 cents to $6.00

At ISAACS,

ALSO, Sparks-street,

Hardware of all Description

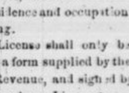
At Lowest Cash Prices,

At ISAACS.

Remember the place,

T ISAACS

ecembe 17, 1867.



GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Saturday, 30th day of May, 1868

PRESENT

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Hon. the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under the authority given by the Act passed in the late Session of the Parliament of Canada, 31 Vic. Cap. 8, intitled: "An Act respecting the Inland Revenue," and by the "Act respecting Raw Tobacco," 31 Vic. Cap 51.

His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following Regulations respecting the granting of Licenses and Permits to Tobacco Dealers, shall be and they are hereby made and established.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council.

REGULATIONS.

1st. Licenses to deal in Raw Leaf Tobacco and to enter the same ex-warehouse for consumption or payment of duty, may be granted by any of the undermentioned Officers on application being made in the proper form, namely:

All Collectors and deputy Collectors of Inland Revenue.

Such Postmasters, not exceeding one in each Parish, Township or Municipality, as may be from time to time appointed by the Minister of Inland Revenue.

2nd. Application for a License shall be made in such form, and shall contain such information as may be required by departmental regulations, and shall also state the name, place of residence and occupation of the person applying.

3rd. A License shall only be valid when granted on a form supplied by the Department of Inland Revenue, and signed by the Commissioner; and any License may be forfeited by the Minister of Inland Revenue whenever he has satisfactory evidence that the person to whom it is granted has evaded or assisted in evading the payment of any duty to which Tobacco is liable, or that he has failed to comply with these Regulations or any part thereof.

4th. Permits to take Raw Leaf Tobacco out of Bond, or from the farm or premises where it was grown, for consumption, may be granted by the officers and persons hereby authorized to issue Licenses, on application being made in the form approved by the Department, and payment of the duty to which the Tobacco would be liable if manufactured, that 31 Vic. Cap. is to say: on Raw Leaf Tobacco 51, sec. 4. the growth of Canada, five cents 31 Vic. Cap. per pound, being the duty to 8, sec. 31. which it would be liable if manufactured into Common Canadian Twist, and on Raw Leaf Tobacco not the growth of Canada, ten cents per pound.

5th. Every permit shall be valid only when the form supplied by the Department of Inland Revenue and signed by the person issuing it—and every such permit shall be delivered to and retained by the importer or grower of the tobacco as evidence that the tobacco to which it relates was lawfully removed and the said permit shall be produced by him whenever demanded by any officer of Inland Revenue for the purpose of taking an account thereof.

6th. All persons issuing licenses or permits under these regulations or who receive any duty on raw leaf tobacco entered for consumption, shall transmit all money so received to the Receiver-General at least once in each week or oftener should the amount collected in one week exceed fifty dollars, and they shall account to the Department of Inland Revenue in such manner, at such times and in such form as may be from time to time determined by Departmental Regulations in that behalf.

7th. All persons licensed to deal in raw leaf tobacco shall keep an account of all that they receive or sell or otherwise dispose of in such form as may be prescribed by Departmental Regulations. 759-3

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind. It is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases as food at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

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NEWCASTLE, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 1, 18 7. 577dwtu

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PREPARED for Buildings of every description, by

SIDNEY B. FELPP, Architect,
Wellington-st.
711tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 60, Sparks-st. Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON Managing Director; ALEX. ROBERTSON Editor.

The Times

VOL. III. NO 766. OTTAWA, FRIDAY, JUNE 12, 1868. PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley, issuing of the daily over 2,600! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only, ... $6 00
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If not paid in advance 6 00
Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance) $1 00
If not paid in advance 1 50

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Legal Cards.

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BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. GEORGE TAILLON.
Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1868. 366-tf

R. J. WICKSTEED,

ADVOCATE, &c., 42, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 589-6m

N. TETREAU,

NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 6, 1867. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,

ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

D. O'CONNOR,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street.
OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa
February 7, 1866. 43-u

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public.
Office, over Mr. Lake Cramer's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c.
Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House
Ottawa, March 30. 87-t

LEES & GEMMELL,

BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

J. P. MACPHERSON,

BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1868.

NICHOLAS SPARKS,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c.
Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

G. J. O'DOHERTY,

LAW, Chancery, and Conveyancing Office. Aumond's Buildings, Rideau street.
Ottawa, December 6, 1867.

Medical Cards.

A. CODD, M.D., C.M.,

(Attending Physician, General Protestant Hospital.)

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Four doors east of the Revere House, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
OFFICE HOURS—From 8 to 10 a. m., and from 2 to 5 p. m.
Ottawa, April 30. 730-3m

DR. CHESLEY,

OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 25 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30 44'tf

DR. C. LEGGO,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,

DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,

DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.

(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)

SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 380y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,

DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY,

CORNER of Kent and Wellington Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 43utf

DR. O. C. WOOD,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, with out the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa April 14. 17w-140-y

Hotels and Saloons.

DOMINION HOUSE.

WELLINGTON STREET.

THE undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.
GEORGE IRVINE.
Ottawa, March 26. 658y

MATHEWS' OLD STAND,

YORK-STREET,

WILL BE OPEN for the accommodation of the public on THURSDAY, 12th of March, 1868. The subscriber having again resumed business in his old stand as hotel-keeper, wishes to return thanks to his numerous friends and the public for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on him, during the past seventeen years, and hopes by strict attention to business, and kindness to all, to share a portion of public patronage. His Larder will be always supplied with the best the market affords. His Bar will be supplied with the best of Liquors and choicest Cigars.
T. MATHEWS,
Proprietor.
N. B.—The house has been thoroughly renovated and newly furnished.
Ottawa, March 11, 1868. 688tf

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,

LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec

REVERE HOUSE, OTTAWA,

G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, } ....PROPRIETORS.

THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867 582tf

THE ALBION HOTEL

NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1866. 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN.

LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly over hauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc. daily

THE METROPOLITAN

Aumond's Block,

Rideau Street Ottawa.

P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

TORONTO HOUSE,

SPARKS STREET.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has a few Commodious Suites of Apartments to Let, handsomely and comfortably furnished.
Gentlemen attending the Session of Parliament will find at the Toronto House most convenient quarters, where the quiet of the private family is combined with the usual attendance to be found at the best hotels.
Ottawa, Feb. 25, 1868. 673tf

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE SECURITY.

WALKER & PENNOCK,
Barristers, &c.,
Ottawa.
April 15, 1868. 717tf

SMITH & RODNEY

MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from Eaton's Gilding Store, having just received a choice stock of

English, French and Canadian

CLOTHS and TWEEDS,

And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1, 1867. 551tf

A. MORTIMER,

BOOKBINDER

AND

Blank Book Manufacturer,

26, METCALFE-ST., OTTAWA.

HAVING every facility in the way of first-class Machinery, and employing none but first-class workmen, I am prepared to turn out every description of Binding in as good a style of workmanship as any other establishment in Canada.
A. MORTIMER,
Metcalfe-st cet.
Ottawa, Feb. 6. 384y

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS, Toronto, May 28, 1868.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT Charles Westley Lount, of Bracebridge, in the Township of Macauley, in the District of Muskoka, Esquir has been appointed Agent for the disposal of public lands in the Townships of Morrison, Muskoka, Diaper, Macauley, Stephenson, McLean, Brunnel, Monck and Watt, in the District of Muskoka, in the place of Richard Jose Oliver, Esquire, whose services have been dispensed with.

Applications for lands open as Free Grants in the above mentioned Townships, must also be made to Mr. Lount.

S. RICHARDS,
Commissioner.
Toronto, May 29, 1867. 758-tf

Druggists.

THE MEDICAL HALL

Soda Water and Ginger Ale Factory,

23 Great St. James-street, Montreal,

OPPOSITE the POST OFFICE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS

Beg to intimate to their patrons that they have commenced the manufacture of Ærated Waters of every description, and on the most extensive scale.
Particular attention will be paid to the preparation of "Belfast Ginger Ale," a beverage first introduced into this country by our Mr. BROWN, who alone possesses the original receipt, and who has also taken out a TRADE MARK for the same.
The proprietors believe their Ærated Waters will be superior to any others at present prepared in Montreal, for the following reasons, viz:—
1st. The employment of the most improved machinery the United States can produce.
2nd. The application of strictly scientific principles to the details.
3rd. Extra care given to the chemical purity of the articles used in the different processes.
4th. The possession of chemical knowledge, without which it is simply impossible to produce Ærated Waters in perfection.
The following Waters and Beverages are the principal ones prepared at the MEDICAL HALL FACTORY: Belfast Ginger Ale, Lemonade, Sarsaparilla, Winter Beverage, Summer Beverage, Soda Water, Seltzer Water, Potash Water, Kissengen Water, Vichy Water.
KENNETH, CAMPBELL & CO.,
Apothecaries to H.R.H. the Prince of Wales.
W. McMASSEY,
Agent for Ottawa. 472y

Spectacles for all Sights.

OPTICAL Instruments Electro-Magnetic and Galvanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.
W. HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-street.
637y

Miscellaneous.

D. CODD & CO.,

PATENT AGENTS, SOLICITORS, &c. Drawings, Specifications, Models, and all other business in connection with the procuring of Letters Patent of Invention, attended to at the shortest notice.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 741-6m

I. B. TACKABERRY'S

AUCTION ROOMS, No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any part of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS

PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 45-

H. McLEAN'S

AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

B. BILLINGS, JR.,

ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O & P R W 740tf

S. CHRISTIE,

COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,

EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 378y

HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,

WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.
WILLIAM HOLGATE,
JOHN OLIVER,
WILLIAM ANNABLE.
506y

R. H. McGREEVY,

CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

LADIES CALL AT THE CAPITAL

Boot and Shoe Store!

YORK-STREET.

For Cheap Gaiters

AT

ONE DOLLAR A PAIR!

Good at 95 cents.

Men's ware equally low, in every variety of style
This is the place to buy cheap at the "Capital," York-street.
429y GEORGE MURPHY.

VICTORIA

FURNITURE WAREROOMS.

GEORGE ARMSTRONG, Corner Victoria Square and Craig-street, Montreal, solicits a call from the Citizens of Ottawa about to furnish, who may visit Montreal to his very large and varied stock of FURNITURE which he will sell at greatly reduced prices for cash. The Parlor Furniture is of the best quality and latest designs, either plain or handsomely carved, in Walnut, oil finished or polished.
His Sideboards, Bookcases, Chamber Sets, Hall Furniture, &c., are worthy of attention.
Hair Mattrasses and Bedding of all description constantly on hand, or made to order, at the shortest notice. Call and examine for yourselves.
"Patent Sofa, with reclining arms, of a very superior make."
N.B.—Sole Agent in the Dominion for the sale of G. A. FISKS' Air-Tight Metallic Casket. 712-3m

Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale.

THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

Fine Bottled Ale!

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

Scotch Irish, Old Rye

And other Malt Whiskies,

Ports, Sherries, Brandies Gin, &c.,

To other with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A Call kindly Solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store
Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank Street, Centre Town,

Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

1868. MAY. 1868.

J. A. PINARD & CO.,

ARE NOW SHEWING

New Dress Goods,

A good value in Striped, all Mohair, for 6d per yard.

New Prints.

A good variety of Patterns at 6d per yard.

New Grey Cottons,

A good Cotton, 40 inches wide, for 7d per yard,

New White Cottons,

A good heavy made Cotton for 6d per yard.

Tailoring Department is replete with all the novelties of the season.

Cash buyers will find it their advantage to visit the above before purchasing elsewhe

J. A. PINARD & Co.,
No. 17, Sussex-st., Sign of the Golden Ball.
Ottawa, May 5, 186 16y

HARDWARE, HARDWARE!

—AT—

Thomas Birkett's,

SIGN OF THE ANVIL,
No. 24 No. 24
RIDEAU STREET.

Come old and young, come short and tall,
Come rich and poor, come great and small,
Just call and see my stock in trade,
Hardware and paints of every grade.

A Complete Assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware constantly kept on hand at the SIGN of the ANVIL, T. BIRKETT, consisting in part of

Butts,	Axes,	Iron,	Paints, all colors,	Screws,	Saws,	Tin, Oils,
Locks,	Ropes,	Stoves,	Glass,	Coolers,	Putty,	Bolts, Chains,
Nails,	Coal,	Pitch,	Grindstones,	&c.,	&c.,	&c., &c.

Also a complete stock of MECHANICS' TOOLS of the most improved English and American manufacture.

Then Come and Examine my Stock,
A duty never shirk it,
And satisfaction will be got
In business with T. BIRKETT.

Don't forget the place—THOS. BIRKETT, Sign of the Anvil, No. 24, Rideau-street.
P. S.—All Goods delivered Free to any part of the city. 408y

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE

WERE AWARDED THEIR 67TH

Prize and Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

Great rapidity, Simple Machinery, quiet in action, easy to operate, price from $47. Prospectus free, and instructions gratis.

G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa, and 105 King-st., West, Toronto.

Sole Agent for Ontario.
The "HOWE" SEWING MACHINES are the best for Carriage Trimmers, Harness Makers, Boot and Shoe makers, are the best Shuttle Machine for Tailors, Dressmakers, Families, etc., etc. Price from $50. Prospectus free and instructions gratis.
479 43y R. W. STEPHEN, 37 Sparks-street, Ottawa.

GREAT BARGAINS IN DRESS GOODS, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.
NEW STYLE OF DRESS GOODS AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.
FANCY DRESS GOODS AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.
PLAIN GOODS FOR TRAVELLING DRESSES, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.
BAREGE, GRENADINE & LLAMA DRESS GOODS, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S Invite inspection of their Stock.

No. 14, RIDEAU-STREET.

Ottawa, May 30, 1868. 510y

NEW SILK AND DRESS GOODS:

Grant and Henderson

Have just opened out a new lot of

Black and Fancy Silks, Moire-Antiques,

BROCADES, POPLINS, CHALLIS, LUSTRES, &c.

Elegant Goods at Moderate Prices.

Millinery, Mantles, Jackets, Carpets and House Furnishings in great variety, always on hand.

No. 20, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, May 16, 1868. 62?y

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.

"CAPITAL" 35, H.
STOVE SUSSEX MEADOWS
DEPOT! St. & CO.

WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall Stoves, for wood or coal we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.

Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW OVEN STOVES.

BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.

Suitable for private Dwellings and Churches Warehouses and Stores

PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.

New and most beautiful designs, very cheap.

COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES.
Hot Air Furnaces.

We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE, RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with Stovepipes, &c., at reduced rates.

Lumbermen's Supplies! Lumbermen's Supplies! Shanty Plates! Basins! Camp Kettles, &c.

HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS!

Bird Cages! Bird Cages! Bird Cages!

Price Lists sent free on application.
Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending purchasers would do well to note.
An inspection of the above goods invited at the
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, October 2 1867. 62-y

THE GIRL OF THE PERIOD.

Time was when the stereotyped phrase, "a fair young English girl," meant the ideal of womanhood; to us, at least, of home birth and breeding. It meant a creature generous, capable, and modest; something franker than a Frenchwoman, more to be trusted than an Italian, as brave as an American but more refined, as domestic as a German and more graceful. It meant a girl who could be trusted alone if need be, because of the innate purity and dignity of her nature, but who was neither bold in bearing nor masculine in mind; a girl who, when she married, would be her husband's friend and companion, but never his rival; one who would consider their interests identical, and not hold him as just so much fair game for spoil; who would make his house his true home and place of rest, not a mere passage-place for vanity and ostentation to go through; a tender mother, an industrious housekeeper, a judicious mistress. We prided ourselves as a nation on our women. We thought we had the pick of creation in this fair young English girl of ours, and envied no other men their own. We admired the languid grace and subtle fire of the South; the docility and childlike affectionateness of the East seemed to us sweet and simple and restful; the vivacious sparkle of the trim and sprightly Parisienne was a pleasant little excitement when we met with it in its own domain; but our allegiance never wandered from our brown-haired girls at home, and our hearts were less vagrant than our fancies. This was in the old time, and when English girls were content to be what God and nature had made them. Of late years we have changed the pattern, and have given to the world a race of women as utterly unlike the old insular ideal as if we had created another nation altogether. The girl of the period, and the fair young English girl of the past, have nothing in common save ancestry and their mother-tongue; and even of this last the modern version makes almost a new language, through the copious additions it has received from the current slang of the day.

The girl of the period is a creature who dyes her hair and paints her face, as the first articles of her personal religion; whose sole idea of life is plenty of fun and luxury; and whose dress is the object of such thought and intellect as she possesses. Her main endeavor in this is to outvie her neighbors in the extravagance of fashion. No matter whether, as in the time of crinolines, she sacrificed decency, or, as now, in the time of trains, she sacrifices cleanliness; no matter either, whether she makes herself a nuisance and an inconvenience to every one she meets. The girl of the period has done away with such moral muffishness as consideration for others, or regard for counsel and rebuke. It was all very well in old-fashioned times, when fathers and mothers had some authority and were treated with respect, to be tutored and made to obey, but she is far too fast and flourishing to be stopped in mid-career by these slow old morals; and as she dresses to please herself, she does not care if she displeases everyone else. Nothing is too extraordinary and nothing too exaggerated for her vitiated taste; and things which in themselves would be useful reforms if let alone become monstrosities worse than those which they have displaced so soon as she begins to manipulate and improve. If a sensible fashion lifts the gown out of the mud, she raises hers midway to her knee. If the absurd structure of wire and buckram, once called a bonnet, is modified to something that shall protect the wearer's face without putting out the eyes of her companion, she cuts hers down to four straws and a rosebud, or a tag of lace and a bunch of glass beads. If there is a reaction against an excess of Rowland's Macassar, and hair shiny and sticky with grease is thought less nice than if left clean and healthily crisp, she dries and frizzes and sticks hers out on end like certain savages in Africa, or lets it wander down her back like Madge Wildfire's, and thinks herself all the more beautiful the nearer she approaches in look to a maniac or a negress. With purity of taste she has lost also that far more precious purity and delicacy of perception which sometimes mean more than appears on the surface. What the *demi-monde* does in its frantic efforts to excite attention, she also does in imitation. If some fashionable *devergondee en evidence* is reported to have come out with her dress below her shoulder-blades, and a gold strap for all the sleeve thought necessary, the girl of the period follows suit next day; and then wonders that men sometimes mistake her for her prototype, or that mothers of girls not quite so far gone as herself refuse her as a companion for their daughters. She has blunted the fine edges of feeling so much that she cannot understand why she should be condemned for an imitation of form which does not include imitation of fact; she cannot be made to see that modesty of appearance and virtue ought to be inseparable, and that no good girl can afford to appear bad, under penalty of receiving the contempt awarded to the bad.

This imitation of the *demi-monde* in dress leads to something in manner and feeling, not quite so pronounced perhaps, but far too like to be honorable to herself or satisfactory to her friends. It leads to slang, bold talk, and fastness; to the love of pleasure and indifference to duty; to the desire of money before either love or happiness; to uselessness at home, dissatisfaction with the monotony of ordinary life, and horror of all useful work; in a word, to the worst forms of luxury and selfishness, to the most fatal effects arising from want of high principle and absence of tender feeling. The girl of the period envies the queens of the *demi-monde* far more than she abhors them. She sees them gorgeously attired and sumptuously appointed, and she knows them to be flattered, feted, and courted with a certain disdainful admiration of which she catches only the admiration while she ignores the disdain. They have all for which her soul is hungering, and she never stops to reflect at what price they have bought their gains, and what fearful moral penalties they pay for their sensuous pleasures. She sees only the coarse gilding on the base token, and shuts her eyes to the hideous figure in the midst, and the foul legend written round the edge. It is this envy of the pleasures, and indifference to the sins, of these women of the *demi-monde* which is doing such infinite mischief to the modern girl. They brush too closely by each other, if not in actual deeds, yet in aims and feelings; for the luxury which is bought by vice with the one is the thing of all in life most passionately desired by the other, though she is not yet prepared to pay quite the same price. Unfortunately, she has already paid too much—all that once gave her distinctive national character. No one can say of the modern English girl that she is tender, loving, retiring, or domestic. The old fault so often found by keen-sighted Frenchwomen, that she was so fatally *romanesque*, so prone to sacrifice appearances and social advantages for love, will never be set down to the girl of the period. Love indeed is the last thing she thinks of, and the least of the dangers besetting her. Love in a cottage, that seductive dream which used to vex the heart and disturb the calculations of prudent mothers, is now a myth of past ages. The legal barter of herself for so much money, representing so much dash, so much luxury and pleasure—that is her idea of marriage; the only idea worth entertaining. For all seriousness of thought respecting the duties or the consequences of marriage, she has not a trace. If children come, they find but a step-mother's cold welcome from her; and if her husband thinks that he has married anything that is to belong to him—a *tacens et placens uxor* pledged to make him happy—the sooner he wakes from his hallucination and understands that he has simply married some one who will condescend to spend his money on herself, and who will shelter her indiscretions behind the shield of his name, the less severe will be his disappointment. She has married his house, his carriage, his balance at the banker's, his title; and he himself is just the inevitable condition clogging the wheel of her fortune; at best an adjunct, to be tolerated with more or less patience as may chance. For it is only the old fashioned sort, not girls of the period *pur sang*, that marry for love, or put the husband before the banker. But she does not marry easily. Men are afraid of her; and with reason. They may amuse themselves with her for an evening, but they do not take her readily for life. Besides, after all her efforts, she is only a poor copy of the real thing; and the real thing is far more amusing than the copy, because it is real. Men can get that whenever they like; and when they go into their mothers' drawing-rooms, to see their sisters and their sisters' friends, they want something of quite a different flavor. *Toujours perdrix* is bad providing all the world over; but a continual weak imitation of *toujours perdrix* is worse. If we must have only one kind of thing, let us have it genuine; and the Queens of St. John's Wood in their unblushing honesty, rather than their imitators and make-believes in Bayswater and Belgravia. For, at whatever cost of shocked self-love or pained modesty it may be, it cannot be too plainly told to the modern English girl that the net result of her present manner of life is to assimilate her as nearly as possible to a class of women whom we must not call by their proper—or improper—name. And we are willing to believe that she has still some modesty of soul left hidden under all this effrontery of fashion, and that, if she could be made to see herself as she appears to the eyes of men, she would mend her ways before too late.

It is terribly significant of the present state of things when men are free to write as they do of the women of their own nation. Every word of censure flung against them is two-edged, and wounds those who condemn as much as those who are condemned; for surely it need hardly be said that men hold nothing so dear as the honor of their women, and that no one living would willingly lower the repute of his mother or his sisters. It is only when these have placed themselves beyond the pale of masculine respect that such things could be written as are written now; when they become again what they were once they will gather round them the love and homage and chivalrous devotion which were then an Englishwoman's natural inheritance. The marvel, in the present fashion of life among women, is how it holds its ground in spite of the disapprobation of men. It used to be an old-time notion that the sexes were made for each other, and that it was only natural for them to please each other, and to set themselves out for that end. But the girl of the period does not please men. She pleases them as little as she elevates them; and how little she does that, the class of women she has taken as her models of itself testifies. All men whose opinion is worth having prefer the simple and genuine girl of the past, with her tender little ways and pretty bashful modesties, to this loud and rampant modernization, with her false red hair and painted skin, talking slang as glibly as a man, and by preference leading the conversation to doubtful subjects. She thinks she is piquante and exciting when she thus makes herself the bad copy of a worse original; and she will not see that though men laugh with her they do not respect her, though they flirt with her they do not marry her; she will not believe that she is not the kind of thing they want, and that she is acting against nature and her own interests when she disregards their advice and offends their taste. We do not see how she makes out her account, viewing her life from any side; but all we can do is to wait patiently until the national madness has passed, and our women have come back again to the old English ideal, once the most beautiful, the most modest, the most essentially womanly in the world.—*Saturday Review.*

OUR PARIS LETTER.

Freedom of Thought in France—German Unity—The Prince Imperial of France—The French Derby—A Long Trip and Unpleasant Termination—Lord Lyons—The Paving of Paris—A "Cure" for the Organ Nuisance—A Claim against the French Government for Illegally Using the Snider System—The Chassepot Rifle—Sugar Manufacture in France—The Magnesium Light.

PARIS, May 26, 1868.

Hardly has the Corps Legislatif voted the order of the day, and thus vindicated Free-trade doctrines, than the Senate follows its example, by passing "to the order of the day" in reference to freedom of thought. This is considered a check to the clerical party, and a salve to those who believe "that churches were only built to please the priests." For some time a struggle has been going on between the clergy and the Government—the former demanding the control of the superior branches of education. Some fathers of families petitioned the Senate to inquire into the materialistic views held by some of the Professors in the Colleges, notably that of the School of Medicine. On the opening of the debate it was soon seen that both parties sank the petition for inquiry, into a drawn battle of liberty to think. The Cardinals maintained the Church was the sole depository of truth, and as such, ought to be the sole judge of what youth should study. The lay party would confine the clergy to their proper functions—*ne sutor ultra crepidam*—and claimed for scientific inquiry a latitude as boundless as thought itself. With reference to the science of medicine, M. Charles Robert, in a thesis, rather than a speech, reminded their Eminences that it was neither Catholic nor Protestant, Jew nor Free Thinker, but simply medicine—a science that declined to be regulated by the Council of Trent, or to surrender the pharmacopeia for the Gospel.

It is said that the Emperor intends trying an election without the system of official candidature. This would be an approach to the freedom of election. The late defeat of the Government at Tarn has made authority pause, as well as the activity of the Republican party to contest every inch of ground with the "Dynastists" at the forthcoming general elections. There can be no doubt, that a growing feeling of discontent is making way against the Emperor, that will sooner or later measure its strength with the second Empire. Parisians are becoming angry at the vast and useless expenditure of money to carry out Baron Haussman's supposed improvements. Taxes are increased thereby, and instead of inducing strangers to settle down in Paris as formerly, to live quieter and cheaper, the dearness of everything is sending this class to the country towns or Switzerland. Business will soon be at a stand still, as everyone, feeling the air to be highly charged with electricity, is calling in their money, spending little, and anxiously awaiting for the war-cloud to burst.

Prussia is ready to meet any French attack on German unity, and the recent speech of the King of Prussia on closing the Customs' Parliament, must show France that she cannot hope for any division in the aspirations for the autonomy of Fatherland. Austrian and Southern Germans, as well as the Northern Confederation, are all brothers of this mystic tie. Italy has made her terms with Prussia, which, no doubt, places France in the position she occupies at Rome, as was Austria in respect to Venitia. Garibaldi is going to embark for the mainland in the middle of June, which compels His Holiness to fill up all vacancies in his Cosmopolitan Zouaves, to which will be added the American Bishops' Lambs—a body of good men and true—1,000 strong, who will support themselves while supporting the Vatican.

The Prince Imperial's time is now taken up exclusively in visiting military and naval institutions, for the reasons already communicated to you. French Marshals are taking up their positions, and soldiers are refused further *conge*. Meanwhile, the Chatelet theatre is to give us a piece called "Emperor Theodorus, or the taking of Magdala." Dumas is working hard at his *Madame de Chambly*. He takes his walks abroad in a panama hat, and a suit of white linen, and his cane, presented by admirers, and made from *Volumes of his works*, is ever with him.

The *entente cordiale* between France and England, has led within the last sixteen years to the introduction into this country of a taste for horse racing. The late Duke de Morny was foremost in this work, and under the auspices of the Emperor, the jockey-club and the city of Paris, the "stand" races of the Champ de Mars, have become a popular amusement at Longchamps and Chantilly. Contemporaneous with this new attraction has followed the taste for improved breeds of horses, a work left almost exclusively to English "jocks," who in this, and kindred professional matters, do not hesitate to show their contempt of the doings of their French rivals. But this taste for horse-flesh is extraneous to the French, "it is not *racy* of the soil." Fashion strives to force its growth, because it is an apt trysting-place that of the "Stand," to see and to be seen; it is here above all, where the *creme de la creme* of the *demi-monde*, compete with the *grande monde* in beauty, diamonds, dress, equipages and display, the only difference being that between virtue and vice. It is there frail beauties who display the newest fashions, that French ladies, and virtuous English and American women, desire, at least lately, to eagerly imitate and adopt. Sunday last was the "French Derby Day," and drew to Chantilly, some 30 miles from Paris, crowds of all classes. But few went by the "road." As usual with other Derby races, the favorite did not win—the honor was reserved for *Suzerain*, and M. Schickler is now the foremost man in the racing pantheon. Fordham rode the winner, of whose success, after the start, there was no doubt, and won it easily. The other well-known English jocks did all that was expected of them. After the proverbial stray dog had crossed the ropes, an American merchant, named Uribear, desired to pass across the course. He was struck down by *Ajax the Third*, who sent his rider into the air and came in with an empty saddle. The unfortunate man died soon after—and the bell having rung for the "Derby," the event was soon forgotten.

Jean Lacroix has taken eight years to come to Paris from the eastern side of the empire. On attaining his majority, his first act of manhood was a robbery which caused him a delay of six months. On his liberation he walked to Vichy, and committed another robbery, and against his will was obliged to "drink the waters" for eighteen months. At Moulins, he fell in love with a chambermaid, robbed her master, and for this practical joke was imprisoned for a year. Halting still for Paris, he halted at Auxerre, and under a fit of kleptomania abstracted some walnuts, for which he was sent to prison for two years. On being free, he was soured with the world, and resolved to live a hermit in Fontainebleau Forest. Meeting one day a dray on the road, he drowned his anchoritish cares by driving away with, and selling, the trap and horse. This caused an interruption in his journey of three years. At last he reached that Paradise for robbers, Paris, and it turned out for him a veritable California. His system was to find out the wants of the public around him, and to supply them. It was in his zeal to supply some charlatan with necessities, that he descended to enter an apothecary's shop, and quietly walk off with two cases of rhubarb and magnesia, which a policeman immediately assisted him in carrying to the station.

Lord Lyons gave a grand banquet on Saturday "in commemoration of the Queen's Birthday." It was very splendid, and the invitations included all the official world. In the earlier part of the day he was occupied arranging a delicate affair. At Chantilly, famous for its forest and race course, quite an English colony has planted itself. On Friday an English lady, while out walking, exclaimed that her pocket had been picked, and turning round, seized a sort of "clerical swell" and accused him of the theft. He gave his card, asserted he was a clergyman, but the *gendarme* marched him off. He was known to Lord Lyons, has just been ordained, and belongs to a most respectable family in an Eastern shire. The lady's pocket had not been picked, as she had no pocket in her dress, and her purse was found in her bed-room, with four sous carefully rolled, each in a separate piece of paper, one of which she daily gave in charity.

Robinson Crusoe, with all his art, could not make a wheel-barrow, and Baron Haussmann having all but re-built Paris, cannot make a good road-way. Paving-stones of various sorts and sizes have been tried with but relative success. Asphalte has its drawbacks, iron is too expensive, macadamization is dear and troublesome, and the material scarce. Sydney Smith recommended as the best system of wooden pavement for London, that the Aldermen should "lay their heads together." Having no Aldermen in Paris, the city engineer is experimenting upon a new system of pavement, consisting of blocks of oak set in a bed of asphalte. It is hopefully spoken of.

An attempt of a "perfect cure" for the street organ nuisance and wandering minstrels in general, was tried on Friday last with comparative success. The keeper of a wine shop "was in her parlor counting all her money," when an organ-grinder and two Italian violinists commenced a serenade. The woman politely asked them to move on, which they acknowledged by sundry grins and a more vigorous execution. Exasperated beyond endurance, she rushed from her accounts, seized two empty wine bottles, and broke them on the head of one of the sons of harmony, who in return knocked her down with his fiddle, and was then conveyed to an hospital to have the terrible gash in his head closed. Would this remedy suit Mr. Babbage?

The Seine may yield to no river in the number of drowned annually drawn from its placid waters. The opening of the bathing season was inaugurated by fifteen cases of drowning the first day. Comedy follows close on tragedy. Two policemen passing along the river's bank observed a suit of clothes, belonging evidently to a gentleman who had but recently undressed. They called; no answer, and ultimately they brought away the clothes. The owner, on returning from a long swim, seeing his clothes gone, plaited some grass for an over-all, and ran towards Paris. Dogs soon followed him, boys shouted, women screamed. He was at last brought to a lunatic asylum, and detained for two days. In the meantime, a mass had been offered for the repose of his soul, and the river dragged.

The English agent in Paris, for the conversion of rifles according to the Snider system, has obtained an injunction against three manufacturers, who have been working the

patent illegally. He has seized 120,000 muskets, which had been "converted" for the use of the French Government, and put in a claim of a quarter of a million sterling for damages. Some time ago a portion of the guard were armed with the Snider rifle, but on the report of Marshal Canrobert, they were armed with the Chassepot. The latter is now considered as perfect an arm as can be made, and is very popular with the soldiers. At Vincennes, trials have for several months been quietly going on, to test the Chassepot with every other known breech-loader, and the verdict has been in favor of the Chassepot. To serve the troops with ammunition as rapidly as required, has been the one weak point in the Chassepot system. An artillery officer has invented a remarkably light carriage, which, according to the experiments now being made, at the camps of St. Maur and Chalons, has solved all difficulties.

The celebrated Chateau-Lafitte is announced for public sale on the 20th June. This historic property illustrates the luxurious manners of the day. In 1821, a Mr. Scott purchased it for £40,000, and its selling price is now put down at four-and-a-half millions of francs—its value having increased more than four-fold. The whole property consists of some 300 acres, of which 150 are under vines, the choicest vintage being from a few acres around the Chateau. An American Company is being formed at the Grand Hotel, to purchase the property, and Erlanger, the famous banker, it is said, will have it at any price. The Royal family of Russia has a contract to be supplied with a fifteenth of the vintage yearly, at a fixed price, and when this deduction is made, and the small area of land under vines, remembered, coupled with the fact, that there is no hotel in England, France, United States, Canada, and Germany, but professes to keep a stock of real Chateau-Lafitte, the prospect of obtaining it is very slender.

It is gratifying to be told by the philosophers engaged in explaining the causes of the present great heat, that of all warm-blooded animals, man is capable of bearing the effects of a higher temperature, and that he has on an occasion been able to promenade in a baker's oven with impunity, although heated to a temperature sufficient to broil a beefsteak. If the terrible heat we have continues, the *broiling* point of human endurance must soon be reached. It is absolutely necessary to insure your life before riding on the top of an omnibus. Two deaths from sun-stroke, on the "knife-board," occurred last week, and the directors of the omnibus company have been called upon to put a canvas awning over the roofs of the 'busses, as the railway company do with theirs. In 1793, a year terrible in its other souvenirs, a remarkable hot summer set in, after a mild winter and a cold spring. The heat became excessive about the 4th of July, and went on accumulating till the 17th. In the *interim*, numerous deaths occurred, and it seemed as if nature herself was becoming revolutionized, like France. At the present moment every one who can, is making for the country and the sea-side; milliners and dress makers are working over-time to execute their orders. Those who have to remain, find what consolation they can in the gardens and out-door places of entertainment. The *Jardin Mobile* has opened its gates and lit its million lamps, and Drury Lane Smith rehearses Cremorne, at the Parc d'Arsnieres. Not many English are at present in Paris, and such that are, belong to the "upper ten." Next month the *hoi polloi* will take wing—Paris-wards. America keeps up a good supply of tourists at the Grand Hotel, and altogether the city is very gay. If the excursion trains from Germany run as announced, the French army had better return from camp and garrison Paris. No excursionists are ever objected to by the Parisians.

Dissatisfaction is growing against the practice of the French soldiery carrying their side arms when off duty and in garrison towns. Too often the soldiers have, when slightly provoked, drawn against the civilians. A court-martial has just been sitting for the trial of two soldiers, who, on the public road near Versailles, indecently attacked two married women. On the latter taking to flight, one of the soldiers drew his sabre, and slit open the woman's jaw from eye to mouth, and knocked out three of her teeth. This done, the *braves* ran away. The whole affair was so sudden, that the husbands, following immediately after their wives, were not aware of the occurrence till it was all over. The court condemned the prisoners to imprisonment for two years and six months, respectively—a sentence which the public consider, and justly, too, inadequate.

There are four hundred and fifty-nine beetroot sugar manufactories in France, of which seven are closed. During the year ending April, 1868, upwards of 220,000 tons of sugar have been made, being 36,000 tons more than were produced the previous year. Up to the present, the beetcrop looks, though extremely young, promising.

A butcher, aged thirty-two years, has for some time being suffering from cancer. He had tried every remedy to find relief, and succeeded in temporarily lulling the pain. On Thursday last, while in the act of cutting up some meat for a customer, he felt the old pain returning, and asking God for pardon, plunged his knife into his heart and dropped dead.

A few evenings ago the Emperor, taking advantage of the fine warm night, had ordered M. Guyot de Lisle, to exhibit his system of night signals for the army and navy, by means of the magnesium light. After these experiments in the gardens, succeeded some fantastical representations, and ultimately the court adjourned to a *salon*, where the royal party were photographed singly and in groups by the magnesium light. Everything passed off successfully.

Bog Oak Jewellery.—Very handsome sets of bog oak jewellery can be had at Young & Radford's, at $1 per set.

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

For soups and potted meats go to Bate & Co., 52 Spark st. 762d

Messrs. Young & Radford having secured the services of first-class working jewellers in etruscan, filagree, plain, fancy and solid gold work, and having made large additions to their work shop are now better prepared to execute any orders with which they may be entrusted than heretofore. Masonic jewels gold and silver medals, and every kind of gold and silver work done on the shortest possible notice. Remember the place, 30 Sparks-st., and encourage home manufacture.

Carpets and House Furnishings.—Garland Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality. They have just received a large stock and invite the attention of parties furnishing to it. Purchasers will find their stock in this department second to none in Ottawa. 582-y

Fine coral jewellery, bog oak jewellery and a large collection of other goods suitable for wedding and other presents can be seen at Young & Radford's; all new and choice goods and will be sold cheap.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Boats for Pic-Nics—Jos. Smith.
Apartments Wanted.
Ottawa Lacrosse Club.
Furnished House to Let.
Great Clearing Sale of Dry Goods—Cunningham & Lindsay.

The Ottawa Times

FRIDAY, JUNE 12, 1868.

☞ For interesting matter see Fourth Page.

Some of our contemporaries are disposed to blame the Government for not having included "Dominion Day" among the list of statutory holidays. Will they give us any British "precedent" for the adoption of such a course? The Union of England with Scotland, or of Great Britain with Ireland, is not commemorated by a statutory holiday in its honor, and the Union of Upper and Lower Canada lasted a quarter of a century without its "birthday" having once been celebrated. The first of July last year was not a "holiday" in the legal sense of the term, but merely a day of general rejoicing, on the invitation of the Governor-General; and this year it may be celebrated in the same way if the people are so disposed. We shall be glad if it is so, though we cannot say we very much approve of the idea of making it a statutory holiday for all time to come.

But admitting that, in respect of Ontario and Quebec, in both of which Provinces we see the Government reproached upon this head, it would have been quite acceptable, how would the matter have been viewed in Nova Scotia? Would they not have held it as a cause of grievance there to be asked by law to suspend business in honor of an event which so many of them, in their present temper, disapprove? Let the day be celebrated wherever the people are so disposed, but let enthusiasts remember that we Britishers are not all in favor of imitating the stump oratory and spread eaglesm of our neighbors in their fourth of July celebrations. We think the civic authorities throughout the country should take the matter in hand and issue proclamations accordingly, and that the Volunteer force might be invited to turn out as last year, thus encouraging the celebration of the day wherever the people desired, and allowing it to pass unheeded by those who are so minded.

We have been favored with a copy of the *Diplomatic Review* for May, 1868, in which "the case of Nova Scotia" is presented in full to its readers. This case has already been made pretty familiar to the Canadian public by the discussions in Parliament and the press. The *Diplomatic Review* has taken strong ground against "the Dominion," contending that it is but a stepping-stone to the dismemberment of the Empire. It holds up the Union of Upper and Lower Canada as having proved a failure, and insinuates that the right remedy for it would have been to "undo the Union;" but instead of that, it was resolved to unite other British American Colonies with Canada, which having been done has produced additional mischief. The writer says in conclusion:

"This will in every case be "found true, that wherever you establish "legislative union you obtain, as the result, "separation; wherever you introduce par"liamentary Government you prepare dis"memberment. It is so because legislative "union is administrative destruction, and "parliamentary Government is Executive "despotism."

The last sentence is somewhat transcendental, it it is not utter nonsense. How legislative union can be a convertible term for "administrative destruction," passes our comprehension; and in our simplicity we have been accustomed to regard "parliamentary Government"—though the expression is a very loose one—as the very best constitutional check to "Executive despotism," as about the most easily worked means of directing the executive by the popular will. It is possible that the writer, whose ideas appear to be an impartial compound of those of the croaker and the fogy, may have a lingering fancy for the old colonial system of Government, which effectually "dismembered from the Empire" the old American colonies, and succeeded in creating rebellions more or less formidable in almost every colony that has since been pacified and rendered prosperous and loyal under the system of "parliamentary Government," so called. Those who speak of the Union of Upper and Lower Canada as having been a failure, merely confess their ignorance of the history of this country. But it was quite natural that the two Provinces should have out-grown the provisions of the Union Act; the disproportion in population between them rendered it impossible that they could go on for ever on equal terms of partnership, while the diversity of sentiment upon many questions of internal economy, bounded as it was by the geographical limits of the two old Provinces, rendered it advisable that they should "undo the Union" to the extent which would permit each Province to mould its local institutions in accordance with the genius of its people; and so far the British North America Act did "undo the Union," because now each of the Provinces has its own Local Legislature for local purposes, a fact of much importance to the subject in hand, but one which is ignored by the writer in the *Diplomatic Review*.

In another article in the same paper, headed "The North American difficulty," the writer attributes "these disorganising "measures" to the evil genius of Lord Palmerston, who continually plotted treason! It would have been somewhat more sensible in the *Diplomatic Reviewer* to have consulted colonial authorities, the opinions expressed by Provincial Legislatures, and those advocated by leading colonial statesmen of all shades of politics, when he would have found that a British North America Union is no new idea. Even Mr. Howe, who in body or spirit must have been at his elbow, when he penned his article, could have told him that Union was "the dream of his boyhood," and that, perhaps, had he chosen to be confidential, his chief objection to it now is that he had not a principal hand in completing the scheme!

In both the articles to which we have alluded, the Dominion is spoken of as a "Legislative Union." This is certainly not true in any strict sense, for the four Local Governments have large legislative powers. It is a Union in which the Federal and the Legislative principles are combined, though hyper-critics may tell us that the "Federal" Union can only be formed between previously independent States. The three Provinces were virtually independent of each other before the Union, though all depending as now on the British Crown, and our Central Government is still dependent, deriving its authority only from an Act of the Imperial Parliament, which Act also constitutes and defines the powers of the Local Governments. In so far, therefore, as the several Provinces retain their former legislative powers the Union is strictly federal, and affords protection in numerous ways to the rights of minorities, which in a purely legislative union would be at the mercy of the will of the majority. But the *Diplomatic Review* denounces our new constitution as one of "the destructive consequences of the "prevailing passion for Legislative Union," without taking into account the existence of the Local Governments.

That "separation"—from the Empire, we presume is meant—will come at some future day we do not pretend either to affirm or deny. Colonies have never heretofore been held *in perpetuo* by their parent States; nor has any Empire of which we are aware a guarantee for its own existence to "the crack of doom." But that "separation" (from the Empire) should come as the "result" of Union (among the Colonies) there does not at present exist a single atom of evidence. Nor can it be said that in our case it is calculated to lead to any estrangement of feeling between us and the Empire, for it has been accompanied by our assuming greater obligations than heretofore towards the maintenance of its integrity, while the Empire itself has put forth its hand afresh to supplement our defensive measures, thus increasing the obligation on both sides—on ours to cling to the Empire and contribute to its defence—on that of the Mother Country to extend to us her protection. There is, it is true, a "Nova Scotian" difficulty, but there is not a "North American" difficulty as the *Review* would have it; and if only a little time is given to test the full effects of the Union, the day will come when it will be impossible for Nova Scotia repealers to command a majority in their own Local Legislature.

The Montreal *Gazette* says:

"For the first time in many years Canada Government six per cents are quoted at a higher figure than the corresponding class of Nova Scotia bonds in the London stock market. This is due, we believe, to the heavy liabilities our sister Province so recently contracted for the purpose of developing her great resources by a system of railways, liabilities which would have forced her to raise her customs tariff at least fifty per cent, had she not so timely been included in the Union."

Mr. R. M. Allen, the well known criminal lawyer of Toronto, has been here for the past few days, and rumor has it that he is looking after the vacant judgeship of York, his claims being such as the Government cannot very well ignore!

Miss Rye arrived in Montreal on Wednesday with her one hundred English girls, forty of whom secured situations in Montreal in a couple of hours, and the rest were taken through to Toronto.

LOCAL NEWS.

For jams and jellies go to Bate & Co., 52, Spark-st. 762d

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

A. Swalwell, Chief Undertaker for Ottawa, Sparks-st., Centre Town. 750tf

Lacrosse.—The Ottawa Lacrosse Club have decided to play a friendly game with the Indian Lacrosse men of the Two Mountains. The game will be played at an early day, and the Ottawa Club meet on Monday evening to choose their team.

The Cabmen and their Tariff.—We understand that about twenty cabmen are to appear at the police court this morning to answer the charge of not carrying the tariff of fares which the law requires them to carry, and for to-morrow morning there is a batch of another score.

Something Cheap.—Ansell and Michael, tobacconists, &c., Scott's corner, advertise that they have received from Europe a consignment of a certain class of dry goods, with instructions to dispose of them at a nominal advance on makers' cost prices. See advertisement in another column.

Inspection of Volunteers.—Captain Fraser's Company, No. 4, of the 43rd Carleton Battalion, was inspected at Fitzroy on Wednesday by Col. Jackson. There were present fifty men besides officers; they presented a fine military appearance and went through their evolutions faultlessly, and at the end Col. Jackson paid them a very high compliment, and said there was not a finer or better drilled company of volunteers in his District. Captain Fraser is worthy of great praise for the vast amount of labor he has expended in raising his company to their present state of efficiency.

A Distressing Casualty.—A telegram from the village of Almonte reached this city yesterday afternoon, announcing the fact that three children had been accidentally drowned in that place a few minutes before the telegram was received here. Two of those drowned are the orphans of the late Mr. Eusebe Varin, a lumber merchant of this city. The little girls resided with their sister, Mrs. Turgeon, whose husband some time ago kept a store on Sussex-st. here, and not long since went to reside at Almonte. The children took Mrs. Turgeon's infant child out, and went into a boat to play, and by some means the boat was upset and the three poor children were drowned. An elder brother of the deceased, Mr. George Varin, who resides in this city, has left for the scene of the calamity.

Canada Central Railroad.—We learn that during the last few weeks a party of surveyors, engineers, and rodmen, have been engaged in running a trial compass line from a point in this city to Carleton Place on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, that the survey is now being vigorously prosecuted and in a few days will be completed. This railway will connect with the Brockville & Ottawa Railroad, probably at Almonte, and thus passing through the heart of the rich County of Carleton, will be of immense benefit to the agricultural and lumbering interests of the county, and, bringing a vast amount of trade to the capital, will be a boon to our citizens. We understand it to be in contemplation to place a passenger station, turn-table, &c., on the level of Centre Town, while a branch will be laid down to the Chaudiere mills. This will greatly aid the development of the lumber interests, which have already grown to such large proportions at that place. The company have completed an extensive purchase of land from Mr. Alderman Rochester for the purposes of the railroad in this vicinity. As soon as the survey shall have been completed, ground will be broken and the work vigorously pushed forward to completion.

Police Court.—Moise Lepine, a carter, was charged with cruelly beating his horse. He stated that the horse was baulky; but he was fined $2 and costs.—Edward Devlin was charged with committing a breach of the peace, whilst drunk; the case was adjourned till this morning.—Julia Ring was again brought up on the chronic complaint of drunkenness, and was sent to jail for one week only. Julia usually gets three weeks, but having desisted from her customary practice of singing all night in her cell, which heretofore has been held to be an aggravation of her offendings against justice, she was rewarded by a mitigation of her ordinary punishment. She is a fine looking woman, when sober and clean, though sickness is beginning to make visible marks on her, and unless she alter her course she will soon be past hope.—Paul Leveque was charged with the larceny of two coats. It was alleged that they were stolen by the prisoner from the hotel of Auguste Roy. Several witnesses were examined, who identified one of the coats, which was produced in court, and the prisoner was committed to take his trial at the next session of the Recorder's Court.—James Irwin was charged with stealing a mortar mill, the property of James Adams. James McD. Fraser, dealer in old iron and second hand goods, deposed to having bought the stolen article from the prisoner. There were no other witnesses for the prosecution present, and the case was adjourned till this morning. There are two other charges against the prisoner, one for stealing a pair of boots, and the other for stealing a cow, both of which will probably be investigated this morning.

NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY'S EXCURSION TO PAPINEAUVILLE.

It is seldom that it falls to any one's lot to join in a pleasanter party than that which left our town yesterday morning in the good steamer *Queen Victoria*, for a trip to the beautifully situated village of Papineauville. The excursion was organized and the necessary arrangements made for the trip by the Natural History Society, acting through a committee formed for the purpose. The privilege of joining in the excursion was not, however, confined to members of the Society, but was extended to their friends. Among those who took part in it were some of our prominent citizens, including many officers of the Government. A pleasant feature in the party was that it was not composed of the less interesting sex alone, but that wives, sisters and daughters made up a full half of it.

The day was a glorious one for a pleasure party, either on land or on water. The beautiful scenery of the Ottawa never struck the eye with a more attractive charm than it did yesterday, the trees which clothe the river banks wearing still those fresh and delicate buds which are only seen in spring and early summer. It is needless to say that the whole party enjoyed to the full all the healthful and inspiriting influences of the day. Upon arriving at Papineauville, they separated into little groups to explore the country, and find the prettiest spots for the rustic repast which was of course a prominent feature of the day's proceedings. Then there were the grounds of the Hon. Mr. Papineau to be visited; for the kind-hearted and courteous old gentleman had, upon being informed beforehand of the intended excursion, expressed his readiness to receive the party at his residence, and give them the full privilege of walking through his grounds. All the excursionists did not see Mr. Papineau, but those who did say that nothing could have been kinder than the manner in which he received them. The library of the venerable gentleman is a great curiosity and attraction in itself. It comprises, we should say, about 3,000 volumes in French and English, and ranges over an almost infinite variety of subjects. Law, politics, literature, science, agriculture, philology, and many other branches of study which it would be impossible here to enumerate, are all represented in that wonderful and unique collection. What struck one as a little remarkable was, that the library contained many works of very recent date, and that these bore evident marks of use, proving that the fearless liberal of a generation ago retains, in extreme old age, that taste for literature and love of study which characterized him in his earlier days. If Cicero could have seen this library he might have gathered some new and profitable reflections for his immortal essay, "De Senectute." We have not space, however, for any further details; suffice it to say that the party reached town again on the return trip of the *Queen*, after one of the very pleasant st days they could possibly have spent. We must not omit to mention that a vote of thanks to Capt. Bowie, for the very favorable arrangements he had made with the Society, for the extreme kindness and courtesy he had extended to all the excursionists, was unanimously carried amid strong manifestations of approval by the entire party.

COUNTY COURT.

The following is a list of the cases disposed of at the County Court, which finished its session on Wednesday.

Dufresne *vs.* McVey *et al.*—Wm. Mosgrove for plaintiff; N. Sparks for defendant. Action of assumpsit; verdict for plaintiff by consent, $103.41.

Young *et al. vs.* Gleason *et al.*—John G. Gemmill for plaintiff; E.P. Remon for defendant. Action of assumpsit; verdict for plaintiff by consent, $395.26.

Caldwell *vs.* Traversy.—George Taillon for plaintiff; Wm. Mosgrove for counsel; defended in person. Verdict for plaintiff, $115.26.

Green *vs.* Rorison.—George Taillon for plaintiff; Wm. Mosgrove counsel; Ed. P. Remon for defendant; R. Lyon counsel. Verdict for plaintiff for $144.64.

Campbell *et al. vs.* Lapierre.—E. P. Remon for plaintiff; R. Lyon, counsel; Geo. Taillon for defendant; verdict for plaintiff for $160.02.

Stevenson *vs.* Hely.—Action of assumpsit sent down from Superior Court for trial in the County Court by Judge's order. E. P. Remon for plaintiff; R. Lyon counsel; Geo. Taillon for defendant; verdict for plaintiff for $455.92.

Robinson *et al. vs.* Johnson.—D. O'Connor for plaintiff; R. Lyon counsel; W. J. Scott, jr., for defendant; verdict for plaintiff for $153 88.

Venner *vs.* Anderson *et al.*—Action of assumpsit; H. Lapierre for plaintiff; J. H. Bolton for defendant; verdict for plaintiff by consent $115.92.

Bowret *vs.* Lariviere.—H. Lapiere for plaintiff; Geo. Taillon for defendant; verdict by consent for plaintiff for $160.

Carrick *vs.* Lyons *et al.*—Action of assumpsit; W. H. Walker for plaintiff; D. O'Connor for defendant; verdict for plaintiff for $326.10.

Patterson *vs.* Morton *et al.*—W. H. Walker for plaintiff; J. A. Donovan for defendant. Action to recover five promissory notes; verdict for plaintiff, $123 22.

Heney *vs.* Perry—Action of covenant sent down from Superior Court for trial in County Court by Judge's order. W. H. Walker for plaintiff; Alex. Gibb for defendant; verdict for plaintiff for $773.55.

Galt *et al. vs.* Traversy—J. B. Lewis for plaintiff; defendant in person; verdict for plaintiff for $142.94.

Trester *vs.* Clunie—J. B. Lewis for plaintiff; E. P. Remon for defendant; verdict for plaintiff for $253.91.

Noel *et al vs.* Aylen—Action on covenant sent down from Superior Court for trial in the County Court by Judge's order; verdict for plaintiff for $1,820.00

Egleson *et al vs.* Murray—J. Gemmill for plaintiff; no defence; damages assessed at $104.34.

Wilkinson *vs.* Valiquette—Administratrix of the late Joachim Valiquette, action of assumpsit—W. H. Walker for plaintiff; M. O'Gara for defendant; verdict by consent for plaintiff for $382.50.

Landrian *vs.* Pearce, Geo. Taillon for plaintiff, W. Mosgrove counsel, H. Lapierre for defendant, P. J. Buckley counsel. This action was brought to recover the labour due on a promissory note signed by defendant by making his mark thereto, but in the presence of a witness who is now absent in the United States. Defence was that the defendant did not make the note and that he had paid the same thereby placing the onus of proof of making upon the plaintiff. Owing to the absence of the necessary and material witness, and at the suggestion and out of deference to the court the plaintiff took a non-suit.

Whelan *vs.* Kealy.—M. O'Gara for plaintiff; P. J. Buckley for defendant. Action brought to recover balance due upon an account rendered. The defence contended that the payment had been made on account of $91, but gave no evidence of the fact. Verdict for plaintiff for the full amount claimed and interest thereon, $104.

Simpson *vs.* Scott.—R. Lees for plaintiff; J. B. Ruck for defendant; J. P. McPherson counsel. This action was brought to recover the amount of two promissory notes, and interest accrued thereon from the time the notes fell due. The defence set up was that defendant had sold a horse to plaintiff for the sum of $18, and had also boarded the plaintiff (who is a schoolmaster) for a portion of three years. The jury deducted from the amount of plaintiff's claim, $50, and gave a verdict in favor of the plaintiff for the balance, viz., $173.81.

Venner *vs.* Jarvis *et al.*—H. Lapierre for plaintiff; J. F. Bolton for defendant. Action to recover the amount of a promissory note against maker and endorser. Case settled and record withdrawn.

McCarron *vs.* Anderson *et al.*—D. O'Connor for plaintiff; R. Lyon, counsel; J. F. Bolton for defendant. Action brought to recover the amount of promissory note against the maker and endorser. Defendants pleaded that plaintiff was not the holder of the note. The jurors thought he was, and gave a verdict for him for $254 48.

O'Connor *vs.* Anderson.—D. O'Connor in person; R. Lyon, counsel; J. F. Bolton for defendant. This was similar action to the above, excepting that the holder omitted to protest the note at maturity, and thereby lost his right to recover against the endorser. Plea same as in last case. Verdict for plaintiff for $123.96.

Latest by Telegraph.

FROM TORONTO.

The Anglican Synod—Address of Condolence to Bishop Strachan's Family—Rev. Mr. Punshon—Military Knapsacks—Billetts for 1,500 Men.

Special to THE TIMES.

Toronto, June 11, 1868.

The city is very quiet.

The Anglican Synod is still sitting. The address of condolence to Bishop Strachan's family was adopted. Rev. Mr. Punshon, the Wesleyan Minister is to take up his residence here for two or three years.

About twelve bales of knapsacks for the 10th Royals and Queen's Own have arrived here.

The City Clerk has orders to prepare billetts for 1,500 men.

CABLE NEWS

(Via Montreal Line.)

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Ascot Races.

London, June 10.—The Ascot Derby was won by the Marquis of Hastings' colt the *Earl*; *Captain* was second and *Suffolk* third. The royal hunt cup was won by *Satyr*; *Eastley* was second, and *Master Willie* third. The Fernhill stakes were won by Dow's colt *Derere*; *Leonie* was second. The Ascot Biennial was won by the *Earl*; *Suffolk* was second, and *Royal* third. The Coronet stakes were won by the Marquis of Hastings' filly, *Athern*.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Particulars of the Assassination of the Reigning Prince of Servia and his Cousin—The Assassins a Father and two Sons—Two of them Arrested and One Still at Large.

London, June 10.—The particulars of the assassination of Prince Michael of Servia, which occurred at Belgrade yesterday, have been received by telegraph from that city to-day. The Prince while walking leisurely through one of the public parks, at about 5 o'clock last evening, was suddenly attacked by three assassins who were armed with revolvers. He was accompanied in his ramblings by his cousen, and a daughter of the latter, together with his usual attendants. The assassins directed their fire promiscuously at the royal party. At the first shot the Prince fell and expired immediately. The cousin of the Prince was also hit and died in a few minutes afterwards. The daughter received a flesh wound but is not seriously injured. One or two of the valets were also slightly wounded. The assassins were recognised as three brothers; one of them was promptly taken while hurrying from the scene of the tragedy, and it is thought that the other will not be able to escape the vigorous measures taken by the authorities for their capture. The assassination has produced the most profound excitement and sorrow throughout the country.

London, June 11.—The last despatches from Belgrade represents that the excitement prevaling in that city, and throughout the principal cities, is intense and unabated. No outbreak has occurred in consequence. Two of the assassins of Prince Michael have been arrested. It has been ascertained that it was not three brothers who fired the fatal shots, but a father and his two sons, one of the latter is still at large, but it is believed he cannot escape.

London, June 11.—The official returns of the Bank of England, published this afternoon, show that the amount of specie in the vaults has increased £235,000 sterling since last report.

Paris, June 11.—The *Moniteur* states that the Czar of Russia has made a proposal to the Emperor Napoleon that Russia and France unite in an effort to induce all European nations to abandon the use of Torpedoes and explosive projectiles in time of war. The *Moniteur* adds that this humane proposal meets with the approval of the Emperor, who, however, thinks that it may still be necessary to employ Torpedoes for defensive purposes.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Via Montreal Line.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Mr. Groesbeck Tendered the Secretaryship of the Treasury.

Washington, June 10.—The President has written a letter to Hon. W. S. Groesbeck, tendering to him the office of Secretary of the Treasury.

Railroad Competition.

San Francisco, June 10.—Great exertions are being put forth to complete the Central Pacific Railroad to Salt Lake, in advance of the Union Pacific Railroad.

The Monro Doctrine.

New York, June 11.—The *Times'* special says that information has been received that the Prussian Government lately opened negotiations with Costa Rica for a naval station in the Caribbean sea. The Costa Rican Government refused to accede to the solicitation so flatteringly presented, and made a pointed allusion to the Monro doctrine, the principles of which are declared in the answer to be acknowledged by all America.

Reconstruction.

The *Sun's* special says that Senator Ross stated to-day officially, that the President will not sign or veto the Arkansas Bill, but will allow it to become law without action. This will admit Arkansas on the 20th instant, and indicates the fate of all other similar bills.

Assassination of the Reigning Prince of Servia.

New York, June 11.—The *Herald's* Belgrade (Servia) special says: This afternoon, Michael, the reigning Prince of Servia, while walking in the Topschidor park, was shot down by three men with revolvers. There is great excitement here over the assassination.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

The City Council and Soldiers of Saltello, Mexico, Murdered by Bandits.

The *Herald's* Brownsville special says that six hundred bandits had captured Saltello, Mexico, murdered all the City Council, and all soldiers on duty.

Mr. Wooley Discharged.

New York, June 11.—Mr. Wooley has been discharged from arrest by the Managers' Committee, but is held to appear and answer such further questions as may be asked him.

The Dorn Impeachment.

Albany, June 11.—In the Dorn impeachment the testimony was all put in to-day, and the summing up commenced. It is thought that the arguments will be concluded and the case adjourned to-morrow or next day.

Further Postponement of the Jerome Park Races.

New York, June 11.—Owing to a heavy rain storm, the Jerome Park races for to-day were postponed till to-morrow.

Specie for Europe.

The steamer *America* took for Europe $530,000.

BOARD OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES.

Ottawa City, June 4, 1868.

The Board met pursuant to notice.

Present—Messrs. J. D. Slater, Chairman; Preston, Abbott, McCloy, Wilson, Kirby, May, Pratt, Workman and Robinson.

The minutes were read and approved.

The following communication from H. J. Friel, Esq., was read by the chairman:

To the Board of Trustees, Common Schools, City of Ottawa.

Gentlemen,—As a matter of duty I communicated to your Local Superintendent my desire to visit the schools under your charge during the first half year of my term of office. In company with J. D. Slater, Esq., your respected chairman, and the Local Superintendent, Mr. Cousens, this visit was paid on Tuesday last. Too much praise cannot be bestowed upon the Central School in Lower Town, and I heartily congratulate the Board on the success which has attended their exertions in this particular. When a good Central School of like character is established in the Upper Town, and primary school buildings, such as that in Ottawa Ward, are constructed, there will be little left to be desired so far as buildings are concerned.

The brightening up of the old school rooms has suggested itself to your superintendent, and will doubtless be a good preparation for the approaching warm season.

I think you have an excellent body of teachers, and the neat, healthy appearance of the children was particularly gratifying.

More frequent visits of Trustees, Clergymen, Magistrates and others, would be of great encouragement to the teachers.

I heartily congratulate the Board upon its successful exertions to improve educational facilities in the city.

I have the honor to be gentlemen,
Your obdt. servt.,
Henry J. Friel,
Mayor.

Moved by Mr. Abbott, seconded by Mr. Preston, that the letter of H. J. Friel, Esq., just read, having reference to his visit, in company with the chairman and others to the different schools under this Board, be received and entered on the minutes.—Carried.

REPORT OF BUILDING COMMITTEE, NO. 2.

To the Chairman and Board of School Trustees of Ottawa:

Gentlemen,—Your Committee in this their second report beg leave to submit—

That they have examined the accounts of Messrs. Surtees and Hodgson, and would recommend that the account of Mr. Hodgson be accepted and paid. With respect to the account of Mr. Surtees, your Committee would draw the attention of the Board to a letter dated 6th August, 1867, from Mr. Surtees, hereunto annexed, offering to superintend the proposed school house, in Ottawa Ward, for a percentage of 2½ per cent. on the actual cost thereof, which amount, together with that of Mr. Hodgson, your Committee would recommend to be paid in the usual way, after being examined and certified by the Committee on Finance. Your Committee would also state, that the plans, detail drawings, and all papers connected with both school houses, should become the property of this Board.

All of which is respectfully submitted,
(Signed,) Francis Abbott, Chairman.
Thos. H. Kirby, G. H. Preston.
Ottawa, June 4th, 1868.

Moved by Mr. Abbott, seconded by Mr. Preston, that report No. 2 of the Building Committee, just read, be received and adopted, and that Messrs. Surtees and Hodgson be requested to hand to the Secretary of this Board all plans, detail drawings, and other papers connected with the Central School East, and the new building in letter O, with as little delay as possible.—Carried.

REPORT NO. 7, SCHOOL MANAGEMENT.

To the Corporation of the Board of School Trustees for the City of Ottawa:

Your Committee would respectfully submit the following report—

1st. At the last meeting of your Board this Committee presented a synopsis of the schools under your control, when, by an unintentional error, the names of pupils most frequently late in their attendance at the Central School East, were given as "most attentive to studies." It must be borne in mind that there were at that time two hundred and seventy two pupils attending the Central School East, and although the error did occur, the Chairman of this Committee corrected the same by inserting a communication in the Ottawa *Citizen* newspaper.

Your Committee would now give such amendment to your Board:

The names of six pupils most attentive to studies during the month of March in the Central School East, were:

Three girls—Sarah Walsh, Minnie Living, and Martha Stewart.

Three boys—Alex. Taylor, John Davies, and R. Ball.

FROM REPORTS FOR THE MONTH OF APRIL.

2nd. The Local Superintendent shows an average attendance per week in all your schools of 736 pupils, being an increase of 34 over the preceding month.

3rd. Mr. A. Smirl, Principal of Central School East, in his summary report, has shown that there are 296 names on the roll books, being an increase of 23 pupils, with an average attendance of 247. Names of six pupils most attentive to studies: Three girls, E. Living, M. Stewart, and M. Imley; three boys, A. Taylor, N. Irvine, and Sidney Preston.

4th. In first division, Mr. A. Smirl, Principal, Mr. S. Rathwell, Assistant; pupils names on roll 72, average attendance 67. Names of six most attentive to studies: Three girls, E. Living, M. Dyde, and V. Townsend; three boys, A. Taylor, J. Jarvis, and J. Jones.

5th. In Second Division, Mr. J. C. Stewart, Principal, Miss Johnston, Assistant; pupils names on roll 79, average attendance 64. Names of six most attentive to studies: Three girls, M. Imley, M. Living, and L. Timmons; three boys, W. Irvine, John Grant, and John McLaren.

6th. Third Division of boys, Miss Fleming, Principal, Miss E. Langrell, Assistant; pupils names on roll 77, average attendance 61. Names of six most attentive to studies: Sidney Preston, Horace Langrell, Wm. Davies, Victor Grant, Robert Henderson, and Charles Marshall.

7th. Third Division of girls, Miss Geddes, Principal, Miss Living, Assistant; pupils names on roll 68, average attendance 55. Names of six most attentive to studies: Martha Stewart, Emily Welch, Elsie Davis, Emma Stratton, C. Pinkerton, and S. Henderson.

8th. St. George's Ward—Preparatory Department for Central School, Miss Humphries, Principal, Miss Gilmour, Assistant; pupils names on roll 111, average attendance 90. Names of six most attentive to studies: Three girls, A. Nichols, E. Shelton, and J. Steacy; three boys, E. Drolan, W. Armstrong, and W. Gilpin.

9th. Ottawa Ward—Preparatory Department for Central School, Miss Murphy, Teacher; report not signed; pupils names on roll 75, average attendance 63. Names of six most attentive to studies: Three girls, Sarah Burritt, Eda Taepha, and Lizzie McCullough; three boys, George Morrison, George Burritt, and William McCloy.

10th. Wellington Ward, Albert-st.—Chas. H. Tucker, Principal, Miss Carson, Assistant, Principal's Department; pupils names on roll 68, average attendance per month not given. Names of six most attentive to studies: Three girls, S. Atwood, J. Pratt, and J. Fraser; three boys, T. Sheldon, W. Stewart, and J. McCaully.

S. S. 1. Miss Carson's department, pupils names on roll 69, average attendance not given. Names of six most attentive to studies: Three girls, A. Graham, S. Fisher, and N. Wood; three boys, A. Scott, J. Lecure, and Arcline May.

VICTORIA TERRACE.

11th. D. Robertson, Principal; the Misses Sparks, Assistants.

Principal's Department.—1st Division: Pupils names on roll 59; average attendance 45; names of six most attentive to studies: Three girls, Christiana Scott, Fanny Clarke, and Emma Bishop; three boys, Leonard Link, Foster McAmond and Peter Morris. S. S. 1, Miss Sparks' Department—2nd Division: Pupils names on roll 45; average attendance 34; names of six most attentive to studies: Three girls, Martha King, Adeline Patterson and S. Whitehead; three boys, Wm. Sweet, James Strachan and Edward Steacy. S.S. 2, Miss J. Sparks' Department—3rd division: Pupils names on roll 57; average attendance 40; names of six most attentive to studies: Three girls, Annie Beattie, Matilda Wilson and M. J. McRea; three boys, W. Peterkin, G. McLaughlin and C. Clarke.

ALBERT SCHOOL.

12th. Miss E. Murray, Principal; Mrs. Bingham, assistant.

Principal's Department.—Pupils names on roll 52; average attendance 37; names of six most attentive to studies: Three girls, Mary Hastie, Isabella Collman and M. Poppin; three boys, Wm. Edwards, Geo. Pickering and Jos. Purdie. S. S. 1, Mrs. Bingham's Department—2nd division: Pupils names on roll 59; average attendance 42; names of six most attentive to studies: Three girls, Margaret Sharp, Lizzie Best and M. McGaw; three boys, John Purdy, John Sharp and Edward Coburn.

LEBRETON'S FLAT, VICTORIA WARD.

13th. William Stewart, Principal; Miss Stewart, Assistant.

These reports are incomplete, and as this is the second month the same has occurred your Committee recommend that the Local Superintendent enquire into the cause, and report accordingly.

14th. Your Committee consider it of vital importance to the prosperity of each school, that the teachers should be in a position to furnish the simple information required by each form of report, as sanctioned by your Board; also to have the same filled up explicitly in every particular. The only reports that are correctly filled up, are those received from each Department of the Central School East, including the Principal's summary.

15th. The following communications were referred to your Committee, viz.: From Mr. Cousens, Local Superintendent; Miss Humphries, Teacher, and from H. McCormick, Esq. S. S. 1.—The first having reference to the Central School East, and Ottawa Ward, has been duly attended to. S. S. 2.—It would form a bad precedent to recommend any interference with present agreements, consequently, Miss Humphries' request for an increase of salary cannot now be granted.

16th. It must be apparent to your Board that the average attendance of pupils at the schools under your control is small. This is attributed to the want of a proper standard of regulations, such as could be given to each pupil, and thus both parent and child could become familiar with the rules of your institutions.

17th. With a view to occupy the basement of the Central School East your committee consider it advisable to make arrangements so that all the children who can read, although not sufficiently advanced to enter the third divisions, may be formed into a fourth, and taught in the same basement as a preparatory department.

Respectfully submitted.
(Signed) G. H. Preston, Chairman.
A. Pratt,
T. H. Kirby.
Ottawa, June 4, 1868.

Moved by Mr. Preston, seconded by Mr. Kirby, that Report No. 7 from the Committee on School Management, just read, be received and adopted.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Pratt, seconded by Mr. Kirby, that the accounts of Mr. Wm. Minore, Mr. Carleton, Mr. Heney and Mr. Howe, also that of Messrs. Horne & Hope, be received and referred to the Finance Committee, they having been certified to by the proper committees ordering the same.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Preston, seconded by Mr. Abbott, that whereas by some means an account presented to this Board from Theodore Frederick for work performed at Central School Building East, the same having been duly certified as correct, has been mislaid, the Secretary is hereby instructed to procure a duplicate thereof, and also that when so procured and certified by the Building Committee that the chairman do grant a cheque for the same, suspending rule 41 for this purpose.—Carried.

The following tenders for the building of Central School West were opened and read by the Chairman:

John Langford	$19,228.00
John Webster and Jas. Matthews	17,703.00
Stewart and Stockand	16,906.00
Donald Dow	15,999.00

Moved by Mr. Abbott, seconded by Mr. Preston, that this Board do now form themselves into a Committee of the Whole, for the purpose of opening tenders, &c., Mr. May in the chair.—Carried.

Report of the Committee of the Whole on tenders for school building known as Central School West. The following tenders were opened:

John Langford	$19,228.00
John Webster and Jas. Mathews	17,703.00
Stewart and Stockand	16,906.00
Donald Dow	$15,999.00

The committee recommend the acceptance of Mr. Donald Dow's tender, amounting to $15,999.00.

(Signed) Geo. May,
Chairman of Committee.
Ottawa, June 4, 1868.

Moved by Mr. Preston, seconded by Mr. Abbott, that the Report from the Committee of the Whole, just read, be received and adopted, and that the Chairman have a contract prepared and duly executed forthwith.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Pratt, seconded by Mr. Abbott, that the monthly reports of the Local Superintendent, Mr. Cousens, and the Principal and Assistant-Teachers under this Board be received and referred to the Committee on School Management.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Kirby, seconded by Mr. McCloy, that in accordance with a notice given last month that the School Management Committee be struck off the list of Committees, be it resolved that in future all reports usually referred to the School Management Committee be referred to the Local Superintendent.

Moved in amendment by Mr. Preston, seconded by Mr. Pratt, that all the words in the motion now under discussion be expunged, and that the following be inserted in lieu thereof:

That it is inexpedient to amend or expunge a rule until its working has been thoroughly tested, and in the case proposed in the motion it would be advisable that ample time be given to consider its effects previous to its adoption. The Committee on School Management has accomplished considerable improvement to our educational system within this municipality, and its benefit will more clearly be seen at the close of the present year. It is, therefore, advisable to postpone any interference with the working of that Committee for the present.

The Board then adjourned.
James Joynt, Secretary.

Great Clearing Sale of Dry Goods.

Cunningham & Lindsay
No. 14, RIDEAU-STREET.
WILL COMMENCE
ON MONDAY, the 15th INSTANT,
TO SELL THE BALANCE OF THEIR SUMMER STOCK OF
Millinery, Mantles, Shawls, Dress Goods, Prints, Muslins, &c.,
At Prices which must effect a Speedy Sale.
☞ For Particulars See Circulars.
Ottawa, June 12, 1868. 510y

A Conundrum.—Why is it better that the Fenians should come over here at the present time? Because now we can give them a great punchin'.—(Punshon).

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

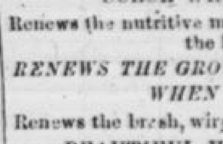
For a choice selection of pickles, sauces &c., go to Bate & Co., 52 Spark st. 762d

The Reciprocity Treaty.—The American press do not seem to be at all satisfied whether the Reciprocity Treaty is beneficial or a detriment to the prosperity of the American Government, but it is gratifying to see that on some points the United States press and the Canadians agree, and one is that the Canadian Pain Destroyer is the best thing for the cure of coughs, colds, frost-bites, rheumatism, &c. Sold by all medicine dealers at twenty-five cents per bottle.

Not Quite So.—"It is among the most savage and debased tribes only that the condition and comfort of the horse have been neglected;" but we believe there are many in civilized countries who are guilty of the same neglect, and without the excuse of the former; here all may avail themselves of the use of an article which has done more than anything else heretofore known to improve the condition and relieve the suffering of the horse. Those who will not use it will be the losers, their horses the sufferers, to avoid both use "Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and Condition Medicine," and you will be satisfied with the result. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.*, is on each package. *Northrup & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

The HOT and COLD MINERAL WATER BATHS at the CALEDONIA SPRINGS are pronounced by the most eminent of the MEDICAL FACULTY to be the best of their kind in the world. 764-3


HALL'S
VEGETABLE SICILIAN
HAIR
RENEWER.
RENEWS THE HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR WHEN GRAY.
Renews the nutritive matter which nourishes the hair.
RENEWS THE GROWTH OF THE HAIR WHEN BALD.
Renews the brash, wiry hair to silken softness.
BEAUTIFUL HAIR DRESSING.
One bottle shows its effects.
R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N.H., Proprietors.
For sale by all druggists. 762dwd

Bronchitis, Coughs, Asthma,
And all disorders of the Throat and Lungs, are relieved by using "Brown's Bronchial Troches."

"I have been afflicted with Bronchitis during the past winter, and found no relief until I found your 'Bronchial Troches.'
C. H. Gardiner,
Principal of Rutger's Female Institute, New York.'

"Almost instant relief in the distressing labor of breathing peculiar to Asthma."
Rev. A. C. Eggleston, New York.

"It gives me great pleasure to certify to the efficacy of your Bronchial Troches, in an affliction of the throat and voice, induced by public singing. They have suited my case exactly, relieving my throat and clearing the voice so that I could sing with ease.
T. Ducharme,
Chorister French Parish Church, Montreal.'

"When somewhat hoarse from cold or over-exertion in public speaking, I have uniformly found Brown's Troches afford relief.
Henry Wilkes, D. D.,
Pastor of Zion Church, Montreal."

Sold by all dealers in medicines at 25 cents a box.

BIRTH.

In this city, on the 10th inst., the wife of Wm. Wilson, M. D., of a daughter.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

TO LET, FURNISHED.

A COMFORTABLE HOUSE, containing Parlor, Dining Room, 3 Bedrooms, and servants' apartments. It is within five minutes' walk of the Post Office, and will be let for such a term as may be required. For terms, &c., address—"Furnished Quarters, Box 61, P. O."
Ottawa, June 12, 1868. 765-3

APARTMENTS WANTED,

(Unfurnished) by two gentlemen, within easy distance of the Parliament Buildings. Address—Box 123, Post Office. 766-1

LACROSSE.

The Members of the OTTAWA LACROSSE CLUB are requested to attend a meeting at KAVANAGH'S, on MONDAY EVENING, FIFTEENTH INST., for the purpose of choosing a team to play a game with the Indians.
Ottawa, June 12, 1868. 766d

NOTICE.

BOATS FOR PIC-NICS.—In order to prevent disappointment, and ensure punctuality, parties requiring Boats for Pic-Nics between Ottawa and Hull, off the line of the ferry, to Bellevue Gardens or elsewhere, should apply to the undersigned direct, a couple of days in advance, instead of making arrangements with the proprietors of Gardens or other places of amusement. Parties infringing on the rights and privileges of the Ferry License will be prosecuted to the utmost rigour of the law.
JOSEPH SMITH. 766a
Ottawa, June 12, 1868.

Coffee! Coffee!

TO those who enjoy a Cup of
REALLY FINE COFFEE
—TRY—
BUCHANAN'S
Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha,
JAVA & JAMAICA,
Roasted and Ground
Daily on the premises, by steam power.
JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.
739tf
May 11, 1868.

Auction... BY A. ...
IMPORTANT and S... HOUSEHOLD ... Feather... Carpets, Crock... &c. &c.
To close consignments, ... instructed to sell at his R... NO. 42 RIDE...
Saturday, June ...
the following Goods:—Ha... styles and sizes; Hair C... Centre Tables, B. W.; Ca... ert-styles and sizes, B.W., ... Extension Dining Tables, ... Tables and Whatnots, B. ... reps, B.W. Bedsteads, ... stands; also black walnut ... different styles; Armed R... do.; Easy Chairs, in hair ... Bed; Tapestry; Carpets, ... Cooking Stove, elevated ... attached; also, at the s... superior Herring's Safe. ... The sale is positive an... N.B.—The Stock must ... room for other Goods wh... a few days.
Sale at TWO p.m.
Terms Cash—in bankab...
Ottawa, June 9, 1868.

Pickles, S...
JUST RECEIVED...
CROSSE & BLAC...
Ex ship "Ardmill...
125 DOZ. MIX...
35 DOZ. Gerkin...
35 DOZ. Onions...
35 DOZ. Chow C...
30 DOZ. Piccali...
25 DOZ. Walnu...
20 DOZ. Caulif...
15 DOZ. Imperia...
15 DOZ. West I...
15 DOZ. Capt. W...
Reading Sauce, King of Oude Sa..., Harvey do., John Bull do., Kalos Geusis do., Soyer's do., Worcestershire do., India Soy, Essence of Anch..., Essence of Shrim..., Mushroom Ketch..., Walnut Ketchup, French Capers, Chili Vinegar, Tarragon Vinega..., Raspberry Vineg..., Olives, Potted Fruits, an..., Raspberry Jam, Strawberry do., Damson do., Gooseberry do., Red Currant do., Black do. do., Red do. Jelly, Black do. do., Crystallized Frui..., Fruits in Noyeau, Preserved Ginger, Currie Powder, Anchovy Paste, Potted Ham, Beef..., Potted Yarmouth..., Strasbourg Potted..., Soup and Bouille..., Mock Turtle Soup, Mulligatawny So..., Hare Soup, Jugged Hare, Pheasants in Gra..., Grouse in Gravy, Partridge in Gra..., Paté de Foie Gras, Paté D'Alouettes, Paté de Cailles.
A large lot of Keen's ... half lb. and 1 lb. tins...
BAT...
June 8, 1868.

PIANOS...
JUST REC...
London M...
... Her Maj...
Welli...
A new and spl...
PIANO...
... UNIC...
Every PIANO... ment warranted f...
Also just received a ...
VICTORIA ORGA...
VIOLINS, CONCE... in great variety. Second hand Pianos ... new ones. Connected with thi... Manufacturer, who wil... orders for TUNING le...
Ottawa, March 25, 18...

MI...
HAIRDRESSI...
BELL'S BLO...
THIS SALOON ... and attractive ... tended by competent ...
Hair Dresser, ... Excel...
Ottawa, April 13.

Auction Sales
BY A. ROWE.

IMPORTANT and Special Sale of
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE!
Feather Beds,
Carpets, Crockery, Stoves,
&c., &c., &c.

To close consignments, the subscriber has been instructed to sell at his Rooms,
NO. 42 RIDEAU STREET,
—ON—
Saturday, June 13th, 1868,
the following Goods:—Hair Cloth Sofas, different styles and sizes; Hair Cloth Chairs to match; Centre Tables, B.W.; Carved Sideboards, different styles and sizes, B.W.; Bureaus, with glasses; Extension Dining Tables, B.W.; Drawing Room Tables and Whatnots, B.W.; Couches in hair and repps, B.W.; Bedsteads, B.W.; enclosed Washstands; also black walnut Cane Seated Chairs, in different styles; Armed Rockers, in cane, and nursing do.; Easy Chairs, in hair cloth; 1 superior Feather Bed; Tapestry; Carpets, quite new; 1 superior Cooking Stove, elevated oven, with furniture attached; also, at the same time and place, a superior Sterring's Safe.
The sale is positive and without reserve.
N.B.—The Stock must be disposed of to make room for other Goods which will be advertised in a few days.
Sale at TWO p.m.
Terms Cash—in bankable funds.
A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, June 9, 1868. 763d

Pickles, Sauces, &c.,

JUST RECEIVED DIRECT FROM
CROSSE & BLACKWELL, London,
Ex ship "Ardmillan," the following:

125 DOZ. MIXED PICKLES,
35 DOZ. Gerkins,
35 DOZ. Onions,
35 DOZ. Chow Chow,
30 DOZ. Piccolill,
25 DOZ. Walnuts,
20 DOZ. Cauliflower,
15 DOZ. Imperial Hot,
15 DOZ. West India,
15 DOZ. Capt. White's Oriental

Reading Sauce,
King of Oude Sauce,
Harvey do.
John Bull do.
Kalos Ceusis do.
Soyer's do.
Worcestershire do.
India Soy,
Essence of Anchovies,
Essence of Shrimps,
Mushroom Ketchup,
Walnut Ketchup,
French Capers,
Chili Vinegar,
Tarragon Vinegar,
Raspberry Vinegar,
Olives,
Potted Fruits, an assortment,
Raspberry Jam,
Strawberry do.
Damson do.
Gooseberry do.
Red Currant do.
Black do. do.
Red do. Jelly.
Black do. do.
Crystallized Fruits,
Fruits in Noyeau,
Preserved Ginger in Jars and 1 lb. Pots,
Curry Powder,
Anchovy Paste,
Potted Ham, Beef and Tongue,
Potted Yarmouth Bloaters,
Strasbourg Potted Meats,
Soup and Bouille,
Mock Turtle Soup,
Mulligatawny Soup,
Hare Soup,
Jugged Hare,
Pheasants in Gravy,
Grouse in Gravy,
Partridge in Gravy,
Paté de Foie Gras,
Paté D'Alouettes,
Paté de Cailles.

ALSO,
A large lot of Koch's Celebrated Mustard in half lb. and 1 lb. tins.

BATE & Co.,
53, SPARKS-ST.
June 8, 1868. 762d

PIANOS. PIANOS.

JUST RECEIVED AT THE
London Music Store!
Her Majesty's Theatre,
Wellington Street,
A new and splendid assortment of
PIANOFORTES!
UNION MAKE,
Every PIANO from this establishment warranted for 5 years.
Also just received a new stock of
VICTORIA ORGANS and MELODEONS
VIOLINS, CONCERTINAS, GUITARS, &c., in great variety.
Second hand Pianos taken in part payment for new ones.
Connected with this establishment is a Piano Manufacturer, who will attend punctually to all orders for TUNING left at the London Music Store.
E. MILES,
Lessee of Her Majesty's Theatre
Ottawa, March 25, 1868. 551-39y

MILES' HAIRDRESSNG SALOON!

BELL'S BLOCK, ELGIN-ST.

THIS SALOON is fitted up in a neat and attractive manner, and is always attended by competent and attentive workmen.
E. MILES,
Hair Dresser, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General.
Ottawa, April 13. 715y

Magee & Russell's

—GREAT—
REMOVAL SALE!
COMMENCED
MONDAY,
JUNE 1st.

NO RESERVE.

All Goods re-marked in plain figures, with Red Ink, showing the actual reductions.
The following are only a few of the bargains offered. The public are invited to inspect the stock, and judge for themselves before purchasing:—

FANCY SILK DRESSES
That were selling for $16 and $17, reduced to $12 and $13.

SILKS
Marked $19 to $23.50, reduced to $15, $16 and $15.50, the full dress of 15 yards.
All our rich French Silks reduced from $5 to $8 on each dress.

BLACK GLACIE
And Gros Grain Silks all reduced.

MANTLE VELVETS and VELVETEENS,
Only received a few days ago, marked down from 10 to 15 per cent.

BLACK LACE SHAWLS,
Commencing at $1.25.
All the rich Spanish and Pusher Lace Shawls will show large reductions.
Paisley Shawls reduced from $1.50 to $5 on each shawl.
Last year's Barege Shawls reduced to nearly half price.

NEW HOOP SKIRTS
Cheaper than anything in the trade. Old fashioned large Hoop Skirts almost given away. Would pay to have them altered.

LADIES STRAW HATS & BONNETS,
New styles, all reduced.
All old shapes in Straw Goods sold for what they will fetch.
Pattern Bonnets and all trimmed Millinery greatly reduced.
One Case Shakers at 12½c, some of them worth 50c.

NEW PARASOLS
Reduced from 10 to 20 per cent. Old ones to about half price.

500 PALM LEAF FANS
Sold during the sale at 5 cents each; not more an two to one customer.
Several thousand Ladies' Imitation Lace Paper Collars for half the New York price.
About 150 pieces Mohair and Poplinette Dress Goods, will be offered at such prices as must clear them out.

PRINTED DELAINES
That sold from 17½ to 20 cents per yard, marked down to 12½ cents.

FRENCH DELAINES
And Merinos, Cobourgs, Lustres, Glacie, Alpacas, Printed Muslins, and all other Dress Goods in stock, likewise reduced.
A lot of washing Challies will be offered very low.
All domestic goods, such as Sheeting, Table Linens, Towellings, Flannels, &c., will show heavy reductions.

OUR COTTONS
Being all purchased when the raw material was at its lowest point in Liverpool, customers would do well to lay in a stock during the sale. We will sell all Cotton goods far below what it would cost to import them just now.

PRINTS
At 7, 9 and 11 cents per yard; present retail value 10, 12½ and 15 cents per yard.

SPLENDID STYLES IN TWEEDS,
Coatings and Cloakings, at the reduced figures.

CARPETS,
Damasks, and all kinds of House Furnishings, and other heavy goods that would be troublesome to remove, will be cleared out at and below cost price.

LADIES BEST FRENCH KID GLOVES
Will be sold at $1 per pair, and all soiled and damaged Kid Gloves will be thrown in with the slow selling colours and sold at much less money.

GENTS' MERINO UNDERCLOTHING,
Dress and Flannel Shirts, Ties and Collars, all marked down to removal prices.
One lot of 68 gross Printed Paper Collars will be sold for 12½ cents the Box of 12 Collars; well worth 25 cents.

DRESS TRIMMINGS,
Embroidery, Lace Goods, Cotton Lisle and Silk Gloves, are all reduced.
A job lot of Dress Fringes, now so fashionable, will be sold at 12½ cents per yard, some of them being worth at the present price of Silk about 35 cents per yard.
A remarkably cheap lot of Ladies' Cambric Handkerchiefs, also, Ladies' and Childrens' Cotton Hose, at least 40 per cent less than last year's prices.

The intention being to reduce the stock to
Lowest Possible Point,
Before removing to New Premises (now building) in the Autumn. Great care has been taken to re-mark the entire stock at such prices as must effect

LARGE SALES
AND INSURE
A Speedy Clearance.

DURING THIS SALE
NO SAMPLES WILL BE CUT,
NO GOODS WILL BE SENT ON APPROBAT
NOR SOLD ON CREDI

Magee & Russell.
Ottawa, June 2, 1868. 707y

Auction Sales
BY J. BERMINGHAM.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET.
A large and well FURNISHED HOUSE, or four Bedrooms, Sitting Room and Drawing Room of same, in a healthy and respectable locality, within three minutes walk of the Government Buildings. For particulars apply to J. BERMINGHAM, House and Land Agent, Dominion Auction Mart, Sussex-st.
Ottawa, June 4, 1868. 759tf

FOR SALE!
THAT Splendid First-Class
HOTEL,
IN THE
CAPITAL OF THE DOMINION!
KNOWN AS THE
REVERE HOUSE,
And at present leased at a rental of $2,000. It is one of the best buildings in the city. Its length is one hundred and six (106) feet by forty (40) feet wide, built of stone, with cut stone front and tin roof. The house contains fifty bedrooms, five parlors and dining room, with bar, kitchen and laundry attached. There is a new Brick Stable, sixty-six (66) by thirty (30) feet, capable of stabling forty Horses, a large yard and outbuildings; also a vacant lot, which the purchaser can have if required to enlarge. The premises are in excellent order, being only five years built. Very lately a sum of $2,000 was expended improving the building. For a first-class hotel, or Military Quarters, it cannot be equalled in the city.
TERMS EASY, and made known free of charge, by letter or otherwise, on application to
J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer,
Commission and Real Estate Agent.
Ottawa, June 3, 1868. 758d

Dominion Auction Mart,
AND
Commission Sale Rooms
House, Land & General Agency,
OFFICE & SALE ROOMS.
INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-STREET,
OTTAWA.

THE SUBSCRIBER
Respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city.
From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.
Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.
The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.
They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.
From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.
The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.
The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.
He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.
He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.
Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.
All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.
His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis B. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Reilly, Esq, Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.
A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.
J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
753y House, Land and General Agent.

Storekeepers, Farmers and Others,
SHOULD BUY THEIR TEAS FROM
The Importers Direct.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY, 6, Hospital-street, Montreal, have sent over one thousand packages to different parts of the country, and receive every day assurances that the Tea gives entire satisfaction. Subjoined are a few of the numerous testimonials already received:
RUSSELL HOUSE, Quebec, Jan. 7, 1867.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the six chests of Tea forwarded some time since arrived in good order. The quality is pure and excellent, and prices cheap. As I am particular in buying the best quality of Tea to be had for our guests, I am pleased to acquaint you that it gives general satisfaction. Your obedient servant,
WILLIS RUSSELL.
FELCOMB, Dec. 23, 1867.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the Oolong Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto, who informs me he considers it as good as that he was using for which he paid one dollar per lb. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz., at 75 cents per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant,
JNO. T. DAY.
HOUSE OF SENATE, OTTAWA, December 16, 1867.
Montreal Tea Company:—Gentlemen, the box of English Breakfast and Young Hyson Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. You may expect my future orders. Yours, &c.,
S. SKINNER.
COBOURG, January 8, 1868.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, I beg to inform you that the two boxes of Tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box, or 20 lbs., at same price, and oblige yours, &c.,
F. OLIVER.
The contributors to the *Medical Journal* have frequently declared that one-half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have carefully selected and imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure and free from poisonous substances, in 50, 25, 20, 15 and 12 lb. boxes.

BLACK TEA.
Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c 50c.; Fine Flavoured New Season, do; 55c 60c and 65c; Excellent Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c; Very Fine, 60c; Finest, 65c, 75c.

GREEN TEA.
Twankay common, 38c; Fine do, 55c; Young Hyson, 50c, 60c, 65c and 70c; Fine do, 75c; Very Fine, 80c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1.00; Fine Gunpowder, 80c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

All orders for 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular sent equally cheap. The Company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much, two or three clubbing together could divide. An excellent mixed Tea could be sent for 60c to 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order or enclosed notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man where there are express offices. A trial solicited.
THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
6, Hospital-street, Montreal.
All boxes sent from this establishment have the Company's name printed on them.
Montreal, March 4, 1868. w10ty

Errors of Youth.—A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay and all the effects of youthful indiscretion will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertisers' experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence,
JOHN B. OGDEN, 43 Cedar Street New York

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

Just Received Per Express.

A CHOICE Selection CANADA WATCH COMPANY'S WATCHES,
At Young & Radford's.

AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY'S WATCHES,
At Young & Radford's.

FINE GOLD JEWELLERY,
At Young & Radford's.

FINE GOLD and CORAL JEWELLERY,
At Young & Radford's.

FINE HUNTING ANCHOR WATCHES, in fine Silver Cases, as low as $12.00,
AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FINE Eighteen CARAT GOLD WATCHES as low as $18.00,
AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

ROGER'S BEST CUTLERY and fine ENGLISH ELECTRO-PLATED WARE, can be had
AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S
30 Sparks-st. Ottawa.

Auction Sales
BY H. McLEAN.

AUCTION SALE
Of Very Valuable REAL ESTATE, on the Corner of Metcalfe and Maria-sts., known as the ROBERT HUNTER PROPERTY.
HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent, has been commissioned to sell by Public Auction, on the premises, on WEDNESDAY, the SEVENTEENTH INST., at 12 o'clock, noon, that substantial and elegant double Brick Cottage and premises, situated on the Corner of Metcalfe and Maria-sts., Centre Town, opposite the Square. The Lot is 61 feet, fronting on Metcalfe-st., by 92 feet deep on Maria-st., with an alley in the rear, and thoroughly drained. The House (surrounded with well grown shade trees) is divided into two first-class tenements, containing eight rooms and kitchen each, and situated in one of the most central, favorite and improving localities in the city. There is an abundant supply of pure water on the premises, and the House (built by Mr. Gallagher) is in excellent repair, having been recently painted and papered throughout, and attached are all the outbuildings necessary to make those tenements first rate residences.
The property can be seen between the hours of 11 o'clock a. m., and 1 o'clock p.m.
TERMS—One-fourth cash, and the balance in five equal annual instalments, with interest at 7 per cent. per annum
Title indisputable. Sale positive.
For further particulars apply, until the day of sale, to Mr. ROBERT HUNTER, of the firm of Hunter, Rose & Co., or to
H. McLEAN,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, June 11, 1868. 765d

FOR SALE
AT THE
MONTREAL WAREHOUSE

800 BUTTER TUBS, in good order.
J. MARTIN & CO.

10,000 LBS. MAPLE SUGAR.
J. MARTIN & CO.

50 CASES ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.
J. MARTIN & CO.

HERRINGS, PORK, FLOUR, BUTTER, CHEESE.
657v J. MARTIN & CO.

ARNOLDI'S WINE AND SPIRIT VAULTS,
11 *Metcalfe-st., Telegraph Co's Building,*
OTTAWA,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL, FOR CASH ONLY

Dekuyper's Red Cases, Gin, 15 bottles		$9 00
" Green, " " per doz		4 80
Booth's London Gin	"	7 20
Bernard's and Thompson's Gin	"	6 00
Green Seal Champagne	"	12 00

AND UPWARDS.

PORT WINES—Graham's, Sandeman's, &c.

	Per Gall.	Per Doz
No. 1 Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2 "	3 00	8 75
" 3 Old	3 50	10 00
" 4 Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine old	5 75	15 50

SHERRIES—Lomeq's, Romarin's, &c.:

No. 1 Superior Light table Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2 Extra do.	3 00	8 75
" 3 Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4 Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine	5 50	15 00

Single sample bottles at above rates.
Also, of Standard Brands, in wood or bottle, old and new, Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch and Canadian Whiskies.
Canadian Ale, in wood or bottle.
Guinness' Porter, pints and quarts. Hibbert's Porter, pints and quarts. Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, pints and quarts.
Clarets, Hocks, Sauternes, Curacao, Maraschino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., &c
Parityi n all cases guaranteed, and goods marked at the lowest quotations.
Orders by mail with cash, promptly attended to Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.

NOTICE!
The subscriber would intimate to those of his customers with whom current accounts may have been opened that it is his intention to take advantage of any irregularity in their payment to close them in order that he may conduct his business totally on the *cash principle*, which has been found to work much more satisfactorily for both the buyer and seller in every branch of trade in which it has been tried, and relying on quality of his goods and the prices charged for them (which will always be as low as they can honestly be sold for) he solicits a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.
K. ARNOLDI,
Dealer in the better qualities of Wines, Spirits, &c., Metcalfe-street, Telegraph Co's Building, Ottawa.
Price lists on application or sent to any address.
April 21, 1868. 535y

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE
Positively Three Nights Only.
COMMENCING
Monday 15th, 16th and 17th June,
HAMALL'S SERENADERS,
And BRASS BAND.
Also the celebrated LEROUX BROTHERS, acknowledged by the Press and the public to be the most daring gymnasts of the nineteenth century. In a new act of Double Echelle, or the men of mid air, and who will introduce the terrific Niagara leap.
Admission, 25 cents; Reserved Seats, 50 cents.
J. HAMALL, Business Manager. J. E. NOBLE, Agent.
Ottawa, June 11. 764-4

NEW GREEN HOUSE.
ERECTED lately by the subscriber at New Edinburgh, who has now on hand and for sale a large variety of choice Verbenas, and other flowering plants. Orders left at G. Bolt's, Rideau-street, will be punctually attended to
ROBERT CURRY.
Marc 1868. 691-3m

ACCOUNT, showing the whole amount of the Debts and Assets of the BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA, at the close of the year 1867; and showing also the amount of its NOTES payable on demand, which had been in circulation during every month of that year; together with the amount of SPECIE and other ASSETS, distinguishing each kind, immediately available in every such month, for the discharge of such Notes.
[Published pursuant to Royal Charter of Incorporation.]

Debts.	Sterling. £ s. d.	Assets.	Sterling. £ s. d.
Circulation	267,765 16 4	Specie	479,948 10 6
Other Liabilities	2,478,221 14 10	Other Assets	3,447,895 12 9
	£2,745,987 11 2		£3,927,844 3 3

1867.	Notes in Circulation.	Specie.	Notes of other Banks.
	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.
January	1,554,072 00	1,998,036 17	149,847 35
February	1,492,565 00	1,572,964 36	144 739 58
March	1,468,951 00	1,415,145 67	114,119 11
April	1,409,138 00	1,400,686 12	107,433 92
May	1,398,460 00	1,408,120 46	155,091 10
June	1,355,793 00	1,650,475 03	106,375 68
July	1,311,261 00	1,555,527 67	93,858 00
August	1,320,652 00	1,601,300 07	126,625 75
September	1,511,726 00	1,493,731 85	107,605 26
October	1,699,925 00	1,896,420 83	148,499 59
November	1,644,158 00	2,013,345 29	168,434 80
December	1,512,992 00	2,112,686 57	115,801 97

By order of the Court of Directors,
Bank of British North America, London, May 15, 1868.
J. COX, Chief Clerk.
765-3

BLYTH & KERR,
Successors to Chas. Garth,
No. 25, RIDEAU-STREET,
PLUMBERS, GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,
TIN & COPPERSMITHS, BELL HANGERS, &c.
All materials for the above branches kept constantly on hand.
Also, Importers and Dealers in House Furnishing Hardware.
Just received a well selected assortment of Fishing Tackle, Baskets, Bait, Reels, Lines, Flys, Rods, &c. Manufacturers of all descriptions of work for Water and Gas Works, Brewer's Distilleries, Mills, &c. Makes and fits up Galvanized Iron Cornices, Gutters, Conductors, Roofing, &c.
Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water or Warm Air, on the most approved principles.
Orders from the country will receive strict attention. 740y

OTTAWA CROCKERY STORE
NEW GOODS.

JUST received ex S. S. "Damascus," 10 Hhds. of the finest English Glassware, selected expressly for the retail trade, comprising

	CUT and ENGRAVED	
CHAMPAGNES,	do	PORT and SHERRY WINES,
LIQUEURS,	do	CLARETS, GOBLETS,
FINGER BOWLS,	do	CALF FOOT JELLIES,
CLARET JUGS,	do	TALL TUMBLERS,
FRUIT DISHES,	do	DECANTERS,
BUTTER COOLERS,	do	CELERY VASES,
		CARAFFS, &c., &c.

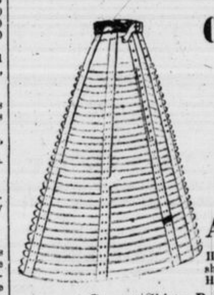
And a choice lot of delicate Straw Stem Wines, in Ports, Champagnes, Clarets, Sherries, Liqueurs, &c. All the above articles match in shape, pattern, &c., and are the best glass procurable in England.
W. ALLAN,
51 *RIDEAU STREET*, (opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.)
Ottawa, June 6, 1868. 574y

CRICKETING GOODS,
CROQUET, FISHING TACKLE
FOILS,
Masks & Boxing Gloves
AT THE
Sheffield House, Ottawa.
Ottawa, May 5, 1868.

NEW STOCK OF
SUMMER GOODS,
—AT—
"THE GOLDEN BOOT."
NO. 226, WELLINGTON-STREET.

Ladies' White Canvass Boots,
Ladies' Button Prunella Boots,
Ladies' Lace Prunella Boots,
Ladies' Prunella Gaiter Boots,
Ladies' Kid Button Boots,
Ladies' Kid Lace Boots,
Ladies' Kid Gaiter Boots,
Ladies' English Walking Boots,
Gent's White Canvass Congress,
Gent's White Canvass Shoes,
Gent's Mill. Calf Congress,
Gent's Calf-faced Congress,
Gent's Calf Balmorals,
Gent's Fine Kid Congress,
Gent's Prunella Brogans,
Gent's Pat. Dress Boots,
Children's Fine Morrocco Lace Boots,
Children's Fine Kid Congress and Lace Boots,
Children's Enameled and Calf Copper Toes,
And other goods in endless variety.

The subscribers beg to thank the public for the liberal patronage they have received since opening the above establishment.
W. ANGUS & CO.,
666y No. 226, Wellington street.



City Hoop Skirt Factory,
43 SPARKS-STREET,
Central Ottawa.
THE DOUBLE EXTENSION SKIRT,
" DEMI "
" NEW GORE TRAIL SKIRT.
French Wove Corsets!
AN immense stock of Corsets just arrived, French, English and Scotch manufacture.
I beg to call the attention of ladies to the above new styles of Hoop Skirts which I have on hand, and will make to order on the shortest notice. Also, Parasols, Hosiery and Gloves, Hair Nets, Handkerchiefs, &c., &c.
Croquet Skirts, Printed and Embroidered, Gored and Plain.
N.B.—A lot of old fashioned Corsets on hand (lacing at the back) cheap, wholesale and retail.
DAVID MILLAR,
456y 43 Sparks-st, Centre Town, next to Esmonde's Stove Depot.

Ladies Keep Cool!

BLACK AND WHITE LACE SHAWLS,
GRENADINE SHAWLS,
BAREGE SHAWLS,
BAREGE JACKETS
BAREGE & GRENADINE PROMENADE COSTUMES,
GRENADINES,
FRENCH & ENGLISH MUSLINS.

GENTLEMEN KEEP COOL!

BLACK ALPACCA COATS,
BUFF ALPACCA COATS,
LINEN COATS,
MARSEILLES VESTS
All in great variety, cheap, at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S,
Wholesale and Retail.
Importers, 20 Sparks-st.
Ottawa, May 29, 1868. 484y

TO BE GIVEN AWAY!
THE
Greatest Curiosity
OF THE DAY.

WILL BE PUBLISHED
On Thursday next, THE WONDERFUL ALMANAC for 306 years, a copy of which will be presented, FREE OF CHARGE, to every Lady and Gentleman applying at
The Ottawa Citizen,
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

SANSUM'S INTEREST & EXCHANGE TABLES.
A supply of this useful work just received and for sale at the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen.
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

COPY BOOKS,
(Plain and with Head Line), EXERCISE BOOKS. A supply just received and for sale at the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

PLAIN & FANCY STATIONERY,
All marked in plain figures, at the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

COUNTING HOUSE and SCHOOL REQUISITES,
At the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

MUSIC, MAGAZINES OR PRINTED BOOKS,
Bound in any style required, at the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

ENGINEERS' and ARTISTS' MATERIALS,
At the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

ACCOUNT BOOKS,
Memorandum Books, Pocket Books, Indexes, &c., at the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

WRAPPING PAPERS,
MANILLA, TEA and STRAW, at the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen,
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

STEEL PENS and PEN HANDLES,
Gillott's, Mitchell's and other makers, at the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

WRITING INKS,
Stephen's, Todd's Perth Office, &c., at the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

LEAD PENCILS,
Faber's, Rowney's and others, at the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

BLANK BOOKS,
Manufactured to order, in any style of ruling and binding, at the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

BOOK and JOB PRINTING,
At the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS, authorized by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario. The prices are:
FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.
FIRST BOOK, part second, 54 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.
SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.
THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Thirty cents.
FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.
FIFTH BOOK, 50 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.
A supply just received and for sale at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.
A liberal allowance to Teachers and Dealers.

TO BE GIVEN AWAY!
THE
Greatest Curiosity
OF THE DAY.

WILL BE PUBLISHED
On Thursday next, THE WONDERFUL ALMANAC for 306 years, a copy of which will be presented, FREE OF CHARGE, to every Lady and Gentleman applying at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.
Ottawa, June 8, 1868. 751y

PENSIONS TO FAMILIES OF VOLUNTEERS.

The following is the new list of pensions awarded to the families of volunteers who suffered from disease contracted on service:

The widow of R. E. Marchand, private of St. John's Troop of Cavalry, who died June 3rd, 1867, from disease contracted on frontier service, gets a pension of $110 per annum; A. W. Stevenson, private, Brockville Rifle Company, suffering from permanent disability, gets $110 per annum; the widow of J. Wesburn, of 1st Prince of Wales V. R. regiment, who died of disease contracted on service, January 1st, 1867, gets $150 per annum; W. J. Cox, of same regiment, received same rate of pension to time of death; the widow of H. T. Worthington, Captain of Windsor Provisional battalion, who died from inflammation of the lungs, contracted on frontier service, gets half year's pension at $400 a year, and an annual pension of $378; the widow of Corporal J. H. Elliott, of Sarnia Provisional battalion, gets a pension of $130 per annum; the widow of Captain George Prentice, Columbus infantry company, gets an annual pension of $400. The annual charge on the revenue created by the above pensions will be about $1,400. The following persons received gratuities for loss of time and sickness: W. Fairbaird, bombardier, London field battery, $31 50; K. Goodman, Captain New Hamburg Infantry Company, $400; J. F. Armitage, Corporal 7th battalion, London, $200; C. Housman, private, 8th V. R. Quebec, $200; A. A. McDonald, sergeant, 15th battalion, Belleville, $31 50; F. Paquette, private, 18th battalion, $100; W. Piper, sergeant, 26th battalion, $110; P. Hodgkinson, private, 26th battalion, $200; Janiver Dit Courvignon, No. 1 Company, Three Rivers Infantry, $110; J. G. Powell, No. 3 Company, 13th battalion, $100; M. S. Clermont, $60; D. Kelly, private, 16th battalion Volunteer Infantry, $20; Charles Mitchell, do do $46 50; Thomas Doran, do do, $23 25; Edward Moss, do do, $69 75; John Brown, do do, $23 25; Henry Scott, do do, $10; David Reynolds, sergeant 16th battalion Volunteer Infantry, $42; Jas. Savage, private, do do, $46 50; Elon Allen, corporal, do do; $92 25; James Cowan, private, do do, $136 50; Thomas C. Canniff, private do do, $31 50; Wm. Curray, private, 11th battalion, $136 50; W. Uberhursit, do 28th battalion, $30; G. A. Clark, private, No. 1 Company, 32nd battalion, $110 25; Wm. Keenan, private, 42nd battalion, $50; Wm. A. Sheriff, private, 42nd battalion, $100; Joshua English, sergeant, 7th battalion, $354; Robert Davidson, bombardier, Hamilton field battery, $423; J. T. Saunders, paymaster sergeant, 1st Western service battalion, $200. Gratuity was likewise awarded in the cases of the following persons who died from disease contracted on frontier service: A. McQuaid, Arthur Reid, of Queen's Own; Wm. Duffin, Belleville; Jacob Mott, Andrew W. Cousins, of Argenteuil; Thomas E. Lackie, Queen's Own; Jackson Jones, Wm. O'Brien, Charles Piper, of Sarnia, and B. McDonald, of Thorold. A payment of the medical bills was also made.

GRAND TRUNK VOLUNTEERS.—At the last meeting of the shareholders of the Grand Trunk considerable complaint was made because the manager allowed the employes of the company to drill like the rest of the country, and the *Leader* seemed to agree with the shareholders in this particular. We think Mr. Brydges would have deserved the censure of the public had he not afforded every facility for the employes to acquire a knowledge of military duty. The *Leader* seems to think the English stockholders have a right to complain that they are called upon to pay towards the defence of Canada. The Stratford *Beacon* replies to the *Leader* in the following unanswerable style: Defence of Canada, indeed! The defence of their own property. It is as much an obligation on the proprietors in London to bear their share of the burden of protecting their interests in Canada at it is a duty incumbent on Canadians themselves. Why should employes on the Grand Trunk be exempted from military training any more than the rest of the community? Mr. Brydges has properly recognized the responsibility resting upon him as the administrative head of a company owning a property worth many millions of dollars, by co-operating with his fellow colonists in organizing a force for its defence in time of danger. Had he not acted as he has done, at any moment the men under his direction might have been drafted and taken away for service; but by organizing them as volunteers, he secures their attendance at their regular duties in time of peace, and for the defence of the line in case of invasion.

No general description so well illustrates the intensity of popular feeling as the selection of a particular incident, and there is a curious episode in point narrated in the Melbourne *Argus*. The leader of an opera orchestra had, at the time of the outrage on Prince Alfred, incautiously used some expressions in conversation of a disloyal import; and the circumstance getting wind, the audience in the theatre next evening manifested the utmost indignation. It hissed and hooted, and required the orchestra to play "God save the Queen." This call was complied with, but it was not enough; they also demanded "Rule Britannia;" and when this was given they required a personal explanation. The town of Ballarat, where the incident occurred, took up the matter seriously, and after the musician had been tormented in various ways for a couple of days, a public meeting was called, at which he apologised and stated that he intended no disrespect to the royal family; that his words had been misrepresented; and that he regarded the attempted assassination of the Prince as an atrocious crime with which he had no sympathy.

CONTINENTAL ARMAMENTS.—The *Camarade*, of Vienna, publishes a statistical table of the forces of the great Continental Powers. According to that journal, France has 1,393,000 soldiers, 843,000 men of the active army, and 550,000 in the National Guard Mobile, and this total might easily be increased by 300,000 men. The Confederation of North Germany might raise a permanent army of 1,428,000 men, including the contingents, supplementary corps, and landwehr of the Southern States subjected by treaties, offensive and defensive to the military of Prussia. Italy has 500,000 soldiers. The effective of the Russian troops is 1,466,000 men; namely, 827,000 field troops, with the military districts of the Caucasus, 410,000 in other localities, and 229,000 irregular; the total might be easily augmented to 1,800,000. The above named journal concludes that Austria, to be on a level with other Governments and protect her own territories, ought to maintain, as a minimum, an active army of 800,000 combatants, 53,000 men on her military frontiers, and a landwehr of 200,000.

PAIN KILLER.

The Great Family Medicine of the Age.

THE UNIVERSAL REMEDY for INTERNAL & EXTERNAL COMPLAINTS!

OUR FIRST PHYSICIANS USE AND RECOMMEND ITS USE!

It Enjoys the Largest Sale of Any Proprietary Medicine in the World!

THE PAIN KILLER

HAS been favorably known for more than thirty years, during which time we HAVE RECEIVED THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS, showing this Medicine to be an almost NEVER-FAILING REMEDY for diseases caused by or attendant upon—Sudden Colds, Coughs, Fever and Ague, Headache, Bilious Fever, Pains in the Side, Back and Loins, as well as in the Joints and Limbs; Neuralgic and Rheumatic Pains in any part of the system, Toothache and Pains in the Head and Face.

As a BLOOD PURIFIER and TONIC for the STOMACH, it seldom fails to cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Heartburn, Kidney Complaints, Sick Headache, Piles or Costiveness, Asthma or Phthisic, Ringworm, Boils, Felons, Whitlows, Old Sores, Swelled Joints, and General Debility of the System.

It is also a PROMPT and SURE REMEDY for Cramp and Pains in the Stomach, Painters' Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Scalds, Burns, Sprains, Bruises, Frost Bites, Chilblains, as well as the Stings of Insects, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

☞ Directions accompany each bottle.

It has been tested in every variety of climate, and by almost *every nation known* to civilization. It is the almost constant companion and inseparable friend of the *Missionary*, and *traveller* should not be without it. Like every other good thing, the Pain Killer has been extensively counterfeited; but this only proves its value, and the counterfeiter of its real worth, is a serious hindrance to its usefulness, as the deceived purchaser estimates the value of the *Pain Killer* by the base compound he has purchased for the genuine article.

Purchasers should be careful and not allow the dealer to sell them worthless imitations, on which they realize a larger profit, but take only the *Pain Killer*, and see that it is the genuine, bearing the signature of Perry Davis & Son upon the label.

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by Druggists and Medicine Dealers, and Commission Merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers, and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Manufs. and Props.,
74, High-st., Providence, R.I.,
380, St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. Q.,
17, Southampton Row, Holborn, London.

40-1aw2mwy

SALE OF DEBTS.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864,

AND AMENDMENTS THEREOF.

In the matter of WILLIAM N. BARRIE, and JOHN McMARTIN trading under the name, style and title of WILLIAM BARRIE & CO., Insolvents.

PURSUANT

To an order made by JAMES DANIEL, Esquire, Judge of the County Court of the United Counties of Prescott and Russell, made on the Eighteenth day of MAY instant, I will offer for sale by Public Auction, on SATURDAY, the twenty-first day of JUNE next, at the office of Edward Taylor Dartnell, Esquire, at the Court House, in the Town of L'Orignal, the several debts due by Note, Book Account, or otherwise, due to the estate of the said Insolvents.

All debts exceeding $100 in amount will be sold separately. A list of the debts will be open to inspection at the office of the said Edward Taylor Dartnell, and free access given to all documents explanatory of such debts.

Dated at L'Orignal, May 20th, 1868.

EDWD. FREWEN DARTNELL,
570-1awtd Assignee.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864,

AND AMENDMENTS THEREOF.

In the matter of WILLIAM N. BARRIE and JOHN McMARTIN, Insolvents.

BY virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvents, and also under and by virtue of an order made by James Daniell, Esquire, Judge of the County Court of the United Counties of Prescott and Russell in that behalf, I will on FRIDAY, the twenty-sixth day of June next, offer for sale by Public Auction, at the hour of ten o'clock, in the forenoon of the said day, at the office of Messrs. Morland, Watson and Company, in the City of Montreal, all the real estate and interest of the said Insolvent John McMartin, of and in the lands and premises in the Township of North Plantagenet, and County of Prescott, and Province of Ontario, hereinafter particularly mentioned and described. That is to say:

1st. All the real estate, interest and equity of redemption of the said John McMartin of what nature or kind soever, whether as devisee under the will of Alexander McMartin, deceased, or otherwise, of and in lot number nine, (9) in the fourth (4th) concession, old survey of the said Township of Plantagenet, East of the South Nation River.

2nd. All the real estate, interest and equity of redemption of the said Jean McMartin, of what nature and kind soever, whether as devisee under the will of the said Alexander McMartin, deceased, or otherwise, of and in Lot Number Ten (10), in the fourth (4th) Concession, old survey of the said Township East of the South Nation River.

The said two lots are supposed to contain together 399 acres more or less.

3rd. All the real estate and interest and equity of redemption of the said John McMartin, of what nature and kind soever, either in his own right, or as devisee under the will of the said Alexander McMartin, deceased, or otherwise, howsoever, or and in all that part of Lot Eleven, (11) in the said Fourth (4th) Concession, old survey of the said Township of North Plantagenet, known as McMartin's Saw Mills, with the privileges and appurtenances to the same belonging. Also of and in the premises known as the old Store, the large Store House, the large stable and premises connected therewith, also of and in the Dwelling House now occupied by the said John McMartin, and the outbuildings therewith connected, and lying and being in the Village of Plantagenet Mills aforesaid.

The said several premises will be sold subject to the several mortgages charged upon same, and the said mill and mill premises and other the premises last mentioned with their appurtenances, will be sold subject to the interest of the said Insolvents as copartners or of either of them therein, under the partnership articles the lease therein mentioned or otherwise howsoever at the time of their insolvency for the residue of the unexpired term of fifteen years from the 1st day of December, 1865, and to the mortgages thereon.

There is a rent of one dollar annually, payable during said term to the said John McMartin as devisee thereof, under the will of the said Alexander McMartin.

Terms—Cash.

For further particulars apply to Edward Taylor Dartnell, Esquire, L'Orignal, Solicitor for the Assignee, or to the Assignee.

Dated at L'Orignal, this 23rd day of April A.D., 1868.

EDWD. FREWEN DARTNELL,
726-1aw2m Assignee

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, May 8, 1868.

AUTHORIZED Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 28 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

A RARE CHANCE.

The undersigned having received direct from the manufacturers in Europe, a large consignment of

Dry Goods

with instructions to dispose of them at

LOW RATES!

Is now offering them to the public, and at an almost nominal advance on the makers' cost price. The stock consists of:

1,000 yards of Carpets, of various kinds,
40 Handsome Hearth Rugs,
60 Summer Counterpanes,
24 White Marsala Quilts,
A large quantity of Toilet Covers,
Some Wool Table Covers,
And a large variety of other Goods.

The stock may be seen at the store of MESSRS. ANSELL & MICHAEL'S, Scott's Corner, Elgin and Sparks-street, opposite the Russell Hotel. Parties requiring articles of the above mentioned kind will find it to their advantage to call and inspect the goods at once, as the whole must be disposed of within a few days.

ANSELL & MICHAEL.
Ottawa, June 9, 1868. 763-3m

FOR SALE.

A SELF-ACTING SODA WATER APPARATUS, with cylinders complete, cheap for cash. Apply to WILLIAM PRODERICK Lisgar-street, Ottawa. 687tf

$2.00 REWARD.

Lost, on TUESDAY last, from Daly-street, a SPANIEL PUPPY, about three months old, black, with four white feet. Any one returning her to Mr. Powell, St. Alban's Terrace, will receive the above reward. Anybody detaining her after this notice will be prosecuted. 763-3

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned will either sell or let for a few years his well known farm, being lot Twenty-five in the Fourth Concession of Gloucester, Rideau Front, 215 acres all cleared, and well fenced and in a good state of cultivation. Also, the one-half of lot Twenty-seven in the Third Concession, being in its natural state, all wood and excellent land. It is just the cross of two hundred acres from the corner of the one lot to the other. The railroad line runs within ten feet of the front corner of the one hundred and in sight of the two hundred for two or three miles. The Station at Cunningham's is scarcely a mile and a half from the front of Lot Twenty-five. The above farm is capable of keeping thirty head of milch cows, two span of horses, and as many young cattle as it would be proper to raise. Eight or nine years ago I kept twenty-two milch cows, and ten or twelve horses, and raised five or six calves every year. The above farm is about ten miles, from the door, to the limits of the City. The improvements cannot be surpassed for a farmer's purpose. The dwelling-house is stone, 30 by 40, a story and a half over ground; and a cellar nine feet high, the one half used for a kitchen and the other half capable of holding 1,000 bushels of anything you wish to put into it; there is three small windows in it, and when cleaned in the Spring, makes an excellent milk-house or dairy; there is a frame wood shed at the door, 30 by 24, with 14 feet taken off the one end for a coachhouse, and overhead for a storehouse; next to that is a stable 36 by 26, finished inside, complete with four large double stalls and two single ones, and good room for hanging up harness, and oat box; convenient to that is a barn 40 by 50, in which I have often put 1,000 bushels of grain in one year; connected with that is 200 and 20 feet of frame sheds, all 20 and 24 deep, under pinned with stone and lime from two to seven feet, according to level; on the north side of the house is another barn, 30 by 40, commonly filled with peas and oats. And if either tennant or purchaser has a desire for religious purposes you can lie in your bed and look at the bell tolling on the Catholic Church every Holy Day, and go to the front door and you will see the Presbyterian Church, where the Rev. Mr. Lochead has preached for the last twenty-two years, and go to the back door and you will see both English Church and Methodist Church within two miles. The above farm would be a desirable situation for a young man wishing to give his attention to farming, as the Ottawa Market cannot be surpassed in the Dominion. I think that I can say that I have not sold one pound of butter under one shilling this eight years: if one went under two went over. Some reader may ask what am I selling for, it is neither for scant nor for want of anything, but I am in the seventieth year of my age, and has purchased off this lot seven hundred and fifty acres of land and all is paid for, and all my sons is settled on their own farms, so I would rather sit down and take my ease as be attending to marketing and farming any longer. Persons wishing to get any information on any point from me, can do so by addressing, post-paid, JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr., South Gloucester.

JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr.
February 6, 1868. 709-6w12

NEW STORE!

THE Store formerly occupied by W. D. WOOD, No. 38, on RIDEAU STREET, has been fitted by the subscribers, and will be opened on MONDAY, FOURTEENTH OCTOBER, with an entire new stock of

GROCERIES,

LIQUORS AND

HARDWARE.

WOOD & ROSSITER.
Ottawa, October 12, 1867 15

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD

PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &

Prepared by AUGUSTUS LAVER, ARCHITECT

End Daly-st. Ottawa.
April 1.

W. NOTMAN,

Photographer to the Queen

CORNER OF

WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS,

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his

Establishment will be Opened

—ON—

Monday Next, 3rd February

When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for all the different branches of Photography.

Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 582y

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

AN OMNIBUS

Will leave the

RUSSELL HOUSE,

Every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 7 a.m., punctually, to carry passengers

FOR AYLMER

To connect with the Union Forwarding Railway Company's Steamers.

JAMES MULLIGAN.
Ottawa, May 16, 1868. 744tf

TABLES

FOR

Converting One Inch Lumber

AND

QUEBEC STANDARD

—TO—

Board Measure.

For Sale by

J. DURIE & SON,
Booksellers and Stationers,
40, Sparks-st., Ottawa.
June 5, 1868. 760a

WANTED

For Knox Church, Ottawa, a PRECENTOR qualified to give instruction in music to adult and juvenile classes. Testimonials, etc., to be forwarded (post-paid), to

764-2 JOHN DURIE, Ottawa.

SARSAPARILLIAN,

PAREIRA BRAVA.

Newly Discovered Virtues—Hidden for 300 years—The Discovery of the True Virtues of the Roots—Brought to Light and Made Manifest in

DR. RADWAY'S SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT.

By a new process recently discovered by Dr. Radway, for obtaining the active properties from vegetable substances.

SARSAPARILLIAN.
Pareira Brava.

Associated with other newly discovered Roots, enters into the composition of RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT; secures a remedial agent, that cures all forms of Chronic, Scrofulous, Skin, Glandular, Kidney, Bladder and Uterine Diseases, by communicating its curative, reparative and truthful efficacy, through the Blood, Sweat and Urine.

The ordinary Sarsaparilla decoctions and Syrups are mere washes, compared with the Sarsaparillian of the Resolvent. It is a well known fact that Sarsaparilla as ordinarily prepared either as officinally or as a proprietary remedy, never possessed the confidence of medical men, and all the reputation it enjoyed was deemed by well informed Chemists, Physicians, and medical writers to be due to other remedial agents associated with it.

The true curative virtues of Sarsaparilla for 300 years have laid hidden in the Crystalline principle of the Root. Under DR. RADWAY'S *New Process*, SARSAPARILLIAN is secured and brought to light, and associated with other ingredients, it fulfils the most extravagant expectations and views of men. One ounce of Dr. Radway's Sarsaparillian contains more of the curative principle than ten pounds of the extracts from the crude roots, as prepared officinally or in the popular advertised Sarsaparillas.

PAREIRA BRAVA.—Another of the ingredients of the Radway's Resolvent, held in high estimation by the most eminent medical men of Europe, South America and United States, as the best remedial agent for the diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, Uterus, and as a *lithontryptic for dissolving Calculi*, as a curative for Jaundice, Rheumatism, Leucorrhœa, etc., since 1688 has never been properly prepared. Under Dr. Radway's process, the Cissampaline principle of this valuable Root is secured, and associated with Sarsaparillian and other ingredients in the Resolvent, makes it a perfect cure in every form of disease of the Kidneys, Bladder, Urinary Organs—Dropsy, Gravel, Incontinence, or Stoppage of Water, Diabetes, or Urinary Diarrhœa, and *every kind of weakening, urinary or purulent discharges, not proper to mention* in an advertisement, is rapidly cured by this remedy.

So quick does the Resolvent enter into the circulation, that it may be detected in the Urine *as few minutes after it has been taken*. In many cases it has secured a free discharge of water—in cases where Catheters were formerly used.—Is not this a blessing?

BUCHU, Turpentine Junipers, Gin, Copaiba, Cubebs, and other direct Diuretics, are in many cases hurtful. In Diabetes, Urinary Diarrhœas, Catarrh of the Bladder, Dropsy, and in a weakness or ulceration of the Kidneys, are unsafe to use as a continued remedy, and should never be given unless under supervision of a Physician, as the strain these direct remedies may produce on the Kidneys may, in the course of a few hours, require Opiates, to change or modify their action; this fact is self-evident to any medical man, a compensating Remedy like the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT, is the true remedy to use in these cases.—Even as a diuretic.

Pareira Brava,

As prepared by Dr. Radway, and one of the ingredients of the Resolvent, is as superior to all forms of Buchu, etc., as rich cream is to watered milk.

Let all suffering from unnatural drains from the system—caused either by self-abuse, depraved habit of body—bad blood, impure association, weakness of the genital organs, or Skin Diseases, Scrofula, uncured Secondary Disease, Syphilold Ulcers, Chronic Disease—or from Consumption of the Lungs, as well as degeneration of the Kidneys—Chronic Disease of the Liver, Spleen, etc., commence at once the use of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOVENT. It commences its work of purification at once; it repairs the waste of the body, with new and healthy material. It restores functional harmony to every organ in the system, and secures the natural secretions of the proper constituents to each. Persons have been cured, and hundreds now living that were deemed incapacited, by self-abuse, etc., through the use of this remedy. Ask for Dr. Radway's **Sarsaparillian or Renovating Resolvent.**

PRICE—$1 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $5.

W. M. MASSEY, Agent.

READ FALSE AND TRUE.—Send one letter-stamp to RADWAY & Co., 439 St. Paul-street, Montreal. Information worth thousands will be given you. Price of RESOLVENT SARSAPARILLIAN, $1 per bottle, or $10 per dozen. 762b

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to
HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY,
AND
COURT OF SPAIN,
THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,
AND
HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT
MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,
For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*

H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal.
Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion, for the sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.
Ottawa, May 20. 748y

NEW BOOKS.

Exodus of the Western Nations by Viscount Bury; Chronicles and Characters by Owen Meredith; Brakespeare by the author of "Guy Livingstone"; The Lost Name, a Novel; Farming for Boys; The New Dictionary of Quotations; The Huguenots by Samuel Smiles; Law and Lawyers—Curious Facts and Characteristic Sketches; Art and Artists, do.; Books and Authors, do.; Clergymen and Doctors, do.; Longfellow's Works Complete for 15 cents; The Waverley Novels, per vol., 15 cents; Cooper's Novels, per vol., 15 cents; Essays in Elia by Lamb complete for 15 cents; De Quincey's Confessions of an Opium Eater for 15 cents.

Bibles, Prayer Books, Church Services, just received from the Publishers, in the newest and richest patterns.

For sale by

J DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st.,
498y Opposite the Russell House

PROFESSIONAL NOTICE.

MR. P. J. BUCKLEY HAS REMOVED HIS LAW OFFICE to the THOMPSON BLOCK, Corner of Sussex and York streets, adjacent to the offices of Horace Lapierre, Advocate and Counsel. Office Hours—From 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.
Ottawa, June 9, 1868. 763a

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the

COMMERCIAL PARTNERSHIP

Heretofore existing between

John Ferguson, junr., & William Ferguson,

Doing business in the

Township of Buckingham,

IN THE

DISTRICT of OTTAWA,

Has been since the FIFTEENTH day MAY last, (1868,) dissolved by mutual consent.

JOHN FERGUSON, JUNR.,
WILLIAM FERGUSON.
Buckingham, 8th June, 1868. 764-2

NOTICE.

MESSRS. ANGUS & SON, in retiring from the Undertaking Business, would beg to inform their friends and the public that they have disposed of their Hearses and stock in trade to Mr. Samuel Rogers, Cabinet Maker, who will in future attend to all orders in the Undertaking line, and they have much pleasure in recommending him to their many patrons and friends.

ANGUS & SON,
Furniture Dealers, No. 22, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, May 11, 1868.

UNDERTAKING.

IN reference to the above, S. Rogers takes this opportunity of thanking his numerous friends and customers for their very liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Cabinet and Upholstering Business, and would respectfully solicit in this new branch of his trade a continuation of their favors.

S. ROGERS,
Cabinet Maker, &c., Rideau and George-streets.
Ottawa, May 11, 1868. 741d

Local Government Notices.

TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS

Will be received, addressed to the undersigned, until NOON of

Monday, the 22nd Instant,

For the Erection of the

Lieutenant-Governor's Residence,

ON

THE GOVERNMENT GROUNDS,

On Simcoe and Kingsts., Toronto.

Plans and Specifications may be seen at this office, and at the office of Messrs. Gundry & Langley, Architects, corner of King and Jordan sts., Toronto, on and after MONDAY, the 8th Instant.

The person to whom the contract may be awarded will be required to furnish satisfactory security for the due performance of the work, and to execute a contract approved by the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING,
Commissioner of Public Works.
Parliament Buildings,
Office of Public Works,
Toronto, June 6, 1868. 762a

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, ONTARIO.

To Contractors.

TENDERS

Will be received until noon,

Thursday, 25th inst.,

For the following works required for the completion of the wings to the Provincial Lunatic Asylum:

PLASTERER & GAS FITTER,

TINSMITH,

SLATER.

The plans and specifications can be seen at the Department of Public Works, Parliament Buildings, between the hours of ten a.m. and 4 p.m.

Tenders to be addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed on the outside,

"Tenders for the proposed work at the Provincial Lunatic Asylum."

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING,
Commissioner of Public Works, Ontario.
Department of Public Works,
Parliament Buildings,
Toronto, June 9, 1868. 765td

TENDERS

WILL BE RECEIVED

Addressed to the undersigned at the office of this Department until noon of

Tuesday, the 23rd instant,

For the supply of the following articles, all of which must be of the best description, and to be delivered at the Provincial Lunatic Asylum and at the Branch Asylum, Queen's Park, Toronto, in such quantities and at such times as may be required, for six months from 1st July to 30th December, 1868, viz:—

Tea, black and uncolored Japan,	per lb,
Coffee, Roasted,	"
Rice,	"
Sugar, bright,	"
Pepper, whole,	"
Mustard,	"
Starch,	"
Indigo,	"
Salt, Liverpool and American,	per bri.
Shoes, Men's and Women's,	per pair.
Cobourgs, Men's,	"
Butter, first quality,	per lb
Butchers' Meat, first quality,	per lb.
Corn Brooms,	per doz.
Scrub Brushes,	per pair
Slacking,	per box
Sal Soda,	per lb.
Vinegar, White Wine,	per gallon
Oatmeal,	per barrel
Pot Barley,	"
Split Peas,	"
Flour, Inspected Extra,	"
Flour, do Superfine,	"
Eggs, Fresh,	per dozen
Straw, clean oaten in bdls,	per ton
Hay, best Timothy,	"

CORDWOOD—Sound seasoned Beech and Maple, of equal quantities, but not mixed, and each kind piled separately, and not more than twelve months felled; to measure four feet in length from point to scarp, to be delivered and piled as above, and at the Engine House, Garrison Common, per cord.

COAL—Also, for delivering during the months of July and August of 450 gross tons Lehigh Coal, of best quality, egg size, and screened, per ton. 180 tons Brier Hill Coal, of best quality, and mined this season, per ton; both sorts of coal to be subject to the approval of the proper officers of the Asylum. Weight of coal to the Chief Asylum to be determined by scales on the premises, and for the Branch Asylum at the city weigh scales.

Samples of the following articles to accompany tenders, viz, Tea, Coffee, Rice, Sugar, Pepper, Mustard, Starch, Indigo, Corn Brooms, Scrub Brushes, Blacking, Shoes and Boots.

The tender must express the rate in dollars and cents, and contain the actual signatures of two sufficient sureties, who will be required for the due performance of the contract on behalf of each person tendering, for the same.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

Further information respecting the contracts may be learned of the Bursar of the Asylum.

JOHN CARLING,
Commissioner of Public Works.
Parliament Buildings,
Office of the Public Works,
Toronto, June 8, 1868. 765td

NOTICE.

ALL payments to be made on account of the Ontario Government may be made to the

ROYAL CANADIAN BANK,

And its Agencies.

Dated at Toronto, 30th October, A.D., 1867.

E. B. WOOD,
Treasurer of Ontario.
October 31, 1867. Tf

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY.

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St

M. P. HAYES,
Agent.
Ottawa, June 21. 571f

Railroads.

CHANGE of TIME

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and after FRIDAY, the 15th May, 1868, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA
Mixed, 7.15 a.m.	10.35 a.m.
Express, 1.35 p.m.	4.15 p.m.
LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 7 a.m.	9.25 a.m.
Mixed, 1.00 p.m.	4.15 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.
Ottawa, May 14, 1868. 1y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway,

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p.m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:20 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.
Brockville, April 11. 472y

Grand Trunk Railway Company

OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 8.30 A.M.

Night do do at 7.30 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.00 A.M.

Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.

Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.

Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.

Express for Boston and New York, at 3.35 P.M.

Express for Portland (staying over at Island Pond) at 2.00 P.M.

Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Rivere du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticooke only, at 10.10 P.M.

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonsventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
December 23, 1867 650tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET.

FOUR GOOD ROOMS over SHEPHERD'S GROCERY STORE, Murray st., between Sussex and Dalhousie-sts. Also, GOOD STABLES for thirteen horses. Rent moderate. Also a quantity of CEDARS for sale. Enquire of M. SHEPHERD, at the Store.

Ottawa, May 20, 1868. 748

Lots for Sale.

6 BUILDING LOTS, one mile from the city, on the Richmond Road, containing one acre each. Apply to THOMAS ANDERSON, Jr. on the premises. 564tf

FOR SALE, on SANDY HILL, opposite Dechene', LOT No. 72, Stuart street. Terms moderate. Apply to Mrs. TIERNAN, No. 2, King street opposite the Gas House.
Ottawa, May 4 1868. 734d

Two Dwellings to Let,

BEING the Upper part of E. MARTINEAU'S Clothing Store, Corner of Sussex and Clarence-streets.

Enquire at the Store. EUG. MARTINEAU.
Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 64

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.

NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Or JOHN HENEY, Esq.,
Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W
Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINSEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Jel-141-tf

FARM FOR SALE.

FOR SALE Lot No. 15, 4th Concession, Gloucester, Rideau Front, seven miles from Ottawa, on the macadamized road leading from Ottawa to Metcalfe, consisting of 100 acres, 80 of which are cleared and in the highest state of cultivation. The soil is of the very best quality, and there is a new Frame Building and a good Stone Cellar, also a good Barn, Stable, Sheds and other outbuildings. The English Church and School House is about two acres from the house, the Methodist Church and Catholic Church can be seen from the door. There is a nine mile road running beside the lot. The Railroad Station is about two miles from the house. There will be a chance given in part of the purchase money if required. It is well fenced and watered. For further particulars apply to the subscriber on the premises.

701-1-13w2S13 WM. HALPENNY.

Quebec Bank—Ottawa Branch

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

FROM the 1st day of April next ensuing, INTEREST at the RATE of FIVE per cent per annum, will be allowed on Deposits in this Department.

H. V. NOEL,
Manager.
Ottawa, March 13, 1868. 690-3m

Steamers.

1868. 1868.

THE

Quebec and Gulf Ports

STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

ROYAL Mail Line between Quebec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, every Tuesday.

The first-class Steel Side-Wheel Steamship

"SECRET,"

WILLIAM DAVISON, Master.

Will leave

St. Andrew's Wharf

—ON—

TUESDAY, the 16th of JUNE

At four o'clock, p.m.,

For Pictou, N.S., calling at Father Point, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle, Miramichi and Shediac. Returning will leave Pictou on Tuesday, 19th May, at 5 o'clock, p. m.

The steamers connect at Shediac with E. & N. A. R. R. to St. John, N.B., and

The Times

VOL. III. NO 767. OTTAWA, SATURDAY, JUNE 13, 1868. PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valle issuing of the daily over 2,000 ! and Weekly over 4,000 ! making a total circulati n in the we k over 6,000 ! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

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ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 34, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

Legal Cards.

MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. GEORGE TAILLON.
Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1868. 366-tf

R. J. WICKSTEED,
ADVOCATE, &c., 43, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 589-6m

N. TETREAU,
NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 6, 1867. 396tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa
February 7, 1866. 43-u

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Cassers Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House
Ottawa, March 30. 87-c

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1868. 34-6m

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866.

NICHOLAS SPARKS,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c.
Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

G. J. O'DOHERTY,
LAW, Chancery, and Conveyancing Office. Aumond's Buildings, Rideau street.
Ottawa, December 6,1867.

Medical Cards.

A. CODD, M.D., C.M.,
(Attending Physician General Protestant Hospital)
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Four doors east of the Revere House, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
OFFICE HOURS—From 8 to 10 a m, and from 2 to 3 p m.
Ottawa, April 30. 730-3m

DR. CHESLEY,
OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 25 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30 447tf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27,1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co's, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,
DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
CORNER of Kent and Wellington Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 43utf

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if desired. The cure guaranteed.
Ottaw April 14. 17w-100-y

Hotels and Saloons.

DOMINION HOUSE,
WELLINGTON STREET.
THE undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.
Ottawa, March 26. GEORGE IRVINE. 658y

MATHEWS' OLD STAND,
YORK-STREET,
WILL BE OPEN for the accommodation of the public on THURSDAY, 12th of March, 1868. The subscriber having again resumed business in his old stand as hotel-keeper, wishes to return thanks to his numerous friends and the public for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on him, during the past seventeen years, and hopes by strict attention to business, and kindness to all, to share a portion of public patronage. His Larder will be always supplied with the best the market affords. His Bar will be supplied with the best of Liquors and choicest Cigars.
T. MATHEWS, Proprietor.
N. B.—The house has been thoroughly renovated and newly furnished.
Ottawa, March 11, 1868. 688tf

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec

REVERE HOUSE, OTTAWA,
G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, } ....PROPRIETORS.
THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867 582tf

THE ALBION HOTEL
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable addition have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1866 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly over hauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., dail

THE METROPOLITAN
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

TORONTO HOUSE,
SPARKS STREET.
MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has a few Commodious Suites of Apartments to Let, handsomely and comfortably furnished.
Gentlemen attending the Session of Parliament will find at the Toronto House most convenient quarters, where the quiet of the private family is combined with the usual attendance to be found at the best hotels.
Ottawa, Feb. 25, 1868. 675tf

MONEY TO LEND
ON REAL ESTATE SECURITY.
WALKER & PENNOCK, Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
April 15, 1868. 717tf

SMITH & RODNEY
MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from Eaton's Gilding Store, having just received a choice stock of
English, French and Canadian
CLOTHS and TWEEDS,
And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1,1867. 551tf

A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER
AND
Blank Book Manufacturer,
26, METCALFE-ST., OTTAWA.
HAVING every facility in the way of first-class Machinery, and employing none but first-class workmen, I am prepared to turn out every description of Binding in as good a style of workmanship as any other establishment in Canada.
A. MORTIMER, Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, Feb. 6. 384y

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS, Toronto, May 28, 1868.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT Charles Westley Lount, of Bracebridge, in the Township of Macauley, in the District of Muskoka, Esquir has been appointed Agent for the disposal of public lands in the Townships of Morrison, Muskoka, Draper, Macauley, Stephenson, McLean, Brunnel, Monck and Watt, in the District of Muskoka, in the place of Richard Joso Oliver, Esquire, whose services have been dispensed with.
Applications for lands open as Free Grants in the above mentioned Townships, must also be made to Mr. Lount.
S. RICHARDS, Commissioner.
Toronto, May 29, 1867. 758-tf

Druggists.

THE MEDICAL HALL

Soda Water and Ginger Ale Factory,
23 Great St. James-street, Montreal,
OPPOSITE the POST OFFICE.
THE SUBSCRIBERS
Beg to intimate to their patrons that they have commenced the manufacture of Ærated Waters of every description, and on the most extensive scale.
Particular attention will be paid to the preparation of "Belfast Ginger Ale," a beverage first introduced into this country by our Mr. BROWN, who alone possesses the original receipt, and who has also taken out a TRADE MARK for the same.
The proprietors believe their Ærated Waters will be superior to any others at present prepared in Montreal, for the following reasons, viz:—
1st. The employment of the most improved machinery the United States can produce.
2nd. The application of strictly scientific principles to the details.
3rd. Extra care given to the chemical purity of the articles used in the different processes.
4th. The possession of chemical knowledge, without which it is simply impossible to produce Ærated Waters in perfection.
The following Waters and Beverages are the principal ones prepared at the MEDICAL HALL FACTORY: Belfast Ginger Ale, Lemonade, Sarsaparilla, Winter Beverage, Summer Beverage, Soda Water, Seltzer Water, Potash Water, Kissengen Water, Vichy Water.
KENNETH, CAMPBELL & CO., Apothecaries to H.R.H. the Prince of Wales.
W. M. MASSEY, Agent for Ottawa. 472y

Spectacles for all Sights.

OPTICAL Instruments Electro-Magnetic and Galvanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.
W. HEARN, Market Drug Store, York-street.
637y

Miscellaneous.

D. CODD & CO.,
PATENT AGENTS, SOLICITORS, &c. Drawings, Specifications, Models, and all other business in connection with the procuring of Letters Patent of Invention, attended to at the shortest notice.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 741-6m

I. B. TACKABERRY'S
AUCTION ROOMS, No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any part of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Station-ery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

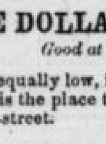
B. BILLINGS, JR.,
ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O & P R W. 740tf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 378y

HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,
WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.
WILLIAM HOLGATE, JOHN OLIVER, WILLIAM ANNABLE.
506y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

LADIES CALL AT THE CAPITAL
Boot and  Shoe Store !
YORK-STREET.
For Cheap Gaiters
AT
ONE DOLLAR A PAIR !
Good at 95 cents.
Men's ware equally low, in every variety of style
This is the place to buy cheap at the "Capital," York-street.
429y GEORGE MURPHY.

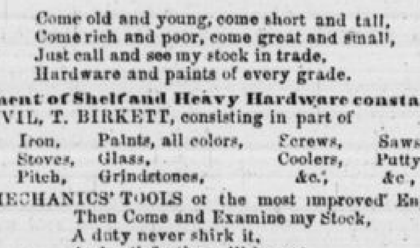
VICTORIA
FURNITURE WAREROOMS.
GEORGE ARMSTRONG, Corner Victoria Square and Craig-street, Montreal, solicits a call from the Citizens of Ottawa about to furnish, who may visit Montreal to his very large and varied stock of FURNITURE which he will sell at greatly reduced prices for cash. The Parlor Furniture is of the best quality and latest designs, either plain or handsomely carved, in Walnut, oil finished or polished.
His Sideboards, Bookcases, Chamber Sets, Hall Furniture, &c., are worthy of attention.
Hair Mattrasses and Bedding of all description constantly on hand, or made to order, at the shortest notice. Call and examine for yourselves.
"Patent Sofa, with reclining arms, of a very superior make."
N.B.—Sole Agent in the Dominion for the sale of G. A. FISKS' Air-Tight Metallic Casket. 712-3m

Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale.
THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his
Fine Bottled Ale !
Which is in splendid condition. Also,
Scotch, Irish, Old Rye
And other Malt Whiskies,
Ports, Sherries, Brandies Gin, &c.,
Together with a General Assortment of
FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.
A Call kindly Solicited.
D. WHELAN, 44, Rideau-street, Opposite Allan's Crockery Store
Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

GEO. MAYES,
COPPER PLATE PRINTER,
Bank Street, Centre Town,
Between Sparks & Queen Streets.
Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

CRICKETING GOODS,
CROQUET, FISHING TACKLE
FOILS,
Masks & Boxing Gloves
AT THE
Sheffield House, Ottawa.
Ottawa, May 5, 1868.

1868. MAY. 1868.
J. A. PINARD & CO.,
ARE NOW SHEWING
New Dress Goods,
A good value in Striped, all Mohair, for 6d per yard.
New Prints.
A good variety of Patterns at 6d per yard.
New Grey Cottons,
A good Cotton, 40 inches wide, for 7d per yard.
New White Cottons,
A good heavy made Cotton for 6d per yard.
The Tailoring Department is replete with all the novelties of the season.
Cash buyers will find it their advantage to visit the above before purchasing elsewhe
J. A. PINARD & Co.,
No. 17, Sussex-st., *Sign of the Golden Ball.*
Ottawa, May 5, 186 . 16y

HARDWARE, HARDWARE!
—AT—
Thomas Birkett's,
SIGN OF  THE ANVIL,
No. 24 No. 24
RIDEAU STREET.
Come old and young, come short and tall,
Come rich and poor, come great and small,
Just call and see my stock in trade,
Hardware and paints of every grade.
A Complete Assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware constantly kept on hand at the SIGN of the ANVIL, T. BIRKETT, consisting in part of
Butts, Axes, Iron, Paints, all colors, Screws, Saws, Tin, Oils,
Locks, Ropes, Stoves, Glass, Coolers, Putty, Bolts, Chains,
Nails, Coal, Pitch, Grindstones, &c., &c., &c., &c.
Also a complete stock of MECHANICS' TOOLS of the most improved English and American manufacture.
Then Come and Examine my Stock,
A duty never shirk it,
And satisfaction will be got
In business with T. BIRKETT.
Don't forget the place—THOS. BIRKETT, Sign of the Anvil, No. 24, Rideau-street.
P. S.—All Goods delivered Free to any par of the city. 408y

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE
WERE AWARDED THEIR 67TH
Prize and Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.
Great rapidity, Simple Machinery, quiet in action, easy o operate, price from $17. *Prospectus free, and instructions gratis.*
G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa, and 105 King st., West, Toronto.
Sole Agent for Ontario.
The "HOWE" SEWING MACHINES are the *best* for Carriage Trimmers, Harness Makers, Boot and Shoe Makers, are the best Shuttle Machine for Tailors, Dressmakers, Families, etc., etc. Price from $50. Prospectus free and instructions gratis.
479 43y R. W. STEPHEN, 37 Sparks-street, Ottawa.

NEW SILK AND DRESS GOODS:
Grant and Henderson
Have just opened out a new lot of
Black and Fancy Silks, Moire-Antiques,
BROCADES, POPLINS, CHALLIS, LUSTRES, &c.
Elegant Goods at Moderate Prices.
Millinery, Mantles, Jackets, Carpets and House Furnishings in great variety, always on hand.
No. 20, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, May 16, 1868. 62y

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT ! 35, SUSSEX St. H. MEADOWS & CO.
WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall Stoves, for wood or coal we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW OVEN STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
Suitable for private Dwellings and Churches Warehouses and Stores
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PAR TOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
New and most beautiful designs, very cheap.
COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES.
Hot Air Furnaces.
We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE, RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with Stovepipes, &c., at reduced rates.
Lumbermen's Supplies! Lumbermen's Supplies! Shanty Plates! Basins! Camp Kettles, &c.
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS!
Bird Cages! Bird Cages! Bird Cages!
Price Lists sent free on application.
Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending purchasers would do well to note.
An inspection of the above goods invited at the "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, October 2 1867. 62-y

EXECUTION OF MICHAEL BARRETT.

Scene in Front of Newgate.

From the London Times, May 27.

Yesterday morning, in the presence of a vast concourse of spectators, Michael Barrett, the author of the Clerkenwell explosion, was hanged in front of Newgate. In its circumstances there was very little to distinguish this from ordinary executions. The crowd was greater, perhaps, and better behaved; still, from the peculiar atrocity of the crime for which Barrett suffered, and from the fact of its being probably the last public execution in England, it deserves more than usual notice.

The execution differed little from other similar exhibitions. On Monday the barriers were put up, and on Monday night a fringe of eager sightseers assembled, mostly sitting beneath the beams, but ready on a moment's notice to rise and cling to the front places they had so long waited for. There were the usual cat-calls, comic choruses, dances, and even mock hymns, till towards two o'clock, when the gaiety inspired by alcohol faded away as the public houses closed, and popular excitement was not revived till the blackened deal frame which forms the base of the scaffold was drawn out in the dawn, and placed in front of the door from which Barrett was to issue. Its arrival was accompanied with a greater cheer, which at once woke up those who had been huddled in door steps and under barricades, and who joined in the general acclamation. The arrival of the scaffold did much to increase the interest, and through the dawn people began to flock in, the greater portion of the newcomers being young women, and little children. Never were these more numerous than on this occasion, and blue velvet hats and huge white feathers lined the great beams which kept the mass from crushing each other in their eagerness to see a man put to death. The crowd was most unusually orderly, but it was not a crowd in which one would like to trust. It is said that one sees on the road to the Derby such animals as are never seen elsewhere; so on an execution morning one sees faces that are never seen save round the gallows or near a great fire. Some laughed, some fought, some preached, some gave tracts, and some sang hymns; but what may be called the general good-humored disorder of the crowd remained the same, and there was laughter at the preacher or silence when an open robbery was going on. None could look on the scene, with all its exceptional quietness, without a thankful feeling that this was to be the last public execution in England. Towards 7 o'clock the mass of people was immense. A very wide open space was kept around the gallows by the police, but beyond this the concourse was dense, stretching up beyond St. Sepulchre's Church, and far back almost into Smithfield—a great surging mass of people which, in spite of the barriers, kept swaying to and fro like waving corn. Now and then there was great laughter, as a girl fainted and was passed out hand over hand above the heads of the mob, and then there came a scuffle and a fight, and then a hymn, and then a sermon, and then a comic song, and so on from hour to hour, the crowd thickening as the day brightened, and the sun shone out with such a glare as to extinguish the very feeble light which showed itself faintly through the glass roof above where the culprit lay. It was a wild rough crowd, not so numerous nor nearly so violent as that which thronged to see Muller or the pirates die. In one way they showed their feeling by loudly hooting a magnificently attired woman, who, accompanied by two gentlemen, swept down the avenue kept open by the police, and occupied a window afterwards right in front of the gallows. This temporary exhibition of feeling was, however, soon allayed by coppers being thrown from the windows for the roughs to scramble for.

The convict Barrett had retired to rest about 10 o'clock on the previous evening, and having spent a somewhat restless night, rose at 6 o'clock yesterday morning, dressed himself and engaged in prayer. Shortly afterwards he was joined in his cell by the Rev James Hussey, attached to the Roman Catholic chapel in Moorfield, who had attended him regularly since his conviction, and who remained with him to the last. It is understood that he received the Sacrament one day last week, and again yesterday morning. Towards 8 o'clock the Sheriffs paid him a visit, accompanied by the Governor, and then retired to the part of the prison leading to the scaffold, where the rest of the authorities and the public representatives had already assembled. By a predetermined arrangement, and contrary to the usual practice, the convict was not pinioned in the press-room, as it is called, but in his own cell, and, this process over, he was conducted to the drop by a private way, accompanied by his priest and attended by the executioner and three or four warders, the prison bell and that of St. Sepulchre's Church, hard by, tolling the while. The Sheriffs and Under Sheriffs, who, with others, stood in a group in a gloomy corridor behind the scaffold, just caught a glimpse of the doomed man as he emerged with his attendants from a dark and narrow passage, and turned a corner leading to the gallows. He was dressed in the short claret-colored coat and the gray striped trowsers, both well worn, by which he had become familiar to all who were present during his protracted trial. His face had lost the florid hue it then wore, and in other respects he was an altered man.

With the first sound of the bells came a great hungry roar from the crowd outside, and a loud, continued shout of "Hats off" till the whole dense, bareheaded mass stood white and ghastly-looking in the morning sun, and the pressure on the barriers increased so that the girls and women in the front ranks began to scream and struggle to get free. His clergyman came first. Barrett mounted the steps with the most perfect firmness. This may seem a stereotyped phrase, but it really means more than is generally imagined. To ascend a ladder with one's arms and hands closely pinioned would be at all times difficult, but to climb a ladder to go to certain death might try the nerves of the boldest. Barrett walked up coolly and boldly. His face was as white as marble, but still he bore himself with firmness, and his demeanor was as far removed from bravado as from fear. We would not dwell on these details, but for the singular reception he met as he came out upon the scaffold. There was a partial burst of cheers, which was instantly accompanied by loud hisses and so it remained for some seconds, till as the last moment approached the roar dwindled down to a dead silence. To neither cheers or hisses did the culprit the slightest recognition. He seemed only attentive to what the priest was saying to him, and to be engaged in fervent prayer. The hangman instantly put the cap over his face and the rope round his neck. Then Barrett turning spoke through his cap and asked for the rope to be altered, which the hangman did. In another moment Barrett was a dead man. After the bolt was drawn and the drop fell with the loud boom which always echoes from it, Barrett never moved. He died without a struggle. It is worthy of remark that a great cry rose from the crowd as the culprit fell—a cry which was neither an exclamation nor a scream, but it partook in its sound of both. With the fall of the drop the crowd began to disperse, but an immense mass waited till the time for cutting down came, and when 9 o'clock struck there were loud calls of "Come on, body snatcher!" "Take away the man you've killed!" &c. The hangman appeared and cut down the body amid such a storm of yells and execrations as has seldom been heard even from such a crowd. There was nothing then to be seen, so the concourse broke up with its usual concomitants of assault and robbery.

The body on being taken down was placed in a shell and removed to an adjoining building in the presence of the Sheriffs and Under-Sheriffs, the Governor, the prison surgeon, and the Ordinary. There the rope having been removed from the neck, and the leathern straps by which the legs and arms had been pinioned, the surgeon certified that life was extinct. The expression of the face was marvellously serene and placid, and the features composed to a degree irreconcilable at first sight with the notion of a violent death, though the lips and part of the forehead were unusually livid. Towards evening the body was buried in the accustomed place within the precincts of the prison, in a grave upwards of five feet deep, in the presence of the Governor and other officers of the jail. Barrett was an Irishman by birth, about 27 years of age, of a thick-set muscular figure, rather below the average height, and with a prepossessing countenance. He was unmarried, and by trade a stevedore. Neither before nor after his conviction did any relative call at the jail to see him, and after sentence he was only, or chiefly, visited by the Rev. Mr. Hussey, who was with him a considerable portion of the time daily, and by his counsel and occasionally by one or other of the sheriffs. His behavior in prison was uniformly becoming, and he bore himself to the last with great fortitude, submitting himself at the same time with affectionate docility to the exhortations of his priest, and gratefully receiving the consolations of religion. He was never unduly buoyed up by the efforts made out of doors to reverse his sentence, but rather welcomed the repeated respites as affording him further time to prepare himself for the worst, should it come to that. He died without making any confession of the crime, of which he was convicted, so far as any of the authorities are informed. What he may have said to his priest, if anything, in reference to the murders, may never be divulged. All that is known is that he gave him "immense satisfaction," to use that gentleman's own expression, by his humble and penitent demeanor, his extraordinary fortitude, and by the earnestness with which he strove to prepare himself for his end. Yet there was this peculiarity about him, as observed more than once by one of the authorities in his visits to him after sentence—that he never absolutely denied his guilt. On those occasions, whenever he referred to the crime, he always said he had been convicted on sufficient evidence, and that he was not guilty of murder.

The London *Express* relates the following incidents in connection with the execution: "Hanging over the barrier immediately opposite the gallows, and supported on either side by a female friend, stood the half-fainting figure of a young woman of some four or five and twenty. Her decent demeanor and modest air won even upon the brutal natures around her, and a couple of genuine London roughs kept back their comrades by entreaties, and when necessary by blows. Whatever her relationship or knowledge of Barrett may have been, there could be no doubt of the genuineness of her emotion this morning. Deadly white, with clenched lips, and hands which clung to the wooden barrier before her with the tenacity of the drowning man, she succeeded in controlling herself until the drop actually fell. When Barrett appeared on the scaffold, the women supporting her redoubled their consolatory efforts; and her blanched face and wistful air became intensified in their expression. But when his face was covered, she gave way, and at the fatal moment fell prostrate, and lay in a passion of hysterical grief, deaf to the noises and blind to the sights nearer him, and conscious only of the gallows and its doubtful mission. Concurrently with this painful scene is a stir among the policemen guarding the enclosure in front. One of their number, a tall, good-looking young man, has given way, and Barrett's death is the signal for his falling down in a fit. His clenched teeth, white face, upturned eyeballs, and cataleptic figure, as his head falls back over the arms raised to succour him, lend additional horror to the proceedings. But his brother officers loosen his neckcloth, and pale, haggard, and with some ugly marks as if of blood about the mouth, he is led away by a couple of colleagues with stronger nerves than his own, who half guide and half help him to Newgate door, taking him as they do so close by the gallows tree, and the rigid figure now moving idly, but with a sort of pendulum motion, from north to south."

—The Montreal *Witness* says: When the Fenians invade Canada again, their banner, instead of the Sunburst, should bear the moon, shining coldly down on a silent street in Ottawa, with only two figures, viz., a man entering his own door, and another stealthily shooting him in the back of the head. The fields of flame emblazoned on their flags should be "Clerkenwell," "Ottawa," "Sydney," and their battle-cry, "Assassination for ever!"

—The Woodstock *Times* says that at a special meeting of the Council of the Town of Woodstock, on Monday last, it was decided to supplement the pay of such married men as may volunteer. This liberal grant, with the Government allowance, places a married volunteer in a fair position. It was the belief that at the first meeting of the County Council, which took place on Tuesday, a movement would be made to extend this gratuity to all the married volunt ers of the county.

MILITARY FUNERAL.—An imposing military funeral took place on Thursday the 4th instant, the remains of two sergeants of the 13th Hussars being conveyed to their last resting place, the military burying ground, followed by all their comrades of the regiment. Both men died of consumption in the Military Hospital within twelve hours of each other. They were conveyed on gun carriages, while each of their horses, harnessed and festooned with ribbons and rosettes, was led in procession by two men of the regiment. The cortege, on its way to the grave, was witnessed by a large concourse of spectators. —*Globe.*

THE CONDITION OF OUR TROOPS AT MAGDALA.—If ever a man deserved the fame he has obtained, by surmounting stupendous topographical difficulties, and pursuing his own ends in his own way, in the face of evil prophecy and forebodings, it is Sir Robert Napier. Sir Robert Napier is a great favorite with the doctors, in consequence of his thorough appreciation of the benefits arising from good sanitation; and if he succeeded in getting out of the country before the rains, he will have realised to the full the truth of the information we put forward before a soldier put his foot in it. We said the difficulties would be those of transport from the nature of the country; and our military correspondents declare that never before in the history of warfare have such difficulties been so successfully overcome. A communication, dated the 30th of March, from the camp on the left bank of the Tacazze, 30 miles from Magdala, gives the condition of the advanced brigade before the final assault. The country south of Antalo is described as a succession of very lofty mountains. There is, in fact, no table land. The troops on several occasions passed over 15,000 ft. At Dildee, about sixty miles north of Magdala, the final depot was established, and all official papers left, and a reduction of camp equipage and personal kit effected. Tents were allowed in the proportion of one for every twelve officers, and one for every twenty men. A Major-General and his staff had a tent between them. The trooper marched in serge. Each soldier carried a blanket and waterproof sheet in addition to his great coat and canteen. Cooking utensils were transported on mules, and fifteen days' rations were supplied. There was an allowance of hospital and camp equipage for sick in the proportion of three bell tents, one dhooley, and two pad mules per hundred men; and ninety efficient dhoolies were ordered up from Zorla to raise this mode of carriage to three per cent of the force. Nothing could surpass the physical condition of the troops. Their marching powers had grown with the regular daily exertion; their faces were bronzed, and their spirits excellent, and they were fully equal to marking greater powers of exertion than British troops had ever before undergone. Out of some six hundred and twenty men, we understand, composing the 1st Brigade, only two were on the sick list.—*The Lancet.*

ANOTHER FRENCH PAMPHLET.

"La Paix par la Guerre"—Wanted—A Short, and Decisive War with Prussia.

[Paris (May 27) Correspondence, London Times.]

A pamphlet of 39 pages, entitled "*La Paix par la Guerre*" (peace by means of war) has just appeared—anonymously. From a cursory glance at it I come to the conclusion that, in the writer's opinion, the only way to restore public confidence is a sharp, short, but decisive war with Prussia. He begins by remarking on the singular fact that, in spite of all the pacific declarations of the Emperor Napoleon; in spite of his resistance to those who advised him the very day after the battle of Sadowa, to send an army to the Rhine and take Prussia by surprise; and in spite of his ready acquiescence in the decision of the London Conference on Luxemburg, there still exists a general apprehension that France does not really mean to be at peace, notwithstanding her great forbearance and Prussia's opposition to carrying out the fifth article of the Treaty of Prague. No one can be surprised if France now resolves to interfere diplomatically in that matter, for if she was a contracting party to the Treaty it was she who had the clause relative to Northern Schleswig inserted in it, as M. Bismarck himself has recently admitted. If she has not hitherto interfered it is entirely owing to her love of peace. At any other time so manifest a proof of her moderation would have sufficed to tranquilize Europe. The causes of this persistent uneasiness are of older date than Sadowa. They were pointed out in the Emperor's speech on opening the Chambers in November, 1863—viz., the keeping up of mutual mistrust by excessive armaments, and continuing in a situation which was neither peace with its security, nor war with its happy chances; and he added that there were only two ways open—the one to progress by conciliation and peace, the other which must inevitably lead to war. The moment, however, is now approaching—for the treaty of Prague is not observed, and the limit of the Main is passed—when the Imperial Government will be forced to call upon Prussia to respect treaties, and to demand from her the guarantees which her policy for the last two years has made indispensible. What are these guarantees? There is but one calculated to soothe the just susceptibilities of France, and that is disarming—not a mock disarming, but a real one. The day that question will be put to Prussia; the day when she is called upon to make her choice between disarming and war; between the fulfilment of the Treaty of Prague and a new struggle destined to definitely settle the fate of Germany, will the answer of Prussia be pacific? The writer fears it will not. Every time that France has asked for any slight concessions from the Berlin Cabinet since 1866 she has been refused, on the ground of the resistance of the national feeling of Germany, or, more strictly speaking, of Prussia herself. Well, then, if war be decided upon, will it be long or short? It will be short, for long wars are not possible in our times. Will it be successful for France? No one can say so with certainty, for the state of Europe is such that no power has an alliance on which it can count absolutely. With all this, however, it is most probable that Prussia would have the support of Russia. The alliance of Russia may cost her dear, but she will ... it; and this is why it is desirable that events should be hastened, for Russia is less prepared at this moment than she would be a year or two hence. Her railways are not completed, and the transformation of her armaments is hardly begun. England, of course, will remain neutral. Austria will be with France if Russia join Prussia. The same may be said of Denmark, for Denmark has not forgotten the past; and of Holland, for Holland fears for the future—and both desire to see the ambition of Prussia arrested. Italy will ... one can hardly blame her for it—be for the power she most stands in need of. That power is France, for it is France that can most ... or most injure her; and on France it depends to have her for an ally. But the best ally of France will be found in Germany. In this respect, too, the present circumstances are favorable and the moment is propitious. Germany is not what she was on the morrow of Sadowa; and she is not what she will be if Prussian domination be established there definitively. After Sadowa a great many Germans cherished illusions as to the use ... of Prussian ambition, and the part this power aspired to play. These illusions are now dissipated; they would not again appear; but the Prussian domination would be completed, all resistance crushed, and it would be then too late to deliver Germany. Now the liberation of Germany would be the real object of the war, and the true result of France's triumph. Prussia, moreover, has against her the Catholics and the Democrats: the former alarmed by the preponderance of Prussian Protestantism; the latter enlightened as to the pretended liberalism of Prussia. But, above all, Prussia has against her the very genius of the German people, who are opposed, not to national unity in its large and elevated sense, but to the narrow and oppressive centralization sought to be imposed upon them under the name of unity. If France, indeed, contemplated a war or conquest, all Germany would be with Prussia; but there is nothing of the kind to fear. The heir of Napoleon I. has never in this respect followed the example of the head of the Imperial family; and as he respected Italian independence so will he respect that of Germany. The war once over, it will be for Germany to reconstitute herself. All that France would do would be to protect the manifestation of the popular will by universal suffrage. Bavaria, of course, will keep her dynasty. The reigning house of Baden associated to Prussia will be rejected by liberated Germany, and the whole of Swabia will form but one State under the house of Wurtemburg. Lower Saxony will take back her national dynasty, which she has never renounced; the dynasty of the Guelphs, one of the most ancient of Europe, which, from the middle ages downward, struggled against despotism and centralization, then represented by the Hohenstaufen, as they now are by the Hohenzollern, with a population of eight millions, will be in the North what Bavaria is in the south. To constitute that kingdom, which will hold excellent a place in the equilibrium of Germany, it will be sufficient to restore Hanover to her legitimate sovereigns, and to join it to Westphalia as far as the Rhine and the Duchy of Oldenburg. The Duchy of Brunswick will be united to it some day by the extinction of the Ducal branch of the Guelphs. The Duchies of Saxony will, of themselves, demand to be united to Royal Saxony. Prussia will be driven back beyond the Elbe.

The writer of the pamphlet ventures to hope that her conquerors will not abuse their victory as after Jena, "for it is never good to drive a courageous people to despair." Prussia must remain a compact and well-defined Kingdom. She must have *Magdeburg* to enable her to defend the *Elbe*. She must be left all the territory on the left bank of that river, including the *Duchies of Mecklenburg*, which nature seems to have made to be absorbed by her, and which will complete her line of coast on the Baltic. *Frankfort* will recover her Republican Government, to which she owed her prosperity. The new Confederation would have a defensive instead of the aggressive character which Prussia has given to the Northern Confederation. With such an organization, Germany would enjoy all the benefits of national unity, without the disadvantages of centralization, and she would be safe from all attacks from abroad, without becoming a danger to the other States of Europe. The writer concludes thus:

"We do not pretend that this plan, once adopted and carried out, would make all future wars impossible. It would be too much to hope from human nature. But we think we may affirm that an organization of Europe conformable to the wishes of the people, and the principle of nationalities understood in its true sense—an organization that would re-establish Poland, drive back Russia, give to Austria the mouths of the Danube, protect Turkey against the dangers which for the last half century menace her, re-constitute Germany in a manner conformable to her tendencies and the genius of her people, would keep off for a long time the principal causes of war, which at this moment agitate public opinion and keep Europe in alarm. If the war had such results it should not be regretted. Let people reflect on the present situation. Let

them call to mind how the Emperor has described it: "It is not either peace with its security nor war with its favorable chances. The state of things which we have just sketched would be, on the contrary, after war with its happy chances, peace with all its security."

I can make no guess as to the authorship of the pamphlet. It is published by the same house (Dentu) that gave us the famous pamphlets before the Italian war. It is printed on fine paper and in large type, and may be thrown out as a feeler to public opinion.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Special Notice—Canada House.
Theatrical Exhibition—Ottawa University.
Situation Wanted by a Lady.
Quebec and Gulf Ports Steamship Company—W. Moore.

The Ottawa Times

SATURDAY, JUNE 13, 1868.

☞ *For Markets and Weekly Report of Commercial Securities, see Fourth Page.*

We understand that a full meeting of the Privy Council has been summoned for Wednesday next, and that by that date all the Ministers now absent will have returned to the capital.

Elsewhere we publish an extract from the *Railway Times* of the 30th, fully exonerating C. J. Brydges, Esq., from the charge preferred against him in February last in the same paper, by a correspondent. The apology of the *Times* is complete.

A new edition of "The Hon. Thos. D'Arcy McGee: a sketch of his life and death," by Fennings Taylor, Esq., has just been issued from the press of Mr. Lovell, of Montreal, a copy of which has reached us from Mr. Worthington, bookseller, of that city, through the Messrs. Durie, who have the work on sale here.

The present edition has been revised and greatly enlarged. It is very handsomely bound, and contains as a frontispiece a cabinet photograph of the subject of the sketch, by Notman. Almost everybody in Canada is familiar with Mr. Taylor's sketch of the late Mr. McGee, which first appeared in "Notman's portraits," and was republished in April last, with a continuation, giving the more recent events in his life, and the particulars of his tragic end, so that no commendation of ours is needed to secure it the popular favor. But the present edition, called for by the rapidity with which the others have been exhausted, has been considerably improved, and, as we have said, enlarged, especially with respect to the closing part of Mr. McGee's career, and the circumstances connected with his death and obsequies. No doubt the many admirers of the deceased statesman will be glad to obtain Mr. Taylor's well written, truthful, and kindly drawn "sketch" in its enlarged form.

It appears by our exchanges that both in Toronto and Montreal, there is quite an enthusiasm in relation to the party of young women brought from England to this country by Miss Rye. A paragraph copied into the Montreal *News* of the 11th inst., would seem to be suggestive of a more cautious course. It runs as follows:

"The Liverpool papers of the 28th are informed that the official difficulties standing in the way of Miss Rye taking out to Canada young women who are now chargeable to parochial funds have been so far obviated that there appears to be every probability of the project being carried into effect."

With respect to the present importation we sincerely hope that all the young women will do well and give satisfaction to the families with whom they have so readily found employment. But we think, with the sources disclosed from which some of these immigrants may possibly have been drawn, as evidenced by the above paragraph, there can be little harm in suggesting that too much enthusiasm over their arrival may, perhaps, be calculated to make "spoiled children" of some of them. A certain amount of prudence and reserve in extending confidence is perfectly compatible with the most kindly and charitable treatment of these young girls; and perhaps a short experience of the consequences of this effort on the part of Miss Rye might not be out of place before advising her to return immediately to England, and come back in the fall with two hundred more, as some of our contemporaries in a gush of enthusiasm have done.

We have not heretofore commented on this matter, not having informed ourselves particularly with respect to Miss Rye's mode of procedure, which we doubt not is inspired by the best of motives; and anticipating that some official notice of such a body of immigrants brought out under such circumstances would have been taken. But a slight misgiving, not altogether unwarranted by past experience of wholesale importations of single young women, that the whole of them may not always be selected from the best classes, has been rather strengthened by the paragraph above quoted, and we deem it not unkind to them, and only just to the community of Canadian householders, that we should invite our enthusiastic *confreres* not to be rash in calling for another importation on a much larger scale, at least until the happy results of this one have been made manifest. As to the absence of the official information which we had anticipated, we presume that the silence of the authorities may be accounted for on the ground that the Emigration Department, having incurred no direct responsibility in the premises, feels that it had better not interfere in a matter of such delicacy, for the consequences of which, should they happen by any deplorable mischance to turn out unhappily, the Department would doubtless have been severely blamed had it assumed any responsibility.

Having said this much, we sincerely trust that Miss Rye's young immigrants may live to bless the day that she brought them across the Atlantic, and that those who have so readily taken them into their houses will never have occasion to regret it.

We understand that the ensanguined planks, taken from the spot where McGee fell, have, by the advice of some of the personal friends of the family of the deceased, under the directions of His Worship the Mayor, been burnt on a metal plate, and the ashes carefully gathered and forwarded to Montreal, there to be deposited in his grave.

The Quebec *Chronicle* of the 11th inst., after copying our first remarks, concerning the German immigrants and Mr. Pemberton's letter, with some comments from the *Leader* upon the same subject, holds the following language regarding the present condition of the emigration policy of the country. There is much in the remarks of the *Chronicle* which deserves attention, and we think it is the imperative duty of the Local Governments to assume their share of the responsibility, or at the shortest possible moment "surrender their concurrent powers." What is needed is "united and systematic action" between the Local and the General Governments, and we hope that this may be arrived at before another year. For the present the Department has no other course open to it this season but that which we have already pointed out:

"Since agriculture and immigration are among the matters concerning which the constitution empowers the General Parliament to legislate, and since the Local Governments of Ontario and Quebec have not as yet created any machinery for the attraction hither of emigrants, and their transportation to particular localities in those Provinces, respectively, it is reasonable that people should look to the Canadian authorities, in the first instance, when an emergency like that to which we called attention a few days ago arises. Our Immigration Department is at present in a very unsatisfactory position. With a prospect of a considerably larger emigration to Canada this year than previously, and of the arrival of a greater number *en route* to the United States, many of whom may require assistance to keep them alive and in health, the Department finds its grant cut down from $60,000 to last year to $36,805 for the current year. In 1867-8, the vote for salaries and contingencies of the Immigration Office reached $34,500 as against $14,750 this year, 1868-9, a reduction of more than a half of the total. The item for the Quarantine Establishment at Quebec was $18,500 last year, which has been reduced to $15,055 this year. The vote for Quarantine purposes at Halifax and St. John is the same this year as last—namely, $7,000. Now, considering that neither Ontario nor Quebec possesses an establishment independent of, and supplementary to that of the Dominion, for the encouragement of immigration to their respective territories, and in view of the larger immigration naturally to be expected as a result of years of advertising in Europe and other preparatory labors, and of the enhanced reputation of these provinces, in consequence of the Union, it was highly impolitic in Parliament to diminish the immigration vote in this wholesale fashion. We believe Mr. Mackenzie, Mr. Holton and other retrenchers worked hard to effect this change, which is likely to prove disadvantageous to the public interest. Had there been any local immigration machinery to substitute for that of the Canadian Government, or to supply its deficiencies, there might have been little objection to pruning this giant as closely as possible; but such not being the case, it should have been allowed to stand at the old average for some time longer. Suppose some hundreds of immigrants reach Quebec with the intention of making Canada their home, but without the means of proceeding to the localities able to afford them remunerative employment or desirable land, and that the Department here be at the end of its means—what is to be done? The Local Governments have not made any provision that we remember for the temporary support and transportation of immigrants. There can be no doubt that if they should find themselves in a straight, through the illiberality and shortsightedness of our Local and Federal Legislatures, no matter how anxious to settle in this country, they would freely accept any offer from our American neighbors of a passage to the Republic, in order to make it their home. We believe the interests of the Dominion would be greatly promoted by a liberal and practical policy in regard to immigration and colonization, and that the Local Governments should either virtually surrender their concurrent powers respecting these important matters, so as to invest the General Government with sole control over them, and place upon it the entire responsibility, or cooperate efficiently with it in a sound policy designed to increase our population. Each Province has a duty as well as a valuable stake in this matter, upon which united and systematic action is absolutely necessary to the accomplishment of any result worthy of consideration."

GRAND TRUNK OF CANADA.

(Extract from the Railway Times, May 30, 1868.)

We have had the opportunity of perusing a letter from Mr. Brydges, addressed to the London Directors, on the subject of a communication which appeared in this journal on 22d February last, under the signature of "A Holder of various G. T. Stocks." That communication was sent to us authenticated by the name of the writer, and, as we believed, in good faith; but, unfortunately, we have misplaid his card, and cannot, therefore, supply Mr. Brydges' legal representative, who has called upon us for the purpose, with the name and address of the author. This we deeply regret, as we find we have been the medium of circulating the most false and slanderous accusations against Mr. Brydges, for whom, we may mention, we have always entertained a high and friendly opinion. We are satisfied from the explanations afforded us, that in publishing the letter of 22nd February, we did Mr. Brydges a great injustice, and we now in this place desire to confess the same, and to offer to that gentleman the most ample apology for having done so. The contents of that letter, we are now satisfied, are perversions of the facts, and we exceedingly regret having been the means of giving them circulation in the columns of the *Railway Times*. We make the *amende* promptly and willingly, as a simple act of justice to a gentleman against whom there has been committed a grievous wrong.

The following paragraph is confirmatory of the correctness of the opinion we expressed the other day, that in making calculations for business on the prospects of an abundant harvest in Ontario, it would be a mistake not to make an allowance also for a decline in the price of grain. It is equally important to the agriculturist and the man of business that this probability should not be overlooked:

"The *Mark Lane Express* says that the wheat crop, being forced on by another week of summer-like weather, again gives promise of an early gathering, and this alone is against prices. In England, France, Germany, Belgium and Holland prices have been generally on the decline. New York, with liberal supplies and more in anticipation, quotes a decline with some amount bought for English account. The present rates naturally make all holders nervous."

We have received from Dr. Campbell, of Toronto, a pamphlet on the "Mary Boyd" case, but as we did not take any part in the discussion, either for or against the doctor, we are not called upon to enter on it now. Both the *Leader* and *Globe* express their conviction very strongly that Dr. Campbell has completely vindicated himself.

We copy the following from the *Beacon* of Aurora, Illinois, of the 4th inst.:

"Rev. Edward Ebbs, pastor of the New England Church of this city, has received a unanimous call to the pastorate of the Congregational Church of Ottawa city, the capital of the Dominion of Canada. After due deliberation, he has declined the call. We are much pleased with the termination of his deliberations. We regard Mr. Ebbs as one of the most perfect christian gentlemen ever occupying a pulpit in this city, and should much regret his departure from among us."

The following conversation which actually took place yesterday afternoon, is a forcible, though perhaps unintentional illustration of "putting on style:" Time 5:30 o'clock, p.m. Mr. A., *loquitur*. "Mr. B., are you going home to tea?" Mr. B., "Yes; I shall be going shortly." Mr. A. "Ah well! I'll call over and see you, *after dinner*."

The Montreal *News* says: We received yesterday, from a prominent Montrealer, a letter dated Springfield, Mass., June 9th, in which he says:

"There is not a shadow of truth in the rumors of Fenian preparations at St. Albans. "One of the managers of the Vermont Central, "who resides there, assures us that a recent "startling despatch, published in Montreal, "was concocted at St. Albans by a local speculator and a Montreal 'party,' and was "designed to affect certain business transactions in which they had a negative interest. "The name of the sender was an imaginary "one. The bait took, and some mischief was "consummated, to the advantages of the unscrupulous wire-pullers. The manager says "he knows this to be a fact. He is positive "that no preparations whatever are being "made in his vicinity for a raid into Canada, "and that O'Neil has not been in St. Albans "for many months."

The Montreal *News* of yesterday says:

"Detective Cullen is now understood to be out of danger. He is steadily improving. His would-be assassin, Gardiner, is in close custody. Mr. Berdenhoff, the victim of the robbery at Oil Creek, Pennsylvania, in which Gardiner is supposed to be implicated, and who was telegraphed to immediately after the arrest, is now on his way to this city; also the American police authorities of that neighborhood. Gardiner has no property in Berri-st., but instead, two houses in St. Denis, near Ontario-st., which he purchased from Mr. Morin, a contractor."

The Montreal *Gazette* has prospered so well under the "compressed form" of making up that it has been compelled to enlarge its pages to accommodate its increasing advertising patronage.

It is reported that work is to be immediately resumed on the Michigan extension of the Grand Trunk Railway, so that Chicago and the far west may be brought into direct connection with the Grand Trunk system.

LOCAL NEWS.

For jams and jellies go to Bate & Co., 52, Spark-st. 762d

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

A. Swalwell, Chief Undertaker for Ottawa, Sparks-st., Centre Town. 750tf

Bog Oak Jewellery.—Very handsome sets of bog oak jewellery can be had at Young & Radford's, at $1 per set.

Congregational Church.—We have been requested to state that the Rev. W. Massey will preach in the Congregational Church next Sabbath, morning and evening.

Auction Sale To-day.—Mr. Rowe will sell at his auction rooms, 42, Rideau-st., at two, p.m., a large quantity of household furniture, carpets, crockery, stoves, &c. The sale is positive. For particulars see advertisement.

Runaway.—Last evening, as two young horses, belonging to Capt. Fraser, of Fitzroy, were being harnessed to the carriage in the stable yard of the Union House, they became impatient to be off, and bolted out across the City Hall Square, round the wood pile, down the hill and up again to Elgin-st., where the horses became detached and bolted up by the Russell House, where they were very cleverly stopped by one of the boys of that establishment at considerable personal risk. No great damage was done, and in a few minutes the captain was off on his way home.

The 43rd Battalion.—We understand that the 43rd Battalion of Carleton are about to be called out for active service to put in their annual drill of sixteen days, which it is proposed to finish in eight days by drilling six hours a day. There was a desire to go into camp for that purpose, but all the tents having been forwarded to convenient places ready for transportation should they be required, this plan could not be carried out. The Battalion will probably come to the city for drill because of the superior facilities afforded by the presence of officers of the regular army to instruct them.

Entertainment by the Ottawa University Students.—As will be seen by advertisement elsewhere, the students of the Ottawa University will give a dramatic entertainment on the evening of the 23rd inst., the piece to be performed being "La Malediction." It will be accompanied with full orchestra, and choice selections of operatic music will be performed by the St. Joseph's brass band. The week after, the drama of "Alfred the Great" will be given, the two entertainments being got up to secure the patronage both of a French and English speaking audience. The proceeds in both cases will be applied to the Canadian Zouave fund of Montreal.

A Bear Story.—On Thursday last, as the steamer *Alexandra* was passing down the Ottawa, near L'Orignal, the captain observed some animal swimming across the river. A boat was lowered and three men went in pursuit. On coming near the object, it was discovered to be a bear. The man in the bow of the boat stood ready with an axe in his hand, and when the boat came up with the bear, he struck at it, but only inflicted a slight wound. The brute instantly turned and attacked the boat, but another blow from the man in the bow split his skull open, killing him instantly. The carcase was taken on board the *Alexandra*, and was found to weigh 400 pounds.

New Furniture in the City Hall.—We noticed some time ago in a general way the improvements to the exterior and the interior of the City Hall. Since that time the old pictures, which, by the bye, are not fit to be found in the Council Chamber of the capital, have been newly framed. And over the Mayor's chair is a prettily executed coat-of-arms of the city, done by Notman in water color. But the finest articles of furniture are three chairs, one for the Mayor, and two for such visitors as may be deemed worthy to sit in them. That for his Worship is a very handsome state chair, made of solid Canadian black walnut, made to order, as were also the smaller ones, by Harris and Campbell, cabinet-makers, Sussex street. That for the Mayor stands five feet six inches high in the back; it is an original design. Its lower parts contain some elements of the antique, whilst the back in its outline and finish, belongs to the present period. All the lines are clear, bold, and for the most part graceful. The upper part of the back has carved on it the rose, thistle, shamrock, and maple leaf, done by Mr. Leprohon. It is covered with Morocco leather, and the upholstering is in the most unexceptionable style. These chairs are not imitations of anything in the Public Buildings, and it is claimed that the Mayor's chair is superior to any in either House of Parliament. Whether this be so or not, these chairs do credit to the makers and to the city.

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

For a choice selection of pickles, sauces &c., go to Bate & Co., 52 Spark-st. 762d

Not Quite So.—"It is among the most savage and debased tribes only that the condition and comfort of the horse have been neglected;" but we believe there are many in civilized countries who are guilty of the same neglect, and without the excuse of the former; here all may avail themselves of the use of an article which has done more than anything else heretofore known to improve the condition and relieve the suffering of the horse. Those who will not use it will be the losers, their horses the sufferers, to avoid both use "Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and Condition Medicine," and you will be satisfied with the result. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.*, is on each package. *Northrup & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

POLICE COURT.

Several cases of drunk and disorderly characters were disposed of by fine and imprisonment. A pitiable sight was presented by four decent looking youths who had been arrested on the previous night for disorderly conduct. They are all engaged at regular occupations during the day, but for want of inclination to spend their evenings profitably, they congregated on the street, and some of them having got drunk, and becoming quarrelsome, were about to commence a fight when arrested. They would have been allowed to go home even then, but for their insolence to the policemen. One of them was let off for paying costs, and another, who did not appear to have been implicated, though he had just joined the company, was discharged; the others were fined $2 each, and costs, or go to jail for one week.

Fifteen cabmen, who had been summoned to answer the charge of not carrying the tariff of fares, appeared by their counsel, Mr. Buckley, who put in a plea of ignorance of the requirements of the law. The magistrate said he had been credibly informed that during the late Session of Parliament the charge by cabmen had been really exorbitant and extortionate. He would now dismiss the cases with costs, but he wished them to understand that they must carry their tariff in a conspicuous part of their carriages, and a neglect on their part to do so, or a single case of overcharge, would be held to disqualify the offending party for obtaining a license next year.

James Quinn was charged by the market constable for selling print butter in pieces purporting to be pounds, which in some instances were not more than three quarters of a pound. His Worship said this was in reality obtaining money under false pretences. Mr. Quinn was fined $2 and costs, and all his butter was confiscated.

The adjourned case of Alexis Trudeau vs. Margaret Hilliard was further postponed.

James Irwin, whose case on a charge of larceny was adjourned from Thursday, was again brought up. The charge of stealing a mortar mill, the property of James Adams, was resumed. Mr. Adams identified the mill as his property, and as the same which McD. Fraser proved having purchased from the prisoner. The value of it was ten dollars.

Detective O'Neill deposed that prisoner admitted to him that he had stolen it from Mr. Adams.

The prisoner was then charged with having stolen a pair of boots, value $3, from Henry Jackson. The owner was sworn and said Irvine had entered his house with some articles of clothing which he said he had purchased, and when he saw him going out with the articles, and the boots openly in his hand, he did not know but they were part of the articles he had brought with him.

Wm. McVeity said he was present at the arrest, and found the boots on prisoner's feet, who professed to have bought them from McD. Fraser at the market.

There was yet another charge against the prisoner, which was for stealing a cow, the property of Jean Baptiste Sabilliere, who resides at LeBreton's Flats. Mrs. Sabilliere deposed that her husband had bought a milch cow a few days ago for $30, that on the afternoon of the present week when it was stolen, it had been turned out to graze on the Richmond Road, and in a short time afterwards it was missing. The next morning she found the cow at Mrs. Dale's, in this city, and claimed her as her husband's property; she was quite certain as to the identity of the cow, about which there could be no mistake.

Mrs. Dale was sworn, and said she had bought the cow from the prisoner, and that he had been offering her to others. He stated that he lived five miles out of the city in the township of Nepean. The cow was claimed next morning by the last witness.

Constable McVeity testified that the cow sold by prisoner to Mrs. Dale, was the one lost by Mr. Sabilliere.

Detective O'Neill deposed that prisoner admitted to him that he had stolen the cow, and that he was assisted by another man whose name he could not give. The price for which he sold the cow to Mrs. Dale was sixteen dollars.

James Irwin was then committed to take his trial on all three charges at the next session of the Recorder's Court.

TRADE WITH THE UNITED STATES.

Bill to Secure Reciprocal Legislation.

The following is the text of the Bill introduced in the United States House of Representatives, on Monday, by Mr. Beaman, to regulate trade on the Northern frontier:

"Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, that the following named articles, being the growth and product of the British North American Provinces, shall be admitted into the United States when directly imported, at a duty of five per centum *ad valorem*. That is to say, grain, flour and breadstuffs of all kinds, animals of all kinds, fish, smoked and salted meats, seeds, green and dried fruits, fish of all kinds, products of fish and of all other creatures living in water, poultry, butter, cheese, maple sugar, lard, tallow, timber and lumber of all kinds, round, hewed, sawed, but not otherwise manufactured in whole or in part, fish, oil, coal, firewood, grind stones, rough and unfinished; provided that similar articles be the growth and product of the United States, shall be admitted into the said Provinces of British North America, at a rate of duty not higher than the duty imposed by the Act upon similar articles when imported into the United States from the Provinces aforesaid; and provided further, that all export duties upon any of the above enumerated articles shall be abolished and cease to exist.

"Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That for the use and privilege of navigating the waters of Lake Michigan by citizens of Canada, the same rights and privileges are to be conceded to the citizens of the United States by Canada in the waters of the St. Lawrence and its canals as are enjoyed by British subjects without distinction as to tolls, and discharging rates proportionate to canal distance. And, provided that for the free transit of goods, wares and merchandise in bond, under proper regulations, by railroad across the territory of the United States, to and from Portland and the Canada line, equal privileges shall be conceded to the United States from Windsor or Port Sarnia, or other western points of departure to Buffalo or Ogdensburg, or any other points eastward. And, provided further that the free ports in Canada shall be abolished.

"Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That all the rights of fishing near the shore existing under the treaty with Great Britain of 1854 known as the Reciprocity Treaty, shall be granted and conceded by the United States to the said Provinces of British North America; provided that the same rights and privileges of fishing as existed and were understood to exist under the said treaty, shall be granted and conceded by the said Provinces to the United States in every respect, including the above fisheries of the Gulf of St. Lawrence, and the waters and shores of Lakes Ontario, Erie, Huron and Superior, with full privileges to the citizens of the United States to fish for, or take, dry and cure, any fish of any kind whatever within three miles of any of the coasts, bays, creeks or harbors whatever of British North America, the same as are enjoyed by citizens of British North America, and without distinction as between citizens of the United States and of said Provinces of British North America as to dues or other regulations.

"Sec. 4. And be it farther enacted, That no part of this Act shall go into effect unless and until all the stipulations and concessions herein provided are mutually agreed to by the said Government of British North America, and are naturally and reciprocally enforced by the Governments of British North America as well as by the United States; and upon the failure or neglect of the said Provinces of British North America, or any of them, to give effect to any of the reciprocal provisions of this Act either as regards the mutual admission of articles, the natural growth and product of each country, as heretofore enumerated, the free navigation of the St. Lawrence and the canals thereof, the freedom of the fisheries, or any other provisions therein contained which depends upon a mutual agreement, concessions of privilege made by the said Provinces to the United States, then the provisions, concessions or requirements of this Act shall be held to close and to be of no effect so far as the said Provinces, or any of them, are concerned, and public notice to that effect shall at once be given by proclamation of the President of the United States; the true intent and meaning of this Act being, that it shall only apply to those Provinces of British North America which mutually become parties to its provisions by such reciprocal legislation as may be necessary to give them effect."

Latest by Telegraph.

FROM TORONTO.

Adoption of the Route of the Toronto and Nipissing R.R.—The Fenian Movement Begun—The Tenth Royals—The Anglican Synod.

Special to THE TIMES.

Toronto, June 12.

A meeting of the Directors of the Toronto and Nipissing railroad yesterday fixed the route of the line.

The *Globe* has it, on authority beyond dispute, that the Fenian movement has actually begun, and the raid is possible any day after the 20th inst.

The Tenth Royals were inspected last night. Over 300 men were present.

The Anglican Synod has adopted a petition to the Queen and Imperial Parliament against the dis-establishment of the Irish Church.

The traction engine imported from England arrived in this city to-day.

CABLE NEWS

(Via Montreal Line.)

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Ascot Races.

London, June 11.—The gold cup was won by Sir Joseph Hawley's colt *Blue Gown*, *Speculum* being second, and *King Alfred* third. The race was run in 4:34. The all ages stakes were won by Mr. G. Bryan's horse *Lauret*, 5 years, *Martyr*, 2 years, was second, and *Vespasion*, 6 years, third. The St. James' palace stakes for three year olds, were won by the Marquis of Hastings' colt, the *Earl* beating *Restitution*.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

London, June 12.—The directors of the Atlantic Telegraph Company have this day declared a dividend, payable on the 1st of July, of six per cent. on their preference stock, and three per cent. on the original stock.

Paris, June 12.—It is not proposed by the Czar to do away with the use of all kinds of explosive projectiles, but only with rifle and musket bullets which bury themselves in the flesh and then explode. It is the disuse of this murderous invention which receives the unqualified approval of the Emperor Napoleon.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Via Montreal Line.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Arrival.

New York, June 12.—The steamer *City of New York* from Liverpool, has arrived, with two cases of small pox, and is detained at quarantine.

Political.

The *Herald's* Cincinnati special says a well known Democrat in the northwest has received a letter from a prominent member of the Jeff. Davis rebel Government in which he states that any candidate, Chief Justice Chase included, nominated at New York, and acceptable to the northwest would also be cordially supported at the South. The writer says the question of suffrage should be decided exclusively by the States.

Enlistment in the United States for the Papal Army.

Washington, June 12.—The Government has received no official or unofficial news upon the subject of the alleged purpose of the Roman Government to enlist soldiers in the United States; of course if this be done in violation of United States law, the parties concerned in the proceeding would be liable to prosecution as in any other similar case.

From Mexico.

New York, June 12.—Late advices from Vera Cruz state that Escobedo was at San Luis, on his way to quell the rebellion in Queretero and Guerrero. Mail advices from Port-au-Prince state that the revolution was steadily gaining ground, and President Salnave found himself cooped in his capital, and abandoned by his right hand man, Minister Delorme, who had escaped to England.

New York Money Market.

New York, June 12.—Gold closed at 140.

The *Post* says money is unchanged. Governments dull; Exchange market steady.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

A Resolution in the American Congress to Intercede for Rev. Mr. McMahon.

Washington, June 12.—In the Senate today Mr. Morton, from the Committee on Foreign relations, reported a resolution requesting the President to intercede with Queen Victoria for the release of Rev. John McMahon, confined as a Fenian in Canada.

From Lima.

New York, June 12.—The *Herald's* Lima (Peru) correspondence says the dissatisfaction with Cassio's Government was spreading so rapidly that it was the general belief that Prado would soon be called to resume the Government. The latter was more popular than ever. The troubles with Chili were increasing, and an early renewal of the war on the part of Spain was considered highly probable. Wm. Henry Moggs' proposal for the construction of a railroad from Mejia to Arequipa had been accepted. Balta, it may be safely affirmed, is elected President of the Republic. Serious complaints were being made against the inhuman system of imprisonment followed by the military commanders. The yellow fever is raging.

Contracts Lost by Wells, Fergo & Co.

The *Tribune's* special says Wells, Fergo & Co. have lost all their contracts for carrying the overland mails, their bids being found to be the highest offered; the Government saves at least $350,000.

President Johnson and Mr. Groesbeck's Appointment.

It is said that Mr. Johnson's offer, of the Treasury Departments, to Mr. Groesbeck was merely complimentary. Mr. Johnson knew that Mr. Groesbeck would not accept the position, knowing that the Senate would not confirm him.

The *Times* special says that the President will soon tender the office of Attorney-General to Mr. Evarts, who will at once decline, and it will then be tendered to Mr. Groesbeck.

Arkansas' Recognition Protested against.

The *World's* special says that the President will probably hold the Arkansas admission Bill under advisement until next week, meantime the Democratic members of Congress propose to get up a protest against the recognizing of the constitution of that State, and of the admission of members of Congress chosen at their recent election.

President Johnson and the Union League.

New York, June 12.—The name of President Andrew Johnson was struck from the roll of membership of the New York Union League last evening. W. H. Seward was in town yesterday. The Union League Club last night resolved to tender a reception to Minister Burlingame and the Chinese Embassy on their return from Washington.

Mr. R. Johnson Minister to England.

Washington, June 12.—The President has nominated to the Senate Reverdy Johnson to be Minister to England.

Reconstruction.

New Orleans, June 12.—Municipal affairs in this city remain in *statu quo* to-day. Gen. Buchanan has received a copy of a despatch from Gen. Grant to Mr. Packard, chairman of the Registry Board, stating that the subject of inaugurating the Civil Government for Louisiana is now pending before Congress, and advising him to issue no proclamations or orders conflicting with those issued by the military commanders of the District, as such action would be a violation of the reconstruction laws.

A Fenian Raid from Buffalo Denied.

Buffalo, June 12.—Reports from Canada having gained circulation to the effect that the Fenians are concentrating at this point for a raid upon the neighboring Province, it is deemed proper to contradict such statement. No unusual gathering of Fenians has occurred here, and it is not believed that there is a single member of the organization, outside of citizens, in Buffalo. The sensational reports probably originate with Canadian speculations, interested in contracts for the troops.

Fenian Convention.

Queenston, N.J., June 12.—A Fenian State Convention was held in the State House today, and delegates were present from all parts of the State. At night a large mass meeting was held in favor of Irish liberty, speeches were made by Gen. John O'Neill, President of the Fenian Brotherhood; Jos. Gibbons, Vice-Presidents; Gen. H. Spear, Adjt.-Gen. and Major McMillans of Philadelphia.

PRIMITIVE METHODIST CONFERENCE.

The fifteenth annual meeting of the Primitive Methodist Conference commenced its session in Hamilton on Thursday last, about 100 ministers and laymen being present. After the usual devotional exercises, the Rev. Jonathan Milner was unanimously elected President of the Conference for the ensuing year; Rev. James Cheetham, Vice-President; and the Rev. James Smith, Secretary. The retiring President, Rev. Robert Cade, congratulated the brethren on the approach of another Conference, and that in the Providence of God they had been permitted to meet again face to face in the flesh. The closing year had been one of solemn and suggestive interest. Death had invaded our ministry and taken in the prime of life and midst of his usefulness, Bro. W. Cooper, from his pulpit and his charge forever, but it was a consolation to them to know that the doctrines he taught in the pulpit sustained him when heart and flesh failed. The Revds. T. Augur, W. Thornley, S. Stonehouse and T. Griffith were received into full connection. The following ministers were placed on the reserve list: J. Sinclair, W. Johnstone, J. Foulger, and J. Mattinly. The Rev. Wm. Cadville's resignation was accepted he having changed his views on baptism, and taken charge of a Baptist Church in the United States. Revds. Thomas Dudley and R. Augur, on account of illness, requested to be left without stations for the next year, which was granted. A mission was established in London East, Hamilton Road, by the London Circuit, on application of that Circuit. It was taken under the care of the General Missionary Committee. A committee was appointed to take into consideration the whole of the circumstances connected with the Theological Institute, and report to the Conference. The Rev. R. Cade, the retiring President, preached the Conference Sermon in the evening, the church being well filled.

A BLACK IMPEACHMENT.

Impeachment must be contagious. First Johnson, President of the United States, then talk of Drummond, Judge in Canada, and now we hear that Thomas, parson to the church of the colored folk, Halifax, is to be subjected to the fashionable amusement. The story is that Rev. Mr. Thomas has, in the opinion of his elders and deaconesses, acted unconstitutionally in his management of the ecclesiastical affairs connected with Zion. He withheld, so they declare in the articles of impeachment, 2s. 6d. per week from Mrs. Brown, charged the church fifty cents for oats for which he had paid forty cents, and generally seemed desirous of "making his high perch a vantage ground for winged ambition" in the money-making line. Mr. Thomas, it would seem, tried to pull the wool over the eyes of his sheep; but his sheep being of a short-wooled breed, he could not bring the wool down far enough. Consequently, so they affirm, they were enabled to see what he was up to. He, so they think, wanted to shear his flock, and they wouldn't be sheared. Mr. Thomas, unfortunately, not being able to restrain his flock from butting at him, by process ecclesiastical, or fulminate spiritual, had recourse to process Huckleberry, and bound over, by the ancient form, some half dozen of his aforesaid elders, male and female, to keep the peace. Yesterday he followed up his tactics by getting possession of the church, and with the aid of his party keeping his opponents in the streets, to the endangerment of their complexions, owing to the brilliant sunshine. Last evening the preaching hour was 7 o'clock, and the anti-Thomasites flocked in full force determined to get possession after preaching, but the Pastor, by talking against time till 10 o'clock, won the day. So the party gub it up. —*Halifax Reporter.*

THE EAST.

A telegram, of April 26, states that Governor Sir Manners Sutton had not been able to obtain new advisers capable of carrying on the Government of Victoria. As Mr. McCulloch and his colleagues resigned their offices on the 13th March, the crisis has lasted more than six weeks, and continues.

The Japanese Dickens, Kloyte Bakin by name, has written one story 105 volumes, which was thirty-eight years going through the press. A serial, and no mistake!

The Supreme King of Siam has published an official list, with the name of his children, and dates of their birth, and of the dates of those deceased. The whole number is 81, of whom the eldest was born in 1823, the youngest in 1868; 66 are now living. The late second king had 63 children, of whom 39 are now living.

Theodoros had several wives and many children, and when on the first anxious day of negotiation, Lieut. Prideaux told him that honorable treatment would be given to him and his family if he surrendered himself and Magdala, he broke out with an odd mixture, for such a moment, of humour and indignation. "What does your chief mean by my family? Is he prepared for a thousand?"

The *Bombay Gazette* says that the Bhamo expedition has been brought to a sudden and unexpected pause by the arrest of Captain Sladen, the officer at the head of it, by a tribe of Panthays, who dwell between native Burmah and the Chinese frontier. Sir Stafford Northcote, at the urgent request of Colonel Fytch, chief commissioner of British Burmah, ordered the despatch of an exploring party, with the aid of the King of Burmah, to examine and open out, if possible, the old caravan route between Western China and Burmah, *via* Bhamo. The King of Burmah was highly favorable to the expedition, and Captain Sladen is an officer in whom the places the greatest confidence. All went well so long as the party were within his Majesty's dominions, but difficulties began soon after the expedition penetrated the territory of the wild tribes beyond. It seems that Captain Sladen and his party put up at a Panthay village, and that the house he occupied took fire and was destroyed, seven other houses also being destroyed by the flames. The head man of the village demanded 3,500rs. as reparation, which Captain Sladen was neither willing nor able to pay. Thereupon the village people impounded him and his whole party, making them prisoners on the spot. We do not anticipate that there will be any difficulty in obtaining their liberation by negociation, but we very much fear the present rage of the villagers will be made an example of by other tribes.

Annual Excursion of the Canadian Press Association.—The tenth annual meeting and excursion of the Canadian Press Association will take place this year from Collingwood, on Friday, 10th July. Arrangements have been made for an excursion by the splendid steamer *Algoma*, to Bruce Mines, Sault Ste. Marie and Fort William, on Lake Superior, which will leave Collingwood at 7 o'clock on the morning of Saturday, the 11th.—*Belleville Intelligencer.*

The Reciprocity Treaty.—The American press do not seem to be at all satisfied whether he Reciprocity Treaty is beneficial or a detriment to the prosperity of the American Government, but it is gratifying to see that on some points the United States press and the Canadians agree, and one is that the Canadian Pain Destroyer is the best thing for the cure of coughs, colds, frost-bites, rheumatism, &c. Sold by all medicine dealers at twenty-five cents per bottle.

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

Fine coral jewellery, bog oak jewellery and a large collection of other goods suitable for wedding and other presents can be seen at Young & Radford's; all new and choice goods and will be sold cheap.

—The exhaustive report drawn up by Mr. Brega, of the United States Treasury Department, does not please a large number of the members of the House of Representatives, who are very much disgusted that the truth should be told to them and the world with regard to the results of the abrogation of reciprocal free trade with this country. When the report came up for consideration, Mr. Harding, of Illinois, and Mr. Blaine, of Maine, objected to its reception on the ground that it was a partisan argument for a new "Reciprocity Treaty," and the resolution to print the report was withdrawn. Whoever is inclined to draw up a report stating that Canada has been ruined in consequence of the loss of the treaty, will receive the countenance of these politicians of the Chinese school.—*Spectator.*

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

For soups and potted meats go to Bate & Co., 52 Spark-st. 762d

Carpets and House Furnishings.—Garland Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality. They have just received a large stock and invite the attention of parties furnishing to it. Purchasers will find their stock in this department second to none in Ottawa. 582-y

Mr. Duchesne.—On the passenger list of a steamboat recently was observed this singular name—the reason being that the person indicated came on board intoxicated, kept so during the passage, and went on shore so, and having given no other name was so registered. When will all men prefer, to bad dangerous drinks, the safe and civilizing beverage prepared by Gianelli?

Messrs. Young & Radford having secured the services of first-class working jewellers in etruscan, filagree, plain, fancy and solid gold work, and having made large additions to their work shop are now better prepared to execute any orders with which they may be entrusted than heretofore. Masonic jewels gold and silver medals, and every kind of gold and silver work done on the shortest possible notice. Remember the place, 50 Sparks-st., and encourage home manufacture.

Health is Strength.—To prevent or conquer disease is one of the grandest attainments ever aimed at by man; and Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers will as sure by cure coughs, colds, tickling in the throat and pulmonary complaints, as wet and pestilence will destroy. Severe colds if not attended to sooner or later lead to incurable consumption, and the strength of the strongest soon fails if neglected. The readiest and best means known for the cure of these complaints is "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers," which have been thoroughly tried for the last twenty years, and have never been known to fail. Singers and public speakers will also derive great benefit from the use of them. Sold by

Auction Sales
BY A. ROWE.

IMPORTANT and Special Sale of
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE !
Feather Beds,
Carpets, Crockery, Stoves,
&c., &c., &c.

To close consignments, the subscriber has been instructed to sell at his Rooms,
NO. 12 RIDEAU STREET,
—ON—
Saturday, June 13th, 1868,
the following Goods:—Hair Cloth Sofas, different styles and sizes; Hair Cloth Chairs to match; Centre Tables, B. W.; Carved Sideboards, different styles and sizes, B.W.; Bureaus, with glasses; Extension Dining Tables, B. W.; Drawing Room Tables and Whatnots, B.W.; Couches in hair and reps, B.W.; Bedsteads, B. W.; enclosed Washstands; also black walnut Cane Seated Chairs, in different styles; Armed Rockers, in cane, and nurse do.; Easy Chairs, in hair cloth; 1 superior Feather Bed; Tapestry; Carpets, quite new; 1 superior Cooking Stove, elevated oven, with furniture attached; also, at the same time and place, a superior Herring's Safe.
The sale is positive and without reserve.
N.B.—The Stock must be disposed of to make room for other Goods which will be advertised in a few days.
Sale at TWO p.m.
Terms Cash—in bankable funds.
A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, June 9, 1868. 763td

Pickles, Sauces, &c.,

JUST RECEIVED DIRECT FROM
CROSSE & BLACKWELL, London,

Ex ship "Ardmillan," the following:

125 DOZ. MIXED PICKLES,
35 DOZ. Gerkins,
35 DOZ. Onions,
35 DOZ. Chow Chow,
30 DOZ. Piccolili,
25 DOZ. Walnuts,
20 DOZ. Cauliflower,
15 DOZ. Imperial Hot,
15 DOZ. West India,
15 DOZ. Capt. White's Oriental

Reading Sauce,
King of Oude Sauce,
Harvey do.
John Bull do.
Kalos Ceusis do.
Soyer's do.
Worcestershire do.
India Soy.
Essence of Anchovies,
Essence of Shrimps,
Mushroom Ketchup,
Walnut Ketchup,
French Capers,
Chili Vinegar,
Tarragon Vinegar,
Raspberry Vinegar,
Olives,
Bottled Fruits, an assortment,
Raspberry Jam,
Strawberry do.
Damson do.
Gooseberry do.
Red Currant do.
Black do. do.
Red do. Jelly.
Black do. do.
Crystallized Fruits,
Fruits in Noyeau,
Preserved Ginger in Jars and 1 lb. Pots,
Currie Powder,
Anchovy Paste,
Potted Ham, Beet and Tongue,
Potted Yarmouth Bloaters,
Strasbourg Potted Meats,
Soup and Bouille,
Mock Turtle Soup,
Mulligatawny Soup,
Hare Soup,
Jugged Hare,
Pheasants in Gravy,
Grouse in Gravy,
Partridge in Gravy,
Paté de Foie Gras,
Paté D'Alouettes,
Paté de Cailles.

ALSO,

A large lot of Keen's Celebrated Mustard in half lb. and 1 lb. tins.

BATE & Co.,
52, SPARKS-ST.
June 8, 1868. 762d

PIANOS. PIANOS.

JUST RECEIVED AT THE
London Music Store !
Her Majesty's Theatre,
Wellington Street,
A new and splendid assortment of
PIANOFORTES !
UNION MAKE.
Every PIANO from this establishment warranted for 5 years.
Also just received a new stock of
VICTORIA ORGANS and MELODEONS
VIOLINS, CONCERTINAS, GUITARS, &c., in great variety.
Second hand Pianos taken in part payment for new ones.
Connected with this establishment is a Piano Manufacturer, who will attend punctually to all orders for TUNING left at the London Music Store.
E. MILES,
Lessee of Her Majesty's Theatre.
Ottawa, March 25, 1868. 551-39y

MILES'
HAIRDRESSNG SALOON !
BELL'S BLOCK, ELGIN-ST.

THIS SALOON is fitted up in a neat and attractive manner, and is always attended by competent and attentive workmen.
E. MILES,
Hair Dresser, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General.
Ottawa, April 13. 715y

Magee & Russell's
—GREAT—
REMOVAL SALE!
COMMENCED
MONDAY,
JUNE 1st.

NO RESERVE.

All Goods re-marked in plain figures, with Red Ink, showing the actual reductions.
The following are only a few of the bargains offered. The public are invited to inspect the stock, and judge for themselves before purchasing:—

FANCY SILK DRESSES
That were selling for $16 and $17, reduced to $12 and $13.

SILKS
Marked $19 to $23.50, reduced to $15, $16 and $15.50, the full dress of 15 yards.
All our rich French Silks reduced from $5 to $8 on each dress.

BLACK GLACIE
And Gros Grain Silks all reduced.

MANTLE VELVETS and VELVETEENS,
Only received a few days ago, marked down from 10 to 15 per cent.

BLACK LACE SHAWLS,
Commencing at $1.25.
All the rich Spanish and Pusher Lace Shawls will shew large reductions.
Paisley Shawls reduced from $1.50 to $5 on each shawl.
Last year's Barege Shawls reduced to nearly half price.

NEW HOOP SKIRTS
Cheaper than anything in the trade. Old fashioned large Hoop Skirts almost given away. Would pay to have them altered.

LADIES STRAW HATS & BONNETS,
New styles, all reduced.
All old shapes in Straw Goods sold for what they will fetch.
Pattern Bonnets and all trimmed Millinery greatly reduced.
One Case Shakers at 12½c, some of them worth 50c.

NEW PARASOLS
Reduced from 10 to 20 per cent. Old ones to about half price.

500 PALM LEAF FANS
Sold during the sale at 5 cents each; not more than two to one customer.
Several thousand Ladies' Imitation Lace Paper Collars for half the New York price.
About 150 pieces ½ Mobair and Poplinette Dress Goods, will be offered at such prices as must clear them out.

PRINTED DELAINES
That sold from 17½ to 20 cents per yard, marked down to 12½ cents.

FRENCH DELAINES
And Merinos, Cobourgs, Lustres, Glacie, Alpaccas, Printed Muslins, and all other Dress Goods in stock, likewise reduced.
A lot of washing Challies will be offered very low.
All domestic goods, such as Sheeting, Table Linens, Towellings, Flannels, &c., will show heavy reductions.

OUR COTTONS
Being all purchased when the raw material was at its lowest point in Liverpool, customers would do well to lay in a stock during the sale. We will sell all Cotton goods far below what it would cost to import them just now.

PRINTS
At 7, 9 and 11 cents per yard; present retail value 10, 12½ and 15 cents per yard.

SPLENDID STYLES IN TWEEDS,
Coatings and Cloakings, at the reduced figures.

CARPETS,
Damasks, and all kinds of House Furnishings, and other heavy goods that would be troublesome to remove, will be cleared out at and below cost price.

LADIES BEST FRENCH KID GLOVES
Will be sold at $1 per pair, and all soiled and damaged Kid Gloves will be thrown in with the slow selling colours and sold at much less money.

GENTS' MERINO UNDERCLOTHING,
Dress and Flannel Shirts, Ties and Collars, all marked down to removal prices.
One lot of 68 gross Printed Paper Collars will be sold for 12½ cents the Box of 12 Collars; well worth 25 cents.

DRESS TRIMMINGS,
Embroidery, Lace Goods, Cotton Lisle and Silk Gloves, are all reduced.
A job lot of Dress Fringes, now so fashionable, will be sold at 12½ cents per yard, some of them being worth at the present price of Silk about 35 cents per yard.
A remarkably cheap lot of Ladies' Cambric Handkerchiefs, also, Ladies' and Childrens' Cotton Hose, at least 40 per cent less than last year's prices.

The intention being to reduce the stock to
Lowest Possible Point,
Before removing to New Premises (now building) in the Autumn. Great care has been taken to re-mark the entire stock at such prices as must effect
LARGE SALES
AND INSURE
A Speedy Clearance.

DURING THIS SALE
NO SAMPLES WILL BE CUT,
NO GOODS WILL BE SENT ON APPROBAT
NOR SOLD ON CREDI

Magee & Russell.
Ottawa, June 2, 1868. 707y

Auction Sales
BY J. BERMINGHAM.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET.
A large and well FURNISHED HOUSE, or four Bedrooms, Sitting Room and Drawing Room of same, in a healthy and respectable locality, within three minutes walk of the Government Buildings. For particulars apply to J. BERMINGHAM, House and Land Agent, Dominion Auction Mart, Sussex-st.
Ottawa, June 4, 1868. 759tf

FOR SALE!
THAT Splendid First-Class
HOTEL,
IN THE
CAPITAL OF THE DOMINION!
KNOWN AS THE
REVERE HOUSE,
And at present leased at a rental of $2,000. It is one of the best buildings in the city. Its length is one hundred and six (106) feet by forty (40) feet wide, built of stone, with cut stone front and tin roof. The house contains fifty bedrooms, five parlors and dining room, with bar, kitchen and laundry attached. There is a new Brick Stable, sixty-six (66) by thirty (30) feet, capable of stabling forty Horses, a large yard and outbuildings; also a vacant lot, which the purchaser can have if required to enlarge. The premises are in excellent order, being only five years built. Very lately a sum of $2,000 was expended improving the building. For a first-class hotel, or Military Quarters, it cannot be equalled in the city.
TERMS EASY, and made known free of charge, by letter or otherwise, on application to
J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer,
Commission and Real Estate Agent.
Ottawa, June 3, 1868. 758d

Dominion Auction Mart,
AND
Commission Sale Rooms
House, Land & General Agency,
OFFICE & SALE ROOMS,
INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-STREET,
OTTAWA.

THE SUBSCRIBER
Respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city.
From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.
Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.
The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.
They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.
From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.
The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.
The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.
He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.
He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.
Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.
All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.
His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.
A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.
J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
753y House, Land and General Agent.

Storekeepers, Farmers and Others,
SHOULD BUY THEIR TEAS FROM
The Importers Direct.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY, 6, Hospital-street, Montreal, have sent over one thousand packages to different parts of the country, and receive every day assurances that the Tea gives entire satisfaction. Subjoined are a few of the numerous testimonials already received:
RUSSELL HOTEL, Quebec, Jan. 7, 1867.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the six chests of Tea forwarded some time since arrived in good order. The quality is pure and excellent, and prices cheap. As I am particular in buying the best quality of Tea to be had for our guests, I am pleased to acquaint you that it gives general satisfaction. Your obedient servant,
WILLIS RUSSELL.
FELCOME, Dec. 23, 1867.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the Oolong Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto, who informs me he considers it as good as that he was using for which he paid one dollar per lb. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz., at 75 cents per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant,
JNO. T. DAY.
HOUSE OF SENATE, Ottawa, December 16, 1867.
Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the box of English Breakfast and Young Hyson Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. You may expect my future orders. Yours, &c.,
S. SKINNER.
COBOURG, January 8, 1868.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, I beg to inform you that the two boxes of Tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box, or 20 lbs., at same price, and oblige yours, &c.,
F. OLIVER.
The contributors to the *Medical Journal* have frequently declared that one-half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have carefully selected and imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure and free from poisonous substances, in 50, 25, 20, 15 and 12 lb. boxes.

BLACK TEA.
Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c 50c.; Fine Flavoured New Season, do; 55c 60c and 65c; Excellent Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c; Very Fine, 60c; Finest, 65c, 75c.

GREEN TEA.
Twankay common, 38c; Fine do, 55c; Young Hyson, 50c, 60c, 65c and 70c; Fine do, 75c; Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1.00; Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

All orders for 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular sent equally cheap. The Company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much, two or three clubbing together could divide. An excellent mixed Tea could be sent for 60c to 70c; very good. for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order or enclosed notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man where there are express offices. A trial solicited.
THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
6, Hospital-street, Montreal.
All boxes sent from this establishment have the Company's name printed on them.
Montreal, March 4, 1868. w101y

Errors of Youth.—A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay and all the effects of youthful indiscretion will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertisers' experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence,
JOHN B. OGDEN, 43 Cedar Street New York

YOUNG & RADFORD'S
COLUMN.

Just Received Per Express.

A CHOICE Selection CANADA WATCH COMPANY'S WATCHES,
At Young & Radford's.

AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY'S WATCHES,
At Young & Radford's.

FINE GOLD JEWELLERY,
At Young & Radford's.

FINE GOLD and CORAL JEWELLERY,
At Young & Radford's.

FINE HUNTING ANCHOR WATCHES, in fine Silver Cases, as low as $12.00,
AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FINE Eighteen CARAT GOLD WATCHES as low as $18.00,
AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

ROGER'S BEST CUTLERY and fine ENGLISH ELECTRO-PLATED WARE, can be had
AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S

30 Sparks-st. Ottawa.

Auction Sales
BY H. McLEAN.

AUCTION SALE
Of Very Valuable REAL ESTATE, on the Corner of Metcalfe and Maria-sts., known as the ROBERT HUNTER PROPERTY.
HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent, has been commissioned to sell by Public Auction, on the premises, on WEDNESDAY, the SEVENTEENTH INST., at 12 o'clock, noon, that substantial and elegant double Brick Cottage and premises, situated on the Corner of Metcalfe and Maria-sts., Centre Town, opposite the Square. The Lot is 61 feet, fronting on Metcalfe-st., by 92 feet deep on Maria-st., with an alley in the rear, and thoroughly drained. The House (surrounded with well grown shade trees) is divided into two first-class tenements, containing eight rooms and kitchen each, and situated in one of the most central, favorite and improving localities in the city. There is an abundant supply of pure water on the premises, and the House (built by Mr. Gallagher) is in excellent repair, having been recently painted and papered throughout, and attached are all the outbuildings necessary to make those tenements first rate residences.
The property can be seen between the hours of 11 o'clock a. m., and 1 o'clock p.m.
TERMS—One-fourth cash, and the balance in five equal annual instalments, with interest at 7 per cent. per annum.
Title indisputable. Sale positive.
For further particulars apply, until the day of sale, to Mr. ROBERT HUNTER, of the firm of Hunter, Rose & Co., or to
H. McLEAN,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, June 11, 1868. 765td

FOR SALE
AT THE
MONTREAL WAREHOUSE

800 BUTTER TUBS, in good order.
J. MARTIN & CO.

10,000 LBS. MAPLE SUGAR.
J. MARTIN & CO.

50 CASES ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.
J. MARTIN & CO.

HERRINGS, PORK, FLOUR, BUTTER, CHEESE.
657v J. MARTIN & CO.

ARNOLDI'S
WINE AND SPIRIT VAULTS,
11 *Metcalfe-st., Telegraph Co's Building,*
OTTAWA,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL, FOR CASH ONLY

Dekuyper's Red Cases, Gin, 15 bottles	$9 00
" Green, " " per doz	4 80
Booth's London Gin	7 26
Bernard's and Thompson's Gin "	6 00
Green Seal Champagne	12 00

AND UPWARDS.

PORT WINES—Graham's, Sandeman's, &c.

	Per Gall.	Per Doz
No. 1 Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2 "	3 00	8 75
" 3 Old	3 50	10 00
" 4 Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine old	5 75	15 50

SHERRIES—Lomecq's, Pemartin's, &c.:

No. 1 Superior Light table Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2 Extra do.	3 00	8 75
" 3 Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4 Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine	5 50	15 00

Single sample bottles at above rates.
Also, of Standard Brands, in wood or bottle, old and new, Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch and Canadian Whiskies.
Canadian Ale, in wood or bottle.
Guinness' Porter, pints and quarts. Hibbert's Porter, pints and quarts. Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, pints and quarts.
Clarets, Hocks, Sauternes, Curacao, Maraschino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., &c
Purity in all cases guaranteed, and goods marked at the lowest quotations.
Orders by mail with cash, promptly attended to Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.

NOTICE!
The subscriber would intimate to those of his customers with whom current accounts may have been opened that it is his intention to take advantage of any irregularity in their payment to close them in order that he may conduct his business totally on the *cash principle*, which has been found to work much more satisfactorily for both the buyer and seller in every branch of trade in which it has been tried, and relying on quality of his goods and the prices charged for them (which will always be as low as they can honestly be sold for) he solicits a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.
K. ARNOLDI,
Dealer in the better qualities of Wines, Spirits, &c., Metcalfe-street, Telegraph Co's Building, Ottawa.
Price lists on application or sent to any address.
April 21, 1868. 535y

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE
Positively Three Nights Only.
COMMENCING
Monday 15th, 16th and 17th June,
HAMALL'S SERENADERS,
And BRASS BAND.
Also the celebrated LEROUX BROTHERS, acknowledged by the Press and the public to be the most daring gymnasts of the nineteenth century. In a new act of Double Echelle, or the men of mid air, and who will introduce the terrific Niagara leap.
Admission, 25 cents; Reserved Seats, 50 cents.
J. HAMALL, J. E. NOBLE,
Business Manager. Agent.
Ottawa, June 11. 764-4

Ice, Ice, Ice!
THE subscriber will furnish ICE DAILY to those requiring it for the Season. Double supplies on Saturday for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season, $6.00. Hotels and Steamers supplied with large quantities on liberal terms, as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted.
All orders left at KAVANAGH'S RESTAURANT, or at the subscriber's, will be strictly attended to.
F. STARMER,
126, Rideau-st.
Ottawa, May 14, 1868. 742d

Great Clearing Sale of Dry Goods.

Cunningham & Lindsay
No. 14, RIDEAU-STREET,
WILL COMMENCE
ON MONDAY, the 15th INSTANT,
TO SELL THE BALANCE OF THEIR SUMMER STOCK OF
iy, Mantles, Shawls, Dress Goods, Prints, Muslins, &c.,
At Prices which must effect a Speedy Sale.
For Particulars See Circulars.
Ottawa, June 12, 1868. 510y

ACCOUNT, showing the whole amount of the Debts and Assets of the BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA, at the close of the year 1867; and showing also the amount of its NOTES payable on demand, which had been in circulation during every month of that year; together with the amount of SPECIE and other ASSETS, distinguishing each kind, immediately available in every such month, for the discharge of such Notes.
[Published pursuant to Royal Charter of Incorporation.]

Debts.	Sterling. £ s. d.	Assets.	Sterling: £ s. d.
Circulation	267,765 16 4	Specie	479,948 10 6
Other Liabilities	2,478,221 14 10	Other Assets	3,447,895 12 9
	£2,745,987 11 2		£3,927,844 3 3

1867.	Notes in Circulation.	Specie.	Notes of other Banks.
	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.
January	1,554,072 00	1,998,036 17	149,847 35
February	1,492,565 00	1,572,964 36	144,730 58
March	1,468,951 00	1,415,145 67	114,119 11
April	1,409,138 00	1,400,686 12	107,433 92
May	1,396,460 00	1,408,120 46	135,091 10
June	1,355,793 00	1,630,475 03	106,375 68
July	1,311,261 00	1,555,527 67	93,858 00
August	1,320,652 00	1,601,300 07	126,625 75
September	1,511,726 00	1,493,731 85	107,605 26
October	1,699,923 00	1,896,420 83	148,499 59
November	1,644,158 00	2,013,345 39	168,434 80
December	1,512,992 00	2,112,686 57	115,801 97

By order of the Court of Directors,
Bank of British North America, London, May 15, 1868. J. COX, Chief Clerk. 765-3

BLYTH & KERR,
Successors to Chas. Garth,
No. 25, RIDEAU-STREET,
PLUMBERS, GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,
TIN & COPPERSMITHS, BELL HANGERS, &c.

All materials for the above branches kept constantly on hand.
Also, Importers and Dealers in House Furnishing Hardware.
Just received a well selected assortment of Fishing Tackle, Baskets, Bait, Reels, Lines, Flys, Rods, &c. Manufacturers of all descriptions of work for Water and Gas Works, Brewer's Distilleries, Mills, &c. Makes and fits up Galvanized Iron Cornices, Gutters, Conductors, Roofing, &c.
Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water or Warm Air, on the most approved principles.
Orders from the country will receive strict attention. 740y

OTTAWA CROCKERY STORE
NEW GOODS.

JUST received ex S. S. "Damascus," 10 Hhds. of the finest English Glassware, selected expressly for the retail trade, comprising

	CUT and ENGRAVED	
CHAMPAGNES,	do	PORT and SHERRY WINES,
LIQUEURS,	do	CLARETS, GOBLETS,
FINGER BOWLS,	do	CALF FOOT JELLIES,
CLARET JUGS,	do	TALL TUMBLERS,
FRUIT DISHES,	do	DECANTERS,
BUTTER COOLERS,	do	CELERY VASES, CARAFFS, &c., &c.

And a choice lot of delicate Straw Stem Wines, in Ports, Champagnes, Clarets, Sherries, Liqueurs, &c. All the above articles match in shape, pattern, &c., and are the best glass procurable in England.
W. ALLAN,
51 *RIDEAU STREET*, (opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.)
Ottawa, June 6, 1868. 574y

NEW STOCK OF
SUMMER GOODS,
—AT—
"THE GOLDEN BOOT."
NO. 226, WELLINGTON-STREET.

Ladies' White Canvass Boots,
Ladies' Button Prunella Boots,
Ladies' Lace Prunella Boots,
Ladies' Prunella Gaiter Boots,
Ladies' Kid Button Boots,
Ladies' Kid Lace Boots,
Ladies' Kid Gaiter Boots,
Ladies' English Walking Boots,
Gent's White Canvass Congress,
Gent's White Canvass Shoes,
Gent's Mill. Calf Congress,
Gent's Calf-faced Congress,
Gent's Calf Balmorals,
Gent's Fine Kid Congress,
Gent's Prunella Brogans,
Gent's Pat. Dress Boots,
Children's Fine Morrocco Lace Boots,
Children's Fine Kid Congress and Lace Boots,
Children's Enameled and Calf Copper-Toes,
And other goods in endless variety.

The subscribers beg to thank the public for the liberal patronage they have received since opening the above establishment.
W. ANGUS & CO.,
666y No. 226, Wellington street.

City Hoop Skirt Factory,
43 SPARKS-STREET,
Central Ottawa.
THE DOUBLE EXTENSION SKIRT,
" DEMI "
" NEW GORE TRAIL SKIRT.

French Wove Corsets !
AN immense stock of Corsets just arrived, French, English and Scotch manufacture.
I beg to call the attention of ladies to the above new styles of Hoop Skirts which I have on hand, and will make to order on the shortest notice: Also, Parasols, Hosiery and Gloves, Hair Nets, Handkerchiefs, &c., &c.
Croquet Skirts, Printed and Embroidered, Gored and Plain.
N.B.—A lot of old fashioned Corsets on hand (lacing at the back) cheap, wholesale and retail.
DAVID MILLAR,
456y 43 Sparks-st, Centre Town. next to Esmonde's Stove Depot.

Ladies Keep Cool !

BLACK AND WHITE LACE SHAWLS,
GRENADINE SHAWLS,
BAREGE SHAWLS,
BAREGE JACKETS
BAREGE & GRENADINE PROMENADE COSTUMES,
GRENADINES,
FRENCH & ENGLISH MUSLINS.

GENTLEMEN KEEP COOL !

BLACK ALPACCA COATS,
BUFF ALPACCA COATS,
LINEN COATS,
MARSEILLES VESTS

All in great variety, cheap, at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S,
Wholesale and Retail.
Importers, 20 Sparks-st.
Ottawa, May 29, 1868. 484v

TO BE GIVEN AWAY!
THE
Greatest Curiosity
OF THE DAY.

WILL BE PUBLISHED
On Thursday next, THE WONDERFUL ALMANAC for 306 years, a copy of which will be presented, FREE OF CHARGE, to every Lady and Gentleman applying at
The Ottawa Citizen,
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

SANSUM'S INTEREST & EXCHANGE TABLES.
A supply of this useful work just received and for sale at the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen.
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

COPY BOOKS,
(Plain and with Head Line), EXERCISE BOOKS. A supply just received and for sale at the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House
21 Rideau-street

PLAIN & FANCY STATIONERY,
All marked in plain figures, at the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House.
21 Rideau-street.

COUNTING HOUSE and SCHOOL REQUISITES,
At the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

MUSIC, MAGAZINES OR PRINTED BOOKS,
Bound in any style required, at the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

ENGINEERS' and ARTISTS' MATERIALS,
At the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

ACCOUNT BOOKS,
Memorandum Books, Pocket Books, Indexes, &c., at the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

WRAPPING PAPERS,
MANILLA, TEA and STRAW, at the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen,
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

STEEL PENS and PEN HANDLES,
Gillott's, Mitchell's and other makers, at the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

WRITING INKS,
Stephen's, Todd's Perth Office, &c., at the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

LEAD PENCILS,
Faber's, Rowney's and others, at the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

BLANK BOOKS,
Manufactured to order, in any style of ruling and binding, at the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

BOOK and JOB PRINTING,
At the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS, authorized by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario The prices are:
FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.
FIRST BOOK, part second, 54 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.
SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.
THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Thirty cents.
FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.
FIFTH BOOK, 50 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.
A supply just received and for sale at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.
A liberal allowance to Teachers and Dealers.

TO BE GIVEN AWAY!
THE
Greatest Curiosity
OF THE DAY.

WILL BE PUBLISHED
On Thursday next, THE WONDERFUL ALMANAC for 306 years, a copy of which will be presented FREE OF CHARGE, to every Lady and Gentleman applying at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street
Ottawa, June 8, 1868. 761y

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, June 12, 1868.

FLOUR—Extra	8 00	@	8 25
No. 1	7 00	@	7 25
No. 2	5 50	@	6 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs	4 00	@	4 25
" Spring "	3 50	@	3 62½
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs	6 00	@	6 25
Indian Meal "	4 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 70	@	0 75
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 75	@	0 80
Buckwheat Flour—bbl.	4 50	@	5 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 75	@	1 80
Spring " "	1 45	@	1 50
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 00	@	0 95
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 75	@	0 80
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 50	@	0 55
Beans " 60 lbs.	2 00	@	2 25
PORK—Mess—per barrel	22 50	@	23 00
Prime Mess per do	16 00	@	16 50
Hog per 100 lbs	8 00	@	0 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 13
Beef	0 00	@	0 00
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 00	@	0 0
Lamb—per qr.	0 00	@	0 0
Geese—Each			None
Ducks	0 50	@	0 00
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@	1 50
Fowl—Per pair	0 68	@	0 75
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 16	@	0 17
No. 1 Firkin	0 13	@	0 15
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 13	@	0 15
Apples—per brl	4 50	@	5 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 45
HAY—Per ton, new	14 00	@	16 00
WOOD—Per cord	0 00	@	3 5
Tamarac	0 00	@	2 00
Hemlock	0 00	@	2 00

WEEKLY REPORT OF CANADIAN SECURITIES.

PELLATT & OSLER,
No. 86, King-street East,
Toronto, June 9, 1868.

Banks and Sundries.

	Capital.	Amount of Shares.	Paid Up.	Dividend Last Six Months.	Closing Price.	Where Payable.
Bank of Montreal	$4,000,000	200 00	All.	3 per cent.	136 @ 136½	Office, Mills & Co.
Bank of British North America	£200 Sg	50 00	20s.	4 per cent.	112 @ 113	Office of H. M. Receiver-General
Bank of Toronto	$1,000,000	100 00	Do.	4 per cent.	160 @ 162½	" "
Royal Canadian Bank	$1,000,000	100 00	10pc to 100pc	3 per cent.	97 @ 98	Glyn, Mills & Co.
Canadian Bank of Commerce	$2,000,000	50 00	30pc to 100pc	3 per cent.	97 @ 97½	Office, Montreal, Toronto.
Gore Bank	$200,000	100 00	Do.	4 per cent.	107 @ 107	City Hall, Montreal.
Merchants' Bank	$2,000,000	100 00	70 per cent.	3½ per cent.	97 @ 98	" "
Molsons Bank	$2,000,000	50 00	All	4 per cent.	100 @ 101	" "
City Bank of Montreal	$1,000,000	50 00	Do.	3 per cent.	95 @ 96	" "
La Banque du Peuple	$2,000,000	50 00	Do.	3 per cent.	95 @ 96	" "
La Banque Nationale	$1,000,000	50 00	Do.	3 per cent.	104 @ 105	Baring Bros. & Co., London.
Mechanics' Bank	$1,000,000	50 00	Do.	3 per cent.	95 @ 96	City Bank, Montreal.
Montreal Harbor Bonds	$1,000,000	100 00	Do.	5 per cent.	100 @ 101	" "
Quebec City Bonds, 6 per Cents	$1,000,000	100 00	Do.	5 per cent.	100 @ 101	" "
Quebec Harbor Bonds, 6 per Cents	$1,000,000	100 00	Do.	5 per cent.	100 @ 101	" "
Toronto City Gas Company Stock	$400,000	50 00	20 per cent.	2 per cent.	102 @ 103	Bank of Montreal.
British American Assurance Company Stock			50 per cent.	3 per cent.		
Canada Permanent Building Society Stock			All paid up.	4 per cent.		
Canada Permanent Building Society Bonds			Do.	6 per cent.		
Freehold Canada do do			Do.	6 per cent.		
Montreal Telegraph Company do do			Do.	6 per cent.		
Canada Landed Credit Company do do			Do.	6 per cent.		

	Capital.	Amount of Shares.	Paid Up.	Dividend Last Six Months.	Closing Price.	Where Payable.
Government 5 per Cents, etc.						
Dominion Stock, 6 per cent.						
" " 6 "						
Montreal Water Works, Sterling 6 per Cents						
Montreal Water Works, Currency 6 per Cents						
Montreal City Bonds, Currency 6 per Cents						
Montreal Harbor Bonds, Currency 7 per Cents						
Montreal Harbor Bonds, Currency 6½ per Cents						
Quebec City Bonds, 6 per Cents						
Quebec Harbor Bonds, 6 per Cents						
County Debentures, 6 per Cents						

	Closing Price.
Government 5 per Cents, etc.	
Dominion Stock, 6 per cent.	
" " 6 "	
Montreal Water Works, Sterling 6 per Cents	
Montreal Water Works, Currency 6 per Cents	
Montreal City Bonds, Currency 6 per Cents	
Montreal Harbor Bonds, Currency 7 per Cents	
Montreal Harbor Bonds, Currency 6½ per Cents	
Quebec City Bonds, 6 per Cents	
Quebec Harbor Bonds, 6 per Cents	
County Debentures, 6 per Cents	

Bonds and Debentures.	Redeemable.	Closing Price.	Where Payable.
Government 5 per Cents, etc.			
Dominion Stock, 6 per cent.	1883	87 @ 88	Office, Mills & Co.
" " 6 "	1878	87 @ 88	Office of H. M. Receiver-General
Montreal Water Works, Sterling 6 per Cents		99 @ 100	" "
Montreal Water Works, Currency 6 per Cents		99 @ 100	" "
Montreal City Bonds, Currency 6 per Cents	1878	100	Glyn, Mills & Co.
Montreal Harbor Bonds, Currency 7 per Cents	1875	100	Office, Montreal, Toronto.
Montreal Harbor Bonds, Currency 6½ per Cents	1879	99	City Hall, Montreal.
Quebec City Bonds, 6 per Cents	1901	100	" "
Quebec Harbor Bonds, 6 per Cents	1894	100	" "
Quebec Harbor Bonds, 6 per Cents	1875	100	" "
County Debentures, 6 per Cents	1877	100	" "

* The accrued interest is added to the prices of all bonds.

Exchange on London: 60 days' Bank, 9 @ 9½ per cent.
" " " Private, 9½ @ 10 "
" New York, on demand, Bank, ¼ @ ⅜ "
Gold in New York, 134 @ 135

Bank of Montreal—At the annual meeting which was held on the 1st instant, the sum of $250,000 was added to the rest, making that account now stand $1,500,000, equal to 25 per cent. on its capital.

Bank of British North America—Sales at 109½.

Ontario Bank—Large sales during the week at 98.

Bank of Toronto—Sellers at 113½. Buyers offering 112.

Royal Canadian Bank—Paid up stock carrying full dividend freely offering at 90. No buyers.

Canadian Bank of Commerce—Very little in market.

Gore Bank—Nominal. Nothing doing.

Merchants' Bank—Sales at 109. Sellers now asking 107 to 107½.

Quebec Bank—Sellers at 99. Buyers at 97.

Molson's Bank—Sales at 108.

City Bank—Buyers at 98½.

La Banque du Peuple—Offering at 105½.

La Banque Nationale—Nothing doing.

La Banque Jacques Cartier—Offering at 105.

Mechanics' Bank—Nominal at 94 to 96.

Union Bank—Not seen here.

Toronto City Gas Company—Transactions at 103.

British America Assurance Company—Offering at 57.

Canada Permanent Building Society—None offering. Would command 118.

Western Canada Permanent Building Society—Buyers at 103½.

Freehold Building Society—By the report just published it appears the Society, after paying two dividends of 4 per cent, have carried $9,800 to the Reserve Fund, which now represents $32,500.

Montreal Telegraph Company—No stock in market.

Canada Landed Credit Company—Nominal. Buyers at 45.

Canada Debentures—"Fives" sold at 88, and "Sixes" offering at par.

City of Toronto Debentures—Large quantity offering to pay 6½, due 1875.

County Debentures—Sales during the week to pay 6½.

Mortgages—Much inquired for. Several small ones have been placed at 8 per cent.

Money—Still continues in good demand, and high rates obtained for short date paper.

Business for the past week has somewhat revived, and transactions in stocks and debentures more frequent than for some time past.

PELLATT & OSLER,
Brokers.

All kinds of Debentures, Mortgages, Building, Society, Bank, and other stocks bought and sold, and collections made on the most favorable terms.

PAIN KILLER.

The Great Family Medicine of the Age.

THE UNIVERSAL REMEDY for INTERNAL & EXTERNAL COMPLAINTS!

OUR FIRST PHYSICIANS USE AND RECOMMEND ITS USE!

It Enjoys the Largest Sale of Any Proprietary Medicine in the World!

THE PAIN KILLER

HAS been favorably known for more than thirty years, during which time we HAVE RECEIVED THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS, showing this Medicine to be an almost NEVER FAILING REMEDY for diseases caused by or attendant upon—Sudden Colds, Coughs, Fever and Ague, Headache, Billious Fever, Pains in the Side, Back and Loins, as well as in the Joints and Limbs; Neuralgic and Rheumatic Pains in any part of the system, Toothache and Pains in the Head and Face.

As a BLOOD PURIFIER and TONIC for the STOMACH, it seldom fails to cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Heartburn, Kidney Complaints, Sick Headache, Piles, Asthma or Phthisic, Ringworms, Boils, Felons, Whitlows, Old Sores, Swelled Joints, and General Debility of the System.

It is also a PROMPT and SURE REMEDY for Crampand Pains in the Stomach, Painters' Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Scalds, Burns, Sprains, Bruises, Frost Bites, Chilblains, as well as the Stings of Insects, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

☞ Directions accompany each bottle.

It has been tested in every variety of climate, and by almost *every nation known* to civilization. It is the almost constant companion and inestimable friend of the *Missionary*, and to *traveller* should be without it. Like every other good thing, the Pain Killer has been extensively counterfeited; which, (while it is an acknowledgment on the part of the counterfeiters of its real worth,) is a serious hinderance to its usefulness, as the deceived purchaser estimates the value of the *Pain Killer* by the base compound he has purchased for the genuine article.

Purchasers should be careful and not allow the dealer to sell them worthless imitations, on which they realise a larger profit, but take only the *Pain Killer*, and see that it is the genuine, bearing the signature of Perry Davis & Son upon the label.

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by Druggists and Medicine Dealers, and Commission Merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers, and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Manfs. and Props.,
74, High-st., Providence, R. I.,
380, St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. Q.,
17, Southampton Row, Holborn, London, E

40-1aw2 6wy

SALE OF DEBTS.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864,

AND AMENDMENTS THEREOF.

In the matter of WILLIAM N. BARRIE, and JOHN McMARTIN trading under the name, style and title of WILLIAM BARRIE & CO., Insolvents.

PURSUANT

To an order made by JAMES DANIEL, Esquire, Judge of the County Court of the United Counties of Prescott and Russell, made on the Eighteenth day of MAY instant, I will offer for sale by Public Auction, on SATURDAY, the twenty-first day of JUNE next, at the office of Edward Taylor Dartnell, Esquire, at the Court House, in the Town of L'Original, the several debts due by Note, Book Account, or otherwise, due to the estate of the said Insolvents.

All debts exceeding $100 in amount will be sold separately. A list of the debts will be open to inspection at the office of the said Edward Taylor Dartnell, and free access given to all documents explanatory of such debts.

Dated at L'Orignal, May 20th, 1868.

EDWD. FREWEN DARTNELL,
Assignee.

570-1awtd

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864,

AND AMENDMENTS THEREOF.

In the matter of WILLIAM N. BARRIE and JOHN McMARTIN, Insolvents.

BY virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvents, and also under and by virtue of an order made by James Daniell, Esquire, Judge of the County Court of the United Counties of Prescott and Russell in that behalf, I will on FRIDAY, the twenty-sixth day of June next, offer for sale by Public Auction, at the hour of ten o'clock, in the forenoon of the said day, at the office of Messrs. Morland, Watson and Company, in the City of Montreal, all the real estate and interest of the said Insolvent John McMartin, of and in the lands and premises in the Township of North Plantagenet, and County of Prescott, and Province of Ontario, hereinafter particularly mentioned and described. That is to say:

1st. All the real estate, interest and equity of redemption of the said John McMartin of what nature or kind soever, whether as devisee under the will of Alexander McMartin, deceased, or otherwise, of and in lot number nine, (9) in the fourth (4th) concession, old survey of the said Township of Plantagenet, East of the South Nation River.

2nd. All the real estate, interest and equity of redemption of the said John McMartin, of what nature and kind soever, whether as devisee under the will of the said Alexander McMartin, deceased, or otherwise, howsoever, or and in lot Number Ten (10), in the Fourth (4th) Concession, old survey of the said Township East of the South Nation River.

The said two lots are supposed to contain together 399 acres more or less.

3rd. All the real estate and interest and equity of redemption of the said John McMartin, of what nature and kind sover, either in his own right, or as devisee under the will of the said Alexander McMartin, deceased, or otherwise, howsoever, or and in lot part of Lot Eleven, (11) in the said Fourth (4th) Concession, old survey of the said Township of North Plantagenet, known as McMartin's Saw Mills, with the privileges and appurtenances to the same belonging. Also of and in the premises known as the old Store, the large Store House, the large stable and premises connected therewith, also of and in the Dwelling House now occupied by the said John McMartin, and the outbuildings therewith connected, and lying and being in the Village of Plantagenet Mills aforesaid.

The said several premises will be sold subject to the several mortgages charged upon same, and the said mill and mill premises and other the premises last mentioned with their appurtenances, will be sold subject to the interest of the said Insolvents as copartners or of either of them therein, under the partnership articles the lease therein mentioned or otherwise howsoever at the time of their insolvency for the residue of the unexpired term of fifteen years from the 1st day of December, 1865, and to the mortgages thereon.

There is a rent of one dollar annually, payable during said term to the said John McMartin as devisee thereof, under the will of the said Alexander McMartin.

Terms—Cash.

For further particulars apply to Edward Taylor Dartnell, Esquire, L'Orignal, Solicitor for the Assignee, or to the Assignee.

Dated at L'Orignal, this 23rd day of April A.D., 1868.

EDWD. FREWEN DARTNELL,
726-1aw3m Assignee

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, May 8, 1868.

AUTHORIZED Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 28 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

A RARE CHANCE.

The undersigned having received direct from the manufacturers in Europe, a large consignment of

Dry Goods

with instructions to dispose of them at

LOW RATES!

Is now offering them to the public, and at an almost nominal advance on the makers' cost price. The stock consists of

1,000 yards of Carpets, of various kinds,
40 Handsome Hearth Rugs,
60 Summer Counterpanes,
24 White Marsala Quilts,
A large quantity of Toilet Covers,
Some Wool Table Covers,
And a large variety of other Goods.

The stock may be seen at the store of MESSRS. ANSELL & MICHAELS, Scott's Corner, Elgin and Sparks-street, opposite the Russell Hotel. Parties requiring articles of the above mentioned kind will find it to their advantage to call and inspect the goods at once, as the whole must be disposed of within a few days.

ANSELL & MICHAEL.

Ottawa, June 9, 1868. 765-3m

FOR SALE.

A SELF-ACTING SODA WATER APPARATUS, with cylinders complete, cheap for cash. Apply to WILLIAM PRODERICK Sussex-street, Ottawa. 687tf

$2.00 REWARD.

Lost, on TUESDAY last, from Daly-street, a SPANIEL PUPPY, about three months old, black, with four white feet. Any one returning her to Mr. Powell, St. Alban's Terrace, will receive the above reward. Anybody detaining her after this notice will be prosecuted. 763-3

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned will either sell or let for a few years his well known farm, being lot Twenty-five in the Fourth Concession of Gloucester, Rideau Front, 215 acres all cleared, and well fenced and in a good state of cultivation. Also, the one-half of lot Twenty-seven in the Third Concession, being in its natural state, all wood and excellent land. It is just the cross of two hundred acres from the corner of the one lot to the other. The railroad line runs within ten feet of the front corner of the one hundred and in sight of the two hundred for two or three miles. The Station at Cunningham's is scarcely a mile and a half from the front of Lot Twenty-five. The above farm is capable of keeping thirty head of milch cows, two span of horses, and as many young cattle as it would be proper to raise. Eight or nine years ago I kept twenty-two milch cows, and ten or twelve horses, and raised five or six calves every year. The above farm is about ten miles, from the door, to the limits of the City. The improvements cannot be surpassed for a farmer's purpose. The dwelling-house is stone, 30 by 40, a story and a half over ground; and a cellar nine feet high, the one half used for a kitchen and the other half capable of holding 1,000 bushels of anything you wish to put into it; there is three small windows in it, and when cleaned in the Spring, makes an excellent milk-house or dairy; there is a frame wood shed at the door, 60 by 24, with 14 feet taken off the one end for a coachhouse, and overhead for a storehouse; next to that is a stable 36 by 26, finished inside, complete with four large double stalls and two single ones, and good room for hanging up harness, and eat box; convenient to that is a barn 40 by 50, in which I have often put 1,000 bushels of grain in one year; connected with that is 200 and 20 feet of frame sheds, all 20 and 24 deep, under pinned with stone and lime from two to seven feet, according to level; on the north side of the house is another barn, 30 by 40, commonly filled with peas and oats. And if either tennant or purchaser has a desire for religious purposes you can lie in your bed and look at the bell tolling on the Catholic Church every Holy Day, and go to the front door and you will see the Presbyterian Church, where the Rev. Mr. Lochead has preached for the last twenty-two years, and go to the back door and you will see both English Church and Methodist Church within two miles. The above farm would be a desirable situation for a young man wishing to give his attention to farming, as the Ottawa Market cannot be surpassed in the Dominion. I think that I can say that I have not sold one pound of butter under one shilling this eight years: if one went under two went over. Some reader may ask what am I selling for, it is neither for scant nor for want of anything, but I am in the seventieth year of my age, and has purchased off this lot seven hundred and fifty acres of land and all is paid for, and all my sons is settled on their own farms, so I would rather sit down and take my ease as be attending to marketing and farming any longer. Persons wishing to get any information on any point from me, can do so by addressing, post-paid. JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr., South Gloucester.

JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr.
February 6, 1868. 709-6w12

NEW STORE!

THE Store formerly occupied by W. D. WOOD, No. 38, on RIDEAU STREET, has been refitted by the subscribers, and will be opened on MONDAY, FOURTEENTH OCTOBER, with an entire new stock of

GROCERIES, LIQUORS and HARDWARE.

WOOD & ROSSITER.

Ottawa, October 12, 1867 15

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD

PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &

Prepared by AUGUSTUS LAVER, ARCHITECT
2nd Daly-st. Ottawa.
April 1.

W. NOTMAN,
Photographer to the Queen

CORNER OF

WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS,

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his

Establishment will be Opened

—ON—

Monday Next, 3rd February

When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for all the different branches of Photography.

Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 582y

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

☞ AN OMNIBUS ☜

Will leave the

RUSSELL HOUSE,

Every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 7 a.m., punctually, to carry passengers

FOR AYLMER

To connect with the Union Forwarding Railway Company's Steamers.

JAMES MULLIGAN.

Ottawa, May 16, 1868. 744tf

TABLES

FOR

Converting One Inch Lumber

AND

QUEBEC STANDARD

—TO—

Board Measure.

For Sale by

J. DURIE & SON,
Booksellers and Stationers,
10, Sparks-st., Ottawa.

June 5, 1868. 760a

WANTED

For Knox Church, Ottawa, a PRECENTOR qualified to give instruction in music to adult and juvenile classes. Testimonials, etc., to be forwarded (post-paid), to

764-2 JOHN DURIE, Ottawa.

SARSAPARILLIAN,
PAREIRA BRAVA.

Newly Discovered Virtues—Hidden for 300 years—The Discovery of the True Virtues of the Roots—Brought to Light and Made Manifest in

DR. RADWAY'S SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT,

By a new process recently discovered by Dr. Radway, for obtaining the active properties from vegetable substances.

SARSAPARILLIAN.
Pareira Brava.

Associated with other newly discovered Roots, enters into the composition of RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT; secures a remedial agent, that cures all forms of Chronic, Scrofulous, Skin, Glandular, Kidney, Bladder and Uterine Diseases, by communicating its curative, reparative and fruitful efficacy, through the BLOOD, SWEAT AND URINE.

The ordinary Sarsaparilla decoctions and Syrups are mere washes, compared with the Sarsaparillian of the Resolvent. It is a well known fact that Sarsaparilla as ordinarily prepared either as officinally or as a proprietary remedy, never possessed the confidence of medical men, and all the reputation it enjoyed was deemed by well informed Chemists, Physicians, and medical writers to be due to other remedial agents associated with it.

The true curative virtues of Sarsaparilla for 300 years have laid hidden in the Crystalline principle of the Root. Under DR. RADWAY'S *New Process*, SARSAPARILLIAN is secured and brought to light, and associated with other ingredients, it fulfils the most extravagant expectations and views of men. One ounce of Dr. Radway's Sarsaparillian contains more of the curative principle than ten pounds of the extracts from the crude roots, as prepared officinally or in the popular advertised Sarsaparillas.

PAREIRA BRAVA.—Another of the ingredients of the Radway's Resolvent, held in high estimation by the most eminent medical men of Europe, South America and United States, as the best remedial agent for the diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, Uterus, and as a *lithontriptic* for *dissolving Calculi*, as a curative for Jaundice, Rheumatism, Leucorrhœa, etc., since 1688 has never been properly prepared. Under Dr. Radway's process, the Cissampaline principle of this valuable Root is secured, and associated with Sarsaparillian and other ingredients in the Resolvent, makes it a perfect cure in every form of disease of the Kidneys, Bladder, and Urinary Organs—Dropsy, Gravel, Incontinence, or Stoppage of Water, Diabetes, or Urinary Diarrhœa, and *every kind of weakening, irritating or purulent discharges, not proper to mention* in an advertisement, is rapidly cured by this remedy.

So quick does the Resolvent enter into the circulation, that it may be detected in the Urine *ten minutes* after it has been taken. In many cases it has secured a free discharge of water—in cases where Catheters were formerly used.—Is not this a blessing?

BUCHU, Turpentine Junipers, Gin, Copaiba, Cubebs, and other direct Diuretics, are in many cases hurtful. In Diabetes, Urinary Diarrhœas, Catarrh of the Bladder, Dropsy, and in weakness or ulceration of the Kidneys, are unsafe to use as a continued remedy, and should never be given unless under supervision of a Physician, as the strain these direct remedies may produce on the Kidneys may, in the course of a few hours, require Opiates, to change or modify their action; this fact is self-evident to any medical man, a compensating Remedy like the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT, is the true remedy to use in these cases.—Even as a diuretic.

Pareira Brava,

As prepared by Dr. Radway, and one of the ingredients of the Resolvent, is as superior to all forms of Buchu, etc., as rich cream is to watered milk.

Let all suffering from unnatural drains from the system—caused either by self-abuse, depraved habit of body—bad blood, impure association, weakness of the genital organs, or Skin Diseases, Scrofula, uncured Secondary Disease, Syphilold Ulcers, Chronic Disease—or from Consumption of the Lungs, as well as degeneration of the Kidneys—Chronic Disease of the Liver, Spleen, etc., commence at once the use of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOVENT. It commences its work of purification at once; it repairs the waste of the body, with new and healthy material. It restores functional harmony to every organ in the system, and secures the natural secretions of the proper constituents to each. Persons have been cured, and have children now living that were deemed incapacited, by self-abuse, etc., through the use of this remedy. Ask for Dr. Radway's Sarsaparillian or Renovating Resolvent.

PRICE—$1 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $5.

W. M. MASSEY, Agent.

READ FALSE AND TRUE.—Send one letter-stamp to RADWAY & Co., 459 St. Paul street, Montreal. Information worth thousands will be given you. Price of RESOLVENT SARSAPARILLIAN, $1 per bottle, or $10 per dozen. 762b

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY, AND COURT OF SPAIN, THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT MR. JOHN LESLIE, Sparks-street, Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity, For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers*.

H. & A. SAUNDERS, Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion, for the sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa, May 26. 748y

NEW BOOKS.

Exodus of the Western Nations by Viscount Bury; Chronicles and Characters by Owen Meredith; Brakespeare by the author of "Guy Livingstone"; The Lost Name, a Novel; Farming for Boys; The New Dictionary of Quotations; The Huguenots by Samuel Smiles; Law and Lawyers—Curious Facts and Characteristic Sketches; Art and Artists, do.; Books and Authors, do.; Clergymen and Doctors, do.; Longfellow's Works Complete for 15 cents; The Waverley Novels, per vol., 15 cents; Cooper's Novels, per vol., 15 cents; Essays in Elia by Lamb complete for 15 cents; De Quincey's Confessions of an Opium Eater for 15 cents.

Bibles, Prayer Books, Church Services, just received from the Publishers, in the newest and richest patterns.

For sale by

J DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st.,
498y Opposite the Russell House.

PROFESSIONAL NOTICE.

MR. P. J. BUCKLEY HAS REMOVED HIS LAW OFFICE to the THOMPSON BLOCK, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, adjacent to the offices of Horace Lapierre, Advocate and Counsel. Office Hours—From 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.

Ottawa, June 9, 1868. 763a

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the

COMMERCIAL PARTNERSHIP

Heretofore existing between

John Ferguson, junr., & William Ferguson,

Doing business in the

Township of Buckingham,

IN THE

DISTRICT of OTTAWA,

Has been since the FIFTEENTH day MAY last, (1868,) dissolved by mutual consent.

JOHN FERGUSON, JUNR.,
WILLIAM FERGUSON.

Buckingham, 8th June, 1868. 764-2

NOTICE.

MESSRS. ANGUS & SON, in retiring from the Undertaking Business, would beg to inform their friends and the public that they have disposed of their Hearses and stock in trade to Mr. Samuel Rogers, Cabinet Maker, who will in future attend to all orders in the Undertaking line, and they have much pleasure in recommending him to their many patrons and friends.

ANGUS & SON,
Furniture Dealers, No. 22, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, May 11, 1868.

UNDERTAKING.

IN reference to the above, S. Rogers takes this opportunity of thanking his numerous friends and customers for their very liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Cabinet and Upholstering Business, and would respectfully solicit in this new branch of his trade a continuation of their favors.

S. ROGERS,
Cabinet Maker, &c., Rideau and George-streets.

Ottawa, May 11, 1868. 741d

Local Government Notices.

TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS

Will be received, addressed to the undersigned, until NOON of

Monday, the 22nd Instant,

For the Erection of the

Lieutenant-Governor's Residence,

ON

THE GOVERNMENT GROUNDS,

On Simcoe and Kingsts., Toronto.

Plans and Specifications may be seen at this office, and at the office of Messrs. Gundry & Langley, Architects, corner of King and Jordan sts., Toronto, on and after MONDAY, the 8th Instant.

The person to whom the contract may be awarded, will be required to furnish satisfactory security for the due performance of the work, and to execute a contract approved by the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING,
Commissioner of Public Works.

Parliament Buildings,
Office of Public Works,
Toronto, June 6, 1868. 762a

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, ONTARIO.

To Contractors.

TENDERS

Will be received until noon,

Thursday, 25th inst.,

For the following works required for the completion of the wings to the Provincial Lunatic Asylum:

PLASTERER & GAS FITTER,

TINSMITH,

SLATER.

The plans and specifications can be seen at the Department of Public Works, Parliament Buildings, between the hours of ten a.m. and 4 p.m.

Tenders to be addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed on the outside,

"Tenders for the proposed work at the Provincial Lunatic Asylum."

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING,
Commissioner of Public Works, Ontario.

Department of Public Works,
Parliament Buildings,
Toronto, June 9, 1868. 765td

TENDERS

WILL BE RECEIVED

Addressed to the undersigned at the office of this Department until noon of

Tuesday, the 23rd instant,

For the supply of the following articles, all of which must be of the best description, and to be delivered at the Provincial Lunatic Asylum and at the Branch Asylum, Queen's Park, Toronto, in such quantities and at such times as may be required, for six months from 1st July to 30th December, 1868, viz:—

Tea, black and unscolored Japan, per lb.	
Coffee, Roasted,	"
Rice,	"
Sugar, bright,	"
Pepper, whole,	"
Mustard,	"
Starch,	"
Indigo,	"
Salt, Liverpool and American, per brl.	
Shoes, Men's and Women's, per pair.	
Cobourgs, Men's,	"
Butter, first quality, per lb	
Batchers' Meat, first quality, per lb.	
Corn Brooms, per doz.	
Scrub Brushes, per pair	
Blacking, per box	
Nut Soda, per lb.	
Vinegar, White Wine,	per gallon
Oatmeal,	per barrel
Pot Barley,	"
Split Peas,	"
Flour, Inspected Extra,	"
Flour, do Superfine,	"
Eggs, Fresh,	per dozen
Straw, clean oaten in bdls,	per ton
Hay, best Timothy,	"

CORDWOOD—Sound seasoned Beech and Maple, of equal quantities, but not mixed, and each kind piled separately, and not more than twelve months delivered; to measure four feet in length from point to scarp, to be delivered and piled as above, and at the Engine House, Garrison Common, per cord.

COAL—Also, for delivering during the months of July and August of 450 gross tons Lehigh Coal, of best quality, egg size, and screened, per ton. 150 tons Brier Hill Coal, of best quality, and mined this season, per ton; both sorts of coal to be subject to the approval of the proper officers of the Asylum. Weight of coal to the Chief Asylum to be determined by scales on the premises, and for the Branch Asylum at the city weigh scales.

Samples of the following articles to accompany tenders, viz., Tea, Coffee, Rice, Sugar, Pepper, Mustard, Starch, Indigo, Corn Brooms, Scrub Brushes, Blacking, Shoes and Boots.

The tender must express the rate in dollars and cents, and contain the actual signatures of two sufficient sureties, who will be required for the due performance of the contract on behalf of each person tendering, for the same.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

Further information respecting the contracts may be learned of the Bursar of the Asylum.

JOHN CARLING,
Commissioner of Public Works.

Parliament Buildings,
Office of the Public Works,
Toronto, June 8, 1868. 765td

NOTICE.

ALL payments to be made on account of the Ontario Government may be made to the

ROYAL CANADIAN BANK,

And its Agencies.

Dated at Toronto, 30th October, A.D., 1867.

E. B. WOOD,
Treasurer of Ontario.

October 31, 1867. Tf

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St

M. P. HAYES,
Agent.

Ottawa, June 21. 571d

Railroads.

CHANGE of TIME

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and after FRIDAY, the 15th May, 1868, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA
Mixed, 7.15 a.m.	10.35 a.m.
Express, 1.35 p.m.	4.15 p.m.
LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 7.4 a.m.	9.25 a.m.
Mixed, 1.00 p.m.	4.15 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principals stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

Ottawa, May 14, 1868. 1y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway,

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p.m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

Brockville, April 11. 472y

Grand Trunk Railway Company

OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 3.30 A.M. Night do do at 7.30 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.00 A.M.

Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.

Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.

Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.

Express for Boston and New York, at 3.35 P.M.

Express for Portland (staying over at Island Pond), at 2.

The Times

VOL. III. NO 768. OTTAWA, MONDAY, JUNE 15, 1868. PRICE—3 CENTS

AND 1868.

WAREHOUSE!

...au Street, Ottawa.

...RIBERS beg to inform ...ers that their Stock is now ...braces every delicacy of the ...hich will be found a choice ...ssortment of

TEAS,

...LONG, ...HOU, } Black Extra Fine. ...N, ...OWDER, ...RIAL, ...NKAY, ...} These Teas have been carefully selected for family trade by ...BROWNE & HARDY.

...N LOAF, ...HED, ...OUND, ...ELLOW, and MUSCOVADO.

...HA, ...AVA, JAMAICA, and CEYLON, ...d Ground daily on the ...

...E and COCOA, ...avored with Vanilla; ...YLOR'S, FRYE'S, MOTT'S

...C. ...INS, ...e, Half and Quarter Boxes ...EL, do do ...TANA, ...ALENTIA, CURRANTS, GRAPES, ORANGES LEMONS, PRUNES, ...LMONDS, ...NUTS, ...TS, and ...S.

NUTMEGS, MACE, CINNAMON, CLOVES, ...GER, SPICES, All Ground on the Premises ...T. BROWNE & CO.

...s' Skates

At ISAAC'S.

ALSO,

...HS, SLEIGHS

...ENTS BY SANTA CLAUS,

At ISAAC'S

...n 20 cents to $6.00

At ISAAC'S.

Sparks-street,

ALSO,

...e of all Descriptions

...west Cash Prices, At ISAAC'S.

...r the place, T ISAAC'S

...Forte Tuition!

...C. CLARK, ...R OF MUSIC and Teacher ...oice and Harmony. Also, Mrs. ...Drawing and Painting. Music ...ence, O'Connor-street, corner of ...tre Town. ...left at his residence or at Orme & ...

...PAIN DESTROYER

...Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat ...es, Cramps in the Stomach, ...Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel ...laints, Burns, Scalds, ...rost Bites, &c., &c. ...IAN PAIN DESTROYER HA... before the public for a length ...er used is well liked, never failing ...ce to give permanent relief when ...

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W. ...

...Specifications, &c., ...ED for Buildings of every ...by ...DNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, Wellington-st.

...is printed and published by ...A TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING ...NY, at the Office, 60, Sparks-st., ...own, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON ...Director; ALEX. ROBERTSON ...

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley, issuing of the Daily over 2,000 and Weekly over 4,000 making a total circulation in the week over 18,000 thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only,........ $6 00

Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line,........ 8c

All subsequent insertions, per line,........ 2c

Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

Yearly subscription to the daily (if paid in advance)........ $5 00

If not paid in advance........ 6 00

Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance)........ $1 00

If not paid in advance........ 1 50

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 34, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES.

Legal Cards.

MOSGROVE & TAILLON,

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. GEORGE TAILLON.

Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1868. 366-tf

R. J. WICKSTEED,

ADVOCATE, &c., 42, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.

November 14, 1867. 589-6m

N. TETREAU,

NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL, near the Post Office.

Dec. 6, 1867. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,

ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.

Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

D. O'CONNOR,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.

February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa

February 7, 1866. 43-u

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Cusser's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.

January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the premises lately occupied as the Custom House

Ottawa, March 30. 87-c

LEES & GEMMELL,

BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.

ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.

Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.

January 27, 1866. 34-6m

J. P. MACPHERSON,

BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office

Ottawa, March 10, 1866.

NICHOLAS SPARKS,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

G. J. O'DOHERTY,

LAW, Chancery, and Conveyancing Office. Aumond's Buildings, Rideau street.

Ottawa, December 6, 1867.

Medical Cards.

A. CODD, M.D., C.M.,

(Attending Physician General Protestant Hospital)

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Four doors east of the Revere House, Rideau-street, Ottawa. OFFICE HOURS—From 8 to 10 a. m, and from 2 to 3 p. m.

Ottawa, April 30. 730-3m

DR. CHESLEY,

OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 25 Rideau-st., Ottawa.

May 30 44"tf

DR. C. LEGGO,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.

March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,

DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.

Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,

DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.

Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.

(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)

SURGERY and Residence, George Street.

Ottawa, November 12. 280y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,

DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.

Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY,

CORNER of Kent and Wellington Streets, Ottawa.

November 6. 43utf

DR. O. C. WOOD,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town. CANCERS CURED, with out the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.

Ottawa April 14. 17w-100-y

Hotels and Saloons.

DOMINION HOUSE,

WELLINGTON-STREET.

THE undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.

GEORGE IRVINE.

Ottawa, March 26. 658y

MATHEWS' OLD STAND,

YORK-STREET,

WILL BE OPEN for the accommodation of the public on THURSDAY, 12th of March, 1868. The subscriber having again resumed business in his old stand as hotel-keeper, wishes to return thanks to his numerous friends and the public for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on him, during the past seventeen years, and hopes by strict attention to business, and kindness to all, to share a portion of public patronage. His Larder will be always supplied with the best the market affords. His Bar will be supplied with the best of Liquors and choicest Cigars.

T. MATHEWS, Proprietor.

N. B.—The house has been thoroughly renovated and newly furnished.

Ottawa, March 11, 1868. 688tf

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,

LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.

JAMES E. GOUIN,

Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec

REVERE HOUSE, OTTAWA,

G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER,} ....PROPRIETORS.

THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.

Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867 582tf

THE ALBION HOTEL

NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor. This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.

OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.

Ottawa 1866. 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN

LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham. The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly over hauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.

GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance

JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily.

THE METROPOLITAN

Aumond's Block,

Rideau Street Ottawa.

P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Ottawa, November 27. 2v2tf

TORONTO HOUSE,

SPARKS STREET.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has a few Commodious Suites of Apartments to Let, handsomely and comfortably furnished.

Gentlemen attending the Session of Parliament will find at the Toronto House most convenient quarters, where the quiet of the private family is combined with the usual attendance to be found at the best hotels.

Ottawa, Feb. 25, 1868. 675tf

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE SECURITY.

WALKER & PENNOCK, Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

April 15, 1868. 717tf

SMITH & RODNEY

MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from Eaton's Gilding Store, having just received a choice stock of

English, French and Canadian

CLOTHS and TWEEDS,

And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.

Ottawa Oct. 1, 1867. 551tf

A. MORTIMER,

BOOKBINDER

AND

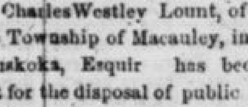
Blank Book Manufacturer,

26, METCALFE-ST., OTTAWA.

HAVING every facility in the way of first-class Machinery, and employing none but first-class workmen, I am prepared to turn out every description of Binding in as good a style of workmanship as any other establishment in Canada.

A. MORTIMER, Metcalfe-street.

Ottawa, Feb. 6. 384y



DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS, Toronto, May 28, 1868. }

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT Charles Westley Lount, of Bracebridge, in the Township of Macauley, in the District of Muskoka, Esquire has been appointed Agent for the disposal of public lands in the Townships of Morrison, Muskoka, Draper, Macauley, Stephenson, McLean, Brunnel, Monck and Watt, in the District of Muskoka, in the place of Richard Jose Oliver, Esquire, whose services have been dispensed with.

Applications for lands open as Free Grants in the above mentioned Townships, must also be made to Mr. Lount.

S. RICHARDS, Commissioner.

Toronto, May 29, 1867. 758-tf

Druggists.

THE MEDICAL HALL

Soda Water and Ginger Ale Factory,

23 Great St. James-street, Montreal,

OPPOSITE the POST OFFICE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS

Beg to intimate to their patrons that they have commenced the manufacture of Ærated Waters of every description, and on the most extensive scale.

Particular attention will be paid to the preparation of "Belfast Ginger Ale," a beverage first introduced into this country by our Mr. Brown, who alone possesses the original receipt, and who has also taken out a TRADE MARK for the same.

The proprietors believe their Ærated Waters will be superior to any others at present prepared in Montreal, for the following reasons, viz:—

1st. The employment of the most improved machinery the United States can produce.

2nd. The application of strictly scientific principles to the details.

3rd. Extra care given to the chemical purity of the articles used in the different processes.

4th. The possession of chemical knowledge, without which it is simply impossible to produce Ærated Waters in perfection.

The following Waters and Beverages are the principal ones prepared at the MEDICAL HALL FACTORY: Belfast Ginger Ale, Lemonade, Sarsaparilla, Winter Beverage, Summer Beverage, Soda Water, Seltzer Water, Potash Water, Kissengen Water, Vichy Water.

KENNETH, CAMPBELL & CO., Apothecaries to H.R.H. the Prince of Wales.

W. M. MASSEY, Agent for Ottawa. 472y

Spectacles for all Sights.

OPTICAL Instruments Electro-Magnetic and Galvanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.

W. HEARN, Market Drug Store, York-street.

637y

Miscellaneous.

D. CODD & CO.,

PATENT AGENTS, SOLICITORS, &c. Drawings, Specifications, Models, and all other business in connection with the procuring of Letters Patent of Invention, attended to at the shortest notice.

OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 741-6m

I. B. TACKABERRY'S

AUCTION ROOMS, No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any part of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS

PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.

Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-

H. McLEAN'S

AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.

The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.

Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

B. BILLINGS, JR.,

ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O & P R W 740tf

S. CHRISTIE,

COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,

EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.

R. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.

March 378v

HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,

WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.

WILLIAM HOLGATE, JOHN OLIVER, WILLIAM ANNABLE.

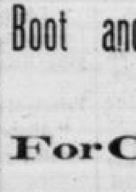
506y

R. H. McGREEVY,

CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.

Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

LADIES CALL AT THE CAPITAL

Boot and  Shoe Store!

YORK-STREET.

For Cheap Gaiters

AT

ONE DOLLAR A PAIR!

Good at 95 cents.

Men's ware equally low, in every variety of style. This is the place to buy cheap at the "Capital," York-street.

429y GEORGE MURPHY.

VICTORIA

FURNITURE WAREROOMS.

GEORGE ARMSTRONG, Corner Victoria Square and Craig-street, Montreal, solicits a call from the Citizens of Ottawa about to furnish, who may visit Montreal to his very large and varied stock of FURNITURE which he will sell at greatly reduced prices for cash. The Parlor Furniture is of the best quality and latest designs, either plain or handsomely carved, in Walnut, oil finished or polished.

His Sideboards, Bookcases, Chamber Sets, Hall Furniture, &c., are worthy of attention.

Hair Mattrasses and Bedding of all description constantly on hand, or made to order, at the shortest notice. Call and examine for yourselves.

"Patent Sofa, with reclining arms, of a very superior make."

N.B.—Sole Agent in the Dominion for the sale of G. A. FISKS' Air-Tight Metallic Casket. 712-3m

Bottled Ale,

Bottled Ale,

Bottled Ale.

THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

Fine Bottled Ale!

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

Scotch Irish, Old Rye

And other Malt Whiskies,

Ports, Sherries, Brandies Gin, &c.,

Together with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A Call kindly Solicited.

D. WHELAN, 44, Rideau-street, Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank Street, Centre Town,

Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

CRICKETING GOODS,

CROQUET, FISHING TACKLE

FOILS,

Masks & Boxing Gloves

AT THE

Sheffield House, Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 5, 1868.

1868. MAY. 1868.

J. A. PINARD & CO.,

ARE NOW SHEWING

New Dress Goods,

A good value in Striped, all Mohair, for 6d per yard.

New Prints,

A good variety of Patterns at 6d per yard.

New Grey Cottons,

A good Cotton, 40 inches wide, for 7d per yard.

New White Cottons,

A good heavy made Cotton for 6d per yard.

The Tailoring Department is replete with all the novelties of the season.

Cash buyers will find it their advantage to visit the above before purchasing elsewhere

J. A. PINARD & Co., No. 17, Sussex-st., Sign of the Golden Ball.

Ottawa, May 5, 186 16y

HARDWARE, HARDWARE!

—AT—

Thomas Birkett's,

SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24 No. 24

RIDEAU STREET.

Come old and young, come short and tall,
Come rich and poor, come great and small,
Just call and see my stock in trade,
Hardware and paints of every grade.

A Complete Assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware constantly kept on hand at the SIGN of the ANVIL, T. BIRKETT, consisting in part of

Butts,	Axes,	Iron,	Paints, all colors,	Screws,	Saws,	Tin,	Oils,
Locks,	Ropes,	Stoves,	Glass,	Coolers,	Putty,	Bolts,	Chains,
Nails,	Coal,	Pitch,	Grindstones,	&c.,	&c.,	&c.,	&c.

Also a complete stock of MECHANICS' TOOLS of the most improved English and American manufacture.

Then Come and Examine my Stock,
A duty never shirk it,
And satisfaction will be got
In business with T. BIRKETT

Don't forget the place—THOS. BIRKETT, Sign of the Anvil, No. 24, Rideau-street.

P. S.—All Goods delivered Free to any part of the city. 408y

WHEELER & WILSON'S

SEWING MACHINE

WERE AWARDED THEIR 67TH

Prize and Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

Great rapidity, Simple Machinery, quiet in action, easy to operate, price from $47. Prospectus, and instructions gratis.

G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa, and 105 King st., West, Toronto.

Sole Agent for Ontario.

The "HOWE" SEWING MACHINES are the best for Carriage Trimmers, Harness Makers, Boot and Shoe Makers, are the best Shuttle Machine for Tailors, Dressmakers, Families, etc., etc. Price from $50. Prospectus free and instructions gratis.

479 43y R. W. STEPHEN, 37 Sparks-street, Ottawa.

NEW SILK AND DRESS GOODS.

Grant and Henderson

Have just opened out a new lot of

Black and Fancy Silks, Moire-Antiques,

BROCADES, POPLINS, CHALLIS, LUSTRES, &c.

Elegant Goods at Moderate Prices.

Millinery, Mantles, Jackets, Carpets and House Furnishings in great variety, always on hand.

No. 20, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, May 16, 1868. 62y

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.

"CAPITAL" 35, H.

STOVE SUSSEX MEADOWS

DEPOT! St. & CO.

WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall Stoves, for wood or coal we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.

Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW OVEN STOVES.

BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.

Suitable for private Dwellings and Churches Warehouses and Stoves

PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.

New and most beautiful designs, very cheap.

COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES.

Hot Air Furnaces.

We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE, RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with Stovepipes, &c., at reduced rates.

Lumbermen's Supplies Lumbermen's Supplies! Shanty Plates! Basins! Camp Kettles, &c. HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS!

Bird Cages! Bird Cages! Bird Cages!

Price Lists sent free on application.

Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending purchasers would do well to note.

An inspection of the above goods invited at the

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35, SUSSEX STREET.

H. MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, October 2 1867. 62-y

TWO TARIFFS.

[From the Halifax Colonist.]

A comparison of our tariff with that of the United States does not afford much justification for the conduct of those who clamour against the "oppressive and ruinous" taxation to which we of the Dominion are subject. We have taken the trouble to compare the two for our own satisfaction, and the result is so striking that we cannot do better than lay it before our readers.

The following figures give the rates of duty in both countries on the chief articles of commerce. It is to be borne in mind that the United States duties are payable not in greenbacks, but gold:—

	U. States.	Canada.
Tea, per lb.	25 cts. (gold)	7½ cts.
Tobacco, man. p. lb.	50 "	17 "
Do, unman. every $100 worth	$35.00	Free
Cigars per $100	$50.00 & $3 p. lb.	$25.00
Pipes, Clay, $100 worth	$35.00	$15.00
Do, Merschaum, $100 worth	$75.00 & 1c each	$15.00
Soap, Windsor, $100 worth.	25.00 & 10 cts per lb., 1 cent per lb.	
Sugar, low grades, per lb.,	3 cts., (est)	2 cts.
Molasses per gallon,	8	6
Ale, &c., in casks, gal.	20	8
bottles,	35	10
Spirits, gin, &c.	$2.50	83
Brandy, gal.	3.00	83
Wines, worth say 40 cts per gallon.	30	18
Val. 70 cts a gal.	67½	24
Val. $1.01	$1.25	30
Cases and bottles, containing gin, wine, &c.	$35.00 p. $100 worth.	$15.00 p. $100.00 worth.
Petroleum, refined, per gallon.	40	15
Medicines, every $100 worth.	$50.00	$25.00
Flour, every $100 worth.	$20.00	Free.
Meal, all kind, worth	$10.00	Free.
Grain—Wheat, bushel	20	Free.
Barley, "	15	Free.
Oats, "	10	Free.
Potatoes, "	25	Free.

Every $100 worth.

	U. States.	Canada.
Hay	$20.00	Free
Hides	10.00	Free
Leather, upper and sole	30.00	$10.00
HARDWARE.		
Iron bar, hoop, &c. (lowest)	35.00	$5.00
Pig Iron, per ton	9.00	Free
Machinery for Mills or factory	35.00	Free
Ordinary articles wholly iron (nearly all.)	35.00	15.00
Articles wholly, or partly steel, as spades, scythes, &c.	45.00	15.00
Books	25.00	5.00

The following figures will shew the United States duty on the principal articles comprised in our 15 per cents:

Every $100 worth.

	U. States.	Canada.
Cotton & linen goods	$35.00	$15.00
Woollen goods	$40.00 and 24 cts. p. lb	$15.00
Worsted goods, chiefly	$50.00	$15.00
Silk goods	$60.00	$15.00
Clothing ready-made wholly or chiefly wool	40.00 and 24 cts. p. lb	$15.00
" " silk	$60.00	$15.00
Rubber	35.00	15.00
Boots, shoes, &c.	35.00	15.00
Household furniture	35.00	15.00
Musical instruments	30.00	15.00
Paper manufactures	35.00	15.00
Glassware	35.00	15.00
Watches, clocks, &c.	35.00	15.00

UNION AS IT IS TO-DAY.

[From the Halifax Express.]

Under the above title the *Chronicle* treats its readers to quite a characteristic article, and asks anybody to point out if he can what advantage has been derived by this Province in any form from Confederation since it took place. We are told that no special miracle happened. Union has not brought in the Golden Age, making everybody rich and happy. It has not put the cap of Fortunatus on every one's head; it has not converted Halifax into a second Liverpool, nor increased the wages of mechanics, nor brought fish to our shores, nor made the crops of the farmer larger, or the winter shorter. Nobody ever said or thought, so far as we are aware, that any of these remarkable things was to be brought about by Union—all at once. All that was claimed for it was, that it would consolidate the strength and the resources of the united Provinces, promote intercolonial trade, build up and extend our public works and thus prepare the way for material and rapid progress. But let us remind the *Chronicle* that this is scarcely the line of argument which he ought to adopt. If he will look back to his fyles of a year ago or so, he will find there that Union was to destroy every industry in the country. We were told that the wages of ship carpenters at Quebec were but half a dollar a day, and that mechanics generally were not so well paid in Canada as in Nova Scotia. By some unexplained means Union was to be the ruin of our fisheries, and hopeless ruin was to overtake our farmers. The latter were assured that Canadian butter would be sent down here at eleven or twelve cents a pound, and Canadian agricultural produce at a proportionally low figure. Canadian manufactures were to swamp us everywhere, giving everybody boots and shoes, woollen and cotton, earthen, and every other kind of ware for next to nothing. All this and a great deal more to the same effect was gravely asserted and re-asserted a hundred times over. We had sensational articles headed "The Butter Argument," "The Leather Story," proving conclusively that Union was going to make everybody in Nova Scotia bankrupt, and that immediately. Now we would take the liberty of asking the authors of these statements to show us how far they have proved to be correct. If we take the butter story for example, what do we find? Nova Scotia, according to the anti-Unionists, was to find her markets glutted with Canadian butter at ten or eleven cents a pound. What is the fact to-day? Butter is not to be had at less than 30 and 35 cents a pound, and every other description of agricultural produce is high in proportion, and yet no Canadian speculator comes down to undersell our farmers or relieve our consumers. The trade in leather, either raw or manufactured, has not, so far as we can learn, suffered to the slightest degree from Canadian interference. No carpenters have come down from Canada to offer to work for us at half a dollar a day, or any other price. In short, not a single assertion or prophecy hazarded by the Anti-Union press as to the effects of Confederation has turned out to be correct, or to possess any foundation in fact at all.

But then it may be asked, what has Union really done for us? Taking for granted even that it has not brought about the disastrous results predicted by its opponents—it has so far left us where it found us—was it, after all, worth while incurring all this excitement and bad feeling for so little purpose? We confess there is something in such a question as this, and if Union is going to do us neither good nor harm in an industrial and material sense, then we frankly admit that a great error has been committed and it would have been much better that Nova Scotia should have remained separate. But is this the case? First of all, Confederation is not yet a year old, and unfortunately, it came upon us at a time when trade was generally depressed. Along with it there was a short crop, a failure of the fisheries, a languid coal trade, and general commercial depression. But Union was not the cause of any of these, directly or remotely. There would have been suffering to the same extent had Union never been mooted. Not a blade of grass the more would have grown, or a fish more would have been taken had Mr. Howe been Prime Minister instead of Dr. Tupper. But Union has done something for us already, and that of a most substantial character. Had Union not been consummated, it is very questionable whether the Provincial resources or credit would have been able to finish and equip the Picton railway. It is very certain the arrangement with regard to the Annapolis line would have broken down, and not a mile of rail would have been laid along the Annapolis Valley. Again we would have had no prospect of obtaining the Intercolonial Railway. Union then has given, or will give us these great and most important public works, and upon these depend very largely the future progress and material well-being of this Province.

But then it may be said, you Unionists promised that it was to do far more than this. It was to procure a bounty for our fishermen, an outlet for our coal, besides other manifold advantages which as yet have failed to make themselves felt. True, most true; and who is to blame for this? Not the principle of Union, assuredly, but the factious obstructions which have everywhere been thrown in its path. A steam engine, when all the parts are perfect and the attendants do their duty honestly, can work beautifully; but if one person clogs the wheels, and another tampers with the boiler, there will be little satisfaction. So has it been with the Nova Scotian portion of the Confederation machine. Its enemies have endeavored in every way to prevent its working at all. That our fishermen are to-day without a bounty for their catch, is owing to the factious obstructive policy of their representatives. They saw the Canadian Government making mistakes of legislation—mistakes that would be injurious to our interests as a people—and instead of using their influence to rectify them, they rather rejoiced in them, as affording an additional argument against the principle of Union. Why was it that no special effort was made by the Anti-Unionists from Nova Scotia to obtain a bounty for our fishermen?—why was it that so little was done to get a small protective duty on American coal?—and above all, when a cry of suffering went up from Cape Breton and other parts, why was it that Nova Scotian Anti-Unionists were silent in Ottawa? Why was it, when the Dominion Government individually and collectively took an active part in obtaining relief for the destitute down here, that their course was sneered at and ridiculed? Union is scarcely to blame for this, for it is very certain that had the Local Government, in this matter, acted in harmony with the General Government, effectual relief would have been extended, not alone to a mere section of the Province, but to every district that required it. The whole policy of Anti-Unionism has been a tissue of meanness, selfishness, and dishonesty. Its advocates have allowed the interests of this Province to go by default whenever they thought it would help the object they had in view.

THE LATE JAMES BUCHANAN.

Mr. Buchanan's Will—Legacies to his Relatives and Friends and to the Poor of Lancaster—Bequests to Churches, Institutions, &c.

LANCASTER, June 10.—The will of the late ex-President Buchanan was filed in the Registrar's office to-day. The following are the bequests: $2,000 to the poor of Lancaster City, in addition to $4,000 previously given; $1,000 to the Presbyterian Church, Lancaster, of which deceased was a member; $5,000 to Esther Parker, housekeeper of deceased, being in addition to $2,000 heretofore given her; $2,000 to Martha J. Lane, widow of James B. Lane, deceased. Peter Hillier, Mary Smithgall, and Lizzie Stoner, servants, $100 each. The books, plate and furniture to Mrs. Harriett I. Johnson, Rev. R. G. Buchanan and J. Buchanan Henry, to be divided equally among them, all owing Esther Parker $200 out of the amount.

The balance of the estate, real and personal, is directed to be divided among his heirs, as follows: One-fourth to Mrs. Harriett L. Johnson, one-fourth to Rev. E. G. Buchanan, neither of whom are to be charged with considerable advancements which have been made to them, and the balance to J. Buchanan Henry, son of his sister, Harriett B. Lane, and to three sons of his nephew, Jas. B. Lane, deceased, Mary E. Durham, daughter of his sister, Mary Yates, deceased, to Maria B. Weaver, Jessie Mayaw (formerly Jessie Weaver), James B. Weaver and John B. Weaver.

The testator states that "whilst feeling full confidence both in the integrity and business capacities of Edward E. Johnson, the husband of my niece, Harriet Lane Johnson, yet I deem it prudent to secure to her a maintenance against the unforseen contingencies of future years. For this purpose I appoint my hereinafter-named executors, Hiram B. Swarr and Hiram Y. Buchanan, or the survivor of them, trustee or trustees, and direct them to retain in their hands, and invest and manage to the best advantage, free and discharged from the debts and control of her said husband, two-thirds of the amount bequeathed her as my residuary legatee."

The testator appoints Rev. Edward Y. Buchanan, his brother, and Hiram B. Swarr, Esq., to be the executors of his last will and testament.

The will is dated at Wheatland, January 27, 1866, and a codicil of the 9th August, 1867, provides that William T. Reed is to have $1,000 to pay the expenses and secure the publication of a biographical work of deceased; and to Mrs. Mary L. Reed, wife of William T. Reed, the deceased gives $5,000, a legacy for her separate use and benefit, as a compensation for the work William T. Reed has undertaken to perform. All the deceased's private papers, correspondence, &c., are directed to be given to Mr. Reed for this purpose.

The estate is estimated at $300,000.

—A sea captain, trading regularly to the African coast, was invited to meet a committee of a society for the evangelization of Africa. Among the numerous questions touching the habits and religion of the African races, he was asked: 'Do the subjects of King Dahomy keep Sunday?' 'Keep Sunday?' he replied. 'Yes, and every other darned thing they can lay their hands on.'

GARDENING FOR LADIES.—Make up your *beds* early in the morning; *sew* buttons on your husband's shirts; do not *rake up* any grievances; protect the young and tender *branches* of your family; *plant* a smile of good temper in your face, and carefully *root out* all angry feelings—and expect a good *crop* of happiness.—*Ex.*

—Mr. Dickens has received a legacy of £2,000 from the late Rev. Chauncey Hare Townsend, accompanied by a bequest of manuscripts, which Mr. Dickens is requested to publish for the purpose of making known Mr. Townsend's opinions on religious matters, which he believes will be conducive to the happiness of mankind.

ENGLISH SERVANT GIRLS.—Miss Rye arrived in this city yesterday with fifty of the one hundred servant girls she left England with for Toronto. Situations were obtained for the remainder at Quebec and Montreal. About seventy-five could have received situations in Toronto at once. Arrangements were made to give lodgings to any who had not been provided with situations, in the Toronto hospital till they should get places, had the whole of the one hundred come as far as Toronto. As they were all taken up, however, none were sent to the hospital.—*Leader.*

A HURRICANE IN ENGLAND.

Frightful Thunder and Lightning—Great Destruction of Property—Lives Lost.

A very violent thunder storm was experienced in London and other parts of the South of England on the 29th, and great damage was done.

The Victoria Tower of the Houses of Parliament was struck by the lightning but not materially damaged. The Law Lords were engaged in hearing appeals, and adjourned for a short time, in order that inquiries might be made as to the injury sustained.

At Ewell a party were journeying to Epsom races in a wagonette, and one of the gentlemen in the conveyance was struck by the electric fluid and killed on the spot.

The scene at Epsom was most remarkable. A large pond, three or four feet deep, had been formed by the damming up of the fluid, and about 10 o'clock, when the road was in its most crowded state, a rich harvest was made by roughs, who carried pedestrians across on their shoulders, and cabs plying over the temporary ferry demanded fabulous sums.

A correspondent describing the storm at Brighton, writes to the London *Times*:

At half-past eight, however, atmospherical disturbances began, and about fifteen minutes later a dense black cloud came up from the southwest. The effect on the sea was something like a tropical tornado, the calm water being lashed into surf by the high wind that accompanied the cloud. At the same time a pall-like cloud covered the sky, and in a surprisingly short space a darkness settled down that necessitated gas or candles in private houses, and prevented one seeing 50 yards out of doors. About 9 o'clock the storm cloud burst in a very peculiar manner—a flash of lightning, a slight rumbling and then a single discharge like that of a great piece of ordnance. The storm which thereafter raged lasted for a full hour. In many cases the flash and thunder were almost concurrent, and literally shook houses till the windows and doors rattled. The globular form of the lightning was vividly apparent. In the earliest part of the storm the electric fluid struck Windlesham House, a large boys' school, at the top of Norfolk Road. The building is detached, and has two chimney stacks on the western side. Upon one of these is a lightning conductor, but the fluid struck the other stack a few feet off. It carried away four long and heavy zinc flues from the top of the stack, and tore off the slates in two places on the roof. Descending one of the flues, it tore out a regular stove and displaced a mantlepiece in an upper room. It went as far as the drawing-room grate, where it put the fender on one side, and threw the fire-irons out on the floor, bringing also down a quantity of soot and small rubbish from the chimney.

The following terrible incident is recorded: At Saltley, Mr. Lilly, who keeps a fog signal manufactory, was in a shed looking on at the storm, when he saw the shed, in which there were about 300 gross of fog-signals, illuminated with lightning which played along the edge of the roof and lighted up the interior. There was an immediate explosion. The fog-signals went off, one package after another. Fire burst from the roof of the wooden shed and burned with fury. Six girls were inside, four of whom were rescued, but were so fearfully burned that two of them are not expected to recover. Two of the six remained inside. The fire was not extinguished until the lapse of about two hours and a half. Then the bodies of the two children were recovered. They presented a most sickening spectacle. Their skulls were shattered, the arms and legs were separated from the body, and the flesh was burnt off their faces to the bones.

HORRIBLE MURDER.

A Man and his Wife Murdered.

It is our painful duty this week to record one of the most foul, fiendish and inhuman murders ever committed. Last Sunday, about 2 p. m., Mr. Thos. Geohy, accompanied by his wife, went to pay a visit to his father-in-law, Mr. Malady, of Tuckersmith. On arriving there they found Mr. Malady's naked body lying in the bedroom door, shot in the head, the shot having penetrated about an inch in front of the left ear. Beside him were found a bludgeon about 30 inches in length, and an inch and a half in diameter, covered with blood and hair; also an old gun, loaded, the stock broken and the barrel bent. At his feet lay the corpse of his wife, her feet pointing towards the door, her head almost cut in two across the ears, and lying partly under the bed, her throat cut lengthwise, and some eight buckshot in her left cheek. A handkerchief, which served as a nightcap, was twisted into a rope and used to strangle her. The walls, curtains, and bed were all bespattered with brains and human gore. An alarm was soon given, and Dr. Coleman being notified proceeded to hold an inquest. The house is situated about a mile from Egmondville, a sufficient distance from the road to prevent any noise being heard. It has two rooms in front, and a bedroom and kitchen. An examination revealed the fact that the murderers had entered by a cellar window, and thence by a trap door to the body of the house. The egress was by the kitchen door. A box in the room, which was known to contain money, was rifled, being broken open with an axe. Marks of bloody bare feet were found all over the floor. The murderers were tracked to the woods, where they put on their boots. Two men—a son, and a Mr. Donovan, brother of Maladay's son-in-law—have been arrested on suspicion, different circumstances pointing them out as the probable fiends. In the clothes of one of them has been found shot corresponding to that with which the woman was shot. Mrs. Malady was *enciente* at the time. Numerous rumors are afloat, but awaiting further developments, we refrain from publishing them. Mr. Malady owned 100 acres of land in Tuckersmith, and 150 acres in Tecumseth. He is to be buried at Adgala.

On Wednesday last the two prisoners were committed to Goderich jail to stand their trial. The hat of young Malady has been sent to Prof. Croft, Toronto, in order to get his opinion as to certain spots, supposed to be blood, on it.—*Goderich Star, June 12.*

CRIME IN MEXICO.

(From the Two Republics, May 27.)

Kidnapping and mail robbing have gone up slightly in the market. Transactions increasing in number and value. On the 13th instant, the mail coming from Guadalajara was robbed; on the 17th the mails for Queretaro and Cuernavaca were disposed of in like manner. Kidnapping has been a little more lively, and yet rather fatal to some of the operators. The constitutional anti-Convocatoria Association had some heavy losing operations in the environs of Gaudalajara; they lost their lives, matters of no value to society; but, rather over-estimated by themselves. A small transaction in the market of Calimaya took place on the 7th instant. Mr. Albarran was carried from the market stall, by mistake probably, for a head of swine; and $4,000 are charged to rectify it. Near the same place, a *haciendado* was kidnapped; ransom $5,000. Near Toluca, three poor mule-drivers were picked up, valued each at $300. In the neighbourhood of Zinacatepod, two persons were entrapped, but no one knows who they were. A gentleman writes, if any one wants to know he will inquire.—*Pobres.*

—Hon. Isaac Buchanan has arrived at Quebec by the *Hibernian*, and is expected in Hamilton during the week. He has been absent several months in Great Britain.

—The Hull Iron Mines and furnaces, are now in full blast, and are doing much more work than ever heretofore; turning out smelt ore by eight or ten tons per run. This ought to be gratifying to the shareholders of the company, as well as to the people of this township.—*Aylmer Times.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Notice to Parties Selling Petroleum—Alex Graham.
In Chancery—John Wilson.
Skating Rink Music Hall—Edmund Coles.
Business Stand to Let—John Ashfield.
Retiring from Business—G. Featherston & Co.

The Ottawa Times

MONDAY, JUNE 15, 1868.

For Markets see Fourth Page.

The Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald, K. C. B., returned from Montreal on Friday evening. The other Ministers absent from town are expected here in time to attend the meeting of the Privy Council on Wednesday.

We are glad to notice by the railway traffic returns for May, published in Saturday's *Gazette*, that there is a large increase over the corresponding month of last year, on all the lines, save one, for which the returns have been sent in. The following table will show the figures, the number of miles in operation being the same last year as this:—

	Total 1868.	Total 1867.
Great Western Railway	$360,130	$335,508
Grand Trunk Railway	513,722	444,242
Welland Railway	10,793	6,362
Northern Railway	74,671	64,940
Port Hope, Lindsay and Beaverton Railway and Peterborough Branch	27,273	21,968
Brockville & Ottawa Railway	16,556	11,746
St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway	10,263	8,542
European & North American Railway	14,872	14,783

The increase for the month is:

Great Western	$24,622
Grand Trunk	69,480
Welland	4,431
Northern	9,731
Port Hope	6,305
Brockville and Ottawa	4,810
St. Lawrence and Ottawa	1,721
Total	$121,100

One hundred and twenty-one thousand one hundred dollars of an increase in the receipts of the railways of Ontario and Quebec for a single month, over those of the corresponding period of last year, is surely a substantial sign of general improvement in business.

The European and North American, though it cannot compare with Western companies, has at least held its own and made the small advance of $89 over May '67.

The American Government is again putting President Johnson's proclamation of the 6th June, 1866, in force against the too glaring infractions by the Fenians, of American law in their preparations for the threatened raid upon this country. The belief that the United States authorities would not tolerate any open infraction of their law by the Fenian marauders, was one among the reasons which we gave for holding the opinion that no actual raid on Canada, or at least not one of any great account, would be likely to take place this summer, because the Fenians must know that unless the American Government would shut its eyes to their actions for a few weeks it would be impossible for them to make such an attack as would give them even a temporary success over the forces which Canada can oppose to them at any point. In other words, that our preparations are sufficient to ward off a sudden surprise on a small scale, and ought to be sufficient, had the Fenians any sense left them, to deter them from attempting it; while an invasion of any magnitude would be impossible without the tacit consent, amounting virtually to the sanction of the American Government. We had no fear of the latter contingency so long as the machinery of the American Government was not thrown into confusion by internal troubles, and any risk of that appears now to have passed, but we are pleased to learn by the following paragraph, which we clip from the Montreal *Gazette*, that action has been taken with promptitude:

"We learn from St. Albans that a seizure of Fenian arms was made in that place by the U.S. Government yesterday. We are happy to be able to announce this fact. It is an evidence that the U.S. Government is alive to the obligations of comity, its own municipal and international law. These arms at St. Albans are those of which we had authentic information some days ago, and respecting which we made a publication in the *Gazette*, and also of drilling of Fenian lodges. The seizure of these arms will give the Fenian conspiracy a serious check."

The *Globe's* gyrations on the Fenian question are laughable. Whatever phase that question may assume during its progress; whatever the *denouement*, at each step, and at every new turn, the *Globe* can turn to its fyles and say triumphantly, "Didn't I tell you so?" It is bound to be a true prophet upon some one point, if upon all others it may fail. Its lest effort at the sensational appears from the seriousness with which some of our contemporaries have treated it, to have been more than ordinarily successful, and as we think it extremely mischievous to needlessly alarm the public, we propose to ourselves to see how much there is in its article of Friday last.

To begin at the beginning, we find it headed, "The coming raid." Thus the reader is coaxed to believe, before he reads a line, that the raid is really "coming," not that it has been threatened, or promised, or prepared for, but positively "coming." The first paragraph is worth transcribing entire:

"We have it on authority beyond dispute that the Fenian movement upon Canada has actually commenced. Forces are being gradually concentrated at Buffalo, and, we suppose, at other places. Forty Fenians from Port Huron and its neighborhood went to Buffalo by the Grand Trunk on Tuesday. Some suppose that the attempt to cross the frontier will not take place till after the Democratic Convention meets in New York, on the 4th of July, but it seems more likely that the movement will be made earlier. Probably the day has not yet been finally determined upon, or it may be only known as yet to one or two persons. Any day after the 20th inst., a raid will be a possible event."

Now what is "positive" in the above is that "forty Fenians" from Port Huron have "concentrated at Buffalo." All the rest is but surmise, conjecture, and "we suppose." There is not a newspaper reader in Canada that does not believe that "the Fenian movement upon Canada" has not only "commenced," but has been going on for months. It is, we think, about three months ago since this "movement" was made tolerably manifest by the forwarding of arms and ammunition to the points near the frontier, and since that time the public in Canada has been kept pretty fully posted as to the "movement." The concentration of "forces" was announced as long ago as the Buffalo Fenian fair, and more recently statements on "authority beyond dispute" have been put forth regarding the gathering of the "forces" at St. Albans, and "at other places." "Some *suppose* "that the attempt to cross the frontier—will "not take place, &c., &c., but it *seems* more "likely that the movement will be made "earlier." Why does it *seem* so; may it not be said with an equal chance of hitting the truth, that it seems it will be made later? The *Globe* very shrewdly says: "*Probably* "the day has not yet been finally determined "upon." Well! Who would have thought it! But then you see "probably" it has, and the *Globe*, which knows nothing at all about it, cunningly fences itself against this contingency by making the profound reflection that "it may be only known as yet to one or two persons." Now, no matter about the "day," it is clear that the *Globe* has made its position sure. It will be a true prophet in any case. After such a clever feat, we are surprised that the *Globe*, on its own "authority," should have made the *positive* statement that "any day after "the 20th instant, a raid will be a *possible* "event." This ought to be very alarming, but we venture to assert that with respect to any day *before* the 20th the remark would be equally true. There has been no question about the possibility of a raid; it has only been about its probability, and that may be increased or diminished after the 20th; but the *Globe* has not been very original in the choice of a date, for the same day was mentioned some weeks ago by the St. Albans' correspondent of the Montreal *Gazette*.

The concluding portion of the article is mainly taken up with the *Globe's* "we "believe" what the Fenians may "possibly" do, "in spite of all the efforts which the "American officers may make," and so forth, until it is pretty evident that in his attempt to scare others the writer has succeeded in frightening himself. In one place the *Globe* repeats itself, as it was in the summer of '66, when in spite of its efforts to prove the contrary the Fenians wouldn't come. It says: "Under these circumstances"—the "circumstances" being a mere jumble of probabilities and possibilities—"we have no "hesitation in saying that the Government "should order into the field at once—this "very day—the whole volunteer and regular "force of the country." What arrant nonsense! "We have no hesitation in saying" that the writer of the above was either befooled himself, or trying to befool others, though it will be a fine point for the *Globe*, in case a raid should take place, to be able to say, "Why didn't you order the whole force "into the field, as we told you, and then you "would have frightened the Fenians away!" The country is willing to fight, when it has a foe to contend with, but it is not willing to cut the ridiculous figure in the *eyes* of the world which the *Globe* desires. It is by reading such trash as the *Globe's* "coming raid" that the American papers feel justified in speaking of the "Fenian *scare*" in Canada, and surely they must think it tremendous if they take the *Globe* as the exponent of the public sentiment of the country.

We are glad to have the assurance of the *Globe* in one of its concluding paragraphs, that it is "no alarmist in this matter," for had it not told us to the contrary we should certainly have believed that it was both alarmed and alarmist. As a final touch it gives "a probable attempt" to land at some point, "perhaps Port Dover or "Port Burwell," and with a keen eye to the preservation of its prophetic character, immediately adds: "These plans will "*in all probability* break down in the execu- "tion, but we cannot afford to neglect any "precautions."

Such is the nonsensical farrago of the *Globe* on the "coming raid." Nobody believes that any reasonable precaution has been neglected, and though we quite agree with the *Globe* that "a raid will be a "possible event" after Saturday next, just as it is to-day, and as it will be to-morrow or any other day, so long as the Fenians, or any other filibustering horde, are to be found amongst our neighbours, we must condemn its absurd attempts to excite the public. The Fenians *may* come; but it is only those who escape the vigilance of the American authorities that *can*; and of those who do, it is certain that the preparations of the Canadian Government are such as to ensure their being made very short work of. That is the whole history of the raid—if it is to be—in a single sentence.

"At the rate of expense in which the Canadians are now indulging for military preparations, they might as well be annexed to the Union and pay their share of our taxes. It will come to that sooner or later."—*N. Y. Sun.*

"*Their* share of *our* taxes!" We have no share in your taxes, friend *Sun*, and the longer you continue, in the face of the courtesy due to a friendly and peaceful neighbor, to harbor and encourage a gang of conspirators who openly proclaim their intention to invade our territory, the less likely will we be to feel disposed to "share" with you in anything. The bullying will meet the fate of the "starv- "ing" process, "only a little more so."

Ald. Dakin, Mr. Thomas Faulconer, Mr. and Mrs. Baker, of London, England, and the Hon. Mr. McMaster, of Toronto, and Thomas Swinyard, Esq., of Hamilton, arrived at the Russell House on Saturday afternoon from Montreal. The gentlemen named are all officially connected with the Great Western (of Canada) Railway. They are accompanied by the Rev. Robert Faulconer, of London, (Eng).

The Montreal *Gazette* of Saturday argues with great earnestness in favor of the issue of a Special Commission to try Whelan and the other prisoners, held as accomplices, or under the *habeas corpus* Suspension Act.

Ensign and Adjutant John P. McPherson, M.S., of the Ottawa Provisional Battalion of Rifles, was gazetted on Saturday to have the rank of Lieutenant.

The Belleville *Intelligencer* rejoices that Maskinonge are found in the Bay, one having been found weighing 27 pounds.

Fine coral jewellery, bog oak jewellery and a large collection of other goods suitable for wedding and other presents can be seen at Young & Radford's; all new and choice goods and will be sold cheap.

MILITIA GENERAL ORDERS.

HEAD QUARTERS,
Ottawa, 12th June, 1868.

General Orders.

VOLUNTEER MILITIA.

No. 1

District staff officers will call upon officers commanding battalions in their respective districts to take steps to fill up the vacancies in the medical staff of their battalions.

No. 2.

District staff officers will take immediate steps to supply any deficiency that may exist in the Medical Staff of the corps of battalions in their respective districts, by obtaining the voluntary services of civil practitioners. Such civil practitioners if employed to have the temporary rank and pay of Staff Assistant Surgeons. District staff officers will send as soon as possible a list of those gentlemen who are willing to serve as above to the medical staff officer of militia at Montreal, with a duplicate list to the headquarters department at Ottawa. One medical officer to every 200 men will be a sufficient proportion. The requirements of the field brigades to be first provided for.

APPOINTMENTS.

Department of the Secretary of State of Canada,
Ottawa, June 5, 1868.

His Excellency the Governor-General of Canada has been pleased to make the following appointment, viz.:

William Horton, of Osgoode Hall and of the city of London, in the County of Middlesex, in the Province of Ontario, Esq., Barrister at Law, to be the Deputy Judge of County Court of and for the County of Middlesex, in said Province.

THE McGEE TESTIMONIAL FUND.

The following is the subscription list to the McGee testimonial fund in this city. As will be seen the amount ($672.80) has been remitted to Wm. Workman, Esq., Mayor of Montreal, by Jas. Cunningham, Esq., local treasurer:

Ottawa Ward.

Ald. Goulden and H. Robinson, Esqrs, collectors.

Hiram Robinson	$3 00	James Gillie	1 00
Charles Goulden	3 00	E Martineau	1 00
			$8 00

James Goodwin and Moore Higgins, Esqrs, collectors.

James Goodwin	5 00	John C Parke	0 50
Julia Goodwin	5 00	B W Currier	1 00
John Murray	1 00	Revd J J Collins	5 00
James Connors	1 00	C J Higgins	1 00
Patrick White	1 00	W P Lett	5 00
T C Pigeon	2 00	Pat Lunford	1 00
J McCarron	1 00	James White	1 00
Edward Mooney	0 50	Alex Bowie	1 00
Peter Collins	1 00	Wm Graham	1 00
J McCloy	1 00	Wm Wills	5 00
T W Currier	1 00	G B L Fellowes	5 00
			$46 00

By Ward.

P. A. Egleson, sen., and J. F. Caldwell, Esqrs, collectors.

John Heney	5 00	R Lapierre	0 50
J F Caldwell	5 00	Latremouille &	
P A Egleson &		Groulx	0 50
Son	5 00	G M Edward	0 50
P A Egleson Jun	1 00	H A Palmer	0 25
Fingland & Dra-		Mr Howe	0 50
per	5 00	Rubin Lawrence	0 50
J A Pinard & Co	3 00	W H Tracey	0 50
W H Waller	2 00	W Hearn	0 50
A R McDougall	1 00	Chas McCarron	5 00
Geo May	2 00	Peter Kilduff	3 00
H Meadows & Co	2 00	James Bourget	1 00
G Bartlett	1 00	Wm Graham	1 00
G Mortimer	2 00	Mrs Barrett	0 50
L N Nye	1 00	Wm M Bradbury	0 25
J G Robinson & Co	5 00	Pierre Paulin	1 00
Jas Higginson	2 00	Geo Story	1 00
C A Martin	1 00	George Stirling	5 00
Thos Story	1 00	David Moore	5 00
Wm B Aird	1 00	M Labelle	0 25
James Martin &		Revd Mr Stone	1 00
Co	2 00	Mr Salmon	0 50
W A Lamb	1 00	I Champagne	0 50
Kearns & Ryan	5 00	Jas Smith	0 50
Arthur Keevil	1 00	Cornelius Ken-	
K Grabmer	0 50	nedy	1 00
W W Sullivan	0 50	Michael Boyle	0 50
R Nagle	1 00	W Connelly	0 50
James Waynock	1 00	Jno Kennedy	1 00
P A Egleson C } P W Egleson }	1 00	Satchell Bros	1 00
		E Sherwood	1 00
Jas Buchanan	5 00	Wm Slattery	1 00
John Brown	2 00	G Shouldice	1 00
Dr Beaubien	1 00	John Terrence	0 50
Dennis McGrath	1 00	Bens Cawthery	1 00
Robert Elliott	2 00	F Kilby	0 50
Mr McCaffrey	1 00	James Kilby	0 30
D O'Connor	5 00	N Germain	1 00
Wm Cardwell	1 00	A Campbell & Co	4 00
A Mowat	0 50	Thos Iliffe	1 00
E Prud'homme	0 25	James Thompson	0 50
Benjamin Huckel		Isidore Traversy	1 00
Jr	0 50	Benjamin Fisher	5 00
Edwd Beaucaire	0 25	Geo Tyrrell	1 00
Toussaint Groulx	0 50	Jas McCullough	2 00
P H Chalop	0 50	Philippe Riel	0 50
D Rice	0 25	D R Leavens	0 50
M H St Jacques	0 50	P McDougall	3 00
Andre Riopelle	0 50	Thos Hanly	1 00
Robert Graham	0 50		
			$139 05

St. George's Ward.

Ald. Mosgrove and A. Rowe, Esq., collectors.

A Workman	5 00	Edward Griffin	2 00
Angus & Huckel	1 00	Mrs Owens	1 00
Jno C Brennan	1 00	Geo Bott	1 00
I B Taylor	5 00	T G Somerville	0 50
Mrs Taylor	5 00	Thos Starmer	0 75
P O'Meara	2 00	Buck & Sanger	1 00
Geo Scale	1 00	L Robert	0 50
Walker and Pen-		Wm Stockdale	1 00
nock	2 00	Wm Sutherland	0 50
Friend	1 00	Wm Wall	0 50
Elliot & Hamilton	3 00	John Curtis	0 50
Blythe & Kerr	2 00	W Allan	1 00
Jno Thompson	1 00	G H Preston	1 00
Luke Cuzner	1 00	Victor Laporte	0 50
James Frazer	1 00	Charles Routh	1 00
John Roberts	2 00	James Foote	0 50
Wm Fish	0 50	Hugh Davis	0 50
Jno Sweetman	1 00	F C S Ridgway	1 00
Sam Borbridge	1 00	Thos Dowsly	1 00
Mosgrove & Tail-		Geo Sadler	1 00
lon	4 00	Jno Stewart	1 00
Davidson & Da-		Robt Parsons	0 50
niel	1 00	Slocombe & Ste-	
Cunningham &		vens	1 00
Lindsay	2 00	Thos Langrell	1 00
Geo Howe & Son	1 00	Cash	0 50
D T Brown	1 00	M O'Gara	1 00
J Garvey M D	1 00	Sam Rogers	0 50
Grant & Hender-		T Cavanagh	2 00
son	2 00	A E Macdonnell	1 00
Angus & Son	2 00	Geo R Burke	2 00
Thos Birkett	2 00	A Rowe	2 00
Thos Patterson	1 00	Jno J Gemmill	1 00
Jas Peacock	2 00	Unknown Party	1 00
I B Tackaberry	1 00		
			$86 75

G. E. Desbarats and R. H. McGreevy, Esqrs, collectors.

H N Bate	5 00	Rev Dr Jones	4 00
Jno McIntyre	0 50	Mr Inglis	1 00
W Loucks	5 00	Mrs Lang	0 25
W H Easton	0 25	Mr Heron	0 50
John Conway	0 25	Jos Aumond	4 00
Robt. Jamieson	0 25	R H McGreevy	5 00
Mrs Cowan	2 00	G E Desbarats	5 00
Mrs Nagle	0 50	Mr Batson	1 00
Mr Beaty	0 50	Mr Desbarats' work-	
J Thorburn	3 00	men	13 75
			$51 75

Total St. George's Ward — $138 75

Wellington Ward.

Ald. Hunter and H. McCormick, Esq., Collectors.

Garland, Mutch-		O Martin	1 00
mor & Co	5 00	A Smirl	1 00
G Featherston &		A C Kelty	2 00
Co	1 00	S Woodland	0 50
Magee & Russell	2 00	N Sparks	5 00
W Wade	1 00	Jno Lyon	0 50
H McCormick	5 00	J Green	0 50
Hunter, Rose & Co	5 00	Geo R Blythe	2 00
A Pratt	2 00	Joseph Skinner	1 00
Bate & Co	4 00	Phil Wright	0 50
M Kavanagh	1 00	H F MacCarthy	1 00
A Graham	1 00	H V Noel	4 00
J D Slater	5 00	J B Lewis	1 00
E Hall	2 00	G P Baker	2 00
Master E Hall	0 50	EK MacGillivray	1 00
S Edwards	0 50	Young & Radford	2 00
Jas Montgomery	1 00	J C Smith	1 00
G R Bartlett	0 50	J A Gemmill	1 00
L A Stewart	1 00	P Langton	1 00
H Hardy	0 50	Jno Moore	1 00
James Hope	1 00	J L Massie	0 50
C H Pinhey	3 00	W R Tache	1 00
F Hawken	1 00	W P Bonsall	0 50
C S Scott	1 00	J W Beron	0 50
G M Holbrook	1 00	W Macnamara	0 50
Friend A R	0 50	R Waller	0 50
N Robertson	1 00	J Glasson	0 50
J Durie & Son	1 00	Wm B Brooke	0 50
John Roos	1 00	Isaiah Ball	0 50
W M Massey	1 00	J C MacMillan	0 50
T Rajotte	0 50	M J Grand	0 50
Regret	1 00	Thos Reid	0 50
C P Dorion	0 50	Thos Galbraith	0 50
H & F Gowan	0 75	A Mortimer	1 00
John Aman	2 00	A Drummond	3 00
			$94 25

A. Duff and James Cotton, Esqrs., Collectors

A Duff	5 00	John Leslie	5 00
Mrs J O'Meara	5 00	Robt Kenly, jr	1 00
David Miller	2 00	W W Brown	0 50
Sand Christie	2 00	M White	0 50
Jno G Bell	1 00	Neil McKinnon	1 00
W A Ross	2 00	P H Mahar	1 00
Mrs A Scott	1 00	J R Esmonde	1 00
J H P Gibson	1 00	T & W Hunton	5 00
A Swalwell, jr	1 00	C B Grasett	1 00
G P Drummond	1 00	Michael J May	1 00
J T & W Pennock	1 00	T G Leslie	2 00
T Beament & Co	1 00	Thos Sproule	1 00
Thos Isaac	1 00	R W Cruice	2 00
F G Crosby	1 00	Michaels	1 00
Craig & McKenzie	1 00	Mr Baylis	1 00
W G Smith	1 00	J S Orme	1 00
Wm Elson	1 00	John Kenly	1 00
Jos Bureau	0 50	G Armstrong	2 50
Rev E B Harper	1 00	W Champness	1 00
James Cotton	5 00	Mrs M A Trott	2 00
Mary Cotton	5 00	J Browne	1 00
J O'Reilly	5 00	Wm Craig	1 00
J A Gouin	5 00	R Campbell	1 00
Mrs Gouin	5 00	Wm Mohr	1 00
Geo Bryson	5 00	A S Woodburn	1 00
F Clemow	2 00	Lyon & Remon	4 00
Geo Hay	5 00		
			$107 00

Victoria Ward.

Ald. Rochester and Cunningham, Collectors.

Judge Armstrong	5 00	Dr Henry	2 00
E McGillivray	5 00	Mrs Enwright	2 00
Jno Rochester	5 00	Edward Grant	0 75
Jas Cunningham	5 00	Thos Nelson	0 75
Allan Gilmour	5 00	A Langford	0 50
W C Smillie	5 00	Jno Langford	1 00
Alfred Jones	5 00	John Blythe	1 00
Dalglish & Russell	2 00	George Wilson	0 50
N S Blasdell	1 00	Isaac Cluff	1 00
C S McNutt	1 00	John Manuel	2 00
Jas MacCarthy	1 00	Jno McAmmond	1 00
J Hutchison	0 25	F. Hallandale	1 00
W Mitchell	0 50	G S O'Brien	1 00
			$55 25

Hon. J. Skead and J. R. O'Connor, Esq, Collectors.

Dr Hill	5 00	Geo M Keragham	0 50
J R O'Connor	2 00	Jno Pushman	0 50
E King	1 00	Jno A Snow	1 00
Wm Morrison	2 00	Jno Ashfield	1 00
Thos Woodland	1 00	— Pinkham	0 50
John Quain	1 50	Geo Baskerville	1 00
Robert Kenny	2 00	John Macaulay	1 00
Thos Coghlan	0 50	Bernard Mullin	1 00
E S Skead	0 50	E D McKenzie	0 50
			$22 50
N S Blasdell & Co	5 00	Levi Young	5 00
David Scott	2 00	Robert P Young	1 00
Wm Hay	1 00	Levi J Young	1 00
Jno McDonald	1 00	John Albert	1 00
Mr Aubray	1 00	Philip Whitney	1 00
Jno Soulter	1 00	Jno W Pinkham	1 00
Wm Kain	0 50	Simon Kenny	0 50
M Patterson	1 00	Patrick Rock	0 50
Francis Lark	1 00	James O'Meara	0 10
Geo S Blasdell	1 00	Mich Kayana	0 10
John Kerr	1 00	Simeon Connell	0 25
Hill Wilson	0 50	A Maisoneuve	0 25
Jno McRea	0 50	John Robert	0 25
Henry J Smith	0 50	Jude Sauyer	0 25
Joseph Dewart	0 50	Napoleon Nevett	0 25
George Young	0 50	Pat Souliere	0 50
Martin White	0 50	John Lafrance	0 25
Joseph Hawkin	0 50	Baptist Lacelle	0 25
Wm Jones	0 50	H Bourdignon	0 25
Jas Fleming	0 50	Louis King	0 25
Thos Sleeman	0 50	Godfrey King	0 25
Evan Edwards	0 25	Napoleon Levers	0 25
Michael O'Meara	0 25	Mich Purtell	0 50
Bronson, Wat-		John Mann	0 50
son & Co	5 00	Peter Cash	0 25
Jas A Pattie	0 50	Antoine Moeux	0 25
E M Bronson	1 00	Pat Man	0 25
J Cranwell	1 00	Edward Kelly	0 25
S H Emett	0 25	John Dorion	0 50
J McGillivan	0 50	James Gordon	1 00
Thos Church	0 25	Perly & Pattie	5 00
Henry Long	0 25	John Smith	2 00
John Dunlop	0 12	Wm Richards	1 00
Wm Leclair	0 25	E P Williams	1 00
Henry Smith	0 25	Isaiah Cheney	0 50
R McTavish	0 25	Aaron Carruthers	0 50
Frank Niglie	0 25	John Pellian	0 50
Wm McGillivray	0 25	Thos Traveller	0 50
Henry Glenn	0 25	G W Heney	0 50
Joseph Patterson	0 25	John Goodwin	0 50
E Hay	0 25	David Birt	0 50
J Vandusen	0 25	Thomas McKay	5 00
J R Booth	5 00	Archer Bailey	2 00
D L Hutton	1 00	Wm Atkinson	1 00
A Fotheringham	1 50	Peter Atkinson	0 50
Levi Booth	0 50	John Carruthers	0 50
M W Linton	1 00	W H Morgan	0 50
S Washburn	2 00	R Hutchison	0 50
H B Merrill	1 00	Jno Atkinson	0 50
			$107 32
G. C. Cambie, Esq., Collector		Charles S Grant	5 00

Total for Victoria Ward,	$167 57
Total for the city,	$700 37
Deduct—	
Ottawa *Citizen* advertisement	$6 00
" Times "	6 00
	$12 00
Bills	$243 00
Silver	445 37
	$688 37
Discount on $445 37c @ 3½ per cent	15 57
	$672 80

Remitted W. Workman, Esq., Mayor of Montreal, 13th June, 1868.

JAS. CUNNINGHAM,
Local Treasurer.

The *Leader* says:

"Strong complaints are made in the local press as to the manner in which the Kent Registry office is conducted. It is stated that Mr. Peter McKellar, the Registrar, is in the habit of making charges much larger than the other registrars in the country; and that the duties of the office are seriously neglected. We are utterly ignorant of the character of these charges; we do not know whether they are true or not; but the case seems to be one which calls for an examination of the office and the way in which it is kept, by the Inspector of Registry offices."

Bog Oak Jewellery.—Very handsome sets of bog oak jewellery can be had at Young & Radford's, at $1 per set.

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

For a choice selection of pickles, sauces &c., go to Bate & Co., 52 Spark-st. 762d

Not Quite So.—"It is among the most savage and debased tribes only that the condition and comfort of the horse have been neglected;" but we believe there are many in civilized countries who are guilty of the same neglect, and without the excuse of the former; here all may avail themselves of the use of an article which has done more than anything else heretofore known to improve the condition and relieve the suffering of the horse. Those who will not use it will be the losers, their horses the sufferers, to avoid both use "Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and Condition Medicine," and you will be satisfied with the result. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.*, is on each package. *Northrup & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

—The safe of a merchant residing in Longueuil was blown open by burglars on Friday night, and $80 stolen therefrom.

LOCAL NEWS.

For jams and jellies go to Bate & Co., 52, Spark-st. 762d

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

Police Court.—Edward Canavan, drunk and disorderly in the public streets; fined $2 and costs, or one week. This was the only case.

The Weather.—Saturday last was felt to be the warmest day of the season so far. Those who had much walking to do, found it a full suit of clothes too warm. At one o'clock, p.m., the thermometer stood at 90 in the shade.

Markets.—The only alteration in the market of Friday and Saturday worth noting, was the fall in the price of hay, which we quote at $12 to $14, though there have been a few samples of inferior quality sold as low as $10. Oats are held easier, and has a tendency still downward.

City Hay Scales.—The By Ward market hay scale has been for some time past out of order and unreliable. Now, however, it is being put in a state of repair, and farmers and buyers may expect even-handed justice. It is expected to be in working order to-morrow morning.

St. Alban's School House Readings.—The last readings of the season will be given on Monday evening the 15th instant, at 8 o'clock. Readings will be given by Mr. Bouchette, Mr. Langton, Mr. Meredith and Mr. Fennings Taylor. Instrumental music by Mr. Cross and Mr. Harvey, and probably by Mr. Stockel and Mr. Augustus Smith. Songs by Mr. Sinclair and Mr. Dunlevie.

Drowned.—We exceedingly regret to learn that Mr. Walter Swalwell, brother to Mr. Swalwell of this city, was drowned on Thursday last at Des Joachims, Upper Ottawa. Deceased had for many years been engaged with another brother in the lumbering business, and was at the time of his death about forty-two years of age. Mr. Swalwell received the melancholy intelligence here by telegram from Pembroke, on Saturday afternoon.

Sudden Death.—On Friday evening last Thomas Butler, aged about sixty years, was called into a neighbor's house to assist in moving a stove, and whilst in the act fell back suddenly, his under jaw was observed to drop, the heart ceased almost immediately to beat, and he was dead. An inquest was held by Dr. Riel, coroner, witnesses were examined, and the verdict rendered by the jury was that deceased came to his death from natural causes.

Prostrated.—The attention of several humane gentlemen was attracted on Saturday afternoon to a man found lying prostrate in the excavation now being made for a new building on the east side of the bridge by Little Sussex-st. It was feared by some that he was in a dying condition. One gentleman with more of the milk of human kindness than most people, went panting over the bridge to the police station for help. He was got away, but what became of him we did not learn.

Hamall's Serenaders.—This great company of serenaders make their appearance at Her Majesty's Theatre this evening. If we give them the benefit of one-half the press of Montreal and other large cities here and in the United States, we should certainly say that Mr. Hamall himself should be in the opera, but, perhaps, he finds the minstrel business to pay better. A great variety of other entertainments is presented by this troupe, amongst which are daring and graceful exploits of the acrobats and gymnasts. If ordinary companies fill the theatre, what will these do. Better go early.

A Supposed Crazy Woman.—A woman who collected several large crowds around her on Saturday late in the afternoon, and who from her insane noise and action was thought mad, attracted the attention of the police, who conveyed her to the station, where she continued to utter the most incoherent and discordant jargon for hours. The general opinion entertained by those who have frequently to deal with drunken persons was that she was in that predicament, only much worse than common.

An Unsafe Bridge.—It is a well known fact and it has been long known, that the bridge at Currier's mills, going to New Edinburgh, is altogether unfit for travel. The planks in patches are worn so thin that horses' feet are frequently breaking through, and many have been injured in that way. On Saturday last a valuable horse belonging to a gentleman in this city, broke through and was so much injured that he will probably be unfit for use for some time. He might have broken a leg, as a half dozen others may do any day, and damages will be claimed, of course. Would it not be better to spend the value, of one horse in repairing the bridge?

Stop the Thief.—For a short time an American, representing himself as an officer in the American army, has been putting up at the Revere House in this city, and continuing to be seen conversing with respectable gentlemen here obtained some little credit, and was not suspected of being anything but what he appeared to be. On Wednesday he went to the livery stables of Mr. Stockdale and hired a carriage and two ponies, a bay and an iron gray, stating that he should not return till Thursday night, and perhaps not till Friday. He proceeded as far as Pakenham, where he traded off the bay for another horse to match the iron gray. Which way he went from Pakenham is not certain, but it is supposed that he has before this crossed to the other side. The telegraph wires have been set in motion on his account, though it is doubtful if Mr. Stockdale will recover his property. The turn-out was worth about $350 to $400.

Reading Exercises.—We understand that there is a disposition on the part of the teachers in some of our public schools, to pay more attention than formerly, to the cultivation of a taste for reading among their pupils, by having "readings" before the whole school once a week. In the new George street school this has become an established practice. Every Friday afternoon the week's labors are brought to a close by such of the pupils as desire to take part in the exercises, reading such selections as may be approved of by the teachers. This practice may be made the means of creating a taste for reading, and if the pupils are carefully enjoined to attempt nothing in public until they have clearly apprehended the author's meaning, and learned the correct pronunciation of every word in the passage to be read, the foundation of good reading will have been laid. We are informed that the Friday readings are looked forward to with a great deal of interest, and that on those occasions the scholars are by no means in a hurry to leave. Parents who can spare the time would do well to attend. It would encourage the readers and beget an interest in the work of our schools which would be productive of much good.

The Lagrange and Brignoli Troupe.—Last week and the week before we announced with much pleasure that the Lagrange and Brignoli opera troupe would be here to give an opera night sometime last week. We did so in consequence of having read the letter of their agent, addressed to Messrs. Orme & Son, announcing positively that they would do so, and requesting the press to publish the same. The week has come and gone, but the "troupe" have not appeared. This is no fault of ours. We have acted in good faith, in the belief that people of their professional reputation would not fail to do the same, and it is entirely through this failure on their part to fulfil their promise that the public have been disappointed, and some expense incurred on their account. They had similarly engaged to sing at Kingston, and at Ogdensburg, both of which places they have passed on their way to Montreal, and even there they fulfil their engagement only in part. If a young and inexperienced *impressario* had committed the mistake of disappointing three cities from a fear of the pecuniary results it would have been bad enough, but for Herr Strakosch to have broken faith in such a manner is altogether inexcusable, and a few more such acts will place him in bad odour, and detract greatly from his reputation. Had they come here they would have had at least as good a house as that which greeted Parepa, and that surely was as good as any company could reasonably desire. There is now no prospect of the Company's coming here at all.

Latest by Telegraph.

FROM TORONTO.

Toronto Spring Races—The Anglican Synod—The "Globe's" Fenian Story.

Special to THE TIMES.

Toronto, June 13, 1868.

Great preparations are making for the spring races at New Market, next Wednesday and Thursday, when the Queen's plate will be run for. The races are expected to be highly successful.

The Anglican Synod adjourned last night. Nothing of general interest transpired.

The *Leader* contradicts the *Globe's* statements as to the Fenians, saying (in italics) that there is no foundation whatever for the statements and insinuations in yesterday's *Globe*.

CABLE NEWS

(Via Montreal Line.)

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Ascot Races.

London, June 13.—At the Ascot races to-day the Alexandria plate was won by *Blinkhoole*. Her Majesty's plate was won by *Vale Royal*.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

Large Receipts of Treasure.

New York, June 13.—The steamer *Rising Star*, from Aspinwall, brings $658,758 in treasure.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Via Montreal Line.

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Destructive Fire.

Chicago, June 13.—A very destructive fire occurred at Marquette, Mich., on Thursday night. Over 100 buildings in the business portion of the town were destroyed, including forty stores, the United States land office, custom house, and county treasurer's office. All the records were destroyed. The railroad and other docks were also burned. The loss is estimated at one million dollars. Insurance very small.

Heenan's Brother Shot.

Philadelphia, June 13.—Timothy Heenan, a brother of the pugilist, was shot on Thursday night by a mob of roughs. It is thought he will recover.

Political.

New York, June 13.—The *Suns* special says that Messrs. Bingham, Butler, Logan and Stevens are all satisfied that they will successfully demonstrate that impeachment was coolly and deliberately sold out.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

London, June 13.—The question of the succession to the sovereignty of Servia, made vacant by the assassination of Prince Michael, a few days since, is engaging the attention of the diplomats of Europe.

Vienna, June 13.—It is not generally believed that the tour of Prince Napoleon has any political significance whatever. He is travelling strictly *incognito*. Rumors have recently been put in circulation to the effect that the Prince has been in private consultation with the Emperor Francis Joseph, and with Baron Von Beust, the Prime Minister. There is good authority for the statement that this rumor is without foundation.

London, June 13.—The recent votes on the question of the Irish Church, which have resulted so unfavorably to the Ministry, have, it is believed, determined Mr. D'Israeli to appeal to the people. Parliament will, therefore, probably be dissolved, and it is understood the new Parliament will meet in December next.

London, June 13.—The American poet, Henry Longfellow, who arrived in England by the steamship *Russia* on Saturday last, has been the recipient of marked attention.

A congratulatory address on the part of the Merchant's Institute of Carlisle, was formally presented to Mr. Longfellow to-day.

Belgrade, June 13.—The nephew of the murdered Prince Michael was duly proclaimed Prince of Servia to-day.

—Dover, England, saw Boulogne, France not long ago, by a mirage, very distinctly.

—Mr. Hoe has memorialized Congress for an extension of his patent on printing presses. His original patent was granted in 1847, the extension in 1861, and expires on the 24th of next month. He sets forth at some length the advantages that have accrued to journalism from his invention, and says he has received no adequate reward for the time he has given and the money he has invested. The former extension was granted in time of war, which continued so long that he has sold but few machines during the last seven years. He asks a further extension till 1875, and submits all the papers on which favorable action was taken in 1861.

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

For soups and potted meats go to Bate & Co., 52 Spark-st. 762d

Carpets and House Furnishings.—Garland Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality. They have just received a large stock and invite the attention of parties furnishing to it. Purchasers will find their stock in this department second to none in Ottawa. 582-y

Messrs. Young & Radford having secured the services of first-class working jewellers in etruscan, filagree, plain, fancy and solid gold work, and having made large additions to their work shop are now better prepared to execute any orders with which they may be entrusted than heretofore. Masonic jewels gold and silver medals, and every kind of gold and silver work done on the shortest possible notice. Remember the place, 30 Sparks-st., and encourage home manufacture.

Health is Strength.—To prevent or conquer disease is one of the grandest attainments ever aimed at by man; and Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers will as sure by cure coughs, colds, tickling in the throat and pulmonary complaints, as war and pestilence will destroy. Severe colds if not attended to sooner or later lead to incurable consumption, and the strength of the strongest soon fails if neglected. The readiest and best means known for the cure of these complaints is "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers," which have been thoroughly tried for the last twenty years, and have never been known to fail. Singers and public speakers will also derive great benefit from the use of them. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts. per box.

The Reciprocity Treaty.—The American press do not seem to be at all satisfied whether the Reciprocity Treaty is beneficial or a detriment to the prosperity of the American Government, but it is gratifying to see that on some points the United States press and the Canadians agree, and one is that the Canadian Pain Destroyer is the best thing for the cure of coughs, colds, frost-bites, rheumatism, &c. Sold by all medicine dealers at twenty-five cents per bottle.

RETIRING FROM BUSINESS.

Great Cheap Sale of Dry Goods!

As GEO. FEATHERSTON & CO.,

Intend winding up their business in AUGUST NEXT. They will from this date offer their large stock of

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,

At greatly reduced prices for cash as the whole must be disposed of by the 24th day of AUGUST. The following list of prices will satisfy all that this is a chance rarely to be met with, and will be for the benefit of every one to take advantage of.

Full width Prints from	4½d per yard.	Grey Cottons	from 4½d per yard.
Printed Muslins "	6d "	Silk Parasols	" 2s 6d each.
" Delaines "	4½ "	Hoop Skirts	" 10½d "
6-4 Alapacca Lustres "	7½ "	Canadian Full Cloth	" 2s 11dper yard.
Cobourgs "	9 "		

A large lot of Women's White Cotton Hose, from 4½d per pair. A lot of Summer Shawls from 11s 3d to 27s 6d, usual price from 17s 6d to 40s. A lot of cloths for Boy's Summer Wear, very cheap, and all other goods proportionately low.

Shop to Rent from 1st Sept. Next.

GEO. FEATHERSTON & CO.,
34 Sparks-street, Centre Town.

Ottawa, June 15, 1868. 768-2m

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

Franklin's Whistle.—Dr. Franklin, when a child, paid all his money for a whistle which was useless to himself and an annoyance to his friends. He was "sold," but not so badly as the man, who went to our public prison to see the victim of *Italian Bitters*. Payette, the courteous gaoler, told him "he was not there, never had been, and it was not expected he ever would be."

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mr. Gianelli, Proprietor of the CANADA HOUSE, CALEDONIA SPRINGS, spares neither money nor exertions to promote the comfort and enjoyment of all who patronize his establishment. 767-3

Who is Mrs. Winslow?

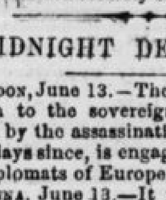
As this question is frequently asked, we will simply say that she is a lady who, for upwards of thirty years, has untiringly devoted her time and talents as a Female Physician and nurse, principally among children. She has especially studied the constitution and wants of this numerous class, and, as a result of this effort and practical knowledge, obtained in a lifetime spent as nurse and physician, she has compounded a Soothing Syrup, for children teething. It operates like magic—giving rest and health, and is, moreover, sure to regulate the bowels. In consequence of this article, Mrs. Winslow is becoming world-renowned as a benefactor of her race; children certainly do rise up and bless her; especially is this the case in this city. Vast quantities of the Soothing Syrup are daily sold and used here. We think Mrs. Winslow has immortalized her name by this invaluable article, and we sincerely believe thousands of children have been saved from an early grave by its timely use, and that millions yet unborn will share its benefits, and unite in calling her blessed. No mother has discharged her duty to her suffering little one, in our opinion, until she has given it the benefit of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. Try it, mothers—try it now—*Ladies' Visitor*, New York City.

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents a bottle.

Be sure and call for

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,"

Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations. 762-24-2m



HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

RENEWS THE HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR WHEN GRAY.

Renews the nutritive matter which nourishes the hair.

RENEWS THE GROWTH OF THE HAIR WHEN BALD.

Renews the brash, wiry hair to silken softness.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR DRESSING.

One bottle shows its effects.

R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H., Proprietors.

For sale by all druggists. 762dwd

Bronchitis, Coughs, Asthma,

And all disorders of the Throat and Lungs, are relieved by using "Brown's Bronchial Troches."

"I have been afflicted with Bronchitis during the past winter, and found no relief until I found your 'Bronchial Troches.'

C. H. Gardiner,
Principal of Rutger's Female Institute, New York."

"Almost instant relief in the distressing labor of breathing peculiar to Asthma."

Rev. A. C. Eggleston, New York.

"It gives me great pleasure to certify to the efficacy of your Bronchial Troches, in an affliction of the throat and voice, induced by public singing. They have suited my case exactly, relieving my throat and clearing the voice so that I could sing with ease.

T. Ducharme,
Chorister French Parish Church, Montreal."

"When somewhat hoarse from cold or over-exertion in public speaking, I have uniformly found Brown's Troches afford relief.

Henry Wilkes, D. D.,
Pastor of Zion Church, Montreal."

Sold by all dealers in medicines at 25 cents a box.

To Consumptives.—The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, free, by return mail, will please address, REV. EDWARD WILSON, Williamsburg, Kings Co., New York.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. Symptoms of Worms.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 578y

MARRIED.

At Hull, on the 13th instant, by the Rev. Johnston, Charles E. Graham, M. D., to Florence Mildred, only daughter of the late Dalhousie Wright, Esq., of Hull.

DIED.

Drowned at Des Joachims, Upper Ottawa, on Thursday, 11th instant, Mr. Walter Swalwell, lumberer, brother of Mr. Swalwell of this city, aged 42 years.

At Cornwall, on the 13th inst., John Macdonell, Esq., (Greenfield) Barrister-at-Law, son of the late Lieut.-Col. Macdonell, Deputy Adjutant General of Militia, and brother of Dr. Macdonell of this city.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

TO LET,

A GOOD BUSINESS STAND at the Chaudiere Flats. Apply to

JOHN ASHFIELD.

June 15, 1868. 768a25-1

SKATING RINK MUSIC HALL.

THE PUBLIC

Are respectfully informed that this popular place of amusement will POSITIVELY OPEN for the Summer Season on

Wednesday Evening, 17th Inst.

The popular young English Comedian,

EDMUND COLES,

And his GREAT COMPANY having just concluded an engagement of nearly two months at the Montreal and Quebec Theatres, will appear on the above, and FIVE SUCCESSIVE EVENINGS, in great and new dramatic performances.

Further particulars in future advertisement.

For the directors,

G. W. LESTER, Manager.

Ottawa, June 15, 1868. 768d

NOTICE TO PARTIES

SELLING

Petroleum or Coal Oil,

Or having the same in possession.

Office of the Collector of Inland Revenue for the Division of County of Carleton, Ottawa, 13th June, 1868.

In Pursuance

Of the Act 31 Vic., Cap. 50, imposing an Excise Duty on Refined Petroleum, and providing for the inspection thereof:

I hereby give Public Notice that on and after

MONDAY, 15TH JUNE, 1868,

I shall, upon application being made to me attend at any place in the

County of Carleton

OR

City of Ottawa,

And inspect and apply the "fire test" to all

REFINED PETROLEUM

And brand the barrels; the fee for which is 20 cts. for each barrel.

And all persons selling or having in possession any

Refined Petroleum

Which has not been offered for inspection after said 15th JUNE, are liable to fine or imprisonment, and the Petroleum to be forfeited and seized.

ALEXANDER GRAHAM,
Collector of Inland Revenue.

768-1

In Chancery.

DAVIS vs. EMSLIE.

In pursuance of the Decree in this cause dated the 8th JANUARY, 1867, and the final order for sale herein dated the 30th MAY last, there will be sold with the approbation of the Master of this Court, at OTTAWA, by PUBLIC AUCTION, by HECTOR McLEAN, at his Auction Rooms, Sparks-street, in the City of Ottawa, at twelve o'clock, noon, on WEDNESDAY, the 15th JULY NEXT, the following Real Estate, viz:

All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate lying and being in the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, containing by admeasurement one hundred acres, be the same more or less, being composed of the North Half of Lot Number Sixteen, in the Fifth Concession of the said Township of Nepean, Rideau Front.

The said land is well adapted for farming purposes, and lies on the east side of the main road from Ottawa to Richmond; about sixty acres of it are cleared and under cultivation, and it is situated amongst the best lands in the County of Carleton. It is fifteen miles from Ottawa, and five miles from Richmond and the River Goodwood, a constantly flowing stream passes through the centre of it.

One-tenth of the purchase money is to be paid down by the purchaser to the Vendor or his Solicitors at the time of sale by way of deposit, and the balance on or before the 1st AUGUST next, upon payment of which he will be entitled to a conveyance, and let into possession.

In other respects the conditions of sale are the standing conditions of the Court of Chancery. The deed from the late Alexander Emsle to the Plaintiff will be produced at the time of sale.

All parties to the suit, with the exception of the Vendor, are to be at liberty to bid.

Further particulars, and conditions of sale, may be had at the Offices of the said Master and MESSRS. LEWIS, PINHEY AND WARD, Ottawa, and MR. R. VANKOUGHNET, ESQ., and MESSRS. O'DONOHOE & WARMOLL, Toronto.

Dated this 13th day of June, 1868.

(Signed), JOHN WILSON,
Master at Ottawa.

LEWIS, PINHEY & WARD,
Vendor's Solicitors. 768b

USINESS.

ry Goods!

N & CO.,

l from this date offer their

RY GOODS,

osed of by the 24th day of
a chance rarely to be met

..............from 4½d per yard,
.............." 2s 6d each.
.............." 10½d "
.............." 2s 11dper yard.

t of Summer Shawls from 11s
mmer Wear, very cheap, and

t. Next.
N & CO.,
rks-street, Centre Town.
768-2m

ARRIED.

13th instant, by the Rev.
Graham, M. D., to Florence
hter of the late Dalhousie

DIED.

Joachims, Upper Ottawa, or
ant, Mr. Walter Swalwell,
Mr. Swalwell of this city.

13th inst., John Macdonell,
Barrister-at-Law, son of the
onell, Deputy Adjutant-Gen-
brother of Dr. Macdonell of

ERTISEMENTS

SS STAND at the Chaudiere
JOHN ASHFIELD.
768a25-1

INK MUSIC HALL,

formed that this popular place
POSITIVELY OPEN for the

Evening, 17th Inst.

young English Comedian,

ND COLES,

OMPANY having just conclu-
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G. W. LESTER, Manager.

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Ottawa, 13th June, 1868.

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15TH JUNE, 1868,

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of Carleton

OR

of Ottawa.

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PETROLEUM

rels; the fee for which is 20 cts.

elling or having in possession

d Petroleum

n offered for inspection after
re liable to fine or imprison-
leum to be forfeited and seized.
EXANDER GRAHAM,
Collector of Inland Revenue.

Chancery.

S vs. EMSLIE.

he Decree in this cause dated
1867, and the final order for
e 30th MAY last, there will be
obation of the Master of this
, by PUBLIC AUCTION, by
, at his Auction Rooms, Sparks-
of Ottawa, at twelve o'clock,
SDAY, the 15th JULY NEXT,
Estate, viz:
that certain parcel or tract of
situate lying and being in the
an, in the County of Carleton,
tario, containing by admeasure-
cres, be the same more or less,
the North Half of Lot Number
h Concession of the said Town-
ideau Front.
well adapted for farming pur-
the east side of the main road
mond; about sixty acres of it
ler cultivation, and it is situat-
lands in the County of Carle-
les from Ottawa, and five miles
the River Goodwood, a road
eam passes through the centre

purchase money is to be paid
ser to the Vendor or his Solic-
sale by way of deposit, and the
e the 1st AUGUST next: upon
e will be entitled to a convey-
ossession.
the conditions of sale are the
of the Court of Chancery. The
Alexander Emslie to the Plain-
d at the time of sale.
suit, with the exception of the
at liberty to bid.
s, and conditions of sale, may
ffices of the said Master and
PINHEY AND WARD, and
VANKOUGHNET, ESQ., and
HOE & WARMOLL, Toronto.
ay of June, 1868.
JOHN WILSON,
Master at Ottawa.
& WARD,
itors. 768b

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE

Positively Three Nights Only.

COMMENCING

Monday 15th, 16th and 17th June,

HAMALL'S SERENADERS,

And BRASS BAND.

Also the celebrated LEROUX BROTHERS, acknowledged by the Press and the public to be the most daring gymnasts of the nineteenth century. In a new act of Double Echelle, or the men of mid air, and who will introduce the terrific Niagara leap.

Admission, 25 cents; Reserved Seats, 50 cents.

J. HAMALL, Business Manager. J. E. NOBLE, Agent.

Ottawa, June 11. 764-4

Pickles, Sauces, &c.,

JUST RECEIVED DIRECT FROM

CROSSE & BLACKWELL, London,

Ex ship "Ardmillan," the following:

125 DOZ. MIXED PICKLES,
35 DOZ. Gerkins,
35 DOZ. Onions,
35 DOZ. Chow Chow,
30 DOZ. Piccolili,
25 DOZ. Walnuts,
20 DOZ. Cauliflower,
15 DOZ. Imperial Hot,
15 DOZ. West India,
15 DOZ. Capt. White's Oriental

Reading Sauce,
King of Oude Sauce,
Harvey do.
John Bull do.
Kalos Geusis do.
Soyer's do.
Worcestershire do.
India Soy.
Essence of Anchovies,
Essence of Shrimps,
Mushroom Ketchup,
Walnut Ketchup,
French Capers,
Chili Vinegar,
Tarragon Vinegar,
Raspberry Vinegar,
Olives,
Bottled Fruits, an assortment,
Raspberry Jam,
Strawberry do.
Damson do.
Gooseberry do.
Red Currant do.
Black do. do.
Red do. Jelly.
Black do. do.
Crystallized Fruits,
Fruits in Noyeau,
Preserved Ginger in Jars and 1 lb. Pots,
Currie Powder,
Anchovy Paste,
Potted Ham, Beef and Tongue,
Potted Yarmouth Bloaters,
Strasbourg Potted Meats,
Soup and Bouille,
Mock Turtle Soup,
Mulligatawny Soup,
Hare Soup,
Jugged Hare,
Pheasants in Gravy,
Grouse in Gravy,
Partridge in Gravy,
Paté de Foie Gras,
Paté D'Alouettes,
Paté de Cailles,

ALSO,

A large lot of Keen's Celebrated Mustard in half lb. and 1 lb. tins.

BATE & Co.,
52, SPARKS-ST.

June 8, 1868. 762d

ARNOLDI'S

WINE AND SPIRIT VAULTS,

41 Metcalfe-st., Telegraph Co's Building,

OTTAWA,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL, FOR CASH ONLY

Dekuyper's Red Cases, Gin, 15 bottles		$9 00
" Green, " " per doz		4 80
Booth's London Gin	"	7 20
Renard's and Thompson's Gin	"	6 00
Green Seal Champagne	"	12 00

AND UPWARDS.

PORT WINES—Graham's, Sandeman's, &c.

	Per Gall.	Per Doz
No. 1 Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2 "	3 00	8 75
" 3 Old	3 50	10 00
" 4 Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine old	5 75	15 50

SHERRIES—Lomecq's, Pemartin's, &c.:

No. 1 Superior Light table Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2 Extra do	3 00	8 75
" 3 Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4 Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine	5 50	15 00

Single sample bottles at above rates.

Also, of Standard Brands, in wood or bottle, old and new, Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch and Canadian Whiskies.

Canadian Ale, in wood or bottle.

Guinness' Porter, pints and quarts. Hibbert's Porter, pints and quarts. Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, pints and quarts.

Clarets, Hocks, Sauternes, Curacao, Maraschino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., &c.

Purity in all cases guaranteed, and goods marked at the lowest quotations.

Orders by mail with cash, promptly attended to. Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.

NOTICE.

The subscriber would intimate to those of his customers with whom current accounts may have been opened that it is his intention to take advantage of any irregularity in their payment to close them in order that he may conduct his business totally on the *cash principle*, which has been found to work much more satisfactorily for both the buyer and seller in every branch of trade in which it has been tried, and relying on quality of his goods and the prices charged for them (which will always be as low as they can honestly be sold for), he solicits a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

K. ARNOLDI,

Dealer in the better qualities of Wines, Spirits, &c., Metcalfe-street, Telegraph Co's Building, Ottawa. Price lists on application or sent to any address. April 21, 1868. 535y

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NOTICE.

BOATS FOR PIC-NICS.—In order to prevent disappointment, and ensure punctuality, parties requiring Boats for Pic-Nics between Ottawa and Hull, off the line of the regular ferry, to Bellevue Gardens or elsewhere, should apply to the undersigned direct, a couple of days in advance, instead of making arrangements with the proprietors of Gardens or other places of amusement. Parties infringing on the rights and privileges of the Ferry License will be prosecuted to the utmost rigour of the law.

Ottawa, June 12, 1868. JOSEPH SMITH. 766a

Magee & Russell's

—GREAT—

REMOVAL SALE!

COMMENCED

MONDAY,

JUNE 1st.

NO RESERVE.

All Goods re-marked in plain figures, with Red Ink, showing the actual reductions.

The following are only a few of the bargains offered. The public are invited to inspect the stock, and judge for themselves before purchasing:—

FANCY SILK DRESSES

That were selling for $16 and $17, reduced to $12 and $13.

SILKS

Marked $19 to $23.50, reduced to $15, $16 and $15.50, the full dress of 15 yards.

All our rich French Silks reduced from $5 to $8 on each dress.

BLACK GLACIE

And Gros Grain Silks all reduced.

MANTLE VELVETS and VELVETEENS,

Only received a few days ago, marked down from 10 to 15 per cent.

BLACK LACE SHAWLS,

Commencing at $1.25.

All the rich Spanish and Pusher Lace Shawls will show large reductions.

Paisley Shawls reduced from $1.50 to $5 on each shawl.

Last year's Barege Shawls reduced to nearly half price.

NEW HOOP SKIRTS

Cheaper than anything in the trade. Old fashioned large Hoop Skirts almost given away. Would pay to have them altered.

LADIES STRAW HATS & BONNETS,

New styles, all reduced.

All old shapes in Straw Goods sold for what they will fetch.

Pattern Bonnets and all trimmed Millinery greatly reduced.

One Case Shakers at 12½c, some of them worth 50c.

NEW PARASOLS

Reduced from 10 to 20 per cent. Old ones to about half price.

500 PALM LEAF FANS

Sold during the sale at 5 cents each; not more than two to one customer.

Several thousand Ladies' Imitation Lace Paper Collars for half the New York price.

About 150 pieces ¾ Mobair and Poplinette Dress Goods, will be offered at such prices as must clear them out.

PRINTED DELAINES

That sold from 17½ to 20 cents per yard, marked down to 12½ cents.

FRENCH DELAINES

And Merinos, Cobourgs, Lustres, Glacie, Alpaccas, Printed Muslins, and all other Dress Goods in stock, likewise reduced.

A lot of washing Challies will be offered very low.

All domestic goods, such as Sheeting, Table Linens, Towellings, Flannels, &c., will show heavy reductions.

OUR COTTONS

Being all purchased when the raw material was at its lowest point in Liverpool, customers would do well to lay in a stock during the sale. We will sell all Cotton goods far below what it would cost to import them just now.

PRINTS

At 7, 9 and 11 cents per yard; present retail value 10, 12½ and 15 cents per yard.

SPLENDID STYLES IN TWEEDS,

Coatings and Cloakings, at the reduced figures.

CARPETS,

Damasks, and all kinds of House Furnishings, and other heavy goods that would be troublesome to remove, will be cleared out at and below cost price.

LADIES BEST FRENCH KID GLOVES

Will be sold at $1 per pair, and all soiled and damaged Kid Gloves will be thrown in with the slow selling colours and sold at much less money.

GENTS' MERINO UNDERCLOTHING,

Dress and Flannel Shirts, Ties and Collars, all marked down to removal prices.

One lot of 68 gross Printed Paper Collars will be sold for 12½ cents the Box of 12 Collars; well worth 25 cents.

DRESS TRIMMINGS,

Embroidery, Lace Goods, Cotton Lisle and Silk Gloves, are all reduced.

A job lot of Dress Fringes, now so fashionable, will be sold at 12½ cents per yard, some of them being worth at the present price of Silk about 35 cents per yard.

A remarkably cheap lot of Ladies' Cambric Handkerchiefs, also, Ladies' and Childrens' Cotton Hose, at least 40 per cent less than last year's prices.

The intention being to reduce the stock to

Lowest Possible Point,

Before removing to New Premises (now building) in the Autumn. ☞ Great care has been taken to re-mark the entire stock at such prices as must effect

LARGE SALES

AND INSURE

A Speedy Clearance.

DURING THIS SALE
NO SAMPLES WILL BE CUT,
NO GOODS WILL BE SENT ON APPROBAT
NOR SOLD ON CREDI

Magee & Russell.

Ottawa, June 2, 1868. 707y

Auction Sales

BY J. BERMINGHAM.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET.

A large and well FURNISHED HOUSE, or four Bedrooms, Sitting Room and Drawing Room of same, in a healthy and respectable locality, within three minutes walk of the Government Buildings. For particulars apply to J. BERMINGHAM, House and Land Agent, Dominion Auction Mart, Sussex-st.

Ottawa, June 4, 1868. 759tf

FOR SALE!

THAT Splendid First-Class

HOTEL,

IN THE

CAPITAL OF THE DOMINION!

KNOWN AS THE

REVERE HOUSE,

And at present leased at a rental of $2,000. It is one of the best buildings in the city. Its length is one hundred and six (106) feet by forty (40) feet wide, built of stone, with cut stone front and tin roof. The house contains fifty bedrooms, five parlors and dining room, with bar, kitchen and laundry attached. There is a new Brick Stable, sixty-six (66) by thirty (30) feet, capable of stabling forty Horses, a large yard and outbuildings; also a vacant lot, which the purchaser can have if required to enlarge. The premises are in excellent order, being only five years built. Very lately a sum of $2,000 was expended improving the building. For a first-class hotel, or Military Quarters, it cannot be equalled in the city.

TERMS EASY, and made known free of charge, by letter or otherwise, on application to

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer,
Commission and Real Estate Agent.

Ottawa, June 3, 1868. 758d

Dominion Auction Mart,

AND

Commission Sale Rooms

House, Land & General Agency,

OFFICE & SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-STREET,

OTTAWA.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city.

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq., M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq., M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq., M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq., M P
James O'Rielly, Esq., Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq., Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq., M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
753y House, Land and General Agent.

Storekeepers, Farmers and Others,

SHOULD BUY THEIR TEAS FROM

The Importers Direct.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY, 6, Hospital-street, Montreal, have sent over one thousand packages to different parts of the country, and receive every day assurances that the Tea gives entire satisfaction. Subjoined are a few of the numerous testimonials already received:

RUSSELL HOTEL, Quebec, Jan. 7, 1867.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the six chests of Tea forwarded some time since arrived in good order. The quality is pure and excellent, and prices cheap. As I am particular in buying the best quality of Tea to be had for our guests, I am pleased to acquaint you that it gives general satisfaction. Your obedient servant,

WILLIS RUSSELL.

FELCOME, Dec. 23, 1867.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the Oolong Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto, who informs me he considers it as good as that he was using for which he paid one dollar per lb. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz., at 75 cents per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant,

JNO. T. DAY.

HOUSE OF SENATE, Ottawa, December 16, 1867. Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the box of English Breakfast and Young Hyson Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. You may expect my future orders. Yours, &c.,

S. SKINNER.

COBOURG, January 8, 1868.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, I beg to inform you that the two boxes of Tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box, or 20 lbs., at same price, and oblige yours, &c.,

F. OLIVER.

The contributors to the *Medical Journal* have frequently declared that one-half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have carefully selected and imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure and free from poisonous substances, in 50, 25, 20, 15 and 12 lb. boxes.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c 50c.; Fine Flavoured New Season, do; 55c 60c and 65c; Excellent Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c; Very Fine, 60c; Finest, 65c, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay common, 50c; Fine do, 55c; Young Hyson, 50c, 60c, 65c and 70c; Fine do, 75c; Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1.00; Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

All orders for 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular sent equally cheap. The Company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much, two or three clubbing together could divide. An excellent mixed Tea could be sent for 60c to 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order or enclosed notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man where there are express offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
6, Hospital-street, Montreal.

All boxes sent from this establishment have the Company's name printed on them.

Montreal, March 4, 1868. w10ty

Errors of Youth.—A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay and all the effects of youthful indiscretion will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertisers' experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN, 43 Cedar Street New York

YOUNG & RADFORD'S

COLUMN.

Just Received Per Express.

A CHOICE Selection CANADA WATCH COMPANY'S WATCHES,

At Young & Radford's.

AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY'S WATCHES,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE GOLD JEWELLERY,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE GOLD and CORAL JEWELLERY,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE HUNTING ANCHOR WATCHES, in fine Silver Cases, as low as $12.00,

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FINE Eighteen CARAT GOLD WATCHES as low as $18.00,

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

ROGERS BEST CUTLERY and fine ENGLISH ELECTRO-PLATED WARE, can be had

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S

30 Sparks-st. Ottawa.

Auction Sales

BY H. McLEAN.

AUCTION SALE

Of Very Valuable REAL ESTATE, on the Corner of Metcalfe and Maria-sts., known as the ROBERT HUNTER PROPERTY.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent, has been commissioned to sell by Public Auction, on the premises, on WEDNESDAY, the SEVENTEENTH INST., at 12 o'clock, noon, that substantial and elegant double Brick Cottage and premises, situated on the Corner of Metcalfe and Maria-sts., Centre Town, opposite the Square. The Lot is 61 feet, fronting on Metcalfe-st., by 92 feet deep on Maria-st., with an alley in the rear, and thoroughly drained. The House (surrounded with well grown shade trees) is divided into two first-class tenements, containing eight rooms and kitchen each, and situated in one of the most central, favorite and improving localities in the city. There is an abundant supply of pure water on the premises, and the House (built by Mr. Gallagher) is in excellent repair, having been recently painted and papered throughout, and attached are all the outbuildings necessary to make those tenements first rate residences.

The property can be seen between the hours of 11 o'clock a. m., and 1 o'clock p. m.

TERMS—One-fourth cash, and the balance in five equal annual instalments, with interest at 7 per cent. per annum.

Title indisputable. Sale positive.

For further particulars apply, until the day of sale, to Mr. ROBERT HUNTER, of the firm of Hunter, Rose & Co.; or to

H. McLEAN,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, June 11, 1868. 765td

FOR SALE

AT THE

MONTREAL WAREHOUSE

800 BUTTER TUBS, in good order.

J. MARTIN & CO.

10,000 LBS. MAPLE SUGAR.

J. MARTIN & CO.

50 CASES ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

J. MARTIN & CO.

HERRINGS, PORK, FLOUR, BUTTER, CHEESE.

657v J. MARTIN & CO.

PIANOS. PIANOS.

JUST RECEIVED AT THE

London Music Store!

☞ Her Majesty's Theatre, ☜

Wellington Street,

A new and splendid assortment of

PIANOFORTES!

☞ UNION MAKE, ☜

Every PIANO from this establishment warranted for 5 years.

Also just received a new stock of

VICTORIA ORGANS and MELODEONS

VIOLINS, CONCERTINAS, GUITARS, &c., in great variety.

Second hand Pianos taken in part payment for new ones.

Connected with this establishment is a Piano Manufacturer, who will attend punctually to all orders for TUNING left at the London Music Store.

E. MILES
Lessee of Her Majesty's Theatre

Ottawa, March 25, 1868. 551-32y

MILES'

HAIRDRESSNG SALOON

BELL'S BLOCK, ELGIN-ST.

THIS SALOON is fitted up in a neat and attractive manner, and is always attended by competent and attentive workmen.

E. MILES,
Hair Dresser, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General.

Ottawa, April 13. 715y

Ice, Ice, Ice!

THE subscriber will furnish ICE DAILY to those requiring it for the Season. Double supplies on Saturday for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season, $6.00. Hotels and Steamers supplied with large quantities on liberal terms, as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted.

All orders left at KAVANAGH'S RESTAURANT, or at the subscriber's, will be strictly attended to.

F. STARMER,
126, Rideau-st.

Ottawa, May 14, 1868. 742d

Coffee! Coffee!

TO those who enjoy a Cup of

REALLY FINE COFFEE

—TRY—

BUCHANAN'S

Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha,

JAVA & JAMAICA,

Roasted and Ground

Daily on the premises, by steam power.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

May 11, 1868. 739tf

SITUATION WANTED.

A Lady, who has good references, would desire a situation as HOUSEKEEPER to a Catholic Clergyman or private gentleman. Please apply at the TIMES office.

Ottawa, June 13, 1868 767a

Great Clearing Sale of Dry Goods.

Cunningham & Lindsay

No. 14, RIDEAU-STREET,

WILL COMMENCE

ON MONDAY, the 15th INSTANT,

TO SELL THE BALANCE OF THEIR SUMMER STOCK OF

...ry, Mantles, Shawls, Dress Goods, Prints, Muslins, &c.,

At Prices which must effect a Speedy Sale.

☞ *For Particulars See Circulars.*

Ottawa, June 12, 1868. 510y

BLYTH & KERR,

Successors to Chas. Garth,

No. 25, RIDEAU-STREET,

PLUMBERS, GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,
TIN & COPPERSMITHS, BELL HANGERS, &c.

All materials for the above branches kept constantly on hand.

Also, Importers and Dealers in House Furnishing Hardware.

Just received a well selected assortment of Fishing Tackle, Baskets, Bait, Reels, Lines, Flys, Rods, &c. Manufacturers of all descriptions of work for Water and Gas Works, Brewer's Distilleries, Mills, &c. Makes and fits up Galvanized Iron Cornices, Gutters, Conductors, Roofing, &c.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water or Warm Air, on the most approved principles.

Orders from the country will receive strict attention. 740y

OTTAWA CROCKERY STORE

NEW GOODS.

JUST received ex S. S. "Damascus," 10 Hhds. of the finest English Glassware, selected expressly for the retail trade, comprising

	CUT and ENGRAVED	
CHAMPAGNES,		PORT and SHERRY WINES,
LIQUEURS,	do	CLARETS, GOBLETS,
FINGER BOWLS,	do	CALF FOOT JELLIES,
CLARET JUGS,	do	TALL TUMBLERS,
FRUIT DISHES,	do	DECANTERS,
BUTTER COOLERS,	do	CELERY VASES,
	do	CARAFFS, &c., &c.

And a choice lot of delicate Straw Stem Wines, in Ports, Champagnes, Clarets, Sherries, Liqueurs, &c. All the above articles match in shape, pattern, &c., and are the best glass procurable in England.

W. ALLAN,
51 RIDEAU STREET, (opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.)

Ottawa, June 6, 1868. 574y

NEW STOCK OF

SUMMER GOODS,

—AT—

"THE GOLDEN BOOT."

NO. 226, WELLINGTON-STREET.

Ladies' White Canvass Boots,
Ladies' Button Prunella Boots,
Ladies' Lace Prunella Boots,
Ladies' Prunella Gaiter Boots,
Ladies' Kid Button Boots,
Ladies' Kid Lace Boots,
Ladies' Kid Gaiter Boots,
Ladies' English Walking Boots,

Gent's White Canvass Congress,
Gent's White Canvass Shoes,
Gent's Mill. Calf Congress,
Gent's Calf-faced Congress,
Gent's Calf Balmorals,
Gent's Fine Kid Congress,
Gent's Prunella Brogans,
Gent's Pat. Dress Boots,

Children's Fine Morrocco Lace Boots,
Children's Fine Kid Congress and Lace Boots,
Children's Enameled and Calf Copper Toes,
And other goods in endless variety.

The subscribers beg to thank the public for the liberal patronage they have received since opening the above establishment.

W. ANGUS & CO.,
666y No. 226, Wellington street.

City Hoop Skirt Factory,

43 SPARKS-STREET,

Central Ottawa.

THE DOUBLE EXTENSION SKIRT,
" DEMI "
" NEW GORE TRAIL SKIRT.

French Wove Corsets!

AN immense stock of Corsets just arrived, French, English and Scotch manufacture.

I beg to call the attention of ladies to the above new styles of Hoop Skirts which I have on hand, and will make to order on the shortest notice: Also, Parasols, Hosiery and Gloves, Hair Nets, Handkerchiefs, &c., &c.

Croquet Skirts, Printed and Embroidered, Gored and Plain.

N.B.—A lot of old fashioned Corsets on hand (lacing at the back) cheap, wholesale and retail.

DAVID MILLAR,
456y 43 Sparks-st, Centre Town, next to Esmonde's Stove Depot.

Ladies Keep Cool!

BLACK AND WHITE LACE SHAWLS,
GRENADINE SHAWLS,
BAREGE SHAWLS,
BAREGE JACKETS
BAREGE & GRENADINE PROMENADE COSTUMES,
GRENADINES,
FRENCH & ENGLISH MUSLINS.

GENTLEMEN KEEP COOL!

BLACK ALPACCA COATS,
BUFF ALPACCA COATS,
LINEN COATS,
MARSEILLES VESTS

All in great variety, cheap, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S,

Wholesale and Retail.

Importers, 20 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 29, 1868. 484y

"La Malediction."

GRAND

Theatrical Exhibition

BY THE

Students of Ottawa University,

ON BEHALF OF

THE CANADIAN ZOUAVES,

ON THE

TWENTY-THIRD OF JUNE.

TICKETS, - - - - - 25 Cts.

Doors open at 8 o'clock p. m.

Ottawa, June 13, 1868. 767td

TO LET, FURNISHED.

A COMFORTABLE HOUSE, containing Parlor, Dining Room, 3 Bedrooms, and servants' apartments. It is within five minutes' walk of the Post Office, and will be let for such a term as may be required. For terms, &c., address—"Furnished Quarters, Box 61, P. O."

Ottawa, June 12, 1868. 766-3

LEGAL NOTICE.

REMOVAL.

CHARLES T. BAINES, late of Ottawa, Barrister, &c., &c., has removed to Richmond, where he will at all times be ready to attend to any professional calls or business which may be entrusted to him in his line with accuracy and with safety, &c., &c.

Richmond, Dec. 30, 1867. 1wtf

LACROSSE.

The Members of the OTTAWA LACROSSE CLUB are requested to attend a meeting at KAVANAGH'S, on MONDAY EVENING, FIFTEENTH INST., for the purpose of choosing a team to play a game with the Indians.

TO BE GIVEN AWAY!

THE

Greatest Curiosity

OF THE DAY.

WILL BE PUBLISHED

On Thursday next, THE WONDERFUL ALMANAC for 306 years, a copy of which will be presented, FREE OF CHARGE, to every Lady and Gentleman applying at

The Ottawa Citizen,
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

SANSUM'S INTEREST & EXCHANGE TABLES.

A supply of this useful work just received and for sale at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen,
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

COPY BOOKS,

(Plain and with Head Line), EXERCISE BOOKS. A supply just received and for sale at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House
21 Rideau-street.

PLAIN & FANCY STATIONERY,

All marked in plain figures, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

COUNTING HOUSE and SCHOOL REQUISITES,

At the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

MUSIC, MAGAZINES OR PRINTED BOOKS,

Bound in any style required, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

ENGINEERS' and ARTISTS' MATERIALS,

At the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

ACCOUNT BOOKS,

Memorandum Books, Pocket Books, Indexes, &c., at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

WRAPPING PAPERS,

MANILLA, TEA and STRAW, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen,
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

STEEL PENS and PEN HANDLES,

Gillott's, Mitchell's and other makers, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

WRITING INKS,

Stephen's, Todd's Perth Office, &c., at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

LEAD PENCILS,

Faber's, Rowney's and others, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House
21 Rideau-street.

BLANK BOOKS,

Manufactured to order, in any style of ruling and binding, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

BOOK and JOB PRINTING,

At the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau street.

THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS, authorized by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario. The prices are:

FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.

FIRST BOOK, part second, 54 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.

SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.

THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Thirty cents.

FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.

FIFTH BOOK, 50 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

A supply just received and for sale at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

☞ A liberal allowance to Teachers and Dealers.

TO BE GIVEN AWAY!

THE

Greatest Curiosity

OF THE DAY.

WILL BE PUBLISHED

On Thursday next, THE WONDERFUL ALMANAC for 306 years, a copy of which will be presented, FREE OF CHARGE, to every Lady and Gentleman applying at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, June 13, 1868.

FLOUR—Extra	8 00	@	8 25
No. 1	7 00	@	7 25
No. 2	5 50	@	6 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	4 00	@	4 25
" Spring "	3 50	@	3 62½
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	6 00	@	6 25
Indian Meal "	4 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 70	@	0 75
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 75	@	0 80
Buckwheat Flour—bbl.	4 50	@	5 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 75	@	1 80
Spring " "	1 45	@	1 50
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 90	@	0 95
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 75	@	0 80
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 50	@	0 55
Beans " 60 lbs.	2 00	@	2 25
PORK—Mess—per barrel	22 50	@	23 00
Prime Mess per do	16 00	@	16 50
Hog per 100 lbs	8 00	@	0 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 13
Beef	0 00	@	0 00
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 00	@	0 0
Lamb—per qr.	0 00	@	0 0
Geese—Each			None
Ducks	0 50	@	0 00
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@	1 50
Fowl—Per pair	0 66	@	0 75
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 16	@	0 17
No. 1 Firkin	0 13	@	0 15
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 12	@	0 13
Apples—per brl	4 50	@	5 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 45
HAY—Per ton, new	14 00	@	16 00
WOOD—Per cord	0 00	@	3 5
Tamarac	0 00	@	2 00
Hemlock	0 00	@	2 00

Richmond Circuit Board

OF

PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

FOR THE

County of Carleton.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

That the above Board will meet

IN THE TOWN HALL,

IN RICHMOND,

On Wednesday, the 8th day of July next

AND ALSO ON

WEDNESDAY,

The 9th day of December next,

At 12 o'clock, noon, for general business. Applicants for certificates of qualification are required to furnish the Board with certificates of moral character from either Local Superintendent or from a Clergyman of the denomination to which they respectively belong.

C. B. PETITT, M.A., Chairman.

J. HINTON, Secretary.

Richmond, May 21, 1868.

STOP and SEE!

THE following remarks on Testimonials of most extraordinary cures in Canada by the great Indian Remedy. They are stern unbeliable and incontestible facts, sufficient to the most skeptical that the great medicinal compound yearned after for ages is now accessible in the

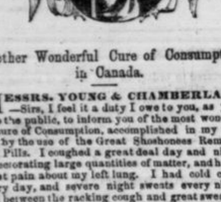
Great Shosnonees Remedy.

For diseases of the throat, lungs, liver, digestive organs, kidneys, &c., as well as scrofula, the various skin diseases, humors, and all diseases arising from impurities of the blood, we boldly state that this great remedy has never been equalled. Where was there ever such a cure as that in the person of W Ison Storms, of Brighton, C W, of consumption; or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernestown, C W, of consumption; or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, C W, of dyspepsia and liver complaint; or that of John Rosey, of Napanee, C W, of rheumatism, who had practically been on crutches for years, in spite of all treatment heretofore, and is now well? Scores of such cases might be mentioned had we space.

☞ Call at the drug store and get a circular of unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees remedy and pills and satisfy yourselves.

Price of the Remedy in large pints $1.

For sale by all druggists and dealers in medicine. Agents for Ottawa—All the Druggists; Henry Simpson & Co., Montreal; Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle. 5wy



Another Wonderful Cure of Consumption in Canada.

MESSRS. YOUNG & CHAMBERLAIN,—Sirs, I feel it a duty I owe to you, as well as to the public, to inform you of the most wonderful cure of Consumption, accomplished in my person, by the use of the Great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills. I coughed a great deal day and night, expectorating large quantities of matter, and had a great pain about my left lung. I had cold chills every day, and severe night sweats every night, and between the racking cough and great sweating I was almost deprived of sleep; by these miseries, as well as the loss of appetite, I was so reduced that I could hardly stand alone. I was under the care of a physician for a length of time, but finding no relief, I tried different receipes, but all without any good effect. Squire Peterson of Bath, recommended me to use the Great Shoshonees Remedy; I procured three bottles at once, with the Pills; as soon as I commenced using it I began to get better; and when I had finished this complement, the Cough, expectoration of matter, pain about the lung, chills, sweating, &c., left me, and by continuing its use I became strong and healthy. It is now over two months since I quit the remedy, and there have been no symptoms of the disease returning, and I have been, and am now, healthier and better than I have been for many years. I trust you will make this known to the public, that they may be aware of the peculiar virtues of this truly wonderful Indian Remedy.

PETER C. V. MILLAR.

Ernestown, Co. of Lennox & Addington, C W.

To all to whom it may come.—This is to certify that I have been acquainted with the above mentioned gentleman, Peter C. V. Millar, Esq., for many years, and have known him always to be of the very highest respectability, and a very candid and creditable person; and I am confident that I can safely vouch for the truth of the above, or any other statement made by him.

Rev. W. F. S. HARPER, Rector of Bath, W

5wy

Sheriff's Sale of Lands.

Province of Ontario, COUNTY OF CARLETON, *To Wit:*

BY VIRTUE of a Writ of Fieri Facias issued out of Her Majesty's County Court of the County of Carleton, and to me directed and delivered against the Lands and Tenements of Basil Dunbar Rorison at the suit of Agnes Rorison, I have seized and taken in execution, and will offer for sale at PUBLIC AUCTION, at my Office in the COURT HOUSE, in the City of Ottawa, on THURSDAY, the TWENTY-FIFTH day of JUNE, A. D., 1868, at TWELVE o'clock, Noon, all the estate, right, title and interest of the above named defendant of, in and to the South East or rear half of Lot Number Four in the Sixth Concession of the Township of Fitzroy, in the County of Carleton.

WM. F. POWELL, Sheriff.
By JAS. BAILIFF, Deputy Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ottawa, March 23rd, A. D., 1868. 699-1-13wtd

PAIN KILLER.

The Great Family Medicine of the Age.

THE UNIVERSAL REMEDY for INTERNAL & EXTERNAL COMPLAINTS!

OUR FIRST PHYSICIANS USE AND RECOMMEND ITS USE!

It Enjoys the Largest Sale of Any Proprietary Medicine in the World!

THE PAIN KILLER

HAS been favorably known for more than thirty years, during which time we HAVE RECEIVED THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS, showing this Medicine to be an almost NEVER FAILING REMEDY for diseases caused by or attendant upon—Sudden Colds, Coughs, Fever and Ague, Headache, Billious Fever, Pains in the Side, Back and Loins, as well as in the Joints and Limbs; Neuralgic and Rheumatic Pains in any part of the system, Toothache and Pains in the Head and Face.

As a BLOOD PURIFIER and TONIC for the STOMACH, it seldom fails to cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Heartburn, Kidney Complaints, Sick Headache, Piles Asthma or Phthisic, Ringworms, Boils, Felons, Whitlows, Old Sores, Swelled Joints, and General Debility of the System.

It is also a PROMPT and SURE REMEDY for Cramp and Pains in the Stomach, Painters' Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Scalds, Burns, Strains, Bruises, Frost Bites, Chilblains, as well as the Stings of Insects, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venemous Reptiles.

☞ Directions accompany each bottle.

It has been tested in every variety of climate, and by almost *every nation known* to civilization. It is the almost constant companion and inestimable friend of the *Missionary*, and to *traveller* should be without it. Like every other good thing, the Pain Killer has been extensively counterfeited; which, (while it is an acknowledgment on the part of the counterfeiters of its real worth,) is a serious hindrance to its usefulness, as the deceived purchaser estimates the value of the *Pain Killer* by the base compound he has purchased for the genuine article.

Purchasers should be careful and not allow the dealer to sell them worthless imitations, on which they realize a larger profit, but take only the *Pain Killer*, and see that it is the genuine, bearing the signature of Perry Davis & Son upon the label.

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by Druggists and Medicine Dealers, and Commission Merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers, and at Variety Shops, generally, throughout the world.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Manfs. and Props.,
74, High-st., Providence, R. I.,
380, St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. Q.,
17, Southampton Row, Holborn, London, E

40-1aw2 Cwy

SALE OF DEBTS.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864.

AND AMENDMENTS THEREOF.

In the matter of WILLIAM N. BARRIE, and JOHN McMARTIN trading under the name, style and title of WILLIAM BARRIE & CO., Insolvents.

PURSUANT

To an order made by JAMES DANIEL, Esquire, Judge of the County Court of the United Counties of Prescott and Russell, made on the Eighteenth day of MAY instant, I will offer for sale by Public Auction, on SATURDAY, the twenty-first day of JUNE next, at the office of Edward Taylor Dartnell, Esquire, at the Court House, in the Town of L'Orignal, the several debts due by Note, Book Account, or otherwise, due to the estate of the said Insolvents.

All debts exceeding $100 in amount will be sold separately. A list of the debts will be open to inspection at the office of the said Edward Taylor Dartnell, and free access given to all documents explanatory of such debts.

Dated at L'Orignal, May 20th, 1868.

EDWD. FREWEN DARTNELL, Assignee.

570-1awtd

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864.

AND AMENDMENTS THEREOF.

In the matter of WILLIAM N. BARRIE and JOHN McMARTIN, Insolvents.

BY virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvents, and also under and by virtue of an order made by James Daniell, Esquire, Judge of the County Court of the United Counties of Prescott and Russell in that behalf, I will on FRIDAY, the twenty-sixth day of June next, offer or sale by Public Auction, at the hour of ten o'clock, in the forenoon of the said day, at the office of Messrs. Morland, Watson and Company, in the City of Montreal, all the real estate and interest of the said Insolvent John McMartin, of and in the lands and premises in the Township of North Plantagenet, and County of Prescott, and Province of Ontario, hereinafter particularly mentioned and described, that is to say:

1st. All the real estate, interest and equity of redemption of the said John McMartin of what nature or kind soever, whether as devisee under the will of Alexander McMartin, deceased, or otherwise, of and in lot number nine, (9) in the fourth (4th) concession, old survey of the said Township of Plantagenet, East of the South Nation River.

2nd. All the real estate, interest and equity of redemption of the said John McMartin, of what nature and kind soever, whether as devisee under the will of the said Alexander McMartin, deceased, or otherwise, of and in Lot Number Ten (10), in the Fourth (4th) Concession, old survey of the said Township East of the South Nation River.

The said two lots are supposed to contain together 392 acres more or less.

3rd. All the real estate and interest and equity of redemption of the said John McMartin, of what nature and kind soever, either in his own right, or as devisee under the will of the said Alexander McMartin, deceased, or otherwise, howsoever, or and in that part of Lot Eleven, (11) in the said Fourth (4th) Concession, old survey of the said Township of North Plantagenet, known as McMartin's Saw Mills, with the privileges and appurtenances to the same belonging. Also of and in the premises known as the old Store, the large Store House, the large stable and premises connected therewith, also of and in the Dwelling House now occupied by the said John McMartin, and the outbuildings therewith connected, and lying and being in the Village of Plantagenet Mills aforesaid.

The said several premises will be sold subject to the several mortgages charged upon same, and the said mill and mill premises and other the premises last mentioned with their appurtenances, will be sold subject to the interest of the said Insolvents as copartners or of either of them therein, under the partnership articles the lease therein mentioned or otherwise howsoever at the time of their insolvency for the residue of the unexpired term of fifteen years from the 1st day of December, 1865, and to the mortgages thereon.

There is a rent of one dollar annually, payable during said term to the said John McMartin as devisee thereof, under the will of the said Alexander McMartin.

Terms—Cash.

For further particulars apply to Edward Taylor Dartnell, Esquire, L'Orignal, Solicitor for the Assignee, or to the Assignee.

Dated at L'Orignal, this 23rd day of April A.D., 1868.

EDWD. FREWEN DARTNELL, Assignee

726 1aw3m

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, May 8, 1868.

AUTHORIZED Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 28 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

A RARE CHANCE.

The undersigned having received direct from the manufacturers in Europe, a large consignment of

Dry Goods

with instructions to dispose of them at

LOW RATES!

Is now offering them to the public, and at an almost nominal advance on the makers' cost price. The stock consists of

1,000 yards of Carpets, of various kinds,
40 Handsome Hearth Rugs,
60 Summer Counterpanes,
24 White Marsala Quilts,
A large quantity of Toilet Covers,
Some Wool Table Covers,
And a large variety of other Goods.

The stock may be seen at the store of MESSRS. ANSELL & MICHAELS, Scott's Corner, Elgin and Sparks-street, opposite the Russell Hotel. Parties requiring articles of the above mentioned kind will find it to their advantage to call and inspect the goods at once, as the whole must be disposed of within a few days.

ANSELL & MICHAEL.

Ottawa, June 9, 1868. 763-3m

FOR SALE.

A SELF-ACTING SODA WATER APPARATUS, with cylinders complete, cheap for cash. Apply to WILLIAM PRODERICK Lusex-street, Ottawa. 687tf

$2.00 REWARD.

Lost on TUESDAY last, from Daly-street, a SPANIEL PUPPY, about three months old, black, with four white feet. Any one returning her to Mr. Powell, St. Alban's Terrace, will receive the above reward. Anybody detaining her after this notice will be prosecuted. 763-3

NOTICE

THE Undersigned will either sell or let for a few years his well known farm, being lot Twenty-five in the Fourth Concession of Gloucester, Rideau Front, 215 acres all cleared, and well fenced and in a good state of cultivation. Also, the one-half of lot Twenty-seven in the Third Concession, being in its natural state, all wood and excellent land. It is just the cross of two hundred acres from the corner of the one lot to the other. The railroad line runs within ten feet of the front corner of the one hundred and in sight of the two hundred for two or three miles. The Station at Cunningham's is scarcely a mile and a half from the front of Lot Twenty-five. The above farm is capable of keeping thirty head of milch cows, two span of horses, and as many young cattle as it would be proper to raise. Eight or nine years ago I kept twenty-two milch cows, and ten or twelve horses, and raised five or six calves every year. The above farm is about ten miles, from the door, to the limits of the City. The improvements cannot be surpassed for a farmer's purpose. The dwelling-house is stone, 30 by 40, a story and a half over ground; and a cellar nine feet high, the one half used for a kitchen and the other half capable of holding 1,000 bushels or anything you wish to put into it; there is three small windows in it, and when cleaned in the Spring, makes an excellent milk-house or dairy; there is a frame wood shed at the door, 60 by 24, with 14 feet taken off the one end for a coachhouse, and overhead for a storehouse; next to that is a stable 36 by 26, finished inside, complete with four large double stalls and two single ones, and good room for hanging up harness, and oat box; convenient to that is a barn 40 by 50, in which I have often put 1,000 bushels of grain in one year; connected with that is 200 and 20 feet of frame sheds, all 20 and 24 deep, under pinned with stone and lime from two to seven feet, according to level; on the north side of the house is another barn, 30 by 40, commonly filled with peas and oats. And if either tenant or purchaser has a desire for religious purposes you can lie in your bed and look at the bell tolling on the Catholic Church every Holy Day, and go to the front door and you will see the Presbyterian Church, where the Rev. Mr. Lochead has preached for the last twenty-two years, and go to the back door and you will see both English Church and Methodist Church within two miles. The above farm would be a desirable situation for a young man wishing to give his attention to farming, as the Ottawa Market cannot be surpassed in the Dominion. I think that I can say that I have not sold one pound of butter under one shilling this eight years; if one went under two went over. Some reader may ask what am I selling for, it is neither for scant nor for want of anything, but I am in the seventieth year of my age, and has purchased off this lot seven hundred and fifty acres of land and all is paid for, and all my sons is settled on their own farms, so I would rather sit down and take my ease as be attending to marketing and farming any longer. Persons wishing to get any information on any point from me, can do so by addressing, post-paid, JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr., South Gloucester.

JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr.

February 6, 1868. 709-6w12

NEW STORE!

THE Store formerly occupied by W. D. WOOD, No. 38, on RIDEAU STREET, has been rented by the subscribers, and will be opened on MONDAY, FOURTEENTH OCTOBER, with an entire new stock of

GROCERIES,

LIQUORS and

HARDWARE.

WOOD & ROSSITER.

Ottawa, October 12, 1867 15

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD

PLANS,

SPECIFICATIONS,

ESTIMATES, &

Prepared by AUGUSTUS LAVER, ARCHITECT

End Daly-st. Ottawa. April 1.

W. NOTMAN,

Photographer to the Queen

CORNER OF

WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS,

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his

Establishment will be Opened

—ON—

Monday Next, 3rd February

When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for all the different branches of Photography.

Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 582y

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

AN OMNIBUS

Will leave the

RUSSELL HOUSE,

Every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 7 a.m., punctually, to carry passengers

FOR AYLMER

To connect with the Union Forwarding Railway Company's Steamers.

JAMES MULLIGAN.

Ottawa, May 16, 1868. 744tf

TABLES

FOR

Converting One Inch Lumber

AND

QUEBEC STANDARD

—TO—

Board Measure.

For Sale by

J. DURIE & SON, Booksellers and Stationers, 10, Sparks-st., Ottawa.

June 5, 1868. 760a

WANTED

For Knox Church, Ottawa, a PRECENTOR qualified to give instruction in music to adult and juvenile classes. Testimonials, etc., to be forwarded (post-paid), to JOHN DURIE, Ottawa.

764-2

SARSAPARILLIAN.

PAREIRA BRAVA.

Newly Discovered Virtues—Hidden for 300 years—The Discovery of the True Virtues of the Roots—Brought to Light and Made Manifest in

DR. RADWAY'S SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT.

By a new process recently discovered by Dr. Radway, for obtaining the active properties from vegetable substances.

SARSAPARILLIAN.

Pareira Brava.

Associated with other newly discovered Roots, enters into the composition of RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT; secures a remedial agent, that cures all forms of Chronic, Scrofulous, Skin, Glandular, Kidney, Bladder and Uterine Diseases, by communicating its curative, reparative and fruitful efficacy, through the BLOOD, SWEAT and URINE.

The ordinary Sarsaparilla decoctions and Syrups are mere washes, compared with the Sarsaparillian of the Resolvent. It is a well known fact that Sarsaparilla as ordinarily prepared either as officinally or as a proprietary remedy, never possessed the confidence of medical men, and all the reputation it enjoyed was deemed by well informed Chemists, Physicians, and medical writers to be due to other remedial agents associated with it.

The true curative virtues of Sarsaparilla for 300 years have laid hidden in the Crystalline principle of the Root. Under DR. RADWAY'S *New Process*, SARSAPARILLIAN is secured and brought to light, and associated with other ingredients, it fulfils the most extravagant expectations and views of men. One ounce of Dr. Radway's Sarsaparillian contains more of the curative principle than ten pounds of the extracts from the crude roots, as prepared officinally or in the popular advertised Sarsaparillas.

PAREIRA BRAVA.—Another of the ingredients of the Radway's Resolvent, held in high estimation by the most eminent medical men of Europe, South America and United States, as the best remedial agent for the diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, Uterus, and as a *lithontryptic for dissolving Calculi*, as a curative for Jaundice, Rheumatism, Leucorrhœa, etc., since 1688 has never been properly prepared. Under Dr. Radway's process, the Cissampaline principle of this valuable Root is secured, and associated with Sarsaparillian and other ingredients in the Resolvent, makes it a perfect cure in every form of disease of the Kidneys, Bladder, and Urinary Organs—Dropsy, Gravel, Incontinence, or Stoppage of Water, Diabetes, or Urinary Diarrhœa, and *every kind of weakening, irritating or purulent discharges, not proper to mention* in an advertisement, is rapidly cured by this remedy.

So quick does the Resolvent enter into the circulation, that it may be detected in the Urine *in ten minutes* after it has been taken. In many cases it has secured a free discharge of water—in cases where Catheters were formerly used.—Is not this a blessing?

BUCHU, Turpentine Junipers, Gin, Copaiba, Cubebs, and other direct Diuretics, are in many cases hurtful. In Diabetes, Urinary Diarrhœa, Catarrh of the Bladder, Dropsy, and in a weakness or ulceration of the Kidneys, are unsafe to use as a continued remedy, and should never be given unless under supervision of a Physician, as the strain these direct remedies may produce on the Kidneys may, in the course of a few hours, require Opiates, to change or modify their action; this fact is self-evident to any medical man, a compensating Remedy like the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT, is the true remedy to use in these cases.—Even as a diuretic.

Pareira Brava,

As prepared by Dr. Radway, and one of the ingredients of the Resolvent, is as superior to all forms of Buchu, etc., as rich cream is to watered milk.

Let all suffering from unnatural drains from the system—caused either by self-abuse, depraved habit of body—bad blood, impure association, weakness of the genital organs, or Skin Diseases, Scrofula, uncured Secondary Disease, Syphilold Ulcers, Chronic Disease—or from Consumption of the Lungs, as well as degeneration of the Kidneys—Chronic Disease of the Liver, Spleen, etc., commence at once the use of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOVENT. It commences its work of purification at once; it repairs the waste of the body, with new and healthy material. It restores functional harmony to every organ in the system, and secures the natural secretions of the proper constituents to each. Persons have been cured, and have children now living that were deemed incapacited, by self-abuse, etc., through the use of this remedy. Ask for Dr. Radway's Sarsaparillian or Renovating Resolvent.

PRICE—$1 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $5.

W. M. MASSEY, Agent.

READ FALSE AND TRUE.—Send one letter-stamp to RADWAY & Co., 439 St. Paul-street, Montreal. Information worth thousands will be given you. Price of RESOLVENT SARSAPARILLIAN, $1 per bottle, or $10 per dozen. 762b

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY, AND COURT OF SPAIN, THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT MR. JOHN LESLIE, Sparks-street, Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity, For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*

H. & A. SAUNDERS, Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion, for the sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa, May 20. 748y

NEW BOOKS.

Exodus of the Western Nations by Viscount Bury; Chronicles and Characters by Owen Meredith; Brakespeare by the author of "Guy Livingstone"; The Lost Name, a Novel; Farming for Boys; The New Dictionary of Quotations; The Huguenots by Samuel Smiles; Law and Lawyers—Curious Facts and Characteristic Sketches; Artand Artists, do.; Books and Authors, do.; Clergymen and Doctors, do.; Longfellow's Works Complete for 15 cents; The Waverley Novels, per vol., 15 cents; Cooper's Novels, per vol., 15 cents; Essays in Elia by Lamb complete for 15 cents; De Quincey's Confessions of an Opium Eater for 15 cents.

Bibles, Prayer Books, Church Services, just received from the Publishers, in the newest and richest patterns.

For sale by J DURIE & SON, 10 Sparks-st., Opposite the Russell House

498y

PROFESSIONAL NOTICE.

MR. P. J. BUCKLEY HAS REMOVED HIS LAW OFFICE to the THOMPSON BLOCK, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, adjacent to the offices of Horace Lapierre, Advocate and Counsel. Office Hours—From 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.

Ottawa, June 9, 1868. 763a

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the

COMMERCIAL PARTNERSHIP

Heretofore existing between

John Ferguson, junr., & William Ferguson,

Doing business in the

Township of Buckingham,

IN THE

DISTRICT of OTTAWA,

Has been since the FIFTEENTH day MAY last, (1868,) dissolved by mutual consent.

JOHN FERGUSON, JUNR., WILLIAM FERGUSON.

Buckingham, 8th June, 1868. 764-2

NOTICE.

MESSRS. ANGUS & SON, in retiring from the Undertaking Business, would beg to inform their friends and the public that they have disposed of their Hearses and stock in trade to Mr. Samuel Rogers, Cabinet Maker, who will in future attend to all orders in the Undertaking line, and they have much pleasure in recommending him to their many patrons and friends.

ANGUS & SON, Furniture Dealers, No. 22, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, May 11, 1868.

UNDERTAKING.

IN reference to the above, S. Rogers takes this opportunity of thanking his numerous friends and customers for their very liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Cabinet and Upholstering Business, and would respectfully solicit in this new branch of his trade a continuation of their favors.

S. ROGERS, Cabinet Maker, &c., Rideau and George-streets.

Ottawa, May 11, 1868. 741d

Local Government Notices.

TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS

Will be received, addressed to the undersigned, until NOON of

Monday, the 22nd Instant,

For the Erection of the

Lieutenant-Governor's Residence,

ON

THE GOVERNMENT GROUNDS,

On Simcoe and Kingsts., Toronto.

Plans and Specifications may be seen at this office, and at the office of Messrs. Gundry & Langley, Architects, corner of King and Jordan sts., Toronto, on and after MONDAY, the 8th Instant.

The person to whom the contract may be awarded will be required to furnish satisfactory security for the due performance of the work, and to execute a contract approved by the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING, Commissioner of Public Works.

Parliament Buildings, Office of Public Works, Toronto, June 6, 1868. 762a

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, ONTARIO.

To Contractors.

TENDERS

Will be received until noon,

Thursday, 25th inst.,

For the following works required for the completion of the wings to the Provincial Lunatic Asylum:

PLASTERER & GAS FITTER,

TINSMITH,

SLATER.

The plans and specifications can be seen at the Department of Public Works, Parliament Buildings, between the hours of ten a.m. and 4 p.m.

Tenders to be addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed on the outside,

"Tenders for the proposed work at the Provincial Lunatic Asylum."

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING, Commissioner of Public Works.

Department of Public Works, Parliament Buildings, Toronto, June 9, 1868. 765d

TENDERS

WILL BE RECEIVED

Addressed to the undersigned at the office of this Department until noon of

Tuesday, the 23rd instant,

For the supply of the following articles, all of which must be of the best description, and to be delivered at the Provincial Lunatic Asylum and at the Branch Asylum, Queen's Park, Toronto, in such quantities and at such times as may be required, for six months from 1st July to 30th December, 1868, viz:—

Tea, black and uncolored Japan.	per lb,
Coffee, Roasted,	"
Rice,	"
Sugar, bright,	"
Pepper, whole,	"
Mustard,	"
Starch,	"
Indigo,	"
Salt, Liverpool and American,	per brl.
Shoes, Men's and Women's,	per pair.
Cobourgs, Men's,	"
Butter, first quality,	per lb
Butchers' Meat, first quality,	per lb.
Corn Brooms,	per doz.
Scrub Brushes,	per pair
Slacking,	per box
Sal Soda,	per lb.
Vinegar, White Wine,	per gallon
Oatmeal,	per barrel
Pot Barley,	"
Split Peas,	"
Flour, Inspected Extra,	"
Flour, do Superfine,	"
Eggs, Fresh,	per dozen
Straw, clean oaten in bdls,	per ton
Hay, best Timothy,	"

CORDWOOD—Sound seasoned Beech and Maple, of equal quantities, but not mixed, and each kind piled separately, and not more than twelve months felled; to measure four feet in length from point to scarp, to be delivered and piled as above, and at the Engine House, Garrison Common, per cord.

COAL—Also, for delivering during the months of July and August of 450 gross tons Lehigh Coal, of best quality, egg size, and screened, per ton. 180 tons Brier Hill Coal, of best quality, and mined this season, per ton; both sorts of coal to be subject to the approval of the proper officers of the Asylum. Weight of coal to the Chief Asylum to be determined by scales on the premises, and for the Branch Asylum at the city weigh scales.

Samples of the following articles to accompany tenders, viz.: Tea, Coffee, Rice, Sugar, Pepper, Mustard, Starch, Indigo, Corn Brooms, Scrub Brushes, Blacking, Shoes and Boots.

The tender must express the rate in dollars and cents, and contain the actual signatures of two sufficient sureties, who will be required for the due performance of the contract on behalf of each person tendering, for the same.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

Further information respecting the contracts may be learned of the Bursar of the Asylum.

JOHN CARLING, Commissioner of Public Works.

Parliament Buildings, Office of the Public Works, Toronto, June 8, 1868. 765d

NOTICE.

ALL payments to be made on account of the Ontario Government may be made to the

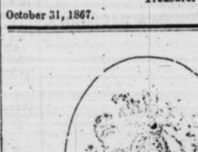
ROYAL CANADIAN BANK,

And its Agencies.

Dated at Toronto, 30th October, A.D., 1867.

E. B. WOOD, Treasurer of Ontario.

October 31, 1867. Tf



Royal Canadian Bank

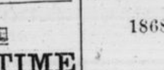
OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St

M. P. HAYES, Agent.

Ottawa, June 21. 57tf

Railroads.



CHANGE of TIME

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and after FRIDAY, the 15th May, 1868, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA
Mixed, 7. 15 a. m.	10.35 a. m.
Express, 1.35 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 7 a. m.	9.25 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

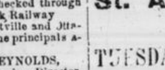
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principals stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

Ottawa, May 14, 1868. ly



Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

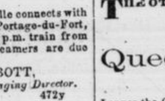
5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 8:15 a.m. and 1:20 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are down east and west.

H ABBOTT, *Managing Director.*

Brockville, April 11. 472y



Grand Trunk Railway Company

OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 3.30 A.M.

Night do do at 7.30 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.00 A.M.

Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.

Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.

Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.

Express for Boston and New York, at 3.35 P.M.

Express for Portland (staying over at Island Pond) at 2.00 P.M.

Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Riviere du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Ryacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbroke, Waterville and Coaticooke only, at 10.10 P.M.

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

December 23, 1867 650tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET.

FOUR GOOD ROOMS over SHEPHERD'S GROCERY STORE, Murray st., between Sussex and Dalhousie-sts. Also, GOOD STABLES for thirteen horses. Rent moderate. Also a quantity of CEDARS for sale. Enquire of M. SHEPHERD, at the Store.

Ottawa, May 20, 1868. 748

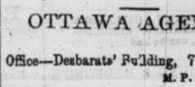
Lots for Sale.

6 BUILDING LOTS, one mile from the city, on the Richmond Road, containing one acre each. Apply to THOMAS ANDERSON, Jr. on the premises. 564tf

FOR SALE, on SANDY HILL, opposite Desbarats', LOT No. 32, Stuart street. Terms moderate. Apply to Mrs. TIERNAN, No. 2, Ing street opposite the Gas House.

Ottawa, May 4 1868. 734d

Two Dwellings to Let,



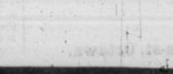
BEING the Upper part of E. MARTINEAU'S Clothing Store, Corner of Sussex and Clarence-streets.

Enquire at the Store.

EUG. MARTINEAU.

Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 64

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.



NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to FRANCIS CLEMOW, ES

The Times

VOL. III. NO 769. OTTAWA, TUESDAY, JUNE 16, 1868. PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valle issuing of the Daily over 2,000 : and Weekly over 4,000 : making a total circulation in the week over 6,000 : thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates :
Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only,.......... $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line,.......... 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line,.......... 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.
Yearly subscription to the daily (if paid in advance).......... $5 00
If not paid in advance.......... 6 00
Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance).......... $1 00
If not paid in advance.......... 1 50

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—*Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the* OTTAWA TIMES

Legal Cards.

MOSGROVE & TAILLON,

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. GEORGE TAILLON.
Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1868. 366-tf

R. J. WICKSTEED,

ADVOCATE, &c., 43, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 589-6m

N. TETREAU,

NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 6, 1867. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,

ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

D. O'CONNOR,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street.
OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa
February 7, 1866. 43-u

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Casner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House
Ottawa, March 30. 87-c

LEES & GEMMELL,

BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

J. P. MACPHERSON,

BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866.

NICHOLAS SPARKS,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

G. J. O'DOHERTY,

LAW, Chancery, and Conveyancing Office, Aumond's Buildings, Rideau street.
Ottawa, December 6, 1867.

Medical Cards.

A. CODD, M.D., C.M.,

(*Attending Physician General Protestant Hospital*)

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Four doors east of the Revere House, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
OFFICE HOURS—From 8 to 10 a m, and from 2 to 3 p m.
Ottawa, April 30. 730-3m

DR. CHESLEY,

OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 25 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30 447tf

DR. C. LEGGO,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,

DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,

DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)

SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 380y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,

DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY,

CORNER of Kent and Wellington-Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 43utf

DR. O. C. WOOD,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottaw April 14. [Tw-100-y

Hotels and Saloons.

DOMINION HOUSE,

WELLINGTON-STREET.

THE undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.
GEORGE IRVINE.
Ottawa, March 26. 658y

MATHEWS' OLD STAND,

YORK-STREET,

WILL BE OPEN for the accommodation of the public on THURSDAY, 12th of March, 1868. The subscriber having again resumed business in his old stand as hotel-keeper, wishes to return thanks to his numerous friends and the public for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on him, during the past seventeen years, and hopes by strict attention to business, and kindness to all, to share a portion of public patronage. His Larder will be always supplied with the best the market affords. His Bar will be supplied with the best of Liquors and choicest Cigars.
T. MATHEWS, Proprietor.
N. B.—The house has been thoroughly renovated and newly furnished.
Ottawa, March 11, 1868. 688tf

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,

LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec

REVERE HOUSE, OTTAWA,

G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, ...PROPRIETORS.

THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867 582tf

THE ALBION HOTEL

NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1866. 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN

LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly over hauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN

Aumond's Block,

Rideau Street Ottawa.

P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

TORONTO HOUSE,

SPARKS STREET.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has a few Commodious Suites of Apartments to Let, handsomely and comfortably furnished.
Gentlemen attending the Session of Parliament will find at the Toronto House most convenient quarters, where the quiet of the private family is combined with the usual attendance to be found at the best hotels.
Ottawa, Feb. 25, 1868. 675tf

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE SECURITY.

WALKER & PENNOCK, Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
April 15, 1868. 717tf

SMITH & RODNEY

MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from Eaton's Gilding Store, having just received a choice stock of

English, French and Canadian

CLOTHS and TWEEDS,

And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1, 1867. 551tf

A. MORTIMER,

BOOKBINDER

AND

Blank Book Manufacturer,

26, METCALFE-ST., OTTAWA.

HAVING every facility in the way of first-class Machinery, and employing none but first-class workmen, I am prepared to turn out every description of Binding in as good a style of workmanship as any other establishment in Canada.
A. MORTIMER, Metcalfe-st eet.
Ottawa, Feb. 6. 384y

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS, Toronto, May 28, 1868.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT Charles Westley Lount, of Bracebridge, in the Township of Macauley, in the District of Muskoka, Esquire has been appointed Agent for the disposal of public lands in the Townships of Morrison, Muskoka, Draper, Macauley, Stephenson, McLean, Brunnel, Monck and Watt, in the District of Muskoka, in the place of Richard Jose Oliver, Esquire, whose services have been dispensed with.
Applications for lands open as Free Grants in the above mentioned Townships, must also be made to Mr. Lount.
S. RICHARDS, Commissioner.
Toronto, May 29, 1867. 758-tf

Druggists.

THE MEDICAL HALL

Soda Water and Ginger Ale Factory,

23 Great St. James-street, Montreal,

OPPOSITE the POST OFFICE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS

Beg to intimate to their patrons that they have commenced the manufacture of Ærated Waters of every description, and on the most extensive scale.
Particular attention will be paid to the preparation of "Belfast Ginger Ale," a beverage first introduced into this country by our Mr. BROWN, who alone possesses the original receipt, and who has also taken out a TRADE MARK for the same.
The proprietors believe their Ærated Waters will be superior to any others at present prepared in Montreal, for the following reasons, viz:—
1st. The employment of the most improved machinery the United States can produce.
2nd. The application of strictly scientific principles to the details.
3rd. Extra care given to the chemical purity of the articles used in the different processes.
4th. The possession of chemical knowledge, without which it is simply impossible to produce Ærated Waters in perfection.
The following Waters and Beverages are the principal ones prepared at the MEDICAL HALL FACTORY: Belfast Ginger Ale, Lemonade, Sarsaparilla, Winter Beverage, Summer Beverage, Soda Water, Seltzer Water, Potash Water, Kissengen Water, Vichy Water.
KENNETH, CAMPBELL & Co., Apothecaries to H.R.H. the Prince of Wales.
W. M. MASSEY, Agent for Ottawa. 472y

Spectacles for all Sights.

OPTICAL Instruments Electro-Magnetic and Galvanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.
W. HEARN, Market Drug Store, York-street.
637y

Miscellaneous.

D. CODD & CO.,

PATENT AGENTS, SOLICITORS, &c. Drawings, Specifications, Models, and all other business in connection with the procuring of Letters Patent of Invention, attended to at the shortest notice.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 741-6m

I. B. TACKABERRY'S

AUCTION ROOMS, No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any part of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS

PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed to Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-

H. McLEAN'S

AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

B. BILLINGS, JR.,

ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia ; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa ; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O & P R W 740tf

S. CHRISTIE,

COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,

EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 378y

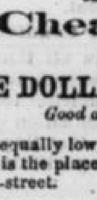
HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,

WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C.W.
WILLIAM HOLGATE, JOHN OLIVER, WILLIAM ANNABLE.
506y

R. H. McGREEVY,

CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

LADIES CALL AT THE CAPITAL

Boot and  Shoe Store !

YORK-STREET.

For Cheap Gaiters

AT

ONE DOLLAR A PAIR !

Good at 95 cents.

Men's ware equally low, in every variety of style
This is the place to buy cheap at the "Capital," York-street.
429y GEORGE MURPHY.

VICTORIA

FURNITURE WAREROOMS.

GEORGE ARMSTRONG, Corner Victoria Square and Craig-street, Montreal, solicits a call from the Citizens of Ottawa about to furnish, who may visit Montreal to his very large and varied stock of FURNITURE which he will sell at greatly reduced prices for cash. The Parlor Furniture is of the best quality and latest designs, either plain or handsomely carved, in Walnut, oil finished or polished.
His Sideboards, Bookcases, Chamber Sets, Hall Furniture, &c., are worthy of attention.
Hair Mattrasses and Bedding of all description constantly on hand, or made to order, at the shortest notice. Call and examine for yourselves.
"Patent Sofa, with reclining arms, of a very superior make."
N.B.—Sole Agent in the Dominion for the sale of G. A. FISKS' Air-Tight Metallic Casket. 712-3m

Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale.

THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

Fine Bottled Ale !

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

Scotch Irish, Old Rye

And other Malt Whiskies,

Ports, Sherries, Brandies Gin, &c.,

Together with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A Call kindly Solicited.

D. WHELAN, 44, Rideau-street, Opposite Allan's Crockery Store
Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank Street, Centre Town,

Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

CRICKETING GOODS,

CROQUET, FISHING TACKLE

FOILS,

Masks & Boxing Gloves

AT THE

Sheffield House, Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 5, 1868.

1868. MAY. 1868.

J. A. PINARD & CO.,

ARE NOW SHEWING

New Dress Goods,

A good value in Striped, all Mohair, for 6d per yard.

New Prints,

A good variety of Patterns at 6d per yard.

New Grey Cottons,

A good Cotton, 40 inches wide, for 7d per yard.

New White Cottons,

A good heavy made Cotton for 6d per yard.

The Tailoring Department is replete with all the novelties of the season.

Cash buyers will find it their advantage to visit the above before purchasing elsewhere

J. A. PINARD & Co.,
No. 17, Sussex-st., *Sign of the Golden Ball.*
Ottawa, May 5, 186 16y

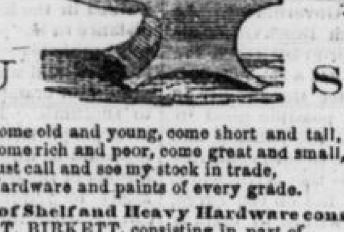
HARDWARE, HARDWARE!

—AT—

Thomas Birkett's,

SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24 No. 24

RIDEAU  STREET.

Come old and young, come short and tall,
Come rich and poor, come great and small,
Just call and see my stock in trade,
Hardware and paints of every grade.

A Complete Assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware constantly kept on hand at the SIGN of the ANVIL, T. BIRKETT, consisting in part of

Butts, Locks, Nails, Axes, Ropes, Coal, Iron, Stoves, Pitch, Paints, all colors, Glass, Grindstones, Screws, Coolers, &c., Saws, Putty, &c., Tin, Bolts, &c., Oils, Chains, &c.

Also a complete stock of MECHANICS' TOOLS of the most improved English and American manufacture.
Then Come and Examine my Stock,
A duty never shirk it,
And satisfaction will be got
In business with T. BIRKETT.
Don't forget the place—THOS. BIRKETT, Sign of the Anvil, No. 24, Rideau-street.
P. S.—All Goods delivered Free to any part of the city. 408y

WHEELER & WILSON'S

SEWING MACHINE

WERE AWARDED THEIR 67TH

Prize and Gold Medal, Paris,

1867.

Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

Great rapidity, Simple Machinery, quiet in action, easy to operate, price from $47. *Prospectus free, and instructions gratis.*

G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa, and 105 King-st., West, Toronto.

Sole Agent for Ontario.
The "HOWE" SEWING MACHINES are the *best* for Carriage Trimmers, Harness Makers, Boot and Shoe makers, are the best Shuttle Machine for Tailors, Dressmakers, Families, etc. etc., etc. Price from $50. Prospectus free and instructions gratis.
479 43y R. W. STEPHEN, 37 Sparks-street, Ottawa.

NEW SILK AND DRESS GOODS:

Grant and Henderson

Have just opened out a new lot of

Black and Fancy Silks, Moire-Antiques,

BROCADES, POPLINS, CHALLIS, LUSTRES, &c.

Elegant Goods at Moderate Prices.

Millinery, Mantles, Jackets, Carpets and House Furnishings in great variety, always on hand.

No. 20, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, May 16, 1868. 67y

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.

"CAPITAL" 35, H.
STOVE SUSSEX MEADOWS
DEPOT ! St. & CO.

WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall Stoves, for wood or coal we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.

Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW OVEN STOVES.

BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.

Suitable for private Dwellings and Churches Warehouses and Stores

PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.

New and most beautiful designs, very cheap.

COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES.
Hot Air Furnaces.

We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE, RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with Stovepipes, &c., at reduced rates.

Lumbermen's Supplies Lumbermen's Supplies! Shanty Plates! Basins! Camp Kettles, &c.
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS!

Bird Cages ! Bird Cages ! Bird Cages !

Price Lists sent free on application.
Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending purchasers would do well to note.
An inspection of the above goods invited at the
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, October 2 1867. 62-y

UNITED COUNTIES OF PRESCOTT AND RUSSELL.

The general Quarter Sessions of the Peace for these united Counties were held on Tuesday last at L'Orignal, before His Honor Jas. Daniell, Esq., Judge of the County Court, when the following Grand Jury was sworn: A. W. Wells, Esq., Foreman, Philip Downing, D. Doyle, Isidore Ducharme, Alexander Edwards, Jas. Hurley, Michel Langlois, Dan. McCusker, Angus McDonald, Rodger McLeod, Thos. McVeigh, Jas. Rutherford.

The Chairman then delivered his charge to the Grand Jury, and said he had, as usual, to congratulate the County on its usual absence of crime, there being only one case of larceny to go before them. He need scarcely tell them that larceny was the taking of goods or property of another person by any party with intent to appropriate them to their own use without the consent of the owner. In the case of Robert Black, which would come before them under such a charge, they would have to examine the evidence, and if there be reasonable grounds to sustain the charge, they would find a true bill; if not, otherwise. Their next duty would be to examine the jail and see that its condition is satisfactory; and that all rules for the management of the prison, whether for the promotion of cleanliness and health, or the carrying out such punishment and restrictions as the law imposes upon the prisoners, are properly carried out, and it is felt to be a place of punishment, not of ease. Since he last had the pleasure of addressing the sessions Grand Jury, an event had occurred in an adjacent county to which he could not avoid alluding. He referred to the foul assassination of Hon. Thos. D. McGee. It was a foul murder by Fenian hands, and he thought it was the duty of every man in the country to use his best exertions to stamp out such an organization, wherever it attempted to show itself in this country. British subjects had seldom anything to complain of where British rule was established, and hence it was our duty to set our face against such an organization among us. This was not a place where we desired mob government, and we had no desire to have our property taken by a mob. If armed bands under Fenian or any other name should again make the attempt, we will protect our property. If there be any such organization in Canada, it is certainly of very limited extent. It could not long exist under British rule, we cannot tolerate such things, and he would call upon them as British subjects and loyal men, should they see any attempt to introduce it, at once to notify the authorities, and he had no doubt, if such an attempt did take place, such examples would be made as would deter parties from making similar attempts.

The Grand Jury then retired and in a short time returned into Court with a true bill in the case of Robert Black, for larceny.

The prisoner was then brought in. He is a young man of respectable appearance and address, and stood in that dock the second time on a charge of larceny, having been tried and found guilty at the Spring Assizes, 1867, of a like offence, for which he had just completed a term of twelve months' imprisonment. He was arraigned for a like offence and pleaded guilty.

The circumstances of the case were rather peculiar. He was discharged from L'Orignal jail on the 9th of May, having completed his term of 12 months' imprisonment for his first offence; he went on same day by boat to Montreal, and was seen there on that evening; on the night of the 14th the office of P. O'Brian, Esq., in the Court House, adjoining the jail, was entered, his vault opened and about $290 in bank bills stolen. The robbery was discovered next morning, and Mr. O'Brian took some steps to discover the thief, but no clue was obtained. The suspicions of Mr. Dartnell, County Attorney, fell upon Black, and that he could be found in Quebec on the 16th. Instructions were given that if Black should turn up in the adjacent country he should at once be arrested. He was recognized at Hawkesbury village on the afternoon of Tuesday 19th, at once arrested and brought to L'Orignal. He was closely searched in the presence of the County Attorney, but no money or other fact to fix suspicion on him was found. Some memoranda and letters which were taken from him shewed that he had left Quebec the previous evening, having stopped at a hotel there under another name. It was at once ascertained by telegram, that his luggage was still there, and that he was to return at the end of the week. With this starting point the enquiries began, and it was discovered that he had reached Quebec on the morning of the 10th May, remained at the hotel until the 13th, leaving there without paying his bill or taking his luggage, and was absent until the morning of Saturday the 16th, when he returned. It was next ascertained that he reached Montreal on the morning of the 14th, came on to Grenville by the Ottawa boat, took the private ferry below Hawkesbury about 3 p.m., was seen and recognized in Hawkesbury between 4 and 5 p.m., seen on the road from that village to L'Orignal about dark; was taken up in the Bush Road by the Lancaster stage, and brought in to L'Orignal by it between nine and ten p. m. on the night of the robbery. About 1 a. m. on the 15th a man supposed to be him was seen crossing some open ground. Coming from the Court House at daybreak he was again at the Hawkesbury Ferry, where he had crossed the previous day; was ferried across, and took out a big pile of bank bills when paying for the ferry. He was next traced a few miles further down to the locks, changing a $10 bill at Mr. Murphy's, where he breakfasted. He took the steamer *Matilda* through the locks. Reached Montreal about 5 p. m., purchased some clothing, there changing a $10 bill, went on to Quebec by the night train; paid two bills at the hotel on his return, changing another $10 bill, and accounting for his absence by saying he had been duck shooting with a friend on the Isle of Orleans. He changed another $10 bill at a tailor's in Quebec, purchasing more clothes, left Quebec again on Monday the 18th, was seen getting out of the Quebec train at Bonaventure Station on the 19th, and take the train and boat for L'Orignal again, and was arrested on reaching Hawkesbury, but with only 30 cents in his pocket. There was no money or any trace of it in his luggage at the hotel, but from subsequent information, a sum of $188 was found concealed in a quarry below Hawkesbury, near the ferry where he had crossed, and thus not a doubt could exist of his guilt.

The certificate of the previous conviction having been put in, the Court sentenced him to five years' imprisonment in the Provincial Penitentiary.

There being no other business, either civil or criminal, the Grand and Petit Juries were then discharged, and the Court adjourned.

NOT QUITE SO.—"It is among the most savage and debased tribes only that the condition and comfort of the horse have been neglected;" but we believe there are many in civilized countries who are guilty of the same neglect, and without the excuse of the former; here all may avail themselves of the use of an article which has done more than anything else heretofore known to improve the condition and relieve the suffering of the horse. Those who will not use it will be the losers, their horses the sufferers, to avoid both use "Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and Condition Medicine," and you will be satisfied with the result. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.,* is on each package. *Northrup & Lyman,* Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

THE FENIANS AND THE WASHINGTON GOVERNMENT.

The New York *Times* says: The Canadian authorities and people are doing right in making energetic preparations to repel the Fenian invaders who have been threatening their lives and homes, their peace and safety. Twice before have the Canadians learned that Fenian threats are not always idle threats, and they would be culpable were they to remain inactive under present circumstances, after the warnings they have had in the past.

While saying this, however, we would also say, for the edification of such Fenians as propose a summer excursion to Canada, that they will find they have made a very egregious mistake in fancying that our Government will pet them to carry out their project. Some of their leaders have urged that as this is the year of the Presidential election, when both political parties may be expected to curry Fenian favor for the purpose of getting Fenian votes, there will be perfect impunity for their undertakings, and the Government will at least wink at their proceedings until they have precipitated themselves over the border. They may rest assured that our Government will do nothing of the kind. President Johnson will be as prompt in issuing orders to Gen. Grant to suppress any attempts at invasion as Gen. Grant will be energetic in obeying them; and the Fenians will again find, as they found two years ago, that they must fight the army of the United States before they can get at the Canadian militia. Gen. Grant is not the man to be derelict in his military duties, or in sustaining the honor and dignity of his country because he is a candidate for the Presidency: while President Johnson as a political outlaw, has no personal or ambitious ends of his own to subserve by seeking the applause of Fenians. They will both act precisely as they did when last a Fenian rebellion was attempted.

Our Government should be prompt in warning the Fenians just as soon as their movement is seen to begin to assume a serious shape. In 1866 they complained very loudly that they had been permitted to go on to the verge of Canada and to the verge of war before they were notified that the American Government would not tolerate their invasion. This was certainly ridiculous enough; for their knowledge that their movement was an outrageous violation of our laws, which the President was sworn to execute, ought of itself to have been sufficient to prevent such an attempt. But still there would be no harm in giving them timely warning on this occasion that their appearance as armed invaders of a friendly power will inevitably bring them into collision with the American Government and people.

CHINESE MODE OF TORTURE.

The torture of the bedstead is resorted to in order to extort money. The victim is put on a wooden rack—flat on his back—and his neck, wrists, and ankles are fastened down by boards having curves large enough for the purpose. These instruments are pressed down on the parts of the body to which they are fitted, and are then tied under the bedstead. Besides all this, sometimes a pole is fastened at right angles to a bar of wood across his ankles—the pole extending to the chin and pressing against it, so that his head will be thrown backward and upward. In this position he is made to pass the night, unless the jailors relent, or he comes to their terms. No one is willing to sleep the second night on such a bedstead, if he can arrange matters with his keepers.

The tortures of the frame of the flowery eyebrow require the aid of the pencil for an intelligible description. One mode is to tie up the victim by one wrist and one ankle, his head turned upward; another is to tie both wrists and both ankles, with the head downward. By either method the entire weight of the body is brought to bear upon these delicate portions of the human frame. The punishment occasions intense agony.

The torture called "the monkey grasping a peach," is employed by Mandarins to compel a prisoner to confess his guilt. The weight of the body is wholly sustained by one arm, which is placed over a slender horizontal pole several feet from the earth, while the other arm, and this, are passed under the legs and tied together by the thumbs below the knees. No part of the body is permitted to touch the ground. Let the reader suffer his thumbs to be tied in this way, even with his feet on the floor, and he will soon realize the terrors of this frightful torture.

The torture of the cage is caused by compelling the culprit to stand on tiptoe with his head protruding through the top of it. The hole is just large enough for his neck, and if he attempts to rest himself by drawing up his legs, the weight of his body is brought to bear on his neck. During the latter part of the reign of the Emperor who died in 1850, a noted robber was compelled to stand in public in such a cage in the suburbs of Fuchau, until he died in agony.

The torture of the tub is caused by putting a large tub of bamboo, or a small tub or pail, turned bottom side up, upon the head of the culprit; incense is then lighted and placed so that the smoke shall ascend into the prisoner's head-cover. As the smoke cannot escape through the top the victim endures indescribable agony, or is suffocated, unless the instrument is removed.

Another mode of torture is to compel the prisoner to kneel on chains or bits of crockery. His arms are outstretched, and he is severely whipped if he attempts to lower them. Again, he may be made to kneel on these sharp and uneven substances with his hands tied behind his back. The Chinese say that in the case of stubborn criminals, it happens quite often that several hundred blows, inflicted with a ratan thong, are laid on the prisoner while he is in this painful position.

A fiendish mode of torture occasionally used upon state prisoners is called the hot water snake. Hollow pewter tubes made in the form of snakes, are so constructed that they can be wound around the arms of the prisoner. Another, and the third coil, is sometimes wound round the body. Boiling hot water is then poured into the mouths of these snakes, and as it runs through the hollow tubes it burns into the unhappy victim's flesh, and occasions the most exquisite torment. This devilish contrivance is still occasionally used at the capital on state prisoners.

The torture of the shirt of iron wire is even more diabolical than the boiling snakes. A shirt-like garment, made of very fine iron wire, with interstices something like those of a fishing net, is put upon the prisoner, the clothing from the upper part of the body having been removed. A cord is attached to it in such a way that when pulled the shirt will press down closely on the body, and the skin and flesh will protrude more or less through the interstices. A knife like instrument is then passed over the wire on the outside, cutting or rasping off the protruding skin and flesh. The operation is repeated at the option of the dispenser of justice.

The torture of the whip of hooks is no less inhuman. A large number of very fine hooks are securely fastened to a handful of the fibres of hemp. The whole is then used as a whip with which to beat the prisoner in order to elicit a confession. When a blow is given with this whip, many of the hooks will stick to the body of the victim, and unless a satisfactory confession is forthcoming, the whip is pulled or jerked back by main force and another blow given. The operation is repeated according to the dictation of the presiding officer.

—The celebrated Neapolitan brigand Gaetano Manzi, whose capture of Mr. Moens, an English traveller, was minutely related by the latter in a volume published two years ago, has at last been captured, and with nineteen of his band was recently arraigned for trial. Thanks to the spoils derived from several years' successful brigandage, Gaetano has been enabled to retain for his defence the best advocates at the Neapolitan bar.

MAGEE AND RUSSELL's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

THE NEWS.

—The gunboat *Minstrel* is stationed at Cornwall.

—A hotel and boarding-house organ has been started in New York, called the *Hotel Union.*

FROST.—We understand that the heavy frost of Tuesday night last has done considerable damage to the vegetable crops in the North Riding.—*Guelph Mercury, 11th.*

—The Sultan has just presented to the Emperor of the French a piece of ordnance of antique workmanship. It was the gift of Francis I., in 1513, to the Venetian Governor of Cyprus.

—The Kendall *Record* says that W. S. Coy, School Superintendent of that county, lately took a kernel of corn from his ear that had been there twenty years. A hard story. It should have borne many ears, ere this.

—There is clearly a conspiracy between Chief Justice Chase and the Second Adventists to rescue Jeff. from justice. Chase has postponed his trial until October 5, and the Adventists have arranged to have the world come to an end three days before.

—The North German Parliament has granted the petition for the expenses of a scientific expedition to the East to observe the total eclipse of the sun, not visible in Europe, on the 18th of August. The Astronomical Society estimate the expenses of the expedition at 16,000 thalers.

—Smith, Belmont, McDonald and Stearns, the four burglars who robbed Mr. Mattice's safe, at Cornwall, and were subsequently arrested in the United States, were tried at the Quarter Sessions last week and found guilty. They were sentenced, Smith 14, Belmont 13, McDonald 12, and Stearns 11 years, respectively, to the Provincial Penitentiary.

—The municipal council of Cannes resolved in favor of the concession in perpetuity of a place of honor in the cemetery of that town, in order that a monument should be erected therein to receive the remains of the late Lord Brougham, as the founder and benefactor of the English colony of Cannes.

—The *Invalide Russe* announces the conclusion of a treaty of commerce between Russia and the Khokhan, and adds: "Russia does not cherish any plans of conquest in Central Asia. Her support of the weaker Khanite of Khokhan against the more powerful Khanate of Bokhara may serve as a proof of this. The hostility of Russia has been called forth by the Emir of Bokhara's breach of faith."

—Robbers are continuing their operations in Brantford. A few nights ago a store was entered and a large quantity of goods carried off. The robbers were traced by the Chief Constable, who, with two assistants, arrested them after a desperate fight in which blood flowed profusely. One, a Norwegian, was committed for trial, and the other was remanded.

—By the action of the Synod of the Church of Scotland, in conference in Kingston, the Presbyteries of Hamilton and London are reunited, and the Presbyteries of Guelph continued, composing the congregations of Galt, Guelph, Fergus, Woolwich, Arthur and Mount Forest, together with the charges of Orangeville and Erin from the Presbytery of Toronto. —*Kingston Whig.*

—The telegram anticipatory to the Australian mail brings some interesting items of news. The Duke of Edinburgh sailed on the 6th of April for England. At that time the Prince's external wounds were completely healed. O'Farrell was hanged on the 21st. He confessed that he had acted alone, and all fears of a Fenian organization existing in the colony have (the despatch says) proved to be groundless. The Parliament was to be prorogued on the 27th. The political deadlock still continued, and the Governor had been unsuccessful in his endeavours to form a Ministry.

—The British Society of Arts has instructed Mr. Coningsby, author of the "Special Report on the Condition of the French Working Classes," to proceed to America and visit the chief cities of the United States, for the twofold purpose of inquiring into the state of American manufactures and drawing up a report upon the condition and educational status of the artisan population. Mr. Coningsby, after going through the Eastern, Middle, and Western States of the Union, will return, *via* Canada, in time for his report to be issued to the public in book form towards the close of the present year.

STRAWBERRIES.—The Norfolk *Virginian* says that Dr. James McAlpine has raised this season 2,300 quarts of strawberries, already picked and shipped to New York, and expects to gather at least 1,000 quarts more. These berries will average him for the season 40 cents per quart. They were raised upon a quarter of an acre of land, and the net proceeds $290, will be acknowledged by all to be one of the most remunerative returns from any land in this neighborhood.

—The city of Hamilton received a concession during the past session, in the reduction of the tolls on the Burlington Bay Canal, which it has been demanding for some time past. The reduction averages nearly 50 per cent throughout; and it is but fair to say that the boon which the merchants of Hamilton and shippers have thus received is mainly due to the persevering energy of their city member, Mr. Magill. It is highly appreciated not only in Hamilton but the entire country west of it.—*Leader.*

THE MIDGE.—We were shown the other day, by Mr. Edward Cox, of Fullarton, a small piece of earth which he picked from his wheat stubble of last year, which was actually alive with small insects, known as the wheat midge. Since the late rain they have made their appearance on the surface of the ground, and it is feared may work their way into the growing crop. Mr. Henry Beer, of the same township, also brought to our office, in a small bottle, thousands of these destructive little insects, which he picked from a small piece of clay. It is to be hoped that they will do no damage.—*Mitchell Advocate.*

MIRACLE.

A YOUNG MAN IN SOMERSET, E.T., PRESERVED FOR A WEEK, FED AND WATCHED BY THE VIRGIN.

A young man named Joseph Le Clerc, son of a farmer living in the Township of Somerset, Eastern Townships, aged about 33 years, and dumb from his birth, who is described as a "model of piety," though a little imbecile, left his father's house on the 2nd of May, and, to the great alarm and solicitude of his parents, could not be found anywhere up to the 18th of the same month. On this day ten men went out in search of the truant, and, after some search, found him on the banks of the River Noire, not far from its junction with the Becancour. He was without shoes, and lightly clad; but, although the weather for some time previous had been almost wintry, he did not seem to have suffered from cold. To the eager questions put to him by the discoverers, he gave the following account of himself:—Seeing that he had lost his way, he lay down and considered how he might best employ his time. He then set to work to clear the bush and had actually succeeded in making about a quarter of an acre of ground tolerably presentable. He averred that he had never suffered the least from hunger; that a tall lady in white, very beautiful and amiable, had every day brought him two supplies of food, consisting of a sort of large round biscuits, far better than any biscuits he had ever seen before. She came to him, flying, and at night covered him carefully with a large quilt, which kept him quite warm. All this, says the communication in the *Union des Cantons,* to which we are indebted for the story, he related in a simple, natural manner, without any sign of deception.

The aforesaid communication concludes thus:

There are the certain facts. Who can explain them otherwise than by a mysterious protection of Heaven? If not, we must start many suppositions, and it is *more natural to believe that the Holy Virgin condescended to take care of this young man and to restore him in safety to his family as a reward for their virtue.*

We leave this verdict to the judgment or imagination of our readers.—*Montreal Gazette.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Notice to Sellers of Petroleum—A. Graham.
Her Majesty's Theatre—Hamall's Serenaders.
Annual Pic-Nic—Sapper's Fire Company.
Skating Rink Music Hall—Edmund Coles.

The Ottawa Times

TUESDAY, JUNE 16, 1868.

☞ *For Markets see Fourth Page.*

WITHOUT passing judgment upon the merits or defects of the petition of the Anglican Synod of the Diocese of Toronto, to the QUEEN and Imperial Parliament, praying that the measure for what is called the "dis-establishment" of the Irish Church may not become law, we venture the assertion that interference on the part of any body of men, lay, clerical, or mixed, in Canada, with the internal politics of the Mother Country, is in extremely bad taste. When we appeal to the Parliament of the Empire concerning our own affairs, we expect to be, and are, treated with every consideration; but when we, whose internal politics and administration are unaffected by the home legislation of the Empire, presume to press our opinions as deserving of any weight in arriving at a decision, we are taking on airs which are little likely to be appreciated at home.

The question, it may be said, is a religious one, and as such does not come within the scope of the secular journalist to discuss. But it is a Parliamentary one, and as such to be dealt with by the representatives of the electoral body of Great Britain and Ireland. It is, however, a very irritating question, and one which the people of Canada can well afford to leave to the British and Irish press and Parliament to dispose of without transferring the contest to this country, which has happily long passed over a serious agitation on a somewhat similar, but less momentous, question—that of the secularization of the Reserves. To take part in the struggle on one side presumes the right to enter the lists on the other, and even the members of the Anglican Synod must be fully aware that the sentiment of the people of Ontario is overwhelmingly in favor of Mr. GLADSTONE's policy, not merely as a means for the pacification of Ireland, which every *friend of the Empire desires to see promoted*; but also to a great degree as a principle, many of our people being believers in voluntaryism from religious conviction. If, then, Canada is to enter into the struggle, if its opinion is to be accounted as of any weight in the British Parliament upon this question—and the action of the Synod implies that it ought to be—it is clear that Mr. GLADSTONE will be reinforced by a number of adherents equal, or nearly so, to all the supporters he will have in the Ancient Kingdom of Scotland. Of course the support from either side in this country, will be but a moral support, and of this Mr. GLADSTONE has already the example and experience of Canada in his favor; and though the sentiments expressed by the Anglican Synod are only such as the majority of its members might be expected to hold, we believe it would have been the more dignified course to have merely given them public expression, without imposing their consideration on the Imperial Parliament.

The settlement of the question, no matter how it goes on the first appeal to the people, will doubtless be the cause of much excitement, both in England and Ireland. That excitement will re-act upon this country; and without the formal participation of any of the religious bodies in the agitation, we shall certainly have quite as much feeling concerning it as will be useful, perhaps a little more than is desirable. We should discuss it, therefore, as we discussed the Reform Bill, as we daily discuss any question of purely British politics, as on lookers interested, indeed, because we are interested in all that concerns the Empire, but not as individually taking part in the struggle, whatever we may feel respecting the issue. By such a course, which is the only proper one for us who have a Parliament and Legislatures of our own, we shall avoid all the evils of a political contest on a question, in the decision of which our voices would count for nothing. But if one party begins to petition Parliament in favor of the Irish establishment, another might, with equal show of reason, petition against it, and if we got our deserts in such a case, we ought to be civilly told to mind our own business. Assuredly, we can gain nothing by actively participating in the home politics of the Empire; and though we are not at all surprised that the Synod should have expressed its opinion, or that that opinion should have been in favor of the indefinite maintenance of the *status quo* in Ireland, we think we are but doing a service to the members of that body by shewing them that by petitioning the Imperial Parliament they either immensely weaken the cause they intend to support, or they place their views before a tribunal which ought not to take them into account in deciding the question to which they relate. If Canada is to be consulted, then the opinion of Canada is overwhelmingly adverse to the views put forth by the Synod; but, we think, Canada ought not to be consulted and ought not to press its opinion. We oppose the agitation upon Irish grievances in this country, for the very solid reason that this country has no means of remedying them, and we ought to be fair to all parties: if we hold that those who complain of an "alien church," absenteeism, and the want of a properly regulated land tenure in Ireland should not draw Canada into the vortex of agitation for the removal of their grievances, we ought surely to mete the same measure to those who from an exactly opposite standpoint invite us to buckle on our armor at the cry of "the church in danger." The decision of the Imperial Parliament will not be affected by anything that Canadians may say upon the question, and if Canadians have a care for their reputation for good sense, they will not bore the Imperial Legislature with their opinions, either for or against "dis-establishment."

FOR a choice selection of pickles, sauces &c., go to Bate & Co, 52 Spark-st. 762d

VERY LIKELY.

"A statement is made in a Ministerial paper that Mr. Howland will be installed as Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario on the 1st day of July. We have heard it urged that the 4th of July is the more probable day."—*Globe*, 13th

There is little wit and a great deal of impertinence in the above. The day was when the *Globe* deprecated such insinuations as that to which it now vainly trusts for giving point to its remark. It has been exceedingly careful to give adverse opinions from such journals as have expressed them, and has spoken without authority for the Conservatives in the matter of the Lieutenant-Governorship. Will it now be kind enough to give us the sentiments of the adherents to the platform of the June Convention? These are the men for whom the *Globe* ought to speak, but for them it is silent. Have they no opinions? Has the *Globe* no opinion of its own on the probable appointment of the Hon. W.P. HOWLAND to the Lieutenant-Governorship? Or, has it come down to the point of distrusting its own reckless judgment on this, as on other matters—the Fenian scare to wit—and relying solely on what it has "heard" as a guide to its followers? Speak out, big brother, and show the world that you still have a mind of your own! Let us see whether you have the courage to condemn the elevation to this office of the man who so long occupied the front rank in the Reform party, and who never joined hands with the "Tories" until invited to do so by the Hon. GEORGE BROWN.

IT will be seen from the concluding sentences of the following article, which we copy from the *Leader* of Saturday, that there is a suspicion that the *Globe* may possibly have had something of an aim beyond maintaining its prophetic character, in its mischievous attempt to get up an excitement on the Fenian question, which we exposed yesterday. The *Leader* says:

"The *Globe* had an article yesterday on the threatened Fenian raid, which is calculated to do great injury to the country. Were it written for the special purpose of creating alarm and unsettling the trade of the country, it could not have been worded in terms better fitted to produce these ends. It says the raid has already commenced, and as proof of this it states that as many as forty Fenians went from Port Huron to Buffalo on Tuesday last. We have the best reason for stating that this is not true. It then calls upon the Government 'to order into the field at once—this very day—the whole volunteer and regular force of the country.'

"We cannot too strongly condemn this sort of language at this particular moment. It can have no object except to excite the whole people of the country unnecessarily. We cannot resist the belief which forces itself upon us, that the sources of information possessed by the Government are quite as reliable as those of our contemporary. It is likely to know, quite as well as the *Globe*, if there is to be a raid, and when it will probably take place. Is any one so mad as to believe that, if the Government anticipates a raid, it will not have made every preparation to meet it? As a matter of fact we know that every precaution has been taken; that the military and volunteers are prepared at any moment to take the field, if their services should be required, and what is of much greater importance, that *there is no foundation whatever for the statements and insinuations made in yesterday's Globe*. It has already been decided upon to form camps at Sarnia and other points on the frontier, and there will be no delay in carrying out this determination. Were the *Globe* merely beating the air when it calls upon the Government to do that which it has already decided to do, its frenzy would be of no very great importance. But when it creates public distrust; when it encourages the idea that we are not prepared to meet a raid, whilst, as a matter of fact, the very reverse is the case, it does grievous injury to the country. It creates uneasiness in the public mind, when there is no occasion for it. There need be no alarm so long as the Government is on the alert and quite prepared to meet any emergency that may arise.

"We have held this position throughout that there may be a raid. The Fenians probably think that as Mr. Johnson is still on the cards and by no means the weakest of the Democratic candidates for the Presidency, he will not venture to stop them coming into Canada, should they determine upon making a raid before the 4th of July, the day on which the Democratic Convention is to be held in New York. We shall not pretend to say how far they may be right in these calculations. We only know that if they come they will have a hot time; and meanwhile there is no occasion why any one should be unduly moved. The whole country may rest quiet in the conviction that there is the most thorough preparation to meet the cut-throat scoundrels who are following Gen. O'Neil to certain destruction, should they cross the border, and *that there is no ground for the reckless statements of our contemporary*. Under such circumstances the conduct of the *Globe* is madness; but there may be a 'method' in it which lies some distance beneath the surface. This is the danger of such exceedingly wild and dangerous talking, based as it is upon the flimsiest shadows.

"Our morning despatches confirm the statements we have made above upon good authority. There are no outside Fenians in Buffalo; and it is suggested that the *Globe's* disgraceful, bugaboo story is the work of Canadian speculators. Is the whole country to suffer that the *Globe* and its friends may benefit thereby?"

THE Montreal *News* comments on the opposition which the Militia Bill received in Canada, and says:

"On the other side of the Atlantic, Lord Elcho was the first to recognize and pay homage, in the British Commons, to the statesmanlike policy of Sir George Cartier. He has been followed by the *Army and Navy Gazette*, which eulogizes the Canadian Bill, alleging that England needs such a measure, but that hitherto ministers have shrunk from advocating the principle of enforced service. There is not a hint uttered about depreciating the volunteers or impairing their usefulness. This compliment is all the greater, on account of its novelty. When British statesmen accept Canadian legislation on militia affairs as a model of excellence, we must thank Sir George Cartier for the honor, and he must derive some consolation from the discovery that he is lauded for his bold and comprehensive scheme by critics who have no motive for praising him. In England, volunteering has attained such importance,—its organization is so perfect and extended,—that it has risen to the proportions of a national force. It turns out twenty and thirty thousand of the *elite* of the population—well armed, equipped and trained to take part in a review. It costs the Imperial Treasury some fifteen hundred thousand dollars annually, besides immense sums devoted to rifle matches. Now if there was anything in Sir George Cartier's measures, humiliating or damaging to volunteers—we should hardly find either Lord Elcho or the *Army and Navy Gazette* so vehemently commending the adoption of a similar bill, and we accept their commendations as a solid proof, that our Minister of Militia's policy is acceptable to those most qualified to offer an opinion as to its worth, and a conclusive and crushing reply to that portion of the Opposition press which condemned him. Lord Elcho was one of the founders of the Volunteer system in England,—he has been its firm friend under adverse circumstances, he is still a great authority with that force, as it looks to him for counsel and aid. We may therefore assume, that when he implores the Government at home to borrow its policy from our Minister of Militia, he believed, and was satisfied that he was rendering a service to the volunteer cause."

WE understand that the Civil Service Commission commenced its labors yesterday. All the members were present.

THE OTTAWA MURDER.—We learn that John O'Farrell, Esq., of this city, has been engaged to defend the prisoner Whelan, who now stands charged with the murder of the Hon. T. D. McGee.—*Quebec Chronicle.*

And the Ottawa correspondent of the *Globe* learns that the Hon. Mr. JOHN HILLYARD CAMERON is to undertake the defence of WHELAN. Who is right?

LADY WINDHAM met with a serious accident on Saturday afternoon, in Montreal, having been thrown out of her carriage and severely bruised. The papers of yesterday morning report her ladyship as progressing favorably towards recovery.

THE *Gazette* of yesterday says:

"Detective Cullen is still progressing favorably, and may be considered in a great measure out of danger. The ball appears to have been fired from the smallest size Smith & Wesson revolver, the diameter of which is about that of a good-sized pea, which makes it difficult to extract under any circumstances."

SNIDER rifles have now been served out to all the companies in the Civil Service Regiment.

CITY COUNCIL.

CITY HALL, June 15, 1868.

A regular meeting of the City Council was held in the City Hall last evening.

Present—His Worship the Mayor, Ald. Rochester, Pratt, Cunningham, Hunter, Bangs, Featherston, Goulden, Martineau, Guerard and Mosgrove.

A number of petitions were presented and referred.

A communication was presented from Mr. McGann on behalf of the institution for the education of deaf mutes was received and placed on fyle.

A communication was also read from the Under Secretary of State, informing the Council that their communication in reference to the Street Railroad, praying the Government to disallow the same, had been received by the Department, and would be submitted to the consideration of His Excellency the Governor-General.

His Worship informed the Council that he had forwarded to the Governor-General the engrossed address to Her Majesty, on the attempted assassination of Prince Alfred, agreed to by the Council.

His Worship also stated that having learned semi-officially that the Governor-General was about leaving the city, he had communicated with His Excellency as to the ceremonies usual on such occasions, but had been informed that owing to the early hour in the morning at which he was to leave the city, he wished to do so quietly, and requested that all ceremony might be dispensed with.

The ninth report of the Finance Committee recommended the payment of several accounts.

Ald. Cunningham moved, seconded by Ald. Goulden, that the report be received and adopted. A considerable discussion took place as to the payment for the unfinished sidewalk on Rideau-st, which has been carried as far as Cumberland-st. and ended in a precipice. The motion was put and carried.

The Market Committee presented their report, which was received and adopted.

The Court of Revision and Committee on Assessment reported in favor of the remission of certain taxes for various reasons which was adopted.

His Worship in reference to the celebration of the first of July as "Dominion day," said as no celebration had been appointed by Government, he submitted for the consideration of the council, the propriety of providing a lunch for the city volunteers on that day as one of the elements of the celebration, and also he would suggest the supplementing the pay of the volunteers by allowing 25 cents per day to each man who may be called out for active service.

Ald. Martineau suggested that the City Council should have a lunch provided for them too, which was received with a laugh.

The Mayor said he had intended shortly to have the pleasure of inviting the members to a lunch to celebrate the recent improvements in the City Hall, but if they preferred Dominion Day he should have much pleasure in entertaining the members of the Council on that day.

Ald. Cunningham moved, seconded by Ald. Pratt, that a lunch should be provided for the volunteers, and that the Government pay of the volunteers be supplemented by the corporation to the extent of 25 cents per day if called out for active service. Several members expressed fears that the city could not bear the expense of a celebration such as it ought to be, and if not made worthy of the capital it would be better not to be made at all.

Ald. Cunningham altered his resolution so as to omit the celebration, but to supplement the pay of the Volunteers by 25 cents per day, and was carried unanimously.

The printing Committee then presented their report, on which a discussion arose as to the cost of printing this year as compared with former years.

Ald. Mosgrove gave it as his opinion that the printing this year would amount to a thousand dollars. The report was adopted.

The Market and Finance Report and the Engineer's reports were also received.

The Engineer's report recommended that the city should acquire the property known as the parade ground, which was about to be put in the market.

The By-law to prevent cows and goats from running at large was read a first time.

Ald. Cunningham suggested that a By-law be made to compel parties to keep in repair the sidewalk entrances to their premises over which they drive loaded teams.

Alderman Rochester suggested that a By-law should be made to muzzle dogs or keep them confined during a certain portion of the summer season.

The Board of Works reported in favor of certain public improvements.

The Mayor stated that Mr. Slater had agreed, to flush the By-Wash for the purpose of cleansing it once a week.

The usual amount of discussion about ward appropriations grew out of the report, each ward contending that its appropriation was insufficient, whilst every other contended it was too much in proportion to its own. The discussion lasted till nearly eleven o'clock when the report was adopted, and the council adjourned.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

MR. EDITOR,—Through the medium of the city daily papers of the 12th inst., the public at large from one end of our beloved Dominion to the other, are erroneously informed by the "Committee of Management," in its 7th and *last* report to the Board of Trustees of Common Schools for this city, that, in the report from the Albert-st. School, Wellington Ward, for the month of April last, the "average attendance per month is not given." Naturally feeling the *weight* of this, I beg leave to state through the same channel of communication, most respectfully and deferentially, but firmly and positively that, in the said report for the month of April last, from both departments of the Albert-st. School, Wellington Ward, the "average attendance per month" *is given*; and *correctly given*, in strict accordance with the meaning and proper interpretation of the words, "average attendance per month."

I may further state that, voluntarily on my part, the average *attendance* per day, during the month, are also given.

Upon what grounds of consideration the "Committee" reached its conclusion to the contrary of this, I am entirely at a loss to conjecture.

I am, Sir, very respectfully yours,
C. H. TUCKER,
Principal of the Albert-st. School,
Wellington Ward.

Ottawa, June 15th, 1868.

BOG OAK JEWELLERY.—Very handsome sets of bog oak jewellery can be had at Young & Radford's, at $1 per set.

MAGEE AND RUSSELL's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

THE SHIPPING IN THE NEW DOMINION.

To the Editor of THE TIMES:

One of the first principles of equity being "that where there is a right, there is also a remedy," and not knowing exactly where the remedy is, I write for the purpose of finding one.

Having bought a small sloop or scow from an American citizen, I wished to have her made a "British ship." This can only be done in two ways: first, if she is over 15 tons, getting her registered under the Merchant Shipping Act; if she is under paying the duties and entering her as if she were a horse, or any other chattel. There is only *one* place of registry for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec, and that is at Montreal, so that you have to take your vessel to Montreal, or else get her measured by some person appointed to measure under the Act. Mr. Mingaye, of Kingston, is appointed to measure vessels of this kind, and is, I believe, the only person who is appointed. The vessel has therefore to be taken to Kingston, or Mr. Mingaye paid for coming to the vessel. Now if this sloop had been as large as the *Great Eastern* I would have had no trouble, but as she happened to be 16 tons Provincial measurement there was great trouble. I wrote to Montreal, but they said the vessel was too small for registry. I wrote to Mr. Mingaye, and he telegraphed back the vessel was too small for registry. I came to the conclusion those officers should know, and I went to the Collector of Customs here, and offered to pay the duties, and he said she was too *large* for entry. What a nondescript vessel! She is too small for registry, and too large to pay the duties! What a strange vessel! Truly her name may be called "Inconsistency!"

"Inconsistency thy name is woman," but Shakespeare never had any dealings with Custom House officers, or he would not have made that statement.

In the meantime, while Mr. A. is studying the law and writing to Mr. C., and Mr. D. is telegraphing to Mr. F. and Mr. G., and Mr. H. and Mr. K., and a great many are being consulted, the vessel is still lying idle, the owner losing $3.00 a day and the wages of his men, and for days there was a bother and trouble. At last it was proved that Mr. Mingaye was right, the vessel was too small, under *Imperial measurement* being only 12 tons, and the collectors took the duties, and the vessel started. There is a remedy somewhere, and I should like to know where it is—for surely in a country like Canada, men are not to be deprived of their time and money for nothing, when they are endeavoring to do what is right. If Government has too slow and too inactive servants, ought not Government to pay for the damage done by such servants? Government or some of its numerous followers should look into the Shipping Acts, and have the following amendments made:

1st. Every surveyor now entitled to measure vessels under the Provincial Act should be appointed to measure under the Imperial Act. It is perfect folly, and a downright imposition to compel owners to sail to Kingston, fifty, or sixty miles, to have their vessels registered.

2nd amendment. The Government of the Dominion should endeavor to do away with the system of consular certificates now made necessary by the American Government. An American vessel sailing from Brockville cannot stop at Prescott, but for every cargo the owner of the lumber has to get a consul's certificate at Prescott to enter the lumber in Ogdensburg. There is no possible good in these certificates, except to the consuls, and there is a great damage done to both countries on account of them, for, as the certificate is granted on the vessel and not on the cargo, the owner of the lumber wishes to employ large vessels, as he has to pay as much for a large as a small vessel. The consequence is that small craft cannot get loads, and of course are not built, thus the people of both countries are losing the advantage of numerous small craft, the training of good seamen, and the commercial benefits.

A VICTIM.

Brockville, June 12, 1868.

LOCAL NEWS.

FOR jams and jellies go to Bate & Co., 52, Spark-st. 7624

MAGEE AND RUSSELL's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

THE COUNTY COUNCIL.—The County Council of Carleton met yesterday, and adjourned till this morning.

SKATING RINK MUSIC HALL.—A theatrical company is advertised to make its appearance at the Skating Rink to-morrow evening and five succeding evenings, in new and great dramatic performances. This company has just concluded a two months' engagement at the Montreal and Quebec theatres. Mr. Edmund Coles appear as the principal tragedian.

HAMALL'S SERENADERS.—This troupe performed last night at Her Majesty's Theatre to a very large audience. They seemed to give general satisfaction by their large and varied programme. The troupe performs again this evening, and to-morrow night. Notwithstanding the crowded state of the house, and the warmness of the evening, the theatre was very cool and comfortable; the arrangements for ventilation are now excellent.

THE LACROSSE MATCH TO-MORROW.—The following are the names of the Indians to play in the Lacrosse match to-morrow: Feshee, Soasen, Sose, Rofesha, Ennias, Savatis, Shoterioskon, Mark, Kiswats, Eustache. A champion half-mile race, open to the city, is also to come off at the same time. We have not learned at what hour, or at what place, the match is to come off, but full particulars will doubtless be made known in to-morrow's issue.

MR. STOCKDALE'S TEAM RECOVERED.—The team which we announced yesterday, as having been run away with, returned home yesterday afternoon. Mr. Stockdale's brother having been despatched last Friday in quest of the team, found one horse that had been traded off for another, and fifteen dollars to boot, at Pakenham; and at Almonte, the other horse of Mr. Stockdale's, with the new one, the thief having there taken the train, and hastened with all speed to the nearest point of embarkation for his native land, where he is now perhaps operating upon his own people.

POLICE COURT.—Fifteen cabmen were summoned to answer to the charge of neglecting to have the tariff of fares in their carriages. A few of them defended themselves. They were all dismissed with costs, and a caution against violating the by-law in future.—Alexis Trudeau *vs.* Margaret Hilliard, for breaking his window contrary to the by-law. The defence set up was that the defendant, whose husband was the landlord, went to the house, as her husband's agent, to distrain for rent, which the prosecution answered by the statement that in no case could the wife act in such capacity without being accompanied by her husband. The magistrate held that the act did not come within the spirit of the by-law, and dismissed the case without costs. Mr. Mosgrove defended, and Mr. Lapierre prosecuted, and gave notice of appeal from the decision.

MURDEROUS ASSAULT IN PRESCOTT.—On Sunday evening, about seven o'clock, a murderous assault was perpetrated in Prescott, on a sailor belonging to the gunboat *Minstrel*, by a man named Young. It seems that the sailor, whose name we did not learn, remarked in the hearing of a man named Flynn that he had been insulted. On this, Flynn made some remarks, and the two got to fighting, in which the sailor was said to be getting the best of it. A friend of Flinn's, named Young, who was standing by, seeing Flynn getting the worst of the fight, seized a large stone and struck the sailor in the forehead with it, knocking him unconscious. The unfortunate man was immediately conveyed on board the gunboat, and was said to be in a very precarious condition. Flynn was rowed across the river by some of his friends, and at the time our informant left, Young had not been arrested.

THE FETE DIEU.—On Sunday the usual procession, or *Fete Dieu*, took place in this city, in commemoration of the Religious Festival of *Corpus Christi*, which by the calendar happened on Thursday last, but in this country is always celebrated on the following Sunday. The day was beautiful, though, perhaps, a little too warm for comfort, and the streets through which the procession passed were lined with respectful onlookers or earnest participators in the ceremony. The procession was formed at a little before noon, and proceeded up Sussex-st. to Murray-st, thence down Murray-st. to Cumberland-st., thence to St. Patrick or "Church" st, and back to the Cathedral. The streets were planted with a profusion of evergreens, and numerous festooned arches were stretched from side to side. At the corner of Cumberland-st. a magnificent altar or "repository" was erected, and at two other points on the line of march. The different societies in connection with the Cathedral, the Nuns, the students of the University, the boys of the Brothers' school, &c., &c., joined in the ceremony, as well as a large number of the members of the Cathedral and other R. C. congregations in the city.

DROWNED WHILST BATHING.—On Sunday afternoon a young French Canadian named Paul Girardin, who for some time had been a resident of the Ottawa College, with the intention of becoming a lay brother, obtained permission to go and bathe. He went, and selected a spot at the Rideau river, near the Bishop's farm. He went into the water, and swam in company with another Frenchman about half way across the river. Two or three others were fishing at the bank of the river, and observed him, as they thought, playing in the water, for it was plain that he was a good swimmer, and when he was in reality sinking, they thought he was diving. When the Frenchman who was with him came to shore he said he heard him say *oh! mon Dieu*, but did not think there was any danger until all was over. Assistance was immediately obtained to search for the body, which was not recovered until it had been nearly three hours in the water. When found it was placed in the premises on the Bishop's farm, and was watched there during the night. Yesterday morning an inquest was held on the body, by George Patterson, Esq., County Coroner. John Brennan, Peter Rogers, and a person named Waite, were examined as witnesses, but nothing of importance, beyond the above facts, was elicited, and the jury returned as their verdict that the deceased, Paul Girardin, came to his death by accidental drowning in the Rideau river whilst bathing. Just a year ago the deceased man saved two persons from drowning in the Lachine Rapids. On the morning of his death he had attended the procession of the *fete Dieu*, had walked thence to the college, whence he walked in the heat of the day a considerable distance to the place chosen for bathing, and was probably overheated and somewhat fatigued, and was most likely sized with congestion or cramp, to which he was compelled to succumb. This being the season when most people have a very proper desire to bathe, it should be known to all that there are conditions of the body, in which bathing cannot safely be indulged in. The principal one is *fatigue*, when the body is unable to produce the reaction which should always take place to prevent congestion. A careful observance of this law would prevent many of the injurious and fatal consequences arising from ignorance of the effects of the application of water to the body. The general belief is that it is dangerous to bathe only when one is "hot," but the truth really is the hotter the better, provided the heat has not been produced by such exercise as to *fatigue* the body. When fatigued and incapable of producing reaction, whether the body be hot or cold, bathing is in the highest degree dangerous, often producing fatal congestion. Water is one of the most powerful and valuable therapeutic agents in all nature, and there are few, if any, conditions beyond what we have mentioned in which its moderate use in bathing would fail to produce beneficial results.

PAPER MONEY AND TAXES.

PAPER MONEY.

Russia	12 per cent. discount
Italy	15 per cent. discount
Turkey	20 per cent. discount
United States	40 per cent. discount
Brazil	50 per cent. discount

TAXES.

France	$7.97 *per capita*
England	10.92 *per capita*
United States	16.00 *per capita*

A SAD STORY.—The saddest story that we ever read was that of a child in Switzerland, a pet boy—just as yours is, reader—whom his mother, one bright morning, rigged out in a beautiful jacket all shining with silk and buttons, and gay as a mother's love could make it, and then permitted him to go out to play. He scarcely stepped from the door of the "Swiss cottage," when an enormous eagle swooped him from the ground and bore him to his nest, high up among the mountains, and yet within sight of the house of which he had been the joy. There he was killed and devoured, the eyre being at a point which was literally inaccessible to man, so that no relief could be afforded. In tearing the child to pieces the eagle had so placed the gay jacket in the nest that it became a fixture there, and whenever the wind blew it would flutter, and the sun would shine on its lovely trimmings and ornaments. For years it was visible from the lowlands, long after the eagle had abandoned her nest. What a sight it must have been for the parents of that little victim.

—The Paris correspondent of the *Morning Star* writes: The Pontifical army is to receive the addition of an American contingent, to consist of volunteers from the North and South without distinction of party, who will form a corps to be styled the American Rifles. These men are to be paid and equipped by voluntary subscriptions paid into the hands of the Catholic bishops of America. The Federal General Jarvis is organizing this contingent, which will be commanded by Captain Middleton, a young and distinguished officer of the Confederate army. No officer will be enrolled who has not seen active service.

—Lord Brougham originated the phrase "the schoolmaster is abroad" in one of his speeches on the Reform Bill.

MAGEE AND RUSSELL's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

FOR soups and potted meats go to Bate & Co., 52 Spark-st. 762d

CARPETS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS.—Garland Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality. They have just received a large stock and invite the attention of parties furnishing to it. Purchasers will find their stock in this department second to none in Ottawa. 583-y

MESSRS. Young & Radford having secured the services of first-class working jewellers in etruscan, filagree, plain, fancy and solid gold work, and having made large additions to their work shop are now better prepared to execute any orders with which they may be entrusted than heretofore. Masonic jewels gold and silver medals, and every kind of gold and silver work done on the shortest possible notice. Remember the place, 30 Sparks-st., and encourage home manufacture

FINE coral jewellery, bog oak jewellery and a large collection of other goods suitable for wedding and other presents can be seen at Young & Radford's; all new and choice goods and will be sold cheap.

Latest by Telegraph.

FROM TORONTO.

The "Heron" on a Cruise—The Volunteer Organization—Rev. Mr. Punshon—Rifle Match of the Queen's Own—The Coming Races.

Special to THE TIMES.

The gunboat *Heron* has left for a cruise on the St. Lawrence East of Kingston.

The *Globe* believes the volunteers were never so perfectly organized as at present.

Rev. Mr. Punshon preached yesterday. The admission was by ticket. Large numbers of people stood at the door throughout the service.

The rifle match of the Queen's Own was held to-day on garrison common. The prizes are to be presented to-morrow night by Adjutant-General McDougall.

Great interest is shown in the approaching races. Several entries are already made.

CABLE NEWS

(*Via* Montreal Line.)

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

LONDON, June 14.—The Sultan and his new Cabinet are maturing a plan to permit persons of foreign birth, residing in Turkey, to legally hold property, which right is to be guaranteed by treaties with Foreign Powers.

LONDON, June 14.—It is most generally understood that Ministers will make an appeal to the country, on questions at issue between them and the House of Commons. Parliament is to be dissolved in October. The election will take place during November, and on the 9th the meeting of the new Parliament will take place. It is announced that ex-Governor Eyre, of Jamaica, will contest the seat of John Stuart, member of Parliament for Westminster, London, on the coming election.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

The London Press on the Appointment of Mr. Reverdy Johnson as Minister to Great Britain.

LONDON, June 14.—Telegrams from New York announce the nomination and confirmation of the Hon. Reverdy Johnson, as Minister to England, *vice* Mr. Adams, resigned, were duly received in this city.

The *Daily News* to-day has an editorial article on the subject, stating that the long experience and training, and high character of Mr. Johnson, are guarantees that he will represent the United States as a whole, and not sectionally.

The *Times* closes a lengthy article with the following words. "No envoy could be sent here who would be hailed with more confidence as the honored spokesman of a great nation. The unanimous ratification of his nomination by the Senate is an unexampled testimonial, His intellect is admirably trained to discuss the pending or probable issues with precision, impartiality, and dignity of character, breadth of learning and charm of manners.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Via Montreal Line.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Base Ball.

SYRACUSE, June 13.—The Atlantics, of Brooklyn, and Central City Club, of Syracuse, played a match game of base ball, resulting after a close contest in favor of the Atlantics by a score of 20 to 14. The Atlantics left at midnight for the Falls, where they play on Monday with the Young Canadians, of Woodstock, Ont.

Destructive Fire.

BOSTON, June 14.—The extensive print factories of Henry Wood & Co., Willesby, Mass., was burned this morning. Loss very heavy

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, June 15.—The *Post's* financial article says money is unchanged.
Governments strong, also shares.
Exchanges steady.
Gold closed at 140½.

Mexico—The Revolution against Juarez.

The *Herald's* Vera Cruz correspondence of May 31, says the *Pronunciamento* of Auraliano Rivera, against Juarez, is published. Rivera was so completely supported by so many prominent persons, that it was probable the whole country would be in confusion again. Neget was trying to co-operate with Rivera, and it is asserted that neither Corana nor Diaz is a strong supporter of the present administration.

Mr. Reverdy Johnson Accepts the Mission to Great Britain.

The *Tribune's* special says Reverdy Johnson called on the President, and accepted the position of Minister to England, and informed the President that he will be ready to depart as soon as his instructions shall have been prepared. The President replied that the Secretary of State is absent, but that as soon as he returns the Minister's instructions shall be prepared. This will require some days, as they will embody full and ample authority to adjust the long pending *Alabama* claims. It is understood to be the intention of our Government to bring about a speedy settlement of the questions at issue, and that is the principal reason for sending Mr. Johnson to England at this time. The plan which our Government will propose it is thought will be acceptable by the English Government.

The Democratic Candidates.

The *Sun's* special says all the President's friends have dropped Hancock, and are working for Chase against Pembleton, to destroy the latter, and secure the nomination of Johnson. Pembleton's friends say that they will go for some new man before they will allow Johnson to be nominated.

The Overland Mail Contract.

The overland carrying mail has been awarded to Carltan Spaids, of Chicago, at $1,000 per day, to be reduced *pro rata* as the railroads are completed.

Agitation against Secretary McCulloch.

The *National Intelligencer* urges the necessity of the removal of Secretary McCulloch at once, and setting forth the grievances of the friends of the administration against McCulloch.

The Mission to Costa Rica.

WASHINGTON, June 5.—The President withdrew from the Senate. The nomination of Mr. Mott as Minister to Costa Rica, at that gentleman's own request.

HEALTH IS STRENGTH.—To prevent or conquer disease is one of the grandest attainments ever aimed at by man; and Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers will as sure by cure coughs, colds, tickling in the throat and pulmonary complaints, as war and pestilence will destroy. Severe colds if not attended to sooner or later lead to incurable consumption, and the strength of the strongest soon fails if neglected. The readiest and best means known for the cure of these complaints is "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers," which have been thoroughly tried for the last twenty years, and have never been known to fail. Singers and public speakers will also derive great benefit from the use of them. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts. per box.

THE RECIPROCITY TREATY.—The American press do not seem to be at all satisfied whether the Reciprocity Treaty is beneficial or a detriment to the prosperity of the American Government, but it is gratifying to see that on some points the United States press and the Canadians agree, and one is that the Canadian Pain Destroyer is the best thing for the cure of coughs, colds, frost-bites, rheumatism, &c. Sold by all medicine dealers at twenty-five cents per bottle.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

MR. GIANELLI, Proprietor of the CANADA HOUSE, CALEDONIA SPRINGS, spares neither money nor exertions to promote the comfort and enjoyment of all who patronize his establishment. 767-3

RETIRING FROM BUSINESS.

Great Cheap Sale of Dry Goods!

As GEO. FEATHERSTON & CO.,

Intend winding up their business in AUGUST NEXT. They will from this date offer their large stock of

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,

At greatly reduced prices for cash as the whole must be disposed of by the 24th day of AUGUST. The following list of prices will satisfy all that this is a chance rarely to be met with, and will be for the benefit of every one to take advantage of.

Full width Prints from	4½d per yard.	Grey Cottons	from 4½d per yard.
Printed Muslins "	6d "	Silk Parasols	" 2s 6d each.
" Delaines "	4½ "	Hoop Skirts	" 10½ "
6-4 Alpacca Lustres "	7½ "	Canadian Full Cloth	" 2s 11d per yard.
Cobourgs "	9 "		

A large lot of Women's White Cotton Hose, from 4½d per pair. A lot of Summer Shawls from 11s 3d to 27s 6d, usual price from 17s 6d to 40s. A lot of cloths for Boy's, Summer Wear, very cheap, and all other goods proportionately low.

Shop to Rent from 1st Sept. Next.

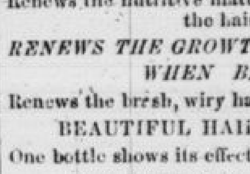
GEO. FEATHERSTON & CO.,
34 Sparks-street, Centre Town.

Ottawa, June 15, 1868. 768-2m

STATEMENT of the Provincial Notes in circulation Wednesday, the 3rd June, 1868, and of the Specie held against them at Montreal and Toronto, according to the Returns of the Commissioners under the Provincial Note Act:

Provincial Notes in circulation—		
Payable at Montreal	$2,718,809 00	
Payable at Toronto	1,030,191 00	
		$3,749,000 00
Specie held—		
At Montreal	450,000 00	
At Toronto	350,000 00	
		800,000 00
Debentures held by the Receiver General under the Provincial Note Act		$3,000,000 00

JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.
Audit Office, Ottawa, June, 1868.



HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

RENEWS THE HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR WHEN GRAY.

Renews the nutritive matter which nourishes the hair.

RENEWS THE GROWTH OF THE HAIR WHEN BALD.

Renews the brash, wiry hair to silken softness.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR DRESSING.

One bottle shows its effects.

R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N.H., Proprietors.

For sale by all druggists. 762dwd

Bronchitis, Coughs, Asthma,
And all disorders of the THROAT and LUNGS, are relieved by using "Brown's Bronchial Troches."

"I have been afflicted with Bronchitis during the past winter, and found no relief until I found your 'BRONCHIAL TROCHES.'
C. H. GARDINER,
Principal of Rutger's Female Institute, New York.'

"Almost instant relief in the distressing labor of breathing peculiar to Asthma."
REV. A. C. EGGLESTON, New York.

"It gives me great pleasure to certify to the efficacy of your Bronchial Troches, in an affliction of the throat and voice, induced by public singing. They have suited my case exactly, relieving my throat and clearing the voice so that I could sing with ease.
T. DUCHARME,
Chorister French Parish Church, Montreal.'

'When somewhat hoarse from cold or over-exertion in public speaking, I have uniformly found Brown's Troches afford relief.
HENRY WILKES, D. D.,
Pastor of Zion Church, Montreal."

Sold by all dealers in medicines at 25 cents a box.

To Consumptives.—The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, FREE, by return mail, will please address, REV. EDWARD WILSON, Williamsburg, Kings Co., New York.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* ☞ and take no other. ☜ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 578y

BIRTH.

On the 14th inst., the wife of G. Mann, Esq., of a son.

MARRIED.

On the 15th inst., at the residence of the bride's mother, by the Rev. Wm. Moore, Thos. Russell, Esq., to Georgina Rogers, only daughter of the late John Rogers, Esq. All of Ottawa.

DIED.

Died at the residence of J. J. Browne, Esq., in Pakenham, on the 15th instant, D. T. Browne, jr., aged 28 years.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

NOTICE TO PARTIES selling PETROLEUM or COAL OIL, or having the same in possession.

Office of the Collector of Inland Revenue for the Division of County of Carleton, Ottawa, 13th June, 1868.

In pursuance of the Act 31 Vic., Cap. 50, imposing an Excise Duty on Refined Petroleum, and providing for the inspection thereof:—I hereby give Public Notice that on and after MONDAY, 15th JUNE, 1868, I shall, upon application being made to me, attend at any place in the County of Carleton or City of Ottawa, and inspect and apply the "*fire-test*" to all refined Petroleum, and brand the barrels; the fee for which is 20 cents for each barrel. And all persons selling or having in possession any Refined Petroleum which has not been offered for inspection after said 15th JUNE, are liable to fine or imprisonment, and the Petroleum to be forfeited and seized.

ALEXANDER GRAHAM,
Inspector of Petroleum and Collector of Inland Revenue. 769-1

SKATING RINK MUSIC HALL.

G. W. Lester, Manager.

FIRST NIGHT OF THE SEASON,

Wednesday Evening, 17th Inst.

Return of the famous young English Comedian,

EDMUND COLES,

After a brilliant run of success for nearly three months at the Montreal and Quebec Theatres, supported by a company of ladies and gentlemen of rare dramatic excellence, prominent among whom will be found the brilliant lyric artiste,

Miss Fanny Stocqueller,

Her first appearance in Ottawa,

Miss Edwina Grey, Miss Frankie McClellan, Miss Lena Warner, Miss Jenny Howard, Miss Mary Robertson, Miss Nora Smith, Mr. Walter Benn, Mr. T. A. Beckett, Mr. F. C. Wells, Mr. R. Slevin, Mr. A. Childs, Mr. H. Moreland, Mr. C. Chadwick.

Wednesday Evening will be produced—first time in Ottawa—Buckstone's Sterling Comedy, in three acts, called

MARRIED LIFE:

Mr. Henry Dove, Edmund Coles.
Mrs. Younghusband, Miss Fanny Stocqueller.

BALLET DIVERTISEMENT,

Lena Warner.

To conclude with the Operatic Bagatelle, in one act of

JENNY LIND,

OR

The Swedish Nightingale!

Jenny Lind (introducing J'Aime les Militaires) from the new French Opera La Grand Duchesse. Also, a scene from the Italian Opera, "Robert le Diable," and all the incidental music.

MISS FANNY STOCQUELLER

Granby Gag, with the Song of "TEN LITTLE INJUN BOYS," Mr. EDMUND COLES.

Doors open at 7:30, and performance to commence at 8 o'clock precisely.

Prices of admission—Parquette 50 cents; Gallery 25 cents.

Tickets for reserved seats may be procured at the Music Store of Messrs. Orme & Son, and at the "Citizen" Stationery Establishment.

A. B. COLES,
Business Agent.

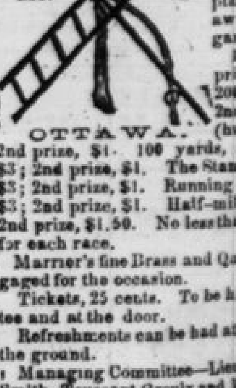
Ottawa, June 16, 1868. 769d

FOURTH GRAND

ANNUAL PIC-NIC

OF THE

Sapper's Fire Company, No. 1



UNDER the patronage of the St. Jean Baptiste Society, to be held on WEDNESDAY, the 26th instant, at the BELLEVUE GARDENS, Hull.

Races and other usual athletic sports will take place Prizes will be awarded in the different games.

Races, 100 yards, 1st prize, $3; 2nd prize, $1. 200 yards, 1st prize, $3; 2nd prize, $1. 300 yards (hurdles), 1st prize, $3; 2nd prize, $1. 100 yards, (for boys), 1st prize $3; 2nd prize, $1. The Standing Jumps, 1st prize, $3; 2nd prize, $1. Running High Leap, 1st prize, $3; 2nd prize, $1. Half-mile Race, 1st prize, $4; 2nd prize, $1.50. No less than four entries to run for each race.

Marrner's fine Brass and Quadrille Bands are engaged for the occasion.

Tickets, 25 cents. To be had from the Committee and at the door.

Refreshments can be had at reasonable rates on the ground.

Managing Committee—Lieut. J. B. Doucet, Jas. Smith, Toussant Groulx and Israel Moreau.

D. BOY, Captain.
X. GROULX, Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Ottawa, June 16. 769d

In Chancery.

DAVIS *vs.* EMSLIE.

In pursuance of the Decree in this cause dated the 8th JANUARY, 1867, and the final order for sale herein dated the 30th MAY last, there will be sold with the approbation of the Master of this Court, at OTTAWA, by PUBLIC AUCTION, by HECTOR McLEAN, at his Auction Rooms, Sparks street, in the City of Ottawa, at twelve o'clock noon, on WEDNESDAY, the 15th JULY NEXT, the following Real Estate, viz:

All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate lying and being in the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, containing by admeasurement one hundred acres, be the same more or less, being composed of the North Half of Lot Number Sixteen, in the Fifth Concession of the said Township of Nepean, Rideau Front.

The said land is well adapted for farming purposes, and lies on the east side of the main road from Ottawa to Richmond; about sixty acres of it are cleared and under cultivation, and it is situated amongst the best lands in the County of Carleton. It is fifteen miles from Ottawa, and five miles from Richmond and the River Goodwood, a constantly flowing stream passes through the centre of it.

One-tenth of the purchase money is to be paid down by the purchaser to the Vendor or his Solicitors at the time of sale by way of deposit, and the balance on or before the 1st AUGUST next: upon payment of which he will be entitled to a conveyance, and let into possession.

In other respects the conditions of sale are the standing conditions of the Court of Chancery. The deed from the late Alexander Emslie to the Plaintiff will be produced at the time of sale.

All parties to the suit, with the exception of the Vendor, are to be at liberty to bid.

Further particulars, and conditions of sale, may be had at the Offices of the said Master at Ottawa, and M. R. VANKOUGHNET, Esq., and MESSRS. LEWIS, PINHEY AND WARD, Ottawa, and MESSRS. O'DONOHOE & WARMOLL, Toronto.

Dated this 13th day of June, 1868.

(Signed), JOHN WILSON, Master at Ottawa.

LEWIS, PINHEY & WARD, Vendor's Solicitors. 768b

TO LET.

A GOOD BUSINESS STAND at the Chaudiere Flats. Apply to JOHN ASHFIELD.

June 15, 1868. 768tf

HER MAJEST[Y'S THEATRE]
Positively Thr[ee Nights]
COMM[ENCING]
Monday 15th, 16th
HAMALL'S S[ERENADERS]
And BRA[SS BAND]
Also the celebrated LE[...] knowledged by the Pres[s] most daring gymnasts of [...] In a new act of Double [...] air, and who will introd[uce] leap.
Admission, 25 cents [...]
J. HAMALL, Business Manager.
Ottawa, June 11.

Pickles, S[auces]
JUST RECEIVE[D]
CROSSE & BLAC[KWELL'S]
Ex ship "Ardmil[...]"
125 DOZ. MIX[ED]
35 DOZ. Gerki[ns]
35 DOZ. Onion[s]
35 DOZ. Chow [Chow]
30 DOZ. Piccal[illi]
25 DOZ. Waln[uts]
20 DOZ. Cauli[flower]
15 DOZ. Imper[ial]
15 DOZ. West [India]
15 DOZ. Capt. [...]
Reading Sauce, King of Oude Sa[uce], Harvey do, John Bull do, Kalos Census do, Soyer's do, Worcestershire do, India Soy, Essence of Anchovies, Essence of Shrimps, Mushroom Ketchup, Walnut Ketchup, French Capers, Chili Vinegar, Tarragon Vinegar, Raspberry Vinegar, Olives, Bottled Fruits, Raspberry Jam, Strawberry do, Damson do, Gooseberry do, Red Currant do, Black do, Red do Jelly, Black do do, Crystallized Fruits, Fruits in Noyeau, Preserved Ginger, Currie Powder, Anchovy Paste, Potted Ham, Potted Yarmouth, Strasbourg Potted, Soup and Bouille, Mock Turtle Soup, Mulligatawny Soup, Hare Soup, Jugged Hare, Pheasants in Gravy, Grouse in Gravy, Partridge in Gravy, Paté de Foie Gras, Paté D'Alouettes, Paté de Cailles.
A large lot of Keen's [Mustard in] half lb. and 1 lb. tins.
BAT[E & CO.]
June 8, 1868.

ARNO[...]
WINE AND S[PIRIT]
11 Metcalfe-st., [...]
WHOLESALE & RET[AIL]
Dekuyper's Red Cases, Green, Booth's London Gin, Bernard's and Thompson's, Green Seal Champagne
PORT WINES—Graham's
No. 1 Good sound W[ine], 2, 3 Old, 4 Superior old, 5 Very fine old.
SHERRIES—Lomes: No. 1 Superior Light, 2 Extra do, 3 Very choice, 4 Very Superior, 5 Very fine.
Single sample bottles; Also, of Standard B[rands] and new, Brandies, R[um], Irish, Scotch and Ca[nadian], Canadian Ale, in w[ood], Guinness' Porter, Porter, pints and quarts, Ales, pints and quarts, Clarets, Hocks, Saut[ernes], Chartreuse, Royal Ita[lian], Purity in all cases g[uaranteed] at the lowest quota[tions]. Orders by mail with [...] Goods delivered to [...] charge. A discount to [...] or by the original pac[kage].

NO[TICE]
The subscriber wo[uld ...] customers with whom [...] been opened that it is [...] tage of any irregular [...] them in order that h[e ...] totally on the *cash* pr[inciple ...] to work much more [...] buyer and seller in [...] which it has been tri[ed ...] his goods and the pri[ces ...] will always be as lo[w ...] for) he solicits a con[tinuance ...] heretofore so liberally [...]
Dealer in the better q[ualities ...] Metcalfe-street, Teleg[...] Price lists on applic[ation].
April 21, 1868.

NOTICE.
BOATS FOR PIC[-NICS ...] disappointment, and [...] requiring Boats for P[...] Hull, off the line of th[e ...] Gardens or elsewhere [...] signed direct, a coupl[e ...] of making arrangem[ents ...] Gardens or other pla[ces ...] infringing on the righ[ts ...] License will be prose[cuted ...] the law.
Ottawa, June 12, 186[8].

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE

Positively Three Nights Only.

COMMENCING

Monday 15th, 16th and 17th June,

HAMALL'S SERENADERS,

And BRASS BAND.

Also the celebrated LEROUX BROTHERS, acknowledged by the Press and the public to be the most daring gymnasts of the nineteenth century. In a new act of Double Echelle, or the men of mid air, and who will introduce the terrific Niagara leap.

Admission, 25 cents; Reserved Seats, 50 cents.

J. HAMALL, Business Manager. J. E. NOBLE, Agent.

Ottawa, June 11. 764-4

Pickles, Sauces, &c.,

JUST RECEIVED DIRECT FROM

CROSSE & BLACKWELL, London,

Ex ship "Ardmillan," the following:

125 DOZ. MIXED PICKLES,

35 DOZ. Gerkins,

35 DOZ. Onions,

35 DOZ. Chow Chow,

30 DOZ. Piccolilli,

25 DOZ. Walnuts,

20 DOZ. Cauliflower,

15 DOZ. Imperial Hot,

15 DOZ. West India,

15 DOZ. Capt. White's Oriental

Reading Sauce,
King of Oude Sauce,
Harvey do.
John Bull do.
Kalos Geusis do.
Soyer's do.
Worcestershire do.
India Soy.
Essence of Anchovies,
Essence of Shrimps,
Mushroom Ketchup,
Walnut Ketchup,
French Capers,
Chili Vinegar,
Tarragon Vinegar,
Raspberry Vinegar,
Olives,
Bottled Fruits, an assortment,
Raspberry Jam,
Strawberry do.
Damson do.
Gooseberry do.
Red Currant do.
Black do. do.
Red do. Jelly,
Black do. do.
Crystallized Fruits,
Fruits in Noyeau,
Preserved Ginger in Jars and 1 lb. Pots,
Currie Powder,
Anchovy Paste,
Potted Ham, Beef and Tongue,
Potted Yarmouth Bloaters,
Strasbourg Potted Meats,
Soup and Bouille,
Mock Turtle Soup,
Mulligatawny Soup,
Hare Soup,
Jugged Hare,
Pheasants in Gravy,
Grouse in Gravy,
Partridge in Gravy,
Paté de Foie Gras,
Paté D'Alouettes,
Paté de Cailles.

ALSO,

A large lot of Keen's Celebrated Mustard in half lb. and 1 lb. tins.

BATE & Co.,

52, SPARKS-ST.

June 8, 1868. 762d

ARNOLDI'S WINE AND SPIRIT VAULTS,

11 Metcalfe-st., Telegraph Co's Building,

OTTAWA,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL, FOR CASH ONLY

Dekuyper's Red Cases, Gin, 15 bottles		$9 00
" Green, " " per doz		4 80
Booth's London Gin		7 20
Bernard's and Thompson's Gin "		6 00
Green Seal Champagne "		12 00

AND UPWARDS.

PORT WINES—Graham's, Sandeman's, &c.

	Per Gall.	Per Doz
No. 1 Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2 "	3 00	8 75
" 3 Old	3 50	10 00
" 4 Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine old	5 75	15 50

SHERRIES—Domecq's, Pemartin's, &c.:

No. 1 Superior Light table Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2 Extra do	3 00	8 75
" 3 Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4 Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine	5 50	15 00

Single sample bottles at above rates.

Also, of standard Brands, in wood or bottle, old and new, Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom, Gins, Irish, Scotch and Canadian Whiskies.

Canadian Ale, in wood or bottle.

Guinness' Porter, pints and quarts; Hibbert's Porter, pints and quarts. Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, pints and quarts.

Clarets, Hocks, Sauternes, Curacao, Maraschino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., &c.

Purity in all cases guaranteed, and goods marked at the lowest quotations.

Orders by mail with cash, promptly attended to. Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.

NOTICE.

The subscriber would intimate to those of his customers with whom current accounts may have been opened that it is his intention to take advantage of any irregularity in their payment to close them in order that he may conduct his business totally on the *cash principle*, which has been found to work much more satisfactorily for both the buyer and seller in every branch of trade in which it has been tried, and relying on quality of his goods and the prices charged for them (which will always be as low as they can honestly be sold for) he solicits a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

K. ARNOLDI,

Dealer in the better qualities of Wines, Spirits, &c., Metcalfe-street, Telegraph Co's Building, Ottawa.

Price lists on application or sent to any address.

April 21, 1868. 535y

NOTICE.

BOATS FOR PIC-NICS.—In order to prevent disappointment, and ensure punctuality, parties requiring Boats for Pic-Nics between Ottawa and Hull, off the line of the regular ferry, to Bellevue Gardens or elsewhere, should apply to the undersigned direct, a couple of days in advance, instead of making arrangements with the proprietors of Gardens or other places of amusement. Parties infringing on the rights and privileges of the Ferry License will be prosecuted to the utmost rigour of the law.

JOSEPH SMITH.

Ottawa, June 12, 1868. 766a

Magee & Russell's

—GREAT—

REMOVAL SALE!

COMMENCED

MONDAY,

JUNE 1st.

NO RESERVE.

All Goods re-marked in plain figures, with Red Ink, showing the actual reductions.

The following are only a few of the bargains offered. The public are invited to inspect the stock, and judge for themselves before purchasing:—

FANCY SILK DRESSES

That were selling for $16 and $17, reduced to $12 and $13.

SILKS

Marked $19 to $23.50, reduced to $15, $16 and $15.50, the full dress of 15 yards.

All our rich French Silks reduced from $5 to $8 on each dress.

BLACK GLACIE

And Gros Grain Silks all reduced.

MANTLE VELVETS and VELVETEENS,

Only received a few days ago, marked down from 10 to 15 per cent.

BLACK LACE SHAWLS,

Commencing at $1.25.

All the rich Spanish and Pusher Lace Shawls will show large reductions.

Paisley Shawls reduced from $1.50 to $5 on each shawl.

Last year's Barege Shawls reduced to nearly half price.

NEW HOOP SKIRTS

Cheaper than anything in the trade. Old fashioned large Hoop Skirts almost given away. Would pay to have them altered.

LADIES STRAW HATS & BONNETS,

New styles, all reduced.

All old shapes in Straw Goods sold for what they will fetch.

Pattern Bonnets and all trimmed Millinery greatly reduced.

One Case Shakers at 12½c, some of them worth 50c.

NEW PARASOLS

Reduced from 10 to 20 per cent. Old ones to about half price.

500 PALM LEAF FANS

Sold during the sale at 5 cents each; not more than two to one customer.

Several thousand Ladies' Imitation Lace Paper Collars for half the New York price.

About 150 pieces ¾ Mohair and Poplinette Dress Goods, will be offered at such prices as must clear them out.

PRINTED DELAINES

That sold from 17½ to 20 cents per yard, marked down to 12½ cents.

FRENCH DELAINES

And Merinos, Cobourgs, Lustres, Glacie, Alpaccas, Printed Muslins, and all other Dress Goods in stock, likewise reduced.

A lot of washing Challies will be offered very low.

All domestic goods, such as Sheeting, Table Linens, Towellings, Flannels, &c., will show heavy reductions.

OUR COTTONS

Being all purchased when the raw material was at its lowest point in Liverpool, customers would do well to lay in a stock during the sale. We will sell all Cotton goods far below what it would cost to import them just now.

PRINTS

At 7, 9 and 11 cents per yard; present retail value 10, 12½ and 15 cents per yard.

SPLENDID STYLES IN TWEEDS,

Coatings and Cloakings, at the reduced figures.

CARPETS,

Damasks, and all kinds of House Furnishings, and other heavy goods that would be troublesome to remove, will be cleared out at and below cost price.

LADIES BEST FRENCH KID GLOVES

Will be sold at $1 per pair, and all soiled and damaged Kid Gloves will be thrown in with the slow selling colours and sold at much less money.

GENTS' MERINO UNDERCLOTHING,

Dress and Flannel Shirts, Ties and Collars, all marked down to removal prices.

One lot of 68 gross Printed Paper Collars will be sold for 12½ cents the Box of 12 Collars; well worth 25 cents.

DRESS TRIMMINGS,

Embroidery, Lace Goods, Cotton Lisle and Silk Gloves, are all reduced.

A job lot of Dress Fringes, now so fashionable, will be sold at 12½ cents per yard, some of them being worth at the present price of Silk about 35 cents per yard.

A remarkably cheap lot of Ladies' Cambric Handkerchiefs, also, Ladies' and Childrens' Cotton Hose, at least 40 per cent less than last year's prices.

The intention being to reduce the stock to

Lowest Possible Point,

Before removing to New Premises (now building) in the Autumn. ☞Great care has been taken to re-mark the entire stock at such prices as must effect

LARGE SALES

AND INSURE

A Speedy Clearance.

DURING THIS SALE
NO SAMPLES WILL BE CUT,
NO GOODS WILL BE SENT ON APPROBAT
NOR SOLD ON CREDI

Magee & Russell.

Ottawa, June 2, 1868. 707y

Auction Sales

BY J. BERMINGHAM.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET.

A large and well FURNISHED HOUSE, or four Bedrooms, Sitting Room and Drawing Room of same, in a healthy and respectable locality, within three minutes walk of the Government Buildings. For particulars apply to J. BERMINGHAM, House and Land Agent, Dominion Auction Mart, Sussex-st.

Ottawa, June 4, 1868. 759tf

FOR SALE!

THAT Splendid First-Class

HOTEL,

IN THE

CAPITAL OF THE DOMINION!

KNOWN AS THE

REVERE HOUSE,

And at present leased at a rental of $2,000. It is one of the best buildings in the city. Its length is one hundred and six (106) feet by forty (40) feet wide, built of stone, with cut stone front and tin roof. The house contains fifty bedrooms, five parlors and dining room, with bar, kitchen and laundry attached. There is a new Brick Stable, sixty-six (66) by thirty (30) feet, capable of stabling forty Horses, a large yard and outbuildings; also a vacant lot, which the purchaser can have if required to enlarge. The premises are in excellent order, being only five years built. Very lately a sum of $2,000 was expended improving the building. For a first-class hotel, or Military Quarters, it cannot be equalled in the city.

TERMS EASY, and made known free of charge, by letter or otherwise, on application to

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer,
Commission and Real Estate Agent.

Ottawa, June 3, 1868. 758d

Dominion Auction Mart,

AND

Commission Sale Rooms

House, Land & General Agency,

OFFICE & SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-STREET,

OTTAWA.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city.

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
753y House, Land and General Agent.

Storekeepers, Farmers and Others,

SHOULD BUY THEIR TEAS FROM

The Importers Direct.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY, 6, Hospital-street, Montreal, have sent over one thousand packages to different parts of the country, and receive every day assurances that the Tea gives entire satisfaction. Subjoined are a few of the numerous testimonials already received:

RUSSELL HOTEL, Quebec, Jan. 7, 1867.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the six chests of Tea forwarded some time since arrived in good order. The quality is pure and excellent, and prices cheap. As I am particular in buying the best quality of Tea to be had for our guests, I am pleased to acquaint you that it gives general satisfaction. Your obedient servant,

WILLIS RUSSELL.

FELCOME, Dec. 23, 1867.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the Oolong Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto, who informs me he considers it as good as that he was using for which he paid one dollar per lb. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz., at 75 cents per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant,

JNO. T. DAY.

HOUSE OF SENATE, Ottawa, December 16, 1867. Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the box of English Breakfast and Young Hyson Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. You may expect my future orders. Yours, &c.,

S. SKINNER.

COBOURG, January 8, 1868.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, I beg to inform you that the two boxes of Tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box, or 20 lbs., at same price, and oblige yours, &c.,

F. OLIVER.

The contributors to the *Medical Journal* have frequently declared that one-half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have carefully selected and imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure and free from poisonous substances, in 50, 25, 20, 15 and 12 lb. boxes.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c 50c.; Fine Flavoured New Season, do; 55c 60c and 65c; Excellent Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c; Very Fine, 60c; Finest, 65c, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay common, 38c; Fine do, 55c; Young Hyson, 50c, 60c, 65c and 70c; Fine do, 75c; Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1.00; Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

All orders for 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular sent equally cheap. The Company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much, two or three clubbing together could divide. An excellent mixed Tea could be sent for 60c to 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order or enclosed notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man where there are express offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
6, Hospital-street, Montreal.

All boxes sent from this establishment have the Company's name printed on them.

Montreal, March 4, 1868. w10ly

Errors of Youth.—A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay and all the effects of youthful indiscretion will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertisers' experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN, 43 Cedar Street New York

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

Just Received Per Express.

A CHOICE Selection CANADA WATCH COMPANY'S WATCHES,

At Young & Radford's.

AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY'S WATCHES,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE GOLD JEWELLERY,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE GOLD and CORAL JEWELLERY,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE HUNTING ANCHOR WATCHES, in fine Silver Cases, as low as $12.00,

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FINE Eighteen CARAT GOLD WATCHES as low as $18.00,

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

ROGER'S BEST CUTLERY and fine ENGLISH ELECTRO-PLATED WARE, can be had

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S

30 Sparks-st. Ottawa.

Auction Sales

BY H. McLEAN.

AUCTION SALE

Of Very Valuable REAL ESTATE, on the Corner of Metcalfe and Maria-sts., known as the ROBERT HUNTER PROPERTY.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent, has been commissioned to sell by Public Auction, on the premises, on WEDNESDAY, the SEVENTEENTH INST., at 12 o'clock, noon, that substantial and elegant double Brick Cottage and premises, situated on the Corner of Metcalfe and Maria-sts., Centre Town, opposite the Square. The Lot is 61 feet, fronting on Metcalfe-st., by 92 feet deep on Maria-st., with an alley in the rear, and thoroughly drained. The House (surrounded with well grown shade trees) is divided into two first-class tenements, containing eight rooms and kitchen each, and situated in one of the most central, favorite and improving localities in the city. There is an abundant supply of pure water on the premises, and the House (built by Mr. Gallagher) is in excellent repair, having been recently painted and papered throughout, and attached are all the outbuildings necessary to make those tenements first rate residences.

The property can be seen between the hours of 11 o'clock a. m., and 1 o'clock p.m.

TERMS—One-fourth cash, and the balance in five equal annual instalments, with interest at 7 per cent. per annum.

Title indisputable. Sale positive.

For further particulars apply, until the day of sale, to Mr. ROBERT HUNTER, of the firm of Hunter, Rose & Co., or to

H. McLEAN,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, June 11, 1868. 765td

FOR SALE

AT THE

MONTREAL WAREHOUSE

800 BUTTER TUBS, in good order.

J. MARTIN & CO.

10,000 LBS. MAPLE SUGAR.

J. MARTIN & CO.

50 CASES ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

J. MARTIN & CO.

HERRINGS, PORK, FLOUR, BUTTER, CHEESE.

657y J. MARTIN & CO.

PIANOS. PIANOS.

JUST RECEIVED AT THE

London Music Store!

☞ Her Majesty's Theatre, ☜

Wellington Street,

A new and splendid assortment of

PIANOFORTES!

☞UNION MAKE,☜

Every PIANO from this establishment warranted for 5 years.

Also just received a new stock of

VICTORIA ORGANS and MELODEONS

VIOLINS, CONCERTINAS, GUITARS, &c., in great variety.

Second hand Pianos taken in part payment for new ones.

Connected with this establishment is a Piano Manufacturer, who will attend punctually to all orders for TUNING left at the London Music Store.

E. MILES,
Lessee of Her Majesty's Theatre

Ottawa, March 25, 1868. 551-39y

MILES'

HAIRDRESSNG SALOON

BELL'S BLOCK, ELGIN-ST.

THIS SALOON is fitted up in a neat and attractive manner, and is always attended by competent and attentive workmen.

E. MILES,
Hair Dresser, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General.

Ottawa, April 13. 715y

Ice, Ice, Ice!

THE subscriber will furnish ICE DAILY to those requiring it for the Season. Double supplies on Saturday for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season, $6.00. Hotels and Steamers supplied with large quantities on liberal terms, as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted.

All orders left at KAVANAGH'S RESTAURANT, or at the subscriber's, will be strictly attended to.

F. STARMER,
126, Rideau-st.

Ottawa, May 14, 1868. 742d

Coffee! Coffee!

TO those who enjoy a Cup of

REALLY FINE COFFEE

—TRY—

BUCHANAN'S

Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha,

JAVA & JAMAICA,

Roasted and Ground

Daily on the premises, by steam power.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

May 11, 1868. 739tf

SITUATION WANTED.

A Lady, who has good references, would desire a situation as HOUSEKEEPER to a Catholic Clergyman or private gentleman. Please apply at the TIMES office.

Ottawa, June 13, 1868 767a

Great Clearing Sale of Dry Goods.

Cunningham & Lindsay

No. 14, RIDEAU-STREET,

WILL COMMENCE

ON MONDAY, the 15th INSTANT,

TO SELL THE BALANCE OF THEIR SUMMER STOCK OF

iy, Mantles, Shawls, Dress Goods, Prints, Muslins, &c.,

At Prices which must effect a Speedy Sale.

☞*For Particulars See Circulars.*

Ottawa, June 12, 1868. 510y

BLYTH & KERR,

Successors to Chas. Garth,

No. 25, RIDEAU - TREET,

PLUMBERS, GAS AND STEAM FITTERS, TIN & COPPERSMITHS, BELL HANGERS, &c.

All materials for the above branches kept constantly on hand.

Also, Importers and Dealers in House Furnishing Hardware.

Just received a well selected assortment of Fishing Tackle, Baskets, Bait, Reels, Lines, Flys, Rods, &c. Manufacturers of all descriptions of work for Water and Gas Works, Brewer's Distilleries, Mills, &c. Makes and fits up Galvanized Iron Cornices, Gutters, Conductors, Roofing, &c.

☞Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water or Warm Air, on the most approved principles.

Orders from the country will receive strict attention. 740y

OTTAWA CROCKERY STORE

NEW GOODS.

JUST received ex S. S. "Damascus," 10 Hhds. of the finest English Glassware, selected expressly for the retail trade, comprising

	CUT and ENGRAVED	
CHAMPAGNES,	do	PORT and SHERRY WINES,
LIQUEURS,	do	CLARETS, GOBLETS,
FINGER BOWLS,	do	CALF FOOT JELLIES,
CLARET JUGS,	do	TALL TUMBLERS,
FRUIT DISHES,	do	DECANTERS,
BUTTER COOLERS,	do	CELERY VASES,
		CARAFFS, &c., &c.

And a choice lot of delicate Straw Stem Wines, in Ports, Champagnes, Clarets, Sherries, Liqueurs, &c. All the above articles match in shape, pattern, &c., and are the best glass procurable in England.

W. ALLAN,
51 *RIDEAU STREET*, (*opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.*)

Ottawa, June 6, 1868. 574y

NEW STOCK OF

SUMMER GOODS,

—AT—

"THE GOLDEN BOOT."

NO. 226, WELLINGTON-STREET.

Ladies' White Canvass Boots,
Ladies' Button Prunella Boots,
Ladies' Lace Prunella Boots,
Ladies' Prunella Gaiter Boots,
Ladies' Kid Button Boots,
Ladies' Kid Lace Boots,
Ladies' Kid Gaiter Boots,
Ladies' English Walking Boots,

Gent's White Canvass Congress,
Gent's White Canvass Shoes,
Gent's Mill. Calf Congress,
Gent's Calf-faced Congress,
Gent's Calf Balmorals,
Gent's Fine Kid Congress,
Gent's Prunella Brogans,
Gent's Pat. Dress Boots,

Children's Fine Morrocco Lace Boots,
Children's Fine Kid Congress and Lace Boots,
Children's Enameled and Calf Copper Toes,
And other goods in endless variety.

The subscribers beg to thank the public for the liberal patronage they have received since opening the above establishment.

W. ANGUS & CO.,
666y No. 226, Wellington street.

City Hoop Skirt Factory,

43 SPARKS-STREET,

Central Ottawa.

THE DOUBLE EXTENSION SKIRT,
" DEMI "
" NEW GORE TRAIL SKIRT.

French Wove Corsets!

AN immense stock of Corsets just arrived, French, English and Scotch manufacture.

I beg to call the attention of ladies to the above new styles of Hoop Skirts which I have on hand, and will make to order on the shortest notice: Also, Parasols, Hosiery and Glover, Hair Nets, Handkerchiefs, &c., &c.

Croquet Skirts, Printed and Embroidered, Gored and Plain.

N.B.—A lot of old fashioned Corsets on hand (lacing at the back) cheap, wholesale and retail.

DAVID MILLAR,
456y 43 Sparks-st, Centre Town. next to Esmonde's Stove Depot.

Ladies Keep Cool!

BLACK AND WHITE LACE SHAWLS,
GRENADINE SHAWLS,
BAREGE SHAWLS,
BAREGE JACKETS
BAREGE & GRENADINE PROMENADE COSTUMES,
GRENADINES,
FRENCH & ENGLISH MUSLINS.

GENTLEMEN KEEP COOL!

BLACK ALPACCA COATS,
BUFF ALPACCA COATS,
LINEN COATS,
MARSEILLES VESTS

All in great variety, cheap, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S,

Wholesale and Retail.
Importers, 20 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 29, 1868. 484v

"La Malediction."

GRAND

Theatrical Exhibition

BY THE

Students of Ottawa University,

ON BEHALF OF

THE CANADIAN ZOUAVES,

ON THE

TWENTY-THIRD OF JUNE.

TICKETS, - - - - - 25 Cts.

Doors open at 8 o'clock p. m.

Ottawa, June 13, 1868. 767td

TO LET, FURNISHED.

A COMFORTABLE HOUSE, containing Parlor, Dining Room, 3 Bedrooms, and servants' apartments. It is within five minutes' walk of the Post Office, and will be let for such a term as may be required. For terms, &c., address—"Furnished Quarters, Box 61, P. O."

Ottawa, June 17, 1868. 766.3

LEGAL NOTICE.

REMOVAL.

CHARLES T. BAINES, late of Ottawa, Barrister, &c., &c., has removed to Richmond, where he will at all times be ready to attend to any professional calls or business which may be entrusted to him in his line with accuracy and with safety, &c., &c.

Richmond, Dec. 30, 1867. 1wtf

LACROSSE.

The Members of the OTTAWA LACROSSE CLUB are requested to attend a meeting at KAVANAGH'S, on MONDAY EVENING, FIFTEENTH INST., for the purpose of choosing a team to play a game with the Indians.

Ottawa, June 17, 1868. 766td

TO BE GIVEN AWAY!

THE

Greatest Curiosity

OF THE DAY.

WILL BE PUBLISHED

On Thursday next, THE WONDERFUL ALMANAC for 306 years, a copy of which will be presented, FREE OF CHARGE, to every Lady and Gentleman applying at

The Ottawa Citizen,
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

SANSUM'S INTEREST & EXCHANGE TABLES:

A Supply of this useful work just received and for sale at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen.
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

COPY BOOKS,

(Plain and with Head Line), EXERCISE BOOKS. A supply just received and for sale at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

PLAIN & FANCY STATIONERY,

All marked in plain figures, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

COUNTING HOUSE and SCHOOL REQUISITES,

At the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

MUSIC, MAGAZINES OR PRINTED BOOKS,

Bound in any style required, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

ENGINEERS' and ARTISTS' MATERIALS,

At the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

ACCOUNT BOOKS,

Memorandum Books, Pocket Books, Indexes, &c., at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

WRAPPING PAPERS,

MANILLA, TEA and STRAW, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen,
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

STEEL PENS and PEN HANDLES,

Gillott's, Mitchell's and other makers, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

WRITING INKS,

Stephen's, Todd's Perth Office, &c., at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

LEAD PENCILS,

Faber's, Rowney's and others, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

BLANK BOOKS,

Manufactured to order, in any style of ruling and binding, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

BOOK and JOB PRINTING,

At the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS, authorised by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario. The prices are:

FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.

FIRST BOOK, part second, 54 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.

SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.

THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Thirty cents.

FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.

FIFTH BOOK, 50 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

A supply just received and for sale at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

☞ A liberal allowance to Teachers and Dealers.

TO BE GIVEN AWAY!

THE

Greatest Curiosity

OF THE DAY.

WILL BE PUBLISHED

On Thursday next, THE WONDERFUL ALMANAC for 306 years, a copy of which will be presented, FREE OF CHARGE, to every Lady and Gentleman applying at

The Ottawa Citizen,
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

Ottawa, June 8, 1868. 751y

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, June 15, 1868.

FLOUR—Extra	8 00	@	8 25
No. 1	7 00	@	7 25
No. 2	5 50	@	6 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	4 00	@	4 25
" Spring "	3 50	@	3 62½
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	6 00	@	6 25
Indian Meal "	4 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 70	@	0 75
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 75	@	0 80
Buckwheat Flour—bbl.	4 50	@	5 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 75	@	1 80
Spring " "	1 45	@	1 52
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 90	@	0 95
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 75	@	0 80
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 50	@	0 55
Beans " 60 lbs.	2 00	@	2 25
PORK—Mess—per barrel	22 50	@	23 00
Prime Mess per do.	16 00	@	16 50
Hog per 100 lbs.	8 00	@	0 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 13
Beef	0 00	@	0 00
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 00	@	0 0
Lamb—per qr.	0 00	@	0 0
Geese—Each		None	
Ducks	0 50	@	0 00
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@	1 50
Fowl—Per pair	0 66	@	0 75
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 16	@	0 17
No. 1 Firkin	0 13	@	0 15
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 13	@	0 15
Apples—per brl.	4 50	@	5 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 45
HAY—Per ton, new	12 00	@	14 00
WOOD—Per cord	0 00	@	3 5
Tamarac	0 00	@	2 00
Hemlock	0 00	@	2 00

Richmond Circuit Board

OF

PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

FOR THE

County of Carleton.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN That the above Board will meet

IN THE TOWN HALL,

IN RICHMOND,

On Wednesday, the 8th day of July next

AND ALSO ON

WEDNESDAY,

The 9th day of December next,

At 12 o'clock, noon, for general business. Applicants for certificates of qualification are required to furnish the Board with certificates of moral character from either Local Superintendent or from a Clergyman of the denomination to which they respectively belong.

C. B. PETITT, M.A., Chairman.

J. HINTON, Secretary.

Richmond, May 21, 1868.

STOP and SEE!

THE following remarks on Testimonials of most extraordinary cures in Canada by the great Indian Remedy. They are stern undeniable and incontestible facts, sufficient to the most skeptical that the great medicinal compound yearned after for ages is now accessible in the

Great Shosnonees Remedy.

For diseases of the throat, lungs, liver, digestive organs, kidneys, &c., as well as scrofula, the various skin diseases, humors, and all diseases arising from impurities of the blood, we boldly state that this great remedy has never been equalled. Where was there ever such a cure as that in the person of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, C W, of consumption; or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernestown, C W, of consumption; or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, C W, of dyspepsia and liver complaint; or that of John Rosey, of Napanee, C W, of rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, in spite of all treatment heretofore, and is now well? Scores of such cases might be mentioned had we space.

Call at the drug store and get a circular of unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees remedy and pills and satisfy yourselves.

Price of the Remedy in large pints $1.

For sale by all druggists and dealers in medicine. Agents for Ottawa—All the Druggists; Henry Simpson & Co., Montreal; Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle. 6wy

Another Wonderful Cure of Consumption in Canada.

MESSRS. YOUNG & CHAMBERLAIN,—Sirs, I feel it a duty I owe to you, as well as to the public, to inform you of the most wonderful cure of Consumption, accomplished in my person, by the use of the Great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills. I coughed a great deal day and night, expectorating large quantities of matter, and had a great pain about my left lung. I had cold chills every day, and severe night sweats every night, and between the racking cough and great sweating I was almost deprived of sleep; by these miseries, as well as the loss of appetite, I was so reduced that I could hardly stand alone. I was under the care of a physician for a length of time, but finding no relief, I tried different receipes, but all without any good effect. Squire Peterson of Bath, recommended me to use the Great Shoshonees Remedy; I procured three bottles at once, with the Pills; so soon as I commenced using it I began to get better, and when I had finished this complement, the Cough, expectoration of matter, pain about the lung, chills, sweating, &c., left me, and by continuing its use I became strong and healthy. It is now over two months since I quit the remedy, and there have been no symptoms of the disease returning, and I have been, and am now, healthier and better than I have been for many years. I trust you will make this known to the public, that they may be aware of the peculiar virtues of this truly wonderful Indian Remedy.

PETER C. V. MILLAR.

Ernestown, Co. of Lennox & Addington, C. W.

To all to whom it may come.—This is to certify that I have been acquainted with the above mentioned gentleman, Peter C. V. Millar, Esq., for many years, and have known him always to be of the very highest respectability, and a very candid and creditable person; and I am confident that I can safely vouch for the truth of the above, or any other statement made by him.

Rev. W. F. S. HARPER, Rector of Bath, W

5wy

Sheriff's Sale of Lands.

Province of Ontario, COUNTY OF CARLETON, } *To Wit:*

BY VIRTUE of a Writ of Fieri Facias issued out of Her Majesty's County Court of the County of Carleton, and to me directed and delivered against the Lands and Tenements of Basil Dunbar Rorison at the suit of Agnes Rorison, I have seized and taken in execution, and will offer for sale at PUBLIC AUCTION, at my Office in the COURT HOUSE, in the City of Ottawa, on THURSDAY, the TWENTY-FIFTH day of JUNE, A. D., 1868, at TWELVE o'clock, Noon, all the estate, right, title and interest of the above named defendant of, in and to the South East or rear half of Lot Number Four in the Sixth Concession of the Township of Fitzroy, in the County of Carleton.

WM. F. POWELL, Sheriff.
By JAS. BAILIFF, Deputy Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ottawa, March 23rd, A. D., 1868. 699-1-13wtd

PAIN KILLER.

The Great Family Medicine of the Age.

THE UNIVERSAL REMEDY for INTERNAL & EXTERNAL COMPLAINTS!

OUR FIRST PHYSICIANS USE AND RECOMMEND ITS USE!

It Enjoys the Largest Sale of Any Proprietary Medicine in the World:

THE PAIN KILLER

HAS been favorably known for more than thirty years, during which time we HAVE RECEIVED THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS, showing this Medicine to be an almost NEVER FAILING REMEDY for diseases caused by or attendant upon—Sudden Colds, Coughs, Fever and Ague, Headache, Billious Fever, Pains in the Side, Back and Loins, as well as in the Joints and Limbs; Neuralgic and Rheumatic Pains in any part of the system, Toothache and Pains in the Head and Face.

As a BLOOD PURIFIER and TONIC for the STOMACH, it seldom fails to cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Heartburn, Kidney Complaints, Sick Headache, Piles Asthma or Phthisic, Ringworms, Boils, Felons, Whitlows, Old Sores, Swelled Joints, and General Debility of the System.

It is also a PROMPT and SURE REMEDY for Cramp and Pains in the Stomach, Painters' Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Scalds, Burns, Sprains, Bruises, Frost Bites, Chilblains, as well as the Stings of Insects, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

Directions accompany each bottle.

It has been tested in every variety of climate, and by almost *every nation known* to civilization. It is the almost constant companion and inestimable friend of the *Missionary*, and the *traveller* should be without it. Like every other good thing, the Pain Killer has been extensively counterfeited; which, (while it is an acknowledgment on the part of the counterfeiters of its real worth,) is a serious hinderance to its usefulness, as the deceived purchaser estimates the value of the *Pain Killer* by the base compound he has purchased for the genuine article.

Purchasers should be careful and not allow the dealer to sell them worthless imitations, on which they realise a larger profit, but take only the *Pain Killer*, and see that it is the genuine, bearing the signature of Perry Davis & Son upon the label.

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by Druggists and Medicine Dealers, and Commission Merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers, and at Variety Shops generally, throughout the world.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Manfs. and Props.,
74, High-st., Providence, R.I.,
380, St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. Q.,
17, Southampton Row, Holborn, London, E

46-1aw2 6wy

SALE OF DEBTS.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864,

AND AMENDMENTS THEREOF.

In the matter of WILLIAM N. BARRIE, and JOHN McMARTIN trading under the name, style and title of WILLIAM BARRIE & CO., Insolvents.

PURSUANT To an order made by JAMES DANIEL, Esquire, Judge of the County Court of the United Counties of Prescott and Russell, made on the Eighteenth day of MAY instant, I will offer for sale by Public Auction, on SATURDAY, the twenty-first day of JUNE next, at the office of Edward Taylor Dartnell, Esquire, at the Court House, in the Town of L'Orignal, the several debts due by Note, Book Account, or otherwise, due to the estate of the said Insolvents.

All debts exceeding $100 in amount will be sold separately. A list of the debts will be open to inspection at the office of the said Edward Taylor Dartnell, and free access given to all documents explanatory of such debts.

Dated at L'Orignal, May 20th, 1868.

EDWD. FREWEN DARTNELL, Assignee.

570-1awtd

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864,

AND AMENDMENTS THEREOF.

In the matter of WILLIAM N. BARRIE and JOHN McMARTIN, Insolvents.

BY virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvents, and also under and by virtue of an order made by James Daniell, Esquire, Judge of the County Court of the United Counties of Prescott and Russell in that behalf, I will on FRIDAY, the twenty-sixth day of June next, offer or sale by Public Auction, at the hour of ten o'clock, in the forenoon of the said day, at the office of Messrs. Morland, Watson and Company, in the City of Montreal, all the real estate and interest of the said Insolvent John McMartin, of and in the lands and premises in the Township of North Plantagenet, and County of Prescott, and Province of Ontario, hereinafter particularly mentioned and described. That is to say:

1st. All the real estate, interest and equity of redemption of the said John McMartin of what nature or kind soever, whether as devisee under the will of Alexander McMartin, deceased, or otherwise, of and in lot number nine, (9) in the fourth (4th) concession, old survey of the said Township of Plantagenet, East of the South Nation River.

2nd. All the real estate, interest and equity of redemption of the said John McMartin, of what nature and kind soever, whether as devisee under the will of the said Alexander McMartin, deceased, or otherwise, of and in Lot Number Ten (10), in the Fourth (4th) Concession, old survey of the said Township East of the South Nation River.

The said two lots are supposed to contain together 399 acres more or less.

3rd. All the real estate and interest and equity of redemption of the said John McMartin, of what nature and kind sover, either in his own right, or as devisee under the will of the said Alexander McMartin, deceased, or otherwise, howsoever, or and in at part of Lot Eleven, (11) in the said Fourth (4th) Concession, old survey of the said Township of North Plantagenet, known as McMartin's Saw Mills, with the privileges and appurtenances to the same belonging. Also of and in the premises known as the old Store, the large Store House the large stable and premises connected therewith, also of and in the Dwelling House now occupied by the said John McMartin, and the outbuildings therewith connected, and lying and being in the Village of Plantagenet Mills aforesaid.

The said several premises will be sold subject to the several mortgages charged upon same, and the said mill and mill premises and other the premises last mentioned with their appurtenances, will be sold subject to the interest of the said Insolvents as copartners or of either of them therein, under the partnership articles the lease therein mentioned or otherwise howsoever at the time of their insolvency for the residue of the unexpired term of fifteen years from the 1st day of December, 1865, and to the mortgages thereon.

There is a rent of one dollar annually, payable during said term to the said John McMartin as devisee thereof, under the will of the said Alexander McMartin.

Terms—Cash.

For further particulars apply to Edward Taylor Dartnell, Esquire, L'Orignal, Solicitor for the Assignee, or to the Assignee.

Dated at L'Orignal, this 23rd day of April A.D., 1868.

EDWD. FREWEN DARTNELL, Assignee

725-1aw2m

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, May 8, 1868.

AUTHORIZED Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 28 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

A RARE CHANCE.

The undersigned having received direct from the manufacturers in Europe, a large consignment of

Dry Goods

with instructions to dispose of them at

LOW RATES!

Is now offering them to the public, and at an almost nominal advance on the makers' cost price. The stock consists of

1,000 yards of Carpets, of various kinds,
40 Handsome Hearth Rugs,
60 Summer Counterpanes,
24 White Marsala Quilts,
A large quantity of Toilet Covers,
Some Wool Table Covers,
And a large variety of other Goods.

The stock may be seen at the store of MESSRS. ANSELL & MICHAEL'S, Scott's Corner, Elgin and Sparks-street, opposite the Russell Hotel. Parties requiring articles of the above mentioned kind will find it to their advantage to call and inspect the goods at once, as the whole must be disposed of within a few days.

ANSELL & MICHAEL.

Ottawa, June 9, 1868. 763-3m

FOR SALE.

A SELF-ACTING SODA WATER APPARATUS, with cylinders complete, cheap for cash. Apply to WILLIAM PRODERICK Sussex-street, Ottawa. 687tf

$2.00 REWARD.

Lost, on TUESDAY last, from Daly-street, a SPANIEL PUPPY, about three months old, black, with four white feet. Any one returning her to Mr. Powell, St. Alban's Terrace, will receive the above reward. Anybody detaining her after this notice will be prosecuted. 763.3

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned will either sell or let for a few years his well known farm, being lot Twenty-five in the Fourth Concession of Gloucester, Rideau Front, 215 acres all cleared, and well fenced and in a good state of cultivation. Also, the one-half of lot Twenty-seven in the Third Concession, being in its natural state, all wood and excellent land. It is just the cross of two hundred acres from the corner of the one lot to the other. The railroad line runs within ten feet of the front corner of the one hundred and in sight of the two hundred for two or three miles. The Station at Cunningham's is scarcely a mile and a half from the front of Lot Twenty-five. The above farm is capable of keeping thirty head of milch cows, two span of horses, and as many young cattle as it would be proper to raise. Eight or nine years ago I kept twenty-two milch cows, and ten or twelve horses, and raised five or six calves every year. The above farm is about ten miles, from the door, to the limits of the City. The improvements cannot be surpassed for a farmer's purpose. The dwelling-house is stone, 30 by 40, a story and a half over ground; and a cellar nine feet high, the one half used for a kitchen and the other half capable of holding 1,000 bushels of anything you wish to put into it; there is three small windows in it, and when cleaned in the Spring, makes an excellent milk-house or dairy; there is a frame wood shed at the door, 60 by 24, with 14 feet taken off the one end for a coachhouse, and overhead for a storehouse; next to that is a stable 36 by 26, finished inside, complete with four large double stalls and two single ones, and good room for hanging up harness, and eat box; convenient to that is a barn 40 by 50, in which I have often put 1,000 bushels of grain in one year; connected with that is 200 and 20 feet of frame sheds, all 20 and 24 deep, under pinned with stone and lime from two to seven feet, according to level; on the north side of the house is another barn, 30 by 40, commonly filled with peas and oats. And if either tennant or purchaser has a desire for religious purposes you can lie in your bed and look at the bell tolling on the Catholic Church every Holy Day, and go to the front door and you will see the Presbyterian Church, where the Rev. Mr. Lochead has preached for the last twenty-two years, and go to the back door and you will see both English Church and Methodist Church within two miles. The above farm would be a desirable situation for a young man wishing to give his attention to farming, as the Ottawa Market cannot be surpassed in the Dominion. I think that I can say that I have not sold one pound of butter under one shilling this eight years; if one went under two went over. Some reader may ask what am I selling for, it is neither for scant nor for want of anything, but I am in the seventieth year of my age, and has purchased off this lot seven hundred and fifty acres of land and all is paid for, and all my sons is settled on their own farms, so I would rather sit down and take my ease as be attending to marketing and farming any longer. Persons wishing to get any information on any point from me, can do so by addressing, post-paid, JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr., South Gloucester.

JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr.

February 6, 1868. 709-6w12

NEW STORE!

THE Store formerly occupied by W. D. WOOD, No. 38, on RIDEAU STREET, has been refitted by the subscribers, and will be opened on MONDAY, FOURTEENTH OCTOBER, with an entire new stock of

GROCERIES, LIQUORS AND HARDWARE.

WOOD & ROSSITER.

Ottawa, October 12, 1867 15

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD

PLANS,

SPECIFICATIONS,

ESTIMATES, &

Prepared by AUGUSTUS LAVER, ARCHITECT

End Daly-st. Ottawa.
April 1.

W. NOTMAN,

Photographer to the Queen

CORNER OF

WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS,

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his

Establishment will be Opened

—ON—

Monday Next, 3rd February

When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for all different branches of Photography.

Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 582y

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

AN OMNIBUS

Will leave the

RUSSELL HOUSE,

Every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 7 a.m., punctually, to carry passengers

FOR AYLMER

To connect with the Union Forwarding Railway Company's Steamers.

JAMES MULLIGAN.

Ottawa, May 16, 1868. 744tf

TABLES

FOR

Converting One Inch Lumber

AND

QUEBEC STANDARD

—TO—

Board Measure.

For Sale by J. DURIE & SON, Booksellers and Stationers, 10, Sparks-st., Ottawa.

June 5, 1868. 760a

WANTED

For Knox Church, Ottawa, a PRECENTOR qualified to give instruction in music to adult and juvenile classes. Testimonials, etc., to be forwarded (post-paid), to

764-2 JOHN DURIE, Ottawa.

SARSAPARILLIAN,

PAREIRA BRAVA.

Newly Discovered Virtues—Hidden for 300 years—The Discovery of the True Virtues of the Roots—Brought to Light and Made Manifest in

DR. RADWAY'S SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT.

By a new process recently discovered by Dr. Radway, for obtaining the active properties from vegetable substances.

SARSAPARILLIAN.

Pareira Brava.

Associated with other newly discovered Roots, enters into the composition of RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT; secures a remedial agent, that cures all forms of Chronic, Scrofulous, Skin, Glandular, Kidney, Bladder and Uterine Diseases, by communicating its curative, reparative and fruitful efficacy, through the BLOOD, SWEAT and URINE.

The ordinary Sarsaparilla decoctions and Syrups are mere washes, compared with the Sarsaparillian of the Resolvent. It is a well known fact that Sarsaparilla as ordinarily prepared either as officinally or as a proprietary remedy, never possessed the confidence of medical men, and all the reputation it enjoyed was deemed by well informed Chemists, Physicians, and medical writers to be due to other remedial agents associated with it.

The true curative virtues of Sarsaparilla for 300 years have laid hidden in the Crystalline principle of the Root. Under DR. RADWAY'S *New Process*, SARSAPARILLIAN is secured and brought to light, and associated with other ingredients, it fulfils the most extravagant expectations and views of men. One ounce of Dr. Radway's Sarsaparillian contains more of the curative principle than ten pounds of the extracts from the crude roots, as prepared officinally or in the popular advertised Sarsaparillas.

PAREIRA BRAVA.—Another of the ingredients of the Radway's Resolvent, held in high estimation by the most eminent medical men of Europe, South America and United States, as the best remedial agent for the diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, Uterus, and as a *lithontriptic for dissolving Calculi*, as a curative for Jaundice, Rheumatism, Leucorrhœa, etc., since 1688 has never been properly prepared. Under Dr. Radway's process, the Cissampaline principle of this valuable Root is secured, and associated with Sarsaparillian and other ingredients in the Resolvent, makes it a perfect cure in every form of disease of the Kidneys, Bladder, and Urinary Organs—Dropsy, Gravel, Incontinence, or Stoppage of Water, Diabetes, or Urinary Diarrhœa, and *every kind of weakening, irritating or purulent discharges, not proper to mention* in an advertisement, is rapidly cured by this remedy.

So quick does the Resolvent enter into the circulation, that it may be detected in the Urine *in ten minutes* after it has been taken. In many cases it has secured a free discharge of water—in cases where Catheters were formerly used.—Is not this a blessing?

BUCHU, Turpentine Junipers, Gin, Copaiba, Cubebs, and other direct Diuretics, are in many cases hurtful. In Diabetes, Urinary Diarrhœas, Catarrh of the Bladder, Dropsy, and in a weakness or ulceration of the Kidneys, are unsafe to use as a continued remedy, and should never be given unless under supervision of a Physician, as the strain these direct remedies may produce on the Kidneys may, in the course of a few hours, require Opiates, to change or modify their action; this fact is self-evident to any medical man, a compensating Remedy like the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT, is the true remedy to use in these cases.—Even as a diuretic.

Pareira Brava,

As prepared by Dr. Radway, and one of the ingredients of the Resolvent, is as superior to all forms of Buchu, etc., as rich cream is to watered milk.

Let all suffering from unnatural drains from the system—caused either by self-abuse, depraved habit of body—bad blood, impure association, weakness of the genital organs, or Skin Diseases, Scrofula, uncured Secondary Disease, Syphiloid Ulcers, Chronic Disease—or from Consumption of the Lungs, as well as degeneration of the Kidneys—Chronic Disease of the Liver, Spleen, etc., commence at once the use of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT. It commences its work of purification at once; it repairs the waste of the body, with new and healthy material. It restores functional harmony to every organ in the system, and secures the natural secretions of the proper constituents to each. Persons have been cured, and have children now living that were deemed incapacited, by self-abuse, etc., through the use of this remedy. Ask for Dr. Radway's Sarsaparillian or Renovating Resolvent.

PRICE—$1 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $5.

W. M. MASSEY, Agent.

READ FALSE AND TRUE.—Send one letter-stamp to RADWAY & Co., 439 St. Paul-street, Montreal. Information worth thousands will be given you. Price of RESOLVENT SARSAPARILLIAN, $1 per bottle, or $10 per dozen. 762b

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY,

AND

COURT OF SPAIN,
THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,

AND

HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY;

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT MR. JOHN LESLIE, Sparks-street, Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity, For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*

H. & A. SAUNDERS, Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion, for the sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa, May 20. 748y

NEW BOOKS.

Exodus of the Western Nations by Viscount Bury; Chronicles and Characters by Owen Meredith; Brakespeare by the author of "Guy Livingstone"; The Lost Name, a Novel; Farming for Boys; The New Dictionary of Quotations; The Huguenots by Samuel Smiles; Law and Lawyers—Curious Facts and Characteristic Sketches; Art and Artists, do.; Books and Authors, do.; Clergymen and Doctors, do.; Longfellow's Works Complete for 15 cents; The Waverley Novels, per vol., 15 cents; Cooper's Novels, per vol., 15 cents; Essays in Elia by Lamb complete for 15 cents; De Quincey's Confessions of an Opium Eater for 15 cents.

Bibles, Prayer Books, Church Services, just received from the Publishers, in the newest and richest patterns.

For sale by J DURIE & SON, 10 Sparks-st., Opposite the Russell House

498y

PROFESSIONAL NOTICE.

MR. P. J. BUCKLEY HAS REMOVED HIS LAW OFFICE to the THOMPSON BLOCK, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, adjacent to the offices of Horace Lapierre, Advocate and Counsel. Office Hours—From 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.

Ottawa, June 9, 1868. 763a

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the

COMMERCIAL PARTNERSHIP

Heretofore existing between

John Ferguson, junr., & William Ferguson,

Doing business in the

Township of Buckingham,

IN THE

DISTRICT of OTTAWA,

Has been since the FIFTEENTH day MAY last, (1868,) dissolved by mutual consent.

JOHN FERGUSON, JUNR.,
WILLIAM FERGUSON.

Buckingham, 8th June, 1868. 764-2

NOTICE.

MESSRS. ANGUS & SON, in retiring from the Undertaking Business, would beg to inform their friends and the public that they have disposed of their Hearses and stock in trade to Mr. Samuel Rogers, Cabinet Maker, who will in future attend to all orders in the Undertaking line, and they have much pleasure in recommending him to their many patrons and friends.

ANGUS & SON, Furniture Dealers, No. 22, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, May 11, 1868.

UNDERTAKING.

IN reference to the above, S. Rogers takes this opportunity of thanking his numerous friends and customers for their very liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Cabinet and Upholstering Business, and would respectfully solicit in this new branch of his trade a continuation of their favors.

S. ROGERS, Cabinet Maker, &c., Rideau and George-streets.

Ottawa, May 11, 1868. 741d

Local Government Notices.

TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS Will be received, addressed to the undersigned, until NOON of

Monday, the 22nd Instant,

For the Erection of the

Lieutenant-Governor's Residence,

ON

THE GOVERNMENT GROUNDS,

On Simcoe and King-sts., Toronto.

Plans and Specifications may be seen at this office, and at the office of Messrs. Gundry & Langley, Architects, corner of King and Jordan sts., Toronto, on and after MONDAY, the 8th Instant.

The person to whom the contract may be awarded will be required to furnish satisfactory security for the due performance of the work, and to execute a contract approved by the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING, Commissioner of Public Works.

Parliament Buildings, Office of Public Works, Toronto, June 6, 1868. 762a

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, ONTARIO.

To Contractors.

TENDERS Will be received until noon,

Thursday, 25th inst.,

For the following works required for the completion of the wings to the Provincial Lunatic Asylum:

PLASTERER & GAS FITTER,
TINSMITH,
SLATER.

The plans and specifications can be seen at the Department of Public Works, Parliament Buildings, between the hours of ten a.m. and 4 p.m.

Tenders to be addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed on the outside,

"Tenders for the proposed work at the Provincial Lunatic Asylum."

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING, Commissioner of Public Works, Ontario,
Department of Public Works, Parliament Buildings,
Toronto, June 9, 1868. 765td

TENDERS

WILL BE RECEIVED

Addressed to the undersigned at the office of this Department until noon of

Tuesday, the 23rd instant.

For the supply of the following articles, all of which must be of the best description, and to be delivered at the Provincial Lunatic Asylum and at the Branch Asylum, Queen's Park, Toronto, in such quantities and at such times as may be required, for six months from 1st July to 30th December, 1868, viz:—

Tea, black and uncolored Japan, per lb,	
Coffee, Roasted,	"
Rice,	"
Sugar, bright,	"
Pepper, whole,	"
Mustard,	"
Starch,	"
Indigo,	"
Salt, Liverpool and American, per brl.	
Shoes, Men's and Women's, per pair.	
Cobourgs, Men's,	"
Butter, first quality, per lb	
Butchers' Meat, first quality, per lb.	
Corn Brooms, per doz.	
Scrub Brushes, per pair	
Slacking, per box	
Sal Soda, per lb.	
Vinegar, White Wine,	per gallon
Oatmeal,	per barrel
Pot Barley,	"
Split Peas,	"
Flour, Inspected Extra,	"
Flour, do Superfine,	"
Eggs, Fresh,	per dozen
Straw, clean oaten in bdls,	per ton
Hay, best Timothy,	"

CORDWOOD—Sound seasoned Beech and Maple, of equal quantities, but not mixed, and each kind piled separately, and not more than twelve months felled; to measure four feet in length from point to scarp, to be delivered and piled as above, and at the Engine House, Garrison Common, per cord.

COAL—Also, for delivering during the months of July and August of 450 gross tons Lehigh Coal, of best quality, egg size, and screened, per ton. 180 tons Brier Hill Coal, of best quality, and mined this season, per ton; both sorts of coal to be subject to the approval of the proper officers of the Asylum. Weight of coal to the Chief Asylum to be determined by scales on the premises, and for the Branch Asylum at the city weigh scales.

Samples of the following articles to accompany tenders, viz., Tea, Coffee, Rice, Sugar, Pepper, Mustard, Starch, Indigo, Corn Brooms, Scrub Brushes, Blacking, Shoes and Boots.

The tender must express the rate in dollars and cents, and contain the actual signatures of two sufficient sureties, who will be required for the due performance of the contract on behalf of each person tendering for the same.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

Further information respecting the contracts may be learned of the Bursar of the Asylum.

JOHN CARLING, Commissioner of Public Works.

Parliament Buildings, Office of the Public Works, Toronto, June 8, 1868. 765td

NOTICE.

ALL payments to be made on account of the Ontario Government may be made to the

ROYAL CANADIAN BANK,

And its Agencies.

Dated at Toronto, 30th October, A.D., 1867.

E. B. WOOD, Treasurer of Ontario.

October 31, 1867. Tf

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St

M. P. HAYES, AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 57tf

Railroads.

CHANGE of TIME

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and after FRIDAY, the 15th May, 1868, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA
Mixed, 7. 15 a. m.	10.35 a. m.
Express, 1.35 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 7 a. m.	9.25 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principals stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent.
THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

Ottawa, May 14, 1868. 1y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway,

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H ABBOTT, *Managing Director.*

Brockville, April 11. 472y

Grand Trunk Railway Company

OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows;

GOING WEST—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 8.30 A.M.

Night do do at 7.30 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.00 A.M.

Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.

Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.

Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.

Express for Boston and New York, at 3.30 P.M.

Express for Portland (staying over at Island Pond) at 2.00 P.M.

Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Riviere du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbroke, Waterville and Coaticooke only, at 10.10 P.M.

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

December 23, 1867 650tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET.

FOUR GOOD ROOMS over SHEPHERD'S GROCERY STORE, Murray st., between Sussex and Dalhousie-sts. Also, GOOD STABLES for thirteen horses. Rent moderate. Also a quantity of CEDARS for sale. Enquire of M. SHEPHERD, at the Store.

Ottawa, May 20, 1868. 748

Lots for Sale.

6 BUILDING LOTS, one mile from the city, on the Richmond Road, containing one acre each. Apply to THOMAS ANDERSON, Jr. on the premises. 564tf

FOR SALE, on SANDY HILL, opposite Desbarats', LOT No. 32, Stuart street. Terms moderate. Apply to Mrs. TIERNAN, No. 2, King street opposite the Gas House.

Ottawa, May 4 1868. 731d

Two Dwellings to Let,

BEING the Upper part of E. MARTINEAU'S Clothing Store, Corner of Sussex and Clarence-streets.

Enquire at the Store.

EUG. MARTINEAU.

Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 64

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.

NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ., Or JOHN HENEY, Esq., Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W

Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FARM FOR SALE.

FOR SALE Lot No. 15, 4th Concession, Gloucester, Rideau Front, seven miles from Ottawa, on the macadamized road leading from Ottawa to Metcalfe, consisting of 100 acres, 80 of which are cleared and in the highest state of cultivation. The soil is of the very best quality, and there is a new Frame Building and a good Stone Cellar, also a good Barn, Stable, Sheds and other outbuildings. The English Church and School House is about two acres from the house, the Methodist Church and Catholic Church can be seen from the door. There is a nine mile road running beside the lot. The Railroad Station is about two miles from the house. There will be a chance given in part of the purchase money if required. It is well fenced and watered. For further particulars apply to the subscriber on the premises.

701-1-13wtS13 WM. HALPENNY.

Quebec Bank—Ottawa Branch

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

FROM the 1st day of April next ensuing, INTEREST at the RATE of FIVE per cent per annum, will be allowed on Deposits in this Department.

H. V. NOEL, Manager.

Ottawa, March 13, 1868. 690-3m

Steamers.

1868. 1868.

THE

Quebec and Gulf Ports

STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

ROYAL Mail Line between Quebec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, every Tuesday.

The first-class Iron Screw Steamship

"GASPE,"

WILLIAM CONNELL, - - Master

Will leave

St. Andrew's Wharf

—ON—

TUESDAY, the 16th of JUNE

At four o'clock, p.m.,

For Pictou, Nova Scotia, calling at Father Point, Gaspe, Perce, Chatham, Newcastle, Miramichi and Shediac. Returning will leave Pictou on Tuesday, 23rd June, at 5 o'clock, p.m.

The steamers connect at Shediac with E. & N. A. R. R. to St. John, N.B., and steamer for Prince Edward Island, and at Pictou with N. S. Railway to Halifax.

Through tickets to St. John, N. B., $16; Halifax, Nova Scotia, $17.50; Eastport, $17.50; Portland, $19.50 and Boston $20 50. Return Tickets by steamers at reduced rates. For freight or passage apply to

W. MOORE, Manager, Quebec.

CHAS. E. BRUSH, Agent, Ottawa,

June 10, 1868. 739-8

1868 1868

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S

MAIL STEAMER

Queen Victoria,

Captain A. BOWIE,

Leaves the Queen's Wharf with mails and passengers for Montreal, every morning. (Sundays excepted) at half-past 6 o'clock, arriving at 4:45 p.m.

Travellers and tourists will find this a delightful trip.

First-class Fare (meals extra)	$3 50
Second " "	2 00
First " Return "	6 00

Baggage checked through.

Parcel Express daily to and from Montreal and all landings.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs landed at L'Orignal.

For further information apply at Office on the wharf, or on board the steamer.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Excursion Tickets to Grenville and back for one fare.

MARKET STEAMER

"FAIRY,"

Captain R. G. NICHOLS,

Leaves Ottawa for Major's and intermediate landings on Tuesdays and Fridays at 4 o'clock, p.m.

749S R. W. SHEPHERD.

1868 1868

UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

Upper Ottawa Route.

Consisting of the following first-class Steamers,

ANN SISSON,	Captain Murphy.
ALLIANCE,	" Findlay.
EMERALD,	" Toner.
OREGON,	" Cowley.
CALUMET,	" Blondin.
JASON GOULD,	" Bolton.
PONTIAC,	" Duggan.
PEMBROKE,	" Overman.
SNOW BIRD,	" Beattie.

Until further notice the Steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day (Sundays excepted) for the Upper Ottawa at 8:30 a.m., connecting with the *Alliance* at head of railroad at 12:30, touching at Arnprior, Sandpoint, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf, and Portage-du-Fort. Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after the arrival of the Steamer *Alliance* for Cobden, connecting with Steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.

The Steamer *Pembroke* leaves Pembroke at 7 o'clock, a.m., on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday for Des Joachims, calling at intermediate ports, returning on same day, leaving at 2 p.m., connecting at Pembroke with Steamer *Jason Gould* which leaves daily at 5 a.m., and arriving at Portage-du-Fort at 10 a.m.

The Steamer *Alliance* leaves Portage-du-Fort every morning (Sundays excepted) at 9:30 a.m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere, Bristol, Sandpoint and Arnprior, and arriving at head of railway at 12:45, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4 p.m.

The Steamer *Colume* leaves Havelock for Chapeau Village and intermediate ports on Tuesdays at 6 o'clock, a. m., and returning leaves Chapeau Village same days, at 2 o'clock.

A connection is made daily with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the uptrip at Arnprior at 2 o'clock p. m., in time to connect with the Grand Trunk Railway night trains east and west, and on the downward trip at Sandpoint 11:35 a.m., Arnprior 12:10.

Passengers for Des Joachims leave Ottawa every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

For further particulars apply at the office of the Company in Ottawa City or Aylmer.

R. S. CASSELS, President.

Ottawa City, April 22, 1868. 7248

Condensed Time Table

Between Brockville and Ottawa, via Brockville and Ottawa Railway and Union Forwarding Railway Company's Steamers:

UPWARDS.

Leave Ottawa at	7:00 a.m.
Arrive at Arnprior at	2:00 p.m.
Leave Arnprior at	2:20 p.m.
Arrive at Brockville at	7:45 p.m.

In time to connect with Grand Trunk Railway Night Trains, East and West.

DOWNWARDS.

Leave Brockville at	7:15 a.m.
Arrive at Arnprior at	12:10 p.m.
Leave Arnprior at	12:15 p.m.
Arrive at Ottawa at	5:00 p.m.

NOTICE

—TO—

SHIPPERS OF GOODS

TO THE

Upper Ottawa,

By Steamers of the

Union Forwarding

AND

RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE Union Forwarding and Railway Company having assumed the cartage of goods between

OTTAWA & AYLMER,

I beg to intimate that the same rate will be charged on goods received at either place, the Company having established a through rate on all goods forwarded from Ottawa to places on the Upper Ottawa.

Receipts for goods will be given by the Shipping Clerk, Mr. S. Dyde, Canal Basin Wharf, or at the office of the Company, Wellington-street.

R S CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, March 23, 1868. 698-3m

NEW GREEN HOUSE.

ERECTED lately by the subscriber at New Edinburgh, who has now on hand and for sale a large variety of choice Verbenas, and other flowering plants. Orders left at G. Bott's, Rideau-street, will be punctually attended to

ROBERT CURRY.

March 1868. 691-3m

1867 AND 1868.

INDIA WAREHOUSE!

16 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform their Customers that their Stock is now complete, and embraces every delicacy of the Season, among which will be found a choice assortment of

TEAS,

Breakfast SOUCHONG, } Black Extra Fine.
do CONGOU, }
Superior HYSON,
" GUNPOWDER,
" IMPERIAL,
" TWANKAY,
Orange PEKOE, } These Teas have been
Flowery " } carefully selected for
Japan " } family trade by

BROWNE & HARDY.

SUGARS,
LOAF,
BROKEN LOAF,
CRUSHED,
GROUND,
YELLOW,
and MUSCOVADO.

COFFEE,
MOCHA,
JAVA,
JAMAICA, and CEYLON,

Roasted and Ground daily on the premises.

CHOCOLATE and COCOA,
FRENCH, flavored with Vanilla;
TAYLOR'S,
FRY'S,
MOTT'S

FRUITS, &c.

LAYER RAISINS,
in Whole, Half and Quarter Box
MUSCATEL, do do
SULTANA,
VALENTIA,
CURRANTS,
GRAPES,
ORANGES
LEMONS,
PRUNES,
ALMONDS,
WALNUTS,
FILBERTS, and
BRAZIL NUTS.

SPICES,
NUTMEGS
MACE,
CINNAMON,
CLOVES,
GINGER,
MIXED SPICES,
All Ground on the Premises

D. T. BROWNE & CO.

Ottawa, December 19

Skates! Skates

At ISAAC'S,

ALSO,

SLEIGHS, SLEIGHS

ALL PRESENTS BY SANTA CLAUS,

At ISAAC'S

Skates from 20 cents to $6.00

At ISAAC'S, Sparks-street.

ALSO,

Hardware of all Descriptions

At Lowest Cash Prices,

At ISAAC'S

Remember the place,

T ISAAC'S

December 17, 1867.

Piano-Forte Tuition!

W. C. CLARK,

PROFESSOR OF MUSIC and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-street, corner of Slater-street, Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store. 455y

Among the most important of modern Medical discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

de, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throats, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. R. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Nov. 1. 1867

Plans, Specifications, &c.,

PREPARED for Buildings of every description, by

SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, Wellington-st.

711tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 60, Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON Managing Director; ALEX. ROBERTSON Editor

The Times

VOL. III. NO. 770. OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 17, 1868. PRICE—3 CENTS

Senate Reading Room 3 copies

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valle issuing of the Daily over 2,000 ! and Weekly over 4,000 ! making a total circulation in the week over 18,000 ! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only, ... $6 00

Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line, ... 8c

All subsequent insertions, per line, ... 2c

Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

Yearly subscription to the daily (if paid in advance) $5 00

If not paid in advance 6 00

Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance) $1 00

If not paid in advance 1 50

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—*Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 34, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the* OTTAWA TIMES

Legal Cards.

MOSGROVE & TAILLON,

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. GEORGE TAILLON.
Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1868. 366-tf

R. J. WICKSTEED,

ADVOCATE, &c., 43, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 589-6m

N. TETREAU,

NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 6, 1867. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,

ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 348y

D. O'CONNOR,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa
February 7, 1866. 43-n

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Conner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-t

LEES & GEMMELL,

BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-atf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

J. P. MACPHERSON,

BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1868.

NICHOLAS SPARKS,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

G. J. O'DOHERTY,

LAW, Chancery, and Conveyancing Office, Aumond's Buildings, Rideau street.
Ottawa, December 6, 1867.

Medical Cards.

A. CODD, M.D., C.M.,

(Attending Physician General Protestant Hospital)

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Four doors east of the Revere House, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
OFFICE HOURS—From 8 to 10 a. m., and from 2 to 1 p. m.
Ottawa, April 30. 730-3m

DR. CHESLEY,

OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 25 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30 44tf

DR. C. LEGGO,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,

DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-atf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,

DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-atf

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)

SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 380y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,

DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY,

CORNER of Kent and Wellington-Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 43atf

DR. O. C. WOOD,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-100-y

Hotels and Saloons.

MATHEWS' OLD STAND,

YORK-STREET,

WILL BE OPEN for the accommodation of the public on THURSDAY, 12th of March, 1868. The subscriber having again resumed business in his old stand as hotel-keeper, wishes to return thanks to his numerous friends and the public for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on him, during the past seventeen years, and hopes by strict attention to business, and kindness to all, to share a portion of public patronage. His Larder will be always supplied with the best the market affords. His Bar will be supplied with the best of Liquors and choicest Cigars.
T. MATHEWS, Proprietor.

N. B.—The house has been thoroughly renovated and newly furnished.
Ottawa, March 11, 1868. 688tf

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,

LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec

REVERE HOUSE, OTTAWA,

G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, } .... PROPRIETORS.

THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867 582tf

THE ALBION HOTEL

NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1866. 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN

LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly over hauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of the Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN

Aumond's Block,

Rideau Street Ottawa.

P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

TORONTO HOUSE,

SPARKS STREET.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has a few Commodious Suites of Apartments to Let, handsomely and comfortably furnished.
Gentlemen attending the Session of Parliament will find at the Toronto House most convenient quarters, where the quiet of the private family is combined with the usual attendance to be found at the best hotels.
Ottawa, Feb. 25, 1868. 675tf

DOMINION HOUSE,

WELLINGTON STREET.

THE undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.
GEORGE IRVINE.
Ottawa, March 26: 658y

SMITH & RODNEY

MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from Eaton's Gilding Store, having just received a choice stock of

English, French and Canadian

CLOTHS and TWEEDS,

And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1, 1867: 551tf

A. MORTIMER,

BOOKBINDER

AND

Blank Book Manufacturer,

26, METCALFE-ST., OTTAWA.

HAVING every facility in the way of first-class Machinery, and employing none but first-class workmen, I am prepared to turn out every description of Binding in as good a style of workmanship as any other establishment in Canada.
A. MORTIMER, Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, Feb. 6. 384y

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS, Toronto, May 28, 1868.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT Charles Westley Lount, of Bracebridge, in the Township of Macauley, in the District of Muskoka, Esquire has been appointed Agent for the disposal of public lands in the Townships of Morrison, Muskoka, Draper, Macauley, Stephenson, McLean, Brunnel, Monck and Watt, in the District of Muskoka, in the place of Richard Jose Oliver, Esquire, whose services have been dispensed with.
Applications for lands open as Free Grants in the above mentioned Townships, must also be made to Mr. Lount.
S. RICHARDS, Commissioner.
Toronto, May 29, 1867. 758-tf

TO LET.

A GOOD BUSINESS STAND at the Chaudiere Flats. Apply to
JOHN ASHFIELD.
June 15, 1868. 768a25-1

Druggists.

THE MEDICAL HALL

Soda Water and Ginger Ale Factory,

23 Great St. James-street, Montreal,

OPPOSITE the POST OFFICE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS

Beg to intimate to their patrons that they have commenced the manufacture of Ærated Waters of every description, and on the most extensive scale.
Particular attention will be paid to the preparation of "Belfast Ginger Ale," a beverage first introduced into this country by our Mr. Brown, who alone possesses the original receipt, and who has also taken out a TRADE MARK for the same.
The proprietors believe their Ærated Waters will be superior to any others at present prepared in Montreal, for the following reasons, viz:—
1st. The employment of the most improved machinery the United States can produce.
2nd. The application of strictly scientific principles to the details.
3rd. Extra care given to the chemical purity of the articles used in the different processes.
4th. The possession of chemical knowledge, without which it is simply impossible to produce Ærated Waters in perfection.
The following Waters and Beverages are the principal ones prepared at the MEDICAL HALL FACTORY: Belfast Ginger Ale, Lemonade, Sarsaparilla, Winter Beverage, Summer Beverage, Soda Water, Seltzer Water, Potash Water, Kissengen Water, Vichy Water.
KENNETH, CAMPBELL & CO., Apothecaries to H.R.H. the Prince of Wales.
W. M. MASSEY, Agent for Ottawa. 472y

Spectacles for all Sights.

OPTICAL Instruments Electro-Magnetic and Galvanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.
W. HEARN, Market Drug Store, York-street.
637y

Miscellaneous.

D. CODD & CO.,

PATENT AGENTS, SOLICITORS, &c. Drawings, Specifications, Models, and all other business in connection with the procuring of Letters Patent of Invention, attended to at the shortest notice.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 741-6m

I. B. TACKABERRY'S

AUCTION ROOMS, No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any part of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS

PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-

H. McLEAN'S

AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
—Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

B. BILLINGS, JR.,

ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O & P R W 740tf

S. CHRISTIE,

COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,

EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 378v

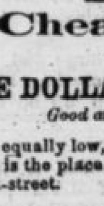
HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,

WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.
WILLIAM HOLGATE, JOHN OLIVER, WILLIAM ANNABLE.
506y

R. H. McGREEVY,

CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

LADIES CALL AT THE CAPITAL

Boot and  Shoe Store !

YORK-STREET.

For Cheap Gaiters

AT

ONE DOLLAR A PAIR !

Good at 95 cents.

Men's ware equally low, in every variety of style
This is the place to buy cheap at the "Capital," York-street.
429y GEORGE MURPHY.

VICTORIA

FURNITURE WAREROOMS.

GEORGE ARMSTRONG, Corner Victoria Square and Craig-street, Montreal, solicits a call from the Citizens of Ottawa about to furnish, who may visit Montreal to his very large and varied stock of FURNITURE which he will sell at greatly reduced prices for cash. The Parlor Furniture is of the best quality and latest designs, either plain or handsomely carved, in Walnut, oil finished or polished.
His Sideboards, Bookcases, Chamber Sets, Hall Furniture, &c., are worthy of attention.
Hair Mattrasses and Bedding of all description constantly on hand, or made to order, at the shortest notice. Call and examine for yourselves.
"Patent Sofa, with reclining arms, of a very superior make."
N.B.—Sole Agent in the Dominion for the sale of G. A. FISKS' Air-Tight Metallic Casket. 712-3m

Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale.

THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

Fine Bottled Ale !

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

Scotch Irish, Old Rye

And other Malt Whiskies,

Ports, Sherries, Brandies Gin, &c.,

To other with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A Call kindly Solicited.

D. WHELAN, 44, Rideau-street, Opposite Allan's Crockery Store
Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank Street, Centre Town,

Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

CRICKETING GOODS,

CROQUET, FISHING TACKLE

FOILS,

Masks & Boxing Gloves

AT THE

Sheffield House, Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 5, 1868.

1868. MAY. 1868.

J. A. PINARD & CO.,

ARE NOW SHEWING

New Dress Goods,

A good value in Striped, all Mohair, for 6d per yard.

New Prints,

A good variety of Patterns at 6d per yard.

New Grey Cottons,

A good Cotton, 40 inches wide, for 7d per yard.

New White Cottons,

A good heavy made Cotton for 6d per yard.

The Tailoring Department is replete with all the novelties of the season.

Cash buyers will find it their advantage to visit the above before purchasing else whe

J. A. PINARD & Co.,
No. 17, Sussex-st., *Sign of the Golden Ball.*

Ottawa, May 5, 186 16y

HARDWARE, HARDWARE!

—AT—

Thomas Birkett's,

SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24 RIDEAU No. 24 STREET.

Come old and young, come short and tall,
Come rich and poor, come great and small,
Just call and see my stock in trade,
Hardware and paints of every grade.

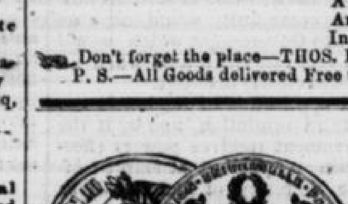
A Complete Assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware constantly kept on hand at the SIGN of the ANVIL, T. BIRKETT, consisting in part of

Butts,	Axes,	Iron,	Paints, all colors,	Ecrews,	Saws,	Tin,	Oils,
Locks,	Ropes,	Stoves,	Glass,	Coolers,	Putty,	Bolts,	Chains,
Nails,	Coal,	Pitch,	Grindstones,	&c.,	&c.,	&c.,	&c.

Also a complete stock of MECHANICS' TOOLS of the most improved English and American manufacture.

Then Come and Examine my Stock,
A duty never shirk it,
And satisfaction will be got
In business with T. BIRKETT.

Don't forget the place—THOS. BIRKETT, Sign of the Anvil, No. 24, Rideau-street.
P. S.—All Goods delivered Free to any part of the city. 408y



WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE

WERE AWARDED THEIR 67TH

Prize and Gold Medal, Paris,

1867.

Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

Great rapidity, Simple Machinery, quiet in action, easy to operate, price from $47. *Prospectus, and instructions gratis.*

G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa. and 105 King-st., West. Toronto.

Sole Agent for Ontario.

The "HOWE" SEWING MACHINES are the *best* for Carriage Trimmers, Harness Makers, Boot and Shoe Makers, are the best Shuttle Machine for Tailors, Dressmakers, Families, etc. etc. Price from $50. Prospectus free and instructions gratis.
479 43y R. W. STEPHEN, 37 Sparks-street, Ottawa.

NEW SILK AND DRESS GOODS:

Grant and Henderson

Have just opened out a new lot of

Black and Fancy Silks, Moire-Antiques,

BROCADES, POPLINS, CHALLIS, LUSTRES, &c.

Elegant Goods at Moderate Prices.

Millinery, Mantles, Jackets, Carpets and House Furnishings in great variety, always on hand.

No. 20, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, May 16, 1868. 62y

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.

"CAPITAL" 35, H.

STOVE SUSSEX MEADOWS

DEPOT ! St. & CO.

WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall Stoves, for wood or coal we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES
COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.

Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW OVEN STOVES.

BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.

Suitable for private Dwellings and Churches Warehouses and Stores

PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES	PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.

New and most beautiful designs, very cheap.

COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES.
Hot Air Furnaces.

We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE, RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with Stovepipes, &c., at reduced rates.

Lumbermen's Supplies Lumbermen's Supplies! Shanty Plates! Basins! Camp Kettles, &c.
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS!

Bird Cages ! Bird Cages ! Bird Cages !

Price Lists sent free on application.
Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending purchasers would do well to note.
An inspection of the above goods invited at the

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, October 2 1867. 62-y

WORLD-WIDE UNIFORMITY IN COINAGE.

[From the New York Albion.]

We are informed from Washington that on Tuesday last Mr. Sherman, from the Committee on Finance, reported, with amendments, to the United States Senate, a Bill designed to promote the establishment of a uniform currency among all nations. The Bill as proposed by Senator Sherman substantially adopts the principles of the Paris Conference of last year, and proposes a single uniform standard, exclusively of gold—the assimilation of the American silver dollar to the French five-franc piece, and the gold half eagle, or five-dollar piece, to the French twenty-five franc piece—such Bill to take effect from the 1st of January, 1869.

Senator Morgan, on the other hand, has presented a report which sets forth that such a change as now proposed, "should be made only after the most mature deliberations;" and suggestively asks: "Should not a period when the public mind is calm—more so than now—on the subject of monetary affairs, and when the national debt has become less formidable be chosen for initiating a change?" We may here add, that in our opinion Senator Morgan's views on the question more nearly represent those entertained by the mass of the American people, than do those of Senator Sherman.

In England a uniform standard existed before the Conquest. Magna Charta also declares that "there shall be one weight and one measure throughout the realm;" but, in the fifteenth century, as many as eleven systems of weights and measures were sanctioned by an act of parliament, or were in general use by the people—also local weights and measures existed in different market towns. At that time as many as ten different stones, and twenty different bushels, existed in the United Kingdom. In France the *kilogramme* and *metre* were first legally adopted as the standard of length and weight, and adopted in the *Hotel des Archives* in 1799.

And now it becomes necessary to consider the question of coinage—distinct from that of weights and measures—on its own merits; and also in its bearings on the interests both of Great Britain, and British America, as well as the United States; for each of these countries have recently been considering this question in all its bearings.

A select Committee appointed by the House of Commons on the 8th of April, 1862—after due deliberation—reported:

1. "That the use of the *metric* system of currency be rendered legal."

2. "That a department of weights and measures be established in connection with the Board of Trade."

3. "That the system form one of the subjects of competitive examination in the candidatures for the Civil Service."

4. "That the *gramme* should be used in the Post-office, on letters and books.

5. "That it should be taught in all schools receiving grants from Government."

6. "That all public statistics should have both systems expressed in juxta-position, and that the use of the *gramme* be allowed in bills before Parliament."

In conclusion they say: "The Committee feel bound to add, that the evidence they have received tend to convince them that a *decimal* system of money should, as nearly as possible, accompany a decimal system of weights and measures." And, moreover, when we consider that the *metric system* has already been adopted (wholly or partially) by France, Holland, Belgium, Italy, the German Zolverein, Hanse Towns, Switzerland, Spain, Portugal, Greece, Mexico, Guatemala, and other States of South America; it is not too much, we think, to infer that this is now the invariable tendency of national minds.

Professor de Morgan in a recent paper on this subject says: "I believe that the decimal divisions of units might be introduced very easily, and I believe that it would co-exist perfectly well with the binary division, which I am satisfied must always exist with the common people—so far as halves and quarters are concerned. The halves and quarters are easily counted into decimal fractions; the decimal system, therefore, if fully established throughout the country, might go on and thrive, consistently with the habit of dividing all units into halves and quarters in common life." Professor Millers—who is also good authority on this head—in answer to the question: "What advantage does the metrical system present (English) system?" says: "The great advantage of having convenient units, and the enormous advantage also, of having a decimal subdivision." The French legal system at present is, 1, $\frac{1}{2}$, 1-5, 1-10; while the purely binary system is, 1, $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{8}$; and therefore may be easily assimilated so as to exactly correspond. And while we ask a slight change, on the part of the French nation, we cheerfully admit that the old English system of pounds, shillings and pence, must ultimately be superseded by the decimal and binary divisions, which possess the merit of simplicity, and are accordingly easily understood by the common people throughout the world. Even the American Statistical Association, at the late meeting at Boston, adopted a petition to Congress urging the adoption of the metrical system of weights, measures, and coins; adding that, "the changes required for converting the existing coinage into a metrical one, are so slight that recoinage would be unnecessary."

The same authority says:—"The fineness of both the gold and the silver coins in each of the above-mentioned systems is *the same*—namely, 0-10 of pure metal to 1-10 of alloy. The ratio of gold to silver assumed in each of the above cases is a safe one, being below the market and consequently rendering the silver coins of greater *nominal* value (expressed in gold values) than their actual market values. The relative market values of gold to silver for the past fourteen years has averaged 15 3-8 to 1. The 2nd case—that of the Metrical System—is obviously the most simple, as regards the relation of the weight of the coins to the metrical unit of weight—the *gramme*,—as also in relation to the relative market values of gold and silver. The 3rd case is the least simple of all."

All things considered, we are of opinion that the Paris Conference's recommendations purely, will neither be adopted by Great Britain or the United States, and we further believe that something more *metrical* in form, will take the place of the present proposition; not only at Washington, but also at London, and Paris.

BURGLARY IN PETERBORO.

PETERBORO, June 12, 1868.

The hardware shop of Mr. Robert Walton, George-st., was entered last night by burglars. Five revolvers, a card of pocketknives, and two or three satchels were taken. Mr. Hall, who lives over the adjoining store, hearing the noise and seeing a light from the back window, raised his window and saw a man and boy leave Mr. Walton's shop. He gave the alarm, but too late to obtain any clue. A number of valuable shot guns and breech-loading rifles in the same show-case were untouched, probably because the burglars were disturbed by the noise made by Mr. Hall.—*Leader.*

OIL REFINERY BURNED.

PETROLIA, June 12.

A small refinery owned by M. J. Woodward, of this place, was burned to-day at noon, together with about 350 barrels of crude oil. Several tanks of oil owned by S. D. Elwood & Co., at their well adjacent, containing about 150 barrels of crude oil, were also consumed. A large underground tank owned by the same parties, containing 250 barrels was saved. The fire originated by a still overflowing in the refinery and the oil igniting. The fire is still raging, but is being subjugated.—*Leader.*

THE NEW MINISTER TO ENGLAND.

[From the N. Y. World.]

Yesterday the Senate of the United States, forgetting for the moment the bitterness of party feeling in its reverence for a great and distinguished name, paid the highest compliment in its power to its most illustrious member. Reverdy Johnson, of Maryland, in recognition of life-long services to his country, was nominated by the President Minister to the Court of St. James, and without the usual reference to a committee, the Senate at once confirmed the nomination. Mr. Johnson, as is well known, is a native of the State which he so worthily represents in the Senate, having been born in Annapolis, in the year 1798. After receiving his preparatory education in St. John's College, he commenced his law studies under his father, Chief Justice Johnson. At the age of nineteen he was admitted to the bar, and in 1817 removed to the City of Baltimore, where he has since lived. His first appointment was as State Attorney. In 1820 he became Chief Commissioner of Insolvent Debtors, and one year afterwards he commenced his distinguished legislative career as State Senator. He was re-elected at the end of his term of two years and served for one year longer. Twenty-three years ago he was elevated to the United States Senate, where he remained until 1849. In that year he accepted the position of Attorney-General of the United States, urged upon him by President Taylor. After President Taylor's death, on the accession of Mr. Fillmore, he resigned the Attorney-Generalship. He then devoted his remarkable abilities entirely to his profession, practicing chiefly in the United States Supreme Court. In 1861 he attended the Peace Congress. In 1862 he was re-elected Senator, his term commencing in 1863, and ending in the coming year. So prominently has Mr. Johnson been before the public it is not necessary to more than allude to the principal events in which he has been engaged during the past few years. In 1862 he was sent to New Orleans to arrange the difficulty with the consul of the Netherlands. In his report to the Government he pointed out that Mr. B. F. Butler exceeded his powers, as the seizure made by that gentleman's orders could not be justified by either civil or military law. Mr. Johnson's manly and able defence of his decision against the charges of corrupt motives insinuated by "gentlemen" closely connected with General Butler, was entirely in consonance with the character of his whole life. The important legislation which has occupied Congress since his re-election to the Senate has received from him the most careful attention. His most remarkable arguments have been on the exchange of negro soldiers, on the slavery amendment, against the test-oath, on the restoration of the Southern States, on the Civil Rights Bill, and on the condition of Maryland, on the admission of Nebraska, and on the pardoning power of the President. In the famous conspiracy trial he was the advocate of the unfortunate Mrs. Surratt. He assisted during the past winter at the deliberations of the "High Court of Impeachment," and one of the most remarkable scenes in that eventful proceeding was his indignant as well as dignified rebuke of Mr. Manager Butler's insolence.

Mr. Johnson's nomination to our most important foreign mission is a fitting crown to a service of his country, extending over half a century. It is one calculated to do honor to the office as well as to its incumbent. His name, *clarum et venerabile nomen*, can receive little additional lustre from any post no matter how dignified. The position to which he has been called is one of peculiar difficulty at the present moment. Delicate negotiations of the most important character are under consideration. The *Alabama* claims, involving heavy damages caused to American commerce, and still more important in their bearing on international law, have yet to be decided; the arrangement of a naturalization treaty on a basis satisfactory to our adopted citizens, and securing to the fullest extent the privileges of our compact with them; the release of so many of our citizens wrongfully detained in British prisons, and satisfaction for that detention have to be obtained. His great legal skill, his experience in the Judiciary and Foreign Affairs Committee of the Senate admirably fit him for conducting all these issues to a satisfactory conclusion. Our readers will therefore feel that in the appointment and confirmation of Mr. Johnson the Executive and Senate have made a choice which is calculated to reflect honor on the nation and add to the dignity of the American name.

SUPPOSED MURDER OF A GIRL.

DELAWARE, June 12, 1868.

The inhabitants of this township have been thrown into a state of the greatest excitement to-day, in consequence of a report that a girl of thirteen years of age, the daughter of H. Jones, on the second concession of Delaware, had been foully murdered. It appears the girl left her home yesterday afternoon about two o'clock to go to her uncle's, Thomas Jones, a distance of half a mile, to get some flour, but the girl not returning, her parents began to get uneasy, and although every endeavor has been made to find her, no trace of her can be found. Her uncle Thomas and three members of the family have been arrested, and from the stories afloat and the nature of the evidence now being taken before the magistrates there is reason to suppose the report of her murder is too true. The two families have been on very bad terms for some time past, and the missing girl having given some information against her uncle Thomas in a burglary case a little time ago, is supposed to be the cause of the sad affair. A large party are going to scour the country round, and it is hoped the body may be discovered.—*Leader.*

—The late adjourned Protestant Episcopal Convention of the State of South Carolina says:

"To sum up the losses of the diocese, it appears that ten churches have been burnt; that three have disappeared; that twenty-two parishes are suspended; that two parsonages have been burnt; that every church between the Savannah River and Charleston has been injured, some stripped even of weather-boarding and flooring; that almost every minister in that region of the State has lost home and library; that along the entire seaboard, from North Carolina to Georgia, where our Church had flourished for more than a century, there are but four parishes which maintain religious services; that not one outside the city of Charleston can be called a living, self-sustaining parish, able to support a minister; that their clergy live by fishing, by farming, and by mechanical arts; that almost every church whose history appears on this record, has lost its communion plate, often a massive and venerable set, the contribution of an English or colonial ancestor. The pecuniary losses might be repaired if the diocese were as in days gone by; but in its present impoverished condition no hope remains of speedy restoration. This generation can scarcely behold it."

HEALTH IS STRENGTH.—To prevent or conquer disease is one of the grandest attainments ever aimed at by man; and Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers will as sure by cure coughs, colds, tickling in the throat and pulmonary complaints, as war and pestilence will destroy. Severe colds if not attended to sooner or later lead to incurable consumption, and the strength of the strongest soon fails if neglected. The readiest and best means known for the cure of these complaints is "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers,' which have been thoroughly tried for the last twenty years, and have never been known to fail. Singers and public speakers will also derive great benefit from the use of them. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts. per box.

COAL IN THE BRITISH PROVINCES.

The gentle hint of the British Minister that Canada has resisted the importunities of Nova Scotia to put a duty of fifty cents a ton on coal imported into the Provinces, can scarcely have much effect on the Congress by whom heavy duties are levied on coal coming into our own country, and who resist the earnest remonstrances of our own people, and the obvious dictates of justice and sound policy, to admit free of all duty that mineral which, properly considered, is light, heat, and power. Not only are we now necessarily dependent upon it for the common lights of our cities, but throughout a vast and continually increasing region it is becoming our only resource against the life-destroying severity of winter, and the material for preparing our daily food. It should be as free as sunshine for all. As the producer of steam—the great motive power of the world—its enhanced price increases the cost of every article made by steam power, and places us at increased disadvantages in all our manufacturing and commercial rivalry with the rest of the world. Congress could scarcely be so dull as not to see this, if its members permitted themselves to think at all on the subject, and would deliberate upon the interests of the people instead of taxing the multitude for the benefit of a few coal-mining capitalists.

The fear lest the market in Canada for the coal of Western Pennsylvania and Ohio may be closed up by the supply of Nova Scotian coal to Western Canada, will not affect those who are interested in it until the blow strikes them, and it is not likely they will make much exertion in Congress until that time comes. Nor does it seem likely that the proposed Canadian duty of fifty cents a ton will have much influence on the relative proportions of American and Nova Scotian coal used in Western Canada, now called Ontario. The distance from the nearest American mines to the populous region of Ontario is several hundreds of miles less than that from Nova Scotia, and fifty cents a ton will not carry the coal so great a distance up the stream of the St. Lawrence. But a tax on our coal would aid the revenue of Canada, while it would to some slight extent increase the use of Nova Scotian coal in regions far down the St. Lawrence, and might proportionally conciliate the good will of the people of that Province who have hitherto been anxious to secede from the new Dominion, alleging as their chief reason, their dislike of the protectionist fiscal policy of the Canadians. We cannot counsel our neighbors to pay this price for Nova Scotian contentment.

A higher duty would exclude the coal of Ohio and Pennsylvania, but it would be flagrantly unjust to the people of "Ontario"—not more so than the tariff of the United States is to our people; but they are led into grave financial errors by skilful playing upon the *animus* engendered by the old revolutionary war. The Canadians will scarcely surrender their good sense to any similar prejudice, and be made to believe that it is best for them in their hyperborean country to be supplied with coal at high instead of low prices.

The gist of the whole case is this: Both in Canada and the United States certain regions are remote from coal formations in territories of their respective countries, but quite near to ample supplies from the other side of the frontier. Shall both of us agree to carry our coal a few hundred miles further for the sake of not buying it from our neighbor? We on the southern side of the frontier do this already, but it will not do the Canadians much good to follow a bad example.—*N. Y. World.*

THE NEWS.

—The original retired physician with the running sands has been married in New Haven.

—The united incomes of the Massachusetts manufacturing family of Ameses are $275,422.

—As it was: "Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty." As it is: Internal revenue is the *price* of liberty.—*N. Y. World.*

—The Canadian gunboat *Rescue* has been lying here for four or five days. She has been receiving some repairs to her machinery.—*Kingston Whig.*

—One of the great achievements of the age, the great railway over Mount Cenis, between France and Italy, has been completed, and cars now pass over that picturesque and celebrated route in about five hours. The speed is between twelve and thirteen miles an hour.

—Mr. Greeley has given a hundred copies of his "American Conflict" to be distributed to the public libraries of Great Britain, with the intention, as his letter explains, "to proffer the British people through their most popular libraries, the means of making themselves acquainted with the causes, nature and incidents of our great struggle."

—The Bill for readmitting the six States of North Carolina, South Carolina, Louisiana, Alabama, Georgia, and Florida, has passed both Houses, and, at the end of the ten days allowed to the President for its consideration, it will be, in form and semblance, a law of the United States. Arkansas has already been admitted by a separate bill, and there remain only the three States of Virginia, Mississippi, and Texas to be acted upon.

—The Empress of the French had a long interview with Madame de Miramon, widow of General Miramon, who was shot with the Emperor Maximilian, and heard from that lady's lips an account of the sad tragedy which took place just a year ago. The Empress informed the widow on leaving that her name had been put down for a pension of £240 a year. The Austrian Government has also granted Madame de Miramon a pension.

—The Count de Chambord has written a letter to ex-King Francis, congratulating him on the marriage of his brother to the Infanta of Spain. The Count says:—I earnestly hope that these nuptials may be the dawn of happier and more fortunate days for you, for your royal family, and for all the Bourbons whom the combined usurpation of Europe, united to the apathy of friendly Governments, has brought to exile far from their country and their thrones. He adds that while the younger branches of the house (the Spanish) are greatly beloved by their people, they will always experience the same disquiet so long as the elder branch shall not have re-vindicated their throne from the usurpation which invaded it and dispossessed the lawful sovereign by the same arts as those by which your Majesty's kingdom was usurped. The French people, fortunately, begin to comprehend that the sole race under which flourished the glory of France and popular liberty was promoted, is that of my great ancestor Henry IV.; while under the Government of the usurpation I only find a brief ray of delusive glory, twice followed by the most cruel disenchantment and the deepest humiliation for French honor." The Count goes on to assert that the day cannot be far distant when his dear France, "again possessing its legitimate King, will recover its felicity, its glory, and its liberty. Then will Europe also have peace, and regain her lost equilibrium, and the various branches of the Bourbon family will be firmly established upon their thrones, or will be restored to throne and country should they still be leading the unhappy life of exile."

THE RECIPROCITY TREATY.—The American press do not seem to be at all satisfied whether he Reciprocity Treaty is beneficial or a detriment to the prosperity of the American Government, but it is gratifying to see that on some points the United States press and the Canadians agree, and one is that the Canadian Pain Destroyer is the best thing for the cure of coughs, colds, frost-bites, rheumatism, &c. Sold by all medicine dealers at twenty-five cents per bottle.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Notice to Sellers of Petroleum—A. Graham.
Mowing and Reaping Machines—E. & B. P. Paige.
St. Louis Hotel, Quebec—Willis Russell.
Special Notice—Canada House.
Auction Sale of Real Estate—H. McLean.
Cow Lost—Peter Noe.

The Ottawa Times

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 17, 1868.

For Markets see Fourth Page.

THE HON. H. L. LANGEVIN, C. B., and the Hon. E. KENNY, arrived here yesterday afternoon. Other Ministers are expected this morning to attend the meeting of the Privy Council, summoned for to-day.

THE Quebec Government appears to be in a difficulty about the distribution of patronage. A "hitch" has taken place in the appointment of Mr. DUVERNAY to the Queen's Printership, and some other vacancies remain unfilled, because, it is reported, of the difficulty in holding the balance even between the different nationalities. Had the Hon. Mr. CHAUVEAU followed the example of the Ontario Premier, and whittled down salaries and emoluments so as to have made office not worth the asking for, he would have been saved much of this trouble. Seriously, however, we regret that there should be any danger of a break-up in the Quebec Cabinet upon such a question as the filling up of a few offices. The claims of race can be adjusted very readily if the representatives of each seek no more than their fair proportion, because they can be determined by the rules of arithmetic. We cannot believe, after the broad and liberal views we have heard the Premier of the Province enunciate, that he is seeking to establish the exclusive domination of the majority, and it would be quite unworthy the representatives of the British Canadian minority, if, trusting too much to their own influence, or the liberality of their colleagues, they are standing out for a larger share of the public offices than that to which their numbers entitle them.

This question of race is rendered difficult to deal with because there are generally those on all sides, who are ready to trade upon the prejudices of the people for their own personal ends. But neither the French nor English section of the Quebec Cabinet has anything to gain by a rupture of the existing alliance. It is to be hoped, therefore, that the postponement of the consideration of these appointments for a time may enable Ministers to adjust their differences.

FROM the following, which we clip from the Montreal *Gazette* of yesterday, it seems not at all unlikely that the ill-judged kindness of the Emigration Department in years gone by will draw a volume of pauper immigration through Canada, which is not without some danger to the sanitary condition of our ports. That whole cargoes of poor people should be induced to take the St. Lawrence route, on the assurance that the Canadian Government would pay their fare from the port of debarkation to the United States, shows the unfortunate consequences of the too generous policy heretofore pursued, when on pretence of settling at some western point near the United States these immigrants managed virtually to get themselves landed at Detroit at our expense. Those who are landed on our shores cannot be allowed to starve; they ought not to be permitted to hang about the cities in misery, and, perhaps breed an epidemic; and in the absence of any other way of getting over the difficulty we think the suggestion made by the *Gazette* deserves consideration :

"A party of Norwegian emigrants arrived here on Saturday, in such a destitute condition, that they could not obtain either food or lodgings, and took up quarters for the night in Young's stores. Being in danger of starvation, the attention of the Mayor was called to their case, and Mr. Workman very properly took it upon himself to order food to be distributed amongst them. We regret, at the same time, to learn that the small pox has broken out among them, and that if not immediately removed, their presence will involve danger to the city. It appears that they came on to Canada in the expectation that they would be forwarded to the United States by the Canadian Government, and as it is time that this little game should be stopped, we think Government, by an order in Council, should require all captains of vessels arriving in Canada, to give bonds for the through passage of the emigrants they bring out to their ultimate place of destination."

THE *Globe* has got tolerably well over the "big scare" under which it labored on Friday last, concerning "the coming raid." On Monday it closed an article calculated to let itself "down easy," with the following piece of self gratulation :

"But we shall never regret that, at whatever expense to the country, we advocated measures which would give repose and safety to a very large portion of our people, whose interests were heartlessly trifled with by the Government in 1866. Upon the shoulders of the Government be the responsibility of what may ensue."

It would have been great "repose" indeed to have had the whole force of the country—Regular and Volunteer — called out "this very day," merely because the editor of the *Globe* was doing up a bit of "sensational." But mark how, Pilate-fashion, the great man of the *Globe* washes his hands—"upon the shoulders of the Government be the responsibility of what may ensue!" The *Globe* is innocent of all blame; it has done its duty; it has created a foolish alarm; it has been frightened by "forty Fenians" who did *not* go from Port Huron to Buffalo; it has, "at whatever expense to the country," done its best to paralyze trade, and create a panic; and now for "what may ensue," the Government ought surely to be held responsible! But we are surprised at the *Globe's* reference to 1866. Unless we are much mistaken, it pooh-poohed the notion of an invasion in that year, when invasion was imminent, and did its best to put the authorities off their guard; and afterwards in the same year, when no invasion was at all probable, it labored for weeks to create a panic. The whole course of the *Globe* on the Fenian question has been such as to create a suspicion that it has treated it in a way to make political or professional capital for itself, rather than to serve the best interests of the country.

The last sentence in the extract above quoted, is well calculated to convey the impression that the writer really wishes for a raid—"at whatever expense to the country"—merely for the sorry privilege of saying, "we told you so!"

THE 43rd (Carleton) Battalion of Infantry, Col. W. F. POWELL, has been ordered to this city on Thursday the 25th inst., to put in six days' battalion drill. Arrangements have been made to have them billeted in the city. The 42nd (Brockville) Battalion Rifles, Col. CRAWFORD, proceed to Prescott to-morrow for a like purpose.

"THE LOST MAN FOUND."

Original Letter from his own Hand.

Circumstances have heretofore prevented us from doing Mr. David Manchester the justice of allowing him to speak for himself, and show the world that he is alive, and that however "scandelous" our former remarks may have been they were at least so far true, in that Mr. Manchester was still in the flesh, and that his body had not been made food for fishes. We were entirely unaware of the important part which Mr. Manchester had been playing on the "grate Manitoulin," until his letter reached us, but having been informed of the fact, we rejoice all the more that he did not meet a watery grave. It will be seen that he alludes with considerable freedom to other parties, in a manner which shews that he believes he has not altogether been well used, seeing that in the short space of *nine* months after his supposed drowning, he kindly wrote to his wife to tell her he was alive. What a pity he did not write a little sooner to save the expense and anxiety incurred for the search in the river! We suppress the names of the parties mentioned by Mr. Manchester, but otherwise permit him to tell his own story in his own way, so that he can have no further reasonable ground of complaint against us :—

"A REPLY FROM THE LOST MAN FOUND ON THE GRATE MANATOULIN ISLAND, TO THE ARTICKLE PUBLISHED IN THE OTTAWA TIMES UNDER THE HEADING OF THE 'LOST MAN FOUND.'"

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

MY DEAR SIR,—Since there have been some scandelous, as well as false reports published both through your paper under the aforesaid heading, and a Reply Made by one—— who has been Superintendent of Indian affairs, &c., &c, in the Island. To charges prefered against him by the settlers with regard to his missbehaviour towards the English Church Indian Missionary here, and the manner in which he discharged his duties here, and for which the Government appointed an investigation to be held at Little Current last fall, where he received all the leniancy that the appointed investigators could extend to him, and now finding that he is discharged from his offices and still desirous of doing all the injury that he can to those that would not allow him to trampel on them while he was here, and trying to make it appear, to his friends that he has been persicuted and that by the worst of characters, and I being considered a prinsipal person or haveing a considderable influince against his being kept in office any longer has thought that by thus trying to scandelize me and my family that he would gain simpothy, and strives to maintain the same by the false statements upon oath of a worthless character well known in Ottawa by the name of —— —— who no doubt was made a tool of by —— in making a statement to the effect that My family had been trying to rase Money on my life Insurance which statement I most positively deny and in doing so I call upon Mr. —— Insurance agent at Ottawa to do me and my family the justice of affirming the same for I wrote to my wife about nine months after I left and told her I was alive, and it was in order that she would have nothing to do with the Insurance Money, and I would further call upon Mr. —— to say if he did not come to My store with Dr. —— and urge and persuade me to have my life insured and also I would ask him if I did not try my utmost to get him to return me my money back again shortly before I left Ottawa; and if I left Ottawa as I did, it was not for the purpose of obtaining money on my life insurance, but it was for the purpose of putting my creditors of my track for a short time. And I may here state, in justise to my wife and friends, that there was not a creature in the world, beside myself, had the least knowledge of my plans.

And as I blame my creditors for having made me thus rashly contemplate and perform an act that I have ever since regretted and for which, no doubt, I shall receive a great deal of publick censure, I however, I blame my creditors for the had forsed me into a bad position by urging me to sell my store in center town and renting a fur less comodious building at an enormis rent, which I saw would eventually ruin me and many of my creditors showing a reluctance to furnish me longer in stock, I got completely discouraged and thus rashly acted but my intentions even in this were good, tor it has always been my purpose that if I was spared to make sufficiant money I would pay my creditors every cent that I owed them, and my conduct since I have left Ottawa will prove that what I herein state is truth and I am prepared to prove it so for I never left my country, but remained in it and have been trying to build up a business in this new part of the Dominion, and make money, and if I have not been as sucksessful as it was my desire I have to attribute a grate portion of my unsucksessfulness to the opposition I met with in the person of —— but I do not desire to say anything that would be detramentry to Mr. ——'s interests as I suppose we wil not have to complane of his conduct any longer only that it grieves me to see men holding offices wherein their influance have such a damaging effect upon the settlement and improvement of the locality that the are in, and who show such a spirit of animcsity to those who do not in all matters agree with themselves.

For I have done more to improve this part, and encouraged more settlement than any other white man that has ever come to the Island. And I am confident to state that if my creditors bare patiently with me for a short time, that I shall yet be able to pay them every cent that should be theirs however if the do not choose to do so, I am prepared to meets them like a man, and account to them for every cent I am in possession of, so, it shall remain with themselves how the shall act. I am here, and will remain here, and what I have don is don and cannot be on don; but I shall yet prove to the world that it was all don for a good purpose.

From your most unworthy humble servt.,
DAVID MANCHESTER.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—Some time ago, a petition was presented to the Corporation by the residents on the Richmond road, praying for street lamps. It was granted, and orders were given to make them; but as yet, the lamps have not made their appearance, and the dark nights are not calculated to cause the people to speak flatteringly of the delay. The lamps are the more necessary as the sidewalks are in a loose and man-trap condition ; these, however, will doubtless be overhauled, and probably a few more *crossings* made at the same time. The cost of doing this would be trifling, and the convenience and comfort are so great that the authorities will hardly hesitate to comply with the request. C. P.

Ottawa, 16th June, 1868.

MAGEE AND RUSSELL's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

For soups and potted meats go to Bate & Co., 52 Spark-st. 762d

CARPETS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS.—Garland Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality. They have just received a large stock and invite the attention of parties furnishing to it. Purchasers will find their stock in this department second to none in Ottawa. 582-y

COUNTY COUNCIL.

Pursuant to adjournment from last session, the Corporation of the County of Carleton met at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, at 2 o'clock p.m., on Monday, the 15th day of June, 1868.

Present : John Holmes, Esq., Warden ; and Messrs. Caldwell, Mills, McCaffery, Tremblay, Blackburn, Dow, Cummings, and Fraser.

The number of members present not being sufficient to form a quorum, the Warden adjourned the Council till next morning at 10 o'clock.

TUESDAY, June 16.

Pursuant to adjournment the Council met at 10 a.m.

Present : The Warden; Messrs. Caldwell, Graham, Hinton, Tremblay, Smith, Mills, Dow, Fraser, Green, McCaffery, Blackburn, Cummings, Sykes and Morgan.

The minutes of yesterday were read.

The clerk submitted the following communications :

1st. From J. Fraser, Esq., D.C.C., asking reimbursement of a sum of money expended in cleaning his office.

2nd. From R. Lees, Esq., transmitting presentment of Grand Jury March Quarter Sessions, 1868.

3rd. From Attorney-General of Ontario, transmitting copy of an order passed in Executive Council, granting a new arbitration between the City of Ottawa and this Corporation for the care and maintenance of prisoners, &c.

4th. From the Secretary of the Ontario Rifle Association, asking aid for said Association.

5th. From John Canty, stating that he had been prevented from drawing water to the jail as bound to do under the contract.

6th. From J. G. Hodgins, transmitting apportionment of school monies for 1868.

Moved by Mr. Cummings, seconded by Mr. Hinton, that the account of Mrs. Eaton for cleansing the office of J. Fraser, Esq., be referred to the Finance Committee, together with Mr. Fraser's letter.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Hinton, seconded by Mr. Cummings, that the presentment of the Grand Jury of the Quarter Sessions of March last, be referred to the Jail Committee.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Green, seconded by Mr. Blackburn, that the copy of the minutes of the Lieut.-Governor in Council, dated 12th June, 1868, be received, and that a copy of the same be sent to the City Council, requesting them to appoint a committee to confer with a committee of this council, said last mentioned committee to consist of the Warden and Messrs. Smith and Cowan.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Fraser, seconded by Mr. Smith, that the memorial of the Ontario Rifle Association be referred to the Finance Committee. —Carried.

Moved by Mr. Blackburn, seconded by Mr. Green, that the protest of John Canty be received and referred to the Gaol Committee. —Carried.

Mr. Smith presented a petition from Wm. Cummings, of Torbolton, praying for aid from the county funds to educate his deaf and dumb son in the Hamilton Institute.

Moved by Mr. Blackburn, seconded by Mr. Smith, that the petition of Wm. Cummings be referred to the Committee on Education. —Carried.

Moved by Mr. Cowan, seconded by Mr. Mills, that a by-law be introduced amending by-law No. 3 of this corporation, substituting the name of A. B. Young for that of Merrit O. Andrews, who has removed out of this county. —Carried.

Moved by Mr. Graham, seconded by Mr. Sykes, that the Sheriff be requested to inform this Council how many extra wardens are employed in the gaol, the reason of their being employed, or if they have been employed by Government orders.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Sykes, seconded by Mr. Cummings, that this Council do now adjourn till 2 o'clock p.m.

The Council adjourned.

The proceedings of the afternoon session will appear in our next issue.

LOCAL NEWS.

FOR jams and jellies go to Bate & Co., 52, Spark-st. 762d

MAGEE AND RUSSELL's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

FOR a choice selection of pickles, sauces &c., go to Bate & Co, 52 Spark-st. 762d

BOG OAK JEWELLERY.—Very handsome sets of bog oak jewellery can be had at Young & Radford's, at $1 per set.

Several bargain lots have been brought forward from the wholesale department for the removal sale at Magee & Russell's.

POLICE COURT.—Nothing was done at the Police Court yesterday, except the adjournment of a case of keeping rubbish on a side-walk.

NOT DEAD.—We are informed that the sailor belonging to the gunboat *Minstrel*, at Prescott, who was said to be almost killed on Sunday, is alive and able to do what England expects from every man—his duty.

THE LATE WALTER SWALWELL.—We regret to learn that though diligent search has been made for the body of the late Mr. Swalwell, his brother received a despatch last night stating that so far it had proved unsuccessful.

The great removal sale at Magee & Russell's still attracts crowds. Casual observers might suppose that an ordinary dry goods stock would not stand such a long siege, but when they consider that a well assorted stock, such as the one under observation, must be valued from $80,000 to $100,000, they need not be surprised that the excitement still continues.

THE BY WARD MARKET HAY SCALE.—For some days past, the farmers selling hay on the By Ward Market have been obliged to drive to Upper Town to get it weighed. Now, however, the By Ward Market scale has been repaired and carefully adjusted by Mr. Kilduff, and it is stated that it will weigh accurately to half a pound.

COLES' DRAMATIC COMPANY.—This company perform to-night at the Rink Music Hall in "Married Life," to conclude with the operatic bagatelle, entitled, "Jenny Lind or the Swedish Nightingale." This company, it appears, comprises a number of actresses, some of whom are also represented to be good vocalists.

BIG FISH.—We learn that a Maskinonge was caught in the Canal yesterday morning, weighing upwards of thirty pounds. The lucky gentleman had much difficulty in securing his prize. The river and canal are both teeming with fish, and the lovers of piscatorial sports should make a note of the fact.

AUCTION SALE TO-DAY.—Mr. Maclean will sell by auction to-day, at noon, on the premises, the double brick cottage and lot on the corner of Metcalfe and Maria-sts., Centre Town. The house, shaded with well grown maples, is modern in style and finished in a first class manner, and parties wishing to secure a comfortable home on easy terms of payment will do well to attend the sale.

SERIOUS IF NOT FATAL ACCIDENT.—A man named Hall, from Osgoode, was brought into the Protestant Hospital yesterday under the following circumstances: He had gone out in the morning with his gun to shoot, and in some position which he has probably not been able to describe, his gun was at his feet or in some way below him, when he took hold of it by the muzzle, and in drawing it towards him it went off, lodging part of the charge in his hand and part in his breast. He now lies in a very precarious condition, and his recovery is doubtful.

MAJOR'S HILL.—The Rifle Brigade Band will play the following programme on Major's Hill this afternoon, from 5:30 to 7:30 :

1 Pas Redouble..."le Tirailleur"..by Sellenik
2 Overture......"Domino Noir"......Auber
3 Waltz........"Lord Lovell"......Laurent
4 Operatic Selection..."Tancredi"...Rossini
5 Quadrille...."The Emerald Isle"...Miller
6 Duetto...."Gemma di Vergy"....Donizetti
7 Galop........"Merkur"........Rodeberk
"The Rifle Brigade Marches"
National Anthem.

PERSONAL.—The Revd. E. B. Harper, M.A., Pastor of the Wesleyan Church in Ottawa, for some time past in a feeble state of health, leaves the city to-morrow for a trip on the Continent of Europe, expecting to be absent about three months. The members of his church and congregation intend, we are informed, presenting him with a purse ere he leaves. He will deliver a farewell address this evening at the church, Metcalfe-st., at half-past seven o'clock, when the presentation will be made. We trust that his journey, while affording him a large measure of enjoyment, will result in his complete restoration to health.

A DISORDERLY COLORED GIRL.—A sable and not very delectable daughter of Africa, named Julia Robinson, was found on Monday night at McKay's bush, in the vicinity of New Edinburgh, by that indefatigable hunter of such creatures, constable Silcox. She has been known for some time past to have kept pretty close to the guard-room of the soldiers on duty at Rideau Hall, and was pointed out to the authorities as an improper person, and so after some trouble she was arrested and brought before Mr. Langrell, who has consigned her to thirty days' durance, which she does not at all approve of. She is not yet twenty years of age, but having several times run away from her old father, who—her mother being dead—requires her services, it is to be feared that she is confirmed in her disreputable career.

SERENADERS AT THE THEATRE.—We saw this Company again last evening, and were not disappointed in our expectations of witnessing something good. The singing of Mr. Hamall is remarkably good, and the audience testified its admiration by loudly applauding his efforts. He is unquestionably the star of the Company, but there are others among them quite capable of satisfying the requirements of any reasonable audience. The cunundrums were amusing, and their instrumental music unexceptionable ; the dancing ditto ; and the flute solo by Sig. Holbrook was very effective, sweet, and executed with brilliancy. The performances of the Leroux Brothers, with which the evening's entertainment closed, bordered on the wonderful. They perform again to-night in an entire new programme. Notwithstanding the excessive heat outside, a current of pure air passing through the Theatre, rendered it cool and pleasant.

THE GREAT LACROSSE MATCH.—The Lacrosse match between the Ottawa club and that of the Two Mountain Indians, had been looked forward to among the votaries of the game with a good deal of interest from the time of its announcement ; and notwithstanding the hot glare of the sun which poured down on the scorched scene of action yesterday, quite a number of spectators assembled on the ground to witness what all thought would be a great game. But what a disappointment ! No sooner had the game began than the odds against the Indians became apparent, and in one minute and a half the ball was carried triumphantly through by Ottawa, and the first game was won. The second game was entered upon with great spirit by both parties, and the Indians showed some good points, but in a little while they were completely overwhelmed, and in eleven and a half minutes Ottawa had won the second game. The third game lasted but two minutes and a half, and was also won by Ottawa, and thus, in thirty-nine minutes, including stoppages, ended the great Lacrosse match, and the "great expectations" of the spectators. It is as well, perhaps, that the Ottawa men were not called on to put forth all their powers on so terribly hot a day, for if they had it could scarcely have failed to injure their health. It was a labor for ordinary people to walk about the streets, and it was certainly no time for great bodily exertion. This was quite as apparent in the exhaustion of the Indians as in the condition of the victors. It was understood that a foot race would follow the game of Lacrosse, but the Indians declined and showed their wisdom.

THE NEUTRALITY LAWS.

The Proposed Amendments—Reports of the British Commissioners.

[From the London Times, June 3.]

It is not to be regretted that a long time has been suffered to elapse before the questions relating to British neutrality which were raised during the American war have been committed for inquiry and decision. The report which has just been made by the Commissioners on the Neutrality Laws will have all the more weight that it is the result of discussions which have arisen during profound peace, and is published when the controversy about the *Alabama*, though not dead, sleeps for the time. Whenever it shall be proposed to legislate in accordance with the opinion of the Commissioners, no adverse critic will be able to say that anything is done in haste, that general principles are sacrificed unthinkingly to meet a particular case, or that the angry complaints of a foreign State have unduly influenced the action of Parliament. After having maintained its own view respecting the equipment and escape of the vessels in question until the dispute has worn itself out, and forms no longer one of the topics of the hour, this country, recognizing that its municipal law might be modified with advantage so as to give greater facilities for enforcing what are now considered international duties, has committed the whole question to a body of men eminently fitted to arrive at just conclusions. Their report shows what is necessary, and it also shows how little our present law falls short of efficiency. For close on fifty years we have had a statute which in principle is all that the most exacting belligerent can desire of a neutral. It may be that stricter notions of the responsibility of States have arisen during this period, and that both the right of belligerents to harass neutrals by extreme regulations, and the rights of neutrals to disregard the interests of belligerents, have been curtailed by that public opinion which makes the law of nations. But the Act of 1819 is, in its general scope, quite abreast of the most enlightened views of the present day. It lays down in the clearest manner the prohibitions which a State should enforce on its citizens ; it forbids Englishmen to enlist or serve in foreign armies or navies without leave of the Crown, or to procure others to enlist, and it provides for the arrest of such persons in any part of the British dominions. It provides, in the section which was so much debated in the courts of law during the late war, that any person who shall without license equip, furnish, fit out or arm any vessel to aid in warlike operations with foreign powers shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and that the vessel and all its appurtenances shall be forfeited. Other provisions of the same tenor apply to whoever shall aid the warlike equipment of a foreign vessel, as by adding to the number of the guns or changing them for guns of a greater power. In short, we have no reason to be dissatisfied with the spirit of our former legislation, or to think that we have in any way disregarded the rights of our neighbors or the principles of justice.

The events of the late war, however, showed that the Act of the 59th George III. did not supply the Queen's Government with all the powers which are necessary for the control of private persons who may meditate the illegal aiding of a belligerent. The Act, it is confessed, is not stringent enough. It must be borne in mind that in the present day the industry of this country constantly takes a warlike direction. Among other goods we supply the means of destruction to all mankind. In their business capacity men are indifferent to the purposes to which their productions will be devoted, and they will arm Turkish corvettes to subdue the Cretans, or Greek blockade-runners to harass the Turks, without a ruffle of conscience or a misgiving as to the propriety of their trade. There is a legend concerning a pious hardware house in Birmingham, which regularly manufactured and exported idols for the Hindoos while subscribing at the same time handsomely to the missionaries. So whenever there are belligerents in the world, and England, as is now likely to be the case, is neutral, it is certain that there will be a large demand on English traders for the materials and instruments of war, and that those traders will not have the smallest scruple in supplying either side, or both, and with whatever can be paid for. The export of munitions and warlike stores is morally as complete a violation of neutrality as any other act, but it is one which can hardly be prevented, and which it is agreed that the belligerents must protect themselves against by blockade, or by the exercise of the right of capture. Therefore the neutral is not called upon to devise any stricter regulations concerning it. It is different in respect to ships. As has been frequently pointed out, there is this difference between ships and other warlike stores, that the latter must be taken to some place in possession of the belligerent, and hence directed against his adversary, while the ship may never go near the belligerent's territory at all. Hull, masts, tackle, guns, coals, crew, and everything else may be wholly derived from the neutral country, and the vessel be in truth and in fact simply a neutral pirate, committing its depredations under the fiction of a commission from a belligerent. If full liberty were given to such a principle, there is no reason why the late King Theodore might not have had a score of armed vessels of French or American build on the sea. It is evident that the line of prohibition must be drawn by the neutral State so as to include ships, and to do this more effectually than is done by the present law is the chief object of the commissioners' report. Their first recommendation will hardly be questioned. It is simply that the Foreign Enlistment Act shall be amended by adding a prohibition against the preparing or fitting out in any part of Her Majesty's dominions of any naval or military expedition to proceed thence against the dominions of any foreign State with which Her Majesty shall not then be at war.

The chief recommendations are intended to make the much debated seventh section more complete and stringent. The phraseology of this enactment is well enough known, and its limits sufficiently ascertained. It is now proposed to add that that "it any person shall, within the limits of Her Majesty's dominions, fit out, arm, despatch, or cause to be despatched, any ship with intent or knowledge that the same shall or will be employed in the military or naval service of any foreign power in any war then being waged by such power against the subjects or property of any foreign belligerent power with whom Her Majesty shall not be then at war," he "shall be guilty of a misdemeanor." On this there will probably be little difference of opinion, and it might be sufficient extension of the law to meet such cases as arose during the late war. The Commissioners, however, have supplemented it by the words "or shall within Her Majesty's dominions build or equip any ship with the intent that the same shall, after being fitted out and armed either within or beyond Her Majesty's dominions be employed as aforesaid." To this Mr. Vernon Harcourt objects as an oppressive and needless interference with the trade of the country. There is much to be said in favor of this view of the matter; and yet it may be that occasions would arise in which the Executive might advantageously interfere even while the mere building was going on. In some classes of vessels, as, for instance, the rams, their very build and construction of the hulls is warlike; and when the hulls are completed they may be easily smuggled out of the Queen's dominions, to be equipped and armed elsewhere. If the intention be fully proved, and it is quite clear that vessels are being built for the service of a belligerent, we do not see why the Executive should be forced to wait until a later stage of the illegal preparation. On this point, however, it is unnecessary at present to form a decisive opinion; it is plain that such cases must be left to the discretion of Government, and the question is whether any real injury to the community would ensue on granting powers to Government which would only be used in very rare cases, and when an illegal purpose was clearly manifest.

The practical application of the law is the subject of the third resolution, and by it the executive government receives powers effectually to restrain and prevent attempted offences. If the Secretary of State shall be satisfied that there is a reasonable and probable cause for believing a breach of the law about to be committed, he shall have power to issue a warrant, and on this the Commissioners of Customs, or other persons named, shall have power to arrest and search the ship, and to detain it until it has been either condemned or released by process of law. It cannot be denied that the powers of the Government will be very greatly increased should this resolution be embodied in an act of Parliament. But this is a matter on which half-measures will be of no avail. In all that relates to war there must be promptitude and a strengthening of the action of the Executive. The contest extends its influences from the belligerents to those who are in any way concerned with them. We must allow something of the summary power of a commander to the Secretary of State who has to deal with persons who by a single act may compromise the country's position and render it liable for enormous indemnities. We would rather make the law too strong than too weak, believing that the Government would have no possible inducement to abuse its powers, and that what is chiefly to be feared is its inability to cope with the cunning and pertinacity of offenders.

—The whole of the loot taken at Magdala will amount to £5,000 or £6,000—that is, between £1 and £2 per European engaged.

—A correspondent of the Buffalo *Courier* says there is a young lady residing in Batavia, who can play two airs with her right hand, one with her left, and sing a fourth, at the same time. How much more would her musical adaptation be extended were she to use Italian Bitters.

—As a good proof of the absurd ideas about English young ladies which are current in France, we may mention that one Parisian paper, *Le Petit Journal*, gravely assures its readers that the reason why the "Girl of the Period " in England is so masculine and fast, is because "the daughters of Lords and Baronets are educated at Windsor, where one of the sergeants of the Queen's army drills them regularly!"

—About fourteen years ago, a daughter of Mrs. Allan, residing in Banff, dropped a half-crown on the street. The girl did not find it again, and of course the circumstance was soon forgotten. An anonymous letter, bearing the Banff post-mark, was, however, received by Mrs. Allan lately in the following terms, and containing 2s. 6d. in postage stamps :—Mrs. Allen there was a little ladie of yours let fall half a crowen at Johny Nicol's door or on the high street about 14 years ago, an' I took it up and now I am able to pay it back."

MAGEE AND RUSSELL's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

FINE coral jewellery, bog oak jewellery and a large collection of other goods suitable for wedding and other presents can be seen at Young & Radford's ; all new and choice goods and will be sold cheap.

MAGEE AND RUSSELL's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

NOT QUITE SO.—"It is among the most savage and debased tribes only that the condition and comfort of the horse have been neglected ;" but we believe there are many in civilized countries who are guilty of the same neglect, and without the excuse of the former; here all may avail themselves of the use of an article which has done more than anything else heretofore known to improve the condition and relieve the suffering of the horse. Those who will not use it will be the losers, their horses the sufferers, to avoid both use "Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and Condition Medicine," and you will be satisfied with the result. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.*, is on each package. *Northrup & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

Latest by Telegraph.

FROM TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, June 16.

Fifteen entries have been made for the Queen's plate.

Mr. Allen, the governor of the Toronto jail, met with a severe accident to-day, being pitched out of his carriage ; but he is now in a fair way of recovery.

CABLE NEWS

(Via Montreal Line.)

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

BELGRADE, June 15.—The nephew of the late Prince Michael has been declared his successor under the title of Prince Milan.

BERLIN, June 15.—The North German Parliament has passed a bill authorizing the Government to raise a fund, the proceeds of which are to be applied to the enlargement and improvement of the Federal navy.

LISBON, June 15.—The South American steamer has arrived. After a heavy bombardment of Humaita the allies made a combined attack on the rear of that position, to gain possession of the forest of Gran Chaco, and thereby cut off the communication of the Paraguayans. The assault was repulsed after a desperate engagement, and the allies were compelled to relinquish the attempt. The siege of Humaita, however, still continued, and the fortress was closely invested by land and water.

LONDON, June 15.—In the House of Commons this evening Lord Stanley said the Egyptian Government entertained a plan for the establishment of courts of law to protect the rights of residents in Egypt of foreign birth, and that the Viceroy was desirous of carrying the measure into effect.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

LONDON, June 16.—A great meeting of Ritualists was held in this city last night. Dr. Pusey, and other eminent Divines were present. Resolutions were adopted defending the Irish Church establishment as it at present stands, and maintaining the High Church doctrines of the Church of England.

Mr. Gathorne Hardy threatens to prosecute Geo. Francis Train for an objectionable speech made by him to an Irish audience in Manchester.

CAMBRIDGE, June 16.—The University of Cambridge to-day conferred a degree of Doctor of Laws upon Henry W. Longfellow. A large number of distinguished ladies and gentlemen were present, but few of the students of the University attended. On receiving his degree Mr. Longfellow met with an earnest demonstration of welcome from all. The Vice-Chancellor made an address in latin, and alluded in suitable terms to the poet's life, character, and works, and also of the generous reception given to Mr. Dickens by the American people.

QUEENSTOWN, June 16.—The steamship *Tripoli*, from New York, arrived to-day, and sailed for Liverpool.

BERLIN, June 16.—Bismarck has retired from office on leave of absence, and to-day left Berlin for his estates, where he will remain three or four months to recruit his health. Herr Von Thiler, Under-Secretary of Foreign Affairs, takes his place at the head of the Foreign Office.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Via Montreal Line.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

From Port-au-Prince.

NEW YORK, June 16.—The *Herald's* Port-au-Prince correspondence says that Salnave, in a recent interview with the United States, French, English, and Spanish Ministers, declared his determination not to yield to his antagonists, and to hold his position at Port-au-Prince under every circumstance. On the 30th of June an attack was made on the town by the Cacos, and repulsed. All the prisoners taken by Salnave were slain, subsequently Salnave's cavalry were defeated, and Salnave set fire to the north and northeast suburbs.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

President Johnson Nominated by the Louisiana Convention.

NEW YORK, June 16.—The *Times'* special says that Gen. James B. Steedman, the chairman of the Louisiana delegation to the Democratic Convention is here, and publicly states that they will support President Johnson as a candidate for the Presidential nomination. In this they expect to be sustained by all the Southern delegations. Other parties state that the Northern Democrats will be astonished at the strength of Mr. Johnson in the Convention, and adds, that if the name of Chief Justice Chase is put in for nomination, a bolt will be the consequence.

Jerome Park Races.

NEW YORK, June 16.—Jerome Park, second race—ladies' stake—a sweepstake for fillies of three years old ; entry $100, half forfeit ; $1,000 to be added by the club; one mile five furlongs ; the owner of second filly to receive $300 out of the stakes. Won by *Bonnie Braes*.

Mr. Hanlan Resigned.

The *Herald's* special says resignations and rumors of resignations come thicker and faster. The report passing around within the past day or two, to the effect that the first Deputy Commissioner of Internal Revenue has resigned, is confirmed. Mr. Hanlan resigns, however, on the same conditions adopted by the Commissioner on the confirmation of his successor.

The *Sun's* special says a large and influential number of Democrats are here to get McCulloch removed, and keep up an incessant fire upon him.

Suicide.

WASHINGTON, June 16.—Wm. A. Wilkes, a Quarter-Master Sergeant of Mariner, who had been in service thirty years, killed himself to-day with a pistol.

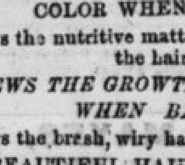
The Movement of Fenian War Material, &c., Contradicted.

OGDENSBURG, June 16.—Reports which have from time to time been circulated of movements of Fenian war materials and provisions along this frontier, between this place and St. Albans, Vt., are pure fabrications. Officers who have been sent here by the Government to investigate the truth of such reports have ascertained the whole of them to be entirely imaginary. There has been nothing of such a character since June, 1866 ; nor is there any evidence or indication that any movement is intended.

MALONE, June 16.—All reports about Fenian arms and ammunition being concealed at this point, are untrue.

MESSRS. Young & Radford having secured the services of first-class working jewellers in etruscan, filagree, plain, fancy and solid gold work, and having made large additions to their work shop are now better prepared to execute any orders with which they may be entrusted than heretofore. Masonic jewels gold and silver medals, and every kind of gold and silver work done on the shortest possible notice. Remember the place, 50 Sparks-st., and encourage home manufacture

SPECIAL NOTICES.



HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

RENEWS THE HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR WHEN GRAY.

Renews the nutritive matter which nourishes the hair.

RENEWS THE GROWTH OF THE HAIR WHEN BALD.

Renews the brash, wiry hair to silken softness.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR DRESSING.

One bottle shows its effects.

R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H., Proprietors.

For sale by all druggists. 762dwd

Those who are desirous of RECRUITING THE HEALTH of themselves and their families *will* do well to pass a few weeks at the CANADA HOUSE, CALEDONIA SPRINGS. 770 3

Who is Mrs. Winslow?

As this question is frequently asked, we will simply say that she is a lady who, for upwards of thirty years, has untiringly devoted her time and talents as a Female Physician and nurse, principally among children. She has especially studied the constitution and wants of this numerous class, and, as a result of this effort and practical knowledge, obtained in a lifetime spent as nurse and physician, she has compounded a Soothing Syrup, for children teething. It operates like magic—giving rest and health, and is, moreover, sure to regulate the bowels. In consequence of this article, Mrs. Winslow is becoming world-renowned as a benefactor of her race ; children certainly do RISE UP and bless her ; especially is this the case in this city. Vast quantities of the Soothing Syrup are DAILY sold and used here. We think Mrs. Winslow has immortalized her name by this invaluable article, and we sincerely believe thousands of children have been saved from an early grave by its timely use, and that millions yet unborn will share its benefits, and unite in calling her blessed. No MOTHER has discharged her duty to her suffering little one, in our opinion, until she has given it the benefit of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. Try it, mothers—TRY IT NOW—*Ladies' Visitor*, New York City.

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents a bottle.

Be sure and call for

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,"

Having the *fac-simile* of "CURTIS & PERKINS" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations. 762-24-2m

Bronchitis, Coughs, Asthma,

And all disorders of the THROAT and LUNGS, are relieved by using "Brown's Bronchial Troches."

"I have been afflicted with Bronchitis during the past winter, and found no relief until I found your 'BRONCHIAL TROCHES.'

C. H. GARDINER,

Principal of Rutger's Female Institute, New York.'

"Almost instant relief in the distressing labor of breathing peculiar to Asthma."

REV. A. C. EGGLESTON, New York.

"It gives me great pleasure to certify to the efficacy of your Bronchial Troches, in an affliction of the throat and voice, induced by public singing. They have suited my case exactly, relieving my throat and clearing the voice so that I could sing with ease.

T. DUCHARME,

Chorister French Parish Church, Montreal.'

'When somewhat hoarse from cold or over-exertion in public speaking, I have uniformly found Brown's Troches afford relief.

HENRY WILKES, D. D.,

Pastor of Zion Church, Montreal."

Sold by all dealers in medicines at 25 cents a box.

To Consumptives.—The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, FREE, by return mail, will please address, REV. EDWARD WILSON, Williamsburg, Kings Co., New York.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding he symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits ; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual waisting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are he sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 578y

DIED.

In this city, last evening, 16th June, Mrs. Alex. Gibbs, (the once celebrated vocalist, Margaretta Graddon) in the 63rd year of her age.

The funeral will take place to-day at four o'clock, p. m., from her late residence, Bishoprick's buildings, Maria-st. Friends are requested to attend without further notice.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

AUCTION SALE OF REAL ESTATE

H. McLEAN,

(*Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent*),

Has been directed by

J. B. LEWIS, ESQ.,

To offer for Sale

BY PUBLIC AUCTION,

At his Rooms, 18 Sparks-st.,

On Monday, the 22nd Inst.,

At TEN o'clock, A. M.,

LOTS NOS. 26, 27 AND 28,

On the North side of Rideau-st., each 66 x 200 feet, subject to an Ordnance Rent of $4.40 per annum. Those Lots are situated on the brow of the hill, one of the prettiest localities in the city. Also, Lots Nos. 1 and 2, on the East side of Chapel-st., and Lots Nos. 12 and 13, on the South side of Cathcart-st., each 66 x 200 feet.

TERMS—One-fourth Cash, and the balance in three equal annual instalments, with interest at 7 per cent. per annum.

Sale positive.

Intending purchasers will please examine these Lots.

Ottawa, June 17, 1868. 770td

NOTICE TO PARTIES selling PETROLEUM or COAL OIL, or having the same in possession.

Office of the Collector of Inland Revenue for the Division of County of Carleton, Ottawa, 13th June, 1868.

In pursuance of the Act 31 Vic., Cap. 53, imposing an Excise Duty on Refined Petroleum, and providing for the inspection thereof :—I hereby give Public Notice that on and after MONDAY, 15th JUNE, 1868, I shall, upon application being made to me, attend at any place in the COUNTIES OF CARLETON AND RUSSELL, OR CITY OF OTTAWA, and inspect and apply the "*fire-test*" to all refined Petroleum, and brand the barrels ; the fee for which is 20 cents for each barrel. And all persons selling or having in possession any Refined Petroleum which has not been offered for inspection after said 15th JUNE, are liable to fine or imprisonment, and the Petroleum to be forfeited and seized.

ALEXANDER GRAHAM,

Collector of Inland Revenue for Ottawa Division, composed of Counties of Carleton and Russell.

June 17, 1868. 770-1

COW LOST.

Strayed from Hull a LIGHT RED COW, with a white stripe on her back, and a white tail,—3 years old. Any information as to her whereabouts will be thankfully received at the Tollgate, Suspension Bridge.

PETER NOE.

Hull, June 17, 1868. 770-3

ST. LOUIS HOTEL,
ST. LOUIS-STREET,
AND
RUSSELL'S HOTEL,
PALACE-ST.,
QUEBEC.

The above first-class Hotels are now open for the season.

Canadian Families

Visiting the Lower St. Lawrence for summer recreation, can either going or coming, be accommodated by the week or month, at rates similar to those charged at the watering places below. Apply by letter, or at the office.

770d WILLIS RUSSELL.

MOWING & REAPING MACHINES.

We have for sale, and are manufacturing, the lightest and most durable MOWING & COMBINED MOWING & REAPING MACHINE in use (no wood work), wrought iron frame, with wrought iron steel-plated guards. Price of Mower, $80 ; Combined, $85.

—ALSO,—

8 Horse-power Threshing Machines
20 Sets Threshers and Separators
10 Sets Double-Pinion Powers to match
10 Sets Treble Geared Iron Powers, known as the Watch Power.

Purchasers can have their choice of the Powers. These Machines are made in the most substantial manner and warranted. Price, complete, including Belts, Wrenches, &c., $290.

ALSO,

Two Horse Railroad Powers ; 50 Sets of our new Double-Pinion Railroad Power Threshing Machines, complete. For ease upon the team, amount of work, and manner in which it is done, they have no equal.

ALSO,

Fifty Sets of our Common two-horse Machines, with improvements, which are so well known as to need no comment. Every Machine is warranted as recommended. All of which will be sold at very low prices on reasonable terms. Large discount for cash down.

E. & B. P. PAIGE,

Nos. 84, 86, 88 and 90 Wellington-street, Montreal.

June 17. 770-1-25-8

SKATING RINK MUSIC HALL.

G. W. Lester, - - - *Manager.*

FIRST NIGHT OF THE SEASON,

Wednesday Evening, 17th Inst.

Return of the famous young English Comedian,

EDMUND COLES,

After a brilliant run of success for nearly three months at the Montreal and Quebec Theatres, supported by a company of ladies and gentlemen of rare dramatic excellence, prominent among whom will be found the brilliant lyric artiste,

Miss Fanny Stocqueller,

Her first appearance in Ottawa,

Miss Edwina Grey, Miss Frankie McClellan, Miss Lena Warner, Miss Jenny Howard, Miss Mary Robertson, Miss Nora Smith, Mr. Walter Benn, Mr. T. A. Beckett, Mr. F. C. Wells, Mr. R. Slevin, Mr. A. Childs, Mr. H. Moreland, Mr. E. Chadwick.

Wednesday Evening will be produced—first time in Ottawa—Buckstone's Sterling Comedy, in three acts, called

MARRIED LIFE:

Mr. Henry Dove, Edmund Coles.
Mrs. Younghusband, Miss Fanny Stocqueller.

BALLET DIVERTISEMENT,

Lena Warner.

To conclude with the Operatic Bagatelle, in one act of

JENNY LIND,

OR

The Swedish Nightingale!

Jenny Lind (introducing J'Aime les Militaires) from the new French Opera La Grand Duchesse. Also, a scene from the Italian Opera, "Robert le Diable," and all the incidental music.

MISS FANNY STOCQUELLER,

Granby Gag, with the Song of "TEN LITLE INJUN BOYS," Mr. EDMUND COLES.

Doors open at 7:30, and performance to commence at 8 o'clock precisely.

Prices of admission—Parquette 50 cents; Gallery 25 cents.

Tickets for reserved seats may be procured at the Music Store of Messrs. Orme & Son, and at the "Citizen" Stationery Establishment.

A. B. COLES,
Business Agent.

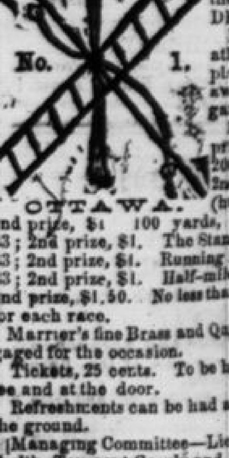
Ottawa, June 16, 1868. 769d

FOURTH GRAND

ANNUAL PIC-NIC

OF THE

Sapper's Fire Company, No. 1.



UNDER the patronage of the St. Jean Baptiste Society, to be held on WEDNESDAY, the 24th instant, at the BELLEVUE GARDENS, Hull.

Races and other manly athletic sports will take place. Prizes will be awarded in the different games.

Races, 100 yards, 1st prize, $3; 2nd prize, $1. 200 yards, 1st prize, $3; 2nd prize, $1. 300 yards (hurdles), 1st prize, $3; 2nd prize, $1. 100 yards, (for boys), 1st prize $3; 2nd prize, $1. The Standing Jumps, 1st prize, $3; 2nd prize, $1. Running High Leap, 1st prize, $3; 2nd prize, $1. Half-mile Race, 1st prize, $4; 2nd prize, $1.50. No less than four entries to run for each race.

Marrier's fine Brass and Quadrille Bands are engaged for the occasion.

Tickets, 25 cents. To be had from the Committee and at the door.

Refreshments can be had at reasonable rates on the ground.

Managing Committee—Lieut. J. B. Doucet, Jos. Smith, Toussant Groulx and Israel Moreau.

X. GROULX, Secretary. D. ROY, Captain.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Ottawa, June 16. 769d

In Chancery.

DAVIS *vs.* EMSLIE.

In pursuance of the Decree in this cause dated the 8th JANUARY, 1867, and the final order for sale herein dated the 30th MAY last, there will be sold with the approbation of the Master of this Court, at OTTAWA, by PUBLIC AUCTION, by HECTOR McLEAN, at his Auction Rooms, Sparks-street, in the City of Ottawa, at twelve o'clock noon, on WEDNESDAY, the 15th JULY NEXT the following Real Estate, viz:

All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate lying and being in the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton and Province of Ontario, containing by admeasurement one hundred acres, be the same more or less being composed of the North Half of Lot Number Sixteen, in the Fifth Concession of the said Township of Nepean, Rideau Front.

The said land is well adapted for farming purposes, and lies on the east side of the main road from Ottawa to Richmond ; about sixty acres of it are cleared and under cultivation, and it is situated amongst the best lands in the County of Carleton. It is fifteen miles from Ottawa, and five miles from Richmond and the River Goodwood, and a constantly flowing stream passes through the rear of it.

One-tenth of the purchase money is to be paid down by the purchaser to the Vendor or his Solicitors at the time of sale by way of deposit, and the balance on or before the 1st AUGUST next : upon payment of which he will be entitled to a conveyance, and let into possession.

In other respects the conditions of sale are the standing conditions of the Court of Chancery. The deed from the late Alexander Emslie to the Plaintiff will be produced at the time of sale.

All parties to the suit, with the exception of the Vendor, are to be at liberty to bid.

Further particulars, and conditions of sale, may be had at the Offices of the said Master and Messrs. LEWIS, PINHEY AND WARD, Ottawa, and M. R. VANKOUGHNET, ESQ., and MESSRS. O'DONOHOE & WARMOLL, Toronto.

Dated this 13th day of June, 1868.

(Signed), JOHN WILSON,
Master at Ottawa.

LEWIS, PINHEY & WARD,
Vendor's Solicitors. 768b

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE

Positively Three Nights Only.

COMMENCING

Monday 15th, 16th and 17th June,

HAMALL'S SERENADERS,

And BRASS BAND.

Also the celebrated LEROUX BROTHERS, acknowledged by the Press and the public to be the most daring gymnasts of the nineteenth century. In a new act of Double Sichelle, or the men of mid air, and who will introduce the terrific Niagara leap.

Admission, 25 cents; Reserved Seats, 50 cents.

J. HAMALL, Business Manager. J. E. NOBLE, Agent.

Ottawa, June 11. 764-4

Pickles, Sauces, &c.,

JUST RECEIVED DIRECT FROM

CROSSE & BLACKWELL, London,

Ex ship "Ardmillan," the following:

125 DOZ. MIXED PICKLES,

35 DOZ. Gerkins,

35 DOZ. Onions,

35 DOZ. Chow Chow,

30 DOZ. Piccolill,

25 DOZ. Walnuts,

20 DOZ. Cauliflower,

15 DOZ. Imperial Hot,

15 DOZ. West India,

15 DOZ. Capt. White's Oriental

Reading Sauce,
King of Oude Sauce,
Harvey do.
John Bull do.
Kalos Ceusis do.
Soyer's do.
Worcestershire do.
India Soy.
Essence of Anchovies,
Essence of Shrimps,
Mushroom Ketchup,
Walnut Ketchup,
French Capers,
Chili Vinegar,
Tarragon Vinegar,
Raspberry Vinegar,
Olives,
Bottled Fruits, an assortment,
Raspberry Jam,
Strawberry do.
Damson do.
Gooseberry do.
Red Currant do.
Black do. do.
Red do. Jelly.
Black do. do.
Crystallized Fruits,
Fruits in Noyeau,
Preserved Ginger in Jars and 1 lb. Pots,
Curry Powder,
Anchovy Paste,
Potted Ham, Beef and Tongue,
Potted Yarmouth Bloaters,
Strasbourg Potted Meats,
Soup and Bouille,
Mock Turtle Soup,
Mulligatawny Soup,
Hare Soup,
Jugged Hare,
Pheasants in Gravy,
Grouse in Gravy,
Partridge in Gravy,
Paté de Foie Gras,
Paté D'Alouettes,
Paté de Cailles,

ALSO,

A large lot of Keen's Celebrated Mustard in half lb. and 1 lb. tins.

BATE & Co.,

52, SPARKS-ST.

June 8, 1868. 762d

ARNOLDI'S

WINE AND SPIRIT VAULTS,

11 *Metcalfe-st., Telegraph Co's Building,*

OTTAWA,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL, FOR CASH ONLY

Dekuyper's Red Cases, Gin, 15 bottles	$9 00
" Green, " " per doz	4 00
Booth's London Gin	7 20
Bernard's and Thompson's Gin "	6 00
Green Seal Champagne "	12 00

AND UPWARDS.

PORT WINES—Graham's, Sandeman's, &c.

	Per Gall.	Per Doz
No. 1 Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2 "	3 00	8 75
" 3 Old	3 50	10 00
" 4 Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine old	5 75	15 50

SHERRIES—Romeo's, Pemartin's, &c.:

No. 1 Superior Light table Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2 Extra do.	3 00	8 75
" 3 Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4 Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine	5 50	15 00

Single sample bottles at above rates.

Also, of Standard Brands, in wood or bottle, old and new. Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch and Canadian Whiskies.

Canadian Ale, in wood or bottle.

Guinness' Porter, pints and quarts. Hibbert's Porter, pints and quarts. Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, pints and quarts.

Clarets, Hocks, Sauternes, Curacao, Maraschino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., &c.

Purity is all cases guaranteed, and goods marked at the lowest quotations.

Orders by mail with cash, promptly attended to Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.

NOTICE.

The subscriber would intimate to those of his customers with whom current accounts may have been opened that it is his intention to take advantage of any irregularity in their payment to close them in order that he may conduct his business totally on the *cash principle*, which has been found to work much more satisfactorily for both the buyer and seller in every branch of trade in which it has been tried, and relying on quality of his goods and the prices charged for them (which will always be as low as they can honestly be sold for) he solicits a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

K. ARNOLDI,

Dealer in the better qualities of Wines, Spirits, &c., Metcalfe-street, Telegraph Co's Building, Ottawa.

Price lists on application or sent to any address.

April 21, 1868. 535y

NOTICE.

BOATS FOR PIC-NICS.—In order to prevent disappointment, and ensure punctuality, parties requiring Boats for Pic-Nics between Ottawa and Hull, off the line of the regular ferry, to Bellevue Gardens or elsewhere, should apply to the undersigned direct, a couple of days in advance, instead of making arrangements with the proprietors of Gardens or other places of amusement. Parties infringing on the rights and privileges of the Ferry License will be prosecuted to the utmost rigour of the law.

JOSEPH SMITH.

Ottawa, June 12, 1868. 766a

Magee & Russell's

—GREAT—

REMOVAL SALE!

COMMENCED

MONDAY,

JUNE 1st.

NO RESERVE.

All Goods re-marked in plain figures, with Red Ink, showing the actual reductions.

The following are only a few of the bargains offered. The public are invited to inspect the stock, and judge for themselves before purchasing:—

FANCY SILK DRESSES

That were selling for $16 and $17, reduced to $12 and $13.

SILKS

Marked $19 to $23.50, reduced to $15, $16 and $18.50, the full dress of 15 yards.

All our rich French Silks reduced from $5 to $8 on each dress.

BLACK GLACIE

And Gros Grain Silks all reduced.

MANTLE VELVETS and VELVETEENS,

Only received a few days ago, marked down from 10 to 15 per cent.

BLACK LACE SHAWLS,

Commencing at $1.25.

All the rich Spanish and Pusher Lace Shawls will show large reductions.

Paisley Shawls reduced from $1.50 to $5 on each shawl.

Last year's Barege Shawls reduced to nearly half price.

NEW HOOP SKIRTS

Cheaper than anything in the trade. Old fashioned large Hoop Skirts almost given away. Would pay to have them altered.

LADIES STRAW HATS & BONNETS,

New styles, all reduced.

All old shapes in Straw Goods sold for what they will fetch.

Pattern Bonnets and all trimmed Millinery greatly reduced.

One Case Shakers at 12½c, some of them worth 50c.

NEW PARASOLS

Reduced from 10 to 20 per cent. Old ones to about half price.

500 PALM LEAF FANS

Sold during the sale at 5 cents each; not more an two to one customer.

Several thousand Ladies' Imitation Lace Paper Collars for half the New York price.

About 150 pieces Mohair and Poplinette Dress Goods, will be offered at such prices as must clear them out.

PRINTED DELAINES

That sold from 17½ to 20 cents per yard, marked down to 12½ cents.

FRENCH DELAINES

And Merinos, Cobourgs, Lustres, Glacie, Alpaccas, Printed Muslins, and all other Dress Goods in stock, likewise reduced.

A lot of washing Challies will be offered very low.

All domestic goods, such as Sheeting, Table Linens, Towellings, Flannels, &c., will show heavy reductions.

OUR COTTONS

Being all purchased when the raw material was at its lowest point in Liverpool, customers would do well to lay in a stock during the sale. We will sell all Cotton goods far below what it would cost to import them just now.

PRINTS

At 7, 9 and 11 cents per yard; present retail value 10, 12½ and 15 cents per yard.

SPLENDID STYLES IN TWEEDS,

Coatings and Cloakings, at the reduced figures.

CARPETS,

Damasks, and all kinds of House Furnishings, and other heavy goods that would be troublesome to remove, will be cleared out at and below cost price.

LADIES BEST FRENCH KID GLOVES

Will be sold at $1 per pair, and all soiled and damaged Kid Gloves will be thrown in with the slow selling colours and sold at much less money.

GENTS' MERINO UNDERCLOTHING,

Dress and Flannel Shirts, Ties and Collars, all marked down to removal prices.

One lot of 68 gross Printed Paper Collars will be sold for 12½ cents the Box of 12 Collars; well worth 25 cents.

DRESS TRIMMINGS,

Embroidery, Lace Goods, Cotton Lisle and Silk Gloves, are all reduced.

A job lot of Dress Fringes, now so fashionable, will be sold at 12½ cents per yard, some of them being worth at the present price of Silk about 35 cents per yard.

A remarkably cheap lot of Ladies' Cambric Handkerchiefs, also, Ladies' and Childrens' Cotton Hose, at least 40 per cent less than last year's prices.

The intention being to reduce the stock to

Lowest Possible Point,

Before removing to New Premises (now building) in the Autumn. Great care has been taken to re-mark the entire stock at such prices as must effect

LARGE SALES

AND INSURE

A Speedy Clearance.

DURING THIS SALE
NO SAMPLES WILL BE CUT,
NO GOODS WILL BE SENT ON APPROBAT
NOR SOLD ON CREDI

Magee & Russell.

Ottawa, June 2, 1868. 707y

Auction Sales

BY J. BERMINGHAM.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET.

A large and well FURNISHED HOUSE, or four Bedrooms, Sitting Room and Drawing Room of same, in a healthy and respectable locality, within three minutes walk of the Government Buildings. For particulars apply to J. BERMINGHAM, House and Land Agent, Dominion Auction Mart, Sussex-st.

Ottawa, June 4, 1868. 759tf

FOR SALE!

THAT Splendid First-Class

HOTEL,

IN THE

CAPITAL OF THE DOMINION!

KNOWN AS THE

REVERE HOUSE.

And at present leased at a rental of $2,000. It is one of the best buildings in the city. Its length is one hundred and six (106) feet by forty (40) feet wide, built of stone, with cut stone front and tin roof. The house contains fifty bedrooms, five parlors and dining room, with bar, kitchen and laundry attached. There is a new Brick Stable, sixty-six (66) by thirty (30) feet, capable of stabling forty Horses, a large yard and outbuildings; also a vacant lot, which the purchaser can have if required to enlarge. The premises are in excellent order, being only five years built. Very lately a sum of $2,000 was expended improving the building. For a first-class hotel, or Military Quarters, it cannot be equalled in the city.

TERMS EASY, and made known free of charge, by letter or otherwise, on application to

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer,
Commission and Real Estate Agent.

Ottawa, June 3, 1868. 758d

Dominion Auction Mart,

AND

Commission Sale Rooms

House, Land & General Agency,

OFFICE & SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-STREET,

OTTAWA.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city.

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufacturies of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq. M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq. M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq. M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq. M P
James O'Reilly, Esq. Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq. Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq. M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
753y House, Land and General Agent.

Storekeepers, Farmers and Others,

SHOULD BUY THEIR TEAS FROM

The Importers Direct.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY, 6, Hospital-street, Montreal, have sent over one thousand packages to different parts of the country, and receive every day assurances that the Tea gives entire satisfaction. Subjoined are a few of the numerous testimonials already received:

RUSSELL HOTEL, Quebec, Jan. 7, 1867.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the six chests of Tea forwarded some time since arrived in good order. The quality is pure and excellent, and prices cheap. As I am particular in buying the best quality of Tea to be had for our guests, I am pleased to acquaint you that it gives general satisfaction. Your obedient servant,

WILLIS RUSSELL.

FELCOM, Dec. 23, 1867.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the Oolong Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto, who informs me he considers it as good as that he was using for which he paid one dollar per lb. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz., at 75 cents per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant,

JNO. T. DAY.

HOUSE OF SENATE, Ottawa, December 16, 1867. Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the box of English Breakfast and Young Hyson Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. You may expect my future orders. Yours, &c.,

S. SKINNER.

COBOURG, January 8, 1868.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, I beg to inform you that the two boxes of Tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box, or 20 lbs., at same price, and oblige yours, &c.,

F. OLIVER.

The contributors to the *Medical Journal* have frequently declared that one-half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have carefully selected and imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure and free from poisonous substances, in 50, 25, 20, 15 and 12 lb. boxes.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c 50c; *Fine Flavoured New Season, do;* 55c 60c *and* 65c; *Excellent Full Flavored do,* 75c; *Sound Oolong,* 45c; *Rich Flavored do,* 60c; *Very Fine do, do,* 75c; *Japan, Good,* 50c, 55c; *Very Fine,* 60c; *Finest,* 65c, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay common, 38c; *Fine do,* 55c; *Young Hyson,* 50c, 60c, 65c *and* 70c; *Fine do,* 75c; *Very Fine,* 85c; *Superfine and Very Choice,* $1.00; *Fine Gunpowder,* 85c; *Extra Superfine do,* $1.

All orders for 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular sent equally cheap. The Company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much, two or three clubbing together could divide. An excellent mixed Tea could be sent for 60c to 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order or enclosed notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man where there are express offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
6, Hospital-street, Montreal.

All boxes sent from this establishment have the Company's name printed on them.

Montreal, March 4, 1868. w101y

Errors of Youth.—A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay and all the effects of youthful indiscretion will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertizers' experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN, 43 Cedar Street New York

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

Just Received Per Express.

A CHOICE Selection CANADA WATCH COMPANY'S WATCHES,

At Young & Radford's.

AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY'S WATCHES,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE GOLD JEWELLERY,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE GOLD and CORAL JEWELLERY,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE HUNTING ANCHOR WATCHES, in fine Silver Cases, as low as $12.00,

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FINE Eighteen CARAT GOLD WATCHES as low as $18.00,

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

ROGER'S BEST CUTLERY and fine ENGLISH ELECTRO-PLATED WARE, can be had

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S

30 Sparks-st. Ottawa.

Auction Sales

BY H. McLEAN.

To-Day.

AUCTION SALE

Of Very Valuable REAL ESTATE, on the Corner of Metcalfe and Maria-sts., known as the ROBERT HUNTER PROPERTY.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent, has been commissioned to sell by Public Auction, on the premises, on WEDNESDAY, the SEVENTEENTH INST., at 12 o'clock, noon, that substantial and elegant double Brick Cottage and premises, situated on the Corner of Metcalfe and Maria-sts., Centre Town, opposite the Square. The Lot is 61 feet, fronting on Metcalfe-st., by 92 feet deep on Maria-st., with an alley in the rear, and thoroughly drained. The House (surrounded with well grown shade trees) is divided into two first-class tenements, containing eight rooms and kitchen each, and situated in one of the most central, favorite and improving localities in the city. There is an abundant supply of pure water on the premises, and the House (built by Mr. Gallagher) is in excellent repair, having been recently painted and papered throughout, and attached are all the outbuildings necessary to make those tenements first rate residences.

The property can be seen between the hours of 11 o'clock a. m., and 1 o'clock p.m.

TERMS—One-fourth cash, and the balance in five equal annual instalments, with interest at 7 per cent. per annum.

Title indisputable. Sale positive.

For further particulars apply, until the day of sale, to Mr. ROBERT HUNTER, of the firm of Hunter, Rose & Co., or to

H. McLEAN,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, June 11, 1868. 765td

FOR SALE

AT THE

MONTREAL WAREHOUSE

800 BUTTER TUBS, in good order.

J. MARTIN & CO.

10,000 LBS. MAPLE SUGAR.

J. MARTIN & CO.

50 CASES ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

J. MARTIN & CO.

HERRINGS, PORK, FLOUR, BUTTER, CHEESE.

657v J. MARTIN & CO.

PIANOS. PIANOS.

JUST RECEIVED AT THE

London Music Store!

Her Majesty's Theatre,

Wellington Street,

A new and splendid assortment of

PIANOFORTES!

UNION MAKE,

Every PIANO from this establishment warranted for 5 years.

Also just received a new stock of

VICTORIA ORGANS and MELODEONS

VIOLINE, CONCERTINAS, GUITARS, &c., in great variety.

Second hand Pianos taken in part payment for new ones.

Connected with this establishment is a Piano Manufacturer, who will attend punctually to all orders for TUNING left at the London Music Store.

E. MILES,
Lessee of Her Majesty's Theatre

Ottawa, March 25, 1868. 551-39y

MILES'

HAIRDRESSNG SALOON

BELL'S BLOCK, ELGIN-ST.

THIS SALOON is fitted up in a neat and attractive manner, and is always attended by competent and attentive workmen.

E. MILES,
Hair Dresser, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General.

Ottawa, April 13. 715y

Coffee! Coffee!

TO those who enjoy a Cup of

REALLY FINE COFFEE

—TRY—

BUCHANAN'S

Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha, JAVA & JAMAICA, Roasted and Ground

Daily on the premises, by steam power.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

May 11, 1868. 739tf

"La Maledictions."

GRAND

Theatrical Exhibition

BY THE

Students of Ottawa University,

ON BEHALF OF

THE CANADIAN ZOUAVES,

ON THE

TWENTY-THIRD OF JUNE.

TICKETS, - - - - 25 Cts.

Doors open at 8 o'clock p. m.

Ottawa, June 13, 1868. 767td

RETIRING FROM BUSINESS.

Great Cheap Sale of Dy Goods!

As GEO. FEATHERSTON & CO.,

Intend winding up their business in AUGUST NEXT. They will from this date offer their large stock of

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,

At greatly reduced prices for cash as the whole must be disposed of by the 24th day of AUGUST. The following list of prices will satisfy all that this is a chance rarely to be met with, and will be for the benefit of every one to take advantage of.

Full width Prints from	4½d per yard.	Grey Cottons	from 4½d per yard.
Printed Muslins "	6d "	Silk Parasols	" 2s 6d each.
" Delaines "	4½ "	Hoop Skirts	" 10½d "
6-4 Alapacca Lustres "	7½ "	Canadian Full Cloth	" 2s 11d per yard.
Cobourgs "	9 "		

A large lot of Women's White Cotton Hose, from 4½d per pair. A lot of Summer Shawls from 11s 3d to 27s 6d, usual price from 17s 6d to 40s. A lot of cloths for Boy's Summer Wear, very cheap, and all other goods proportionately low.

Shop to Rent from 1st Sept. Next.

GEO. FEATHERSTON & CO.,
34 Sparks-street, Centre Town.

Ottawa, June 15, 1868. 768-2m

Great Clearing Sale of Dry Goods.

Cunningham & Lindsay

No. 14, RIDEAU-STREET,

WILL COMMENCE

ON MONDAY, the 15th INSTANT,

TO SELL THE BALANCE OF THEIR SUMMER STOCK OF

Millinery, Mantles, Shawls, Dress Goods, Prints, Muslins, &c.,

At Prices which must effect a Speedy Sale.

For Particulars See Circulars.

Ottawa, June 12, 1868. 510y

BLYTH & KERR,

Successors to Chas. Garth,

No. 25, RIDEAU-STREET,

PLUMBERS, GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,
TIN & COPPERSMITHS, BELL HANGERS, &c.

All materials for the above branches kept constantly on hand.

Also, Importers and Dealers in House Furnishing Hardware.

Just received a well selected assortment of Fishing Tackle, Baskets, Bait, Reels, Lines, Flys, Rods, &c. Manufacturers of all descriptions of work for Water and Gas Works, Brewer's Distillerier, Mills, &c. Makes and fits up Galvanized Iron Cornices, Gutters, Conductors, Roofing, &c.

Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water or Warm Air, on the most approved principles.

Orders from the country will receive strict attention. 740y

OTTAWA CROCKERY STORE

NEW GOODS.

JUST received ex S. S. "Damascus," 10 Hhds. of the finest English Glassware, selected expressly for the retail trade, comprising

	CUT and ENGRAVED	PORT and SHERRY WINES,
CHAMPAGNES,	do	CLARETS, GOBLETS,
LIQUEURS,	do	CALF FOOT JELLIES,
FINGER BOWLS,	do	TALL TUMBLERS,
CLARET JUGS,	do	DECANTERS,
FRUIT DISHES,	do	CELERY VASES,
BUTTER COOLERS,	do	CARAFFS, &c., &c.

And a choice lot of delicate Straw Stem Wines, in Ports, Champagnes, Clarets, Sherries, Liqueurs, &c. All the above articles match in shape, pattern, &c., and are the best glass procurable in England.

W. ALLAN,
51 *RIDEAU STREET, (opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.)*

Ottawa, June 6, 1868. 574y

NEW STOCK OF

SUMMER GOODS,

—AT—

"THE GOLDEN BOOT."

NO. 226, WELLINGTON-STREET.

Ladies' White Canvass Boots,
Ladies' Button Prunella Boots,
Ladies' Lace Prunella Boots,
Ladies' Prunella Gaiter Boots,
Ladies' Kid Button Boots,
Ladies' Kid Lace Boots,
Ladies' Kid Gaiter Boots,
Ladies' English Walking Boots,

Gent's White Canvass Congress,
Gent's White Canvass Shoes,
Gent's Mill. Calf Congress,
Gent's Calf-faced Congress,
Gent's Calf Balmorals,
Gent's Fine Kid Congress,
Gent's Prunella Brogans,
Gent's Pat. Dress Boots,

Children's Fine Morrocco Lace Boots,
Children's Fine Kid Congress and Lace Boots,
Children's Enameled and Calf Copper Toes,

And other goods in endless variety.

The subscribers beg to thank the public for the liberal patronage they have received since opening the above establishment.

W. ANGUS & CO.,
No. 226, Wellington street.

666y

City Hoop Skirt Factory,

43 SPARKS-STREET,

Central Ottawa.

THE DOUBLE EXTENSION SKIRT,
" DEMI "
" NEW GORE TRAIL SKIRT.

French Wove Corsets!

AN immense stock of Corsets just arrived, French, English and Scotch manufacture.

I beg to call the attention of ladies to the above new styles of Hoop Skirts which I have on hand, and will make to order on the shortest notice: Also, Parasols, Hosiery and Glover, Hair Nets, Handkerchiefs, &c., &c.

Croquet Skirts, Printed and Embroidered, Gored and Plain.

N.B.—A lot of old fashioned Corsets on hand (lacing at the back) cheap, wholesale and retail.

DAVID MILLAR,
43 Sparks-st, Centre Town. next to Esmonde's Stove Depot.

456y

Ladies Keep Cool!

BLACK AND WHITE LACE SHAWLS,
GRENADINE SHAWLS,
BAREGE SHAWLS,
BAREGE JACKETS
BAREGE & GRENADINE PROMENADE COSTUMES,
GRENADINES,
FRENCH & ENGLISH MUSLINS.

GENTLEMEN KEEP COOL!

BLACK ALPACCA COATS,
BUFF ALPACCA COATS,
LINEN COATS,
MARSEILLES VESTS

All in great variety, cheap, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S,

Wholesale and Retail.

Importers, 20 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 29, 1868. 484y

TO BE GIVEN AWAY!

THE

Greatest Curiosity

OF THE DAY.

WILL BE PUBLISHED

On Thursday next, THE WONDERFUL ALMANAC for 306 years, a copy of which will be presented, FREE OF CHARGE, to every Lady and Gentleman applying at

The Ottawa Citizen,
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

SANSUM'S INTEREST & EXCHANGE TABLES:

A supply of this useful work just received and for sale at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen.
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

COPY BOOKS,

(Plain and with Head Line), EXERCISE BOOKS. A supply just received and for sale at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

PLAIN & FANCY STATIONERY,

All marked in plain figures, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

COUNTING HOUSE and SCHOOL REQUISITES,

At the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

MUSIC, MAGAZINES OR PRINTED BOOKS,

Bound in any style required, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

ENGINEERS' and ARTISTS' MATERIALS,

At the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

ACCOUNT BOOKS,

Memorandum Books, Pocket Books, Indexes, &c., at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

WRAPPING PAPERS,

MANILLA, TEA and STRAW, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen,
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

STEEL PENS and PEN HANDLES,

Gillott's, Mitchell's and other makers, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

WRITING INKS,

Stephens', Todd's Perth Office, &c., at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

LEAD PENCILS,

Faber's, Rowney's and others, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

BLANK BOOKS,

Manufactured to order, in any style of ruling and binding, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

BOOK and JOB PRINTING,

At the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS, authorized by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario. The prices are:

FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.

FIRST BOOK, part second, 54 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.

SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.

THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Thirty cents.

FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.

FIFTH BOOK, 50 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

A supply just received and for sale at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

A liberal allowance to Teachers and Dealers.

TO BE GIVEN AWAY!

THE

Greatest Curiosity

OF THE DAY.

WILL BE PUBLISHED

On Thursday next, THE WONDERFUL ALMANAC for 306 years, a copy of which will be presented, FREE OF CHARGE, to every Lady and Gentleman applying at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

Ottawa, June 8, 1868. 751y

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, June 16, 1868.

The produce market yesterday was very poorly supplied. Hay remains steady at our quotations for good quality, and meets a ready sale. butchers' meat sells, prime joints, stall fed, 16 cents to 17 cents. Second quality, grass fed, 12½ cents. Mutton, 12½ cents, and veal 10 cents to 12½ cents.

FLOUR—Extra	8 00	@	8 25
No. 1	7 00	@	7 25
No. 2	5 50	@	6 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	4 00	@	4 25
" Spring "	3 50	@	3 62½
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	6 00	@	6 25
Indian Meal "	4 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 70	@	0 75
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 75	@	0 80
Buckwheat Flour—bbl.	4 50	@	5 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 75	@	1 80
Spring " "	1 45	@	1 50
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 90	@	0 95
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 75	@	0 80
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 50	@	0 55
Beans " 60 lbs.	2 00	@	2 25
PORK—Mess—per barrel	22 50	@	23 00
Prime Mess per do.	16 00	@	16 50
Hog per 100 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Hams	0 13	@	0 15
Beef	0 00	@	0 00
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 00	@	0 0
Lamb—per qr.	0 00	@	0 0
Geese—Each	None		
Ducks	0 50	@	0 00
Turkeys—Each	0 80	@	1 00
Fowl—Per pair	0 45	@	0 55
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 16	@	0 17
No. 1 Firkin	0 13	@	0 15
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 13	@	0 15
Apples—per brl.	4 50	@	5 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 45
HAY—Per ton, new	12 00	@	14 00
WOOD—Per cord	0 00	@	3 5
Tamarac	0 00	@	2 00
Hemlock	0 00	@	2 00

Richmond Circuit Board

OF

PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

FOR THE

County of Carleton.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

That the above Board will meet

IN THE TOWN HALL,

IN RICHMOND,

On Wednesday, the 8th day of July next

AND ALSO ON

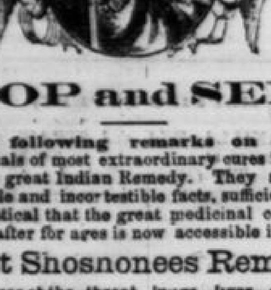
WEDNESDAY,

The 9th day of December next,

At 12 o'clock, noon, for general business. Applicants for certificates of qualification are required to furnish the Board with certificates of moral character from either Local Superintendent or from a Clergyman of the denomination to which they respectively belong.

C. B. PETITT, M.A., Chairman.

J. HINTON, Secretary.
Richmond, May 21, 1868.



STOP and SEE!

THE following remarks on Testimonials of most extraordinary cures in Canada by the great Indian Remedy. They are stern undeniable and incontestible facts, sufficient to the most skeptical that the great medicinal compound yearned after for ages is now accessible in the

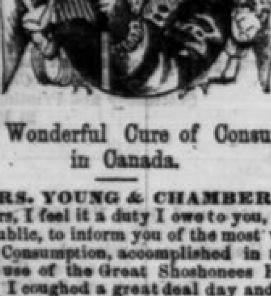
Great Shosnonees Remedy.

For diseases of the throat, lungs, liver, digestive organs, kidneys, &c., as well as scrofula, the various skin diseases, humors, and all diseases arising from impurities of the blood, we boldly state that this great remedy has never been equalled. Where was there ever such a cure as that in the person of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, C W, of consumption; or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernestown, C W, of consumption; or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, C W, of dyspepsia and liver complaint; or that of John Rosey, of Napanee, C W, of rheumatism, who hadactually been on crutches for years, in spite of all treatment heretofore, and is now well? Scores of such cases might be mentioned had we space.

☞ Call at the drug store and get a circular of unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees remedy and pills and satisfy yourselves.

Price of the Remedy in large pints $1.

For sale by all druggists and dealers in medicine. Agents for Ottawa—All the Druggists; Henry Simpson & Co., Montreal; Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle. 5wy



Another Wonderful Cure of Consumption in Canada.

MESSRS. YOUNG & CHAMBERLAIN,—Sirs, I feel it a duty I owe to you, as well as to the public, to inform you of the most wonderful cure of Consumption, accomplished in my person, by the use of the Great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills. I coughed a great deal day and night, expectorating large quantities of matter, and had a great pain about my left lung. I had cold chills every day, and severe night sweats every night, and between the racking cough and great sweating I was almost deprived of sleep; by these miseries, as well as the loss of appetite, I was so reduced that I could hardly stand alone. I was under the care of a physician for a length of time, but finding no relief, I tried different receipes, but all without any good effect. Squire Peterson of Bath, recommended me to use the Great Shoshonees Remedy; I procured three bottles at once, with the Pills; so soon as I commenced using it I began to get better, and when I had finished this complement, the Cough, expectoration of matter, pain about the lung, chills, sweating, &c., left me, and by continuing its use I became strong and healthy. It is now over two months since I quit the remedy, and there have been no symptoms of the disease returning, and I have been, and am now, healthier and better than I have been for many years. I trust you will make this known to the public, that they may be aware of the peculiar virtues of this truly wonderful Indian Remedy.

PETER C. V. MILLAR.
Ernestown, Co. of Lennox & Addington, C. W.

To all to whom it may come.—This is to certify that I have been acquainted with the above mentioned gentleman, Peter C. V. Millar, Esq., for many years, and have known him always to be of the very highest respectability, and a very candid and creditable person; and I am confident that I can safely vouch for the truth of the above, or any other statement made by him.

Rev. W. F. S. HARPER
5wy Rector of Bath, W

Sheriff's Sale of Lands.

Province of Ontario, COUNTY OF CARLETON, } To Wit:

BY VIRTUE of a Writ of Fieri Facias issued out of Her Majesty's County Court of the County of Carleton, and to me directed and delivered against the Lands and Tenements of Basil Dunbar Rorison at the suit of Agnes Rorison, I have seized and taken in execution, and will offer for sale at PUBLIC AUCTION, at my Office in the COURT HOUSE, in the City of Ottawa, on THURSDAY, the TWENTY-FIFTH day of JUNE, A. D., 1868, at TWELVE o'clock, Noon, all the estate, right, title and interest of the above named defendant of, in and to the South East or rear half of Lot Number Four in the Sixth Concession of the Township of Fitzroy, in the County of Carleton.

WM. F. POWELL, Sheriff.
By JAS. BAILIFF, Deputy Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Ottawa, March 23rd, A. D., 1868. 699-1-13wtd

PAIN KILLER.

The Great Family Medicine of the Age.

THE UNIVERSAL REMEDY for INTERNAL & EXTERNAL COMPLAINTS!

OUR FIRST PHYSICIANS USE AND RECOMMEND ITS USE!

It Enjoys the Largest Sale of Any Proprietary Medicine in the World!

THE PAIN KILLER

HAS been favorably known for more than thirty years, during which time we HAVE RECEIVED THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS, showing this Medicine to be an almost NEVER FAILING REMEDY for diseases caused by or attendant upon—Sudden Colds, Coughs, Fever and Ague, Headache, Billious Fever, Pains in the Side, Back and Loins, as well as in the Joints and Limbs; Neuralgic and Rheumatic Pains in any part of the system, Toothache and Pains in the Head and Face.

As a BLOOD PURIFIER and TONIC for the STOMACH, it seldom fails to cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Heartburn, Kidney Complaints, Sick Headache, Piles Asthma or Phthisic, Ringworms, Boils, Felons, Whitlows, Old Sores, Swelled Joints, and General Debility of the System.

It is also a PROMPT and SURE REMEDY for Crampand Pains in the Stomach, Painters' Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Scalds, Burns, Sprains, Bruises, Frost Bites, Chilblains, as well as the Stings of Insects, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

☞ Directions accompany each bottle.

It has been tested in every variety of climate, and by almost *every nation known* to civilization. It is the almost constant companion and inestimable friend of the *Missionary*, and no *traveller* should be without it. Like every other good thing, the Pain Killer has been extensively counterfeited; which, (while it is an acknowledgment on the part of the counterfeiters of its real worth,) is a serious hinderance to its usefulness, as the deceived purchaser estimates the value of the *Pain Killer* by the base compound he has purchased for the genuine article.

Purchasers should be careful and not allow the dealer to sell them worthless imitations, on which they realize a larger profit, but take only the *Pain Killer*, and see that it is the genuine, bearing the signature of Perry Davis & Son upon the label.

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by Druggists and Medicine Dealers, and Commission Merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers, and at Variety Shops generally throughout the world.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Manfs. and Props.,
74, High-st., Providence, R.I.,
380, St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. Q.,
17, Southampton Row, Holborn, London, E.

40-1aw20wy

SALE OF DEBTS.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864,

AND AMENDMENTS THEREOF.

In the matter of WILLIAM N. BARRIE, and JOHN McMARTIN trading under the name, style and title of WILLIAM BARRIE & CO., Insolvents.

PURSUANT

To an order made by JAMES DANIEL, Esquire, Judge of the County Court of the United Counties of Prescott and Russell, made on the Eighteenth day of MAY instant, I will offer for sale by Public Auction, on SATURDAY, the twenty-first day of JUNE next, at the office of Edward Taylor Dartnell, Esquire, at the Court House, in the Town of L'Orignal, the several debts due by Note, Book Account, or otherwise, due to the estate of the said Insolvents.

All debts exceeding $100 in amount will be sold separately. A list of the debts will be open to inspection at the office of the said Edward Taylor Dartnell, and free access given to all documents explanatory of such debts.

Dated at L'Orignal, May 20th, 1868.

EDWD. FREWEN DARTNELL,
570-1awtd Assignee.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864,

AND AMENDMENTS THEREOF.

In the matter of WILLIAM N. BARRIE and JOHN McMARTIN, Insolvents.

BY virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvents, and also under and by virtue of an order made by James Daniell, Esquire, Judge of the County Court of the United Counties of Prescott and Russell in that behalf, I will on FRIDAY, the twenty-sixth day of June next, offer or sale by Public Auction, at the hour of ten o'clock, in the forenoon of the said day, at the office of Messrs. Morland, Watson and Company, in the City of Montreal, all the real estate and interest of the said Insolvent John McMartin, of and in the lands and premises in the Township of North Plantagenet, and County of Prescott, and Province of Ontario, hereinafter particularly mentioned and described. That is to say:

1st. All the real estate, interest and equity of redemption of the said John McMartin of what nature or kind soever, whether as devisee under the will of Alexander McMartin, deceased, or otherwise, of and in lot number nine, (9) in the fourth (4th) concession, old survey of the said Township of Plantagenet, East of the South Nation River.

2nd. All the real estate, interest and equity of redemption of the said John McMartin, of what nature and kind soever, whether as devisee under the will of the said Alexander McMartin, deceased, or otherwise, of and in Lot Number Ten (10), in the Fourth (4th) Concession, old survey of the said Township East of the South Nation River.

The said two lots are supposed to contain together 399 acres more or less.

3rd. All the real estate and interest and equity of redemption of the said John McMartin, of what nature and kind sover, either in his own right, or as devisee under the will of the said Alexander McMartin, deceased, or otherwise, howsoever, or and in that part of Lot Eleven, (11) in the said Fourth (4th) Concession, old survey of the said Township of North Plantagenet, known as McMartin's Saw Mills, with the privileges and appurtenances to the same belonging. Also of and in the premises known as the old Store, the large Store Hous the large stable and premises connected therewith, also of and in the Dwelling House now occupied by the said John McMartin, and the outbuildings therewith connected, and lying and being in the Village of Plantagenet Mills aforesaid.

The said several premises will be sold subject to the several mortgages charged upon same, and the said mill and mill premises and other the premises last mentioned with their appurtenances, will be sold subject to the interest of the said Insolvents as copartners or of either of them therein, under the partnership articles the lease therein mentioned or otherwise howsoever at the time of their insolvency for the residue of the unexpired term of fifteen years from the 1st day of December, 1865, and to the mortgages thereon.

There is a rent of one dollar annually, payable during said term to the said John McMartin as devisee thereof, under the will of the said Alexander McMartin.

Terms—Cash.

For further particulars apply to Edward Taylor Dartnell, Esquire, L'Orignal, Solicitor for the Assignee, or to the Assignee.

Dated at L'Orignal, this 23rd day of April A.D., 1868.

EDWD. FREWEN DARTNELL,
726-1aw2m Assignee

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, May 8, 1868.

AUTHORIZED Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 28 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

A RARE CHANCE.

The undersigned having received direct from the manufacturers in Europe, a large consignment of

Dry Goods

with instructions to dispose of them at

LOW RATES!

Is now offering them to the public, and at an almost nominal advance on the makers' cost price.

The stock consists of

1,000 yards of Carpets, of various kinds,
40 Handsome Hearth Rugs,
60 Summer Counterpanes,
24 White Marsala Quilts,
A large quantity of Toilet Covers,
Some Wool Table Covers,
And a large variety of other Goods.

The stock may be seen at the store of MESSRS. ANSELL & MICHAEL'S, Scott's Corner, Elgin and Sparks-street, opposite the Russell Hotel. Parties requiring articles of the above mentioned kind will find it to their advantage to call and inspect the goods at once, as the whole must be disposed of within a few days.

ANSELL & MICHAEL.
Ottawa, June 9, 1868. 763-3m

FOR SALE.

A SELF-ACTING SODA WATER APPARATUS, with cylinders complete, cheap for cash. Apply to WILLIAM PRODERICK Sussex-street, Ottawa. 687tf

SITUATION WANTED.

A Lady, who has good references, would desire a situation as HOUSEKEEPER to a Catholic Clergyman or private gentleman. Please apply at the TIMES office.

Ottawa, June 13, 1868 767a

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned will either sell or let for a few years his well known farm, being lot Twenty-five in the Fourth Concession of Gloucester, Rideau Front, 215 acres all cleared, and well fenced and in a good state of cultivation. Also, the one-half of lot Twenty-seven in the Third Concession, being in its natural state, all wood and excellent land. It is just the cross of two hundred acres from the corner of the one lot to the other. The railroad line runs within ten feet of the front corner of the one hundred and in sight of the two hundred for two or three miles. The Station at Cunningham's is scarcely a mile and a half from the front of Lot Twenty-five. The above farm is capable of keeping thirty head of milch cows, two span of horses, and as many young cattle as it would be proper to raise. Eight or nine years ago I kept twenty-two milch cows, and ten or twelve horses, and raised five or six calves every year. The above farm is about ten miles, from the door, to the limits of the City. The improvements cannot be surpassed for a farmer's purpose. The dwelling-house is stone, 30 by 40, a story and a half over ground; and a cellar nine feet high, the one half used for a kitchen and the other half capable of holding 1,000 bushels of anything you wish to put into it; there is three small windows in it, and when cleaned in the Spring, makes an excellent milk-house or dairy; there is a frame wood shed at the door, 60 by 24, with 14 feet taken off the one end for a coachhouse, and overhead for a storehouse; next to that is a stable 36 by 26, finished inside, complete with four large double stalls and two single ones, and good room for hanging up harness, and eat box; convenient to that is a barn 40 by 50, in which I have often put 1,000 bushels of grain in one year; connected with that is 200 and 20 feet of frame sheds, all 20 and 24 deep, under pinned with stone and lime from two to seven feet, according to level; on the north side of the house is another barn, 30 by 40, commonly filled with peas and oats. And if either tennant or purchaser has a desire for religious purposes you can lie in your bed and look at the bell tolling on the Catholic Church every Holy Day, and go to the front door and you will see the Presbyterian Church, where the Rev. Mr. Lochead has preached for the last twenty-two years, and go to the back door and you will see both English Church and Methodist Church within two miles. The above farm would be a desirable situation for a young man wishing to give his attention to farming, as the Ottawa Market cannot be surpassed in the Dominion. I think that I can say that I have not sold one pound of butter under one shilling this eight years: if one went under two went over. Some reader may ask what am I selling for, it is neither for scant nor for want of anything, but I am in the seventieth year of my age, and has purchased off this lot seven hundred and fifty acres of land and all is paid for, and all my sons is settled on their own farms, so I would rather sit down and take my ease as be attending to marketing and farming any longer. Persons wishing to get any information on any point from me, can do so by addressing, post-paid, JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr., South Gloucester.

JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr.
February 6, 1868. 709-6w12

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the

COMMERCIAL PARTNERSHIP

Heretofore existing between

John Ferguson, junr., & William Ferguson,

Doing business in the

Township of Buckingham,

IN THE

DISTRICT of OTTAWA,

Has been since the FIFTEENTH day MAY last, (1868,) dissolved by mutual consent.

JOHN FERGUSON, JUNR.,
WILLIAM FERGUSON.
Buckingham, 8th June, 1868. 764-2

NEW STORE!

THE Store formerly occupied by W. D. WOOD, No. 38, on RIDEAU STREET, has been refitted by the subscribers, and will be opened on MONDAY, FOURTEENTH OCTOBER, with an entire new stock of

GROCERIES,

LIQUORS AND

HARDWARE.

WOOD & ROSSITER.
Ottawa, October 12, 1867 15

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD

PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &

Prepared by
AUGUSTUS LAVER, ARCHITECT

End Daly-st. Ottawa.
April 1.

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

AN OMNIBUS

Will leave the

RUSSELL HOUSE,

Every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 7 a.m., punctually, to carry passengers

FOR AYLMER

To connect with the Union Forwarding Railway Company's Steamers.

JAMES MULLIGAN.
Ottawa, May 16, 1868. 744tf

TABLES

FOR

Converting One Inch Lumber

AND

QUEBEC STANDARD

—TO—

Board Measure.

For Sale by

J. DURIE & SON,
Booksellers and Stationers,
10, Sparks-st., Ottawa.
June 5, 1868. 760a

Ice, Ice, Ice!

THE subscriber will furnish ICE DAILY to those requiring it for the Season. Double supplies on Saturday for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season, $6.00. Hotels and Steamers supplied with large quantities on liberal terms, as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted.

All orders left at KAVANAGH'S RESTAURANT, or at the subscriber's, will be strictly attended to.

F. STARMER,
126, Rideau-st.
Ottawa, May 14, 1868. 742d

SARSAPARILLIAN,

PAREIRA BRAVA.

Newly Discovered Virtues—Hidden for 300 years—The Discovery of the True Virtues of the Roots—Brought to Light and Made Manifest in

DR. RADWAY'S SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT.

By a new process recently discovered by Dr. Radway, for obtaining the active properties from vegetable substances.

SARSAPARILLIAN.

Pareira Brava.

Associated with other newly discovered Roots, enters into the composition of RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT; secures a remedial agent, that cures all forms of Chronic, Scofulous, Skin, Glandular, Kidney, Bladder and Uterine Diseases, by communicating its curative, reparative and fruitful efficacy, through the BLOOD, SWEAT AND URINE.

The ordinary Sarsaparilla decoctions and Syrups are mere washes, compared with the Sarsaparillian of the Resolvent. It is a well known fact that Sarsaparilla as ordinarily prepared either as officinally or as a proprietary remedy, never possessed the confidence of medical men, and all the reputation it enjoyed was deemed by well informed Chemists, Physicians, and medical writers to be due to other remedial agents associated with it.

The true curative virtues of Sarsaparilla for 300 years have laid hidden in the Crystalline principle of the Root. Under DR. RADWAY'S *New Process*, SARSAPARILLIAN is secured and brought to light, and associated with other ingredients, it fulfils the most extravagant expectations and views of men. One ounce of Dr. Radway's Sarsaparillian contains more of the curative principle than ten pounds of the extracts from the crude roots, as prepared officinally or in the popular advertised Sarsaparillas.

PAREIRA BRAVA.—Another of the ingredients of the Radway's Resolvent, held in high estimation by the most eminent medical men of Europe, South America and United States, as the best remedial agent for the diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, Uterus, and as a *lithontriptic* for *dissolving Calculi*, as a curative for Jaundice, Rheumatism, Leucorrhœa, etc., since 1688 has never been properly prepared. Under Dr. Radway's process, the Cisampaline principle of this valuable Root is secured, and associated with Sarsaparillian and other ingredients in the Resolvent, makes it a perfect cure in every form of disease of the Kidneys, Bladder, and Urinary Organs—Dropsy, Gravel, Incontinence, or Stoppage of Water, Diabetes, or Urinary Diarrhœa, and *every kind of weakening, irritating or purulent discharges, not proper to mention* in an advertisement, is rapidly cured by this remedy.

So quick does the Resolvent enter into the circulation, that it may be detected in the Urine *in ten minutes* after it has been taken. In many cases it has secured a free discharge of water—in cases where Catheters were formerly used.—Is not this a blessing?

BUCHU, Turpentine Junipers, Gin, Copaiba, Cubebs, and other direct Diuretics, are in many cases hurtful. In Diabetes, Urinary Diarrhœas, Catarrh of the Bladder, Dropsy, and in a weakness or ulceration of the Kidneys, are unsafe to use as a continued remedy, and should never be given unless under supervision of a Physician, as the strain these direct remedies may produce on the Kidneys may, in the course of a few hours, require Opiates, to change or modify their action; this fact is self-evident to any medical man, a compensating Remedy like the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT, is the true remedy to use in these cases.—Even as a diuretic.

Pareira Brava,

As prepared by Dr. Radway, and one of the ingredients of the Resolvent, is as superior to all forms of Buchu, etc., as rich cream is to watered milk.

Let all suffering from unnatural drains from the system—caused either by self-abuse, depraved habit of body—bad blood, impure association, weakness of the genital organs, or Skin Diseases, Scrofula, uncured Secondary Disease, Syphiloid Ulcers, Chronic Disease—or from Consumption of the Lungs, as well as degeneration of the Kidneys—Chronic Disease of the Liver, Spleen, etc., commence at once the use of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT. It commences its work of purification at once; it repairs the waste of the body, with new and healthy material. It restores functional harmony to every organ in the system, and secures the natural secretions of the proper constituents to each. Persons have been cured, and have children now living that were deemed incapacitated, by self-abuse, etc., through the use of this remedy. Ask for Dr. Radway's Sarsaparillian or Renovating Resolvent.

PRICE—$1 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $5.

W. M. MASSEY, Agent.

READ FALSE AND TRUE.—Send one letter-stamp to RADWAY & Co., 439 St. Paul-street, Montreal. Information worth thousands will be given you. Price of RESOLVENT SARSAPARILLIAN, $1 per bottle, or $10 per dozen. 762b

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY,

AND

COURT OF SPAIN,
THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,

AND

HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT

MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,

For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*

H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion, for the sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa, May 20. 748y

NEW BOOKS.

Exodus of the Western Nations by Viscount Bury; Chronicles and Characters by Owen Meredith; Brakespeare by the author of "Guy Livingstone"; The Lost Name, a Novel; Farming for Boys; The New Dictionary of Quotations; The Huguenots by Samuel Smiles; Law and Lawyers—Curious Facts and Characteristic Sketches; Art and Artists, do.; Books and Authors, do.; Clergymen and Doctors, do.; Longfellow's Works Complete for 15 cents; The Waverley Novels, per vol., 15 cents; Cooper's Novels, per vol., 15 cents; Essays in Elia by Lamb complete for 15 cents; De Quincey's Confessions of an Opium Eater for 15 cents.

Bibles, Prayer Books, Church Services, just received from the Publishers, in the newest and richest patterns.

For sale by

J. DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st.,
498y Opposite the Russell House

PROFESSIONAL NOTICE.

MR. P. J. BUCKLEY HAS REMOVED HIS LAW OFFICE to the THOMPSON BLOCK, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, adjacent to the offices of Horace Lapierre, Advocate and Counsel. Office Hours—From 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.

Ottawa, June 9, 1868. 763a

NOTICE.

MESSRS. ANGUS & SON, in retiring from the Undertaking Business, would beg to inform their friends and the public that they have disposed of their Hearses and stock in trade to Mr. Samuel Rogers, Cabinet Maker, who will in future attend to all orders in the Undertaking line, and they have much pleasure in recommending him to their many patrons and friends.

ANGUS & SON,
Furniture Dealers, No. 22, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, May 11, 1868.

UNDERTAKING.

IN reference to the above, S. Rogers takes this opportunity of thanking his numerous friends and customers for their very liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Cabinet and Upholstering Business, and would respectfully solicit in this new branch of his trade a continuation of their favors.

S. ROGERS,
Cabinet Maker, &c., Rideau and George-streets.
Ottawa, May 11, 1868. 741d

W. NOTMAN,

Photographer to the Queen

CORNER OF

WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS,

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his

Establishment will be Opened

—ON—

Monday Next, 3rd February

When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for all different branches of Photography.

Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 582y

Local Government Notices.

TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS

Will be received, addressed to the undersigned, until NOON of

Monday, the 22nd Instant,

For the Erection of the

Lieutenant-Governor's Residence,

ON

THE GOVERNMENT GROUNDS,

On Simcoe and King-sts., Toronto.

Plans and Specifications may be seen at this office, and at the office of Messrs. Gundry & Langley, Architects, corner of King and Jordan sts., Toronto, on and after MONDAY, the 8th Instant.

The person to whom the contract may be awarded will be required to furnish satisfactory security for the due performance of the work, and to execute a contract approved by the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING,
Commissioner of Public Works.
Parliament Buildings,
Office of Public Works,
Toronto, June 6, 1868. 762a

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, ONTARIO.

To Contractors.

TENDERS

Will be received until noon,

Thursday, 25th inst.,

For the following works required for the completion of the wings to the Provincial Lunatic Asylum:

PLASTERER & GAS FITTER,
TINSMITH,
SLATER

The plans and specifications can be seen at the Department of Public Works, Parliament Buildings, between the hours of ten a.m. and 4 p.m.

Tenders to be addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed on the outside,

"Tenders for the proposed work at the Provincial Lunatic Asylum."

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING,
Commissioner of Public Works, Ontario,
Department of Public Works,
Parliament Buildings,
Toronto, June 9, 1868. 765td

TENDERS

WILL BE RECEIVED

Addressed to the undersigned at the office of this Department until noon of

Tuesday, the 23rd instant,

For the supply of the following articles, all of which must be of the best description, and to be delivered at the Provincial Lunatic Asylum and at the Branch Asylum, Queen's Park, Toronto, in such quantities and at such times as may be required, for six months from 1st July to 30th December, 1868, viz:—

Tea, black and uncolored Japan, per lb,
Coffee, Roasted, "
Rice, "
Sugar, bright, "
Pepper, whole, "
Mustard, "
Starch, "
Indigo, "
Salt, Liverpool and American, per brl.
Shoes, Men's and Women's, per pair.
Cobourgs, Men's, "
Butter, first quality, per lb
Butchers' Meat, first quality, per lb.
Corn Brooms, per doz.
Scrub Brushes, per pair
Stacking, per box
Sal Soda, per lb.
Vinegar, White Wine, per gallon
Oatmeal, per barrel
Pot Barley, "
Split Peas, "
Flour, Inspected Extra, "
Flour, do Superfine, "
Eggs, Fresh, per dozen
Straw, clean oaten in bdls, per ton
Hay, best Timothy, "

CORDWOOD—Sound seasoned Beech and Maple, of equal quantities, but not mixed, and each kind piled separately, and not more than twelve months felled; to measure four feet in length from point to scarp, to be delivered and piled as above, and at the Engine House, Garrison Common, per cord.

COAL—Also for delivering during the months of July and August of 450 gross tons Lehigh Coal, of best quality, egg size, and screened, per ton. 180 tons Brier Hill Coal, of best quality, and mined this season, per ton; both sorts of coal to be subject to the approval of the proper officers of the Asylum. Weight of coal to the Chief Asylum to be determined by scales on the premises, and for the Branch Asylum at the city weigh scales.

Samples of the following articles to accompany tenders, viz., Tea, Coffee, Rice, Sugar, Pepper, Mustard, Starch, Indigo, Corn Brooms, Scrub Brushes, Blacking, Shoes and Boots.

The tender must express the rate in dollars and cents, and contain the actual signatures of two sufficient sureties, who will be required for the due performance of the contract on behalf of each person tendering for the same.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

Further information respecting the contracts may be learned of the Bursar of the Asylum.

JOHN CARLING,
Commissioner of Public Works.
Parliament Buildings,
Office of the Public Works,
Toronto, June 8, 1868. 765td

NOTICE.

ALL payments to be made on account of the Ontario Government may be made to the

ROYAL CANADIAN BANK,

And its Agencies.

Dated at Toronto, 30th October, A.D., 1867.

E. B. WOOD,
Treasurer of Ontario.
October 31, 1867. Tf

RoyalCanadianBank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St

M. P. HAYES, AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 57tf

Railroads.

CHANGE of TIME

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and after FRIDAY, the 15th May, 1868, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA
Mixed, 7. 15 a. m.	10.35 a. m.
Express, 1.35 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 7 a. m.	9.25 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent.
THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.
Ottawa, May 14, 1868. 1y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.
Brockville, April 11. 472y

Grand Trunk Railway Company

OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows;

GOING WEST—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 8.30 A.M.

Night do do at 7.30 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.00 A.M.

Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.

Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.

Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.

Express for Boston and New York, at 3.30 P.M.

Express for Portland (staying over at Island Pond) at 2.00 P.M.

Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Riviere du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticooke only, at 10.10 P.M.

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
December 23, 1867 650tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET.

FOUR GOOD ROOMS over SHEPHERD'S GROCERY STORE, Murray st., between Sussex and Dalhousie-sts. Also, GOOD STABLES for thirteen horses. Rent moderate. Also a quantity of CEDARS for sale. Enquire of M. SHEPHERD, at the Store.

Ottawa, May 20, 1868. 748

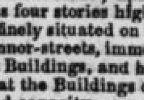
Lots for Sale.

6 BUILDING LOTS, one mile from the city, on the Richmond Road, containing one acre each. Apply to THOMAS ANDERSON, Jr. on the premises. 564tf

FOR SALE, on SANDY HILL, opposite Desbarats', LOT No. 32, Stuart street. Terms moderate. Apply to Mrs. TIERNAN, No. 2, ing street opposite the Gas House.

Ottawa, May 4 1868. 734d

Two Dwellings to Let,

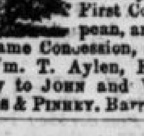


BEING the Upper part of E. MARTINEAU'S Clothing Store, Corner of Sussex and Clarence-streets.

Enquire at the Store.

EUG. MARTINEAU.
Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 64

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.



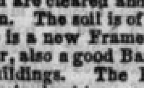
NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Or JOHN HENEY, Esq.,
Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W
Ottawa. March 11. 379tt



FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FARM FOR SALE.

FOR SALE Lot No. 15, 4th Concession, Gloucester, Rideau Front, seven miles from Ottawa, on the macadamized road leading from Ottawa to Metcalfe, consisting of 100 acres, 80 of which are cleared and in the highest state of cultivation. The soil is of the very best quality, and there is a new Frame Building and a good Stone Cellar, also a good Barn, Stable, Sheds and other outbuildings. The English Church and School House is about two acres from the house, the Methodist Church and Catholic Church can be seen from the door. There is a nine mile road running beside the lot. The Railroad Station is about two miles from the house. There will be a chance given in part of the purchase money if required. It is well fenced and watered. For further particulars apply to the subscriber on the premises.

701-1-13wtS13 WM. HALPENNY.

Quebec Bank—Ottawa Branch

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

FROM the 1st day of April next ensuing, INTEREST at the RATE of FIVE per cent per annum, will be allowed on Deposits in this Department.

H. V. NOEL,
Manager.
Ottawa, March 13, 1868. 690-3m

Steamers.

1868. 1868.

THE

Quebec and Gulf Ports

STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

ROYAL Mail Line between Quebec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, every Tuesday.

The first-class Iron Screw Steamship

"GASPE,"

WILLIAM CONNELL, - - Master

Will leave

St. Andrew's Wharf

—ON—

TUESDAY, the 16th of JUNE

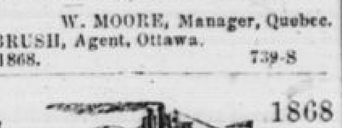
At four o'clock, p.m.,

For Pictou, Nova Scotia, calling at Father Point, Gaspe, Perce, Chatham, Newcastle, Miramichi and Shediac. Returning will leave Pictou on Tuesday, 23rd June, at 5 o'clock, p.m.

The steamers connect at Shediac with E. & N. A. R. R. to St. John, N.B., and steamer for Prince Edward Island, and at Pictou with N. S. Railway to Halifax.

Through tickets to St. John, N. B., $16; Halifax, Nova Scotia, $17.50; Eastport, $17.50; Portland, $19.50 and Boston $20.50. Return Tickets by steamers at reduced rates. For freight or passage apply to

W. MOORE, Manager, Quebec.
CHAS. E. BRUSH, Agent, Ottawa.
June 10, 1868. 739-8

1868  1868

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S

MAIL STEAMER

Queen Victoria,

Captain A. BOWIE,

Leaves the Queen's Wharf with mails and passengers for Montreal, every morning, (Sundays excepted) at half-past 6 o'clock, arriving at 4:45 p.m.

Travellers and tourists will find this a delightful trip.

First-class Fare (meals extra)		$3 50
Second " "		2 00
First " Return "		6 00

Baggage checked through.

Parcel Express daily to and from Montreal and all landings.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs landed at L'Orignal.

For further information apply at Office on the wharf, or on board the steamer.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Excursion Tickets to Grenville and back for one fare.

MARKET STEAMER

"FAIRY,"

Captain R. G. NICHOLS,

Leaves Ottawa for Major's and intermediate landings on Tuesdays and Fridays at 4 o'clock, p.m.

7493 R. W. SHEPHERD.

1868 1868

UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

Upper Ottawa Route.

Consisting of the following first-class Steamers,

ANN SISSON,	Captain Murphy.
ALLIANCE,	" Findlay.
EMERALD,	" Toner.
OREGON,	" Cowley.
CALUMET,	" Blondin.
JASON GOULD,	" Bolton.
PONTIAC,	" Duggan.
PEMBROKE,	" Overman.
SNOW BIRD,	" Beattie.

Until further notice the Steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day (Sundays excepted) for the Upper Ottawa at 8:30 a.m., connecting with the *Alliance* at head of railroad at 12:30, touching at Arnprior, Sandpoint, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf, and Portage-du-Fort. Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after the arrival of the Steamer *Alliance* for Cobden, connecting with Steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.

The Steamer *Pembroke* leaves Pembroke at 7 o'clock, a.m., on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday for Des Joachims, calling at intermediate ports, returning on same day, leaving at 2 p.m., connecting at Pembroke with Steamer *Jason Gould* which leaves daily at 5 a.m., and arriving at Portage-du-Fort at 10 a.m.

The Steamer *Alliance* leaves Portage-du-Fort every morning (Sundays excepted) at 9:30 a.m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere, Bristol, Sandpoint and Arnprior, and arriving at head of railway at 12:45, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4 p.m.

The Steamer *Calumet* leaves Haveleck for Chapeau Village and intermediate ports on Tuesdays at 6 o'clock, a. m., and returning leaves Chapeau Village same days, at 2 o'clock.

A connection is made daily with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at Arnprior at 2 o'clock p. m., in time to connect with the Grand Trunk Railway night trains east and west, and on the downward trip at Sandpoint 1:35 a.m., Arnprior 12:10.

Passengers for Des Joachims leave Ottawa every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

For further particulars apply at the office of the Company in Ottawa City or Aylmer.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.
Ottawa City, April 22, 1868. 7248

Condensed Time Table

Between Brockville and Ottawa, via Brockville and Ottawa Railway and Union Forwarding Railway Company's Steamers:

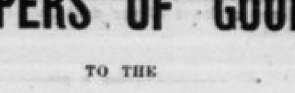
UPWARDS.

Leave Ottawa at	7:00 a.m.
Arrive at Arnprior at	2:00 p.m.
Leave Arnprior at	2:20 p.m.
Arrive at Brockville at	7:45 p.m.

In time to connect with Grand Trunk Railway Night Trains, East and West.

DOWNWARDS.

Leave Brockville at	7:15 a.m.
Arrive at Arnprior at	12:10 p.m.
Leave Arnprior at	12:15 p.m.
Arrive at Ottawa at	5:00 p.m.



NOTICE

—TO—

SHIPPERS OF GOODS

TO THE

Upper Ottawa,

By Steamers of the

Union Forwarding

AND

RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE Union Forwarding and Railway Company having assumed the cartage of goods between

OTTAWA & AYLMER,

I beg to intimate that the same rate will be charged on goods received at either place, the Company having established a through rate on all goods forwarded from Ottawa to places on the Upper Ottawa.

Receipts for goods will be given by the Shipping Clerk, Mr. S. Dyde, Canal Basin Wharf, or at the office of the Company, Wellington-street.

R S CASSELS,
President.
Ottawa, March 23, 1868. 698-3m

NEW GREEN HOUSE.

ERECTED lately by the subscriber at New Edinburgh, who has now on hand and for sale a large variety of choice Verbenas, and other flowering plants. Orders left at G. Bott's, Rideau-street, will be punctually attended to.

ROBERT CURRY.
Marc 1868. 691-3m

1867 AND 1868.

INDIA WAREHOUSE!

16 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform their Customers that their Stock is now complete, and embraces every delicacy of the Season, among which will be found a choice assortment of

TEAS,

Breakfast SOUCHONG, } Black Extra Fine
do CONGOU,
Superior HYSON,
" GUNPOWDER,
" IMPERIAL,
" TWANKAY,
Orange PEKOE, } These Teas have been carefully selected for family trade by
Flowery "
Japan "

BROWNE & HARDY

SUGARS,
LOAF,
BROKEN LOAF,
CRUSHED,
GROUND,
YELLOW,
and MUSCOVADO.

COFFEE,
MOCHA,
JAVA,
JAMAICA, and
CEYLON,

☞ Roasted and Ground daily on the premises.

CHOCOLATE and COCOA,
FRENCH, flavored with Vanilla;
TAYLOR'S,
FRY'S,
MOTT'S

FRUITS, &c.

LAYER RAISINS,
in Whole, Half and Quarter Boxes
MUSCATEL, do do
SULTANA,
VALENTIA,
CURRANTS,
GRAPES,
ORANGES
LEMONS,
PRUNES,
ALMONDS,
WALNUTS,
FILBERTS, and
BRAZIL NUTS.

SPICES,
NUTMEGS,
MACE,
CINNAMON,
CLOVES,
GINGER,
MIXED SPICES,
All Ground on the Premises

D. T. BROWNE & CO.
Ottawa, December 19 488

Skates! Skates

At ISAAC'S,

ALSO,

SLEIGHS, SLEIGHS

ALL PRESENTS BY SANTA CLAUS,

At ISAAC'S

Skates from 20 cents to $6.00

At ISAAC'S,

Sparks-street,

ALSO,

Hardware of all Descriptions

At Lowest Cash Prices,

At ISAAC'S.

☞ Remember the place.

T ISAAC'S

ecembe 17, 1867.

Piano-Forte Tuition!

W. C. CLARK,

PROFESSOR OF MUSIC and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-street, corner later-street, Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store. 452y

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

d6, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints, orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. B. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Nov. 1, 1867 7ydw

Plans, Specifications, &c.,

PREPARED for Buildings of every description, by

SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 60, Sparks-st. Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON Managing Director; ALEX. ROBERTSON Editor.

The Times

VOL. III. NO. 771. OTTAWA, THURSDAY, JUNE 18, 1868. PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valle issuing of the Daily over 2,000 ! and Weekly over 4,000 ! making a total circulation in the week over 18,000 ! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only,	$6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line,	8c
All subsequent insertions, per line,	2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.	
Yearly subscription to the daily (if paid in advance)	$5 00
If not paid in advance	6 00
Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance)	$1 00
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BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. GEORGE TAILLON.
Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1868. 366-tf

R. J. WICKSTEED,

ADVOCATE, &c., 42, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 589-6m

N. TETREAU,

NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 6, 1867. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,

ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

D. O'CONNOR,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street.
OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa
February 7, 1866. 43-u

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public.
Office, over Mr. Luke Conner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c.
Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House
Ottawa, March 30. 87-c

LEES & GEMMELL,

BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

J. P. MACPHERSON,

BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866.

NICHOLAS SPARKS,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c.
Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

G. J. O'DOHERTY,

LAW, Chancery, and Conveyancing Office, Aumond's Buildings, Rideau street.
Ottawa, December 6,1867.

Medical Cards.

A. CODD, M.D., C.M.,

(*Attending Physician General Protestant Hospital*)

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Four doors east of the Revere House, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
OFFICE HOURS—From 8 to 10 a m, and from 2 to 3 p m.
Ottawa, April 30. 730-3m

DR. CHESLEY,

OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 25 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30 44'tf

DR. C. LEGGO,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,

DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,

DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.

(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)

SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 380y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,

DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY,

CORNER of Kent and Wellington Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 43utf

DR. O. C. WOOD,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 1Tw-100-y

Hotels and Saloons.

MATHEWS' OLD STAND,

YORK-STREET,

WILL BE OPEN for the accommodation of the public on THURSDAY, 12th of March, 1868. The subscriber having again resumed business in his old stand as hotel-keeper, wishes to return thanks to his numerous friends and the public for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on him, during the past seventeen years, and hopes by strict attention to business, and kindness to all, to share a portion of public patronage. His Larder will be always supplied with the best the market affords. His Bar will be supplied with the best of Liquors and choicest Cigars.
T. MATHEWS, Proprietor.

N. B.—The house has been thoroughly renovated and newly furnished.
Ottawa, March 11, 1868. 688tf

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,

LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec

REVERE HOUSE, OTTAWA,

G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, ...PROPRIETORS.

THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867 582tf

THE ALBION HOTEL

NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1866. 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN

LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly over hauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

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The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN

Aumond's Block,

Rideau Street Ottawa.

P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

TORONTO HOUSE,

SPARKS STREET.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has a few Commodious Suites of Apartments to Let, handsomely and comfortably furnished.
Gentlemen attending the Session of Parliament will find at the Toronto House most convenient quarters, where the quiet of the private family is combined with the usual attendance to be found at the best hotels.
Ottawa, Feb. 25, 1868. 675tf

DOMINION HOUSE,

WELLINGTON-STREET.

THE undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.
GEORGE IRVINE.
Ottawa, March 26. 658y

SMITH & RODNEY

MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from Eaton's Gilding Store, having just received a choice stock of

English, French and Canadian

CLOTHS and TWEEDS,

And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1,1867. 551tf

A. MORTIMER,

BOOKBINDER

AND

Blank Book Manufacturer,

26, METCALFE-ST., OTTAWA.

HAVING every facility in the way of first-class Machinery, and employing none but first-class workmen, I am prepared to turn out every description of Binding in as good a style of workmanship as any other establishment in Canada.
A. MORTIMER, Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, Feb. 6. 384y

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS, Toronto, May 28, 1868.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT Charles Westley Lount, of Bracebridge, in the Township of Macauley, in the District of Muskoka, Esquire has been appointed Agent for the disposal of public lands in the Townships of Morrison, Muskoka, Draper, Macauley, Stephenson, McLean, Brunnel, Monck and Watt, in the District of Muskoka, in the place of Richard Jose Oliver, Esquire, whose services have been dispensed with.

Applications for lands open as Free Grants in the above mentioned Townships, must also be made to Mr. Lount.

S. RICHARDS, Commissioner.
Toronto, May 29, 1867. 758-tf

TO LET.

A GOOD BUSINESS STAND at the Chaudiere Flats. Apply to
JOHN ASHFIELD.
June 15, 1868. 768a25-1

Druggists.

THE MEDICAL HALL

Soda Water and Ginger Ale Factory,

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OPPOSITE the POST OFFICE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS

Beg to intimate to their patrons that they have commenced the manufacture of Ærated Waters of every description, and on the most extensive scale.

Particular attention will be paid to the preparation of "Belfast Ginger Ale," a beverage first introduced into this country by our Mr. BROWN, who alone possesses the original receipt, and who has also taken out a TRADE MARK for the same.

The proprietors believe their Ærated Waters will be superior to any others at present prepared in Montreal, for the following reasons, viz:—

1st. The employment of the most improved machinery the United States can produce.

2nd. The application of strictly scientific principles to the details.

3rd. Extra care given to the chemical purity of the articles used in the different processes.

4th. The possession of chemical knowledge, without which it is simply impossible to produce Ærated Waters in perfection.

The following Waters and Beverages are the principal ones prepared at the MEDICAL HALL FACTORY: Belfast Ginger Ale, Lemonade, Sarsaparilla, Winter Beverage, Summer Beverage, Soda Water, Seltzer Water, Potash Water, Kissengen Water, Vichy Water.
KENNETH, CAMPBELL & CO.,
Apothecaries to H.R.H. the Prince of Wales.
W. M. MASSEY, Agent for Ottawa. 472y

Spectacles for all Sights.

OPTICAL Instruments Electro-Magnetic and Galanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.
W. HEARN,
Market Drug Store, York-street.
637y

Miscellaneous.

D. CODD & CO.,

PATENT AGENTS, SOLICITORS, &c. Drawings, Specifications, Models, and all other business in connection with the procuring of Letters Patent of Invention, attended to at the shortest notice.
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I. B. TACKABERRY'S

AUCTION ROOMS, No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any part of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS

PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-

H. McLEAN'S

AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

B. BILLINGS, JR.,

ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O & P R W 740tf

S. CHRISTIE,

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OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,

EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 378v

HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,

WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.
WILLIAM HOLGATE, JOHN OLIVER, WILLIAM ANNABLE.
506y

R. H. McGREEVY,

CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

LADIES CALL AT THE CAPITAL

Boot and Shoe Store!

YORK-STREET.

For Cheap Gaiters

AT

ONE DOLLAR A PAIR!

Good at 95 cents.

Men's ware equally low, in every variety of style
This is the place to buy cheap at the "Capital," York-street.
429y GEORGE MURPHY.

VICTORIA

FURNITURE WAREROOMS.

GEORGE ARMSTRONG, Corner Victoria Square and Craig-street, Montreal, solicits a call from the Citizens of Ottawa about to furnish, who may visit Montreal to his very large and varied stock of FURNITURE which he will sell at greatly reduced prices for cash. The Parlor Furniture is of the best quality and latest designs, either plain or handsomely carved, in Walnut, oil finished or polished.

His Sideboards, Bookcases, Chamber Sets, Hall Furniture, &c., are worthy of attention.

Hair Mattresses and Bedding of all description constantly on hand, or made to order, at the shortest notice. Call and examine for yourselves.

"Patent Sofa, with reclining arms, of a very superior make."

N.B.—Sole Agent in the Dominion for the sale of G. A. FISKS' Air-Tight Metallic Casket. 712-3m

Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale.

THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

Fine Bottled Ale!

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

Scotch Irish, Old Rye

And other Malt Whiskies,

Ports, Sherries, Brandies Gin, &c.,

To other with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A Call kindly Solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store
Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank Street, Centre Town,

Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

CRICKETING GOODS,

CROQUET, FISHING TACKLE

FOILS,

Masks & Boxing Gloves

AT THE

Sheffield House, Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 5, 1868.

1868. MAY. 1868.

J. A. PINARD & CO.,

ARE NOW SHEWING

New Dress Goods,

A good value in Striped, all Mohair, for 6d per yard.

New Prints,

A good variety of Patterns at 6d per yard.

New Grey Cottons,

A good Cotton, 40 inches wide, for 7d per yard.

New White Cottons,

A good heavy made Cotton for 6d per yard.

Tailoring Department is replete with all the novelties of the season.

Cash buyers will find it their advantage to visit the above before purchasing else whe

J. A. PINARD & Co.,
No. 17, Sussex-st., *Sign of the Golden Ball.*
Ottawa, May 5, 186 16y

HARDWARE, HARDWARE!

—AT—

Thomas Birkett's,

SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24 No. 24

RIDEAU STREET.

Come old and young, come short and tall,
Come rich and poor, come great and small,
Just call and see my stock in trade,
Hardware and paints of every grade.

A Complete Assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware constantly kept on hand at the SIGN of the ANVIL, T. BIRKETT, consisting in part of

Butts,	Axes,	Iron,	Paints, all colors,	Screws,	Saws,	Tin,	Oils,
Locks,	Ropes,	Stoves,	Glass,	Coolers,	Putty,	Bolts,	Chains,
Nails,	Coal,	Pitch,	Grindstones,	&c.,	&c.,	&c.,	&c.

Also a complete stock of MECHANICS' TOOLS of the most improved English and American manufacture.

Then Come and Examine my Stock,
A duty never shirk it,
And satisfaction will be got
In business with T. BIRKETT.

Don't forget the place—THOS. BIRKETT, Sign of the Anvil, No. 24, Rideau-street.
P. S.—All Goods delivered Free to any par of the city. 408y

WHEELER & WILSON'S

SEWING MACHINE

WERE AWARDED THEIR 67TH

Prize and Gold Medal, Paris,

1867.

Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

Great rapidity, Simple Machinery, quiet in action, easy of operation, price from $47. *Prospectus, and instructions gratis.*

G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa, and 105 King-st., West, Toronto.

Sole Agent for Ontario.

The "HOWE" SEWING MACHINES are the *best* for Carriage Trimmers, Harness Makers, Boot and Shoe makers, are the best Shuttle Machine for Tailors, Dressmakers, Families, etc., etc. Price from $50. Prospectus free and instructions gratis.

479 43y R. W. STEPHEN, 37 Sparks-street, Ottawa.

NEW SILK AND DRESS GOODS:

Grant and Henderson

Have just opened out a new lot of

Black and Fancy Silks, Moire-Antiques,

BROCADES, POPLINS, CHALLIS, LUSTRES, &c.

Elegant Goods at Moderate Prices.

Millinery, Mantles, Jackets, Carpets and House Furnishings in great variety, always on hand.

No. 20, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, May 16, 1868. 67y

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT! 35, SUSSEX St. H. MEADOWS & CO.

WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall Stoves, for wood or coal we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.

Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW OVEN STOVES.

BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.

Suitable for private Dwellings and Churches Warehouses and Stores

PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
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PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.

New and most beautiful designs, very cheap.

COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES.

Hot Air Furnaces.

We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE, RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with Stovepipes, &c., at reduced rates.

Lumbermen's Supplies! Lumbermen's Supplies! Shanty Plates! Basins! Camp Kettles, &c.

HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS!

Bird Cages! Bird Cages! Bird Cages!

Price Lists sent free on application.

Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending purchasers would do well to note.

An inspection of the above goods invited at the

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, October 2 1867. 62-y

THE DELAWARE MURDER.

Atrocious Butchery of Mary Jones—The Victim's Brains beaten out with a Club—Disposition of the Body—Its Discovery—Arrest of the Culprits—Their Guilt Established—Coroner's Inquest—Verdict of Wilful Murder against Father and Daughter.

[From the London Free Press.]

A brief telegram in our issue of Friday last announced the sudden disappearance of a young girl named Mary Jones, daughter of Henry George Jones, a farmer residing on a part of lot No. 19, 1st concession of Delaware, and also the strong suspicion that she had been foully dealt with. The body has since been recovered, and it is now proven almost beyond the shadow of a doubt that the poor girl was most cruelly murdered by the hands of her uncle, Thomas Jones, and his daughter, Elizabeth, a girl aged not quite fourteen years. The swift and certain hand of justice has overtaken the assassins of a young and innocent child; and, should the laws of our country not be very greatly strained, the reward must be only that which is at all commensurate with so hideous a crime.

THE JONES FAMILY.

The persons connected with the tragedy are three brothers named Jones, and their families. Their names are: Thomas, one of the murderers, Henry George, father of the deceased, and James—all residing in the same neighborhood, and not far from each other. They came from Devonshire, Eng., and settled in this township many years ago. Their condition in life is now rather well-to-do. Each has earned a small farm, and accumulated some working stock. Their morality, however, has been, as a general thing, not of the most conspicuous kind. Thomas has long borne a very bad reputation throughout the township, for peccadilloes of one sort or another. He is of an extremely violent temper, a trait of his daughter also, and has the character of being unscrupulous, and even criminal, in his acquisitions. By the old he has been held in detestation, and by the young of the vicinity in terror. His threats against those who gave him any kind of offence were of the most fearful and malignant description. He was the dread of all with whom he had any dealings. With his own relatives he was especially treacherous and overbearing, and has never lived on good terms with any of them. An instance of his violence and treachery towards Henry is told by the latter. Early in May he went with his wife to Thomas's to settle up a small monetary transaction between them, and in a dispute which followed Thomas seized a club, which he kept in the house, and rushed at his brother with the avowed intention of knocking his brains out. Henry's wife interfered, however, prevailed upon him to desist, when he left the house saying he would never cross its threshold again. This was but the culmination of a long series of differences; and we mention the relations existing between the families that the reader might the more fully understand what is to follow.

THE PRIMARY CAUSE OF THE MURDER.

It is undoubted that the immediate object which prompted the crime, was to get rid of one whose sole testimony might, whenever called forth, convict the murderer of a burglary. The unscrupulous greed of Thomas Jones extended not only, as report has it, to his neighbors' barn yards, but his petty thefts are said to have been numerous, but of which often no conclusive evidence could be found. Some weeks ago the murdered girl was alone in the house of her uncle James, and in the evening a man strangely attired entered, and obtaining the keys, searched the apartments, taking from one of them a purse containing $100. He spoke but once or twice, and in a gruff tone, from which, above the false whiskers, bushy mustachios, slouched hat and overcoat with which the robber thought to disguise himself, the terrified girl recognized the dialect of her uncle, Thomas Jones. The money being missed by James, on his return, she at once told him all; and legal proceedings would have been taken against the robber were not the victim afraid of exciting his malice, both against himself and his niece. Another deterring circumstance was the threat made by Thomas: that if the girl told what she knew against him, he would destroy her. His daughter Elizabeth shared the implacable hatred of her father against the deceased, and on Wednesday the third of June, on meeting her cousin on one of the side lines in company with a girl named Georgina Pulford, said, with great bitterness, "Moll, if ever I catch you upon our place, I'll make an end of you. You'll not go home alive; and for half a cent I would kill you here!" She also threatened Miss Pulford, saying, "If I catch you anywhere alone, I'll kill you too." The two girls got out of the young termagent's way as quickly as possible, and hardly dared approach her afterwards.

THE GIRL IS MISSED—THE SEARCH.

The particulars of the dreadful affair are accurately as follows: While the family of Henry Jones were at dinner on Thursday last, the 11th, Mrs. Jones proposed to send Mary, the deceased, to her uncle's house to get a quantity of floor which had been due them for a long time. Her husband objected, saying it would not be safe for his daughter to go near the premises, in view of the threats that had been made. The girl seemed anxious to go, as the flour was required, and she thought that no harm would befal her. She accordingly left at about 2 o'clock, went to Thomas's house, and did not return alive. Her continued absence induced her younger sister to go in search of her, and while on the road leading to Thomas's, one of his sons, two of whom were doing statute labor, said to her, half-jestingly, "Lizzy, you needn't look for Mary any more; for father and her have quarrelled, and he has killed her. You'd better come and take her away." Nothing more was said, and the little girl, doubtful of the truth of what she heard, went toward home. At five o'clock Mrs. Jones herself went to look for her child, met John, the same boy, and asked him what had become of Mary? He replied that he knew nothing about her, and fell upon his face, evidently that he should not betray the falsehood by gesture. Mrs. Jones was then becoming very much alarmed. She supposed that Thomas had concealed the child in his house to entice his brother Henry there to destroy him. After awhile, Henry Jones met his nephew, John, and questioned him about deceased. He said that his mother being out of flour, Mary had gone to Pulford's to get some. On being asked what induced him to say to Lizzy that she had been killed by her father, he said he had been only joking, and went his way singing a song. When night came the alarm spread and the neighbors instituted a search for the missing girl. Her husband being afraid of treachery, declined to accompany Mrs. Jones to Thomas's house, where she wished to go to make inquiries; but she was accompanied there by a neighbor. They stood on the road and called to Agnes, Thomas's wife, to come out to them. In reply to inquiries, she told them that Mary had come there in the afternoon; but remained outside of the fence for about ten minutes. As she had no flour to give her she went away, but she could not tell which direction she had taken. The searchers then called Thomas from the house, but he did not appear until they had called several times. He was moody and reticent but after some pressing told them, he had seen the two girls (his daughter Elizabeth and Mary) go across his field towards a sugar forest which is situated between the two houses. This bush is some forty acres distant from Thomas's. He said they had stopped away an hour, and he had become uneasy and gone to look for them, meeting his own daughter coming back. He pretended to know nothing of Mary. Agnes, on being asked to call her daughter Elizabeth out to answer questions, refused, saying she was too sleepy and tired. Thomas affected to treat the matter very lightly, saying, "Go home, and the girl will turn up all right in the morning," then turning to Mrs. Mary Jones with a scowl, said, "And you Mary ought to be swung up fifteen feet high." The two then retraced their steps, very much disheartened, and feeling sure that Mary had been disposed of by Thomas's family in some way or other. Upon consultation, it was determined to invoke magisterial aid in finding the lost child. At one o'clock a. m., therefore, Henry Jones aroused Mr. W. F. Bullen from bed, and gave information charging his brother Thomas with secreting, or causing to be secreted, the body of Mary. The execution of the warrant upon this instrument resulted in nothing. Notwithstanding, the search was continued without cessation.

THE MURDERERS AT NIGHT.

Meantime conscience, or more likely the fear of detection, was making an arrant coward of the murderer Jones. He threw himself upon the bed, but could not sleep, and lay disturbed by conflicting emotions. At last at 11 o'clock he roused himself, and knocking at his daughter's door, bade her get up. She did so, and while she was dressing, Thomas and his wife went out of doors for five minutes. When they returned, the woman appeared very much excited, and gave vent to her distress a great deal. Jones then met his daughter up stairs, and they conversed in subdued tones. He asked, "Did you hurt her?" The girl intimated that the effect had been fatal. "Then," said her father, "as you have destroyed her, we had better go and hide the body." They then left and were absent about an hour. The movements of the guilty pair were overheard, and well noted by the two boys, William and John, who, having retired early, were thought to be fast asleep. These boys are aged respectively fifteen and seventeen years; neither has any education; and both seem callous to the sudden turn in their domestic lives, and unable to fully realise the importance of their disclosures.

THE SEARCH CONTINUED.

Early on Friday morning the search was recommenced on a more extensive scale. Sympathetic neighbors joined in bands and scoured the country for miles around, but without any tidings of the missing girl. The river was narrowly watched, and dragged with grapplings. Forest and field were traversed over and over again to no effect. The multitude of searchers increased; and no one tired in his diligence, but all seemed actuated by a common impulse of sympathy, and left, as they were persuaded, no stone unturned in their efforts to find the body, as by this time no one doubted that Mary had been made away with.

THE ARREST.

The suspicion against Thomas Jones and his family was, at this period, so strong that they were all taken into custody; the principal, Thomas, being confined in one of the cells under the Town Hall. At first the man declared his innocence in strong terms; but afterwards endeavored to shift the full weight of the crime upon the shoulders of his daughter. He is of medium height, does not look like a very desperate person, and would pass anywhere without being noticed. On looking at the murderess, it is almost impossible to conceive that so mild, a girl in appearance could be guilty of such an enormity. She, with the rest of the family, was confined in the house of one of the constables.

ONEIDAS ON THE TRAIL.

The village of the Oneidas being close by, a large number of these Indians were put on the trail, and, directed by all their hunter's instincts, looked into every corner, and peered through every thicket, but with like success. The inhabitants made up a purse as a reward to the discoverer of the body, hoping thus to stimulate those whose hope and energies seemed to flag; and a movement was set afoot to double or quadruple the sum should it be found necessary. Still the search went on—the white faces and the red being equally active. At about four o'clock on Sunday afternoon, a shout re-echoed among the trees of the sugar forest, and announced

THE DISCOVERY OF THE BODY.

Under a heap of sticks, which had been thrown loosely together, the interstices filled with decayed leaves, lay the murdered girl, presenting a ghastly spectacle, which was at once shocking and affecting to behold. The ground was at this spot of a soft marshy nature, into which the remains seemed to have been crushed by the foot. Those who are aware of the venom actuating the murderers can readily credit the fact of this last outrageous indignity. The discovery was made by Mr. Martin Weyler, at a point nearly half a mile from Thomas's house. Hither, then, the father and daughter had repaired on the night of Thursday to complete their horrid deed. The body was marked in many places. There were bruises of a greater or less extent on every part of it. The appearance of the back suggested the opinion that she had been dragged some distance along the ground. The hair was clotted with blood, and the head appeared as if it had been beaten with a club. On a closer examination, an extensive fracture of the skull was found on the left side, or parietal bone. The frontal and accipital bones were also more or less fractured. To produce this result a number of heavy blows with a stout weapon had been required. There is no doubt that death was immediate. The body was conveyed to a room in the Town Hall, Delaware village, and laid out.

THE EFFECT OF THE DISCOVERY

upon the people was irritating in the extreme. Their disposition was to lynch the perpetrators without delay, and so strong was this feeling that, had not better counsels prevailed, the crowd would have been inclined to break into the prison where he was confined, and release the man for the halter. The excitement was most intense.

CORONER'S INQUEST.

Yesterday morning (Monday) Dr. Aillington, Coroner, held an inquest on the remains. The jury was composed of the following gentlemen:—Messrs. F. S. Rogers, foreman; John Vail, W. Kirk, D. Vanderveer, Chas. Robertson, M. McKay, W. Whittaker, Geo. Peacock, Louis Sanagan, R. Elsie, J. Loughin, Jas. Stewart, D. Whitehead, W. Boulton, and John Payne. The proceedings began in the Town Hall, where a dense crowd had assembled.

A CRASH.

Scarcely had one witness been examined, however, before a crash occurred, followed by a scene of the wildest disorder. A part of the floor had given way, and about fifty of the crowd, including all the jurymen, were thrown into the basement!—a fall of ten feet or more. A large box stove was among the *debris*. The uproar that ensued was of the most confused and excited kind. Those remaining on the safe part, made a simultaneous rush for the door, while hundreds on the outside, hearing the sudden and alarming noise within the building, rushed to the door to find out the cause, and thus a "dead lock" occurred between the outward and the inward bound. The press outward was, however, the strongest, and soon the room was cleared. Those who had fallen were more or less injured. On their coming out many bruised and bleeding limbs were noticeable. Amongst those hurt were Messrs. Rogers, Whittaker, Vanderveer, Sanagan, W. Henderson, W. Crouse, R. Scott, H. McAuley, J. Fortner, S. Wells, Garrett Berry, C. Powell, R. Cade, and W. Young. Many others received inconsiderable cuts and bruises.

The hall being no longer tenable, the inquest adjourned to the Drill Shed, where a number of important witnesses were examined.

DIRECT EVIDENCE OF GUILT.

It may appear not a little singular, that the most important and direct testimony given was by the youngest son of T. Jones, aged about ten years. The little fellow confessed that he saw his sister strike deceased on the head with a club. The evidence was regarded on the whole as so very conclusive, that the jury had no hesitation in returning a verdict of "Wilful Murder" against both Thos. Jones and his daughter Elizabeth. The proceedings were watched by Mr. W. F. Bullen and other magistrates, who had taken an active interest in the matter from the first.

COMMITTAL OF THE PRISONERS.

The prisoners were then duly committed to take their trial at the Fall Assizes.

RECIPROCITY.

The New York *Albion* says:—More than two full years have now elapsed since the Reciprocity Treaty between the United States and British North America ceased to exist. After more than eleven years of mutually advantageous interchange of products, the United States Government deliberately determined upon the abrogation of a treaty under which transactions amounting to more than five hundred millions of dollars had taken place, and that, too, in defiance of the wishes, as well as the interests, of perhaps a majority of the collective American people. For it must be remembered that the Southern tier of States had no voice in the Government when this suicidal act was perpetrated, while entire sections of the Northern States were almost a unit in favour of a continuance of the Treaty.

This foolish act can only be accounted for in one way; namely, in the unwarranted irritation, rashness, and impulsiveness of this sensitive people. Change, too, they *must* have. When we reflect, however, that the great manufacturing British nation admits surplus cereals—ground or unground—of the whole United States, free of duty, and also opens her ports and her entire coasting trade to the ships and people of the United States; and further, that under the Reciprocity Treaty United States vessels had access, on equal terms with British and British American, to the coasts, canals, rivers, and harbors of British America, as well as the sea coast of Great Britain and her vast possessions throughout the world; that still, notwithstanding all this, the vessels of the comparatively feeble colonies immediately north of us, have never yet been allowed to participate, either in the markets, or the coasting trade of these—professedly liberal—United States.

But time will mend all this. We already see signs of returning reason. The general tone of the American press: the two or three "reports" recently presented to Congress, in quick succession, by the Secretary of the United States Treasury; and the still more recent introduction, into the House of Representatives, of a Bill for the better regulation of trade on the Northern frontier; all point in the same direction—namely, to a speedy renewal of liberal trade relations between the two kindred peoples now controlling the destinies of this North American continent. When the British nation freely throws open the markets of her 250,000,000 of people, to the enterprize of American shippers, and the surplus cereals of the American farmers, how can this country long deny a like privilege to the barely 4,000,000 struggling colonists, now scattered along her borders?

If it is necessary to have a duty equal to the present internal revenue tax of the United States, why, so be it; but let us have no one-sided bargain, like the one proposed in the bill of Mr. Beaman, now before the House of Representatives at Washington—the text of which we insert in another column of this day's paper. Why should the great and powerful United States of America ask the youthful, and comparatively feeble, Dominion of Canada, to grant her commercial advantages which she is not to reciprocate? Why ask from Canada the free navigation of her canals and rivers, without proffering like privileges in return? Why ask the new Dominion to allow United States vessels to coast, trade and fish on her entire Atlantic frontier, without reciprocating the favor in kind?

No: all this sharp practice will not effect its purpose; but the moment the United States government and people, are prepared to enter into friendly and free trade relations with the neighboring Provinces on just and equitable terms—no matter how far extended—we promise in behalf of our Provincial friends, a speedy acceptance of such terms; be they by treaty, or by legislation; but the present overture—although in the right direction—will not do. Let us have a competent international commission appointed to look into the subject thoroughly and fully in all its bearings; with a view solely to a more perfect understanding of the whole question—purely on its merits; and then an arrangement may be come to, and that right speedily. But meantime we would say to the authorities at Washington, "first call on your Fenians, and then send a friendly, and intelligent, Trade Commission to the New Dominion, in their stead, and there will be but little difficulty in arranging a mutually acceptable treaty."

COMMERCIAL PROGRESS IN EUROPE.

M. Thiers, who is a staunch protectionist, has been creating a sensation in Paris by an ardent speech against the progress made towards liberality in the commercial policy of France. As is usual with men of his views, he ignored actual facts, and drew upon his imagination for substitutes. In the *Journal des Debats*, M. Dupontis, replying to Thiers, showed there had never been in France a period of so great commercial prosperity as since the treaty of 1860. In 1859 France exported manufactures to the value of $280,000,000; In 1867 their value was $356,000,000. The aggregate of her exports to England alone during the same period had increased from $118,000,000 to $230,000,000, and a more striking fact is that those to all other countries had increased in the same proportion. The amount of her whole trade increased more than 50 per cent. in seven years, having been $1,082,000,000 in 1859, and $1,625,000,000 in 1866.

The progress of Europe towards a system of consolidated States, united in peaceful industry, is shown in the surprising extension of the provisions of the treaty—Belgium, the Zollverein, Italy, Switzerland, Sweden and Norway, Holland, Spain and Austria.

In 1865, Austria refused to unite with Prussia in the Anglo French treaty, and asked the South German States to leave the Zollverein and join with her in a protectionist policy. They declined, and the high tariff of Austria soon broke down. The prevalent cheapness and plenty on all sides taught the public a lesson.

The adoption of a liberal commercial policy by Austria is of immense importance to Europe. Some of her provinces have been so little associated with commerce that to open them to free enterprise is almost as great an event as if they were new discoveries. With a land of inexhaustible fertility and great mineral resources yet to be developed, she has in her own hands the materials for taking an important part in the commerce of the world. Her ready means of land and water communication with the Black Sea, and her natural monopoly of the trade between the Adriatic and all Eastern and Central Germany, now that she has double railroad communication over the Alps, insure her a brilliant future, where the welfare of the people will be secured on a foundation more solid than the continuance of any royal dynasty.

THE ROMAN CATHOLIC PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.—According to the *Journal de Trois Rivieres*, it was decided at the recent Ecclesiastical Council at Quebec that the present Ecclesiastical Province of Quebec should be divided into three parts. Quebec to comprise all Lower Canada; Ontario is to be the second, with Toronto for the seat of the Archbishop, who is likely to be Mgr. Lynch; and Red River is to be the third.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Great Success of the Removal Sale—Magee & Russell.
Boots and Shoes—Angus & Huckell.
Family Mourning—Grant & Henderson.
Notice—J. T. & W. Pennock.
Quebec and Gulf Ports Steamship Company —W. Moore.

The Ottawa Times

THURSDAY, JUNE 18, 1868.

☞ *For Markets see Fourth Page.*

There was a meeting of the Privy Council yesterday afternoon, at which the following Ministers were present, viz.: Sir John A. Macdonald; Sir George E. Cartier; Hon Messrs. Langevin, Macdougall, Campbell, Howland, Mitchell, Kenny and Chapais.

The Hon. Mr. Tilley arrived yesterday afternoon, so that there will be a full meeting of the Council to-day, with the exception of the Hon. Mr. Rose, now on his way to England.

If we are to believe the testimony of the medical profession a crime of a most detestable character is alarmingly on the increase in the Province of Ontario. Elsewhere we publish the report of the committee to which this subject was referred, with the discussion which took place on its reception. But the debate which preceded the striking of the Committee, as reported in the Hamilton *Times*, gave some startling facts relating to the progress, of late years, in this country, of this worse than Chinese system of child-murder. One physician stated that during his first twenty years' practice in Canada, he had only been applied to four times to aid in procuring abortion; during the following ten years he had been invited to act in this abominable business about forty times; and during the past four years the applications had been most numerous, in fact of almost daily occurrence. We hope for the sake of the country that this gentleman's practice lies in an exceptionally corrupt and degraded locality, but it must be confessed that the testimony of the whole profession went to show that everywhere throughout the country the crime is rapidly on the increase.

The newspapers were severely censured for the publication of immoral advertisements tending to corrupt the public mind, and the Clergy, as will be seen by the report of the Committee, have been appealed to, in order that their influence may be specially exercised for the purpose of checking the evil. It is right, of course, that the Doctors should have their say upon this subject, for they of all men ought to be qualified to speak concerning the extent of the mischief that is daily working in the heart of so-called respectable society, and it is right, too, that the press should be censured in so far as it has been the means of aiding in the dissemination of the utterly false and criminal teachings, which lead to the belief that the deed in question can be done without outraging the laws of God and nature. But we are bound to say that the press of Canada is immeasurably guiltless in this respect when compared with the press either of England or the United States; and if in spite of this the evil is growing here, and almost keeping pace with its progress in older and more accomplished communities, the cause of its growth cannot be fairly attributed to the press—at least to the newspaper press of Canada. The immoral pamphlets issued from the press of the large American cities, and heretofore pretty freely circulated in this country, may doubtless have contributed to the general prevalence of this crime of modern society, but any one who will take the trouble to search the question to the bottom will find that the cause lies much deeper than the influence of the press.

The Ministers of religion may or may not respond to the appeal of the Doctors. We hope they will. In so far as our own views go, and with respect to the Times, we shall always be glad to exclude all and sundry of such advertisements as can be held in any way to have a tendency to sap the foundations of the moral safeguards of society. If the so-called "religious press" had as much regard for common morality as the secular-political journals generally have, we think there would be little room left for complaint against the press. In fact we believe the *gravamen* of the guilt of the crime belongs to that ephemeral, undefinable thing called "society." It is "unfashionable" to be burthened with children, so that you cannot entertain your friends; it is "unfashionable" to have a large family—"vulgar," in fact, to have too many children, and the influences which originated such notions are not in the remotest degree traceable to the press, but to causes which operate in circles entirely beyond the influence of journalism—away up in the "upper crusts" of society—in the region of the meretricious and fashionable follies of "high life." We protest, therefore, against the impalement of the press as *particeps criminis* in this foul blot on the escutcheon of our country. The press has little or no part in it; on the contrary, we venture the assertion that the outspoken language of honest journalists has been heretofore—until the Doctors spoke—almost the only voice raised against this hideous crime. If the "religious journals," for love of filthy lucre, have stained their columns by the insertion of vile and crime suggesting announcements, let the fault lie with the communities which nurture them; but we challenge the medical council to a scrutiny of the pages of the respectable "secular" press of Ontario, and defy them to show that journalists are in any measure responsible for the prevalence of the horrible crime, against the continued perpetration of which the Council has so very properly entered an emphatic protest.

It is not our Province to advise the Ministers of religion as to their duty in the premises. We believe that the charges preferred by the Medical Council against society are well founded; and further, that the Doctors have rendered good service to the cause of morality by so energetically taking this unpleasant subject in hand. Those who think with Dr. Dewar that abortion and infanticide are convertible terms can have little difficulty as to what is their line of duty, and those who hold to a different doctrine are not likely to be influenced by anything that we might say to them.

OBITUARY.

Mrs. Alexander Gibbs.—The decease in our midst of one who, in the earlier portion of her life, held so distinguished a place in the realm of vocal art, seems to call for a passing notice. Margaretta Graddon was born in the West of England, in the year 1806. Her father was a partner in the celebrated music house of Clementi, Colbard & Co.,—her mother a lady from the Island of Jersey. The late Duke of Sussex was a constant patron of Mr. Graddon, and his friend through life, and subsequently became sponsor for the infant Margaretta. I may mention here that on the occasion of her first benefit at Drury Lane Theatre, the Duke took care that her share should be *exactly* £1,000 stg. Shewing a remarkable aptitude for music, the young lady, then not more than ten years of age, was placed successively under Sir George Smart, Crivalli, and Tom Cooke. Of the latter, it is said, that when she began to weep at being so "over-exercised," his command was "practice until you spit blood, then you may leave off." Miss Graddon was not more than fifteen when she appeared in Dublin, and afterwards in Liverpool; her fine voice, faultless form, added to her youth and beauty, created a great sensation, and her father was induced to accept an engagement for her at Drury Lane Theatre, where she opened on the 1st October, 1824, as "Susannah" in the *Marriage of Figaro*. Her success was very great, and it culminated when *Der Freischutz* was produced at that house, she being the original "Linda," the great composer Weber making her a present of a valuable diamond ring, so delighted was he with her performance. Miss Graddon was before the public notice in the year 1830, when she married a Mr. Gibbs, the only son of a rich London merchant, and retired into private life, with every luxury which could surround her. Her husband, one of the kindest of men, was, however, it must be confessed, rather "fast;" the old gentleman would not put up with it, withdrew his very handsome allowance—offering, however, to continue it to the wife if she would leave his son. This was spurned, the consequence was, Mrs. Gibbs had to return to her profession for the support of both, and sailed for New Orleans, where she opened the splendid St. Charles Theatre, as "Cinderella," under Caldwell's management. With an intermission of about three years Mrs. Gibbs and her husband sojourned in America ever since, but she was left a widow in Montreal about four years ago—without a relation that she knew of in the world. One of her oldest friends being settled in Ottawa, she determined to remove to this place, and try her fortune by tuition in music, knowing that there was at least one who would take an interest in her welfare; and she was succeeding when thus suddenly cut down, to the grief of all who had the happiness of knowing her. She expired, preserving her consciousness to the last, with the most pious resignation, and in her grave is laid as many virtues as fall to the lot of even the best of human beings, or those thinking themselves such. Poor Gretta!

"To live in hearts we leave behind,
Is not to die."

J. S. L.

COUNTY COUNCIL.

Ottawa, June 16, 1868.

Afternoon Session.

Pursuant to adjournment, the council met at 2 o'clock.

The clerk read a communication from Neil Stewart, offering his services as County Treasurer.

Moved by Mr. Morgan, seconded by Mr. Cowan, that the communication of Neil Stewart, just read, be placed on file.—Carried.

The clerk read a communication and statement from Wm. Smythe, Esq., late Treasurer of Gloucester, claiming per centage on certain moneys passing through his hands, while acting as such Treasurer.

Moved by Mr. Tremblay, seconded by Mr. Morgan, that the account, &c., of Mr. Smythe, be referred to the Finance Committee.—Carried.

Mr. Sykes presented a petition from Hugh Robertson and others, praying for a grant to aid in building bridges on town line between Carleton and Lanark.

Moved by Mr. Sykes, seconded by Mr. McCaffery, that the petition be referred to the Roads and Bridges Committee.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mills, seconded by Mr. Cowan, that by-law No. 138, amending by-law No. 111 of this Corporation, be now introduced, read a second and third time, and passed, suspending all rules to the contrary.—Carried.

By-law introduced, read and passed.

Moved by Mr. Blackburn, seconded by Mr. Smith, that whereas the bridge connecting the City of Ottawa with the Municipality of New Edinburgh, is now in a dangerous state, and in order to ascertain in whose jurisdiction and responsibility the bridge is, the Committee on Roads and Bridges are hereby authorized to take the opinion of the legal adviser of this council on the same: the law on this point having been altered.—Carried.

Mr. Cummings gave notice that he would to-morrow introduce a by-law to grant $1,000 to aid the Township of Gloucester to rebuild the Sandy Hill bridge.

Moved by Mr. Blackburn, seconded by Mr. Cummings, that this Council do now take up the petition of Thomas Mansfield and others, laid over by motion 36 of December Session, last year, as no action has been taken by the Township Municipalities of Osgoode and Gloucester in accordance with Sec. 341 of the Municipal Act.—Carried.

Petition produced.

Moved by Mr. Morgan, seconded by Mr. Cummings, that $200 be granted by this Council to assist in opening up the town line leading from the Village of Manotick in the Township of North Gower, between the Townships of Osgoode and Gloucester.

Moved in amendment by Mr. Blackburn, seconded by Mr. Cowan, that a by-law be introduced appropriating the sum of $200 to be expended in opening up the town line between the Townships of Osgoode and Gloucester, from the Rideau river to the Prescott road or highway, in accordance with the prayer of the petition of Thomas Mansfield and others relating thereto; said amount of $200 to be levied and collected with the County rates of this current year of the said Townships in the proportion of $100 in each, over and above the other rates imposed for county purposes.—Carried.

Mr. Dow called for the yeas and nays.

Yeas.—Messrs. Caldwell, McCaffery, Cowan, Graham, Blackburn, Green, Smith, Hinton, Sykes and Mills—10.

Nays.—Messrs. Cummings, Tremblay, Morgan and Dow—4.

The original motion was then put and lost.

Moved by Mr. Hinton, seconded by Mr. Smith, that this council do now adjourn till 10 o'clock, a m., to-morrow.—Carried.

The council then adjourned.

Wednesday, June 17, 1868.

Pursuant to adjournment the Council met at 10 o'clock, a.m.

Present, the Warden; and Messrs. Cummings, Hinton, Graham, Cowan, Smith, Dow, Mohr, Mills, Tremblay, McCaffery, Caldwell, Dawson, Green, Sykes, Morgan and Fraser.

The minutes of yesterday were read.

The Clerk read a petition from E. J. O'Neill and others praying to be reimbursed certain moneys expended in arresting the Tierneys in Nepean, charged with counterfeiting.

Moved by Mr. Tremblay, that the petition of Detective O'Neill, Sergeant Davis and Constable McVeity, be referred to the Finance Committee.—Carried.

The Clerk read a petition from Robert Hess, a prisoner in the county jail, praying for remuneration for acting as engineer in the jail.

Moved by Mr. Caldwell, seconded by Mr. McCaffrey, that the petition of Robert Hess be referred to the Jail and Building Committee.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Morgan, seconded by Mr. Green, that this Council do now resolve itself into a Committee of the whole for the purpose of equalising the assessment rolls of the several municipalities comprised within this County, Mr. Dow in the chair.—Carried.

The Council then went into Committee Mr. Dow in the chair.

The Committee rose and reported progress, and asked leave to sit again.

On motion the Council then adjourned till 2 o'clock p.m.

Afternoon Session.

Pursuant to adjournment the Council met at 2 o'clock p.m., and again went into Committee of the whole on the assessment, Mr. Dow in the chair.

The Committee rose and presented a report which was read by the Clerk:

That the several municipalities in the County should be assessed at the following rate per acre, viz.:

Nepean	$5.00
Gloucester	3.75
Fitzroy	4 00
North Gower	4 00
Huntly	3.90
Goulbourn	3 50
March	3 30
Osgoode	3.25
Torbolton	2.00
Marlborough	2.00
Richmond	30.00
New Edinburgh	300.00

Moved by Mr. Green, seconded by Mr. Graham, that the report on the equalization of the assessment just read, be received and adopted.—Carried.

The Clerk read a communication from H. J. Friel, Esq., Mayor, concerning the appointment of arbitrators to settle the new arrangement between the city and county for the care and maintenance of prisoners, &c.

Moved by Mr. Morgan, seconded by Mr. Smith, that the communication from H. J. Friel, Esq., Mayor of the City of Ottawa, be laid over until to-morrow.—Carried.

The Clerk read a petition from John Nile praying that he be reimbursed the amount paid by him for rent of house at present occupied by the military guard on the gaol as a guard room.

Moved by Mr. Hinton, seconded by Mr. Green, that the petition of John Nile be referred to the Gaol Committee.—Carried.

The Clerk read a communication from W. F. Powell, Esq., Sheriff of Carleton, in answer to motion No. 8 of this session, respecting the number of extra wardens employed in the jail, the reasons for their employment, and whether by order of Government. The letter stated the number to be five, and the reason of their being employed, that Mr. Powell being responsible for the safe-keeping of the prisoners in custody in the jail, deemed them necessary. As to the question touching Government orders, the Sheriff says: "I cannot acknowledge the right of the Council to enquire as to any or what orders I have received, or may receive, from the Government, and therefore respectfully decline to answer the last question in the resolution."

On motion the Council adjourned at five o'clock.

LOCAL NEWS.

For jams and jellies go to Bate & Co., 52, Spark-st. 762d

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

For a choice selection of pickles, sauces &c., go to Bate & Co, 52 Spark-st. 762d

Bog Oak Jewellery.—Very handsome sets of bog oak jewellery can be had at Young & Radford's, at $1 per set.

Several bargain lots have been brought forward from the wholesale department for the removal sale at Magee & Russell's.

Coles' Dramatic Company.—This company were unable to get their effects here yesterday, nor did Mr. Coles himself arrive. Hence the performances were postponed till this evening. See advertisement.

Meteorological Observations.—(Reported by Wm. Hearn, Market Drug Store, York-st.) Greatest degree of heat registered during the previous night, 70 above zero.

8 a. m., 78 " "
1 p. m., 94 " "
6 p. m., 91 " "

Another Reported Sunstroke.—We were informed yesterday that a man was stricken down by the sun on Daly-st., but on enquiry we could not learn any particulars. It behooves every one to take the greatest care during the prevalence of such excessive heat as we have had this week. Children are liable to suffer even at their own doors, if without the proper covering for their heads.

Hope of Recovery.—James Hall, who was brought into the hospital yesterday, having accidentally shot himself, was doing better yesterday than was expected. Dr. Sweetland, who is the attending physician, expresses hopes that he will be able to save him. There is one thing a little against his comfort, there are no bedsteads, unless made to order, long enough for the patient, for he measures six feet eight inches without his boots.

Supposed Sun Stroke.—Yesterday afternoon, a man whose name is not known, and who had been employed in the morning by Mr. Booth, fell down at the Chaudiere Flats, and shortly after expired. It was believed that his death was caused by sun stroke. All that is at present known of the man is, that some time since he belonged to the 100th regiment, in which he had served for ten years. An inquest was appointed to be held on the body this morning at 7 o'clock.

Police Court.—Marie Larive, a young girl not unknown to the conservators of law and order, was brought up on a charge of being found coming out of Sparks' bush under circumstances which justified her arrest. She received a very bad character from the police, and His Worship sentenced her to three weeks imprisonment at hard labor in default of a fine of $5 and costs.—Xavier Aubichon was fined $2 and costs for being drunk.—The adjourned rubbish-on-the-sidewalk case was disposed of by fineing the defendant $1 and costs.

Another Swimming Horse.—The man who lives on the small island near the Gatineau Point, found a horse on Tuesday night or Wednesday morning swimming towards his island home, and secured it. He is now keeping it at his own expense, and is ready to give it up to the owner. The animal had taken a notion to bathe, but from what point he came to the island, is not known to the finder. Notice has been given of the circumstance to the police, and they are in quest of the owner.

Messrs. Godard and Reiffeinstein purchased that very valuable and elegant property on the corner of Maria and Metcalf streets, from Mr. Hunter, of the firm of Hunter, Rose & Co., H. McLean, auctioneer, for the sum of £1,400 (fourteen hundred pounds), with easy terms of payment. We think this a very favorable investment, as there are two good dwellings, nearly new, well furnished, and in one of the best locations in the city. This is an example that all the employees in the Government service should follow, and economize their salaries and invest in residences, which they can improve at will, and so add to the value of the property, and their own comfort, instead of living in rented houses at exorbitant rents and sometimes with great discomfort.

The great removal sale at Magee & Russell's still attracts crowds. Casual observers might suppose that an ordinary dry goods stock would not stand such a long siege, but when they consider that a well assorted stock, such as the one under observation, must be valued from $80,000 to $100,000, they need not be surprised that the excitement still continues.

Hamall's Serenaders.—This company made their last appearance at the theatre last night. Their engagement here has been a very successful one, and if good performances and honorable dealing have any merit their success has been deserved. The last night's programme was entirely new, and was carried through with great *eclat* by the whole company, and drew forth the repeated plaudits of the audience. Their music, vocal and instrumental, was all that could be desired throughout. The feats of Will Leroux, assisted by Johnny Howard, evinced great training, brilliancy of movement, vast endurance and a high degree of proficiency; whilst that on the perilous ladder by the two brothers constrained the audience to hold their breath in a kind of admiring terror. At a fearful height from the stage, on their slender contrivance known as the double *echelle perilleuse*, the performers threw themselves about in all sorts of perilous postures, which caused the astonished beholders to fear every moment that they must inevitably fall and dash themselves into the arms of death, when in mid air they were caught by hands or feet, just at the moment when the audience thought they were falling to inevitable destruction, and yet all was done with an easy grace and self-reliance that when relief came, by their descent to the stage uninjured, brought forth torrents of applause. The company have shewn their wisdom in connecting themselves with these gymnasts, and we wish them prosperity in their travels, the more so that with one exception they are all Canadians.

FEMALE SCHOOLS.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Sir,—The gentlemen who have been lately visiting the Catholic schools have made no special mention of the female schools in St. George's Ward. Are there any such schools? If there are any why not mention them? The fact is that the Catholic Board gives no female schools to the ward mentioned. Whence comes it that a rumor is so common in town that the Sisters of the congregation have been duly authorised by His Lordship to establish themselves in Upper Town or Lower Town, except in St. George's Ward (or St. Joseph's Parish)? Is this rumor correct? I should think that this ward is as much entitled to good female schools as any other part of the city. The taxpayers think so.

Yours,
St. George.

Ottawa, June 17, 1868.

THE MEDICAL COUNCIL.

[Extract from the Report of the Hamilton Times.]

Dr. Turquand, Chairman of the Committee on abortion, brought up their report as follows:—

Your committee to whom was referred the subject of the destruction of fœtal life respectfully beg leave to submit the following resolutions for the adoption of this council:

1. Resolved—That this council is fully convinced that the crime of provoked abortion has alarmingly increased within the last few years, and that the publication of quack advertisements and the circulation of certain pamphlets in which the vile practice is covertly inculcated and encouraged have been largely instrumental in augmenting this deplorable evil.

2. In view of these facts, this council feels constrained to record in the strongest language possible its solemn condemnation of this unnatural and heinous crime; and calls upon the whole community—but especially the clergy—to assist, by every means in their power, in suppressing these dreadfully demoralizing and truly murderous acts.

Dr. Richardson opposed the adoption of the words, "but especially the clergy," in the latter clause of the report. He thought it was confessing that medical men could do nothing to put a stop to the evil without help from the clergy. The clergy themselves will take up this matter when they feel it their duty, but they will not only because they are appealed to. He thought the reference to them showed weakness.

Dr. Macpherson had read a great deal respecting such matters, and had given them every consideration. He was of the opinion that the clergy ought to be aroused, and have pointed out to them the fact that there remained a duty for them to perform.

Mr. Berryman said it was difficult for a clergyman to preach against a crime both secret and indelicate. It was calling on them to do a duty they cannot fulfill. It was proper that the community should be called upon, should be startled with this crime. It was the duty of the clergy to preach against all immorality and crime. He regretted that he was obliged to acknowledge that members of their profession would aid in the perpetration of this evil. It was one that the clergy could not preach on from the pulpit nor speak of in the family.

Dr. Dewar would join issue with the last speaker. All sin is indelicate, and there was really no difference between the murder of the fœtus and the murder of the full matured child. No doctor can influence a woman who would be guilty of it, but it was more than probable they might be influenced by their clergy.

Dr. Turquand, as Chairman of the Committee, would say that they had only followed the instructions set out in the resolution referring to this matter. He was in favor of the report as it stood. The clergy were not expected to go and preach, *at all times*, from the pulpit or yet in the family circle on this or any other sin. There was a time for all things and when clergymen were appealed to, and knew that such things existed, it was for each one to choose the proper time. He related two cases of secret and indelicate crime that had come under his treatment. Our public schools were a nursery of these. In one case he got the clergyman to interfere, who spoke to the mother on the subject, and the mother then to her daughter, and he was glad to say with the happiest effect.

Dr. Clarke asked if they were to be told that, after all the money and influence that were placed in the hands of the clergy, there was a false delicacy among them, so that they would not assist to put down this immensely growing evil. It was their *duty*, and they should be told so, and make them responsible for the neglect of that duty. Have they really too much delicacy to speak about these crimes against God and man? and will they enter a drawing-room and take up a newspaper containing those infamous advertisements before alluded to, and not call the attention of the parents to the fact that such advertisements are calculated to increase these crimes by affecting the female mind, and boldly offering them a means of escape from the consequences of their immorality, and hiding their shame. For a doctor to speack in the family on this matter was useless, as they would be told they were interested in the dollars and cents, as he had before alluded to.

Dr. Richardson would like to hear further from Dr. Workman on this matter.

Dr. Workman thought they could not get the co-operation of the clergy, for, in fact, they knew nothing about the practice or extent of these secret vices of and crimes; they were far too innocent of what was going on around them. There was nothing he was so suspicious about as a young man coming to the institution over which he presided with a high character from his minister. He knew in a moment that he had one guilty of secret vice, when he as recommended as mild, quiet, respectful, shy of female society, a regular attender on Sabbath School and Bible class, &c., &c. The clergy, as a general thing, are quite innocent judges of human nature, and, it was to be feared, could not be aroused to take hold of this matter. He thought the press was much to blame, when, for a few paltry dollars, they would consent to sow broadcast the seeds of these crimes.

Dr. Aikens thought the clergy could do much, more particularly with with press. They did not hesitate to denounce the reading of novels; but he could point out to them religious papers, so-called, that were not too particular as to what advertisements they admitted into their columns, for the sake of the dollar.

The motion for the adoption of the Report was then put and carried.

Latest by Telegraph.

FROM TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

Toronto, June 17, 1868.

The races came off here to-day. About 4,000 persons were present, and they afforded good sport. A large amount of money changed hands. The following were the winners names: Dominion plate, A. Smith's *Luxemburg*; United Service Stakes, D. Morton's *Twilight*; Queen's plate, Jas. White's *Nellie*: the 5th Queen's plate won by this mare; 13th Hussars Charger Race, Capt. Starke's *Hilgram*; Hurdle Race, Mr. Moore's *Charger*.

The *Globe* says if ever a man betrayed his party for a bribe, it was Mr. W. P. Howland, and the fact may be only the prelude to still greater treachery.

The gunboat *Heron* has returned to port under orders.

FROM HALIFAX.

Meeting of the Grand Orange Lodge of British North America—Little interest taken in the Proceedings.

Special to THE TIMES.

Halifax, N. S., June 17, 1868.

The Canadian delegates, and a few from the Maritime Provinces, attended the annual meeting of the Grand Orange Lodge of British North America in this city yesterday. The Hon. John Hillyard Cameron delivers an address to the organization this evening. Very little attention is paid by the citizens of Halifax either to the delegates or their proceedings. The Canadian delegates will leave for home on Friday, going by way of St. John N. B.

CABLE NEWS

(*Via* Montreal Line.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Liverpool, June 17.—The steamer *Siberia* for New York which put back disabled a few days ago, sailed again, and has been obliged to put back again.

Paris, June 17.—The corps Legislatif yesterday gave their assent to the proposed Suez line.

Madrid, June 17.—The following changes have taken place in the Spanish Cabinet:—The Marquis DeRoucili has been made Foreign Minister; Coronado, Minister of Justice, and Ruhi, Minister for the Colonies.

Brussels, June 17.—Admiral Farragut invited the King to review the squadron under his command. The King has accepted the invitation, and the review will take place at an early day in the harbor of Ostend.

Paris, June 17.—In the ministerial report on the budget, reference is made to the general arming represented to be going on in Europe, and the report declares that both the people and Government of France desire peace, and there is now no evidence that the existing state of tranquility throughout Europe will be disturbed.

Berlin, June 17.—In the North German Parliament to-day, the budget was adopted. A report is in circulation that certain important papers have been discovered in Silesia, which reveal the existence of a plot involving the lesser European powers with France against Prussia.

King William has gone to visit Hanover for the first time since the late war with Austria.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Via Montreal Line.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

The Trial of John H. Surratt.

Washington, June 16.—The trial of John H. Surratt, which was yesterday postponed until Monday next, is not likely to take place then, as those who represent the Government say that further time will have to be granted them to prepare. If a request is made for further postponement the prisoner will be admitted to bail.

Fenian Convention in Portland.

Portland, Me., June 17.—The State Fenian Convention met here to-day. Addresses were made by Gen. O'Neill and others, wherein a war movement was explained. Men and money were pledged and several officers, graduates of West Point, offered their services.

The American Sangerbund.

Chicago, June 16.—Preparations for the Sixteenth Annual Sangerfest of the North American Sangerbund, are about completed. The decorations are on a magnificent scale. The foreign delegations are expected here to-morrow.

Congressional.

New York, June 17.—The *Tribune's* special says: No definite action has yet been reached by the Senate Committee on Foreign Affairs, on the Bill for the better protection of United States citizens living abroad.

Gen. Grant has not yet taken any measures to check the Fenians.

The *Tribune's* special says the report that Gen. Grant had sent out an inspector to look after the Fenian movement on the frontier is untrue.

Base Ball—the Brooklyn Atlantics Beaten

Buffalo, June 17.—In the match game of base ball yesterday, the Niagaras of Buffalo beat the Atlantics of Brooklyn, nineteen to fifteen.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

A Counterfeiter Sentenced to 12 years' Imprisonment.

Cincinnati, June 17.—The notorious counterfeiter of 100 dollars and 500 dollars greenbacks, Charles Ulrich, who has given the government much trouble, has pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to 12 years' imprisonment. His conviction breaks up a dangerous gang.

Arrived.

New York, June 17.—The steamer *Australasian* from Liverpool has arrived.

Shipment of Specie.

The steamer *Cuba* to-day took out $576,400 in specie.

The Pacific Railroad.

Washington, June 17.—In the Senate to-day the chair presented a communication from Gen. Sheridan, urging that the Central Pacific Railroad be compelled to extend their line from Atchison to Fort Leavenworth.—Referred to the Committee on Pacific Railroad.

New York Money Market.

New York, June 17.—The *Post's* financial article says there are no new features in the money market. Latest move to-day—Money ruled quiet and easy with a large supply at 2½.

A New Coalition Against Radicalism.

New York, June 17.—The *Commercial's* Washington special says there is a coalition against Radicalism, forming by the Conservative Republicans and Democrats, with Chase at its head. The Democratic leaders still hold aloof from the movement.

Congress.

It is thought Congress cannot adjourn till the latter part of July.

A 100 Miles Race.

New York, June 17.—The match of 100 miles, for a purse of $1,000 and the championship of New England, between a young man named McEtterick and T.A. Scott, commenced yesterday afternoon, at Winter Park, in Medford, which resulted to-day by McEtterick winning the match in 21 hours, 6 minutes, and 49 seconds.

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

—Thackeray being told that an acquaintance of his, who was notorious for his love of beer, had sailed for India, remarked "he was a good fellow; take him for 'half-and-half,' we shall never look upon his like again." Had the friend been fond of Italian Bitters he could have been praised for "all-in-all."

FAMILY MOURNING.

Every article connected with LADIES' and CHILDREN'S MOURNING, supplied by

GRANT & HENDERSON,

BLACK SILKS,	BLACK CRAPES,
BLACK PARAMATTAS,	BLACK REPPS,
BLACK COBURGS,	BLACK LLAMAS,
BLACK GRENADINES,	BLACK LUSTRES,
MOURNING MANTLES,	AND MILLINERY.

Grant and Henderson.

20 Rideau-street.
Ottawa, June 18. 522y

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Sir,—My attention was attracted to a paragraph inserted in an evening paper of this city, said paragraph bearing the heading of "Pass them Round," and calculated to injure the reputation of the company of which I have the management. The proprietor of this sheet states that I refused to pay his bill when presented, which is so far correct, but he forgets to state the reason why such payment was refused. The plain facts of the case are these: the agent of the company, who is now ahead advertising it West, on concluding a contract with the newspaper in which he wishes to advertise *always* gives a printed contract, a book of which he is furnished, and fills up with the amount to be collected, in order that there may be no trouble in collecting. The proprietor of the aforesaid sheet acknowledged that he had no order for the advertisement, and that he copied it out of a morning paper. We have always paid our honest debts, and mean to do so still, but will not submit to imposition in whatever form it is attempted to be made. The term "men of straw" may with more truth and greater force be applied to the proprietor of a sheet who attempts to collect money on a "debt" which was never contracted.

John Hamall,
Business Manager,
Hamall's Serenaders.

Ottawa, June 17, 1868.

—"Spiced mutton" is now being imported in large quantities into England from Australia.

—A photographer of Berlin, wishing to add to his stock a likeness of Julia Ebergenyi, the poisoner, requested a friend in Vienna to procure one for him. His friend, unable to get what he wanted, sent him instead the *carte de visite* of the beautiful Princess Furstenburg, which the photographer copied and sold in thousands as the likeness of the criminal. Most of the illustrated journals of Europe have accepted Princess Furstenburg's likeness as that of Julia Ebergenyi, and the Princess has brought an action against the Prussian photographer for the discredit which he has thus innocently been the means of bringing upon her features.

For soups and potted meats go to Bate & Co., 52 Spark-st. 762d

Carpets and House Furnishings.—Garland Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality. They have just received a large stock and invite the attention of parties furnishing to it. Purchasers will find their stock in this department second to none in Ottawa. 582-y

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

Fine coral jewellery, bog oak jewellery and a large collection of other goods suitable for wedding and other presents can be seen at Young & Radford's; all new and choice goods and will be sold cheap.

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

Messrs. Young & Radford having secured the services of first-class working jewellers in etruscan, filagree, plain, fancy and solid gold work, and having made large additions to their work shop are now better prepared to execute any orders with which they may be entrusted than heretofore. Masonic jewels gold and silver medals, and every kind of gold and silver work done on the shortest possible notice. Remember the place, 30 Sparks-st., and encourage home manufacture

Not Quite So.—"It is among the most savage and debased tribes only that the condition and comfort of the horse have been neglected;" but we believe there are many in civilized countries who are guilty of the same neglect, and without the excuse of the former; here all may avail themselves of the use of an article which has done more than anything else heretofore known to improve the condition and relieve the suffering of the horse. Those who will not use it will be the losers, their horses the sufferers, to avoid both use "Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and Condition Medicine," and you will be satisfied with the result. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.*, is on each package. *Northrup & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Those who are desirous of RECRUITING THE HEALTH of themselves and their families *will* do well to pass a few weeks at the CANADA HOUSE, CALEDONIA SPRINGS. 770-3

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

RENEWS THE HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR WHEN GRAY.

Renews the nutritive matter which nourishes the hair.

RENEWS THE GROWTH OF THE HAIR WHEN BALD.

Renews the brash, wiry hair to silken softness.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR DRESSING.

One bottle shows its effects.

R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H., Proprietors.

For sale by all druggists. 762dwd

Who is Mrs. Winslow?

As this question is frequently asked, we will simply say that she is a lady who, for upwards of thirty years, has untiringly devoted her time and talents as a Female Physician and nurse, principally among children. She has especially studied the constitution and wants of this numerous class, and, as a result of this effort and practical knowledge, obtained in a lifetime spent as nurse and physician, she has compounded a Soothing Syrup for children teething. It operates like magic—giving rest and health, and is, moreover, sure to regulate the bowels. In consequence of this article, Mrs. Winslow is becoming world-renowned as a benefactor of her race; children certainly do rise up and bless her; especially is this the case in this city. Vast quantities of the Soothing Syrup are daily sold and used here. We think Mrs. Winslow has immortalized her name by this invaluable article, and we sincerely believe thousands of children have been saved from an early grave by its timely use, and that millions yet unborn will share its benefits, and unite in calling her blessed. No mother has discharged her duty to her suffering little one, in our opinion, until she has given it the benefit of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. Try it, mothers—try it now.—*Ladies' Visitor*, New York City.

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents a bottle.

Be sure and call for

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,"

Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations. 762-24-2m

Bronchitis, Coughs, Asthma,

And all disorders of the Throat and Lungs, are relieved by using "Brown's Bronchial Troches."

"I have been afflicted with Bronchitis during the past winter, and found no relief until I found your Bronchial Troches."

C. H. Gardiner,
Principal of Rutger's Female Institute, New York.

"Almost instant relief in the distressing labor of breathing peculiar to Asthma."

Rev. A. C. Eggleston, New York.

"It gives me great pleasure to certify to the efficacy of your Bronchial Troches, in an affliction of the throat and voice, induced by public singing. They have suited my case exactly, relieving my throat and clearing the voice so that I could sing with ease.

T. Ducharme,
Chorister French Parish Church, Montreal.'

'When somewhat hoarse from cold or over-exertion in public speaking, I have uniformly found Brown's Troches afford relief.

Henry Wilkes, D. D.,
Pastor of Zion Church, Montreal."

Sold by all dealers in medicines at 25 cents a box.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding he symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. Symptoms of Worms.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual waist ing away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞Each box contains the fac-simile signature of Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., who are he sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* ☞ and take no other. ☜ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 578y

To Consumptives.—The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, free, by return mail, will please address, REV. EDWARD WILSON, Williamsburg, Kings Co., New York.

DIED.

On the 17th instant, Oliver, infant son of Mr. G. Mann.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Notice.

Two cheques given by the undersigned for $100 each, dated in the months of July and December, 1867, upon the Royal Canadian Bank, Ottawa, and marked good by the Bank, but not returned for payment, must be presented to us to be cashed, as payment of them has been stopped at the Bank.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK.

Ottawa, June 18, 1868. 771-1awd

IF YOU

WANT ANY

BOOTS OR SHOES,

CALL AT

Angus & Huckell's

—GREAT—

Boot & Shoe

EMPORIUM,

15,

SUSSEX - STREET,

Whyte's Brick Block.

Ottawa, June 18. 666y

GREAT SUCCESS

OF THE

Removal Sale.

All the goods from the Wholesale Department brought forward, and re-marked at clearing prices.

Several choice bargain lots, Will be offered TO-DAY.

One lot of 20 piece marl poplinettes, This season's importation, worth 40 cents, will be sold for 25 cents.

Another lot, similar styles, Will be marked 16 cents. These are all well worth 30 cents.

500 yards striped Earlston ginghams, That cost the importer 22 cents, will be laid on the counter at 12½ cents.

Another choice lot of Double Width Challie and Alpacca Dress Goods, At 11 cents and 12½ cents, well worth double the money.

One case of printed muslins, Fast colours and choice patterns, at 10, 11, 12½, 16 and 17 cents per yard, are value for 50 per cent more, only they arrived too late in the season.

A job lot of white brilliants, piques and marseilles, At very low prices.

50 pieces white ground prints and printed brilliants, From 15 to 21 cents per yard.

Another bale white shirtings, At the reduced rates, will be brought forward to-day.

80 dozen more of those clear cambric handkerchiefs, At the same prices as gave such satisfaction the last two weeks.

10 pieces white ground french delaines, With coloured spots for Children's Dresses, at 25 cents per yard, usual price, 40 cents.

Several hundred dozen of white and coloured cotton hose Brought out from the Wholesale Department, to-day, and marked very cheap.

Notwithstanding The great rush we have had the stock is still well assorted, and many goods have been still further reduced in prices.

Magee & Russell.

Ottawa, June 17, 1868. 767y

To-Night.

SKATING RINK MUSIC HALL.

G. W. Lester, - - - Manager.

FIRST NIGHT OF THE SEASON,

Thursday Evening, 18th Inst.

Return of the famous young English Comedian,

EDMUND COLES,

After a brilliant run of success for nearly three months at the Montreal and Quebec Theatres, supported by a company of ladies and gentlemen of rare dramatic excellence, prominent among whom will be found the brilliant lyric artiste,

Miss Fanny Stocqueller,

Her first appearance in Ottawa,

Miss Edwina Grey, Miss Frankie McClellan, Miss Lena Warner, Miss Jenny Howard, Miss Mary Robertson, Miss Nora Smith, Mr. Walter Benn, Mr. T. A. Beckett, Mr. F. C. Wells, Mr. M. Slevin, Mr. A. Childs, Mr. H. Moreland, Mr. C. Chadwick.

Wednesday Evening will be produced—first time in Ottawa—Buckstone's Sterling Comedy, in three acts, called

MARRIED LIFE:

Mr. Henry Dove, Edmund Coles,
Mrs. Younghusband, Miss Fanny Stocqueller,

BALLET DIVERTISEMENT,

Lena Warner.

To conclude with the Operatic Bagatelle, in one act of

JENNY LIND,

OR

The Swedish Nightingale!

Jenny Lind (introducing J'Aime les Militaires,) from the new French Opera La Grand Duchesse. Also, a scene from the Italian Opera, "Robert le Diable," and all the incidental music.

MISS FANNY STOCQUELLER,

Grachy Gag, with the Song of "TEN LITLE INJUN BOYS," Mr. EDMUND COLES.

Doors open at 7:30, and performance to commence at 8 o'clock precisely.

Prices of admission—Parquette 50 cents; Gallery 25 cents.

Tickets for reserved seats may be procured at the Music Store of Messrs. Orme & Son, and at the "Citizen" Stationery Establishment.

A. B. COLES,
Business Agent.

Ottawa, June 16, 1868. 769d

WANTED.

By the CORPORATION of the CITY of OTTAWA, THREE ACRES OF LAND, within half a mile or one mile of the city limits. Apply to the undersigned.

(By order.)
W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

Ottawa, June 17, 1868. 25-1

AUCTION SALE OF

REAL ESTATE

H. McLEAN,

(Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent),

Has been directed by

J. B. LEWIS, ESQ.,

To offer for Sale

BY PUBLIC AUCTION,

At his Rooms, 18 Sparks-st.,

On Monday, the 22nd Inst.,

At TEN o'clock, A. M.,

LOTS NOS. 26, 27 AND 28,

On the North side of Rideau-st., each 66 x 200 feet, subject to an Ordnance Rent of $4.40 per annum. These Lots are situated on the brow of the hill, one of the prettiest localities in the city. Also Lots Nos. 1 and 2, on the East side of Chapel-st. and Lots Nos. 12 and 13, on the South side of Cathcart-st., each 66 x 200 feet.

TERMS—One-fourth Cash, and the balance in three equal annual instalments, with interest at 7 per cent. per annum.

☞ Sale positive.

Intending purchasers will please examine these Lots.

Ottawa, June 17, 1868. 770td

COW LOST.

Strayed from Hull a LIGHT RED COW, with a white stripe on her back, and a white tail,—3 years old. Any information as to her whereabouts will be thankfully received at the Tollgate, Suspension Bridge.

PETER NOE.

Hull, June 17, 1868. 770-3

ST. LOUIS HOTEL,
ST. LOUIS-STREET,
AND
RUSSELL'S HOTEL,
PALACE-ST.,
QUEBEC.

The above first-class Hotels are now open for the season.

Canadian Families

Visiting the Lower St. Lawrence for summer recreation, can either going or coming, be accommodated by the week or month, at rates similar to those charged at the watering places below. Apply by letter, or at the office.

770d WILLIS RUSSELL.

FOURTH GRAND

ANNUAL PIC-NIC

OF THE

Sapper's Fire Company, No. 1.

UNDER the patronage of the St. Jean Baptiste Society, to be held on WEDNESDAY, the 24th instant, at the BELLEVUE GARDENS, Hull.

Races and other usual athletic sports will take place. Prizes will be awarded in the different games.

Races, 100 yards, 1st prize, $3; 2nd prize, $1. 200 yards, 1st prize, $3; 2nd prize, $1. 300 yards (hurdles), 1st prize, $3; 2nd prize, $1. 100 yards, (for boys), 1st prize, $1; 2nd prize, $1. Three Standing Jumps, 1st prize, $3; 2nd prize, $1. Running High Leap, 1st prize, $3; 2nd prize, $1. Half-mile Race, 1st prize, $4; 2nd prize, $1.50. No less than four entries to run for each race.

Marrier's fine Brass and Quadrille Bands are engaged for the occasion.

Tickets, 25 cents. To be had from the Committee and at the door.

Refreshments can be had at reasonable rates on the ground.

By Managing Committee—Lieut. J. B. Doucet, Jas. Smith, Toussant Groulx and Israel Moreau.

X. GROULX, Secretary. D. ROY, Captain.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Ottawa, June 16. 769d

Pickles, Sauces, &c.,

JUST RECEIVED DIRECT FROM

CROSSE & BLACKWELL, London,

Ex ship "Ardmillan," the following:

125 DOZ. MIXED PICKLES,
35 DOZ. Gerkins,
35 DOZ. Onions,
35 DOZ. Chow Chow,
30 DOZ. Piccolill,
25 DOZ. Walnuts,
20 DOZ. Cauliflower,
15 DOZ. Imperial Hot,
15 DOZ. West India,
15 DOZ. Capt. White's Oriental

Reading Sauce,
King of Oude Sauce,
Harvey do.
John Bull do.
Kalos Ocusia do.
Soyer's do.
Worcestershire do.
India Soy.
Essence of Anchovies,
Essence of Shrimps,
Mushroom Ketchup,
Walnut Ketchup,
French Capers,
Chili Vinegar,
Tarragon Vinegar,
Raspberry Vinegar,
Olives,
Bottled Fruits, an assortment,
Raspberry Jam,
Strawberry do.
Damson do.
Gooseberry do.
Red Currant do.
Black do. do.
Red do. Jelly.
Black do. do.
Crystallized Fruits,
Fruits in Noyeau,
Preserved Ginger in Jars and 1 lb. Pots,
Currie Powder,
Anchovy Paste,
Potted Ham, Beef and Tongue,
Potted Yarmouth Bloaters,
Strasbourg Potted Meats,
Soup and Bouille,
Mock Turtle Soup,
Mulligatawny Soup,
Hare Soup,
Jugged Hare,
Pheasants in Gravy,
Grouse in Gravy,
Partridge in Gravy,
Paté de Foie Gras,
Paté D'Alouettes,
Paté de Cailles.

ALSO,

A large lot of Keen's Celebrated Mustard in half lb. and 1 lb. tins.

BATE & Co.,
52, SPARKS-ST.

June 8, 1868. 762d

ARNOLDI'S

WINE AND SPIRIT VAULTS,

11 Metcalfe-st., Telegraph Co's Building,
OTTAWA,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL, FOR CASH ONLY

Dekuyper's Red Cases, Gin, 15 bottles	$9 00
" Green, " " per doz	4 80
Booth's London Gin	7 20
Betsard's and Thompson's Gin "	6 00
Green Seal Champagne "	12 00

AND UPWARDS.

PORT WINES—Graham's, Sandeman's, &c.

		Per Gall.	Per Doz
No. 1	Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2	" "	3 00	8 75
" 3	Old	3 50	10 00
" 4	Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5	Very fine old	5 75	15 50

SHERRIES—Lomecq's, Pemartin's, &c.:

No. 1	Superior Light table Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2	Extra do.	3 00	8 75
" 3	Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4	Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5	Very fine	5 50	15 00

Single sample bottles at above rates.

Also, of Standard Brands, in wood or bottle, old and new, Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch and Canadian Whiskies.

Canadian Ale, in wood or bottle.

Guinness' Porter, pints and quarts. Hibbert's Porter, pints and quarts. Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, pints and quarts.

Clarets, Hocks, Sauternes, Curacao, Maraschino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., &c.

Purityi n all cases guaranteed, and goods marked at the lowest quotations.

Orders by mail with cash, promptly attended to Goods delivered to any part of the city free o charge. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.

NOTICE.

The subscriber would intimate to those of his customers with whom current accounts may have been opened that it is his intention to take advantage of any irregularity in their payment to close them in order that he may conduct his business totally on the *cash principle*, which has been found to work much more satisfactorily for both the buyer and seller in every branch of trade in which it has been tried, and relying on quality of his goods and the prices charged for them (which will always be as low as they can honestly be sold for) he solicits a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

K. ARNOLDI,

Dealer in the better qualities of Wines, Spirits, &c., Metcalfe-street, Telegraph Co's Building, Ottawa.

Price lists on application or sent to any address.

April 21, 1868. 535y

MOWING & REAPING MACHINES.

We have for sale, and are manufacturing, the lightest and most durable MOWING & COMBINED MOWING & REAPING MACHINE in use (no wood work), wrought iron frame, with wrought iron steel-plated guards. Price of Mower, $60; Combined, $85.

—ALSO,—

8 Horse-power Threshing Machines
20 Sets Threshers and Separators
19 Sets Double-Pinion Powers to match
10 Sets Treble Geared Iron Powers, known as the Welch Power.

Purchasers can have their choice of the Powers.

These Machines are made in the most substantial manner and warranted. Price, complete, including Belts, Wrenches, &c., $250.

ALSO,

Two Horse Railroad Powers; 50 Sets of our new Double-Pinion Railroad Power Threshing Machines, complete. For ease upon the team, amount of work, and manner in which it is done, they have no equal.

ALSO,

Fifty Sets of our Common two-horse Machines, with improvements, which are so well known as to need no comment. Every Machine is warranted as recommended. All of which will be sold at very low prices on reasonable terms. Large discount for cash down.

E. & B. P. PAIGE,
Nos. 84, 86, 88 and 90 Wellington-street,
June 17. 770-1-23-8 Montreal.

Auction Sales

BY J. BERMINGHAM.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET.

A large and well FURNISHED HOUSE, or four Bedrooms, Sitting Room and Drawing Room of same, in a healthy and respectable locality, within three minutes walk of the Government Buildings. For particulars apply to J. BERMINGHAM, House and Land Agent, Dominion Auction Mart, Sussex-st.

Ottawa, June 4, 1868. 759tf

FOR SALE!

THAT Splendid First-Class

HOTEL,

IN THE

CAPITAL OF THE DOMINION!

KNOWN AS THE

REVERE HOUSE,

And at present leased at a rental of $2,000. It is one of the best buildings in the city. Its length is one hundred and six (106) feet by forty (40) feet wide, built of stone, with cut stone front and tin roof. The house contains fifty bedrooms, five parlors and dining room, with bar, kitchen and laundry attached. There is a new Brick Stable, sixty-six (66) by thirty (30) feet, capable of stabling forty Horses, a large yard and outbuildings; also a vacant lot, which the purchaser can have if required to enlarge. The premises are in excellent order, being only five years built. Very lately a sum of $2,000 was expended improving the building. For a first-class hotel, or Military Quarters, it cannot be equalled in the city.

TERMS EASY, and made known free of charge, by letter or otherwise, on application to

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer,
Commission and Real Estate Agent.

Ottawa, June 3, 1868. 758d

Dominion Auction Mart,

AND

Commission Sale Rooms

House, Land & General Agency,
OFFICE & SALE ROOMS,
—INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-STREET,
OTTAWA.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city.

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Piafos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis B. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
753y House, Land and General Agent.

Storekeepers, Farmers and Others,

SHOULD BUY THEIR TEAS FROM

The Importers Direct.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY, 6, Hospital-street, Montreal, have sent over one thousand packages to different parts of the country, and receive every day assurances that the Tea gives entire satisfaction. Subjoined are a few of the numerous testimonials already received:

RUSSELL HOUSE, Quebec, Jan. 7, 1867.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the six chests of Tea forwarded some time since arrived in good order. The quality is pure and excellent, and prices cheap. As I am particular in buying the best quality of Tea to be had for our guests, I am pleased to acquaint you that it gives general satisfaction. Your obedient servant,

WILLIS RUSSELL.

FELCOMB, Dec. 23, 1867.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the Oolong Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto, who informs me he considers it as good as that he was using for which he paid one dollar per lb. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz., at 75 cents per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant,

JNO. T. DAY.

HOUSE OF SENATE, Ottawa, December 16, 1867. Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the box of English Breakfast and Young Hyson Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. You may expect my future orders. Yours, &c.,

S. SKINNER.

COBOURG, January 8, 1868.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, I beg to inform you that the two boxes of Tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box, or 20 lbs., at same price, and oblige yours, &c.,

F. OLIVER.

The contributors to the *Medical Journal* have frequently declared that one-half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have carefully selected and imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure and free from poisonous substances, in 50, 25, 28, 15 and 12 lb. boxes.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c 50c.; Fine Flavoured New Season, do; 55c 60c and 65c; Excellent Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c; Very Fine, 60c; Fire cut, 65c, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay common, 38c; Fine do, 55c; Young Hyson, 50c, 60c, 65c and 70c; Fine do, 75c; Very Fine, 80c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1.00; Fine Gunpowder, 75c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

All orders for 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular sent equally cheap. The Company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much, two or three clubbing together could divide. An excellent mixed Tea could be sent for 60c to 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order or enclosed notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man where there are express offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
6, Hospital-street, Montreal.

All boxes sent from this establishment have the Company's name printed on them.

Montreal, March 4, 1868. w10ly

Errors of Youth.—A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay and all the effects of youthful indiscretion will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertisers' experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN, 43 Cedar Street New York

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

Just Received Per Express.

A CHOICE Selection CANADA WATCH COMPANY'S WATCHES,

At Young & Radford's.

AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY'S WATCHES,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE GOLD JEWELLERY,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE GOLD and CORAL JEWELLERY,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE HUNTING ANCHOR WATCHES, in fine Silver Cases, as low as $12.00,

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FINE Eighteen CARAT GOLD WATCHES as low as $18.00,

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

ROGER'S BEST CUTLERY and fine ENGLISH ELECTRO-PLATED WARE, can be had

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S

30 Sparks-st. Ottawa.

FOR SALE

AT THE

MONTREAL WAREHOUSE

800 BUTTER TUBS, in good order.

J. MARTIN & CO.

10,000 LBS. MAPLE SUGAR.

J. MARTIN & CO.

50 CASES ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

J. MARTIN & CO.

HERRINGS, PORK, FLOUR, BUTTER, CHEESE.

657y J. MARTIN & CO.

Coffee! Coffee!

TO those who enjoy a Cup of

REALLY FINE COFFEE

—TRY—

BUCHANAN'S

Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha,
JAVA & JAMAICA,
Roasted and Ground

Daily on the premises, by steam power.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

May 11, 1868. 739tf

In Chancery.

DAVIS *vs.* EMSLIE.

In pursuance of the Decree in this cause dated the 8th JANUARY, 1867, and the final order for sale herein dated the 30th MAY last, there will be sold with the approbation of the Master of this Court, at OTTAWA, by PUBLIC AUCTION, by HECTOR McLEAN, at his Auction Rooms, Sparks-street, in the City of Ottawa, at twelve o'clock, noon, on WEDNESDAY, the 15th JULY NEXT, the following Real Estate, viz:

All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate lying and being in the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, containing by admeasurement one hundred acres, be the same more or less, being composed of the North Half of Lot Number Sixteen, in the Fifth Concession of the said Township of Nepean, Rideau Front.

The said land is well adapted for farming purposes, and lies on the east side of the main road from Ottawa to Richmond; about sixty acres of it are cleared and under cultivation, and it is situated amongst the best lands in the County of Carleton. It is fifteen miles from Ottawa, and five miles from Richmond and the River Goodwood, a constantly flowing stream passes through the centre of it.

One-tenth of the purchase money is to be paid down by the purchaser to the Vendor or his Solicitors at the time of sale by way of deposit, and the balance on or before the 1st AUGUST next: upon payment of which he will be entitled to a conveyance, and let into possession.

In other respects the conditions of sale are the standing conditions of the Court of Chancery. The deed from the late Alexander Emslie to the Plaintiff will be produced at the time of sale.

All parties to the suit, with the exception of the Vendor, are to be at liberty to bid.

Further particulars, and conditions of sale, may be had at the Offices of the said Master and MESSRS. LEWIS, PINHEY AND WARD, Ottawa, and M. R. VANKOUGHNET, ESQ., and MESSRS. O'DONOHOE & WARMOLL, Toronto.

Dated this 13th day of June, 1868.

(Signed), JOHN WILSON,
Master at Ottawa.

LEWIS, PINHEY & WARD,
Vendor's Solicitors. 768td

NOTICE TO PARTIES selling PETROLEUM or COAL OIL, or having the same in possession.

Office of the Collector of Inland Revenue for the Division of Ottawa,
Ottawa, 13th June, 1868.

In pursuance of the Act 31 Vic., Cap. 50, imposing an Excise Duty on Refined Petroleum, and providing for the inspection thereof:—I hereby give Public Notice that on and after MONDAY, 15th JUNE, 1868, I shall, upon application being made to me, attend at any place in the COUNTIES OF CARLETON AND RUSSELL, OR CITY OF OTTAWA, and inspect and apply the "*fire test*" to all refined Petroleum, and brand the barrels; the fee for which is 20 cents for each barrel. And all persons selling or having in possession any Refined Petroleum which has not been offered for inspection after said 15th JUNE, are liable to fine or imprisonment, and the Petroleum to be forfeited and seized.

ALEXANDER GRAHAM,
Collector of Inland Revenue for Ottawa Division, composed of Counties of Carleton and Russell.

June 17, 1868. 776tf

RETIRING FROM BUSINESS.

Great Cheap Sale of Dry Goods!

As GEO. FEATHERSTON & CO.,

Intend winding up their business in AUGUST NEXT. They will from this date offer their large stock of

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,

At greatly reduced prices for cash as the whole must be disposed of by the 24th day of AUGUST. The following list of prices will satisfy all that this is a chance rarely to be met with, and will be for the benefit of every one to take advantage of.

Full width Prints from	4½d per yard.	Grey Cottons	from 4½d per yard.
Printed Muslins "	6d "	Silk Parasols	" 2s 6d each.
" Delaines "	4½ "	Hoop Skirts	" 10½d "
6-4 Alpacca Lustres "	7½ "	Canadian Full Cloth	" 2s 11d per yard.
Cobourgs "	9 "		

A large lot of Women's White Cotton Hose, from 4½d per pair. A lot of Summer Shawls from 11s 3d to 27s 6d, usual price from 17s 6d to 40s. A lot of cloths for Boy's Summer Wear, very cheap, and all other goods proportionately low.

Shop to Rent from 1st Sept. Next.

GEO. FEATHERSTON & CO.,
34 Sparks-street, Centre Town.

Ottawa, June 15, 1868. 768-2m

Great Clearing Sale of Dry Goods.

Cunningham & Lindsay

No. 14, RIDEAU-STREET,

WILL COMMENCE

ON MONDAY, the 15th INSTANT,

TO SELL THE BALANCE OF THEIR SUMMER STOCK OF

Millinery, Mantles, Shawls, Dress Goods, Prints, Muslins, &c.,

At Prices which must effect a Speedy Sale.

☞ *For Particulars See Circulars.*

Ottawa, June 12, 1868. 510y

BLYTH & KERR,

Successors to Chas. Garth,

No. 25, RIDEAU-TREET,

PLUMBERS, GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,
TIN & COPPERSMITHS, BELL HANGERS, &c.

All materials for the above branches kept constantly on hand.

Also, Importers and Dealers in House Furnishing Hardware.

Just received a well selected assortment of Fishing Tackle, Baskets, Bait, Reels, Lines, Flys, Rods, &c. Manufacturers of all descriptions of work for Water and Gas Works, Brewer's Distilleries, Mills, &c. Makes and fits up Galvanized Iron Cornices, Gutters, Conductors, Roofing, &c.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water or Warm Air, on the most approved principles.

Orders from the country will receive strict attention. 740y

OTTAWA CROCKERY STORE

NEW GOODS.

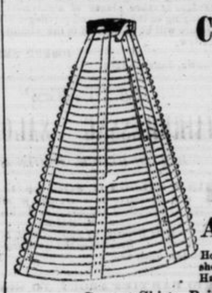
JUST received ex S. S. "Damascus," 10 Hhds. of the finest English Glassware, selected expressly for the retail trade, comprising

	CUT and ENGRAVED	PORT and SHERRY WINES,
CHAMPAGNES,	do	CLARETS, GOBLETS,
LIQUEURS,	do	CALF FOOT JELLIES,
FINGER BOWLS,	do	TALL TUMBLERS,
CLARET JUGS,	do	DECANTERS,
FRUIT DISHES,	do	CELERY VASES,
BUTTER COOLERS,	do	CARAFFS, &c., &c.

And a choice lot of delicate Straw Stem Wines, in Ports, Champagnes, Clarets, Sherries, Liqueurs, &c. All the above articles match in shape, pattern, &c., and are the best glass procurable in England.

W. ALLAN,
51 *RIDEAU STREET, (opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.)*

Ottawa, June 6, 1868. 574y



City Hoop Skirt Factory,

43 SPARKS-STREET,

Central Ottawa.

THE DOUBLE EXTENSION SKIRT,
" DEMI "
" NEW GORE TRAIL SKIRT.

French Wove Corsets!

AN immense stock of Corsets just arrived, French, English and Scotch manufacture.

I beg to call the attention of ladies to the above new styles of Hoop Skirts which I have on hand, and will make to order on the shortest notice: Also, Parasols, Hosiery and Gloves, Hair Nets, Handkerchiefs, &c., &c.

Croquet Skirts, Printed and Embroidered, Gored and Plain.

N.B.—A lot of old fashioned Corsets on hand (lacing at the back) cheap, wholesale and retail.

DAVID MILLAR,
456y 43 Sparks-st, Centre Town, next to Esmonde's Steve Depot.

Ladies Keep Cool!

BLACK AND WHITE LACE SHAWLS,
GRENADINE SHAWLS,
BAREGE SHAWLS,
BAREGE JACKETS
BAREGE & GRENADINE PROMENADE COSTUMES,
GRENADINES,
FRENCH & ENGLISH MUSLINS.

GENTLEMEN KEEP COOL!

BLACK ALPACCA COATS,
BUFF ALPACCA COATS,
LINEN COATS,
MARSEILLES VESTS

All in great variety, cheap, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S,

Wholesale and Retail.

Importers, 20 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 29, 1868. 484y

PIANOS. PIANOS.

JUST RECEIVED AT THE

London Music Store!

Her Majesty's Theatre,
Wellington Street,

A new and splendid assortment of

PIANOFORTES!

☞ UNION MAKE. ☜

Every PIANO from this establishment warranted for 5 years.

Also just received a new stock of

VICTORIA ORGANS and MELODEONS

VIOLINS, CONCERTINAS, GUITARS, &c., in great variety.

Second hand Pianos taken in part payment for new ones.

Connected with this establishment is a Piano Manufacturer, who will attend punctually to all orders for TUNING left at the London Music Store.

E. MILES,
Lessee of Her Majesty's Theatre

Ottawa, March 25, 1868. 551-39y

"La Malediction."

GRAND

Theatrical Exhibition

BY THE

Students of Ottawa University,

ON BEHALF OF

THE CANADIAN ZOUAVES,

ON THE

TWENTY-THIRD OF JUNE.

TICKETS, - - - - 25 Cts.

Doors open at 8 o'clock p. m.

Ottawa, June 13, 1868. 767td

TO BE GIVEN AWAY!

THE

Greatest Curiosity

OF THE DAY.

WILL BE PUBLISHED

On Thursday next, THE WONDERFUL ALMANAC for 306 years, a copy of which will be presented, FREE OF CHARGE, to every Lady and Gentleman applying at

The Ottawa Citizen,
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

SANSUM'S INTEREST & EXCHANGE TABLES!

A supply of this useful work just received and for sale at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen.
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

COPY BOOKS,

(Plain and with Head Line), EXERCISE BOOKS. A supply just received and for sale at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

PLAIN & FANCY STATIONERY,

All marked in plain figures, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

COUNTING HOUSE and SCHOOL REQUISITES,

At the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

MUSIC, MAGAZINES OR PRINTED BOOKS,

Bound in any style required, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

ENGINEERS' and ARTISTS' MATERIALS,

At the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

ACCOUNT BOOKS,

Memorandum Books, Pocket Books, Indexes, &c., at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

WRAPPING PAPERS,

MANILLA, TEA and STRAW, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen,
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

STEEL PENS and PEN HANDLES,

Gillott's, Mitchell's and other makers, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

WRITING INKS,

Stephen's, Todd's Perth Office, &c., at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

LEAD PENCILS,

Faber's, Rowney's and others, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

BLANK BOOKS,

Manufactured to order, in any style of ruling and binding, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

BOOK and JOB PRINTING,

At the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS, authorized by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario. The prices are:

FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.

FIRST BOOK, part second, 54 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.

SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.

THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Thirty cents.

FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.

FIFTH BOOK, 50 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

A supply just received and for sale at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

☞ A liberal allowance to Teachers and Dealers.

TO BE GIVEN AWAY!

THE

Greatest Curiosity

OF THE DAY.

WILL BE PUBLISHED

On Thursday next, THE WONDERFUL ALMANAC for 306 years, a copy of which will be presented, FREE OF CHARGE, to every Lady and Gentleman applying at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

Ottawa, June 8, 1868. 751y

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, June 17, 1868.

Last week we had occasion to notice an improvement in the quantity of supplies brought to this market, and we could then see no reason for its falling off. Yet it continued but a few days, and now it has fallen away again to almost nothing. A beggarly account of some half a dozen farmers' waggons is all we look for from day to day, and that is about all we get. The question often raised is how does Ottawa contrive, with so wretched a market, to exist? The prices of yesterday were the same as the day before, both in the provision and the hay markets. Flour is also unchanged. Barrel pork is 50 cents higher, and holds firm at that, but little is doing in that article at this time. Butchers' meat sells, prime joints, stall fed, 16 cents to 17 cents. Second quality, grass fed, 12½ cents. Mutton, 12½ cents, and veal 10 cents to 12½ cents.

FLOUR—Extra	8 00	@	8 25
No. 1	7 00	@	7 25
No. 2	5 50	@	6 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs	4 00	@	4 25
" Spring "	3 50	@	3 62½
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs	6 00	@	6 25
Indian Meal "	4 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 70	@	0 75
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 75	@	0 80
Buckwheat Flour—bbl.	4 50	@	5 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 75	@	1 80
Spring " "	1 45	@	1 50
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 90	@	0 95
Peas " 60 lbs	0 75	@	0 80
Oats " 34 lbs	0 50	@	0 55
Beans " 60 lbs	2 00	@	2 25
PORK—Mess—per barrel	firm.		
Prime Mess per do	00 00	@	00 00
Hog per 100 lbs	0 00	@	0 00
Hams	0 13	@	0 15
Beef	0 00	@	0 00
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 00	@	0 0
Lamb—per qr	0 00	@	0 0
Geese—Each	None		
Ducks	0 50	@	0 00
Turkeys—Each	0 80	@	1 00
Fowl—Per pair	0 45	@	0 55
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 16	@	0 17
No. 1 Firkin	0 13	@	0 15
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 13	@	0 15
Apples—per brl	4 50	@	5 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 45
HAY—Per ton, new	12 00	@	14 00
WOOD—Per cord	0 00	@	3 5
Tamarac	0 00	@	2 00
Hemlock	0 00	@	2 00

Richmond Circuit Board

OF

PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

FOR THE

County of Carleton.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

That the above Board will meet

IN THE TOWN HALL,

IN RICHMOND,

On Wednesday, the 8th day of July next

AND ALSO ON

WEDNESDAY,

The 9th day of December next,

At 12 o'clock, noon, for general business. Applicants for certificates of qualification are required to furnish the Board with certificates of moral character from either Local Superintendent or from a Clergyman of the denomination to which they respectively belong.

C. B. PETITT, M.A.,
Chairman.

J. HINTON,
Secretary.
Richmond, May 21, 1868.

STOP and SEE!

THE following remarks on Testimonials of most extraordinary cures in Canada by the great Indian Remedy. They are stern undeniable and incortestible facts, sufficient to the most skeptical that the great medicinal compound yearned after for ages is now accessible in the

Great Shosnonees Remedy.

For diseases of the throat, lungs, liver, digestive organs, kidneys, &c., as well as scrofula, the various skin diseases, humors, and all diseases arising from impurities of the blood, we boldly state that this great remedy has never been equalled. Where was there ever such a cure as that in the person of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, C W, of consumption; or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernestown, C W, of consumption; or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, C W, of dyspepsia and liver complaint; or that of John Rosey, of Napanee, C W, of rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, in spite of all treatment heretofore, and is now well? Scores of such cases might be mentioned had we space.

☞ Call at the drug store and get a circular of unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees remedy and pills and satisfy yourselves.

Price of the Remedy in large pints $1.

For sale by all druggists and dealers in medicine. Agents for Ottawa—All the Druggists; Henry Simpson & Co., Montreal; Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle. 5wy

Another Wonderful Cure of Consumption in Canada.

MESSRS. YOUNG & CHAMBERLAIN,—Sirs, I feel it a duty I owe to you, as well as to the public, to inform you of the most wonderful cure of Consumption, accomplished in my person, by the use of the Great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills. I coughed a great deal day and night, expectorating large quantities of matter, and had a great pain about my left lung. I had cold chills every day, and severe night sweats every night, and between the racking cough and great sweating I was almost deprived of sleep; by these miseries, as well as the loss of appetite, I was so reduced that I could hardly stand alone. I was under the care of a physician for a length of time, but finding no relief, I tried different receipes, but all without any good effect. Squire Peterson of Bath, recommended me to use the Great Shoshonees Remedy; I procured three bottles at once, with the Pills; so soon as I commenced using it I began to get better, and when I had finished this complement, the Cough, expectoration of matter, pain about the lung, chills, sweating, &c., left me, and by continuing its use I became strong and healthy. It is now over two months since I quit the remedy, and there have been no symptoms of the disease returning, and I have been, and am now, healthier and better than I have been for many years. I trust you will make this known to the public, that they may be aware of the peculiar virtues of this truly wonderful Indian Remedy.

PETER C. V. MILLAR.

Ernestown, Co. of Lennox & Addington, C. W.

To all to whom it may come.—This is to certify that I have been acquainted with the above mentioned gentleman, Peter C. V. Millar, Esq., for many years, and have known him always to be of the very highest respectability, and a very candid and creditable person; and I am confident that I can safely vouch for the truth of the above, or any other statement made by him.

Rev. W. F. S. HARPER
Rector of Bath, W

5wy

NEW STORE!

THE Store formerly occupied by W. D. WOOD, No. 38, on RIDEAU STREET, has been refitted by the subscribers, and will be opened on MONDAY, FOURTEENTH OCTOBER, with an entire new stock of

GROCERIES,

LIQUORS AND

HARDWARE.

WOOD & ROSSITER.

Ottawa, October 13, 1867 15

PAIN KILLER.

The Great Family Medicine of the Age.

THE UNIVERSAL REMEDY for INTERNAL & EXTERNAL COMPLAINTS!

OUR FIRST PHYSICIANS USE AND RECOMMEND ITS USE!

It Enjoys the Largest Sale of Any Proprietary Medicine in the World!

THE PAIN KILLER

HAS been favorably known for more than thirty years, during which time we HAVE RECEIVED THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS, showing this Medicine to be an almost NEVER FAILING REMEDY for diseases caused by or attendant upon—Sudden Colds, Coughs, Fever and Ague, Headache, Billious Fever, Pains in the Side, Back and Loins, as well as in the Joints and Limbs; Neuralgia and Rheumatic Pains in any part of the system, Toothache and Pains in the Head and Face.

As a BLOOD PURIFIER and TONIC for the STOMACH, it seldom fails to cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Heartburn, Kidney Complaints, Sick Headache, Piles Asthma or Phthisic, Ringworms, Boils, Felons, Whitlows, Old Sores, Swelled Joints, and General Debility of the System.

It is also a PROMPT and SURE REMEDY for Crampand Pains in the Stomach, Painters' Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Scalds, Burns, Sprains, Bruises, Frost Bites, Chilblains, as well as the Stings of Insects, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

☞ Directions accompany each bottle.

It has been tested in every variety of climate, and by almost *every nation known* to civilization. It is the almost constant companion and inestimable friend of the *Missionary*, and to *traveller* should be without it. Like every other good thing, the Pain Killer has been extensively counterfeited; which, (while it is an acknowledgment on the part of the counterfeiters of its real worth,) is a serious hinderance to its usefulness, as the deceived purchaser estimates the value of the *Pain Killer* by the base compound he has purchased for the genuine article.

Purchasers should be careful and not allow the dealer to sell them worthless imitations, on which they realize a larger profit, but take only the *Pain Killer*, and see that it is the genuine, bearing the signature of Perry Davis & Son upon the label.

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by Druggists and Medicine Dealers, and Commission Merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers, and at Variety Shops generally throughout the world.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Manufs. and Props.,
74, High-st., Providence, R. I.,
380, St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. Q.,
17, Southampton Row, Holborn, London, E

40-1z w20wy

SALE OF DEBTS.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864,

AND AMENDMENTS THEREOF.

In the matter of WILLIAM N. BARRIE, and JOHN McMARTIN trading under the name, style and title of WILLIAM BARRIE & CO., Insolvents.

PURSUANT

To an order made by JAMES DANIEL, Esquire, Judge of the County Court of the United Counties of Prescott and Russell, made on the Eighteenth day of MAY instant, I will offer for sale by Public Auction, on SATURDAY, the twenty-first day of JUNE next, at the office of Edward Taylor Dartnell, Esquire, at the Court House, in the Town of L'Orignal, the several debts due by Note, Book Account, or otherwise, due to the estate of the said Insolvents.

All debts exceeding $100 in amount will be sold separately. A list of the debts will be open to inspection at the office of the said Edward Taylor Dartnell, and free access given to all documents explanatory of such debts.

Dated at L'Orignal, May 20th, 1868.

EDWD. FREWEN DARTNELL,
570-1awtd Assignee.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864,

AND AMENDMENTS THEREOF.

In the matter of WILLIAM N. BARRIE and JOHN McMARTIN, Insolvents.

BY virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvents, and also under and by virtue of an order made by James Daniell, Esquire, Judge of the County Court of the United Counties of Prescott and Russell in that behalf, I will on FRIDAY, the twenty-sixth day of June next, offer or sale by Public Auction, at the hour of ten o'clock, in the forenoon of the said day, at the office of Messrs. Morland, Watson and Company, in the City of Montreal, all the real estate and interest of the said Insolvent John McMartin, of and in the lands and premises in the Township of North Plantagenet, and County of Prescott, and Province of Ontario, hereinafter particularly mentioned and described. That is to say:

1st. All the real estate, interest and equity of redemption of the said John McMartin of what nature or kind soever, whether as devisee under the will of Alexander McMartin, deceased, or otherwise, of and in lot number nine, (9) in the fourth (4th) concession, old survey of the said Township of Plantagenet, East of the South Nation River.

2nd. All the real estate, interest and equity of redemption of the said John McMartin, of what nature and kind soever, whether as devisee under the will of the said Alexander McMartin, deceased, or otherwise, of and in Lot Number Ten (10), in the Fourth (4th) Concession, old survey of the said Township East of the South Nation River.

The said two lots are supposed to contain together 399 acres more or less.

3rd. All the real estate and interest and equity of redemption of the said John McMartin, of what nature and kind soever, either in his own right, or as devisee under the will of the said Alexander McMartin, deceased, or otherwise, howsoever, or and in at part of Lot Eleven, (11) in the said Fourth (4th) Concession, old survey of the said Township of North Plantagenet, known as McMartin's Saw Mills, with the privileges and appurtenances to the same belonging. Also of and in the premises known as the old Stone, the large Stone House, the large stable and premises connected therewith, also of and in the Dwelling House now occupied by the said John McMartin, and the outbuildings therewith connected, and lying and being in the Village of Plantagenet Mills aforesaid.

The said several premises will be sold subject to the several mortgages charged upon same, and the said mill and mill premises and other the premises last mentioned with their appurtenances, will be sold subject to the interest of the said Insolvents as copartners or of either of them therein, under the partnership articles the lease therein mentioned or otherwise howsoever at the time of their insolvency for the residue of the unexpired term of fifteen years from the 1st day of December, 1865, and to the mortgages thereon.

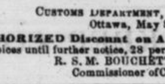
There is a rent of one dollar annually, payable during said term to the said John McMartin as devisee thereof, under the will of the said Alexander McMartin.

Terms—Cash.

For further particulars apply to Edward Taylor Dartnell, Esquire, L'Orignal, Solicitor for the Assignee, or to the Assignee.

Dated at L'Orignal, this 23rd day of April A.D., 1868.

EDWD. FREWEN DARTNELL,
726-1awtw Assignee



CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, May 8, 1868.

AUTHORIZED Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 28 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

A RARE CHANCE.

The undersigned having received direct from the manufacturers in Europe, a large consignment of

Dry Goods

with instructions to dispose of them at

LOW RATES!

Is now offering them to the public, and at an almost nominal advance on the makers' cost price. The stock consists of

1,000 yards of Carpets, of various kinds,
40 Handsome Hearth Rugs,
60 Summer Counterpanes,
24 White Marsala Quilts,
A large quantity of Toilet Covers,
Some Wool Table Covers,
And a large variety of other Goods.

The stock may be seen at the store of MESSRS. ANSELL & MICHAEL'S, Scott's Corner, Elgin and Sparks-street, opposite the Russell Hotel. Parties requiring articles of the above mentioned kind will find it to their advantage to call and inspect the goods at once, as the whole must be disposed of within a few days.

ANSELL & MICHAEL.

Ottawa, June 9, 1868. 763-3m

FOR SALE.

A SELF-ACTING SODA WATER APPARATUS, with cylinders complete, cheap for cash. Apply to WILLIAM PRODERICK Sussex-street, Ottawa. 687f

SITUATION WANTED.

A Lady, who has good references, would desire a situation as HOUSEKEEPER to a Catholic Clergyman or private gentleman. Please apply at the TIMES office.

Ottawa, June 13, 1868 767a

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned will either sell or let for a few years his well known farm, being lot Twenty-five in the Fourth Concession of Gloucester, Rideau Front, 215 acres all cleared, and well fenced and in a good state of cultivation. Also, the one-half of lot Twenty-seven in the Third Concession, being in its natural state, all wood and excellent land. It is just the cross of two hundred acres from the corner of the one lot to the other. The railroad line runs within ten feet of the front corner of the one hundred and in sight of the two hundred for two or three miles. The Station at Cunningham's is scarcely a mile and a half from the front of Lot Twenty-five. The above farm is capable of keeping thirty head of milch cows, two span of horses, and as many young cattle as it would be proper to raise. Eight or nine years ago I kept twenty-two milch cows, and ten or twelve horses, and raised five or six calves every year. The above farm is about ten miles, from the door, to the limits of the City. The improvements cannot be surpassed for a farmer's purpose. The dwelling-house is stone, 30 by 40, a story and a half ever ground; and a cellar nine feet high, the one half used for a kitchen and the other half capable of holding 1,000 bushels of anything you wish to put into it; there is three small windows in it, and when cleaned in the Spring, makes an excellent milk-house or dairy; there is a frame wood shed at the door, 60 by 24, with 14 feet taken off the one end for a coach-house, and overhead for a storehouse; next to that is a stable 36 by 26, finished inside, complete with four large double stalls and two single ones, and good room for hanging up harness, and oat box; convenient to that is a barn 40 by 50, in which I have often put 1,000 bushels of grain in one year; connected with that is 208 and 20 feet of frame sheds, all 20 and 24 deep, under pinned with stone and lime from two to seven feet, according to level; on the north side of the house is another barn, 30 by 40, commonly filled with peas and oats. And if either tenant or purchaser has a desire for religious purposes you can lie in your bed and look at the bell tolling on the Catholic Church every Holy Day, and go to the front door and you will see the Presbyterian Church, where the Rev. Mr. Lochead has preached for the last twenty-two years, and go to the back door and you will see both English Church and Methodist Church within two miles. The above farm would be a desirable situation for a young man wishing to give his attention to farming, as the Ottawa Market cannot be surpassed in the Dominion. I think that I can say that I have not sold one pound of butter under one shilling this eight years: if one went under two went over. Some reader may ask what am I selling for, is it neither for scant nor for want of anything, but I am in the seventieth year of my age, and has purchased off this lot seven hundred and fifty acres of land and all is paid for, and all my sons is settled on their own farms, so I would rather sit down and take my ease as be attending to marketing and farming any longer. Persons wishing to get any information on any point from me, can do so by addressing, post-paid, JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr., South Gloucester.

JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr.
February 6, 1868. 709-6w12

NOTICE.

BOATS FOR PIC-NICS.—In order to prevent disappointment, and ensure punctuality, parties requiring Boats for Pic-Nics between Ottawa and Hull, off the line of the regular ferry, to Bellevue Gardens or elsewhere, should apply to the undersigned direct, a couple of days in advance, instead of making arrangements with the proprietors of Gardens or other places of amusement. Parties infringing on the rights and privileges of the Ferry License will be prosecuted to the utmost rigour of the law.

JOSEPH SMITH.

Ottawa, June 12, 1868. 766a

MILES' HAIRDRESSNG SALOON

BELL'S BLOCK, ELGIN-ST.

THIS SALOON is fitted up in a neat and attractive manner, and is always attended by competent and attentive workmen.

E. MILES,
Hair Dresser, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General.

Ottawa, April 13. 715y

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD

PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &

Prepared by

AUGUSTUS LAVER,
ARCHITECT

End Daly-st. Ottawa.
April 1.

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

AN OMNIBUS

Will leave the

RUSSELL HOUSE,

Every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 7 a.m., punctually, to carry passengers

FOR AYLMER

To connect with the Union Forwarding Railway Company's Steamers.

JAMES MULLIGAN.

Ottawa, May 16, 1868. 744tf

TABLES

FOR

Converting One Inch Lumber

AND

QUEBEC STANDARD

—TO—

Board Measure.

For Sale by

J. DURIE & SON,
Booksellers and Stationers,
10, Sparks-st., Ottawa.

June 5, 1868. 760a

Ice, Ice, Ice!

THE subscriber will furnish ICE DAILY to those requiring it for the Season. Double supplies on Saturday for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season, $6.00. Hotels and Steamers supplied with large quantities on liberal terms, as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted.

All orders left at KAVANAGH'S RESTAURANT, or at the subscriber's, will be strictly attended to.

F. STARMER,
126, Rideau-st.

Ottawa, May 14, 1868. 742d

BUSINESS STAND FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers FOR SALE his STORE and DWELLING in the Village of MARATHON, Township of FITZROY. Also, One Hundred and Thirty Acres of GOOD LAND, on which the store and outbuildings are erected. This is a splendid opportunity for any party with moderate capital, desirous of a good opening for a first-class country business.

Apply to

ROBERT JOHNSTON,
721-17-f Marathon P. O.

SARSAPARILLIAN,

PAREIRA BRAVA.

Newly Discovered Virtues—Hidden for 300 years—The Discovery of the True Virtues of the Roots—Brought to Light and Made Manifest in

DR. RADWAY'S SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT.

By a new process recently discovered by Dr. Radway, for obtaining the active properties from vegetable substances.

SARSAPARILLIAN.

Pareira Brava.

Associated with other newly discovered Roots, enters into the composition of RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT; secures a remedial agent, that cures all forms of Chronic, Scofulous, Skin, Glandular, Kidney, Bladder and Uterine Diseases, by communicating its curative, reparative and fruitful efficacy, through the BLOOD, SWEAT AND URINE.

The ordinary Sarsaparilla decoctions and Syrups are mere washes, compared with the Sarsaparillian of the Resolvent. It is a well known fact that Sarsaparilla as ordinarily prepared either as officinally or as a proprietary remedy, never possessed the confidence of medical men, and all the reputation it enjoyed was deemed by well informed Chemists, Physicians, and medical writers to be due to other remedial agents associated with it.

The true curative virtues of Sarsaparilla for 300 years have laid hidden in the Crystalline principle of the Root. Under DR. RADWAY'S *New Process*, SARSAPARILLIAN is secured and brought to light, and associated with other ingredients, it fulfils the most extravagant expectations and views of men. One ounce of Dr. Radway's Sarsaparillian contains more of the curative principle than ten pounds of the extracts from the crude roots, as prepared officinally or in the popular advertised Sarsaparillas.

PAREIRA BRAVA.—Another of the ingredients of the Radway's Resolvent, held in high estimation by the most eminent medical men of Europe, South America and United States, as the best remedial agent for the diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, Uterus, and as a *lithontryptic for dissolving Calculi*, as a curative for Jaundice, Rheumatism, Leucorrhœa, etc., since 1688 has never been properly prepared. Under Dr. Radway's process, the Cissampaline principle of this valuable Root is secured, and associated with Sarsaparillian and other ingredients in the Resolvent, makes it a perfect cure in every form of disease of the Kidneys, Bladder, and Urinary Organs—Dropsy, Gravel, Incontinence, or Stoppage of Water, Diabetes, or Urinary Diarrhœa, and *every kind of weakening, irritating or purulent discharges, not proper to mention* in an advertisement, is rapidly cured by this remedy.

So quick does the Resolvent enter into the circulation, that it may be detected in the Urine *in ten minutes* after it has been taken. In many cases it has secured a free discharge of water—in cases where Catheters were formerly used.—Is not this a blessing?

BUCHU, Turpentine Junipers, Gin, Copaiba, Cubebs, and other direct Diuretics, are in many cases hurtful. In Diabetes, Urinary Diarrhœa, Catarrh of the Bladder, Dropsy, and in a weakness or ulceration of the Kidneys, are unsafe to use as a continued remedy, and should never be given unless under supervision of a Physician, as the strain these direct remedies may produce on the Kidneys may, in the course of a few hours, require Opiates, to change or modify their action; this fact is self-evident to any medical man, a compensating Remedy like the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT, is the true remedy to use in these cases.—Even as a diuretic.

Pareira Brava,

As prepared by Dr. Radway, and one of the ingredients of the Resolvent, is as superior to all forms of Buchu, &c., as rich cream is to watered milk.

Let all suffering from unnatural drains from the system—caused either by self-abuse, depraved habit of body—bad blood, impure association, weakness of the genital organs, or Skin Diseases, Scrofula, uncured Secondary Disease, Syphilold Ulcers, Chronic Disease—or from Consumption of the Lungs, as well as degeneration of the Kidneys—Chronic Disease of the Liver, Spleen, etc., commence at once the use of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOVENT. It commences its work of purification at once; it repairs the waste of the body, with new and healthy material. It restores functional harmony to every organ in the system, and secures the natural secretions of the proper constituents to each. Persons have been cured, and have children now living that were deemed incapacitated, by self-abuse, etc., through the use of this remedy. Ask for Dr. Radway's Sarsaparillian or Renovating Resolvent.

PRICE—$1 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $5,

W. M. MASSEY, Agent.

READ FALSE AND TRUE.—Send one letter-stamp to RADWAY & Co., 430 St. Paul-street, Montreal. Information worth thousands will be given you. Price of RESOLVENT SARSAPARILLIAN, $1 per bottle, or $10 per dozen. 762b

WATCHES.

J. EWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY, AND COURT OF SPAIN, THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT

MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,

For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*

H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion, for the sale of *J. Ewill's* Watches.

Ottawa, May 28. 748y

NEW BOOKS.

Exodus of the Western Nations by Viscount Bury; Chronicles and Characters by Owen Meredith; Brakespeare by the author of "Guy Livingstone"; The Lost Name, a Novel; Farming for Boys; The New Dictionary of Quotations; The Huguenots by Samuel Smiles; Law and Lawyers—Curious Facts and Characteristic Sketches; Art and Artists, do.; Books and Authors, do.; Clergymen and Doctors, do.; Longfellow's Works Complete for 15 cents; The Waverley Novels, per vol., 15 cents; Cooper's Novels, per vol., 15 cents; Essays in Ella by Lamb complete for 15 cents; De Quincey's Confessions of an Opium Eater for 15 cents.

Bibles, Prayer Books, Church Services, just received from the Publishers, in the newest and richest patterns.

For sale by

J DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st.,
495y Opposite the Russell House

PROFESSIONAL NOTICE.

MR. P. J. BUCKLEY HAS REMOVED HIS LAW OFFICE to the THOMPSON BLOCK, Corner of Sussex and York streets, adjacent to the offices of Horace Lapierre, Advocate and Counsel. Office Hours—From 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.

Ottawa, June 9, 1868. 763a

NOTICE.

MESSRS. ANGUS & SON, in retiring from the Undertaking Business, would beg to inform their friends and the public that they have disposed of their Hearses and stock in trade to Mr. Samuel Rogers, Cabinet Maker, who will in future attend to all orders in the Undertaking line, and they have much pleasure in recommending him to their many patrons and friends.

ANGUS & SON,
Furniture Dealers, No. 22, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, May 11, 1868.

UNDERTAKING.

IN reference to the above, S. Rogers takes this opportunity of thanking his numerous friends and customers for their very liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Cabinet and Upholstering Business, and would respectfully solicit in this new branch of his trade a continuation of their favors.

S. ROGERS,
Cabinet Maker, &c., Rideau and George-streets.

Ottawa, May 11, 1868. 741d

W. NOTMAN,

Photographer to the Queen

CORNER OF

WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS,

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his

Establishment will be Opened

—ON—

Monday Next, 3rd February

When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for all the different branches of Photography.

Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 582y

Local Government Notices.

TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS

Will be received, addressed to the undersigned, until NOON of

Monday, the 22nd Instant,

For the Erection of the

Lieutenant-Governor's Residence,

ON

THE GOVERNMENT GROUNDS,

On Simcoe and Kingsts., Toronto.

Plans and Specifications may be seen at this office, and at the office of Messrs. Gundry & Langley, Architects, corner of King and Jordan sts., Toronto, on and after MONDAY, the 8th Instant.

The person to whom the contract may be awarded will be required to furnish satisfactory security for the due performance of the work, and to execute a contract approved by the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING,
Commissioner of Public Works.

Parliament Buildings,
Office of Public Works,
Toronto, June 6, 1868. 762a

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, ONTARIO.

To Contractors.

TENDERS

Will be received until noon,

Thursday, 25th inst.,

For the following works required for the completion of the wings to the Provincial Lunatic Asylum:

PLASTERER & GAS FITTER,

TINSMITH,

SLATER

The plans and specifications can be seen at the Department of Public Works, Parliament Buildings, between the hours of ten a.m. and 4 p.m.

Tenders to be addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed on the outside,

"Tenders for the proposed work at the Provincial Lunatic Asylum."

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING,
Commissioner of Public Works, Ontario,

Department of Public Works,
Parliament Buildings,
Toronto, June 9, 1868. 765td

TENDERS

WILL BE RECEIVED

Addressed to the undersigned at the office of this Department until noon of

Tuesday, the 23rd instant,

For the supply of the following articles, all of which must be of the best description, and to be delivered at the Provincial Lunatic Asylum and at the Branch Asylum, Queen's Park, Toronto, in such quantities and at such times as may be required, for six months from 1st July to 30th December, 1868, viz:—

Tea, black and uncolored Japan,	per lb,
Coffee, Roasted,	"
Rice,	"
Sugar, bright,	"
Pepper, whole,	"
Mustard,	"
Starch,	"
Indigo,	"
Salt, Liverpool and American,	per brl.
Shoes, Men's and Women's,	per pair.
Cobourgs, Men's,	"
Butter, first quality,	per lb
Butchers' Meat, first quality,	per lb.
Corn Brooms,	per doz.
Scrub Brushes,	per pair
Blacking,	per box
Washing Soda,	per lb.
Vinegar, White Wine,	per gallon
Oatmeal,	per barrel
Pot Barley,	"
Split Peas,	"
Flour, Inspected Extra,	"
Flour, do Superfine,	"
Eggs, Fresh,	per dozen
Straw, clean oaten in bdls,	per ton
Hay, best Timothy,	"

COD WOOD—Sound seasoned Beech and Maple, of equal quantities, but not mixed, and each kind piled separately, and not more than twelve months felled; to measure four feet in length from point to scarp, to be delivered and piled as above, and at the Engine House, Garrison Common, per cord.

COAL—Also, for delivering during the months of July and August of 450 gross tons Lehigh Coal, of best quality, egg size, and screened, per ton. 180 tons Brier Hill Coal, of best quality, and mined this season, per ton; both sorts of coal to be subject to the approval of the proper officers of the Asylum. Weight of coal to the Chief Asylum to be determined by scales on the premises, and for the Branch Asylum at the city weigh scales.

Samples of the following articles to accompany tenders, viz., Tea, Coffee, Rice, Sugar, Pepper, Mustard, Starch, Indigo, Corn Brooms, Scrub Brushes, Blacking, Shoes and Boots.

The tender must express the rate in dollars and cents, and contain the actual signatures of two sufficient sureties, who will be required for the due performance of the contract on behalf of each person tendering, for the same.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

Further information respecting the contracts may be learned of the Bursar of the Asylum.

JOHN CARLING,
Commissioner of Public Works.

Parliament Buildings,
Office of the Public Works,
Toronto, June 8, 1868. 765td

NOTICE.

ALL payments to be made on account of the Ontario Government may be made to the

ROYAL CANADIAN BANK,

And its Agencies.

Dated at Toronto, 30th October, A.D., 1867.

E. B. WOOD,
Treasurer of Ontario.

October 31, 1867. Tf

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St

M. P. HAYES,
Agent.

Ottawa, June 21. 571f

Railroads.

CHANGE of TIME

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and after FRIDAY, the 15th May, 1868, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA
Mixed, 7.15 a.m.	10.35 a.m.
Express, 1.35 p.m.	4.15 p.m.
LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 7 a.m.	9.25 a.m.
Mixed, 1.00 p.m.	4.15 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. D. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

Ottawa, May 14, 1868. 1y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

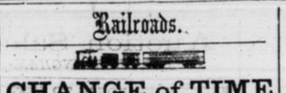
5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 8:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m!

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due rom east and west.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

Brockville, April 11. 472y



Grand Trunk Railway Company

OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 8.30 A.M.

Night do do at 7.30 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.00 A.M.

Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.

Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.

Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.

Express for Boston and New York, at 3.35 P.M.

Express for Portland (staying over at Island Pond) at 2.00 P.M.

Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Riviere du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbroke, Waterville and Coaticooke only, at 10.10 P.M.

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

December 23, 1867 650tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET.

FOUR GOOD ROOMS over SHEPHERD'S GROCERY STORE, Murray st., between Sussex and Dalhousie-sts. Also, GOOD STABLES for thirteen horses. Rent moderate. Also a quantity of CEDARS for sale. Enquire of M. SHEPHERD, at the Store.

Ottawa, May 30, 1868. 748

Lots for Sale.

6 BUILDING LOTS, one mile from the City, on the Richmond Road, containing one acre each. Apply to THOMAS ANDERSON, Jr. on the premises. 564tf

FOR SALE, on SANDY HILL, opposite Desbarats', LOT No. 33, Stuart street. Terms moderate. Apply to Mrs. TIERNAN, No. 2, King street opposite the Gas House.

Ottawa, May 4 1868. 734d

Two Dwellings to Let,

BEING the Upper part of E. MARTINEAU'S Clothing Store, Corner of Sussex and Clarence-st reets.

Enquire at the Store. EUG. MARTINEAU.

Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 54

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.

NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to

FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Or JOHN HENRY, Esq.,
Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W

Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos

[1]867 AND 1868.

... WAREHOUSE

... Rideau Street, Ottawa.

... SUBSCRIBERS beg to ... Customers that their Stock ... and embraces every delicacy ... among which will be found ... assortment of

TEAS,

SOUCHONG, CONGOU, } Black ... HYSON, GUNPOWDER, IMPERIAL, TWANKAY, PEKOE, } These Teas have carefully selected ... family trade by

BROWNE & HAR...

...GKEN LOAF, CRUSHED, GROUND, YELLOW, and MUSCOVA...

MOCHA, JAVA, JAMAICA, and CEYLON, ...sted and Ground daily on the premises.

...LATE and COCOA, ...CH, flavored with Vanilla, TAYLOR'S, FRYE'S, ...

...S, &c. RAISINS, in Whole, Half and Quarter ... MUSCATEL, do ... SULTANA, VALENTIA, CURRANTS, GRAPES, ORANGES, LEMONS, PRUNES, ALMONDS, WALNUTS, FILBERTS, and ...L NUTS.

NUTMEGS, MACE, CINNAMON, CLOVES, GINGER, MIXED SPICES, All Ground on the Premises. D. T. BROWNE & CO. December 19

...ates! Skate... At ISAACS, ALSO, SLEIGHS, SLEIGHS, ...L PRESENTS BY SANTA CLAUS ... At ISAACS, ...es from 20 cents to ... At ISAACS, ...dware of all Description, At Lowest Cash Prices, At ISAACS. ...member the place. T ISAACS. ...17, 1867.

...iano-Forte Tuition! W. C. CLARK, ...FESSOR OF MUSIC and ... Piano, Voice and Harmony ... Teacher of Drawing and Painting ... and Residence, O'Connor-street ... Street, Centre Town ... may be left at his residence or at ...

...DIAN PAIN DESTROYER ... CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER ...

...Plans, Specifications, &c. PREPARED for Buildings ... description, by SIDNEY B. FRLPP, Architect ...

...TIMES is printed and published ... the OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 60, ... Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES ... Managing Director; ALEX. ... Editor

The Times

VOL. III. NO 772. OTTAWA, FRIDAY, JUNE 19, 1868. PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley, issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week over 16,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only............ $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line.............................. 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line.......... 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.
Yearly subscription to the daily (if paid in advance)....................... $5 00
If not paid in advance....................... 6 00
Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance)....................... $1 00
If not paid in advance....................... 1 50

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—*Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 34, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the* OTTAWA TIMES.

Legal Cards.

MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. GEORGE TAILLON.
Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1868. 366-tf

R. J. WICKSTEED,
ADVOCATE, &c., 43, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 589-6m

N. TETREAU,
NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 6, 1867. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street.
OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-u

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Conner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 16, 1866.

NICHOLAS SPARKS,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

G. J. O'DOHERTY,
LAW, Chancery, and Conveyancing Office, Aumond's Buildings, Rideau street.
Ottawa, December 6, 1867.

Medical Cards.

A. CODD, M.D., C.M.,
(Attending Physician General Protestant Hospital)
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Four doors east of the Revere House, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
OFFICE HOURS—From 8 to 10 a m, and from 2 to 3 p m.
Ottawa, April 30. 738-3m

DR. CHESLEY,
OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 25 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30 44"tf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 380y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,
DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
CORNER of Kent and Wellington Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 43utf

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-100-y

Hotels and Saloons.

MATHEWS' OLD STAND,
YORK-STREET,
WILL BE OPEN for the accommodation of the public on THURSDAY, 12th of March, 1868. The subscriber having again resumed business in his old stand as hotel-keeper, wishes to return thanks to his numerous friends and the public for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on him, during the past seventeen years, and hopes by strict attention to business, and kindness to all, to share a portion of public patronage. His Larder will be always supplied with the best the market affords. His Bar will be supplied with the best of Liquors and choicest Cigars.
T. MATHEWS, Proprietor.
N. B.—The house has been thoroughly renovated and newly furnished.
Ottawa, March 11, 1868. 688tf

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec

REVERE HOUSE, OTTAWA,
G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, } ....PROPRIETORS.
THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867 582tf

THE ALBION HOTEL
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1866. 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly over hauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily.

THE METROPOLITAN
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

TORONTO HOUSE,
SPARKS STREET.
MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has a few Commodious Suites of Apartments to Let, handsomely and comfortably furnished.
Gentlemen attending the Session of Parliament will find at the Toronto House most convenient quarters, where the quiet of the private family is combined with the usual attendance to be found at the best hotels.
Ottawa, Feb. 25, 1868. 675tf

DOMINION HOUSE,
WELLINGTON-STREET.
THE undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.
GEORGE IRVINE.
Ottawa, March 26. 658y

SMITH & RODNEY
MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from Eaton's Gilding Store, having just received a choice stock of
English, French and Canadian
CLOTHS and TWEEDS,
And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1, 1867. 551tf

A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER
AND
Blank Book Manufacturer,
26, METCALFE-ST., OTTAWA.
HAVING every facility in the way of first-class Machinery, and employing none but first-class workmen, I am prepared to turn out every description of Binding in as good a style of workmanship as any other establishment in Canada.
A. MORTIMER, Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, Feb. 6. 384y

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS, Toronto, May 28, 1868. }
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT Charles Westley Lount, of Bracebridge, in the Township of Macauley, in the District of Muskoka, Esquire has been appointed Agent for the disposal of public lands in the Townships of Morrison, Muskoka, Draper, Macauley, Stephenson, McLean, Brunnel, Monck and Watt, in the District of Muskoka, in the place of Richard Jose Oliver, Esquire, whose services have been dispensed with.
Applications for lands open as Free Grants in the above mentioned Townships, must also be made to Mr. Lount.
S. RICHARDS, Commissioner.
Toronto, May 29, 1867. 758-tf

TO LET.
A GOOD BUSINESS STAND at the Chaudiere Flats. Apply to JOHN ASHFIELD.
June 15, 1868. 768a25-1

Druggists.

THE MEDICAL HALL

Soda Water and Ginger Ale Factory,
23 Great St. James-street, Montreal,
OPPOSITE the POST OFFICE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS
Beg to intimate to their patrons that they have commenced the manufacture of Ærated Waters of every description, and on the most extensive scale.
Particular attention will be paid to the preparation of "Belfast Ginger Ale," a beverage first introduced into this country by our Mr. BROWN, who alone possesses the original receipt, and who has also taken out a TRADE MARK for the same.
The proprietors believe their Ærated Waters will be superior to any others at present prepared in Montreal, for the following reasons, viz:—
1st. The employment of the most improved machinery the United States can produce.
2nd. The application of strictly scientific principles to the details.
3rd. Extra care given to the chemical purity of the articles used in the different processes.
4th. The possession of chemical knowledge, without which it is simply impossible to produce Ærated Waters in perfection.
The following Waters and Beverages are the principal ones prepared at the MEDICAL HALL FACTORY: Belfast Ginger Ale, Lemonade, Sarsaparilla, Winter Beverage, Summer Beverage, Soda Water, Seltzer Water, Potash Water, Kissengen Water, Vichy Water.
KENNETH, CAMPBELL & CO., Apothecaries to H.R.H. the Prince of Wales.
W. M. MASSEY, Agent for Ottawa. 472y

Spectacles for all Sights.

OPTICAL Instruments Electro-Magnetic and Galvanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.
W. HEARN, Market Drug Store, York-street.
637y

Miscellaneous.

D. CODD & CO.,
PATENT AGENTS, SOLICITORS, &c. Drawings, Specifications, Models, and all other business in connection with the procuring of Letters Patent of Invention, attended to at the shortest notice.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 741-6m

I. B. TACKABERRY'S
AUCTION ROOMS, No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any part of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

B. BILLINGS, JR.,
ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES:—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O & P R W 740tf

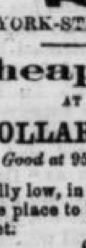
S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 378v

HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,
WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.
WILLIAM HOLGATE, JOHN OLIVER, WILLIAM ANNABLE.
506y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

LADIES CALL AT THE CAPITAL
Boot and Shoe Store!



YORK-STREET.
For Cheap Gaiters
AT
ONE DOLLAR A PAIR!
Good at 95 cents.
Men's ware equally low, in every variety of style.
This is the place to buy cheap at the "Capital," York-street.
429y GEORGE MURPHY.

VICTORIA
FURNITURE WAREROOMS.
GEORGE ARMSTRONG, Corner Victoria Square and Craig-street, Montreal, solicits a call from the Citizens of Ottawa about to furnish, who may visit Montreal to his very large and varied stock of FURNITURE which he will sell at greatly reduced prices for cash. The Parlor Furniture is of the best quality and latest designs, either plain or handsomely carved, in Walnut, oil finished or polished.
His Sideboards, Bookcases, Chamber Sets, Hall Furniture, &c., are worthy of attention.
Hair Mattrasses and Bedding of all description constantly on hand, or made to order, at the shortest notice. Call and examine for yourselves.
"Patent Sofa, with reclining arms, of a very superior make."
N.B.—Sole Agent in the Dominion for the sale of Gr A. FISKS' Air-Tight Metallic Casket. 712-3m

Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale.
THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his
Fine Bottled Ale!
Which is in splendid condition. Also,
Scotch Irish, Old Rye
And other Malt Whiskies,
Ports, Sherries, Brandies Gin, &c.,
To other with a General Assortment of
FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.
A Call kindly Solicited.
D. WHELAN, 44, Rideau-street, Opposite Allan's Crockery Store
Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

GEO. MAYES,
COPPER PLATE PRINTER,
Bank Street, Centre Town,
Between Sparks & Queen Streets.
Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

OTTAWA CROCKERY STORE
NEW GOODS.
JUST received ex S. S. "Damascus," 10 Hhds. of the finest English Glassware, selected expressly for the retail trade, comprising

CUT and ENGRAVED		
CHAMPAGNES,	do	PORT and SHERRY WINES,
LIQUEURS,	do	CLARETS, GOBLETS,
FINGER BOWLS,	do	CALF FOOT JELLIES,
CLARET JUGS,	do	TALL TUMBLERS,
FRUIT DISHES,	do	DECANTERS,
BUTTER COOLERS,	do	CELERY VASES,
	do	CARAFFS, &c., &c.

And a choice lot of delicate Straw Stem Wines, in Ports, Champagnes, Clarets, Sherries, Liqueurs, &c. All the above articles match in shape, pattern, &c., and are the best glass procurable in England.
W. ALLAN,
51 *RIDEAU STREET, (opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.)*
Ottawa, June 6, 1868. 574y

CRICKETING GOODS,
CROQUET, FISHING TACKLE
FOILS,
Masks & Boxing Gloves
AT THE
Sheffield House, Ottawa.
Ottawa, May 5, 1868.

1868. MAY. 1868.

J.A.PINARD & CO.,
ARE NOW SHEWING
New Dress Goods,
A good value in Striped, all Mohair, for 6d per yard.
New Prints,
A good variety of Patterns at 6d per yard.
New Grey Cottons,
A good Cotton, 40 inches wide, for 7d per yard.
New White Cottons,
A good heavy made Cotton for 6d per yard.
The Tailoring Department is replete with all the novelties of the season.
Cash buyers will find it their advantage to visit the above before purchasing else whe[re].
J. A. PINARD & Co., No. 17, Sussex-st., *Sign of the Golden Ball.*
Ottawa, May 5, 186[8]. 16y

HARDWARE, HARDWARE!
—AT—
Thomas Birkett's,
SIGN OF THE ANVIL,
No. 24 RIDEAU No. 24 STREET.

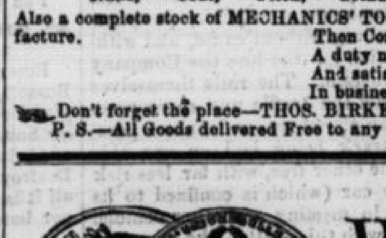
Come old and young, come short and tall,
Come rich and poor, come great and small,
Just call and see my stock in trade,
Hardware and paints of every grade.

A Complete Assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware constantly kept on hand at the SIGN of the ANVIL, T. BIRKETT, consisting in part of

Butts,	Axes,	Iron,	Paints, all colors,	Screws,	Saws,	Tin, Oils,
Locks,	Ropes,	Stoves,	Glass,	Coolers,	Putty,	Bolts, Chains,
Nails,	Coal,	Pitch,	Grindstones,	&c.,	&c.,	&c., &c.

Also a complete stock of MECHANICS' TOOLS of the most improved English and American manufacture.
Then Come and Examine my Stock,
A duty never shirk it,
And satisfaction will be got
In business with T. BIRKETT.
Don't forget the place—THOS. BIRKETT, Sign of the Anvil, No. 24, Rideau-street.
P. S.—All Goods delivered Free to any part of the city. 408y

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE
WERE AWARDED THEIR 67TH
Prize and Gold Medal, Paris,
1867.



Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.
Great rapidity, Simple Machinery, quiet in action, easy to operate, price from $47. *Prospectus free, and instructions gratis.*
G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa, and 105 King-st., West, Toronto.
Sole Agent for Ontario.
The "HOWE" SEWING MACHINES are the *best* for Carriage Trimmers, Harness Makers, Boot and Shoe Makers, are the best Shuttle Machine for Tailors, Dressmakers, Families, etc., etc. Price from $50. Prospectus free and instructions gratis.
479 43y R. W. STEPHEN, 37 Sparks-street, Ottawa.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.

"CAPITAL" 35, H.
STOVE SUSSEX MEADOWS
DEPOT! St. & CO.

WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall Stoves, for wood or coal we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.

Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW OVEN STOVES.

BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.

Suitable for private Dwellings and Churches Warehouses and Stoves

PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.

New and most beautiful designs, very cheap.

COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES.
Hot Air Furnaces.

We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON and COPPER WARE, RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with Stovepipes, &c., at reduced rates.

Lumbermen's Supplies! Lumbermen's Supplies! Shanty Plates! Basins! Camp Kettles, &c.
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS!
Bird Cages! Bird Cages! Bird Cages!
Price Lists sent free on application.
Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending purchasers would do well to note.
An inspection of the above goods invited at the
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, October 2 1867. 62-y

PROPOSED NEW ARMY DRILL.

On Saturday afternoon, 15th ultimo, the London Scottish Rifle Volunteer corps had a special drill, under Lord Elcho, on Wimbledon Common. This special drill was the practice, with, it is understood, the full concurrence of the Commander-in-Chief, of a new system of drill, which, if found successfull, will be incorporated in the Red Book. In this new system the word 'front' is altogether abolished, and the way in which the men are faced, or the direction in which they are moving, will be the front, except in the case of a temporary retirement, with the supernumerary rank leading. There will be no reference to 'proper rear or front rank," and under the system there can be no 'inversion' or clubbing possible. In telling off a battalion the commanding officer will only name the 'right wing' and 'left,' and companies will, without reference to any subsequent changes of position, always retain the figure or letter they received on the formation of the parade. The other important alterations are as follows: The captain or officer in command of a company will, in marching past in open column, when on the saluting base, be three paces in front of the centre of his company. When marching past in quarter distance or close column, or when in column or in line, the position of the captain will be in rear of his company in the centre of the supernumerary rank. He will, however, when drilling, move, at his discretion, to that flank or part of his company where his presence may for the time being be required or appear most useful. The lieutenant will, on the formation of the parade, be on the right and the ensign on the left of his company. These officers will never change their flank; but will lead, cover, and dress according to the word of command from the captain or commanding officer 'by the right,' or 'by the left.' When no flank is named dressing will be by the right. There being no special pivot flank, 'dressing' and 'covering' will be by the right or left, as ordered. When there is not on parade a sufficient number of subaltern officers for both flanks of companies vacancies will be temporarily filled by sergeants. The covering sergeant will in future occupy the same relative position to the lieutenant as he does now to the captain, and another sergeant will occupy the same relative position to the ensign. When firing the lieutenant and ensign will step to the rear, and their places will be filled by their respective sergeants who will also fire. A change of front to the rear when in column will be made by simply facing or turning to the right about, followed by the word of command "Supernumeraries take post," on which the supernumeraries of the then right subdivision and the supernumeraries of the then left subdivision will double round the right and left flanks of their respective subdivisions and form up in order in their rear. A change of front to the rear when in line will be made in like manner, the supernumeraries of companies forming the then right and left wings doubling round the right and left flanks of their respective companies. To enable this to be done the officers and sergeants on the flanks of companies will, when necessary, step two paces to the rear and one to the side towards their companies to enable the supernumerary rank to pass through. Flanks of wings stand fast. In all changes of front to the rear the officers and sergeants on the flanks of companies will relatively change places—that is, the officer will always be in the leading rank for the time being. When marching, or halted, in fours, on the word of command, 'right,' or 'left, form,' companies will be formed two deep to the right or left, as directed, regardless of front or rear rank. In all movements done on the march the leading company will move at a shortened pace. The leading fours of companies will also move at a shortened pace. In deployments on the march the officers commanding companies will move their companies diagonally as soon as the company immediately preceding gets the word to 'right, form,' or 'left, form.'—*Pall Mall Gazette.*

THE LIGHT THAT DID NOT DAWN ON THE ABYSSINIANS.—King Theodore, it is stated, advised his captains to attack the British by night, but they declined, and descended to their deaths by daylight. Had they obeyed, they would have had a new proof of the power which science can bring to bear in aid of slaughter. Sir Robert Napier had with him an apparatus for employing the magnesium lights on a grand scale. At a distance of 600 yards a bewildering blaze of light would have been thrown into the eyes of the Abyssinians, and the British, themselves in impenetrable shadow, would have shot down their lustrous enemies at leisure and ease. The poor Abyssinians would have been helpless as herrings with the electric ray streaming on the shoal! It is hardly war, such a contest; but it is better that civilization should be armed, than that barbarism should be triumphant.

RIFLE ASSOCIATION.—Pursuant to notice, a meeting was held in the Town council Chamber on Tuesday evening last, at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of organizing a Rifle Association for the County of Peterboro'.

T. Carnegie, Esq., M. P. P., was called to the chair, and Adjutant Kennedy appointed Secretary. After some explanations from the Chairman and Major Kennedy, the Constitution adopted for the Association at a former meeting was read; and on motion of the Rev. V. Clementi, was amended by providing for one Patron and one Vice-Patron, instead of several.

The following office-bearers were then appointed for the present year:—

Rev. V. Clementi, President; Lieut. Col. E. Poole, 1st Vice-President; J. Carnegie, Jr., M. P. P., 2nd do; Adjutant Wm. N. Kennedy, Secretary; and Mr D. S. Eastwood, of the Ontario Bank, Treasurer.

The following civilians were then chosen to act with the officers of the Volunteer Companies of the County as the Council of the Association:—Messrs D. W. Dumble, R. Romaine, A. H. Campble, George Read, M. P. P. M. Grover, M. P. T. Chambers, James S. Fowlds, and J. W. Gilmour.

It was understood that the Committee appointed at a previous meeting to enrol members, &c, would proceed with that duty at an early day, and the business of the meeting being now over, the proceeding closed. The attendance was small, and, like most other popular organizations, its success will depend mainly upon the energy and efforts of its officers. In this respect, the selection was fortunate, and gives ample guarantee of success.—*Peterborough Review.*

PRESENTATION.

The 100th Regiment paraded yesterday morning at 10 a.m., under the command of Major H. Cook, on the Champ de Mars, for the purpose of presenting a medal and an annuity of £10 per annum, for long and meritorious service, to their late Sergeant-Major, George Rance. The regiment having been formed in three sides of a square, the two Ensigns carrying the colors advanced to the centre, and the late Sergeant-Major standing between them, Major Cook, surrounded by the staff of the regiment, presented him with the medal, at the same time making the following appropriate speech. Addressing the regiment, the Commanding officer said:

"I have assembled you here to-day to witness the presentation of a medal for long and meritorious service to our late Sergeant-Major Rance. I have great pleasure in presenting him with this medal, bestowed upon him by Her Majesty—the greater as it is the first medal I have ever presented, and the recipient of it I know to be a good and worthy man. We have served together for several years, and I speak from experience. He had twenty-two years' service, and never had an entry in the defaulter's book. When he left the regiment, there was but one feeling amongst us—a feeling of regret; and I am proud that there is but one feeling now—one of pleasure at seeing our old Sergeant-Major again with us, standing in the honorable position he does. I trust you will all take him for an example, and will one day claim the same position, remembering that although you may cease to wear the red coat, Her Majesty still watches your interests, as instanced by the present ceremony."

We understand that the sergeants of the Regiment entertained Mr. Rance at a dinner last night in their mess, in the Victoria Barracks. Mr. Rance, if we mistake not, served with the 20th Regiment in the Crimea. For a long time he had charge of the Army Post-office at Scutari, where he won golden opinions from all ranks—from the general to the private. Why he has not been commissioned like his more fortunate brother, Captain Rance, late of the 28th Regiment, we are at a loss to know.—*Montreal News.*

Mr. Rance is now employed as office keeper in the Post-office of this city.—[ED. TIMES.

PRESENTATION AND SUPPER.—On Friday evening, the Sergeants of the 100th P W R C Regiment assembled in their mess room, Victoria Barracks, for the purpose of presenting Mr. George Rance, their late Sergeant-Major, with a handsomely silver-mounted walking-stick, and a gold locket. A bountiful repast having been done ample justice to, the cloth was removed, and toast-drinking and song-singing, became the order of the evening.

The chairman, Quarter-Master Sergt. J. Marsland, in proposing the first toast, regretted the inability of the Regimental Sergeant Major to be present, through sickness, on this happy occasion, and begged to propose the health of "Her most Gracious Majesty the Queen." Drank with musical honors.

The health of their "Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales, and the rest of the Royal Family." "Colonel Campbell, Major Cook, and the officers of the P.W.R.C. Regiment," were severally given and responded to with the greatest enthusiasm, the toasts being drunk with musical honors.

The chairman then said: "Brother Sergeants, a very pleasant duty now devolves upon me as your chairman this evening, and one which, I am afraid, I cannot give sufficient justice to, and that is, to present to our valuable old comrade, and Sergeant-Major, this walking-stick and locket, as a slight memento of our friendship towards him. Mr. Rance, in the name of the Sergeants of the 100th P. W. R. C. Regiment, I ask your acceptance of these gifts, and in doing so I know, as the commanding officer said this morning on parade, that there is only one feeling at present in the minds of us all, and that is, that you may live to a good old age, and, as perhaps when you now leave us, we may never see your face again, may these slight tokens of esteem serve to remind you of the many happy hours we have spent together." (Cheers.) I now propose the health of "Mr. George Rance, late Sergeant-Major of the 100th Regiment, and long life and happiness to him." Drank with musical honors.

Mr. Rance, who on rising, was received with loud cheers, said: "Mr. Chairman and my old comrades: when I left Ottawa to come here and receive my medal, I had no idea that I should be so honored as I have been this day. To be placed between the colors of my old Regiment, and there, in the presence of a full parade, have my medal affixed to my breast by my Commanding officer; to hear the kind remarks he passed on my late career in Her Majesty's service; and lastly, to receive, this evening, these other marks of respect from my old comrades, are honors I did not expect, and which I hope will never be effaced from my memory. (Cheers.) I should like to say a word about the Service; it is wonderfully altered, for the better, since the day I joined, and my advice to you all is, never leave it,—for if a man is not a skilled mechanic, the army is the best place for him, and if he is steady and attentive, the same honors await him that I have received this day. With regard to these beautiful presents, I thank you from the bottom of my heart. I shall keep them as long as I live. I shall hand them down as heirlooms to my family when I die, and I hope that my children, and my children's children, will always look upon them with the same feeling as I do at the present moment. (Cheers.) Comrades, once more I thank you for the honor you have this evening conferred upon me, and beg to propose the health of our worthy chairman." Cheers.

Other toasts and songs followed in quick succession, and having given three times three cheers for the Queen, the company parted at midnight, having spent a pleasant evening.

THE IRISH CHURCH.

Mr. Bright's Speech in Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, June 3.—Mr. Bright, having accepted an invitation of the Welsh National Reform Association to visit Liverpool during the annual gathering which is held at Whitsuntide, addressed a crowded meeting, composed chiefly of natives of the Principality, in the amphitheatre last night. Mr. William Williams, a member of the town council, occupied the chair, and opened the proceedings in a brief address, a portion of which was delivered in the Welsh language. He called upon, all Welshmen to shake off their political apathy and to agitate an increase of representation for the Principality. The Rev. H. Richards moved the first resolution: "That this meeting of the Welsh Reform Association cordially approve of the principles of justice contained in the resolutions for the disestablishment of the Irish Church lately carried in the House of Commons, and pledges itself to exert its influence throughout Wales to secure the return of Liberal candidates at the next election." He claimed that the representatives of Wales were chosen by a few wealthy landowners, by whom the most cherished religious and political institutions of the Welsh people were habitually mi-represented.

The Rev. Dr. Lees seconded the motion, speaking the Welsh dialect.

Mr. Bright, who was received with several rounds of cheers, in supporting the resolution, said that the people of Wales had on many occasions shown themselves capable of great resolution and powers of organization; and now that the nation was called upon to decide the greatest question ever submitted to it, he hoped it would not be settled without the voice of Wales being heard in its support. This question was the disestablishment of the Protestant Church in Ireland, and apart from the natural sentiment, in favor of justice, the people of Wales were, from clear political and religious circumstances, more deeply interested in this question. For centuries the Crown and the aristocracy had governed Ireland, but there had hitherto been no real union, and until very lately no good government. For three hundred years there had been but the principle of political and religious ascendancy, against which the Irish people had vainly protested. The result had been three hundred years of misery, bloodshed, and insurrection. It was only under the influence of the struggle with the American colonies that England had released her cruel rule, and it was not until so recently as 1829 that her code of pains and disabilities was materially relaxed, but even to this day, the Protestant Establishment was the sign and symbol of that hateful rule, and, if possible, of a still more hateful religious ascendancy. He pointed out the results of this policy, which was not only seriously prejudicial to the greater interests of England, but in the opinion of many wise persons to the State Church itself. Whatever might be the advantages of a State Church, they could not be allowed to interfere with the highest Imperial interests of the sacred principles of equality and justice; but there was no one out of Bedlam, or even in Bedlam, who would not at the state of things in Ireland fail to condemn a religious establishment so hateful and offensive to the great bulk of the Irish people, whose sole aim and object was political and not religious equality. Who was it that supported this state of things? It was the Tory party—a party who had invariably opposed every measure of justice and wisdom that had been proposed for either England or Ireland. Now, what was it that Mr. Gladstone in his resolutions proposed to do? It was to reduce the Episcopal Church in Ireland to precisely the same condition that it was in Scotland and in the colonies, what the Wesleyan Church was in Wales and in England, and the Free Church in Scotland. Having pointed out the results which would follow from the disestablishment of the Irish Church in promoting the peace and tranquility of Ireland, and adding to the strength and stability of the Empire, he called upon the people of Wales to do their share in obtaining this great success. They had shown a remarkable organization in religious matters, and now they were called upon to exert the same qualities in a field hardly less important. They were frugal, industrious, and most orderly as citizens. The arms which their forefathers used could not contend with the power of England, but they could now exert a far more effective power in the cause of justice and equality by uniting with every wise and intelligent man in the United Kingdom, and by making a significant addition to the Liberal majority which had already concluded the question now before Parliament and the country. The honorable gentleman sat down amid loud cheers.

Mr. Vernon Harcourt also addressed the meeting, and the resolution was passed by acclamation. Other resolutions followed, affirming the necessity of increased representation for Wales, and the proceedings terminated.

INTERNATIONAL COPYRIGHT.

The Boston *Advertiser* says:

The friends of International copyright, and of the interests of American authors, will be gratified by a recent English decision on that question, in a case that had been carried up to the House of Lords. The case is briefly this: Miss Cummins, a citizen of the United States, went to Canada, and, while residing there, her work "Haunted Hearts" was published in England. Copyright was claimed, and the case was a prosecution for violation of it. Lord Cairns, who delivered the opinion, concurred in by the other law lords who were present, said there were three questions to be determined: 1. Where, in order to obtain a title to copyright, must publication take place? 2. What is the area over which the protection of this copyright extends? 3. Who is entitled to the protection of this copyright? In answer to these three questions, Lord Cairns said:

"Firstly, it is clear that to obtain the benefit of the act the publication must take place in the United Kingdom. Secondly, I have no doubt that the area over which the protection extends is the whole of the British dominions. Thirdly, which is the most important, I hold that every author who publishes in the United Kingdom is entitled to the protection of copyright, wheresoever he may be resident, and to what sovereign soever he may be subject. The aim of the legislature was to increase the stock of literature in the country; and if an alien publishes in this country, and so adds to that stock of literature, he is entitled in return to the benefit of this act."

The liberality of this decision is the more noticeable from the fact that it concedes more than was claimed in the case pending, and extends the protection of the act of parliament over every author whose works are deemed worthy of reproduction in Great Britain, wherever the author himself may reside. It is no longer necessary for an American writer to pitch his tent in Canada, while the process of publication abroad is going forward. He can remain undisturbed by his own fireside with the assurance that the book he has chosen to publish in England will be as safe under the protection of English law as if his own personal allegiance were there also. It is an important step toward the solution of the copyright question; the next step is to protect from piracy the author who has not published his works abroad; and that step will doubtless be taken as soon as our government is disposed to extend reciprocal protection.

MESSRS. Young & Radford having secured the services of first-class working jewellers in etruscan, filagree, plain, fancy and solid gold work, and having made large additions to their work shop are now better prepared to execute any orders with which they may be entrusted than heretofore. Masonic jewels gold and silver medals, and every kind of gold and silver work done on the shortest possible notice. Remember the place, 30 Sparks-st., and encourage home manufacture

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Insolvent Act of 1864—Edw. F. Dartnell.
House to Let.
Skating Rink Music Hall—Edmund Coles.

The Ottawa Times

FRIDAY, JUNE 19, 1868.

☞ *For Markets see Fourth Page.*

There was a full meeting of the Privy Council yesterday afternoon. Several matters of importance were under consideration.

We understand that His Excellency's proclamation will immediately issue for the observance of the first of July—Dominion day—as a day of general rejoicing. We presume the proclamation will be of the same tenor as that of last year.

La Minerve says the Hon. Messrs. Chauveau and Dunkin are on their way to the capital, to confer with the Canadian Government on the subject of Immigration. The *Gazette* says they come "to confer with the "leader of Lower Canada about the crisis in "the Government of Quebec, which now "undoubtedly exists."

The *Gazette* also says that Messrs. Archambault and Ouimet have tendered their resignations in the Cabinet of Quebec, and that the difficulty has reference to the Queen's Printership and some appointments to office.

We had intended to refer at length before this time to the sixth annual report of the Board of Prison Inspectors for 1866, but circumstances have prevented us. Nor do we at present purpose making a lengthy review of the labors of the Board, as set forth in the report, but our attention has been attracted by an article in the *Leader* to the remarks made on the Ottawa gaol in the "separate report" of Mr. Ferres. This gentleman has evidently fallen into a mistake in regard to the dieting of the prisoner, with which the gaoler has nothing at all to do. The following are Mr. Ferres's remarks, from which it will be seen that he is very severe on the gaoler:

"I visited this gaol on the 22nd January with Dr. Tasse, and again on the 10th May with Mr. O'Neill.

"The extravagant practice of allowing the Gaoler to supply the prisoners with provisions is continued here. He receives 25 cents for males, and 24 cents for females per day. A calculation of the cost shewed:—

For males	$1,677 00
For females	862 50
	$2,539 50

"I have no reason to believe that the provisions cost one-half of that amount. The county is, therefore, paying about $1,200 to the Gaoler, for which it receives no value whatever. This evil arrangement ought to be put a stop to.

The cost of water amounts to a very large sum, too—my calculation brought it to more than $1,100 per annum, a saving of most of which could be effected if tanks were constructed in the yards to preserve the rain water.

"The attention of the County Council has been directed to both of these matters, but the County Council seem as loath to save money about their Prison as other Councils are to expend any on theirs. In this respect they stand before the country as a great exception to the general rule. But however they may look after the money interests of their constituents, they certainly put a large sum of it into the pockets of the Gaoler, the half of which they might well save."

The above, in so far as the gaoler is concerned, is exceedingly unjust, because it is entirely untrue. That functionary has no more responsibility in the premises, and is no more to be blamed for it, than Mr. Ferres himself, and we ask the *Leader*, as a simple matter of justice to the present incumbent of the office—Mr. Alex. Powell—to state that the contract for feeding the prisoners is let out by the County Council *not* to the gaoler, who does not supply a penny's worth, but to another party, entirely unconnected with him. We are surprised that Mr. Ferres did not get at the real facts of the case, as then, whatever he may have had to say against the County Council, he would not have reflected upon the Governor of the gaol.

Mr. T. J. O'Neill, in his separate report, incidentally gives the Governor of the Ottawa gaol credit for the manner in which it is kept, while pointing out the insufficiency of the means for employing the prisoners at "hard "labor." We may also say that every Grand Jury of every Court held since Mr. Alex. Powell was appointed has spoken in the highest terms of praise of his management. Mr. O'Neill says of the Ottawa gaol:

"This spacious new gaol is usually kept in the best order. On the occasion of this visit I found it to require white-washing, and recommended that it should be done at the earliest opportunity.

"The only employment for the male prisoners is the cutting of the firewood for the Court House offices and for the gaol, which, during the summer, can hardly afford employment for more than a single prisoner. This, and pumping water for the prison purposes from the basement story to a tank in the garret, constitute the sole "hard labor" the prisoners undergo. Other employment should be devised by the gaol authorities to break the long periods of idleness the prisoners must enjoy here.

"The insecurity of the work yard (owing to a portion of the surrounding wall being much too low) has been pointed out by the Inspectors, and should be remedied at once. The mode of dieting the prisoners, so often condemned by the Inspectors, is still continued, at much loss to the public. The rate charged is nearly a hundred per cent. above the average cost."

It is unfortunate that the City Corporation should have fallen foul of the Street Railway Company's charter. It has set on foot three separate measures for obstructing the operations of the Company; an application to Parliament to amend the charter; an appeal to the Dominion Government to disallow the amended charter passed at Toronto last year, and a chancery suit to restrain the company from going on with the work under the terms of their charter.

Before considering the propriety or otherwise of these proceedings, we have to remark again upon this difficulty between the Corporation and the Company, that if the former is right now it was very much wrong in 1866. At that time the charter was obtained under the very eyes of the Corporation, and not a word was said against it. The people who took any notice of it at all regarded it as a desirable public improvement, and not a member of the Corporation, to our knowledge, had a single word to say against it. It was not until the Company desired an extension of time, and provision for the running of freight cars, that the Corporation got alarmed, and discovered that the charter contained objectionable features. Now, to have been fair to the Company, the Corporation should at least have allowed to pass unopposed at Toronto those provisions in the charter which passed unchallenged at Ottawa. But this was not done, and the Corporation continues its hostility, notwithstanding the reasonable concessions which were made last fall.

As the Corporation did not publish the whole of the correspondence between the Joint Committee and the Directors of the Company, we insert to-day the four conditions demanded by the committee on behalf of the Corporation, and the Company's reply thereto, from which our readers will be able to judge for themselves how unreasonably exacting the Corporation has been upon the Company, and how fully the Company is justified in having declined to accede to the conditions named. The reply of the Directors is, we think, unanswerable, and so the Corporation is having recourse to the three measures above indicated for the purpose of annulling the charter.

The first—the appeal to Parliament—is far from likely to prove successful. It will be hard to convince the Legislature that there are any extraordinary powers or privileges in it detrimental to the interests of the city; or that a single track with switches and turn-outs would be more obstructive to travel than a double track, or that a passenger car crossing the Sapper's bridge on rails, is more likely to impede travel than if the rails were not there. The appeal to the Dominion Government to disallow the charter is still less likely to succeed. It was stated by the Minister of Justice that the disallowing power could only be exercised with safety under one of two conditions: either where the jurisdiction was not vested in the Local Government, or a matter of doubt; or where, if the jurisdiction was undoubted, the Act was calculated to do great public injury. In this case there can be no doubt of the jurisdiction of the Ontario Legislature, and unless the Corporation has grounds of objection to the charter of which we have never heard, it will be utterly impossible to make out a case of great public injury, or, indeed, of any injury at all that is not more than counterbalanced to the public by the benefits and conveniences which the street railway will confer upon them. There is not, therefore, even a remote chance of the Government's disallowing the charter.

The third measure proposed is a resort to the law courts to restrain the Company, and this, of course, will be done at the cost of the citizens. At this stage we have a right to enquire whose battle is the Corporation fighting at public expense? If private interests are aggrieved, let the parties affected take up their own case; for we are quite sure the great body of the citizens will be pleased to see the Railway Company working under their charter as it is. Upon the whole, we think the attitude of the Corporation exceedingly unreasonable, and altogether unwarranted by the facts, and the sooner it abandons the contest with the Company the better will it be for its own reputation for good sense. Of one thing the members may rest assured, the people will not view with complacency the frittering away of their money in legal proceedings, which in the end will no doubt prove abortive, and leave the charter just where it was.

COUNTY COUNCIL.

Thursday, June 18, 1868.

Pursuant to adjournment the Council met at 10 a. m.

Present—John Holmes, Esq., Warden, and Messrs. Sykes, Caldwell, Mills, Dow, McCaffery, Graham, Tremblay, Morgan, Cowan, Smith, Cummings, Hinton, Green, Dawson, Fraser and Mohr.

The minutes of the preceding day were read and approved.

Moved by Mr. Hinton, seconded by Mr. Green, that this Council do now continue the grant of $100 to the Protestant Hospital on the same conditions as last year—the Warden to give his order on the Treasurer for the same. Also, a like sum to the Roman Catholic Hospital, provided they relieve patients on the same conditions as the Protestant Hospital.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Cowan, seconded by Mr. Morgan, that the Warden be requested to notify the Mayor of the city of Ottawa, in answer to his communication of the 17th instant, that the object of the Council in appointing a committee to confer with a committee of the City Council, so that some mutual arrangement might be agreed upon between the City and County, and if not that arbitrators might be appointed who would be wholly disinterested on behalf of either. If the City Council decline to appoint a Committee this Council shall feel justified in acting as they may think proper.—Carried.

The County Solicitor appeared at the Council Board, and gave his opinion as to the liability of the County Corporation to rebuild and keep in repair the bridge between the City of Ottawa and the village of New Edinburgh.

Moved by Mr. Morgan, seconded by Mr. Hinton, that the Council having heard the opinion of J. B. Lewis, Esq., Solicitor for the Corporation, regarding the bridge leading to New Edinburgh, consider that they have no right to rebuild or grant aid for the said bridge.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Cummings, seconded by Mr. Morgan, that a by-law be now introduced granting aid for the rebuilding of the bridge known as Sandy Hill bridge, and that the same be now read a first time.—Carried.

The by-law was then introduced and read a first time.

Moved by Mr. Fraser, seconded by Mr. Sykes, that the Council do now adjourn till 2 p.m., to-day.—Carried.

The Council then adjourned.

For soups and potted meats go to Bate & Co., 52 Spark-st. 762d

The Vocabulary of a Shoemaking Town.—A Lynn correspondent of the Providence (R.I.) *Journal* is facetious. He says: "One must reside in Lynn more than a day to understand fully all that is said to him, hence my inability to do justice to the place. I found that a whole-souled fellow means one whose boots have never been in the hands of a cobbler; and when my attention was called to the last factory, I was not to understand that it was the latest structure erected for manufacturing purposes. The best footing here means something more than hemlock sides, and lasting ties are not always bonds of affection. A promise to give one your all would probably be misunderstood, and before you were prepared for any demonstration you might find yourself treed. A shabby fellow is no better than split leather; pegged out here means a broken constitution, and an invalid is one who needs re-vamping. At noon a hungry man goes home for some lining; and to their credit be it said, few of them ever welt their wives. In Lynn a shaver is not necessarily a barber, nor a paster a poster, any more than a heeler is a doctor. Slips are not mishaps, I find, nor is crimping looked upon as unbecoming in any one. But what boots it! The vocabulary of these industrious people is very extensive, and when one gets his foot in he takes to it as readily as those to the manor born."

LOCAL NEWS.

For jams and jellies go to Bate & Co., 52, Spark-st. 762d

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

Bog Oak Jewellery.—Very handsome sets of bog oak jewellery can be had at Young & Radford's, at $1 per set.

Several bargain lots have been brought forward from the wholesale department for the removal sale at Magee & Russell's.

Wedding Celebration.—We learn from some of the workmen at Currier's mills that their employer, J. M. Currier, Esq., M. P., a notice of whose marriage on Wednesday will be found in another column, gave a feast on a sumptuous scale, the same evening, to all the hands in his employ—such a feast as may never fall to their lot again. It comprised all the choice delicacies of the season, with beer, champagne, and other wines, which make glad the heart of man. The men made speeches and sung songs in praise of the bridegroom and his bride, of which the happy pair might well feel proud, more proud than of the most labored epithalamium of a laureate.

Extra for the Volunteers.—In the afternoon session yesterday the County Council agreed to supplement the pay of the County Volunteers to the extent of 25 cents per day, in addition to the Government pay, in case of their being called out for active service. Capt. Fraser, of Fitzroy, tried very hard for 50 cts, but failed.

Meteorological Observations.—(Reported by Wm. Hearn, Market Drug Store, York-st.)
June 18, 1868.

Shade.
8 a. m., 77 above zero.
1 p. m., 97 " "

Greatest heat 107; greatest cold 70—mean during 24 hours 88. Greatest heat registered in the sun 135.

United States Musical Review.—We have received from Messrs. Hauser and Fulton, booksellers and newsdealers, the June number of this magazine, which contains a variety of good reading matter, in which, among other matters, we find a good article on Ole Bull and his genius. It also contains fifteen pages of music. The *Review* appears this month in a neat cover. It is constantly growing in popularity, and is very cheap.

Coroner's Inquest.—Dr. VanCortlandt held an inquest at the Chaudiere yesterday morning, on the body of the man who dropped dead on Wednesday afternoon. It was shown in evidence that the deceased had been employed on the same morning piling lumber, at which he continued working till between two and three o'clock, when he was seen to run partly around a lumber pile and drop. Samuel Todd, formerly of the 100th Regiment, and at present in the Ottawa Police Force, was called and identified the deceased as Jas. Timmany, late of the 100th Regiment, with whom he served ten years. The jury gave as their verdict that deceased died from apoplexy produced by sun-stroke.

A Most Painful Accident.—Yesterday morning as the men employed on the new building of Messrs. Magee and Russell were removing a portion of the scaffolding, an axe was knocked down from the high wall, which fell into the adjoining premises of Mr. John Leslie, jeweller. A son of Mr. Leslie, a fine boy of about thirteen years of age, was playing in the yard at the time, and unfortunately the axe struck his foot, just above the heel, cutting through the boot and dividing the large tendon, with nerves, arteries and veins, making a fearful gash, rendering him incapable of motion. Dr. McGillivray was immediately summoned, and instantly proceeded to take such measures as were best calculated to secure a re-uniting of the parts. The doctor hopes that if the excessive heat of the weather should soon abate, he may be able to secure his object. This is a great misfortune to the family, and deeply regretted by a large circle of friends and acquaintances.

Theatrical.—Coles' Dramatic Company played at the Rink last night Buckstone's three act comedy entitled *Married Life*, which was very creditably presented, and gave very general satisfaction. Mr. Coles, whom we have seen here before, acquitted himself remarkably well, and gained great applause in his personation of "Henry Dove," the husband of the retired schoolmistress. Mr. A. Becket as "Samuel Coddle" is undoubtedly an actor of superior merit, and afforded great amusement, and received applause as his reward. Mr. Slevin did the little allotted to him in a manner to convince one that he is capable of doing a great deal more. The actresses were all passable, the best being Miss Stocqueller. Edwina Gray, as "Mrs. Samuel Coddle," acquitted herself remarkably well. Miss Warner danced so well as to be rapturously encored. The operatic bagatelle of *Jenny Lind* was very amusing, the life of it being sustained by Miss Stocqueller, and Messrs. Coles and A. Becket. This evening the company presents an entirely new bill.

Police Court.—Luc Perillard, found drunk on the public streets; fined $2 and costs.—John Conway was charged with fighting and making preparations for a big family broil. When arrested he had a brick in his hand for the purpose of using it in making a smash in the house. The prisoner was remanded till this morning, for the purpose of calling in the aid of the neighbors of Mr. Conway to assist in the investigation.—A man named Jones was fined $2 and costs for striking a boy with a stick. The defendant pleaded extreme provocation in the way of abusive and opprobrious language.—Rattier, a stranger in the city, was arrested for being drunk and disorderly. Sergeant Davis testified that he had considerable trouble to bring prisoner to the station, and that he struck at him violently several times after the arrest was made; fined $5.00 or three weeks in jail at hard labor.—Arthur Owens, butcher, was charged with keeping a slaughter house on his premises. Evidence shewed the place to be perfectly clean at present, and the case was dismissed.

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

Carpets and House Furnishings.—Garland Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality. They have just received a large stock and invite the attention of parties furnishing to it. Purchasers will find their stock in this department second to none in Ottawa. 582-y

Health is Strength.—To prevent or conquer disease is one of the grandest attainments ever aimed at by man; and Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers will as sure cure coughs, colds, tickling in the throat and pulmonary complaints, as war and pestilence will destroy. Severe colds if not attended to sooner or later lead to incurable consumption, and the strength of the strongest soon fails if neglected. The readiest and best means known for the cure of these complaints is "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers," which have been thoroughly tried for the last twenty years, and have never been known to fail. Singers and public speakers will also derive great benefit from the use of them. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts. per box.

Latest by Telegraph.

FROM TORONTO.

The Toronto Races.

Special to THE TIMES.

Toronto, June 18, 1868.

The interest in the races continues unabated. There were almost as many spectators present to-day as yesterday. The enthusiasm was most intense. The races this season are certainly a great success. The following are the names of the winners; Garrison hurdle race—Bieber's *Citadel*; Newmarket plate—*Ino*; Toronto stakes—Smith's *Handrych*. The course was won by *Charger*. Hurdle race—Captain Payne's *Starlight*. Consolation stakes—Ryan's *Sligo*.

There is nothing else of any interest transpiring in the city.

CABLE NEWS

(Via Montreal Line)

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

THE IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT.

Debate on Petition of the Nova Scotians.

Refusal of a Committee of Enquiry.

London, June 17.—In the House of Commons on Tuesday night, an interesting debate took place on the petition of the people of Nova Scotia, against the Canadian Union Act. Mr. John Bright moved that a commission be appointed to enquire into the cause of the discontent in Nova Scotia, in regard of the operation of the Act of Confederation. Mr. Bright supported his motion with a speech, in which he declared that an investigation into this matter could not be otherwise than advantageous; if it was refused the people of Nova Scotia would feel that they were victims of a policy with which they did not and could not sympathize. Such refusal would increase their hostility to Canada, estrange them from England, and give a powerful stimulus to their sympathy with the United States. Justice to the people of Nova Scotia, and generosity to the U. S. demanded this enquiry. The Ministry would be greatly to blame should any untoward event result from a refusal to grant this demand. Mr. Baxter, member for Montrose, seconded the motion made by Mr. Bright, and the Right Hon. C. B. Adderly, Under Secretary of the Colonial Department, rose to reply for the Government. He acknowledged that discontent prevailed in the Province of Nova Scotia. He took occasion to deny the correctness of a statement made by Mr. Bright in a speech on the 15th of last May, to the effect that the passage of the Canadian Union Act in Parliament here was not final, but merely preliminary to its confirmation by the Acts of the Legislatures of each of the Provinces concerned. The right hon. gentleman continued by declaring that the appointment of this Commission of Enquiry would be a great evil, and would be considered an insult by the Dominion of Canada. He informed the House that steps had been taken by the Government to allay the present feeling in the North American Provinces; he said this feeling was not so bitter as had been represented, for the Acts of the Canadian Parliament sitting at Ottawa had since been approved of by the Nova Scotians, and whatever discontent still existed would probably disappear, as the people of that Province had no reason now to apprehend an increase of taxation or expenditure.

After further discussion a division of the House took place on Mr. Bright's motion, and resulted as follows: for the Commission of Enquiry 87; against 180; majority against 73.

Later in the evening the Irish Church Appointments Suspensory Bill was passed to a third reading.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

London, June 18.—A despatch from Shanghae, dated May 21, says the siege of Tientsin, the port of Pekin, had been raised by the rebels.

London, June 18.—Increase of specie in the Bank of England since last week, £336,000.

Liverpool, June 18.—Geo. Francis Train attempted to speak at the Exchange last evening but was hissed.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Via Montreal Line.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Seizure of Fenian Arms by the American Government.

Burlington, Vt., June 18.—Eight tons of arms taken from Fenians by the United States Government, passed through this city this afternoon, by the National Express *en route* from St. Albans to New York.

Testimonial to a New Brunswick Captain.

Washington, June 18.—Senate—Mr. Chandler, chairman of Committee on Commerce, called up resolution directing the Secretary of State to present to Geo. Wright, master of the British brig *J. & G. Wright*, of St. John, N.B., a gold chronometer as a recompense for his services in saving the lives of three American seamen wrecked on the *Lizzie, Choate*, of Mass.

Base Ball.

Detroit, June 18.—A game between the Atlantic and Detroit Base Ball Clubs resulted in a score of 40 to 7 in favor of the Atlantic.

Boat Race for the Championship of America.

Philadelphia, June 18.—The boat race for the championship of America took place to-day, between Hamell and Coulter. The race commenced about 3 o'clock. They started from the upper state boat, Hamell led Coulder at the start very slightly, but after proceeding down about half a mile, for some reason at present unknown, their boat collided, and they both upset. Coulter reached his boat and proceeded on around the course. Hamell was picked up by a boat in the vicinity, and was by it brought back to the starting point. It is proposed this event ends the race to-day. The referees will have to decide whether the fouling was done purposely or not.

"Pacification" of Mexico.

Washington, June 18.—Senor Romero says that the prospect in Mexico of an entire pacification and general prosperity were never more encouraging. The Government has a standing army of 20,000 men, regularly paid, and no causes of alarm.

From Port-au-Prince.

New York, June 18.—The *Herald's* Port-au-Prince special says that the siege is still going on. Baez was offering the bay and peninsula of Samana as security for a loan of $1,000,000 from the United States.

Terrible Rain Storm in Jamaica.

The *Herald's* Kingston (Jamaica) special says: The rain has been falling here in torrents, and the injury done to the plantations is immense. A river that had been dried up was suddenly flooded. The water rising to the height of forty feet. An immense amount of property was driven along by the torrents. We had a violent shock of earthquake.

McClellan Proposes Hancock for President

The *Herald's* special says Gen. McClellan has written a letter expressing the opinion that Gen. Hancock is the best man to lead the Democrats in the Presidential contests. If nominated Gen. McClellan will take an active part in the campaign.

President Johnson in favor of Chase for the Presidency.

The *Tribune's* special says it is reported Chief Justice Chase, on his return from Richmond, had an interview with the President, reporting the information he had obtained regarding the condition of affairs in the South. It is understood the President informed the Chief Justice in this interview that he was very desirous that the Democrats should nominate the Chief Justice for the Presidency, and that he would receive his support. The President said that under no cirumstances would he support Pendleton.

A New Issue of Certificates.

The *Herald's* special says the Senate Finance Committee will soon report in favor of the issue of $25,000,000 of 3 per cent. certificates, as recommended by the Secretary of the Treasury, to enable him to redeem an equal amount of compound interest notes.

PROPOSITIONS MADE BY THE JOINT COMMITTEE TO THE OTTAWA CITY PASSENGER RAILWAY COMPANY.

1st. That but one track be laid in any street in the city, except by special agreement in writing, between the Railway Company and the Corporation.

2nd. That the right of the city to repair the streets, open drains, lay gas or water pipes, be acknowledged by the railway company in writing, and that the company shall have no claim against the Corporation for damages while such repairs or works are in progress.

3rd. That no track be laid across the Sappers' Bridge while it is in its present state, but that the Directors of the Company, and the Corporation, shall use joint exertions to have it widened, and a new bridge erected from Wellington to Rideau-sts.

4th. That the company shall use sleighs, instead of carriages, from the commencement of the sleighing until the end thereof.

Henry J. Friel,
John P. Featherston,
Charles Goulden,
A. Pratt,
C. W. Bangs,
Robert Hunter,
George Hay,
F. McDougal,
Thomas Hunton.

Ottawa, 25th March, 1868.

REPLY OF THE DIRECTORS O.C.P. R.R. Co., TO THE PROPOSITIONS OF THE JOINT COMMITTEE.

Office of the Ottawa City Passenger R.R. Co., New Edinburgh, April 4, 1868.

The Directors have had under consideration the propositions of the Joint Committee, submitted on 25th March, and the explanations of same of 30th March.

Of the four propositions, the first three only are important, because as to the fourth there would be no difference.

Two of the propositions, those relating to the double track and Sappers' Bridge (the 1st and 3rd) may be urged on stronger grounds than the remaining one (the 2nd) which relates to street repairs, because that simply involves the question whether the Corporation of Ottawa, or the Street Railway Company, shall sustain possible charges which the Legislature of Canada has not imposed upon the Street Railway Company. As this is the least important proposition, it may at once be disposed of. The proposition is two-fold, it seeks the acknowledgment (by the Street Railway Company) of the right of the city to do certain things in the street, a right which this company is not empowered, and never has intended, to dispute; and secondly, that "the Company shall have no claim against the Corporation for damages, while such repairs or works are in progress." The Company can only be damaged by the interruption of its traffic. As a matter of fact, it is not found to be necessary in other cities to interrupt traffic for the purpose of street repairs or works. The traffic of the Street Railway is of such public importance that every effort is made, and no difficulty is experienced in carrying on street works without interrupting it.

The Directors believe that any inconvenience to the making of street repairs, arising from the railway tracks, will be outweighed by the greater public convenience of the railway, and they assume that this was the view of the Legislature and of the Corporation of Ottawa, when the charter was granted.

The Directors are gratified to find the Corporation has not insisted upon the maintenance of the streets between and outside the tracks as urged at Toronto, and they take this opportunity of assuring the Corporation and the citizens that if they could depend upon earning more than the amount necessary to pay working expenses, they would not object to become liable for items assumed by Street Railway Companies in larger cities. But they feel it would be deceptive on their part to promise what they may be unable to perform, and they are sure the good sense of the people will acknowledge that obligations to bear certain burdens are of no value without there is adequate responsibility. It is in this view that the Company is unwilling to assume burdens it is incapable of sustaining, and they wish to meet the second proposition fairly—if the Corporation seek the right to interrupt the traffic of the street railway at will, without compensation. The Directors are convinced that this would be ruinous to the Company, and destructive to the usefulness of the railway. If this right be not sought, the Directors are unable to see any necessity for the proposition. In any case it is a mere money question of trifling importance to the Corporation, as compared with the Company, and the question is merely which is most able, and which, under all the circumstances, ought to bear the cost, if any.

With respect to the third proposition, that no track be laid across Sappers' Bridge while in its present state, the Directors feel that this amounts to an indefinite postponement of the railway without cause, and without compensation for the loss the Company may thereby sustain. The rails themselves will not obstruct the traffic any more upon this bridge than elsewhere, and as to a passing car, the track being laid on one side would leave the other free, with far less risk in meeting the car (which is confined to its position) than in meeting any other vehicle. In connection with this matter, the Directors assume that the parapets of this bridge will be removed, as they form an obstruction each greater than the combined width of both, for if removed there would be a solid roadway ample for three vehicles abreast.

The Directors have purposely reserved the first proposition until the last, because it is not only the most important to both parties, but they feel it is the only one point of necessary difference.

The Directors can only account for this unexpected opposition to the provisions of a charter obtained here less than two years ago, without opposition by either the Corporation or any of the citizens, on the assumption that the project was so hopeless a one that there was no prospect of its being realized; and that with reference to the double track provision it was supposed that a single track would probably be more than could be accomplished. Experience has established that a double track, while accommodating the public far better, can be worked at much less cost, and will earn much more money than a single one with its necessary turnouts or switches. The Directors have, therefore, come to the conclusion that it was most important to attain the maximum of earnings with the minimum of expenditure, in a case where it was problematical whether or not a Street Railway could be maintained.

The Directors believe that the interests of the general public will be best consulted by a double track, in preference to a single one with "switches or turnouts." Wherever there is a switch there is a double track, and if it were true, as has been alleged, that a double track would block up the street, the same result must take place with a single track at every place where there is a turnout, because the two tracks which form the turn-out must occupy the same position in the street which a double track will. It is capable of proof, therefore, that a street wide enough for a single track is, as to the question of room for vehicles to stand before the shops, equally wide for a double one. Unless the single track is placed in the centre of the street, (in which case it would probably be over a sewer) it must occupy the same position on one side of the centre, as if the track were doubled. By leaving six feet of the centre of the street as the space between the tracks, the distance between the rail and sidewalk will be 13 feet in a 66 feet street, and 10 feet in a 60 feet street, which is ample for drawing up in front of shops while the car is passing. If a Street Railway is in this respect to be an injury to the shops, it would seem that the only difference between a single and double track, is that in the former case only one side of the street would be affected, except at the switches, while in the other both sides would be on a par. With a single track, therefore, the Company (or Corporation) will be compelled to make a selection of one side of the street for the main track, against the wishes of shopkeepers on that side, and a location of switches equally obnoxious to shops opposite on the other side.

To the driving public, the switches are the most objectionable feature in Street Railways, because by their connection with the main track at each end the rails cross the street diagonally, and this with the moveable bar, and wing rail, affect the roadway, as far as they go, more unfavorably than the parallel rails of the double track.

To the travelling public, the effect of switches is detention. When a car reaches a switch, it cannot pass there, unless the one from the opposite direction has arrived, and it is impossible in the varying conditions of the streets in this climate so to work time tables as to avoid delays. In consequence of the necessity of providing for this probable delay the time table over the whole length must be lengthened, so that a car must be allowed three quarters of an hour to go through on a single line, where half an hour would be sufficient on the double line. It follows from this that to make the same number of trips per diem, or rather to run a car every quarter of an hour, five cars will be wanted instead of four—the extra car requiring eight extra horses and two extra men. There is thus an increase of 25 per cent. in the working expenses, while it is estimated that the loss of fares by the detention of switches is at least 20 per cent. Thus while the switches are objectionable, both to the driving public, and the car-riding public, their effect on the Company is to increase the expenses and diminish the receipts.

The Directors do not assert that a Street Railway is an unmixed blessing, nor can this be said of steam railways. They assume that the Legislature and the Ottawa Corporations of 1865 and 1866, in view of the great public advantage of a safe, easy, and speedy transport within the reach of all, authorized the laying down of rails in certain streets, and in view of the risk to be incurred financially a very favorable charter was granted. Under that charter this Company has been organized after giving full publicity to all its provisions, and not until the enterprize was far advanced, and heavy liabilities had been incurred, was there any whisper of opposition.

The Directors have given their reasons in full in explanation of their inability to comply with the propositions of the Joint Committee, and have now only to say that so far from being desirous of exercising the powers conferred on them rigorously they are desirous of meeting the wishes of all parties, so far as they can do so consistent with the efficiency of the Street Railway for the public, and as a self-sustaining enterprise. They do not look for profits, though they have the right to do so, but, as responsible for the success or failure of the enterprise, they claim the right to carry it out, within the terms of their charter, in the manner which, according to their judgment, appears most likely to secure its continuance. But they are quite prepared to step aside and transfer the whole undertaking in its present shape, with all assets and liabilities, to the Corporation, the Joint Committee, or others who may have different views as to how it should be done. They will engage that the Shareholders will transfer the undertaking, without any other consideration than that the Railway, whether single or double track, shall be built, equipped, and brought into use within a reasonable time.

The Directors were gratified to hear all the members of the Joint Committee express themselves in favor of a Street Railway, and they are, therefore, encouraged to hope that the Joint Committee will either accept this offer, or if indisposed to do so, assist the Directors in carrying out the work as proposed.

Thos. C. Keefer, President.
J. M. Currier,
H. O. Burritt,
Robert Blackburn,
W. G. Perley,
Horace Merrill,
W. McNaughton, (Mon.)
Directors.

The Mission to England.

It appears that Mr. Evards concents to accept the mission to England, and that his friends advise him to do so, but he fears that the press may misinterpret his motive.

Congressional.

The despatch yesterday on the action of the Foreign Relations Committee, on the treatment of citizens abroad, was inaccurate. The Committee unanimously agreed upon postponement, in view of the fact that certain important foreign measures might be affected by the proposed legislation.

Fine coral jewellery, bog oak jewellery and a large collection of other goods suitable for wedding and other presents can be seen at Young & Radford's; all new and choice goods and will be sold cheap.

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

For a choice selection of pickles, sauces &c., go to Bate & Co., 52 Spark-st. 762d

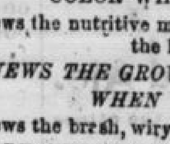
Russell, of the "Times," Denounced.—Mr. Russell, of the *Times*, does not appear to have given satisfaction either to the Northerners or Southerners, but you do not hear of any one being dissatisfied with the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," which is sufficient proof that it is all it is represented to be. Price only 25 cents per bottle.

—A lady who had been subpœnaed as a witness, asked her husband what she should say if the lawyers enquired her age? "Tell them you have reached the years of discretion." No discreet woman, therefore, ever tells her age; and no wise man ever refuses a glass of Gianelli's Bitters.

Very Natural.—When a person has proved an article and found it good, and answering the purpose for which it is intended he will not readily abandon it for one of doubtful reputation, or concerning which he knows nothing. We are led to make these remarks owing to the course always pursued by those who have used that celebrated and truly valuable horse medicine known as "Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy;" all are so well pleased with it that they will not use any other; many have waited several weeks until the agent could obtain a new supply. There is nothing equal to it as a condition medicine, or for any complaint affecting the wind of horses. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.* is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Those who are desirous of RECRUITING THE HEALTH of themselves and their families *will* do well to pass a few weeks at the CANADA HOUSE, CALEDONIA SPRINGS. 770-3



HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

RENEWS THE HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR WHEN GRAY.

Renews the nutritive matter which nourishes the hair.

RENEWS THE GROWTH OF THE HAIR WHEN BALD.

Renews the brash, wiry hair to silken softness.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR DRESSING.

One bottle shows its effects.

R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H., Proprietors.

For sale by all druggists. 762dwd

To Consumptives.—The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, free, by return mail, will please address, REV. EDWARD WILSON, Williamsburg, Kings Co., New York.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding he symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. Symptoms of Worms.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual waisting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., who are he sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* ☞ and take no other. ☜ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 578y

Errors of Youth.—A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay and all the effects of youthful indiscretion will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertisers' experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence,
JOHN B. OGDEN, 43 Cedar Street New York

Who is Mrs. Winslow?

As this question is frequently asked, we will simply say that she is a lady who, for upwards of thirty years, has untiringly devoted her time and talents as a Female Physician and nurse, principally among children. She has especially studied the constitution and wants of this numerous class, and, as a result of this effort and practical knowledge, obtained in a lifetime spent as nurse and physician, she has compounded a Soothing Syrup for children teething. It operates like magic—giving rest and health, and is, moreover, sure to regulate the bowels. In consequence of this article, Mrs. Winslow is becoming world-renowned as a benefactor of her race; children certainly do rise up and bless her; especially is this the case in this city. Vast quantities of the Soothing Syrup are daily sold and used here. We think Mrs. Winslow has immortalized her name by this invaluable article, and we sincerely believe thousands of children have been saved from an early grave by its timely use, and that millions yet unborn will share its benefits, and unite in calling her blessed. No mother has discharged her duty to her suffering little one, in our opinion, until she has given it the benefit of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. Try it, mothers—try it now—*Ladies' Visitor*, New York City.

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents a bottle.

Be sure and call for

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,"

Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations. 762-24-2m

Bronchitis, Coughs, Asthma,

And all disorders of the Throat and Lungs, are relieved by using "Brown's Bronchial Troches."

"I have been afflicted with Bronchitis during the past winter, and found no relief until I found your Bronchial Troches."

C. H. Gardiner,
Principal of Rutger's Female Institute, New York.'

"Almost instant relief in the distressing labor of breathing peculiar to Asthma."

Rev. A. C. Eggleston, New York.

"It gives me great pleasure to certify to the efficacy of your Bronchial Troches, in an affliction of the throat and voice, induced by public singing. They have suited my case exactly, relieving my throat and clearing the voice so that I could sing with ease.

T. Ducharme,
Chorister French Parish Church, Montreal.'

'When somewhat hoarse from cold or over-exertion in public speaking, I have uniformly found Brown's Troches afford relief.

Henry Wilkes, D. D.,
Pastor of Zion Church, Montreal."

Sold by all dealers in medicines at 25 cents a box.

MARRIED.

At Hull, on the 17th instant, by the Rev. J. Johnson, J. M. Currier, Esq., M. P., to Hannah, daughter of the late Ruggles Wright, Esq. No cards.

DIED.

On the 14th instant, at his residence, in the township of Torbolton, of a lingering and painful disease, which he bore with Christian fortitude, John Hedley, aged 64 years.

The deceased was one of the first residents of the township, and was followed to his final resting place by a long concourse of mourning friends. His end was peace.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

To-Night.

SKATING RINK MUSIC HALL.

G. W. Lester, - - - *Manager.*

Second appearance of the famous young English Comedian,

EDMUND COLES.

Second appearance of the Brillant

Miss Fanny Stocqueller,

Supported by the Dramatic Company, late of the Theatre Royal, Montreal.

FRIDAY EVENING, JUNE 19th, the elegant and fashionable play, entitled

All that Glitters is not Gold!

Toby Twinkle............................Edmund Coles,
Martha (with musical selections) Fanny Stocqueller. Supported by the entire company.

Fancy Dance..............................Lena Warner.

To conclude with a very laughable Eastern extravaganza, entitled

The Illustrious Stranger, or Buried Alive.

Edmund Coles in his great speciality of Benjamin Bowbell, with an original Comic Song.

No play can be repeated on account of the very limited engagement of Edmund Coles, and the series of novelties to be introduced.

Doors open at 7:30, and performance to commence at 8 o'clock precisely.

Prices of admission—Parquette 50 cents; Gallery 25 cents.

Tickets for reserved seats may be procured at the Music Store of Messrs. Orme & Son, and at the "Citizen" Stationery Establishment.

A. B. COLES,
Business Agent.

Ottawa, June 19, 1868. 772td

TO LET.

A FURNISHED HOUSE, containing seven rooms, in Stewart-street, Sandy Hill, for three months. Apply at the Bank of Montreal.

Ottawa, June 19, 1868. 772-3

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864.

IN THE MATTER OF

WILLIAM N. BARRIE

AND

JOHN McMARTIN,

INSOLVENTS.

The Creditors of the above-named Insolvents are hereby notified to meet me at the OFFICE of Messrs. MORLAND, WATSON & CO., in the City of Montreal, on

Friday, the 26th day of June Next,

At the hour of ELEVEN o'clock in the Forenoon, for the ordering of the affairs of the Estate generally.

Dated at L'Orignal, this 8th day of June, A. D., 1868.

EDWD. F. DARTNELL,
Assignee.

772td

GREAT SUCCESS

OF THE

Removal Sale.

ALL THE GOODS FROM THE Wholesale Department brought forward, and re-marked at clearing prices.

SEVERAL CHOICE BARGAIN LOTS, Will be offered TO-DAY.

ONE LOT OF 20 PIECE MARL POPLINETTES, This season's importation, worth 40 cents, will be sold for 25 cents.

ANOTHER LOT, SIMILAR STYLES, Will be marked 16 cents. These are all well worth 30 cents.

500 YARDS STRIPED EARLSTON GINGHAMS, That cost the importer 22 cents, will be laid on the counter at 12½ cents.

ANOTHER choice lot of Double Width CHALLIE and ALPACCA DRESS GOODS, At 11 cents and 12½ cents, well worth double the money.

ONE CASE OF PRINTED MUSLINS, Fast colours and choice patterns, at 10, 12, 12½, 16 and 17 cents per yard, are value for 50 per cent more, only they arrived too late in the season.

A JOB LOT of WHITE BRILLIANTS, PIQUES and MARSEILLES, At very low prices.

50 PIECES WHITE GROUND PRINTS and PRINTED BRILLIANTS, From 15 to 21 cents per yard.

ANOTHER BALE WHITE SHIRTINGS, At the reduced rates, will be brought forward to-day.

80 DOZEN MORE of THOSE CLEAR CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS, At the same prices as gave such satisfaction the last two weeks.

10 PIECES WHITE GROUND FRENCH DELAINES, With coloured spots for Children's Dresses, at 25 cents per yard, usual price, 40 cents.

SEVERAL HUNDRED DOZEN OF WHITE and COLOURED COTTON HOSE Brought out from the Wholesale Department, to-day, and marked very cheap.

NOTWITHSTANDING The great rush we have had the stock is still well assorted, and many goods have been still further reduced in prices.

Magee & Russell.

Ottawa, June 17, 1868. 707y

IF YOU

WANT ANY

BOOTS OR SHOES,

CALL AT

Angus & Huckell's

—GREAT—

Boot & Shoe

EMPORIUM,

15,

SUSSEX - STREET,

Whyte's Brick Block.

Ottawa, June 18. 666y

AUCTION SALE

OF

REAL ESTATE

H. McLEAN,

(Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent),

Has been directed by

J. B. LEWIS, ESQ.,

To offer for Sale

BY PUBLIC AUCTION,

At his Rooms, 18 Sparks-st.,

On Monday, the 22nd Inst.,

At TEN o'clock, A. M.,

LOTS NOS. 26, 27 AND 28,

On the North side of Rideau-st., each 66 x 200 feet, subject to an Ordnance Rent of $4.40 per annum. These Lots are situated on the brow of the hill, one of the prettiest localities in the city. Also Lots Nos. 1 and 2, on the East side of Chapel-st. and Lots Nos. 12 and 13, on the South side of Cathcart-st., each 66 x 200 feet.

TERMS—One-fourth Cash, and the balance in three equal annual instalments, with interest at 7 per cent. per annum.

☞ Sale positive.

Intending purchasers will please examine these Lots.

Ottawa, June 17, 1868. 770d

COW LOST.

Strayed from Hull a LIGHT RED COW, with a white stripe on her back, and a white tail,—3 years old. Any information as to her whereabouts will be thankfully received at the Tollgate, Suspension Bridge. PETER NOE.

Hull, June 17, 1868. 770-3

ST. LOUIS HOTEL,
ST. LOUIS-STREET,
AND
RUSSELL'S HOTEL,
PALACE-ST.,
QUEBEC.

The above first-class Hotels are now open for the season.

Canadian Families

Visiting the Lower St. Lawrence for summer recreation, can either going or coming, be accommodated by the week or month, at rates similar to those charged at the watering places below. Apply by letter, or at the office.

770d WILLIS RUSSELL.

FOURTH GRAND

ANNUAL PIC-NIC

OF THE

Sapper's Fire Company, No. 1.

UNDER the patronage of the St. Jean Baptiste Society, to be held on WEDNESDAY, the 24th instant, at the BELLEVUE GARDEN, Hull.

Races and other usual athletic sports will take place. Prizes will be awarded in the different games.

Races. 100 yards, 1st prize, $3; 2nd prize, $1. 200 yards, 1st prize, $3; 2nd prize, $1. 300 yards (hurdles), 1st prize, $3; 2nd prize, $1. 100 yards, (for boys), 1st prize, $2; 2nd prize, $1. Three Standing Jumps, 1st prize, $2; 2nd prize, $1. Running High Leap, 1st prize, $3; 2nd prize, $1. Half-mile Race, 1st prize, $4; 2nd prize, $1.50. No less than four entries to run for each race.

Marmer's fine Brass and Quadrille Bands are engaged for the occasion.

Tickets, 25 cents. To be had from the Committee and at the door.

Refreshments can be had at reasonable rates on the ground.

Managing Committee—Lieut. J. B. Doucet, Jas. Smith, Toussant Groulx and Israel Moreau.

X. GROULX, Secretary. D. ROY, Captain.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Ottawa, June 16. 769d

FOR SALE.

LA BLACKSMITH'S SHOP AND TOOLS, together with TWO TOWN LOTS in the Village of Long Island Locks. Possession given on the 1st of August. For further particulars apply to DAVID HALL, on the premises, or by letter, postpaid.

June 4, 1868. 759-1-23-2m

Pickles, Sauces, &c.,

JUST RECEIVED DIRECT FROM

CROSSE & BLACKWELL, London,

Ex ship "Ardmillan," the following:

125 DOZ. MIXED PICKLES,
35 DOZ. Gerkins,
35 DOZ. Onions,
35 DOZ. Chow Chow,
30 DOZ. Piccolill,
25 DOZ. Walnuts,
20 DOZ. Cauliflower,
15 DOZ. Imperial Hot,
15 DOZ. West India,
15 DOZ. Capt. White's Oriental

Reading Sauce,
King of Oude Sauce,
Harvey do.
John Bull do.
Kalos Ceusis do.
Soyer's do.
Worcestershire do.
India Soy.
Essence of Anchovies,
Essence of Shrimps,
Mushroom Ketchup,
Walnut Ketchup,
French Capers,
Chili Vinegar,
Tarragon Vinegar,
Raspberry Vinegar,
Olives,
Bottled Fruits, an assortment,
Raspberry Jam,
Strawberry do.
Damson do.
Gooseberry do.
Red Currant do.
Black do. do.
Red do. Jelly.
Black do. do.
Crystallized Fruits,
Fruits in Noyeau,
Preserved Ginger in Jars and 1 lb. Pots,
Curry Powder,
Anchovy Paste,
Potted Ham, Beef and Tongue,
Potted Yarmouth Bloaters,
Strasbourg Potted Meats,
Soup and Bouille,
Mock Turtle Soup,
Mulligatawny Soup,
Hare Soup,
Jugged Hare,
Pheasants in Gravy,
Grouse in Gravy,
Partridge in Gravy,
Paté de Foie Gras,
Paté D'Alouettes,
Paté de Cailles.

ALSO,

A large lot of Keen's Celebrated Mustard in half lb. and 1 lb. tins.

BATE & Co.,
53, SPARKS-ST.

June 8, 1868. 762d

ARNOLDI'S

WINE AND SPIRIT VAULTS,

11 *Metcalfe-st., Telegraph Co's Building,*
OTTAWA,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL, FOR CASH ONLY

Dekuyper's Red Cases, Gin, 15 bottles	$9 00
" Green, " " per doz	4 80
Booth's London Gin	7 20
Bernard's and Thompson's Gin "	6 00
Green Seal Champagne "	12 00

AND UPWARDS.

PORT WINES—Graham's, Sandeman's, &c.

	Per Gall.	Per Doz
No. 1 Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2 "	3 00	8 75
" 3 Old	3 50	10 00
" 4 Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine old	5 75	15 50

SHERRIES—Lomecq's, Pemartin's, &c.:

No. 1 Superior Light table Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2 Extra do.	3 00	8 75
" 3 Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4 Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine	5 50	15 00

Single sample bottles at above rates.

Also, of Standard Brands, in wood or bottle, old and new, Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch and Canadian Whiskies.

Canadian Ale, in wood or bottle.

Guinness' Porter, pints and quarts. Hibbert's Porter, pints and quarts. Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, pints and quarts.

Clarets, Hocks, Sauternes, Curacoa, Maraschino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., &c.

Purity in all cases guaranteed, and goods marked at the lowest quotations.

Orders by mail with cash, promptly attended to. Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.

NOTICE.

The subscriber would intimate to those of his customers with whom current accounts may have been opened that it is his intention to take advantage of any irregularity in their payment to close them in order that he may conduct his business totally on the *cash principle*, which has been found to work much more satisfactorily for both the buyer and seller in every branch of trade in which it has been tried, and relying on quality of his goods and the prices charged for them (which will always be as low as they can honestly be sold for) he solicits a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

K. ARNOLDI.

Dealer in the better qualities of Wines, Spirits, &c., Metcalfe-street, Telegraph Co's Building, Ottawa.

Price lists on application or sent to any address.

April 21, 1868. 535y

MOWING & REAPING MACHINES.

We have for sale, and are manufacturing, the lightest and most durable MOWING & COMBINED MOWING & REAPING MACHINE in use (no wood work), wrought iron frame, with wrought iron steel-plated guards. Price of Mower, $60; Combined, $85.

—ALSO,—

8 Horse-power Threshing Machines
20 Sets Threshers and Separators
10 Sets Double-Pinion Powers to match
10 Sets Treble Geared Iron Powers, known as the Watch Power.

Purchasers can have their choice of the Powers. These Machines are made in the most substantial manner and warranted. Price, complete, including Belts, Wrenches, &c., $250.

ALSO,

Two-Horse Railroad Powers; 50 Sets of our new Double-Pinion Railroad Power Threshing Machines, complete. For ease upon the team, amount of work, and manner in which it is done, they have no equal.

ALSO:

Fifty Sets of our Common two-horse Machines, with improvements, which are so well known as to need no comment. Every Machine is warranted as recommended. All of which will be sold at very low prices on reasonable terms. Large discount for cash down.

E. & B. P. PAIGE,
Nos. 84, 86, 88 and 90 Wellington-street, al
June 17. 770-1-25-8 Montre

Auction Sales

BY J. BERMINGHAM.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET.

A large and well FURNISHED HOUSE, or four Bedrooms, Sitting Room and Drawing Room of same, in a healthy and respectable locality, within three minutes walk of the Government Buildings. For particulars apply to J. BERMINGHAM, House and Land Agent, Dominion Auction Mart, Sussex-st.

Ottawa, June 4, 1868. 759tf

FOR SALE!

THAT Splendid First-Class

HOTEL,

IN THE

CAPITAL OF THE DOMINION!

KNOWN AS THE

REVERE HOUSE.

And at present leased at a rental of $2,000. It is one of the best buildings in the city. Its length is one hundred and six (106) feet by forty (40) feet wide, built of stone, with cut stone front and tin roof. The house contains fifty bedrooms, five parlors and dining room, with bar, kitchen and laundry attached. There is a new Brick Stable, sixty-six (66) by thirty (30) feet, capable of stabling forty Horses, a large yard and outbuildings; also a vacant lot, which the purchaser can have if required to enlarge. The premises are in excellent order, being only five years built. Very lately a sum of $2,000 was expended improving the building. For a first-class hotel, or Military Quarters, it cannot be equalled in the city.

TERMS EASY, and made known free of charge, by letter or otherwise, on application to

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer,
Commission and Real Estate Agent.

Ottawa, June 3, 1868. 758d

Dominion Auction Mart,

AND

Commission Sale Rooms

House, Land & General Agency,
OFFICE & SALE ROOMS,
INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-STREET,
OTTAWA.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city.

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmeniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq. M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq. M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Reilly, Esq, Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
753y House, Land and General Agent.

Storekeepers, Farmers and Others,

SHOULD BUY THEIR TEAS FROM

The Importers Direct.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY, 6, Hospital-street, Montreal, have sent over one thousand packages to different parts of the country, and receive every day assurances that the Tea gives entire satisfaction. Subjoined are a few of the numerous testimonials already received:

RUSSELL HOUSE, Quebec, Jan. 7, 1867.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the six chests of Tea forwarded some time since arrived in good order. The quality is pure and excellent, and prices cheap. As I am particular in buying the best quality of Tea to be had for our guests, I am pleased to acquaint you that it gives general satisfaction. Your obedient servant,

WILLIS RUSSELL.

FELCOMB, Dec. 23, 1867.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the Oolong Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto, who informs me he considers it as good as that he was using for which he paid one dollar per lb. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz., at 75 cents per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant,

JNO. T. DAY.

HOUSE OF SENATE, Ottawa, December 16, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the box of English Breakfast and Young Hyson Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. You may expect my future orders. Yours, &c.,

S. SKINNER.

CONGRO, January 2, 1868.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, I beg to inform you that the two boxes of Tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box, or 20 lbs., at same price, and oblige yours, &c., F. OLIVER.

The contributors to the *Medical Journal* have frequently declared that one-half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have carefully selected and imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure and free from poisonous substances, in 50, 25, 20, 15 and 12 lb. boxes.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c 50c.; Fine Flavoured New Season, do; 55c 60c and 65c; Excellent Full Flavored do, 75c; Souchi Oolong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c; Very Fine, 60c; Fine, 65c, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay common, 38c; Fine do, 55c; Young Hyson, 50c, 60c, 65c and 70c; Fine do, 75c; Very Fine, 80c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1.00; Fine Gunpowder, 75c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

All orders for 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular sent equally cheap. The Company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much, two or three clubbing together could divide. An excellent mixed Tea could be sent for 60c to 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order or enclosed notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man where there are express offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
6, Hospital-street, Montreal.

All boxes sent from this establishment have the Company's name printed on them.

Montreal, March 4, 1868. w10ly

LEGAL NOTICE.

REMOVAL.

CHARLES T. BAINES, late of Ottawa, Barrister, &c., &c., has removed to Richmond, where he will at all times be ready to attend to any professional calls or business which may be entrusted to him in his line with accuracy and with safety, &c., &c.

Richmond, Dec. 30, 1867. 1wtf

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

Just Received Per Express.

A CHOICE Selection CANADA WATCH COMPANY'S WATCHES,

At Young & Radford's.

AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY'S WATCHES,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE GOLD JEWELLERY,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE GOLD and CORAL JEWELLERY,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE HUNTING ANCHOR WATCHES, in fine Silver Cases, as low as $12.00,

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FINE Eighteen CARAT GOLD WATCHES as low as $18.00,

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

ROGER'S BEST CUTLERY and fine ENGLISH ELECTRO-PLATED WARE, can be had

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S

30 Sparks-st. Ottawa.

FOR SALE

AT THE

MONTREAL WAREHOUSE

800 BUTTER TUBS, in good order.

J. MARTIN & CO.

10,000 LBS. MAPLE SUGAR.

J. MARTIN & CO.

50 CASES ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

J. MARTIN & CO.

HERRINGS, PORK, FLOUR, BUTTER, CHEESE.

657y J. MARTIN & CO.

Coffee! Coffee!

TO those who enjoy a Cup of

REALLY FINE COFFEE

—TRY—

BUCHANAN'S

Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha, JAVA & JAMAICA, Roasted and Ground

Daily on the premises, by steam power.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

May 11, 1868. 739tf

In Chancery.

DAVIS *vs* EMSLIE.

In pursuance of the Decree in this cause dated the 8th JANUARY, 1867, and the final order for sale herein dated the 30th MAY last, there will be sold with the approbation of the Master of this Court, at OTTAWA, by PUBLIC AUCTION, by HECTOR McLEAN, at his Auction Rooms, Sparks-street, in the City of Ottawa, at twelve o'clock, noon, on WEDNESDAY, the 15th JULY NEXT, the following Real Estate, viz:

All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate lying and being in the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, containing by admeasurement one hundred acres, be the same more or less, being composed of the North Half of Lot Number Sixteen, in the Fifth Concession of the said Township of Nepean, Rideau Front.

The said land is well adapted for farming purposes, and lies on the east side of the main road from Ottawa to Richmond; about sixty acres of it are cleared and under cultivation, and it is situated amongst the best lands in the County of Carleton. It is fifteen miles from Ottawa, and five miles from Richmond and the River Goodwood, a constantly flowing stream passes through the centre of it.

One-tenth of the purchase money is to be paid down by the purchaser to the Vendor or his Solicitors at the time of sale by way of deposit, and the balance on or before the 1st AUGUST next: upon payment of which he will be entitled to a conveyance, and let into possession.

In other respects the conditions of sale are the standing conditions of the Court of Chancery. The deed from the late Alexander Emslie to the Plaintiff will be produced at the time of sale.

All parties to the suit, with the exception of the Vendor, are to be at liberty to bid.

Further particulars, and conditions of sale, may be had at the Offices of the said Master and MESSRS. LEWIS, PINHEY AND WARD, Ottawa, and M. R. VANKOUGHNET, ESQ., and MESSRS. O'DONOHOE & WARMOLL, Toronto.

Dated this 13th day of June, 1868.

(Signed), JOHN WILSON,
Master at Ottawa.

LEWIS, PINHEY & WARD,
Vendor's Solicitors. 768td

NOTICE TO PARTIES selling PETROLEUM or COAL OIL, or having the same in possession.

Office of the Collector of Inland Revenue for the Division of Ottawa,
Ottawa, 13th June, 1868.

In pursuance of the Act 31 Vic., Cap. 50, imposing an Excise Duty on Refined Petroleum, and providing for the inspection thereof:—I hereby give Public Notice that on and after MONDAY, 15th JUNE, 1868, I shall, upon application being made to me, attend at any place in the COUNTIES OF CARLETON AND RUSSELL, OR CITY OF OTTAWA, and inspect and apply the "*inspector*" to all refined Petroleum, and brand the barrels; the fee for which is 20 cents for each barrel. And all persons selling or having in possession any Refined Petroleum which has not been offered for inspection after said 15th JUNE, are liable to fine or imprisonment, and the Petroleum to be forfeited and seized.

ALEXANDER GRAHAM,
Collector of Inland Revenue for Ottawa Division, composed of Counties of Carleton and Russell.

June 17, 1868. 770tf

FAMILY MOURNING.

Every article connected with LADIES' and CHILDREN'S MOURNING, supplied by

GRANT & HENDERSON,

BLACK SILKS,	BLACK CRAPES,
BLACK PARAMATTAS,	BLACK REPPS,
BLACK COBURGS,	BLACK LLAMAS,
BLACK GRENADINES,	BLACK LUSTRES,
MOURNING MANTLES,	AND MILLINERY.

Grant and Henderson.

Ottawa, June 18. 20 Rideau-street. 522y

RETIRING FROM BUSINESS.

Great Cheap Sale of Dry Goods!

As GEO. FEATHERSTON & CO.,

Intend winding up their business in AUGUST NEXT. They will from this date offer their large stock of

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,

At greatly reduced prices for cash as the whole must be disposed of by the 24th day of AUGUST. The following list of prices will satisfy all that this is a chance rarely to be met with, and will be for the benefit of every one to take advantage of.

Full width Prints from	4½d per yard.	Grey Cottons	from 4½d per yard.
Printed Muslins "	6d "	Silk Parasols	" 2s 6d each.
" Delaines "	4½ "	Hoop Skirts	" 10½d "
6-4 Alapacca Lustres "	7½ "	Canadian Full Cloth	" 2s 11d per yard.
Cobourgs "	9 "		

A large lot of Women's White Cotton Hose, from 4½d per pair. A lot of Summer Shawls from 11s 3d to 27s 6d, usual price from 17s 6d to 40s. A lot of cloths for Boy's Summer Wear, very cheap, and all other goods proportionately low.

Shop to Rent from 1st Sept. Next.

GEO. FEATHERSTON & CO.,
34 Sparks-street, Centre Town.

Ottawa, June 15, 1868. 768-2m

Great Clearing Sale of Dry Goods.

Cunningham & Lindsay

No. 14, RIDEAU-STREET,

WILL COMMENCE

ON MONDAY, the 15th INSTANT,

TO SELL THE BALANCE OF THEIR SUMMER STOCK OF

Millinery, Mantles, Shawls, Dress Goods, Prints, Muslins, &c.,

At Prices which must effect a Speedy Sale.

☞ *For Particulars See Circulars.*

Ottawa, June 12, 1868. 510y

BLYTH & KERR,

Successors to Chas. Garth,

No. 25, RIDEAU-STREET,

PLUMBERS, GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,
TIN & COPPERSMITHS, BELL HANGERS, &c.

All materials for the above branches kept constantly on hand.

Also, Importers and Dealers in House Furnishing Hardware.

Just received a well selected assortment of Fishing Tackle, Baskets, Bait, Reels, Lines, Flys, Rods, &c. Manufacturers of all descriptions of work for Water and Gas Works, Brewer's Distilleries, Mills, &c. Make and fits up Galvanized Iron Cornices, Gutters, Conductors, Roofing, &c.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water or Warm Air, on the most approved principles.

Orders from the country will receive strict attention. 740y

City Hoop Skirt Factory,

43 SPARKS-STREET,

Central Ottawa.

THE DOUBLE EXTENSION SKIRT,
" DEMI "
" NEW GORE TRAIL SKIRT.

French Wove Corsets!

AN immense stock of Corsets just arrived, French, English and Scotch manufacture.

I beg to call the attention of ladies to the above new styles of Hoop Skirts which I have on hand, and will make to order on the shortest notice; Also, Parasols, Hosiery and Glover, Hair Nets, Handkerchiefs, &c., &c.

Croquet Skirts, Printed and Embroidered, Gored and Plain.

N.B.—A lot of old fashioned Corsets on hand (lacing at the back) cheap, wholesale and retail.

DAVID MILLAR,
456y 43 Sparks-st, Centre Town. next to Esmonde's Stove Depot.

Ladies Keep Cool!

BLACK AND WHITE LACE SHAWLS,
GRENADINE SHAWLS,
BAREGE SHAWLS,
BAREGE JACKETS

BAREGE & GRENADINE PROMENADE COSTUMES,
GRENADINES,
FRENCH & ENGLISH MUSLINS.

GENTLEMEN KEEP COOL!

BLACK ALPACCA COATS,
BUFF ALPACCA COATS,
LINEN COATS,
MARSEILLES VESTS

All in great variety, cheap, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S,

Wholesale and Retail.

Importers, 20 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 29, 1868. 484v

PIANOS. PIANOS.

JUST RECEIVED AT THE

London Music Store!

Her Majesty's Theatre,
Wellington Street,

A new and splendid assortment of

PIANOFORTES!

☞ UNION MAKE, ☜

Every PIANO from this establishment warranted for 5 years.

Also just received a new stock of

VICTORIA ORGANS and MELODEONS

VIOLINS, CONCERTINAS, GUITARS, &c., in great variety.

Second hand Pianos taken in part payment for new ones.

Connected with this establishment is a Piano Manufacturer, who will attend punctually to all orders for TUNING left at the London Music Store.

E. MILES,
Lessee of Her Majesty's Theatre

Ottawa, March 25, 1868. 551-39y

"La Malediction."

GRAND

Theatrical Exhibition

BY THE

Students of Ottawa University,

ON BEHALF OF

THE CANADIAN ZOUAVES,

ON THE

TWENTY-THIRD OF JUNE.

TICKETS, - - - - 25 Cts.

Doors open at 8 o'clock p. m.

Ottawa, June 13, 1868. 767td

TO BE GIVEN AWAY!

THE

Greatest Curiosity

OF THE DAY.

WILL BE PUBLISHED

On Thursday next, THE WONDERFUL ALMANAC for 306 years, a copy of which will be presented, FREE OF CHARGE, to every Lady and Gentleman applying at

The Ottawa Citizen,
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

SANSUM'S INTEREST & EXCHANGE TABLES.

A supply of this useful work just received and for sale at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen,
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

COPY BOOKS,

(Plain and with Head Line), EXERCISE BOOKS. A supply just received and for sale at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

PLAIN & FANCY STATIONERY,

All marked in plain figures, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

COUNTING HOUSE and SCHOOL REQUISITES,

At the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

MUSIC, MAGAZINES OR PRINTED BOOKS,

Bound in any style required, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

ENGINEERS' and ARTISTS' MATERIALS,

At the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

ACCOUNT BOOKS,

Memorandum Books, Pocket Books, Indexes, &c., at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

WRAPPING PAPERS,

MANILLA, TEA and STRAW, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen,
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

STEEL PENS and PEN HANDLES,

Gillott's, Mitchell's and other makers, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

WRITING INKS,

Stephens's, Todd's Perth Office, &c., at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

LEAD PENCILS,

Faber's, Rowney's and others, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

BLANK BOOKS,

Manufactured to order, in any style of ruling and binding, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

BOOK and JOB PRINTING,

At the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House.
21 Rideau-street.

THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS, authorized by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario. The prices are:

FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.

FIRST BOOK, part second, 54 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.

SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.

THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Thirty cents.

FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.

FIFTH BOOK, 50 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

A supply just received and for sale at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

☞ A liberal allowance to Teachers and Dealers.

TO BE GIVEN AWAY!

THE

Greatest Curiosity

OF THE DAY.

WILL BE PUBLISHED

On Thursday next, THE WONDERFUL ALMANAC for 306 years, a copy of which will be presented, FREE OF CHARGE, to every Lady and Gentleman applying at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

Ottawa, June 8, 1868. 751y

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, June 17, 1868.

Last week we had occasion to notice an improvement in the quantity of supplies brought to this market, and we could then see no reason for its falling off. Yet it continued but a few days, and now it has fallen away again to almost nothing. A beggarly account of some half a dozen farmers' waggons is all we look for from day to day, and that is about all we get. The question often raised is how does Ottawa contrive, with so wretched a market, to exist? The prices of yesterday were the same as the day before, both in the provision and the hay markets. Flour is also unchanged. Barrel pork is 50 cents higher, and holds firm at that, but little is doing in that article at this time. Butchers' meat sells, prime joints, stall fed, 16 cents to 17 cents. Second quality, grass fed, 12½ cents. Mutton, 12½ cents, and veal 10 cents to 12½ cents.

FLOUR—Extra	8 00	@	8 25
No. 1	7 00	@	7 25
No. 2	5 50	@	6 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	4 00	@	4 25
" Spring "	3 50	@	3 62½
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	6 00	@	6 25
Indian Meal "	4 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 70	@	0 75
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 75	@	0 80
Buckwheat Flour—bbl.	4 50	@	5 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 75	@	1 80
Spring " "	1 45	@	1 50
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 90	@	0 95
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 75	@	0 80
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 50	@	0 55
Beans " 60 lbs.	2 00	@	2 25
PORK—Mess—per barrel	23 00	@	0 00
Prime Mess per do.	16 50	@	0 00
Hog per 100 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Hams	0 13	@	0 15
Beef	0 00	@	0 00
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 00	@	0 0
Lamb—per qr.	0 00	@	0 0
Geese—Each		None	
Ducks	0 50	@	0 00
Turkeys—Each	0 80	@	1 00
Fowl—Per pair	0 45	@	0 55
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 15	@	0 17
No. 1 Firkin	0 13	@	0 14
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 13	@	0 15
Apples—per brl.	4 50	@	5 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 45
HAY—Per ton	12 00	@	14 00
WOOD—Per cord	0 00	@	3 5
Tamarac	0 00	@	2 00
Hemlock	0 00	@	2 00

Richmond Circuit Board

OF

PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

FOR THE

County of Carleton.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

That the above Board will meet

IN THE TOWN HALL,

IN RICHMOND,

On Wednesday, the 8th day of July next

AND ALSO ON

WEDNESDAY,

The 9th day of December next,

At 12 o'clock, noon, for general business. Applicants for certificates of qualification are required to furnish the Board with certificates of moral character from either Local Superintendent or from a Clergyman of the denomination to which they respectively belong.

C. B. PETITT, M.A., Chairman.

J. HINTON, Secretary.

Richmond, May 21, 1868.

STOP and SEE!

THE following remarks on Testimonials of most extraordinary cures in Canada by the great Indian Remedy. They are stern undeniable and incontestible facts, sufficient to the most skeptical that the great medicinal compound yearned after for ages is now accessible in the

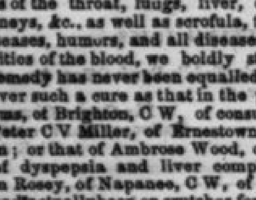
Great Shosnonees Remedy.

For diseases of the throat, lungs, liver, digestive organs, kidneys, &c., as well as scrofula, the various skin diseases, humors, and all diseases arising from impurities of the blood, we boldly state that this great remedy has never been equalled. Where was there ever such a cure as that in the person of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, C W, of consumption; or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernestown, C W, of consumption; or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, C W, of dyspepsia and liver complaint; or that of John Rosey, of Napanee, C W, of rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, in spite of all treatment heretofore, and is now well? Scores of such cases might be mentioned had we space.

☞ Call at the drug store and get a circular of unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees remedy and pills and satisfy yourselves.

Price of the Remedy in large pints $1.

For sale by all druggists and dealers in medicine. Agents for Ottawa—All the Druggists; Henry Simpson & Co., Montreal; Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle. 5wy



Another Wonderful Cure of Consumption in Canada.

MESSRS. YOUNG & CHAMBERLAIN,—Sirs, I feel it a duty I owe to you, as well as to the public, to inform you of the most wonderful cure of Consumption, accomplished in my person, by the use of the Great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills. I coughed a great deal day and night, expectorating large quantities of matter, and had a great pain about my left lung. I had cold chills every day, and severe night sweats every night, and between the racking cough and great sweating I was almost deprived of sleep; by these miseries, as well as the loss of appetite, I was so reduced that I could hardly stand alone. I was under the care of a physician for a length of time, but finding no relief, I tried different receipes, but all without any good effect. Squire Peterson of Bath, recommended me to use the Great Shoshonees Remedy; I procured three bottles at once, with the Pills; so soon as I commenced using it I began to get better, and when I had finished this complement, the Cough, expectoration of matter, pain about the lung, chills, sweating, &c., left me, and by continuing its use I became strong and healthy. It is now over two months since I quit the remedy, and there have been no symptoms of the disease returning, and I have been, and am now, healthier and better than I have been for many years. I trust you will make this known to the public, that they may be aware of the peculiar virtues of this truly wonderful Indian Remedy.

PETER C. V. MILLAR.

Ernestown, Co. of Lennox & Addington, C. W.

To all to whom it may come.—This is to certify that I have been acquainted with the above mentioned gentleman, Peter C. V. Millar, Esq., for many years, and have known him always to be of the very highest respectability, and a very candid and creditable person; and I am confident that I can safely vouch for the truth of the above, or any other statement made by him.

REV. W. F. S. HARPER, Rector of Bath, W

5wy

NEW STORE!

THE Store formerly occupied by W. D. WOOD, No. 38, on RIDEAU STREET, has been fitted by the subscribers, and will be opened on MONDAY, FOURTEENTH OCTOBER, with an entire new stock of

GROCERIES, LIQUORS AND HARDWARE.

WOOD & ROSSITER.

Ottawa, October 12, 1867. 15

PAIN KILLER.

The Great Family Medicine of the Age.

THE UNIVERSAL REMEDY for INTERNAL & EXTERNAL COMPLAINTS!

OUR FIRST PHYSICIANS USE AND RECOMMEND ITS USE!

It Enjoys the Largest Sale of Any Proprietary Medicine in the World!

THE PAIN KILLER

HAS been favorably known for more than thirty years, during which time we HAVE RECEIVED THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS, showing this Medicine to be an almost NEVER FAILING REMEDY for diseases caused by or attendant upon—Sudden Colds, Coughs, Fever and Ague, Headache, Billious Fever, Pains in the Side, Back and Loins, as well as in the Joints and Limbs; Neuralgic and Rheumatic Pains in any part of the system, Toothache and Pains in the Head and Face.

As a BLOOD PURIFIER and TONIC for the STOMACH, it seldom fails to cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Heartburn, Kidney Complaints, Sick Headache, Piles Asthma or Phthisic, Ringworms, Boils, Felons, Whitlows, Old Sores, Swelled Joints, and General Debility of the System.

It is also a PROMPT and SURE REMEDY for Cramp and Pains in the Stomach, Painters' Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Scalds, Burns, Sprains, Bruises, Frost Bites, Chilblains, as well as the Stings of Insects, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

☞ Directions accompany each bottle.

It has been tested in every variety of climate, and by almost *every nation known* to civilization. It is the almost constant companion and inestimable friend of the *Missionary*, and to *traveller* should be without it. Like every other good thing, the Pain Killer has been extensively counterfeited; which, (while it is an acknowledgment on the part of the counterfeiters of its real worth,) is a serious hinderance to its usefulness, as the deceived purchaser estimates the value of the *Pain Killer* by the base compound he has purchased for the genuine article.

Purchasers should be careful and not allow the dealer to sell them worthless imitations, on which they realize a larger profit, but take only the *Pain Killer*, and see that it is the genuine, bearing the signature of Perry Davis & Son upon the label.

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by Druggists and Medicine Dealers, and Commission Merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers, and at Variety Shops generally throughout the world.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Manfs. and Props.,
74, High-st., Providence, R.I.,
380, St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. Q.,
17, Southampton Row, Holborn, London, E

40-1aw26wy

SALE OF DEBTS.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864,

AND AMENDMENTS THEREOF.

In the matter of WILLIAM N. BARRIE, and JOHN McMARTIN trading under the name, style and title of WILLIAM BARRIE & CO., Insolvents.

PURSUANT

To an order made by JAMES DANIEL, Esquire, Judge of the County Court of the United Counties of Prescott and Russell, made on the Eighteenth day of MAY instant, I will offer for sale by Public Auction, on SATURDAY, the twenty-first day of JUNE next, at the office of Edward Taylor Dartnell, Esquire, at the Court House, in the Town of L'Orignal, the several debts due by Note, Book Account, or otherwise, due to the estate of the said Insolvents.

All debts exceeding $100 in amount will be sold separately. A list of the debts will be open to inspection at the office of the said Edward Taylor Dartnell, and free access given to all documents explanatory of such debts.

Dated at L'Orignal, May 20th, 1868.

EDWD. FREWEN DARTNELL, Assignee.

570-1awtd

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864,

AND AMENDMENTS THEREOF.

In the matter of WILLIAM N. BARRIE and JOHN McMARTIN, Insolvents.

BY virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvents, and also under and by virtue of an order made by James Daniell, Esquire, Judge of the County Court of the United Counties of Prescott and Russell in that behalf, I will on FRIDAY, the twenty-sixth day of June next, offer or sale by Public Auction, at the hour of ten o'clock, in the forenoon of the said day, at the office of Messrs. Morland, Watson and Company, in the City of Montreal, all the real estate and interest of the said Insolvent John McMartin, of and in the lands and premises in the Township of North Plantagenet, and County of Prescott, and Province of Ontario, hereinafter particularly mentioned and described. That is to say:

1st. All the real estate, interest and equity of redemption of the said John McMartin of what nature or kind soever, whether as devisee under the will of Alexander McMartin, deceased, or otherwise, of and in lot number nine, (9) in the fourth (4th) concession, old survey of the said Township of Plantagenet, East of the South Nation River.

2nd. All the real estate, interest and equity of redemption of the said John McMartin, of what nature and kind soever, whether as devisee under the will of the said Alexander McMartin, deceased, or otherwise, of and in Lot Number Ten (10), in the Fourth (4th) Concession, old survey of the said Township East of the South Nation River.

The said two lots are supposed to contain together 399 acres more or less.

3rd. All the real estate and interest and equity of redemption of the said John McMartin, of what nature and kind sover, either in his own right, or as devisee under the will of the said Alexander McMartin, deceased, or otherwise, howsoever, or and in part of Lot Eleven, (11) in the said Fourth (4th) Concession, old survey of the said Township of North Plantagenet, known as McMartin's Saw Mills, with the privileges and appurtenances to the same belonging. Also of and in the premises known as the old Store, the large Store Hous the large stable and premises connected therewith, also of and in the Dwelling House now occupied by the said John McMartin, and the outbuildings therewith connected, and lying and being in the Village of Plantagenet Mills aforesaid.

The said several premises will be sold subject to the several mortgages charged upon same, and the said mill and mill premises and other the premises last mentioned with their appurtenances, will be sold subject to the interest of the said Insolvents as copartners or of either of them therein, under the partnership articles the lease therein mentioned or otherwise howsoever at the time of their insolvency for the residue of the unexpired term of fifteen years from the 1st day of December, 1865, and to the mortgages thereon.

There is a rent of one dollar annually, payable during said term to the said John McMartin as devisee thereof, under the will of the said Alexander McMartin.

Terms—Cash.

For further particulars apply to Edward Taylor Dartnell, Esquire, L'Orignal, Solicitor for the Assignee, or to the Assignee.

Dated at L'Orignal, this 23rd day of April A.D., 1868.

EDWD. FREWEN DARTNELL, Assignee.

726-1aw2m

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, May 8, 1868.

AUTHORIZED Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 28 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

A RARE CHANCE.

The undersigned having received direct from the manufacturers in Europe, a large consignment of

Dry Goods

with instructions to dispose of them at

LOW RATES!

Is now offering them to the public, and at an almost nominal advance on the makers' cost price. The stock consists of

1,000 yards of Carpets, of various kinds,
40 Handsome Hearth Rugs,
60 Summer Counterpanes,
24 White Marsala Quilts,
A large quantity of Toilet Covers,
Some Wool Table Covers,
And a large variety of other Goods.

The stock may be seen at the store of MESSRS. ANSELL & MICHAEL'S, Scott's Corner, Elgin and Sparks-street, opposite the Russell Hotel. Parties requiring articles of the above mentioned kind will find it to their advantage to call and inspect the goods at once, as the whole must be disposed of within a few days.

ANSELL & MICHAEL.

Ottawa, June 9, 1868. 763-3m

FOR SALE.

A SELF-ACTING SODA WATER APPARATUS, with cylinders complete, cheap for cash. Apply to WILLIAM PRODERICK Sussex-street, Ottawa. 687tf

SITUATION WANTED.

A Lady, who has good references, would desir a situation as HOUSEKEEPER to a Catholi Clergyman or private gentleman. Please appl at the TIMES office.

Ottawa, June 13, 1868. 767a

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned will either sell or let for a few years his well known farm, being lot Twenty-five in the Fourth Concession of Gloucester, Rideau Front, 215 acres all cleared, and well fenced and in a good state of cultivation. Also, the one-half of lot Twenty-seven in the Third Concession, being in its natural state, all wood and excellent land. It is just the cross of two hundred acres from the corner of the one lot to the other. The railroad line runs within ten feet of the front corner of the one hundred and in sight of the two hundred for two or three miles. The Station at Cunningham's is scarcely a mile and a half from the front of Lot Twenty-five. The above farm is capable of keeping thirty head of milch cows, two span of horses, and as many young cattle as it would be proper to raise. Eight or nine years ago I kept twenty-two milch cows, and ten or twelve horses, and raised five or six calves every year. The above farm is about ten miles, from the door, to the limits of the City. The improvements cannot be surpassed for a farmer's purpose. The dwelling-house is stone, 30 by 40, a story and a half over ground; and a cellar nine feet high, the one half used for a kitchen and the other half capable of holding 1,000 bushels of anything you wish to put into it; there is three small windows in it, and when cleaned in the Spring, makes an excellent milk-house or dairy; there is a frame wood shed at the door, 60 by 24, with 14 feet taken off the one end for a coachhouse, and overhead for a storehouse; next to that is a stable 36 by 26, finished inside, complete with four large double stalls and two single ones, and good room for hanging up harness, and oat box; convenient to that is a barn 40 by 50, in which I have often put 1,000 bushels of grain in one year; connected with that is 200 and 20 feet of frame sheds, all 20 and 24 deep, under planned with stone and lime from two to seven feet, according to level; on the north side of the house is another barn, 30 by 40, commonly filled with peas and oats. And if either tennant or purchaser has a desire for religious purposes you can lie in your bed and look at the bell tolling on the Catholic Church every Holy Day, and go to the front door and you will see the Presbyterian Church, where the Rev. Mr. Lochead has preached for the last twenty-two years, and go to the back door and you will see both English Church and Methodist Church within two miles. The above farm would be a desirable situation for a young man wishing to give his attention to farming, as the Ottawa Market cannot be surpassed in the Dominion. I think that I can say that I have not sold one pound of butter under one shilling this eight years: if one went under two went over. Some reader may ask what am I selling for, it is neither for scant nor for want of anything, but I am in the seventieth year of my age, and has purchased off this lot seven hundred and fifty acres of land and all is paid for, and all my sons is settled on their own farms, so I would rather sit down and take my ease as be attending to marketing and farming any longer. Persons wishing to get any information on any point from me, can do so by addressing, post-paid, JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr., South Gloucester.

JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr.

February 6, 1868. 709-6w12

NOTICE.

BOATS FOR PIC-NICS.—In order to prevent disappointment, and ensure punctuality, parties requiring Boats for Pic-Nics between Ottawa and Hull, off the line of the regular ferry, to Bellevue Gardens or elsewhere, should apply to the undersigned direct, a couple of days in advance, instead of making arrangements with the proprietors of Gardens or other places of amusement. Parties infringing on the rights and privileges of the Ferry License will be prosecuted to the utmost rigour of the law.

JOSEPH SMITH.

Ottawa, June 12, 1868. 766a

MILES' HAIRDRESSNG SALOON

BELL'S BLOCK, ELGIN-ST.

THIS SALOON is fitted up in a neat and attractive manner, and is always attended by competent and attentive workmen.

E. MILES,
Hair Dresser, by appointment, to hir Excellency the Governor-General.

Ottawa, April 13. 715y

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD

PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &

Prepared by AUGUSTUS LAVER, ARCHITECT

End Daly-st. Ottawa.
April 1.

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

AN OMNIBUS

Will leave the

RUSSELL HOUSE,

Every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 7 a.m., punctually, to carry passengers

FOR AYLMER

To connect with the Union Forwarding Railway Company's Steamers.

JAMES MULLIGAN.

Ottawa, May 16, 1868. 744tf

TABLES

FOR

Converting One Inch Lumber

AND

QUEBEC STANDARD

—TO—

Board Measure.

For Sale by J. DURIE & SON, Booksellers and Stationers, 10, Sparks-st., Ottawa.

June 5, 1868. 760a

Ice, Ice, Ice!

THE subscriber will furnish ICE DAILY to those requiring it for the Season. Double supplies on Saturday for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season, $6.00. Hotels and Steamers supplied with large quantities on liberal terms, as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted.

All orders left at KAVANAGH'S RESTAURANT, or at the subscriber's, will be strictly attended to.

F. STARMER, 126, Rideau-st.

Ottawa, May 14, 1868. 742d

BUSINESS STAND FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers FOR SALE his STORE and DWELLING in the Village of MARATHON, Township of FITZROY. Also, One Hundred and Thirty Acres of GOOD LAND, on which the store and outbuildings are erected. This is a splendid opportunity for any party with moderate capital, desirous of a good opening for a first-class country business.

Apply to ROBERT JOHNSTON, Marathon P. O.

721-17-6

SARSAPARILLIAN, PAREIRA BRAVA.

Newly Discovered Virtues—Hidden for 300 years—The Discovery of the True Virtues of the Roots—Brought to Light and Made Manifest in

DR. RADWAY'S SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT,

By a new process recently discovered by Dr. Radway, for obtaining the active properties from vegetable substances.

SARSAPARILLIAN. Pareira Brava.

Associated with other newly discovered Roots, enters into the composition of RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT; secures a remedial agent, that cures all forms of Chronic, Scofulous, Skin, Glandular, Kidney, Bladder and Uterine Diseases, by communicating its curative, reparative and fruitful efficacy, through the BLOOD, SWEAT AND URINE.

The ordinary Sarsaparilla decoctions and Syrups are mere washes, compared with the Sarsaparillian of the Resolvent. It is a well known fact that Sarsaparilla as ordinarily prepared either as officially or as a proprietary remedy, never possessed the confidence of medical men, and all the reputation it enjoyed was deemed by well informed Chemists, Physicians, and medical writers to be due to other remedial agents associated with it.

The true curative virtues of Sarsaparilla for 300 years have laid hidden in the Crystalline principle of the Root. Under DR. RADWAY'S *New Process*, SARSAPARILLIAN is secured and brought to light, and associated with other ingredients, it tulfils the most extravagant expectations and views of men. One ounce of Dr. Radway's Sarsaparillian contains more of the curative principle than ten pounds of the extracts from the crude roots, as prepared officinally or in the popular advertised Sarsaparillas.

PAREIRA BRAVA.—Another of the ingredients of the Radway's Resolvent, held in high estimation by the most eminent medical men of Europe, South America and United States, as the best remedial agent for the diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, Uterus, and as a *lithontryptic* for *dissolving Calculi*, as a curative for Jaundice, Rheumatism, Leucorrhœa, etc., since 1688 has never been properly prepared. Under Dr. Radway's process, the Cissampaline principle of this valuable Root is secured, and associated with Sarsaparillian and other ingredients in the Resolvent, makes it a perfect cure in every form of disease of the Kidneys, Bladder, and Urinary Organs—Dropsy, Gravel, Incontinence, or Stoppage of Water, Diabetes, or Urinary Diarrhœa, and *every kind of weakening, irritating or purulent discharges, not proper to mention* in an advertisement, is rapidly cured by this remedy.

So quick does the Resolvent enter into the circulation, that it may be detected in the Urine *in ten minutes* after it has been taken. In many cases it has secured a free discharge of water—in cases where Catheters were formerly used.—Is not this a blessing?

BUCHU, Turpentine Junipers, Gin, Copaiba, Cubebs, and other direct Diuretics, are in many cases hurtful. In Diabetes, Urinary Diarrhœas, Catarrh of the Bladder, Dropsy, and in a weakness or ulceration of the Kidneys, are unsafe to use as a continued remedy, and should never be given unless under supervision of a Physician, as the strain these direct remedies may produce on the Kidneys may, in the course of a few hours, require Opiates, to change or modify their action; this fact is self-evident to any medical man, a compensating Remedy like the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT, is the true remedy to use in these cases.—Even as a diuretic.

Pareira Brava,

As prepared by Dr. Radway, and one of the ingredients of the Resolvent, is as superior to all forms of Buchu, etc., as rich cream is to watered milk.

Let all suffering from unnatural drains from the system—caused either by self-abuse, depraved habit of body—bad blood, impure association, weakness of the genital organs, or Skin Diseases, Scrofula, uncured Secondary Disease, Syphiloid Ulcers, Chronic Disease—or from Consumption of the Lungs, as well as degeneration of the Kidneys—Chronic Disease of the Liver, Spleen, etc., commence at once the use of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT. It commences its work of purification at once; it repairs the waste of the body, with new and healthy material. It restores functional harmony to every organ in the system, and secures the natural secretions of the proper constituents to each. Persons have been cured, and have children now living that were deemed incapacited, by self-abuse, etc., through the use of this remedy. Ask for Dr. Radway's **Sarsaparillian** or **Renovating Resolvent.**

PRICE—$1 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $5.

W. M. MASSEY, Agent.

READ FALSE AND TRUE.—Send one letter-stamp to RADWAY & Co., 439 St. Paul-street, Montreal. Information worth thousands will be given you. Price of RESOLVENT SARSAPARILLIAN, $1 per bottle, or $10 per dozen. 762b

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY,

AND

COURT OF SPAIN,

THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,

AND

HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT Mr. JOHN LESLIE, Sparks-street, Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity, For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*

H. & A. SAUNDERS, Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion, for the sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa, May 20. 748y

NEW BOOKS.

Exodus of the Western Nations by Viscount Bury; Chronicles and Characters by Owen Meredith; Brakespeare by the author of "Guy Livingstone"; The Lost Name, a Novel; Farming for Boys; The New Dictionary of Quotations; The Huguenots by Samuel Smiles; Law and Lawyers—Curious Facts and Characteristic Sketches; Art and Artists, do.; Books and Authors, do.; Clergymen and Doctors, do.; Longfellow's Works Complete for 15 cents; The Waverley Novels, per vol., 15 cents; Cooper's Novels, per vol., 15 cents; Essays in Elia by Lamb complete for 15 cents; De Quincey's Confessions of an Opium Eater for 15 cents.

Bibles, Prayer Books, Church Services, just received from the Publishers, in the newest and richest patterns.

For sale by J DURIE & SON, 10 Sparks-st., Opposite the Russell House

498y

PROFESSIONAL NOTICE.

MR. P. J. BUCKLEY HAS REMOVED HIS LAW OFFICE to the THOMPSON BLOCK, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, adjacent to the offices of Horace Lapierre, Advocate and Counsel. Office Hours—From 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.

Ottawa, June 9, 1868. 763a

NOTICE.

MESSRS. ANGUS & SON, in retiring from the Undertaking Business, would beg to inform their friends and the public that they have disposed of their Hearses and stock in trade to Mr. Samuel Rogers, Cabinet Maker, who will in future attend to all orders in the Undertaking line, and they have much pleasure in recommending him to their many patrons and friends.

ANGUS & SON, Furniture Dealers, No. 22, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, May 11, 1868.

UNDERTAKING.

IN reference to the above, S. Rogers takes this opportunity of thanking his numerous friends and customers for their very liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Cabinet and Upholstering Business, and would respectfully solicit in this new branch of his trade a continuation of their favors.

S. ROGERS, Cabinet Maker, &c., Rideau and George-streets.

Ottawa, May 11, 1868. 741d

W. NOTMAN, Photographer to the Queen

CORNER OF

WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS,

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his

Establishment will be Opened

—ON—

Monday Next, 3rd February

When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for al h different branches of Photography.

Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 582y

Local Government Notices.

TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS

Will be received, addressed to the undersigned, until NOON of

Monday, the 22nd Instant,

For the Erection of the

Lieutenant-Governor's Residence,

ON

THE GOVERNMENT GROUNDS,

On Simcoe and King-sts., Toronto.

Plans and Specifications may be seen at this office, and at the office of Messrs. Gundry & Langley, Architects, corner of King and Jordan sts., Toronto, on and after MONDAY, the 8th Instant.

The person to whom the contract may be awarded will be required to furnish satisfactory security for the due performance of the work, and to execute a contract approved by the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING, Commissioner of Public Works.

Parliament Buildings, Office of Public Works, Toronto, June 6, 1868. 762a

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, ONTARIO.

To Contractors.

TENDERS

Will be received until noon,

Thursday, 25th inst.,

For the following works required for the completion of the wings to the Provincial Lunatic Asylum:

PLASTERER & GAS FITTER,

TINSMITH,

SLATER

The plans and specifications can be seen at the Department of Public Works, Parliament Buildings, between the hours of ten a.m. and 4 p.m.

Tenders to be addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed on the outside,

"Tenders for the proposed work at the Provincial Lunatic Asylum."

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING, Commissioner of Public Works, Ontario,

Department of Public Works, Parliament Buildings, Toronto, June 9, 1868. 765td

TENDERS

WILL BE RECEIVED

Addressed to the undersigned at the office of this Department until noon of

Tuesday, the 23rd instant,

For the supply of the following articles, all of which must be of the best description, and to be delivered at the Provincial Lunatic Asylum and at the Branch Asylum, Queen's Park, Toronto, in such quantities and at such times as may be required, for six months from 1st July to 30th December, 1868, viz:—

Tea, black and uncolored Japan, per lb,
Coffee, Roasted, "
Rice, "
Sugar, bright, "
Pepper, whole, "
Mustard, "
Starch, "
Indigo, "
Salt, Liverpool and American, per brl.
Shoes, Men's and Women's, per pair.
Cobourgs, Men's, "
Butter, first quality, per lb
Butchers' Meat, first quality, per lb.
Corn Brooms, per doz.
Scrub Brushes, per pair
Slacking, per box
Sal Soda, per lb.
Vinegar, White Wine, per gallon
Oatmeal, per barrel
Pot Barley, "
Split Peas, "
Flour, Inspected Extra, "
Flour, do Superfine, "
Eggs, Fresh, per dozen
Straw, clean oaten in bdls, per ton
Hay, best Timothy, "

CORDWOOD—Sound seasoned Beech and Maple, of equal quantities, but not mixed, and each kind piled separately, and not more than twelve months felled; to measure four feet in length from point to scarp, to be delivered and piled as above, and at the Engine House, Garrison Common, per cord.

COAL—Also, for delivering during the months of July and August of 450 gross tons Lehigh Coal, of best quality, egg size, and screened, per ton. 180 tons Brier Hill Coal, of best quality, and mined this season, per ton; both sorts of coal to be subject to the approval of the proper officers of the Asylum. Weight of coal to the Chief Asylum to be determined by scales on the premises, and for the Branch Asylum at the city weigh scales.

Samples of the following articles to accompany tenders, viz., Tea, Coffee, Rice, Sugar, Pepper, Mustard, Starch, Indigo, Corn Brooms, Scrub Brushes, Blacking, Shoes and Boots.

The tender must express the rate in dollars and cents, and contain the actual signatures of two sufficient sureties, who will be required for the due performance of the contract on behalf of each person tendering for the same.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

Further information respecting the contracts may be learned of the Bursar of the Asylum.

JOHN CARLING, Commissioner of Public Works.

Parliament Buildings, Office of the Public Works, Toronto, June 8, 1868. 765td

NOTICE.

ALL payments to be made on account of the Ontario Government may be made to the

ROYAL CANADIAN BANK,

And its Agencies.

Dated at Toronto, 30th October, A.D., 1867.

E. B. WOOD, Treasurer of Ontario.

October 31, 1867. Tf

RoyalCanadianBank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St

M. P. HAYES, AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 571d

Railroads.

CHANGE of TIME

St Lawrence & Ottawa Railway,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and after FRIDAY, the 15th May, 1868, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA
Mixed, 7.15 a. m.	10.35 a. m.
Express, 1.35 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 7 a. m.	9.25 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principals stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent.
THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

Ottawa, May 14, 1868. 1y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway,

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7:15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m, and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H ABBOTT, *Managing Director.*

Brockville, April 11. 472y

Grand Trunk Railway Company

OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 8.30 A.M.

Night do do at 7.30 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.00 A.M.

Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.

Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.

Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.

Express for Boston and New York, at 3.30 P.M.

Express for Portland (staying over at Island Pond) at 2.00 P.M.

Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Riviere du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbroke, Waterville and Coaticooke only, at 10.10 P.M.

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

December 23, 1867 650tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET.

FOUR GOOD ROOMS over SHEPHERD'S GROCERY STORE, Murray st., between Sussex and Dalhousie-sts. Also, GOOD STABLES for thirteen horses. Rent moderate. Also a quantity of CEDARS for sale. Enquire of M. SHEPHERD, at the Store.

Ottawa, May 20, 1868. 748

Lots for Sale.

6 BUILDING LOTS, one mile from the city, on the Richmond Road, containing one acre each. Apply to THOMAS ANDERSON, Jr. on the premises. 564tf

FOR SALE, on SANDY HILL, opposite Desbarats', LOT No. 32, Stuart street. Terms moderate. Apply to Mrs. TIERNAN, No. 2, ing street opposite the Gas House.

Ottawa, May 4 1868. 734d

Two Dwellings to Let,

BEING the Upper part of E. MARTINEAU'S Clothing Store, Corner of Sussex and Clarence-streets.

Enquire at the Store.

EUG. MARTINEAU.

Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 64

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.

NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ., Or JOHN HENEY, Esq., Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W

Ottawa, March 11. 379tt

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FARM FOR SALE.

FOR SALE Lot No. 15, 4th Concession, Gloucester, Rideau Front, seven miles from Ottawa, on the macadamized road leading from Ottawa to Metcalfe, consisting of 100 acres, 80 of which are cleared and in the highest state of cultivation. The soil is of the very best quality, and there is a new Frame Building and a good Stone Cellar, also a good Barn, Stable, Sheds and other outbuildings. The English Church and School House is about two acres from the house, the Methodist Church and Catholic Church can be seen from the door. There is a nine mile road running beside the lot. The Railroad Station is about two miles from the house. There will be a chance given in part of the purchase money if required. It is well fenced and watered. For further particulars apply to the subscriber on the premises.

701-1-13wt813 WM. HALPENNY.

Quebec Bank—Ottawa Branch

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

FROM the 1st day of April next ensuing, INTEREST at the RATE of FIVE per cent per annum, will be allowed on Deposits in this Department.

H. V. NOEL, Manager.

Ottawa, March 13, 1868. 690-3m

Steamers.

1868. 1868.

THE

Quebec and Gulf Ports

STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

ROYAL Mail Line between Quebec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, every Tuesday.

The first-class Steel Side Weel Steamship

"SECRET,"

WILLIAM DAVISON, — — Master,

Will leave

St. Andrew's Wharf

—ON—

TUESDAY, the 23rd of JUNE

At four o'clock, p.m.,

For Pictou, Nova Scotia, calling at Father Point, Gaspe, Perce, Chatham, Newcastle, Miramichi and Shediac. Returning will leave Pictou on Tuesday, 23rd June, at 5 o'clock, p.m.

The steamers connect at Shediac with E. & N. A. R. R. to St. John, N.B., and steamer for Prince Edward Island, and at Pictou with N. S. Railway to Halifax.

Through tickets to St. John, N. B., $16; Halifax, Nova Scotia, $17.50; Eastport, $17.50; Portland, $19.50 and Boston $20.50. Return Tickets by steamers at reduced rates. For freight or passage apply to

W. MOORE, Manager, Quebec.

CHAS. E. BRUSH, Agent, Ottawa.

June 10, 1868. 739-8

1868 1868

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S

MAIL STEAMER

Queen Victoria,

Captain A. BOWIE,

Leaves the Queen's Wharf with mails and passengers for Montreal, every morning. (Sundays excepted) at half-past 6 o'clock, arriving at 4:45 p.m.

Travellers and tourists will find this a delightful trip.

First-class Fare (meals extra)	$3 50
Second " "	2 00
First " Return "	6 00

Baggage checked through.

Parcel Express daily to and from Montreal and all landings.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs landed at L'Orignal.

For further information apply at Office on the wharf, or on board the steamer.

Parties desircus of a pleasant trip can obtain Excursion Tickets to Grenville and back for one fare.

MARKET STEAMER

"FAIRY,"

Captain R. G. NICHOLS,

Leaves Ottawa for Major's and intermediate landings on Tuesdays and Fridays at 4 o'clock, p.m.

7498 R. W. SHEPHERD.

1868 1868

UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

Upper Ottawa Route.

Consisting of the following first-class Steamers,

ANN SISSON,	Captain Murphy.
ALLIANCE,	" Findlay.
EMERALD,	" Toner.
OREGON,	" Cowley.
CALUMET,	" Blondin.
JASON GOULD,	" Bolton.
PONTIAC,	" Duggan.
PEMBROKE,	" Overman.
SNOW BIRD,	" Beattie.

Until further notice the Steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day (Sundays excepted) for the Upper Ottawa at 8:30 a.m., connecting with the *Alliance* at head of railroad at 12:30, touching at Arnprior, Sandpoint, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf, and Portage-du-Fort. Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after the arrival of the Steamer *Alliance* for Cobden, connecting with Steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.

The Steamer *Pembroke* leaves Pembroke at 7 o'clock, a.m., on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday for Des Joachims, calling at intermediate ports, returning on same day, leaving at 2 p.m., connecting at Pembroke with Steamer *Jason Gould* which leaves daily at 5 a.m., and arriving at Portage-du-Fort at 10 a.m.

The Steamer *Alliance* leaves Portage-du-Fort every morning (Sundays excepted) at 9:30 a.m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere, Bristol, Sandpoint and Arnprior, and arriving at head of railway at 12:45, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4 p.m.

The Steamer *Calumet* leaves Haveleck for Chapeau Village and intermediate ports on Tuesdays at 6 o'clock, a. m., and returning leaves Chapeau Village same days, at 2 o'clock.

A connection is made daily with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at Arnprior at 2 o'clock p. m., in time to connect with the Grand Trunk Railway night trains east and west, and on the downward trip at Sandpoint 11:35 a.m., Arnprior 12:10.

Passengers for Des Joachims leave Ottawa every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

For further particulars apply at the office of the Company in Ottawa City or Aylmer.

R. S. CASSELS, President.

Ottawa City, April 22, 1868. 7248

Condensed Time Table

Between Brockville and Ottawa, via Brockville and Ottawa Railway and Union Forwarding Railway Company's Steamers:

UPWARDS.

Leave Ottawa at	7:00 a.m.
Arrive at Arnprior at	2:00 p.m.
Leave Arnprior at	2:20 p.m.
Arrive at Brockville at	7:45 p.m.

In time to connect with Grand Trunk Railway Night Trains, East and West.

DOWNWARDS.

Leave Brockville at	7:15 a.m.
Arrive at Arnprior at	12:10 p.m.
Leave Arnprior at	12:15 p.m.
Arrive at Ottawa at	5:00 p.m.

NOTICE

—TO—

SHIPPERS OF GOODS

TO THE

Upper Ottawa,

By Steamers of the

Union Forwarding

AND

RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE Union Forwarding and Railway Company having assumed the cartage of goods between

OTTAWA & AYLMER,

I beg to intimate that the same rate will be charged on goods received at either place, th Company having established a through rate on all goods forwarded from Ottawa to places on the Upper Ottawa.

Receipts for goods will be given by the Shipping Clerk, Mr. S. Dyde, Canal Basin Wharf, or at the office of the Company, Wellington-street.

R S CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, March 23, 1868. 698-3m

NEW GREEN HOUSE.

ERECTED lately by the subscriber at New Edinburgh, who has now on hand and for sale a large variety of choice Verbenas, and other flowering plants. Orders left at G. Bott's, Rideau-street, will be punctually attended to.

ROBERT CURRY.

Marc 1868. 691-3m

1867 AND 1868.

INDIA WAREHOUSE

16 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform their Customers that their Stock is now complete, and embraces every delicacy of the Season, among which will be found a choice assortment of

TEAS,

Breakfast SOUCHONG, do CONGOU, } Black Extra Fine.
Superior HYSON,
" GUNPOWDER,
" IMPERIAL,
" TWANKAY,
Orange PEKOE, Flowery " Japan " } These Teas have been carefully selected for family trade by

BROWNE & HARDY.

SUGARS,
LOAF,
BROKEN LOAF,
CRUSHED,
GROUND,
YELLOW,
and MUSCOVADO.

COFFEE,
MOCHA,
JAVA,
JAMAICA, and
CEYLON,

☞ Roasted and Ground daily on the premises.

CHOCOLATE and COCOA,
FRENCH, flavored with Vanilla;
TAYLOR'S,
FRYE'S,
MOTT'S

FRUITS, &c.

LAYER RAISINS,
in Whole, Half and Quarter Boxes
MUSCATEL, do do
SULTANA,
VALENTIA,
CURRANTS,
GRAPES,
ORANGES
LEMONS,
PRUNES,
ALMONDS,
WALNUTS,
FILBERTS; and
BRAZIL NUTS.

SPICES,
NUTMEGS,
MACE,
CINNAMON,
CLOVES,
GINGER,
MIXED SPICES,
All Ground on the Premises

D. T. BROWNE & CO.

Ottawa, December 19 48tf

Skates! Skates

At ISAAC'S,

ALSO,

SLEIGHS, SLEIGHS

ALL PRESENTS BY SANTA CLAUS,

At ISAAC'S

Skates from 20 cents to $6.00

At ISAAC'S,

Sparks-street,

ALSO,

Hardware of all Descriptions

At Lowest Cash Prices,

At ISAAC'S.

☞ Remember the place,

T. ISAAC'S

ecembe 17, 1867.

Piano-Forte Tuition!

W. C. CLARK,

PROFESSOR OF MUSIC and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-street, corner Later-street, Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store. 452y

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

de, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W.

Sol by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. R. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Nov. 1, 1867 7ydw

Plans, Specifications, &c.,

PREPARED for Buildings of every description, by

SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, Wellington-st.

711tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 60, Sparks-st. Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON Managing Director; ALEX. ROBERTSON Editor.

AND 1868.

WAREHOUSE

...an Street, Ottawa.

...RIBERS beg to inform ...ners that their Stock is now ...braces every delicacy of the ...hich will be found a choice ...ssortment of

TEAS,

...CKONG, ...GOU, } Black Extra Wines ...N, ...POWDER, ...RIAL, ...NKAY, } These Teas have been carefully selected for family trade by BROWNE & HARDY.

...N LOAF, ...HED, ...UND, ...ELLOW, and MUSCOVADO.

...HA, ...AVA, JAMAICA, and CEYLON, ...d Ground daily on the ...

...and COCOA, ...avored with Vanilla; ...YLOR'S, FRYE'S, MOTT'S

...INS, ...le, Half and Quarter Boxes ...EL, do do ...ANA, ...ALENTIA, CURRANTS, GRAPES, ORANGES, LEMONS, PRUNES, ...LMONDS, ...NUTS, ...TS, and ...S.

NUTMEGS, MACE, CINNAMON, CLOVES, ...GER, SPICES, All Ground on the Premises ...T. BROWNE & CO.

...s! Skates At ISAAC'S.

...IS, SLEIGHS ...NTS BY SANTA CLAUS, At ISAAC'S ...20 cents to $6.00 At ISAAC'S.

...of all Descriptions ...west Cash Prices, At ISAAC'S. ...the place, T ISAAC'S

...Forte Tuition! ...C. CLARK, ...R OF MUSIC and Teacher ...ice and Harmony. Also, Mrs ...Drawing and Painting. ...ence, O'Connor-street, corner ...e Town. ...ett at his residence or at Orme & ...

...PAIN DESTROYER ...

...L, 1867

...Specifications, &c., ...D for Buildings of every ...ONEY B. FRIPP, Architect, Wellington-st.

...s printed and published by ...Times Printing and Publishing ...at the Office, 60, Sparks-st., ...wn, Ottawa. James Cotton, ...Director; Alex. Robertson

The Ottawa Times

VOL. III. NO. 773. OTTAWA, SATURDAY, JUNE 20, 1868. PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley, issuing of the Daily over 2,000 and Weekly over 4,000: making a total circulation in the week over 18,000 thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only.......... $6 00

Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line.......... 8c

All subsequent insertions, per line.......... 2c

Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

Yearly subscription to the daily (if paid in advance).......... $5 00

If not paid in advance.......... 6 00

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If not paid in advance.......... 1 50

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 34, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES.

Legal Cards.

MOSGROVE & TAILLON,

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. GEORGE TAILLON.
Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1868. 366-tf

R. J. WICKSTEED,

ADVOCATE, &c., 42, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 589-6m

N. TETREAU,

NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 5, 1867. 398tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,

ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 388y

D. O'CONNOR,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street.
OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa
February 7, 1866. 43-u

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Lake Cusser's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House
Ottawa, March 30. 87-t

LEES & GEMMELL,

BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

J. P. MACPHERSON,

BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1868.

NICHOLAS SPARKS,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

G. J. O'DOHERTY,

LAW, Chancery, and Conveyancing Office. Aumond's Buildings, Rideau street.
Ottawa, December 5, 1867.

Medical Cards.

A. CODD, M.D., C.M.,

(Attending Physician General Protestant Hospital)

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Four doors east of the Revere House, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
OFFICE HOURS—From 8 to 10 a. m, and from 2 to 4 p. m.
Ottawa, April 30. 730-3m

DR. CHESLEY,

OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 25 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30 447tf

DR. C. LEGGO,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,

DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,

DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.

(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)

SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 12. 280y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,

DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 574y

DR. W. J. HENRY,

CORNER of Kent and Wellington-Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 43utf

DR. O. C. WOOD,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, with out the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-100-y

Hotels and Saloons.

MATHEWS' OLD STAND,

YORK-STREET,

WILL BE OPEN for the accommodation of the public on THURSDAY, 12th of March, 1868. The subscriber having again resumed business in his old stand as hotel-keeper, wishes to return thanks to his numerous friends and the public for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on him, during the past seventeen years, and hopes by strict attention to business, and kindness to all, to share a portion of public patronage. His Larder will be always supplied with the best the market affords. His Bar will be supplied with the best of Liquors and choicest Cigars.

T. MATHEWS, Proprietor.

N. B.—The house has been thoroughly renovated and newly furnished.
Ottawa, March 11, 1868. 688tf

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,

LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.

JAMES E. GOUIN,

Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec

REVERE HOUSE, OTTAWA,

G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, } ....PROPRIETORS.

THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867 582tf

THE ALBION HOTEL

NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1866. 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN

LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly over hauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN

Aumond's Block,

Rideau Street Ottawa.

P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

TORONTO HOUSE,

SPARKS STREET.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has a few Commodious Suites of Apartments to Let, handsomely and comfortably furnished.
Gentlemen attending the Session of Parliament will find at the Toronto House most convenient quarters, where the quiet of the private family is combined with the usual attendance to be found at the best hotels.
Ottawa, Feb. 25, 1868. 67tf

DOMINION HOUSE,

WELLINGTON-STREET.

THE undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.

GEORGE IRVINE.
Ottawa, March 26. 658y

SMITH & RODNEY

MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from Eaton's Gilding Store, having just received a choice stock of

English, French and Canadian

CLOTHS and TWEEDS,

And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1, 1867. 551tf

A. MORTIMER,

BOOKBINDER

AND

Blank Book Manufacturer,

26, METCALFE-ST., OTTAWA.

HAVING every facility in the way of first-class Machinery, and employing none but first-class workmen, I am prepared to turn out every description of Binding in as good a style of workmanship as any other establishment in Canada.

A. MORTIMER, Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, Feb. 6. 384y

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS, Toronto, May 28, 1868. }

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT Charles Westley Lount, of Bracebridge, in the Township of Macauley, in the District of Muskoka, Esquire has been appointed Agent for the disposal of public lands in the Townships of Morrison, Muskoka, Draper, Macauley, Stephenson, McLean, Brunnel, Monck and Watt, in the District of Muskoka, in the place of Richard Jose Oliver, Esquire, whose services have been dispensed with.

Applications for lands open as Free Grants in the above mentioned Townships, must also be made to Mr. Lount.

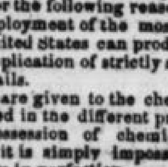
S. RICHARDS, Commissioner.
Toronto, May 29, 1867. 758-tf

TO LET.

A GOOD BUSINESS STAND at the Chaudiere Flats. Apply to JOHN ASHFIELD.
June 15, 1868. 768a25-1

Druggists.

THE MEDICAL HALL



Soda Water and Ginger Ale Factory,

23 Great St. James-street, Montreal,

OPPOSITE the POST OFFICE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS

Beg to intimate to their patrons that they have commenced the manufacture of Ærated Waters of every description, and on the most extensive scale.
Particular attention will be paid to the preparation of "Belfast Ginger Ale," a beverage first introduced into this country by our Mr. Brown, who alone possesses the original receipt, and who has also taken out a TRADE MARK for the same.
The proprietors believe their Ærated Waters will be superior to any others at present prepared in Montreal, for the following reasons, viz:—
1st. The employment of the most improved machinery the United States can produce.
2nd. The application of strictly scientific principles to the details.
3rd. Extra care given to the chemical purity of the articles used in the different processes.
4th. The possession of chemical knowledge, without which it is simply impossible to produce Ærated Waters in perfection.
The following Waters and Beverages are the principal ones prepared at the MEDICAL HALL FACTORY: Belfast Ginger Ale, Lemonade, Sarsaparilla, Winter Beverage, Summer Beverage, Soda Water, Seltzer Water, Potash Water, Kissengen Water, Vichy Water.

KENNETH, CAMPBELL & CO., Apothecaries to H.R.H. the Prince of Wales.
W. M. MASSEY, Agent for Ottawa. 472y

Spectacles for all Sights.

OPTICAL Instruments Electro-Magnetic and Galvanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.
W. HEARN, Market Drug Store, York-street.
637y

Miscellaneous.

D. CODD & CO.,

PATENT AGENTS, SOLICITORS, &c. Drawings, Specifications, Models, and all other business in connection with the procuring of Letters Patent of Invention, attended to at the shortest notice.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 741-6m

I. B. TACKABERRY'S

AUCTION ROOMS, No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any part of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS

PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-

H. McLEAN'S

AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

B. BILLINGS, JR.,

ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O & P R W 746tf

S. CHRISTIE,

COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,

EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 378v

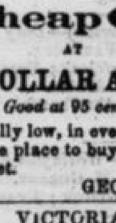
HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,

WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.
WILLIAM HOLGATE, JOHN OLIVER, WILLIAM ANNABLE.
506y

R. H. McGREEVY,

CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

LADIES CALL AT THE CAPITAL

Boot and  Shoe Store!

YORK-STREET.

For Cheap Gaiters

AT

ONE DOLLAR A PAIR!

Good at 95 cents.

Men's ware equally low, in every variety of style
This is the place to buy cheap at the "Capital," York-street.
429y GEORGE MURPHY.

VICTORIA

FURNITURE WARREROOMS.

GEORGE ARMSTRONG, Corner Victoria Square and Craig-street, Montreal, solicits a call from the Citizens of Ottawa about to furnish, who may visit Montreal to his very large and varied stock of FURNITURE which he will sell at greatly reduced prices for cash. The Parlor Furniture is of the best quality and latest designs, either plain or handsomely carved, in Walnut, oil finished or polished.
His Sideboards, Bookcases, Chamber Sets, Hall Furniture, &c., are worthy of attention.
Hair Mattrasses and Bedding of all description constantly on hand, or made to order, at the shortest notice. Call and examine for yourselves.
"Patent Sofa, with reclining arms, of a very superior make."
N.B.—Sole Agent in the Dominion for the sale of G. A. FISKS' Air-Tight Metallic Casket. 712-3m

Bottled Ale,

Bottled Ale,

Bottled Ale.

THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

Fine Bottled Ale!

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

Scotch Irish, Old Rye

And other Malt Whiskies,

Ports, Sherries, Brandies Gin, &c.,

Together with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A Call kindly Solicited.

D. WHELAN, 44, Rideau-street, Opposite Allan's Crockery Store
Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank Street, Centre Town,

Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

OTTAWA CROCKERY STORE

NEW GOODS.

JUST received ex S. S. "Damascus," 10 Hhds. of the finest English Glassware, selected expressly for the retail trade, comprising

	CUT and ENGRAVED	
CHAMPAGNES,	do	PORT and SHERRY WINES,
LIQUEURS,	do	CLARETS, GOBLETS,
FINGER BOWLS,	do	CALF FOOT JELLIES,
CLARET JUGS,	do	TALL TUMBLERS,
FRUIT DISHES,	do	DECANTERS,
BUTTER COOLERS,	do	CELERY VASES,
		CARAFFS, &c., &c.

And a choice lot of delicate Straw Stem Wines, in Ports, Champagnes, Clarets, Sherries, Liqueurs, &c. All the above articles match in shape, pattern, &c., and are the best glass procurable in England.

W. ALLAN,
51 RIDEAU STREET, (opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.)
Ottawa, June 6, 1868. 574y

CRICKETING GOODS,

CROQUET, FISHING TACKLE

FOILS,

Masks & Boxing Gloves

AT THE

Sheffield House, Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 5, 1868.

1868. MAY. 1868.

J.A.PINARD & CO.,

ARE NOW SHEWING

New Dress Goods,

A good valûe in Striped, all Mohair, for 6d per yard.

New Prints. A good variety of Patterns at 6d per yard.

New Grey Cottons, A good Cotton, 40 inches wide, for 7d per yard.

New White Cottons, A good heavy made Cotton for 6d per yard.

Tailoring Department is replete with all the novelties of the season.

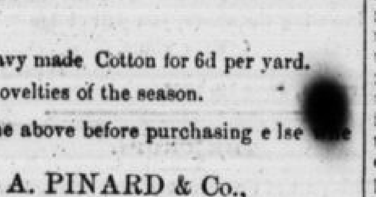
Cash buyers will find it their advantage to visit the above before purchasing else where.

J. A. PINARD & Co.,
No. 17, Sussex-st., *Sign of the Golden Ball.*
Ottawa, May 5, 186 16y

HARDWARE, HARDWARE!

—AT—

Thomas Birkett's,

SIGN OF  THE ANVIL,

No. 24 RIDEAU No. 24 STREET.

Come old and young, come short and tall,
Come rich and poor, come great and small,
Just call and see my stock in trade,
Hardware and paints of every grade.

A Complete Assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware constantly kept on hand at the SIGN of the ANVIL, T. BIRKETT, consisting in part of

Butts,	Axes,	Iron,	Paints, all colors,	Screws,	Saws,
Locks,	Ropes,	Stoves,	Glass,	Coolers,	Putty,
Nails,	Coal,	Pitch,	Grindstones,	&c.,	&c.,

Tin, Bolts, &c., Oils, Chains, &c.

Also a complete stock of MECHANICS' TOOLS of the most improved English and American manufacture.

Then Come and Examine my Stock,
A duty never shirk it,
And satisfaction will be got
In business with T. BIRKETT.

Don't forget the place—THOS. BIRKETT, Sign of the Anvil, No. 24, Rideau-street.
P. S.—All Goods delivered Free to any par of the city. 408y

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE WERE AWARDED THEIR 67TH

Prize and Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

Great rapidity, Simple Machinery, quiet in action, easy of operation, price from $47. *Prospectus free, and instructions gratis.*

G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa, and 105 King st., West, Toronto.
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WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall Stoves, for wood or coal we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.

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We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE, RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with Stovepipes, &c., at reduced rates.

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Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending purchasers would do well to note.
An inspection of the above goods invited at the

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35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, October 2 1867. 62-y

ADJUTANT-GEN'L. MACDOUGALL'S SPEECH AT TORONTO.

The following is the speech of the Adjutant-General on the occasion of distributing the prizes to the winners at the "Queen's Own" rifle match:

"Before proceeding to the business of the evening, I cannot resist saying a few words to express my gratification—indeed, I may say my delight—at the work which is being carried on in Toronto in connection with the volunteer force. It is the only constitutional military force of the Dominion of Canada now existing. (Cheers.) I was unfortunately too late to witness the splendid turn out made by the Tenth Royals at the late inspection, when 530 fighting men appeared in the ranks of the battalion—(cheers)—thereby giving a quiet but very significant answer to the threats of those blustering idiots on the other side of the line. (Loud and prolonged cheers.) If those unfortunates are to be believed, they are quite ready to eat us all up in Canada without even a grain of salt. (Laughter and cheers.) I hardly know that we can fairly be expected to supply salt for the occasion, but I think if they venture to put their threats into execution, we may promise at any rate to provide them with a certain amount of saltpetre. (Loud laughter and cheers.) The muster of the Tenth was, I believe, the largest ever before made by a volunteer regiment in Canada, and I take it as an earnest of what is to be expected from the forces at large; and I confidently expect, if it should be rendered necessary for the volunteers to take the field, that there will not be a single corps throughout the length and breadth of the Dominion in which every rifle in its possession shall not be wielded by a strong Canadian hand, backed by a stout Canadian heart. (Loud cheers.) And here I would desire to record my obligations to the editor of the Toronto *Globe* for an article headed "Military preparations," appearing in that paper of yesterday's issue. I believe the state of affairs has been fairly and properly described in that article. (Cheers.) And I desire to contrast it with another, which lately appeared in an obscure paper, in which the editor—to gratify personal spleen—informed his few readers that the measures now being taken for the defence of the country are all moonshine (laughter)—that the Volunteer force is a myth and its equipment a sham—and that it will be impossible to collect a respectable body of Volunteers in its ranks. (Laughter.) That paper is the Belleville *Intelligencer*; and the editor of that paper, from a place in which he was tolerably secure of not being answered, presumed to asperse the whole body of gentlemen employed in the military staff of the country (hear, hear)—a body of officers who have during a long number of years generally performed harder service than the staff officers of any army in time of peace, with which during my thirty-two years of service I have been acquainted. (Loud cheers.) Knowing that their duties have been performed with great zeal and ability, I should not fully discharge my trust did I not stand up in their defence. (Cheers.) And I would here take the earliest public opportunity open to me of defending them against the public and unjust attacks of their traducers. (Cheers.) It is right that the officers of the militia staff of this country should know that so long as their duties are performed in the future as in the past, I will always defend them before every accuser, against all comers and under every circumstances. (Cheers.) The people of Canada love fair play, and I call on them confidently to support me in this matter. (Cheers.) Let us turn now to the subject for which we have more immediately assembled. I find that the total value of the prizes which I have been so greatly honored in being called on to distribute amounts to $619. I say that the people of Toronto may justly be proud of that battalion whose officers and admirers are sufficiently liberal and public spirited to produce such a sum for one match, in addition to the notoriously heavy expenses entailed on them in keeping up their organization. (Applause.) Rifle shooting must always be honored among the measures necessary to be adopted for the defence of any country. (Cheers.) The volunteers of Canada have already done fully more than could be expected of them; and by the operation of the Dominion Rifle Association and its affiliating societies in the Provinces, to which aid will, I hope, be extended by the Government, I hope rifle practice among the people of Canada will become universal. (Cheers.) The match which has just been concluded—the first match with the Snider Rifle—affords some interesting terms of comparison with the last match fired with the Enfield. The amount of prizes distributed this year is $619 against $306 in 1866. Then I find that the highest score at 200, 300, and 400 yards this year was 53 as compared with only 43 in 1866 Next, the ten best men of the company this year send 393, whereas in 1866 they send but 303. (Cheers.) Again, we find the lowest score in the present match by which any prize was won was 38, while the lowest in 1866 was only 28. (Cheers.) It is to be remarked that higher scores than any of these numbers have been frequently made at practice, and the average firing of the men has very much improved, as might have been expected. (Cheers.) These are some of the satisfactory results of the Snider-Enfield with which the whole Volunteer force are now armed. (Cheers.) I have now a few words to say to the volunteers in consequence of what I conceive to be the intended operations of the last militia law. It is understood to be adverse to the prosperity of the militia force. (Cheers.) Now if any such impressions are entertained they may as well be banished, for they are incorrect. (Cheers.) I would not for any consideration say what I do not believe to be absolutely true; and I can assure the volunteers of my certain conviction that the policy of the Government is to encourage the volunteer force and improve its efficiency in every possible way. (Cheers.) I could almost pledge myself too, that if any of the associations I have named are able to indicate anything which will conduce to the efficiency of the force, their suggestions will be pushed next session of Parliament. (Cheers.) Therefore, I say it is not wise to be in a hurry to pronounce on the merits of the bill. (Cheers.) With a view to increase the efficiency of the city and country battalions in drill, and to provide against contingencies of attack, the Government, as you are aware, have ordered certain drill to be performed. In the country districts the companies are to be brought together at the headquarters of the battalions; but in cities the battalions are only ordered to drill two days in each week; and it has been so arranged that only one of these days will in any way interfere with the general employment of the volunteers. And therefore I appeal to the patriotic spirit of employers in Toronto to place every facility at the disposal of those men who, at a very small advantage to themselves, give their services to the country. (Loud and continued cheers.)

FINE coral jewellery, bog oak jewellery and a large collection of other goods suitable for wedding and other presents can be seen at Young & Radford's; all new and choice goods and will be sold cheap.

—In addition to the thirty scholarships in technical education of £100 each, established by Mr. Whitworth, he has founded sixty more of £25 each, and has begun to distribute them. One goes to Liverpool college.

—A letter from Warsaw, in the *Journal de Posen*, of the 28th ult., says: "The fury of Russianising is growing worse and more rigorous. A fresh ukase of the Czar's, which has not yet been published, interdicts the admission of Poles and Catholics to superior offices in the public service. The Russian language is replacing the Polish in all public and private transactions. Within the last few days the police have recommenced treating with severity ladies who wear mourning garments. After the cholera of last year, and typhus, which raged severely for some months, a large number of families adopted mourning habits, without any idea of political demonstration. This the Russians well know; but they require that no one shall be in mourning without a permission, which must be shown on every demand of the police agents. The Russian language is also enforced upon all the mistresses of boarding schools for young ladies.

CONFESSION OF O'FARRELL THE ASSASSIN.

Clemency of Prince Alfred.

News from Australia is to 1st May. Prior to the departure of the Prince he expressed a desire that the case of O'Farrell should be submitted to the Imperial Government for their decision, and strong efforts were also made by the assassin's friends to obtain a commutation of the capital sentence, but without any avail. The Executive decided that the law should take its course on the 21st of April. The prisoner received the announcement without a motion indicating either fear or regret, and devoted himself to his religious duties. Indeed, his conduct during his confinement in jail was in every respect such as the authorities could wish, and almost created a feeling of pity that a man in every way fitted for a nobler destiny should, by the commission of so vile a crime, end his days on the scaffold. On the day prior to the execution O'Farrell asked for writing materials, and made a dying declaration before the visiting justice, and addressed it to the Colonial Secretary, to be opened on the following day.

THE DECLARATION

Was as follows:

"Being now about to appear before my Creator, I feel it my duty to give expression to my heartfelt sorrow for the grievous crime I have committed. From the very bottom of my heart do I grieve for what I have done. I have hitherto said that I was one of many who were prepared to do the deed, had I not done it. I had not the slightest foundation for such a statement. I was never connected with any man, or any body of men who had for their object the taking of the life of the Duke of Edinburgh. Neither was I in any other than an indirect manner connected with the organization in Ireland or elsewhere which is known by the name of Fenian organization. I wish, moreover, distinctly to assert that there was not a human being in existence who had the slightest idea of the object I had in view when I meditated on—and, through the merciful Providence of God, failed in carrying into effect—the death of the Duke of Edinburgh. I have written to the *Printers* of two Irish periodicals an address to the people of Ireland. So certain was I of the death of the Duke of Edinburgh, that I stated therein that which I believed would be the fact; and I think that I have more than implied that I was but one of the organization to carry the same into effect.

"I need but say the truth of the latter portion rests upon a slighter foundation than the former; in fact, that unless from mere hearsay, I had no foundation for stating that there was a Fenian organization in New South Wales.

"From continually thinking and talking of what I may still be allowed to call 'the wrongs of Ireland,' I became excited and filled with enthusiasm on the subject, and it was when under the influence of these feelings that I attempted to perpetrate the deed for which I am now justly called upon to suffer."

THE EXECUTION.

The morning of the 21st was one of those specimens of "Indian summer" in Australia, in which the skies seem most bespread with azure, the sun brightest, and clouds invisible, as if such were never known here. Hundreds had applied for permission to see the execution, which was strictly private. Many persons assembled on an adjacent eminence from which the scaffold could be seen, but only a few who had special permits from the sheriff were admitted inside the gaol. The authorities had made ample arrangements to prevent an outbreak, soldiers and armed police were in and about the prison, and the military were under arms in their barracks, but everything passed off with unusual quietude.

O'Farrell rose about six o'clock in the morning, and as the hour for his execution approached he shook hands with the officers of the gaol who had been in attendance upon him, and thanked them for the kindness and consideration with which they had treated him. Between six and seven o'clock he was visited by the Sisters of Mercy, and shortly after they left the Rev. J. Dwyer, Roman Catholic chaplain of the gaol, arrived, and remained some time in conversation with the prisoner. As the sound of the bell striking nine o'clock died away, the two executioners, Elliot and Bull, entered the wing in which the prisoner was confined, and commenced to pinion him. At the termination of this, the procession was formed, and the solemn *cortege* began to move towards the scaffold. The prisoner walked by the side of the Rev. Mr. Dwyer, proceeded by two of the officers of the gaol, and followed by the Sheriff, the Governor of the gaol, the Under Sheriff and other officials. The spectators looked in vain upon the face of the culprit for any indication of emotion; but it was observed that his lips moved in response to the prayers which were being offered by his rev. attendant. On arriving at the foot of the drop the prisoner and attendant priest knelt a few minutes in prayer, and then O'Farrell rose and mounted with a quick movement—which might almost be called a run—the steps of the scaffold. One of the executioners took hold of his arm with a view to assist him up, but the latter spurned the proffered help, and appeared to regard the touch of the grim functionary as an insult. On reaching the platform the minister of religion offered another short prayer, which was inaudible to the spectators, and then, finally shaking hands with the condemned culprit, left him to his fate. It was confidently expected by many persons that the prisoner would make a statement on the scaffold, but no word did he utter after he had shaken hands with the clergyman. The adjustment of the rope, and drawing the white cap over the unhappy man's head, were but the work of a few seconds, and barely had these preparations been made by one of the executioners than the other withdrew the bolt, and O'Farrell dropped dead, his neck having evidently been broken by the sudden jerk. The only motion observable in the body was a slight drawing up of the feet immediately after the drop fell, but this was simply the action of the muscles without conscious pain.

After hanging for half an hour the body was lowered into a shell and examined by the medical attendants, who found the neck completely dislocated and the throat considerably torn. A cast of the face and head was taken, and the remains were then conveyed to the Necropolis and interred in the Roman Catholic portion of the cemetery.

RUSSELL, OF THE "TIMES," DENOUNCED.—Mr. Russell, of the *Times*, does not appear to have given satisfaction either to the Northerners or Southerners, but you do not hear of any one being dissatisfied with the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," which is sufficient proof that it is all it is represented to be. Price only 25 cents per bottle.

HEALTH IS STRENGTH.—To prevent or conquer disease is one of the grandest attainments ever aimed at by man; and Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers will as sure cure coughs, colds, tickling in the throat and pulmonary complaints, as war and pestilence will destroy. Severe colds if not attended to sooner or later lead to incurable consumption, and the strength of the strongest soon fails if neglected. The readiest and best means known for the cure of these complaints is "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers," which have been thoroughly tried for the last twenty years, and have never been known to fail. Singers and public speakers will also derive great benefit from the use of them. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts. per box.

VERY NATURAL.—When a person has proved an article and found it good, and answering the purpose for which it is intended he will not readily abandon it for one of doubtful reputation, or concerning which he knows nothing. We are led to make these remarks owing to the course always pursued by those who have used that celebrated and truly valuable horse medicine known as "Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy;" all are so well pleased with it that they will not use any other; many have waited several weeks until the agent could obtain a new supply. There is nothing equal to it as a condition medicine, or for any complaint affecting the wind of horses. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.* is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

TRADE WITH CANADA.

We publish elsewhere the bill recently introduced in the House of Representatives by Mr. Beaman, of Michigan, "to regulate trade on our Northern Frontiers," which will probably come up for consideration to-day. Our experience since the expiration of the reciprocity treaty has shown pretty conclusively that the failure to renew it was a mistake. Even those who favored its termination are very generally opening their eyes to this fact, and the bill in question is designed to restore, in a measure at least, the advantages which were enjoyed under the treaty. It provides for the admission of a number of articles, including all the principal unmanufactured products of Canada, on the payment of an *ad valorem* duty of five per cent., on condition that similar articles produced in the United States shall be admitted into the British Provinces at a rate not higher than that imposed by the United States. It also secures the navigation of the British American waters and the use of the fisheries, which are open to our fishermen now only through courtesy of the Canadian Government. It is further provided that the Bill shall be of no effect except upon the adoption of the reciprocal legislation by the Canadian Government, upon which its provisions are made contingent.

The Bill will undoubtedly be productive of great benefits if met by a reciprocal one on the part of the Canadian Government; yet we think that the imposition of even the five per cent. duty provided for is a mistake. The frontier to be watched is so extended, and the points of transit from the United States to Canada and *vice versa* are so numerous, that the duty is sure to be evaded to a very great extent, and, instead of going into the treasuries of the respective Governments, it will go into the pockets of smugglers; or, if this is prevented, it will be through the maintenance of a corps of agents, detectives, &c., which will consume a large share of the proceeds of the tax.

It is time our minds should be disabused of the idea that the general principle of protection, as between ourselves and foreign countries, has any proper application to our relations with the British Provinces. It would be scarcely more unreasonable to apply the principle between the several States. The geographical relations of the two are so intimate and so interwoven that restrictions upon trade are a source of perpetual inconvenience and positive loss to both producers and consumers on both sides of the line. The very same article which is an export at one point of the long frontier is often an import at another. Take, for example, the single item of coal. New England purchases coal from Nova Scotia; Canada West from Pennsylvania. A duty is placed upon Nova Scotia coal for the benefit of Pennsylvania, and Canada now proposes to put a duty upon Pennsylvania coal for the benefit of Nova Scotia. The result will be, that while each of these coal-producing sections is benefitted at the *expense* of the other, neither of them will derive any substantial benefit at all, while New England and Canada West will pay an increased price for their fuel, through the necessity of purchasing in a more distant market than that to which their geographical location would naturally lead them. This is but a single illustration, and might be multiplied almost *ad infinitum*.

It is worth while to observe, too, that the respective circumstances of the United States and Canada are not such as would render protection necessary or advantageous to us. The raw productions of the soil do not, as a rule, require protection. The thing which usually necessitates protection is the cheap labor of over-populated countries, and such countries do not export the raw products of the soil, but manufactured goods. Canada is eminently a producer of raw material, and none of her products come into rivalry with our own, except what we can well afford to compete with. We have not space in this article to cite illustrations, but an examination of the trade between us and our Northern neighbors will fully bear out our views, and we shall hereafter refer more in detail to facts bearing upon this subject, derived from that source.—*Washington Morning Chronicle.*

WINE GROWING.

M. Edmond About, in a recent article on the Wines of France, gives in the *Moniteur* some interesting figures and facts. From his authorities it is shown that wine yields more than one-fourth of the revenue of France derived from agriculture. In 1866, wine to the amount of 308 millions was exported from France—the value of the whole production being estimated at 500 millions of francs. The average cost of the wine crop is one franc the litre (a little more than a quart), whilst the finest wines cost from 12 to 15 francs the litre. The Haute Bourgogne and Medoc are the two brands which, M. About affirms, defy criticism as to the purity of their kind, owing to the corners of France where these vineyards are. The king of red wines he declares to be the Clos Vougeot, but that vineyard yields an average of 450 hhds. only. The king of white wines is the Chateau Yquem, and that estate is even smaller than the Clos Vougeot. The growers of these wines, M. About states, restrained by a laudable pride, as well as honesty, never falsify or dilute them. None know better than the farmers, however, how much the public like to be deceived—that public which buys Clos Vougeot at three and Chateau Yquem at five francs the bottle. The farmers sell their pure wine dear, and leave to the unscrupulous intermediaries the shame and profit of the fraud. M. About deems the great obstacle to a wider planting of the vine, in the Gironde and other countries exceedingly favorable to vineyards, to be the want of well-trained labor. Vine-growing and wine-making are delicate and constant troubles, and farmers have great difficulty in supplying themselves with hands, and in some districts the vine laborer is not to be had at any price. In old times counterfeits were, in point of hygiene, harmless, for champagne made from gooseberries and rhubarb did not destroy the coatings of the stomach. But the *vin ordinaire* that any country chemist can get you up now-a-days is excellent and a poison, and has the advantage of unvarying quality, and sparkling champagne is concocted from petroleum and coal, and sold as Olicquot of Montebello. The Roederer champagne is as often counterfeited as any other, and quantities of "green seal" are swallowed in England and America which its cost just one shilling per bottle to manufacture. M. About thinks the Italian wines the least adulterated as a class, owing to the small exportation of them, and sees little hope of any change for the better in France, as long as the young men of the country are absorbed to so great an extent by the army. With the necessary number of hands the production of Burgundy wine might be tripled, and the coarser brands so improved and cheapened as to leave little margin for the counterfeiter's profit. Think of Chambertin and Sauterne cheaper by half than beer and cider! If Napoleon III. would only disarm, reduce his army, and encourage the works of peace.—*Paris Correspondence (May 14) of the Boston Post.*

FOR a choice selection of pickles, sauces &c., go to Bate & Co., 52 Spark-st. 762d

MAGEE AND RUSSELL'S great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

CARPETS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS.—Garland Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality. They have just received a large stock and invite the attention of parties furnishing to it. Purchasers will find their stock in this department second to none in Ottawa. 582-y

MESSRS. Young & Radford having secured the services of first-class working jewellers in etruscan, filagree, plain, fancy and solid gold work, and having made large additions to their work shop are now better prepared to execute any orders with which they may be entrusted than heretofore. Masonic jewels gold and silver medals, and every kind of gold and silver work done on the shortest possible notice. Remember the place, 30 Sparks-st., and encourage home manufacture

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Skating Rink Music Hall—Edmund Coles.
Furnished Apartments Wanted.
Toronto House—Mrs. Trotter.
City Hoop-Skirt Factory—David Millar.

The Ottawa Times

SATURDAY, JUNE 20, 1868.

☞ *For Markets and Commercial Securities see Fourth Page.*

The Hon. P. J. O. Chauveau, Premier, and the Hon. C. Dunkin, Treasurer of Quebec, arrived last night, and are stopping at the Russell House.

Another meeting of the Privy Council was held yesterday afternoon, at which all the Ministers (save Mr. Rose) were present.

The Montreal *News* of yesterday contradicts the statement in the *Gazette* of Thursday, concerning the resignation of Messrs. Archambault and Ouimet. It says the harmony previously existing in the Quebec Cabinet has been by no means impaired by recent deliberations, and further, that Messrs. Chauveau and Dunkin visit the capital on matters relating to emigration, and the arbitration between the two Provinces.

With respect to the tilt between the Times and the editor of the *Freeman* of Toronto, *apropos* of Fenianism, we find Mr. Moylan's letter, and the editorial remarks which accompanied it in the Times, re-published in this week's *Freeman*. This is well enough if the matter had been allowed to stop there; but the introductory remarks in the *Freeman* make it appear that the gentleman responsible for the article referred to by Mr. Moylan, expressed his regret for having published it. This is not correct; the article in the *Freeman* which called forth this discussion was considered as meriting the criticism it received, and thus there was no occasion for the expression of "regret" at its publication. This we say to correct a misapprehension as to matter of fact, but not to lessen the good will heretofore, and still, subsisting, between the *Freeman* and the Times, which have fought—and may again—side by side for the same cause.

The working of "Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Companies" is very well understood among the agriculturists of the West. Several of these Societies have been in operation for many years in the older settlements, and they are now rapidly extending their operations into newer parts of the country. The isolated position of the farmers' buildings renders them less exposed in the aggregate to destruction by fire than the closely built city houses, so that the cost of insurance is much less; but as a general thing when the farmer's house or barn does take fire, it is entirely consumed; and this result of almost certain destruction when the fire does come, is another consequence of isolation, as the means for counteracting the progress of the devouring element are almost entirely wanting. If, then, the farmer has the temptation of great immunity from danger on the one hand, he has on the other the prospect of total loss if fire breaks out in his premises, and by the "Mutual" system, properly carried out, he may be indemnified for his loss, or at least possess the right of indemnity in case of loss at a very small cost.

Mr. Robert Davis yesterday addressed the County Council upon this subject, with especial reference to the propriety of starting such a company for the counties of Carleton Russell, Renfrew, Ottawa, &c., in this neighbourhood, and we think the project one worthy of favorable consideration. It is desirable that such companies should be *local* in their operation; that their directors should have more or less of a personal knowledge of the places in which they do business, at least until the company is well established, and has its own acquired experience to guide it in extending its operations. There cannot be a doubt but that a safe and flourishing business might be done in the Ottawa Valley, and throughout Central Canada, as it used to be called, by such a company, if properly organized and rightly managed. No prudent farmer would be a day without insurance, were the facilities of a local company, possessing his confidence, within his reach, seeing the small outlay at which so much security is guaranteed.

An English paper of the 30th ult. says:

"Miss Rye writes to us from the good ship *Hibernian*, off Liverpool. She has a consignment of one hundred and ten single women, eleven single men, and eight families shipped for Canada. About eight in every ten, she says, are orphans, and all of them very very poor; but they are a hale, strong, tidy lot of young people, nevertheless. The Canadian towns are eagerly looking for Miss Rye's cargo. Montreal, Ottawa, London, Hamilton, Toronto and Peterborough have all applied for a share of the living venture; so that the benevolent speculation is quite a secure one. This we regard as one great and most legitimate remedy for the pauperism which makes our land so dismal. A ship-load of humanity—thanks to this noble-minded lady—is here exchanging despair for prosperity, sorrow for happiness; and we trust Miss Rye will live to convoy whole fleets of such hopeful expeditions."

We hope the prediction of our English *confrere* may be realised, at least with respect to Miss Rye's first consignment. But it is a fact, nevertheless, that the pauper population of the Old World does not make the best class of settlers for the New. As a rule they succeed best in a new country who are most disposed to work, and "dismal" as the old land may be to many, we believe that none would profit more by exchanging it for Canada than the hard working agriculturists, tradesmen and mechanics, who are not paupers; who have acquired habits of industry, and have some spark of ambition in their breasts to rise in the world. There is, it is true, a great demand for domestic servants, especially in the large cities, and if the young women brought out will devote themselves to this kind of employment, very large numbers of them would be gladly received and speedily obtain situations.

The "East end Emigration and Relief Fund" have also despatched 167 emigrants for Canada, of a class whose circumstances will doubtless be benefitted by the change. But it will be a pity for these poor people if they have been sent here with exaggerated notions of the exchange of "despair for prosperity, sorrow for happiness." They can, by honest industry and economy, immensely improve their condition, and make provision for their children getting a much better start in life than they could have hoped for at home. But there are difficulties incident to the commencement of life in the New World which it would be better to warn them beforehand they should make up their minds to overcome, rather than persuade them that the benevolent promoters of the fund were merely paying their passages to a terrestrial paradise.

We view with much satisfaction these efforts on the part of benevolent people in England, to promote emigration to this country, and confidently believe that their labors will result in great benefit to all parties concerned. But they must not dig down too low in the substratum of society for candidates. It is only those who would be useful if they had the opportunity that will make desirable settlers in this country, and we are glad to see that the "East End" committee have set limits to their choice of emigrants, which we think will prove entirely satisfactory. Their conditions are that they shall have been long resident in the district; that their characters shall bear investigation; that they were not in receipt of parochial relief, and that they had not refused work or been on strike. Now, however poor they may be who fulfil these conditions, they are just of the class likely to make useful settlers in this country, and likely, too, to meet with ready employment. We hope, therefore, that this "East End" enterprise may be encouraged to go on with its good work. If the labor market of the Old World is overstocked there is in this country a growing demand, which will readily absorb the surplus as fast as it is sent across the Atlantic. But two conditions are essential to the candidate for settlement in Canada—unless he be of independent means—the will and the capacity to work; and we have a not unnatural dread that when the poor house and the out door relief roll are ransacked for candidates they may not always turn out such as we would like them.

In Mr. Tucker's letter, which appeared the other day in the Times, the word "attendance" was printed instead of attendants. The following is the correct reading of the sentence:

"I may further state that, voluntarily on my part, the average number of *attendants per day* during the month, is also given."

COUNTY COUNCIL.

Afternoon Session.

Thursday, June 18, 1868.

Pursuant to adjournment, the council met at 2 o'clock.

The Clerk read a communication from H. Perry, Esq., City Engineer, concerning repairs to the bridge between the City of Ottawa and the Village of New Edinburgh.

Moved by Mr. Sykes, seconded by Mr. Mills, that the communication from the City Engineer be received and placed on fyle.—Carried.

The Clerk read a communication from the Rev. Wm. Pattyson, tendering his resignation as Trustee of the Metcalfe Grammar School.

Moved by Mr. Caldwell, seconded by Mr. Morgan, that the communication of the Rev. Wm. Pattyson be referred to the Committee on education.—Carried.

The Clerk submitted the Treasurer's quarterly statement and estimate for the year 1868, together with several accounts.

Moved by Mr. Tremblay, seconded by Mr. Mohr, that the Treasurer's statement, together with all accounts read, be referred to the Finance Committee.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Fraser, seconded by Mr. Tremblay, that this Council do now adjourn till 10 o'clock to-morrow.—Carried.

The Council then adjourned.

POLICE COURT.

Julia Ring, drunk and disorderly, three weeks in jail.

Ferdinand Bertrand and Napoleon Bertrand were charged with assaulting Patrick Hurly and fined $3 and costs.

John Conway (adjourned case) drunk and fighting, proof insufficient, discharged with a caution.

His Worship the Mayor entered and took a seat on the bench, according to the requirements of the law, to assist in the investigation of the adjourned case of J. G. Bowes, charged with tampering with a soldier in H. M. service. The first witness called was Thomas Knight, who, being sworn, deposed: I am a private soldier of the Prince Consort's Own Rifles, stationed at Ottawa. On the evening of the 8th instant I was standing on the platform, opposite the Albion Hotel, while the Volunteers were drilling in the drill shed—this was between the hours of 8 and 10—when I was accosted by the prisoner, who said he supposed the civilians were drilling for the purpose of aiding us (the regulars) against the Fenians when they should come, and, perhaps, it would be of no use. And I told him I supposed we should have tough work with them. After some more conversation he spoke of Whelan, and said he hoped he would get a reprieve, or that he would escape from the jail. The conversation went on, and I sided with him, thinking to get something out of him, for I had my suspicions about him. He then asked me if I should like to go to the States? I said it was not so easy to get there. He said he could get me there in two or three hours; that it would be an easy matter if I would join the Fenians when I got there. The conversation then went on about where the Fenians were to land in their invasion of Canada, which he said was at the Rondeau. He then whistled, and called out "Bill," and when he came told him he was holding an argument about the rifles. This was between the hours of nine and ten o'clock p. m. I then sent Thomas Earle for a detective. The prisoner said he was an English detective in the service of the Government; I am not entirely temperate, but was sober that night; I drink nothing but beer. In the course of the conversation he mentioned that he had just come over from the States. I also told him that in 1863 and '64 I served in a ship in the States, and I had the papers in my pocket. He asked me how I was treated there. I told him very well. He then said the best thing I could do was to go over again and join the Fenians, for they would jump at such a man as I, who had been in the English army. He said he had also been in the 60th Rifles in the Crimea, and when I told him that the 60th Rifles were not known at the time of the Crimean War, he said he was in the 4th Rifles, and said he had seven scars, and showed me one on his wrist.

To N. Sparks for defence. Have been in the service about three years. When I joined I took the oath. I deserted and was convicted. Decline to say if I am marked as a deserter. The prisoner remained with me for about an hour and a quarter; I had not been to Earle's, and was never there but once in my life. Can't say that he spoke like a disloyal man. I thought he was trying me.

Wm. Roger, Barometer Agent, sworn—I reside in Ottawa, and am in the prisoner's employ. I remember the night when the conversation related by the last witness took place. When Mr. Bowes called me, I went to him, and said if you are seen talking to those fellows, people will think you are a whiskey sucker. He said he had only been chaffing them about soldiering. I have known him for about two months. He is in the habit of getting up conversations and "blowing." This is one of his failings, and I have told him so. I am a volunteer, have been out on active service, was with Col. Booker, at Niagara, and with Col. Willisms, at Kingston. At the conclusion of the conversation, I heard the soldier say "Good bye, lad. I shall see you again."

Alfred Winan sworn—I am stage driver from Aylmer. I remember the 8th June. Saw defendant on the platform opposite the Albion Hotel, while the volunteers were drilling in the shed. There were soldiers present. Bowes observed that the volunteers drilled well, and said he served a good apprenticeship at it, and was in the Crimea. He showed a scar, and said he had several others. I did not see Bowes call any soldier aside and speak to him. Before I left the soldiers had gone away.

To O'Neill—When I went away I left Bowes there.

The defence asked for an adjournment to enable them to get more witnesses. The case was accordingly adjourned till Tuesday next, and the prisoner was allowed to renew his bail.

LOCAL NEWS.

For jams and jellies go to Bate & Co., 52, Spark-st. 762d

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

Bog Oak Jewellery.—Very handsome sets of bog oak jewellery can be had at Young & Radford's, at $1 per set.

Several bargain lots have been brought forward from the wholesale department for the removal sale at Magee & Russell's.

Military.—Another company of the P. C. O. Rifles arrived here last night by the steamer from Montreal. The band met them at the boat and played them up to their quarters.

Congregational Church.—We are informed that the Rev. Professor Cornish, of McGill College, Montreal, will preach in the Congregational Church to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock, and in the evening at half-past six. It is also expected that he will stay and preach there again upon the following Sabbath.

The River Route.—We are informed by those who have visited Caledonia Springs that the hotel and surroundings have been much improved since last year, and a trip on the *Queen Victoria* this warm weather is a great luxury. The popular Captain Bowie is now, as ever, ready to contribute everything to render the passengers comfortable on their trip.

Meteorological Observations.—(Reported by Wm. Hearn, Market Drug Store, York-st.)

June 19, 1868.

Greatest degree of heat registered during the previous night, 70 above zero.

8 a. m., 75 " "
1 p. m., 90 " "
6 p. m., 87 " "

Volunteers.—Captain Fraser labored very hard in the County Council to obtain a grant of fifty cents a day for the volunteers, when on active service, in addition to their ordinary pay, but the grant of 25 cents a day extra was agreed to. Captain Fraser's company is ordered to Brockville, the headquarters of the 42nd for the annual drill next week.

Hoop Skirts.—By reference to an advertisement in another column, it will be seen that Mr. Millar, of the City Hoop Skirt Factory, has been appointed agent in Ottawa for a new patent skirt appendage, which is said to be a very useful and elegant article for dresses. Our lady friends should call at Mr. Millar's and examine the new skirt appendage for themselves. His goods, in his particular line, are all of the best material and latest fashion.

Toronto House.—We see by advertisement in another column, that Mrs. Trotter, of the Toronto House, has at present a few of her elegant suites of apartments vacant, to which she invites the attention of gentlemen coming to the city. Some of the highest officers of Government have made her house their home, and we have always heard the establishment spoken of by them in terms of the highest commendation.

Arrests for Larceny.—A number of youths were arrested, and detained in the lock-up, on a charge of stealing a variety of articles last Fall from the store of Mr. Hearn, of the market drug store, while the building was on fire. The articles were taken from the store under the pretence of saving them, and were never returned. It appears that a person took one of the articles to the store the other day for the purpose of selling it, when it was recognized as part of the lost property, and used as a clue to many others. The case will be up at the Police Court this morning.

Death of an Old Volunteer Officer.—We have this morning to announce the sad intelligence of the death of Mr. Alexander Workman, junior, who died at his residence in this city last evening. The deceased has been in gradual decline, we believe, for two or three years, and it was his delicate state of health that compelled him to resign the command of the Ottawa Field Battery, of which he was so proud, and by every member of which he was so much esteemed. He died at the early age of 33 years, and leaves a widow and family to mourn his loss, and an extensive circle of friends who will long remember his manly, generous, and amiable character.

A Good Sanitary Measure.—Mr. Slater has made good his promise this week of flushing the by-wash by turning on a good stream from the canal, thus making it a *wash* in reality. Ordinarily this channel has been a sluggish bed of pestilence, but being thus purified once or twice a week, it will become a valuable sanitary auxiliary. It is earnestly to be hoped that during the hot season, so favourable to the speedy putrifaction of all the animal and vegetable matter which finds its way into the channel of the by-wash, Mr. Slater will not miss a favourable opportunity of flushing it away. Some people imagine that so long as a *smell* does not arise from nuisances they scarcely deserve the name, and are not dangerous; when the fact is that the atmosphere, on the purity of which health and life depend, may be laden with death dealing miasma, of the presence of which the sense of smell never receives the slightest intimation.

Is the Communication to be cut off?—We have more than once called attention to the dangerous condition of the first bridge leading to New Edinburgh, and the justice of our remarks has been recognized by the action of the County Council; but whilst they thus recognize the fact that it *is* in a dangerous condition, they pass a resolution declaring that they have no right to re-build, or grant aid for re-building, the same. The question will probably be brought up at the City Council at its special meeting on Monday night, and if they should come to a similar conclusion, it will not be long before the communication will be virtually cut off, for it is at present hardly safe for heavily loaded teams to cross. The question arises, then, as to whose jurisdiction the bridge is in. If the eastern bank of the eastern branch of the Rideau river marks the western limits of the city, and the western bank marks the eastern limits of the village, and if a bridge is required for the use of both parties, should it not in equity be a partnership concern? The city corporation will most likely regard it in this light and act accordingly. At least we are led to believe that this will be the case.

Theatrical.—Coles' dramatic company at at the Rink last night made a first-rate impression on the audience, which ought to bring a larger attendance to-night. Moreton's fine play, *All that Glitters is not Gold*, was very cleverly performed. In some points indeed, the fine points of the author were brought out most effectively, and in the afterpiece, Coles was irresistibly comical, and when his appearance on the stage, or when he opened his mouth to speak, or even when he looked a thought, he compelled the audience to applaud. So great is his power over his facial muscles, that he can express more in a look than could be conveyed in half a dozen sentences. This evening he appears as "Paul Pry," which for many years provoked from time to time the laughter of nearly all England. Everyone, wherever the English language is spoken, has heard of that inimitable character, and we have no doubt, Coles will give a faithful representation of it to-night, and be well sustained by his company as he was in both pieces last night.

The Boating Season.—The heat of the past few days has popularized boating amazingly. There is nothing in town, or about town, pleasanter than dropping lazily down with the sun well behind us, and working briskly up after he has sunk above the Chaudiere. A pair of oars, with a lady to steer, is the jolliest craft to employ, and finds favor and patronage accordingly. It is a luxury at once easily accessible and very cheap. But it is impossible to avail oneself of its pleasures, while the wharves from which we start are surrounded all day long by uncouth roughs, who seem to be under the impression that Ottawa is still Bytown, and "from morn to noon, from noon to dewy eve" make day hideous by persisting in bathing exactly where there is greatest objection to their sanitory performances. We believe that there are penalties provided by statute for such misdemeanors, and we see no reason why they should not be exacted. With every sympathy for the ambition of the cad to rise from the ranks of the Great Unwashed, we beg leave to hint that his efforts will be quite as effectual, and far less indecent, if pursued before say 7 a.m. Should he persist in thinking otherwise, we would recommend the police to direct especial attention to the neighborhood of Mr. Cockburn's boat slip behind Wellington-st., and to make, for the sake of public decency, an awful example of the first batch of blackguards who may disregard the present warning.

A NUISANCE.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Sir,—Through the medium of your widely circulated paper, would you allow me to call the attention of the proper authorities to the disgusting odor arising from beneath the sidewalk on the West side of O'Connor-st., corner of Queen.

The cause of this abominable stench is from a decayed carcass thrown under the sidewalk. By inserting the above, you will oblige

Ever yours,
"Topsy."

Ottawa, June 19, 1868.

THE CROPS.

This part of the country was visited with several heavy showers during last night which must have a very beneficial effect upon the growing crops. Never before, in the history of Canada, has there been such a glowing prospect of a bountiful harvest. We have had the early and the latter rain and glad sunshine, and in the waving field of grain and and grass there is the promise of well filled barns and granaries, of an abundance for both man and beast. Let us be thankful and take courage.—*Belleville Intelligencer.*

In this part of the country the crops never looked better. The only fear expressed by farmers is that the growth may be too luxuriant and that the grain may be down. A spell of dry weather now would almost assure us the finest harvest in the last ten or twelve years.—*Glenallan Maple Leaf.*

Crop prospects in this section never looked better. Hay is certain to be heavy, and all the cerials are growing amazingly. The weather still keeps warm with an occasional shower.—*Smith Falls Review.*

Reports from all parts of our country inform us that the crops in Brant never looked more promising than they do at the present time. With a good harvest this season will return flourishing times, and the sooner they come the better.—*Brantford Expositor.*

The crops in the "model townships," Garafraxa, Peel and Pilkington, present a very healthy appearance; the late rains have done much good, more especially to the grass crops. Many of the farmers have got through with potato planting, and are now preparing for turnip sowing. Everything in the meantime bids fair to make the heart of the agriculturist rejoice.—*Guelph Herald.*

On Monday night a long threatened and needful heavy shower of rain fell, and the hopes of the farmers have, if possible, been higher elated at the prospect of an abundant crop, and the better times before them. The weather for the past few days has been quite delightful. Such a favorable season has seldom been known in this country.—*Kingston Whig.*

A considerable breadth of wheat has been sown through the Niagara District this season, and never did a crop look finer or present a healthier appearance, and unless some extraordinary event happens a very heavy crop will be harvested. The meadows are also unusually heavy and prolific. Corn and potatoes are likewise coming on finely. Indeed every species of grain, roots and fruit will yield heavily.—*St. Catharines Journal.*

—The Grand Orange Lodge of British America meets in this city to-morrow at noon. The following delegates from the sister Provinces of Ontario, arrived here this a.m., by the steamer *Carlotta*: Hon. J. H. Cameron, M.P., Toronto, Ont., Deputy Grand Master; D'Arcy Boulton, Barrie, Ont., Deputy Grand Master; Andrew Fleming, Toronto, Grand Secretary; A. Keyes, Grand Secretary of Western Canada; M. Anderson, Mountain View, Ontario, Grand Treasurer; J. Bennett, Toronto, Ontario, Deputy Grand Treasurer; McKenzie Powell, Belleville, Grand Master of Central Canada; J. Ross Robertson, Junior Deputy Grand Master of Western Canada; W. White, Belleville, Grand Director; Bros. Floey and Clench, Freeburn Barr, (Grand Tyley), Creaser, (Owen Sound) Scott. The Grand Lodge, it is said, will be in session for two days.—*Halifax Express.*

A New Projectile.—Capt. Basevi, B. A., describes in the *Times of India* a new projectile of his own invention intended to be fired from smooth-bored ordnance. It is elongated, thereby possessing the same advantages as those in use with rifled guns; furthermore, it is made to rotate on its major axis like those, but by a different method. The projectile is composed of three separate parts, a conical head, a flat ring, and a cylindrical body. Thus it is of the same outward shape as the majority of shot or shell in use in Europe and America with rifled guns, with the addition of a ring. The cylinder or body of the shot has a system of spiral grooves bored through it near its outer circumference; the number and dimensions of these being determined by the calibre of the gun for which the projectile is made. On the top of the clylinder lies the ring, covering the front ends of the grooves, and above this again comes the conical head, firmly fastened, by a projection at its base passing through the ring to the cylindrical body, but so placed as to leave the ring a slight play between it and the cylinder. On firing this projectile from a bore, the elastic fluid seeking a passage through the grooves causes it to rotate; the ring is forced forward against the head of the shot, and the diameter being made a little less than than that of the cylinder, also the base of the conical head being slightly levelled, the gas is enabled to escape round the head of the shot after performing the work required of it.

—Walrussia is becoming Americanized fast, so much so that Sitka is aspiring to a Masonic Lodge. So much the better for a certain most respectable enterprise. Universally on this Continent have the Lodges given their cordial countenance to *Royal Italian Bitters.*

Latest by Telegraph.

FROM TORONTO.

The "Street Arabs"—Model School Examination—Military Stores for Toronto, and Shot and Shell for the Gunboat "Prince Alfred."

Special to THE TIMES.

Toronto, June 19, 1868.

The Committee of School Trustees have reported adversely on Dr. Wilson's scheme of an industrial school for "street Arabs," which he proposed to support by private enterprise. The Committee hold that the matter should first be considered by the Local Government.

The Model School public examination yesterday resulted most satisfactorily. The pupils acquitted themselves in a most creditable manner.

A large amount of military stores has arrived by the steamer *Passport*. They were addressed to the superintendent of stores here.

A number of shot and shell have also passed through this city, destined for the gunboat *Prince Alfred*, stationed at Goderich.

CABLE NEWS

(Via Montreal Line

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

THE IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT.

The Irish Church Bill in the House of Lords.

The Nova Scotian Petition.

The Government Telegraph Bill.

London, June 18.—In the House of Lords to-night the Irish Church Appointments Suspensory Bill passed through its first reading.

Lord Cairns declared his intention of opposing the Bill.

Lord Strachan presented the petition of Nova Scotia against the Canadian Union Act.

In the House of Commons to-night the Irish Reform Bill passed in committee.

The Bill providing for the purchase by the Government of all the telegraph lines in the Kingdom was read for the second time.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

London, June 19.—To-morrow will be universally observed as a holiday, as the Queen will review the Volunteers. No business will be transacted at the Exchange.

London, June 19.—Midnight.—In the House of Lords this evening, the Earl of Ellenborough, in some remarks on the Abyssinian expedition, suggested that on account of the unusual character of services performed by the troops, special honors be paid to them upon their return from the scene of their exploits.

The Earl of Malmsbury, in reply, said that the Ministry had not yet considered the matter.

The Duke of Cambridge, commander-in-chief of the army, expressed the opinion that the award of unusual honors to the members of the Abyssinian expedition would be a bad precedent. The subject was then dropped.

The London *Telegraph* has been condemned in £96 for the publication of a libel.

Vienna, June 19.—Negotiations have been received between Austria and Italy, for the final disposition of the art treasure at Venice. The Emperor Francis Joseph and Baron Beust are about to make a visit to Prague, the capital of Bohemia.

London, June 19.—It appears that the announcement that Prince Milan, nephew of the late Sovereign of Servia, has been proclaimed ruler of that principality, was an error. The *Memorial Diplomatique*, a journal published at Paris, in the Austrian interest, says that the powers have agreed to leave Servia free to choose her own Prince. The selection of Milan is considered a certainty.

Paris, June 19.—A solemn requiem mass was performed here to-day, in commemoration of the death of the ex-Emperor Maximilian, it being the anniversary of his execution at Queretero. The ex-Empress Carlotta, General Miramon, and a large number of Mexicans were present.

Mr. Chissert, editor of the *Journal of Arts*, has been condemed to two months' imprisonment in jail, and a fine of one thousand francs, for an article published in that paper.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Via Montreal Line.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

The Race for the Championship to be Rowed Over Again.

Philadelphia, June 18.—The referee has decided that Hamill and Coulter shall row again to-morrow afternoon.

Base Ball Match.

Chicago, June 18.—The Base Ball match this afternoon between the Athletics of Philadelphia, and City Club of Rockford, was won by the former by 94 to 13.

The Sangerfest.

The foreign delegates to the Sangerfest arrived this morning.

Abandonment of the Charge of Treason Against Surratt.

New York, June 19.—The *Tribune's* special says the Government has abandoned its charge of treason against Surratt, on the ground that under the constitution it requires two witnesses of the overt act, or a confession of the accused in open court, to make a case. Surratt has, however, been indicted for giving aid and comfort to the enemy.

Arrival.

The steamer *Erin*, from Liverpool, has arrived.

Protection to "American" Citizens Abroad.

The *World's* special says that a delegation in the interest of naturalized citizens from New York, were in this city. Some of them have been in British prisons. They are seeking the release of American citizens now confined in England, and will urge on the Senate the passage of the Banks' Protection Bill, which has passed the House.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

The Democratic Platform.

New York, June 19.—The *Sun's* special says a convocation of the Democrats has submitted the following platform to Mr. Chase, which he approved of, and indicated that he would accept the Democratic nomination, if it were adopted by their convention. Universal suffrage is recognised as a Democratic principle, the application of which is to be left to the several States under the constitution of the United States. Universal amnesty, and the complete renewal of all disabilities, on account of participation in the late rebellion, are not only wise and just measures of public policy, but essentially necessary to the beneficial administration of the Government in the States recently in civil war with the United States, and to the full and satisfactory re-establishment of the practical relations of these States with the other States of the American Union, and no military government over any State of the Union in time of peace, is compactible with the principles of civil liberty established by the Constitution, nor have the trial of private citizens by military commissions, to be tolerated by the people, zealous of their freedom, and deserving to be free. Taxes should be reduced as far as possible, collected impartially, and with strict economy, and so apportioned as to bear on wealth rather than upon labor, while all national obligations should be honestly and exactly fulfilled, and no special privileges should be allowed to any classes or individual corporations.

Secretary McCulloch.

New York, June 19.—The *Sun's* special says the *Intelligencer* has another attack on Sec. McCulloch, saying the President contemplated his removal. Chief Justice Chase was sent for to use his influence to have him returned, and the President complied with his request. The *Intelligencer* demands his removal, saying the President will be held responsible by the country for the inefficiency in the Treasury Department.

THE SALE AND PURCHASE OF ARMY COMMISSIONS.

The army, in the opinion of the London *Review*, wants reform, but it is not at all improbable that no step will be made until we are taught a severe practical lesson. That we get out of difficulties is due to the national courage and spirit, or rather that we have got out of them; for, in the event of another war like that in the Crimea, we should find that our experiences there would profit us but little. The purchase system must be the first obstruction to progress removed. The army should be strictly a profession, and not a mere ornamental pursuit for rich gentlemen who do not trouble themselves to acquire the very elements of their adopted calling. Nothing can be more absurd than the sentiment prevailing at every mess table, that even to wear the uniform is an infringement upon an officer's taste and liberty, while to converse upon his presumed business is considered a violation of good manners. This is, of course, one of the results of the purchase system. As long as a man feels that his banker can promote him when the time comes, and that it would be quite a superfluous exertion on his part to learn any more than the common form "cram" of the drill books, he will be a careless and an inefficient soldier. It is not enough that such officers are ready to fight with courage when called upon—they have the lives of hundreds of others under their charge, and are guilty of a criminal neglect in accustoming themselves to believe that a mere animal indifference to danger relieves them from the responsibilities they have undertaken.

The *Examiner*, on the argument that purchase is popular in the army, remarks no doubt it is popular among the majority of military officers, since this majority is composed of those who benefit by the injustice. As well, however, might it be argued in favor of the maintenance of the Irish Church Establishment that Irish bishops and Irish rectors are opposed to dis-establishment; or that army agencies or Foreign Office agencies should not be disturbed, because Messrs. Cox & Co., or Messrs. Bidwell & Co., find them very profitable.

The *Saturday Review* imagines that the abolition of the purchase system is by no means that measure of army reform which is the most likely, and more than it is the most needful, to be accomplished by the reformed Parliament; but the attraction which it offers to grievance-mongers is such that no doubt it will continue to be the field for the airing of crochets and the exhibition of that of zeal for reform which has a special eye to the chances of the next election.

The *Spectator* says that, taking the French statistics as our guide, we find that if the conscription were established in the United Kingdom, 300,000 young men of twenty would annually present themselves at the balloting bureau. Of these one-third would be rejected for physiyal disqualifications, leaving 200,000 fit for service. The country required, if it is ever to be decently garrisoned, and prepared to exert its strength when needful to maintain its influence, an army of 250,000 men. Supposing service to be reduced, as it will be one day, to five years, the annual draft would be at first 50,000 men a year, just the average recruiting during the Crimean war, and afterwards, perhaps, 35,000, about one-fourth of the conscripts usually selecting the profession as their life work, or seeking the £150 to be paid to the soldier who, after one period of service, enlists again as a substitute. Would this be so excessive a drain on the resources of the nation? It would, the *Spectator* firmly believes, be actually less than the drain the present system involves.

For soups and potted meats go to Bate & Co., 52 Spark-st. 762d

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

DIVINE SERVICES in THE CITY CHURCHES ON SUNDAY.

Christ Church (Church of England)—Sparks Street.
Rev J S Lauder, M A, Rev C F Street, M A, Curate.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening at 7 Free Seats.

Chapel of Ease—Sussex Street.
Rev J S Lauder, M A, Rev C F Street, M A, Curates.
Morning Service at 11; Evening at 7. Free Seats.

St. Alban's Church, Daly Street.
(All seats free.)
Rev. T. Bedford Jones, LL. D., Rector.
Sunday services 11 a m and 7 p m. Week day services daily (except Monday) 9 a m and 5 p m. Holy Communion every Sunday, alternately at 8 a m and 11 a m. Sunday School, 9:30 a m. Saturday Catechetical classes 10 a m. Teachers' class, (open to all adult members of congregation) Thursday, 4 p m. Litany and choral practice, do. Friday, 7 p m.

New Edinburgh Parish—Church of England.
Rev. George Noel Higginson, M.A., Clerk in charge.
Service in the New School House. Morning Service at 11 a.m. Evening Service at 4 p.m. Holy Communion on the 1st Sunday in the month at 11 a. m., and on the 3rd Sunday in the month at 8 a. m. The services are maintained by the offertory.

St James' Episcopal Church—Hull.
Rev John Johnston.
Divine Service at 11 a m and 7 p m.

Methodist Episcopal Church—Le Breton's Flats.
Rev T W Pickett.
Services commence at 10½ a m; and 6½ p m. Sabbath School at 2 p m.

Congregational Church—Albert Street.
Rev Joseph Elliot.
Morning service commences at 11 o'clock, and evening services at 6½ o'clock. Sabbath School a 3 o'clock p m.

Baptist Church—Queen Street.
Rev D McPhail, Pastor.
Services at 11 o'clock, am, and 6½ p.m. Sabbath School at 9½ in the morning.

Free Church (Presbyterian)—Daly Street.
Rev. T. Wardrope.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening 6½ p.m.
Rev. Mr. Moore.
Services will be held in the Church, Bank Street, at 11 a.m., and 6½ p.m.

Kirk of Scotland—Wellington Street.
Rev. Daniel M. Gordon.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening at 6½.

Wesleyan Methodist Church—Metcalfe Street.
Rev. E. B. Harper, M. A., Minister.
Morning Service at 10½ o'clock; Evening at 6½ Sabbath School at 2 p.m.

Meth. Epis. Church—Cor. York and Dalhousie Sts.
Rev. S. G. Stone.
Morning Service at 10½ o'clock; Evening at 6½. Sabbath School at 2 p.m.

St. Andrew's Church, (Roman Catholic.)
Hours of service—Sundays and Holidays:—Morning, at 8 and 10 a.m. Evening, at 7 p.m.

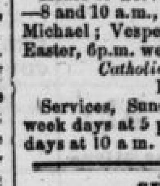
Cathedral Notre Dame.
Rev. D. Dandurand, Vicar-General.
Hours of Service, 5, 8 and 10 a m, and 7 p. m., from Easter until St. Michael's Day; 6, 8 and 10 a. m., and 6 p.m. from St. Michael's until Easter.

St. Joseph's Church.
Rev. J. F. Guiliard, P. P.
Hours of Service, Sundays and Holidays, Mass—8 and 10 a.m., from Easter until the Feast of St. Michael; Vespers at 7 p.m.; from St. Michael to Easter, 6p.m. week days, 7½ p.m.

Catholic Apostolic Church—Hull.
Rev E J W Roberts.
Services, Sundays, at 10 a m, and 5 p m. On week days at 5 p m; and on Wednesdays and Fridays at 10 a m.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Unless you like your family to rusticate as far from you as possible during the summer—do NOT send them to the Caledunia Springs—they are too easily accessible. 773-3



HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER,

RENEWS THE HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR WHEN GRAY.

Renews the nutritive matter which nourishes the hair.

RENEWS THE GROWTH OF THE HAIR WHEN BALD.

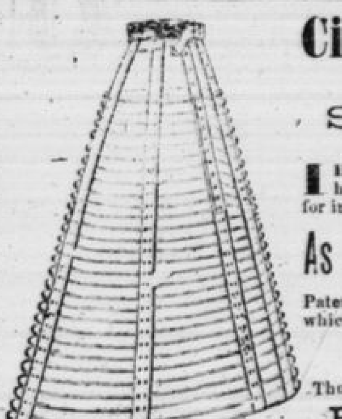
Renews the brash, wiry hair to silken softness.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR DRESSING.

One bottle shows its effects.

R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N.H., Proprietors.

For sale by all druggists. 762dwd



City Hoop Skirt Factory.

SOMETHING NEW.

I BEG to call the attention of LADIES to a new and highly desirable article which I have secured the Sole Agency for in Ottawa and vicinity. It is known

As Lesser's Patent Skirt Appendage!

Patented April 23, 1868, and consists of a SEPARATE TRAIL which can be attached to an ordinary

Plain Hoop Skirt,

Thus converting it into a graceful

Promenade or Evening Skirt!

It may also be fastened to a Muslin or Stuff Petticoat with the same result. It can be folded in very small compass, and must readily recommend itself to every Lady, combining, as it does, Grace, Elegance and Comfort. To be had wholesale and retail. All styles of Skirts on hand. Corsets, Hosiery and Gloves, Parasols, &c., &c.

DAVID MILLAR,
43 Sparks-st, Central Ottawa.

456y

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding he symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. Symptoms of Worms.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual waist ing away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Casto Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., who are he sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* ☞ and take no other. ☜ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 578y

Errors of Youth.—A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay and all the effects of youthful indiscretion will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertisers' experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN, 43 Cedar Street New York

Who is Mrs. Winslow?

As this question is frequently asked, we will simply say that she is a lady who, for upwards of thirty years, has untiringly devoted her time and talents as a Female Physician and nurse, principally among children. She has especially studied the constitution and wants of this numerous class, and, as a result of this effort and practical knowledge, obtained in a lifetime spent as nurse and physician, she has compounded a Soothing Syrup for children teething. It operates like magic—giving rest and health, and is, moreover, sure to regulate the bowels. In consequence of this article, Mrs. Winslow is becoming world-renowned as a benefactor of her race; children certainly do rise up and bless her; especially is this the case in this city. Vast quantities of the Soothing Syrup are daily sold and used here. We think Mrs. Winslow has immortalized her name by this invaluable article, and we sincerely believe thousands of children have been saved from an early grave by its timely use, and that millions yet unborn will share its benefits, and unite in calling her blessed. No mother has discharged her duty to her suffering little one, in our opinion, until she has given it the benefit of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. Try it, mothers—try it now—*Ladies' Visitor*, New York City.

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents a bottle.

Be sure and call for

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,"

Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations. 762-24-2m

Bronchitis, Coughs, Asthma,

And all disorders of the Throat and Lungs, are relieved by using "Brown's Bronchial Troches."

"I have been afflicted with Bronchitis during the past winter, and found no relief until I found your 'Bronchial Troches.'

C. H. Gardiner,
Principal of Rutger's Female Institute, New York.'

"Almost instant relief in the distressing labor of breathing peculiar to Asthma."

Rev. A. C. Eggleston, New York.

"It gives me great pleasure to certify to the efficacy of your Bronchial Troches, in an affliction of the throat and voice, induced by public singing. They have suited my case exactly, relieving my throat and clearing the voice so that I could sing with ease.

T. Ducharme,
Chorister French Parish Church, Montreal.'

'When somewhat hoarse from cold or over-exertion in public speaking, I have uniformly found Brown's Troches afford relief.

Henry Wilkes, D. D.,
Pastor of Zion Church, Montreal."

Sold by all dealers in medicines at 25 cents a box.

DIED.

In this city, of heart disease, on 19th instant, at the age of 33 years, Alexander, only son of Alexander Workman, Esquire, hardware merchant.

The deceased was for many years Lieutenant and acting Captain of the Ottawa Field Battery. His remains will be removed from his father's residence, Wellington-st., at half past 11 a. m., on Monday next, 21st instant, to proceed by 1 p. m. train to Montreal. Friends will please accept this notice as invitation.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

To-Night.

SKATING RINK MUSIC HALL.

G. W. Lester, - - - *Manager.*

Third appearance of the famous young English Comedian,

EDMUND COLES.

Third appearance of the Brillant

Miss Fanny Stocqueller,

Supported by the Dramatic Company, late of the Theatre Royal, Montreal.

SATURDAY EVENING, JUNE 20th, the elegant and fashionable play, entitled

Paul Pry, or I Hope I Don't Intrude,

Paul Pry..........Edmund Coles.
Phebe..........Miss Fanny Stocqueller.

Fancy Dance..........Lena Warner.

To conclude with Madison Morton's New and Laughable Farce, entitled

YOUR LIFE'S IN DANGER!

No play can be repeated on account of the very limited engagement of Edmund Coles, and the series of novelties to be introduced.

Doors open at 7:30, and performance to commence at 8 o'clock precisely.

Prices of admission—Parquette 50 cents; Gallery 25 cents.

Tickets for reserved seats may be procured at the Music Store of Messrs. Orme & Son, and at the "Citizen" Stationery Establishment.

A. B. COLES,
Business Agent.

Ottawa, June 20, 1868. 772d

TORONTO HOUSE, Sparks-st.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has at present several commodious and handsomely furnished suites of apartments, in every respect eligible for civil or military officers, or private gentlemen remaining in the city.

Ottawa, June 20, 1868. 773tf

FURNISHED Apartments Wanted.

Wanted, by a brother and two sisters, THREE FURNISHED ROOMS, with use of Kitchen, or part of a Furnished House, on, or in the vicinity of, the Richmond Road, Ashburnham Hill, or Albert-street. A liberal compensation will be allowed for use of above till 1st May next. Address—A. B., this office.

Ottawa, June 20, 1868. 773-3

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864.

IN THE MATTER OF

WILLIAM N. BARRIE

AND

JOHN McMARTIN,

INSOLVENTS.

The Creditors of the above-named Insolvents are hereby notified to meet me at the OFFICE of Messrs. MORLAND, WATSON & CO., in the City of Montreal, on

Friday, the 26th day of June Next,

At the hour of ELEVEN o'clock in the Forenoon, for the ordering of the affairs of the Estate generally.

Dated at L'Orignal, this 8th day of June, A. D. 1868.

EDWD. F. DARTNELL,
Assignee.

772d

FOURTH GRAND

ANNUAL PIC-NIC

OF THE

Sapper's Fire Company, No. 1.

UNDER the patronage of the St. Jean Baptiste Society, to be held on WEDNESDAY, the 24th instant, at the BELLEVUE GARDENS, Hull.

Races and other rural athletic sports will take place. Prizes will be awarded in the different games.

Races. 100 yards, 1st prize, $3; 2nd prize, $1. 200 yards, 1st prize, $3; 2nd prize, $1. 300 yards (hurdles), 1st prize, $3; 2nd prize, $1. 100 yards, (for boys), 1st prize, $3; 2nd prize, $1. Three Standing Jumps, 1st prize, $3; 2nd prize, $1. Running High Leap, 1st prize, $3; 2nd prize, $1. Half-mile Race, 1st prize, $3; 2nd prize, $1.50. No less than four entries to run for each race.

Marrier's fine Brass and Quadrille Bands are engaged for the occasion.

Tickets, 25 cents. To be had from the Committee and at the door.

Refreshments can be had at reasonable rates on the ground.

Managing Committee—Lieut. J. B. Doucet, Jos. Smith, Toussant Groulx and Israel Moreau.

X. GROULX, Secretary. D. ROY, Captain.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Ottawa, June 16. 769d

IF YOU

WANT ANY

BOOTS OR SHOES,

CALL AT

Angus & Huckell's

—GREAT—

Boot & Shoe

EMPORIUM,

15,

SUSSEX-STREET,

Whyte's Brick Block.

Ottawa, June 18. 666y

COW LOST.

Strayed from Hull a LIGHT RED COW, with a white stripe on her back, and a white tail,—years old. Any information as to her whereabouts will be thankfully received at the Tollgate, Suspension Bridge.

PETER NOE.

Hull, June 17, 1868. 770-3

FOR SALE.

A BLACKSMITH'S SHOP AND TOOLS, together with TWO TOWN LOTS in the Village of Long Island Locks. Possession given on the 1st of August. For further particulars apply to DAVID HALL, on the premises, or by letter, postpaid.

June 4, 1868. 759-1-33-3m

TO LET.

A FURNISHED HOUSE, containing seven rooms, in Stewart-street, Sandy Hill, for three months. Apply at the Bank of Montreal.

Ottawa, June 19, 1868. 772-3

GREAT SUCCESS

OF THE

Removal Sale.

ALL THE GOODS FROM THE Wholesale Department brought forward, and re-marked at clearing prices.

SEVERAL CHOICE BARGAIN LOTS, Will be offered TO-DAY.

ONE LOT OF 20 PIECE MARL POPLINETTES, This season's importation, worth 40 cents, will be sold for 25 cents.

ANOTHER LOT, SIMILAR STYLES, Will be marked 16 cents. These are all well worth 30 cents.

500 YARDS STRIPED EARLSTON GINGHAMS, That cost the importer 22 cents, will be laid on the counter at 12½ cents.

ANOTHER choice lot of Double Width CHALLIE and ALPACCA DRESS GOODS, At 11 cents and 12½ cents, well worth double the money.

ONE CASE OF PRINTED MUSLINS, Fast colours and choice patterns, at 10, 12, 12½, 16 and 17 cents per yard, are value for 50 per cent more, only they arrived too late in the season.

A JOB LOT of WHITE BRILLIANTS PIQUES and MARSEILLES, At very low prices.

50 PIECES WHITE GROUND PRINTS and PRINTED BRILLIANTS, From 15 to 21 cents per yard.

ANOTHER BALE WHITE SHIRTINGS, At the reduced rates, will be brought forward to-day.

80 DOZEN MORE of THOSE CLEAR CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS, At the same prices as gave such satisfaction the last two weeks.

10 PIECES WHITE GROUND FRENCH DELAINES, With coloured spots for Children's Dresses, at 25 cents per yard, usual price, 40 cents.

SEVERAL HUNDRED DOZEN OF WHITE and COLOURED COTTON HOSE, Brought out from the Wholesale Department, to-day, and marked very cheap.

NOTWITHSTANDING The great rush we have had the stock is still well assorted, and many goods have been still further reduced in prices.

Magee & Russell.

Ottawa, June 17, 1868. 767y

Pickles, Sauces, &c.,

JUST RECEIVED DIRECT FROM

CROSSE & BLACKWELL, London,

Ex ship "Ardmillan," the following:

125 DOZ. MIXED PICKLES,
35 DOZ. Gerkins,
35 DOZ. Onions,
35 DOZ. Chow Chow,
30 DOZ. Piccolill,
25 DOZ. Walnuts,
20 DOZ. Cauliflower,
15 DOZ. Imperial Hot,
15 DOZ. West India,
15 DOZ. Capt. White's Oriental

Reading Sauce,
King of Oude Sauce,
Harvey do.
John Bull do.
Kalos Ceusis do.
Soyer's do.
Worcestershire do.
India Soy.
Essence of Anchovies,
Essence of Shrimps,
Mushroom Ketchup,
Walnut Ketchup,
French Capers,
Chili Vinegar,
Tarragon Vinegar,
Raspberry Vinegar,
Olives,
Bottled Fruits, an assortment,
Raspberry Jam,
Strawberry do.
Damson do.
Gooseberry do.
Red Currant do.
Black do. do.
Red do. Jelly.
Black do. do.
Crystallized Fruits,
Fruits in Noyeau,
Preserved Ginger in Jars and 1 lb. Pots,
Currie Powder,
Anchovy Paste,
Potted Ham, Beef and Tongue,
Potted Yarmouth Bloaters,
Strasbourg Potted Meats,
Soup and Bouille,
Mock Turtle Soup,
Mulligatawny Soup,
Hare Soup,
Jugged Hare,
Pheasants in Gravy,
Grouse in Gravy,
Partridge in Gravy,
Pate de Foie Gras,
Pate D'Alouettes,
Pate de Cailles.

ALSO,

A large lot of Keen's Celebrated Mustard in half lb. and 1 lb. tins.

BATE & Co.,

52, SPARKS-ST.

June 8, 1868. 762d

ARNOLDI'S WINE AND SPIRIT VAULTS,

11 Metcalfe-st., Telegraph Co's Building,
OTTAWA,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL, FOR CASH ONLY

Dekuyper's Red Cases, Gin, 15 bottles		$9 00
" Green, " " per doz		4 80
Booth's London Gin		7 20
Berward's and Thompson's Gin	"	6 00
Green Seal Champagne	"	12 00

AND UPWARDS.

PORT WINES—Graham's, Sandeman's, &c.

	Per Gall.	Per Doz
No. 1 Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2 "	3 00	8 75
" 3 Old	3 50	10 00
" 4 Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine old	5 75	15 50

SHERRIES—Lomeno's, Pemartin's, &c.:

No. 1 Superior Light table Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2 Extra do.	3 00	8 75
" 3 Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4 Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine	5 50	15 00

Single sample bottles at above rates.

Also, of Standard Brands, in wood or bottle, old and new, Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch and Canadian Whiskies.

Canadian Ale, in wood or bottle.

Guinness' Porter, pints and quarts. Hibbert's Porter, pints and quarts. Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, pints and quarts.

Clarets, Hocks, Sauternes, Curacao, Maraschino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., &c.

Purity in all cases guaranteed, and goods marked at the lowest quotations.

Orders by mail with cash, promptly attended to Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.

NOTICE.

The subscriber would intimate to those of his customers with whom current accounts may have been opened that it is his intention to take advantage of any irregularity in their payment to close them in order that he may conduct his business totally on the *cash principle*, which has been found to work much more satisfactorily for both the buyer and seller in every branch of trade in which it has been tried, and relying on quality of his goods and the prices charged for them (which will always be as low as they can honestly be sold for) he solicits a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

K. ARNOLDI,

Dealer in the better qualities of Wines, Spirits, &c., Metcalfe-street, Telegraph Co's Building, Ottawa.

Price lists on application or sent to any address.

April 21, 1868. 535y

MOWING & REAPING MACHINES.

We have for sale, and are manufacturing, the lightest and most durable MOWING & COMBINED MOWING & REAPING MACHINE in use (no wood work), wrought iron frame, with wrought iron steel-plated guards. Price of Mower, $60; Combined, $85.

—ALSO,—

8 Horse-power Threshing Machines
29 Sets Threshers and Separators
10 Sets Double-Pinion Powers to match
10 Sets Treble Geared Iron Powers, known as the Watch Power.

Purchasers can have their choice of the Powers. These Machines are made in the most substantial manner and warranted. Price, complete, including Belts, Wrenches, &c., $250.

ALSO,

Two Horse Railroad Powers; 50 Sets of our new Double-Pinion Railroad Power Threshing Machines, complete. For ease upon the team, amount of work, and manner in which it is done, they have no equal.

ALSO,

Fifty Sets of our Common two-horse Machines, with improvements, which are so well known as to need no comment. Every Machine is warranted as recommended. All of which will be sold at very low prices on reasonable terms. Large discount for cash down.

E. & B. P. PAIGE,
Nos. 54, 56, 58 and 98 Wellington-street, al
June 17. 770-1-25-8 Montre

Auction Sales

BY J. BERMINGHAM.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET.

A large and well FURNISHED HOUSE, or four Bedrooms, Sitting Room and Drawing Room of same, in a healthy and respectable locality, within three minutes walk of the Government Buildings. For particulars apply to J. BERMINGHAM, House and Land Agent, Dominion Auction Mart, Sussex-st.

Ottawa, June 4, 1868. 759tf

FOR SALE!

THAT Splendid First-Class

HOTEL,

IN THE

CAPITAL OF THE DOMINION!

KNOWN AS THE

REVERE HOUSE.

And at present leased at a rental of $2,000. It is one of the best buildings in the city. Its length is one hundred and six (106) feet by forty (40) feet wide, built of stone, with cut stone front and tin roof. The house contains fifty bedrooms, five parlors and dining room, with bar, kitchen and laundry attached. There is a new Brick Stable, sixty-six (66) by thirty (30) feet, capable of stabling forty Horses, a large yard and outbuildings; also a vacant lot, which the purchaser can have if required to enlarge. The premises are in excellent order, being only five years built. Very lately a sum of $2,000 was expended improving the building. For a first-class hotel, or Military Quarters, it cannot be equalled in the city.

TERMS EASY, and made known free of charge, by letter or otherwise, on application to

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer,
Commission and Real Estate Agent.

Ottawa, June 3, 1868. 758d

Dominion Auction Mart,

AND

Commission Sale Rooms

House, Land & General Agency,
OFFICE & SALE ROOMS,
INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-STREET,
OTTAWA.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city!

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq. M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq. M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Reilly, Esq, Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
753y House, Land and General Agent.

Storekeepers, Farmers and Others,

SHOULD BUY THEIR TEAS FROM

The Importers Direct.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY, 6, Hospital-street, Montreal, have sent over one thousand packages to different parts of the country, and receive every day assurances that the Tea gives entire satisfaction. Subjoined are a few of the numerous testimonials already received:

RUSSELL HOTEL, Quebec, Jan. 7, 1867.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the six chests of Tea forwarded some time since arrived in good order. The quality is pure and excellent, and prices cheap. As I am particular in buying the best quality of Tea to be had for our guests, I am pleased to acquaint you that it gives general satisfaction. Your obedient servant,

WILLIS RUSSELL.

FELCOMB, Dec. 23, 1867.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the Oolong Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto, who informs me he considers it as good as that he was using for which he paid one dollar per lb. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz., at 75 cents per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant,

JNO. T. DAY.

HOUSE OF SENATE, OTTAWA, December 16, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the box of English Breakfast and Young Hyson Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. You may expect my future orders. Yours, &c.,

S. SKINNER.

COBOURG, January 8, 1868.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, I beg to inform you that the two boxes of Tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box, or 20 lbs., at same price, and oblige yours, &c.,

F. OLIVER.

The contributors to the *Medical Journal* have frequently declared that one-half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have carefully selected and imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure and free from poisonous substances, in 50, 25, 20, 15 and 12 lb. boxes.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c 50c.; *Fine Flavoured New Season, do;* 55c 60c and 65c; *Excellent Full Flavored do,* 75c; *Sound Oolong,* 45c; *Rich Flavored do,* 60c; *Very Fine do, do,* 75c; *Japan, Good,* 50c, 55c; *Very Fine,* 60c; *Finest,* 65c, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay common, 38c; *Fine do,* 55c; *Young Hyson,* 50c, 60c, 65c and 70c; *Fine do,* 75c; *Very Fine,* 85c; *Superfine and Very Choice,* $1.00; *Fine Gunpowder,* 85c; *Extra Superfine do,* $1.

All orders for 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular sent equally cheap. The Company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much, two or three clubbing together could divide. An excellent mixed Tea could be sent for 60c to 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order or enclosed notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man where there are express offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
6, Hospital-street, Montreal.

All boxes sent from this establishment have the Company's name printed on them.

Montreal, March 4, 1868. w10ty

LEGAL NOTICE.

REMOVAL.

CHARLES T. BAINES, late of Ottawa, Barrister, &c.,&c., has removed to Richmond, where he will at all times be ready to attend to any professional calls or business which may be entrusted to him in his line with accuracy and with safety, &c., &c.

Richmond, Dec. 30, 1867. 1wtf

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

Just Received Per Express.

A CHOICE Selection CANADA WATCH COMPANY'S WATCHES,

At Young & Radford's.

AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY'S WATCHES,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE GOLD JEWELLERY,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE GOLD and CORAL JEWELLERY,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE HUNTING ANCHOR WATCHES, in fine Silver Cases, as low as $12.00,

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FINE Eighteen CARAT GOLD WATCHES as low as $18.00,

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

ROGER'S BEST CUTLERY and fine ENGLISH ELECTRO-PLATED WARE, can be had

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S

30 Sparks-st. Ottawa.

FOR SALE

AT THE

MONTREAL WAREHOUSE

800 BUTTER TUBS, in good order.

J. MARTIN & CO.

10,000 LBS. MAPLE SUGAR.

J. MARTIN & CO.

50 CASES ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

J. MARTIN & CO.

HERRINGS, PORK, FLOUR, BUTTER, CHEESE.

657y J. MARTIN & CO.

Coffee! Coffee!

TO those who enjoy a Cup of

REALLY FINE COFFEE

—TRY—

BUCHANAN'S

Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha, JAVA & JAMAICA, Roasted and Ground

Daily on the premises, by steam power.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

May 11, 1868. 739tf

In Chancery.

DAVIS *vs.* EMSLIE.

In pursuance of the Decree in this cause dated the 8th JANUARY, 1867, and the final order for sale herein dated the 30th MAY last, there will be sold with the approbation of the Master of this Court, at OTTAWA, by PUBLIC AUCTION, by HECTOR McLEAN, at his Auction Rooms, Sparks-street, in the City of Ottawa, at twelve o'clock, noon, on WEDNESDAY, the 15th JULY NEXT, the following Real Estate, viz:

All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate lying and being in the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, containing by admeasurement one hundred acres, be the same more or less, being composed of the North Half of Lot Number Sixteen, in the Fifth Concession of the said Township of Nepean, Rideau Front.

The said land is well adapted for farming purposes, and lies on the east side of the main road from Ottawa to Richmond; about sixty acres of it are cleared and under cultivation, and it is situated amongst the best lands in the County of Carleton. It is fifteen miles from Ottawa, and five miles from Richmond and the River Goodwood, a constantly flowing stream passes through the centre of it.

One-tenth of the purchase money is to be paid down by the purchaser to the Vendor or his Solicitors at the time of sale by way of deposit, and the balance on or before the 1st AUGUST next: upon payment of which he will be entitled to a conveyance, and let into possession.

In other respects the conditions of sale are the standing conditions of the Court of Chancery. The deed from the late Alexander Emslie to the Plaintiff will be produced at the time of sale.

All parties to the suit, with the exception of the Vendor, are to be at liberty to bid.

Further particulars, and conditions of sale, may be had at the Offices of the said Master and MESSRS. LEWIS, PINHEY AND WARD, Ottawa, and M. R. VANKOUGHNET, ESQ., and MESSRS. O'DONOHOE & WARMOLL, Toronto.

Dated this 13th day of June, 1868.

(Signed), JOHN WILSON,
Master at Ottawa.

LEWIS, PINHEY & WARD,
Vendor's Solicitors. 768d

NOTICE TO PARTIES selling PETROLEUM or COAL OIL, or having the same in possession.

Office of the Collector of Inland Revenue for the Division of Ottawa,
Ottawa, 13th June, 1868.

In pursuance of the Act 31 Vic., Cap. 50, imposing an Excise Duty on Refined Petroleum, and providing for the inspection thereof:—I hereby give Public Notice that on and after MONDAY, 15th JUNE, 1868, I shall, upon application being made to me, attend at any place in the COUNTIES OF CARLETON AND RUSSELL, OR CITY OF OTTAWA, and inspect and apply the "*fire-test*" to all refined Petroleum, and brand the barrels; the fee for which is 20 cents for each barrel. And all persons selling or having in possession any Refined Petroleum which has not been offered for inspection after said 15th JUNE, are liable to fine or imprisonment, and the Petroleum to be forfeited and seized.

ALEXANDER GRAHAM,
Collector of Inland Revenue for Ottawa Division, composed of Counties of Carleton and Russell.

June 17, 1868. 770tf

FAMILY MOURNING.

Every article connected with LADIES' and CHILDREN'S MOURNING, supplied by

GRANT & HENDERSON,

BLACK SILKS,	BLACK CRAPES,
BLACK PARAMATTAS,	BLACK REPPS,
BLACK COBURGS,	BLACK LLAMAS,
BLACK GRENADINES,	BLACK LUSTRES,
MOURNING MANTLES,	AND MILLINERY.

Grant and Henderson.

20 Rideau-street.

Ottawa, June 18. 522y

RETIRING FROM BUSINESS

Great Cheap Sale of Dry Goods!

As GEO. FEATHERSTON & CO.,

Intend winding up their business in AUGUST NEXT. They will from this date offer their large stock of

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,

At greatly reduced prices for cash as the whole must be disposed of by the 24th day of AUGUST. The following list of prices will satisfy all that this is a chance rarely to be met with, and will be for the benefit of every one to take advantage of.

Full width Prints from	4½d per yard.	Grey Cottons	from 4½d per yard.
Printed Muslins "	6d "	Silk Parasols	" 2s 6d each.
" Delaines "	4½ "	Hoop Skirts	" 10½d "
6-4 Alapacca Lustres "	7½ "	Canadian Full Cloth	" 2s 11d per yard.
Cobourgs "	9 "		

A large lot of Women's White Cotton Hose, from 4½d per pair. A lot of Summer Shawls from 11s 3d to 27s 6d, usual price from 17s 6d to 40s. A lot of cloths for Boy's Summer Wear, very cheap, and all other goods proportionately low.

Shop to Rent from 1st Sept. Next.

GEO. FEATHERSTON & CO.,

34 Sparks-street, Centre Town.

Ottawa, June 15, 1868. 768-2m

Great Clearing Sale of Dry Goods.

Cunningham & Lindsay

No. 14, RIDEAU-STREET.

WILL COMMENCE

ON MONDAY, the 15th INSTANT,

TO SELL THE BALANCE OF THEIR SUMMER STOCK OF

Millinery, Mantles, Shawls, Dress Goods, Prints, Muslins, &c.,

At Prices which must effect a Speedy Sale.

☞ *For Particulars See Circulars.*

Ottawa, June 12, 1868. 510y

BLYTH & KERR,

Successors to Chas. Garth,

No. 25, RIDEAU STREET,

PLUMBERS, GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,
TIN & COPPERSMITHS, BELL HANGERS, &c.

All materials for the above branches kept constantly on hand.

Also, Importers and Dealers in House Furnishing Hardware.

Just received a well selected assortment of Fishing Tackle, Baskets, Bait, Reels, Lines, Flys, Rods, &c. Manufacturers of all descriptions of work for Water and Gas Works, Brewer's Distilleries, Mills, &c. Makes and fits up Galvanized Iron Cornices, Gutters, Conductors, Roofing, &c.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water or Warm Air, on the most approved principles.

Orders from the country will receive strict attention. 740y

Ladies Keep Cool!

BLACK AND WHITE LACE SHAWLS,
GRENADINE SHAWLS,
BAREGE SHAWLS,
BAREGE JACKETS
BAREGE & GRENADINE PROMENADE COSTUMES,
GRENADINES,
FRENCH & ENGLISH MUSLINS.

GENTLEMEN KEEP COOL!

BLACK ALPACCA COATS,
BUFF ALPACCA COATS,
LINEN COATS,
MARSEILLES VESTS

All in great variety, cheap, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S,

Wholesale and Retail.
Importers, 20 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 29, 1868. 484y

PIANOS. PIANOS.

JUST RECEIVED AT THE

London Music Store!

Her Majesty's Theatre,
Wellington Street,

A new and splendid assortment of

PIANOFORTES!

☞ UNION MAKE, ☜

Every PIANO from this establishment warranted for 5 years.

Also just received a new stock of

VICTORIA ORGANS and MELODEONS

VIOLINS, CONCERTINAS, GUITARS, &c., in great variety.

Second hand Pianos taken in part payment for new ones.

Connected with this establishment is a Piano Manufacturer, who will attend punctually to all orders for TUNING left at the London Music Store.

E. MILES,
Lessee of Her Majesty's Theatre

Ottawa, March 25, 1868. 551-39y

"La Malediction."

GRAND

Theatrical Exhibition

BY THE

Students of Ottawa University,

ON BEHALF OF

THE CANADIAN ZOUAVES,

ON THE

TWENTY-THIRD OF JUNE.

TICKETS, - - - - 25 Cts.

Doors open at 8 o'clock p. m.

Ottawa, June 13, 1868. 767td

AUCTION SALE

OF

REAL ESTATE

H. McLEAN,

(Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent),

Has been directed by

J. B. LEWIS, ESQ.,

To offer for Sale

BY PUBLIC AUCTION,

At his Rooms, 18 Sparks-st.,

On Monday, the 22nd Inst.,

At TEN o'clock, A. M.,

LOTS NOS. 26, 27 AND 28,

On the North side of Rideau-st., each 66 x 200 feet, subject to an Ordnance Rent of $4.40 per annum. Those Lots are situated on the brow of the hill, one of the prettiest localities in the city. Also Lots Nos. 1 and 2, on the East side of Chapel-st. and Lots Nos. 12 and 13, on the South side of Cathcart-st., each 66 x 200 feet.

TERMS—One-fourth Cash, and the balance in three equal annual instalments, with interest at 7 per cent. per annum.

☞ Sale positive.

Intending purchasers will please examine these Lots.

Ottawa, June 17, 1868. 770td

ST. LOUIS HOTEL,
ST. LOUIS-STREET,
AND
RUSSELL'S HOTEL,
PALACE-ST.,
QUEBEC.

The above first-class Hotels are now open for the season.

Canadian Families

Visiting the Lower St. Lawrence for summer recreation, can either going or coming, be accommodated by the week or month, at rates similar to those charged at the watering places below. Apply by letter, or at the office.

770d WILLIS RUSSELL.

TO BE GIVEN AWAY!

THE

Greatest Curiosity

OF THE DAY.

WILL BE PUBLISHED

On Thursday next, THE WONDERFUL ALMANAC for 306 years, a copy of which will be presented, FREE OF CHARGE, to every Lady and Gentleman applying at

The Ottawa Citizen,
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

SANSUM'S INTEREST & EXCHANGE TABLES:
A supply of this useful work just received and for sale at the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen.
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

COPY BOOKS,
(Plain and with Head Line), EXERCISE BOOKS. A supply just received and for sale at the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

PLAIN & FANCY STATIONERY,
All marked in plain figures, at the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

COUNTING HOUSE and SCHOOL REQUISITES,
At the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

MUSIC, MAGAZINES OR PRINTED BOOKS,
Bound in any style required, at the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

ENGINEERS' and ARTISTS' MATERIALS,
At the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

ACCOUNT BOOKS,
Memorandum Books, Pocket Books, Indexes, &c., at the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

WRAPPING PAPERS,
MANILLA, TEA and STRAW, at the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen,
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

STEEL PENS and PEN HANDLES,
Gillott's, Mitchell's and other makers, at the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

WRITING INKS,
Stephen's, Todd's Perth Office, &c., at the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

LEAD PENCILS,
Faber's, Rowney's and others, at the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

BLANK BOOKS,
Manufactured to order, in any style of ruling and binding, at the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

BOOK and JOB PRINTING,
At the lowest cash rates, at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS, authorised by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario. The prices are:

FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.

FIRST BOOK, part second, 54 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.

SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.

THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Thirty cents.

FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.

FIFTH BOOK, 50 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

A supply just received and for sale at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

☞ A liberal allowance to Teachers and Dealers.

TO BE GIVEN AWAY!

THE

Greatest Curiosity

OF THE DAY.

WILL BE PUBLISHED

On Thursday next, THE WONDERFUL ALMANAC for 306 years, a copy of which will be presented, FREE OF CHARGE, to every Lady and Gentleman applying at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

Ottawa, June 8, 1868. 751y

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, June 19, 1868.

There is no change for the better in the markets nor any expectation of improvement until the new crops shall be brought in. The market prices for butchers' meat are for beef 11 to 17 cents. Mutton 10 to 12½ cents. Veal 9 to 12½ cents.

FLOUR—Extra	8 00	@ 8 25
No. 1	7 00	@ 7 25
No. 2	5 50	@ 6 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs	4 00	@ 4 25
" Spring " "	3 50	@ 3 62½
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs	6 00	@ 6 25
Indian Meal "	4 50	@ 0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs	0 70	@ 0 75
Barley " 48 lbs	0 75	@ 0 80
Buckwheat Flour—bbl	4 50	@ 5 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs	1 75	@ 1 80
Spring " "	1 45	@ 1 50
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 90	@ 0 95
Peas " 60 lbs	0 75	@ 0 80
Oats " 34 lbs	0 50	@ 0 55
Beans " 60 lbs	2 00	@ 2 25
PORK—Mess—per barrel	32 00	@ 0 00
Prime Mess per do	16 50	@ 0 00
Hog per 100 lbs	0 00	@ 0 00
Hams	0 13	@ 0 15
Beef	0 00	@ 0 00
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 00	@ 0 0
Lamb—per qr	0 00	@ 0 0
Geese—Each		None
Ducks	0 50	@ 0 00
Turkeys—Each	0 80	@ 1 00
Fowl—Per pair	0 45	@ 0 55
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 15	@ 0 17
No. 1 Firkin	0 13	@ 0 14
No. 2 "	0 00	@ 0 00
Eggs	0 13	@ 0 15
Apples—per brl	4 50	@ 5 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 45	@ 0 50
HAY—Per ton	12 00	@ 14 00
WOOD—Per cord	0 00	@ 3 5
Tamarac	0 00	@ 2 00
Hemlock	0 00	@ 2 00

WEEKLY REPORT OF CANADIAN SECURITIES.

PELLATT & OSLER,
No. 36, King-street East,
Toronto, June 16, 1868.

Banks and Sundries.

	CAPITAL.	AMOUNT OF SHARES.	PAID UP.	DIVIDEND LAST SIX MONTHS.	CLOSING PRICE.
Bank of Montreal	$4,000,000	$200	All	5 per cent	228
Bank of British North America	£2,000,000	£50	£50	3 per cent	128
Bank of Toronto	$1,000,000	$100	All	6 per cent	152
Commercial Bank	$1,000,000	$100	All	3 per cent	114
Royal Canadian Bank	$1,000,000	$100	All	3 per cent	88
Bank of Montreal	$3,000,000	$100	All	3 per cent	103
Canadian Bank of Commerce	$2,000,000	$100	40p to 100p	3 per cent	103½
Gore Bank	$100,000	$100	All	3 per cent	90
Merchants' Bank	$2,000,000	$100	All	3 per cent	116
Molsons Bank	$1,000,000	$100	All	4 per cent	140
Montreal Telegraph Co.	$1,000,000	$25	All	3 per cent	137
Canada Landed Credit Company	$500,000	$50	All	3 per cent	105
Canada Permanent Building Society	$1,000,000	$100	20 per cent	3 per cent	108
Western Canada Permanent Building Society	$1,000,000	$100	20 per cent	3 per cent	108
Toronto City Gas Company	$500,000	$100	All	3 per cent	137
Union Gas Company	$100,000	$100	All	3 per cent	107
Union Bank of Lower Canada	$1,000,000	$100	All	3 per cent	107
Ontario Bank	$1,000,000	$100	All	3 per cent	107
La Banque du Peuple	$1,000,000	$100	All	3 per cent	107
La Banque Nationale	$1,000,000	$100	All	3 per cent	107
City Bank of Montreal	$1,000,000	$100	All	3 per cent	107
Montreal Harbour Bonds	$1,000,000	$100	All	3 per cent	107
Montreal Harbour Bonds, Currency	$1,000,000	$100	All	3 per cent	107
Montreal Water Works Bonds	$1,000,000	$100	All	3 per cent	107
Montreal Water Works, Sterling	$1,000,000	$100	All	3 per cent	107
Quebec City Bonds, 6 per Cent	$1,000,000	$100	All	3 per cent	107
Quebec City Bonds, 6 per Cent	$1,000,000	$100	All	3 per cent	107
Quebec Harbour Bonds, 6 per Cent	$1,000,000	$100	All	3 per cent	107
Quebec Harbour Bonds, Currency 6 per Cent	$1,000,000	$100	All	3 per cent	107
Toronto City Bonds, 6 per Cent	$1,000,000	$100	All	3 per cent	107
Toronto City Bonds, Currency 6 per Cent	$1,000,000	$100	All	3 per cent	107
Toronto City Bonds, Sterling 6 per Cent	$1,000,000	$100	All	3 per cent	107
Western Canada Building Society Bonds	$1,000,000	$100	All	3 per cent	107
Canada Permanent Building Society Bonds	$1,000,000	$100	All	3 per cent	107
Montreal Telegraph Co. do do	$1,000,000	$100	All	3 per cent	107
Canada Landed Credit Company do do	$1,000,000	$100	All	3 per cent	107

Debentures and Bonds	Redeemable	Closing Prices.	Where Payable.
Government 5 per Cents, £dg	1885	87 @ 89	Glyn, Mills & Co.
Dominion Stock, 6 per cent	1887	93 @ 95	Glyn, Mills & Co.
" " "	1892	93 @ 95	Office of H. M. Receiver-General
" " "	1893	93 @ 95	
" " "	1894	93 @ 95	
" " "	1895	93 @ 95	
" " "

The Times

VOL. III. NO 774. OTTAWA, MONDAY, JUNE 22, 1868. PRICE—3 CENTS

THE
Ottawa Daily Times,
(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys the LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley, issuing of the Daily over 2,000 ! and Weekly over 4,000 ! making a total circulation in the week over 14,000 ! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only	$8 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line	8c
All subsequent insertions, per line	2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.	
Yearly subscription to the daily (if paid in advance)	$5 00
If not paid in advance	6 00
Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance)	$1 00
If not paid in advance	1 50

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 34, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorised to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES.

Legal Cards.

MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. GEORGE TAILLON.
Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1868. 366-tf

R. J. WICKSTEED,
ADVOCATE, &c., 42, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 589-6m

N. TETREAU,
NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL, near the Post Office.
Jan. 6, 1867. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. Office: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa
February 1, 1866. 43-u

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Lake Cramer's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the building occupied as the Custom House
Ottawa, March 30. 87-c

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866.

NICHOLAS SPARKS,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

G. J. O'DOHERTY,
LAW, Chancery, and Conveyancing Office, Aumond's Buildings, Rideau street.
Ottawa, December 6, 1867.

Medical Cards.

A. CODD, M.D., C.M.,
(Attending Physician General Protestant Hospital.)
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Four doors east of the Revere House, Rideau-street, Ottawa. Office Hours—From 8 to 10 a. m, and from 2 to 5 p. m.
Ottawa, April 30. 730-3m

DR. CHESLEY,
OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 25 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30 44"tf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 380y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,
DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
CORNER of Kent and Wellington Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 43utf

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-100-y

Hotels and Saloons.

MATHEWS' OLD STAND,
YORK-STREET,
WILL BE OPEN for the accommodation of the public on THURSDAY, 12th of March, 1868. The subscriber having again resumed business in his old stand as hotel-keeper, wishes to return thanks to his numerous friends and the public for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on him, during the past seventeen years, and hopes by strict attention to business, and kindness to all, to share a portion of public patronage. His Larder will be always supplied with the best the market affords. His Bar will be supplied with the best of Liquors and choicest Cigars.
T. MATHEWS, Proprietor.
N. B.—The house has been thoroughly renovated and newly furnished.
Ottawa, March 11, 1868. 688tf

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec

REVERE HOUSE, OTTAWA,
G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, ...PROPRIETORS.

THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867 582tf

THE ALBION HOTEL
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1866. 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly over hauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc. dall

THE METROPOLITAN
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street Ottawa,
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

TORONTO HOUSE,
SPARKS STREET.
MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has a few Commodious Suites of Apartments to Let, handsomely and comfortably furnished.
Gentlemen attending the Session of Parliament will find at the Toronto House most convenient quarters, where the quiet of the private family is combined with the usual attendance to be found at the best hotels.
Ottawa, Feb. 25, 1868. 675tf

DOMINION HOUSE,
WELLINGTON-STREET.
THE undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.
GEORGE IRVINE.
Ottawa, March 26. 658y

SMITH & RODNEY
MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from Eaton's Gilding Store, having just received a choice stock of
English, French and Canadian
CLOTHS and TWEEDS,
And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1, 1867. 551tf

A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER
AND
Blank Book Manufacturer,
26, METCALFE-ST., OTTAWA.
HAVING every facility in the way of first-class Machinery, and employing none but first-class workmen, I am prepared to turn out every description of Binding in as good a style of workmanship as any other establishment in Canada.
A. MORTIMER, Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, Feb. 6. 384y

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
Toronto, May 28, 1868.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT Charles Westley Lount, of Bracebridge, in the Township of Macauley, in the District of Muskoka, Esquir has been appointed Agent for the disposal of public lands in the Townships of Morrison, Muskoka, Draper, Macauley, Stephenson, McLean, Brunnel, Monck and Watt, in the District of Muskoka, in the place of Richard Jose Oliver, Esquire, whose services have been dispensed with.
Applications for lands open as Free Grants in the above mentioned Townships, must also be made to Mr. Lount.
S. RICHARDS, Commissioner.
Toronto, May 29, 1867. 758-tf

TO LET.
A GOOD BUSINESS STAND at the Chaudiere Flats. Apply to
JOHN ASHFIELD.
June 15, 1868. 768a25-1

Druggists.

THE MEDICAL HALL

Soda Water and Ginger Ale Factory,
23 Great St. James-street, Montreal,
OPPOSITE the POST OFFICE.
THE SUBSCRIBERS
Beg to intimate to their patrons that they have commenced the manufacture of Ærated Waters of every description, and on the most extensive scale.
Particular attention will be paid to the preparation of "Belfast Ginger Ale," a beverage first introduced into this country by our Mr. BROWN, who alone possesses the original receipt, and who has also taken out a TRADE MARK for the same.
The proprietors believe their Ærated Waters will be superior to any others at present prepared in Montreal, for the following reasons, viz:—
1st. The employment of the most improved machinery the United States can produce.
2nd. The application of strictly scientific principles to the details.
3rd. Extra care given to the chemical purity of the articles used in the different processes.
4th. The possession of chemical knowledge, without which it is simply impossible to produce Ærated Waters in perfection.
The following Waters and Beverages are the principal ones prepared at the MEDICAL HALL FACTORY: Belfast Ginger Ale, Lemonade, Sarsaparilla, Winter Beverage, Summer Beverage, Soda Water, Seltzer Water, Potash Water, Kissengen Water, Vichy Water.
KENNETH, CAMPBELL & CO.,
Apothecaries to H.R.H. the Prince of Wales.
W. M. MASSEY, Agent for Ottawa. 472y

Spectacles for all Sights.

OPTICAL Instruments Electro-Magnetic and Galvanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.
W. HEARN, Market Drug Store, York-street.
637y

Miscellaneous.

D. CODD & CO.,
PATENT AGENTS, SOLICITORS, &c. Drawings, Specifications, Models, and all other business in connection with the procuring of Letters Patent of Invention, attended to at the shortest notice.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 741-6m

I. B. TACKABERRY'S
AUCTION ROOMS, No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any part of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

B. BILLINGS, JR.,
ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O & P R W 740tf

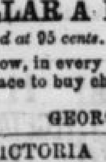
S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 378y

HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,
WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.
WILLIAM HOLGATE, JOHN OLIVER, WILLIAM ANNABLE.
506y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

LADIES CALL AT THE CAPITAL
Boot and



Shoe Store !
YORK-STREET.
For Cheap Gaiters
AT
ONE DOLLAR A PAIR !
Good at 95 cents.
Men's ware equally low, in every variety of style
This is the place to buy cheap at the "Capital," York-street.
429y GEORGE MURPHY.

VICTORIA
FURNITURE WAREROOMS.
GEORGE ARMSTRONG, Corner Victoria Square and Craig-street, Montreal, solicits a call from the Citizens of Ottawa about to furnish, who may visit Montreal to his very large and varied stock of FURNITURE which he will sell at greatly reduced prices for cash. The Parlor Furniture is of the best quality and latest designs, either plain or handsomely carved, in Walnut, oil finished or polished.
His Sideboards, Bookcases, Chamber Sets, Hall Furniture, &c., are worthy of attention.
Hair Mattresses and Bedding of all description constantly on hand, or made to order, at the shortest notice. Call and examine for yourselves.
"Patent Sofa, with reclining arms, of a very superior make."
N.B.—Sole Agent in the Dominion for the sale of G. A. FISKS' Air-Tight Metallic Casket. 712-3m

Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale.
THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his
Fine Bottled Ale !
Which is in splendid condition. Also,
Scotch Irish, Old Rye
And other Malt Whiskies,
Ports, Sherries, Brandies Gin, &c.,
Together with a General Assortment of
FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.
A Call kindly Solicited.
D. WHELAN, 44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store
Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

GEO. MAYES,
COPPER PLATE PRINTER,
Bank Street, Centre Town,
Between Sparks & Queen Streets.
Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

OTTAWA CROCKERY STORE
NEW GOODS.
JUST received ex S. S. "Damascus," 10 Hhds. of the finest English Glassware, selected expressly for the retail trade, comprising

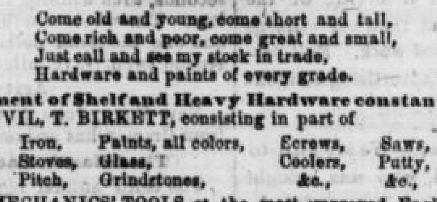
	CUT and ENGRAVED	
CHAMPAGNES,	do	PORT and SHERRY WINES,
LIQUEURS,	do	CLARETS, GOBLETS,
FINGER BOWLS,	do	CALF FOOT JELLIES,
CLARET JUGS,	do	TALL TUMBLERS,
FRUIT DISHES,	do	DECANTERS,
BUTTER COOLERS,	do	CELERY VASES,
		CARAFFS, &c., &c.

And a choice lot of delicate Straw Stem Wines, in Ports, Champagnes, Clarets, Sherries, Liqueurs, &c. All the above articles match in shape, pattern, &c., and are the best glass procurable in England.
W. ALLAN,
51 *RIDEAU STREET, (opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.)*
Ottawa, June 6, 1868. 574y

CRICKETING GOODS,
CROQUET, FISHING TACKLE
FOILS,
Masks & Boxing Gloves
AT THE
Sheffield House, Ottawa.
Ottawa, May 5, 1868.

1868. MAY. 1868.
J.A.PINARD & CO.,
ARE NOW SHEWING
New Dress Goods,
A good value in Striped, all Mohair, for 6d per yard.
New Prints,
A good variety of Patterns at 6d per yard.
New Grey Cottons,
A good Cotton, 40 inches wide, for 7d per yard.
New White Cottons,
A good heavy made Cotton for 6d per yard.
The Tailoring Department is replete with all the novelties of the season.
Cash buyers will find it their advantage to visit the above before purchasing else whe
J. A. PINARD & Co.,
No. 17, Sussex-st., *Sign of the Golden Ball.*
Ottawa, May 5, 186 16y

HARDWARE, HARDWARE!
AT
Thomas Birkett's,
SIGN OF THE ANVIL,
No. 24 No. 24
RIDEAU STREET.



Come old and young, come short and tall,
Come rich and poor, come great and small,
Just call and see my stock in trade,
Hardware and paints of every grade.

A Complete Assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware constantly kept on hand at the SIGN of the ANVIL, T. BIRKETT, consisting in part of

Butts,	Axes,	Iron,	Paints, all colors,	Ecrews,	Saws,	Tin,	Oils,
Locks,	Ropes,	Stoves,	Glass,	Coolers,	Putty,	Bolts,	Chains,
Nails,	Coal,	Pitch,	Grindstones,	&c.,	&c.,	&c.,	&c.

Also a complete stock of MECHANICS' TOOLS of the most improved English and American manufacture.
Then Come and Examine my Stock,
A duty never shirk it,
And satisfaction will be got
In business with T. BIRKETT.
Don't forget the place—THOS. BIRKETT, Sign of the Anvil, No. 24, Rideau-street.
P. S.—All Goods delivered Free to any part of the city. 408y

WHEELER & WILSON'S
SEWING MACHINE
WERE AWARDED THEIR 67TH
Prize and Gold Medal, Paris,
1867.
Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.
Great rapidity, Simple Machinery, quiet in action, easy operation, price from $47. *Prospectus free, and instructions gratis.*
G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa, and 105 King-st., West, Toronto.
Sole Agent for Ontario.
The "HOWE" SEWING MACHINES are the *best* for Carriage Trimmers, Harness Makers, Boot and Shoe Makers, are the best Shuttle Machine for Tailors, Dressmakers, Families, etc. etc., etc. Price from $50. Prospectus free and instructions gratis.
47y 43y R. W. STEPHEN, 37 Sparks-street, Ottawa.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
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"CAPITAL" 35, H.
STOVE SUSSEX MEADOWS
DEPOT ! St. & CO.

WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall Stoves, for wood or coal we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW OVEN STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
Suitable for private Dwellings and Churches Warehouses and Stores
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
New and most beautiful designs, very cheap.
COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES.
Hot Air Furnaces.
We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE, RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with Stovepipes, &c., at reduced rates.
Lumbermen's Supplies Lumbermen's Supplies! Shanty Plates! Basins! Camp Kettles, &c.
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS!
Bird Cages ! Bird Cages ! Bird Cages !
Price Lists sent free on application.
Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending purchasers would do well to note.
An inspection of the above goods invited at the
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, October 2 1867. 62-y

THE OAKS.

[From the London (Eng.) Daily Telegraph, May 30th.]

"The Oaks," like a flower-show, an archery meeting, a pic-nic, a county ball, and a wedding breakfast, is a thing of beauty; but, alas! not one of this blooming kindred—ball, pic-nic, archery meeting, flower-show, wedding breakfast, or "Ladies' Race"—is a joy for ever. The loveliness does *not* increase, but rather hastens to fade and droop and die away; and, long before the homeward journey is accomplished, it has grown, if not absolutely unlovely, at any rate dishevelled, pettish, and disagreeable. But, for all this, it is not often that so total and sudden a wreck of joy is experienced as yesterday befel the festive meeting on Epsom Downs. Showers may mar the pic-nic and the flower-show, as, indeed, they very often do; a contrary wind may baffle the aims of the fair toxophilite, and send her arrows provokingly wide of the "gold," and clouds may be lowering even while the health of the bride is proposed in the happiest of speeches, and the glistening tears of the lady-listeners make their smiles seem all the brighter. But how about a thunder storm, with awful reverberating peals, and livid forks of lightning, and a deluge of rain mingled with hailstones as hard and as big as the Koh-i-noor? Is that the kind of prelude to the pleasantest of turf assemblies, the quietly gay and gracefully jolly Oaks? One of those faint, sultry, sickly mornings that make plants droop and all living creatures gasp and pant for air had dawned on country and on town. Portentous masses of copper-colored clouds were hanging motionless and sullen high above the earth; so high that their frowning heaviness took weird shape and form; and yet near enough to oppress with a drowsy and ominous weight. Hope of a fine day clung still—as when will it not cling?—to thousands of pleasure-seekers, who started by rail and by road for those noble downs of Epsom and Banstead, the very sight from which is worth making a holiday to see. The grand stand was but a quarter filled, the clusters of carriages opposite the winning post were still collecting, and had not half grown to their full and fair dimensions, when the long line of passengers approaching the course saw the high white building shrouded in a mist; saw beyond and above it a huge black cloud; and saw, in quick succession, one, two, three downward zig-zags of bluish flame, like broken columns of light, flash for an instant and leave the darkness darker than it was. Then the storm broke. It was by this time a quarter past twelve; more than an hour earlier than the time fixed for the first race; and one of the special trains had just brought down another freight of people who had got clear of the railway station and were in the open when the first clap of thunder sounded and the first rush of heavy spattering heat drops made black marks, like bullet holes, in the dust. The fury of the tempest gathered now so fast that the wayfarers halted in utter bewilderment and sheer dismay. The broken, blinding shafts of livid fire darted from every quarter of the heavens; the thunder can only be likened, and that very feebly and inadequately, to the diapason of a battle-field, in which the hoarse roar of the heavy guns is mingled with sharp crackling volleys of musketry. With that electrical disturbance which, as was afterwards certified, had set all the telegraph bells ringing far and near, there came an extraordinary motion of the wind. From south it changed to east, and then as rapidly to north, continuing its movement round the compass till, within the space of twelve or fifteen minutes, it had got nearly to south again, whence it shifted to southwest, to west, and again speedily to north, and then to east, where it settled. Meanwhile the rain fell with a mighty sound, that inhabitants of a temperate zone read of, but seldom experience. Persons carrying umbrellas knelt or crouched down near the earth, which was coursed in every direction by swift streams of chalk-colored water. Hailstones of such size and weight as to bruise the flesh they struck, and, stinging the hides of horses, to make the frightened creatures rear and plunge, fell thicker and thicker with the streams of rain. Still the air was hot and stifling; still the thunder crashed and rumbled till it seemed to shake the earth, still the vivid tongues of lightning shot from impenetrable gulfs of darkness, in the grandest and most awful expanse of cloud-scenery that the imagination of a great painter could dwell upon; for, as to embodying it through his art, that he could never do. Men were struck liteless during this terrible time. More than one who had left his house that morning in health and in vigorous love of life and gaiety, was carried home a corpse. But the storm passed off in time, and with it passed all its terrors; and, as in the old pianoforte "descriptive piece" that our mothers played when they were demure school girls, the rain drops first ceased to patter heavily, and then ceased to patter at all; and the sun struggled out, and pleasure disported herself on the fresh green, to pastoral dance music; and they only thought of a spoiled silk dress and a draggled and disarranged toilet.

The effects of the storm were, however, very noticeable for a time on Epsom Downs. The Grand Stand was inundated. Women-servants, with mops and pails, were set to work in the balcony and private boxes, to clear out the water which lay there, ankle-deep. The approaches to the principal entrance were swamped and flooded. Every open carriage held a pool of water. The course itself, which takes a deal of soaking to make it miry, was in so spongy and slushy a state that the horses sank in it almost to their fetlocks. Being on a thin soil, which rests on solid chalk, the turf of the downs cannot long remain wet, especially when sun and wind act upon it in ever so small a degree. But the interval between the heavy rain and the first race was too brief to give the well-known qualities of Epsom race-course anything like a fair chance. The storm continued to hover round the spot, even when transient gleams of sunshine were restoring hope to the crowds on the Grand Stand and in the vicinity. The forked lightning still darted from the distant clouds, always taking as at first, a perfectly vertical direction, this being a phenomenon very characteristic of yesterday's storm. The thunder rumbled afar; and the black rain swept the wooded landscape like a besom. But when the first race, the Glasgow plate handicap of 100 sovereigns, was over, and when not only the storm, but its injurious effects upon feminine attire, were forgotten in the brilliant performance of Xi and the superb riding of French, the jockey, the sun came out in full force, causing umbrellas to be used in a strict regard to the etymology of their name, drying the chalky course and the white benches of the Grand Stand, making the busy gentlemen in the betting-ring wipe their prespiring brows, heating the sherry and champagne on the box-seats of carriages, re-cooking the fowls, and almost hatching the hard-boiled eggs in the pigeon-pie.

Though the Oaks day is conventionally and not untruly held to be a select affair, in contradistinction to the Derby, there is no positive lack of the rough and frolicsome elements of humor. Without them, indeed, an English race-course would be deprived of all national quality and distinction. Yesterday the 29th of May, was not only the Oaks-day, but it was Oak-apple-day; and the symbol of Royalist rejoicing was worn so generally as to add a cheerful picturesqueness to a crowd some of whose members were such as are wont, in default of any pretext for wearing such natural ensigns, to adorn their hats and caps with paper plumes dyed of a magenta tint. The attendance of all classes yesterday was fully as strong as on most former occasions. His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, the Crown Prince of Denmark, Prince Teck, and Prince Christian were again present to witness the race for the Oaks. The contest, ending in a triumph for Mr. Jones's magnificent filly *Formosa*, left the unfortunate and incomprehensible *Lady Elizabeth* in as bad a position as she occupied at the Derby. There was something dramatic in the scene after yesterday's principal race when Cannon walked the beaten and dejected *Lady Elizabeth* first in the string towards the enclosure of the weighing stand. If ever a dumb brute were momentarily capable of comprehending ignominy and defeat, this was the time and this was the animal. She slunk in; she looked askance at the crowd; she seemed to feel the insult of their hoots and hisses, and her halting step had a sort of nervous burlesque tragedy in it, suggesting the gait of an equine Robson. At some distance, to give the more effect to Formosa's triumphal entry, George Fordham came on that graceful winner, preceded by the clerk of the course, who, like Charles Lamb's mysterious visitors, was "rather in a red waistcoat than otherwise." The cheers that hailed Formosa were, after the opprobrious treatment of Lady Elizabeth, a slightly varied repetition of the popular plaudits which have often in history honoured the hero at the expense of his vanquished and overthrown rival. Formosa was playing Bolingbroke, if she had but known it, to Lady Elizabeth's Richard the Second—"as in a theatre the eyes of men" and so forth. When King fought Heenan, and won, the beaten giant on whom odds had been more freely offered than taken, an hour before, was left unheeded to pant and groan, while his summer friends were all crowding round King, eager to congratulate the man they had held almost in contempt that very morning. Let us throw moralising, with other distasteful physic, to the dogs, and come to business, that is to say, of yesterday's sports.

Racing was set to commence at half-past one o'clock, with the Glasgow Plate of 100 sovs, which furnished a field of eight, half the number colored. Xi carried top weight, 8st 13lb; but, despite this, Sir Joseph Hawley's horse was made a warm favorite, while not a few fancied the chance of Silenus, who was only in receipt of a pound for the year from Xi. The result justified the choice of backers, as the favorite won very cleverly. A field of ten juveniles turned out to contest the Epsom Two-year-old Plate, for which Sea Breeze, who has been out only twice, was thought to have the best chance, while Electricity found many friends, and ultimately landed the stake after a spirited race. In good time the fillies for the Oaks were weighed out, the eight on the card being joined at the last moment by Mr. Welsby's Curfew Bell, whose name was not on the card. Much excitement was manifested to witness the performance of Lady Elizabeth, in order to see if she might retrieve her lost laurels; and many of her friends adhered to the hope that her Derby running did not show her true form, so that they accepted as little as 9 to 2 about her before the numbers went up. Virtue was the first to show, coming to the course from the paddock with five others, whilst Lady Elizabeth, with Athena and Lady Coventry, were saddled on the course, at the half-mile post, and all cantered. It was observed in the paddock that Fair Star and Janet Rawcliffe were not in proper condition. The latter was started to force the pace for her stable companion Formosa, and was distinguishable from being ridden in a lighter green color than the favorite. Formosa was the chief attraction, and all were loud in their praises of her beautiful racing-like appearance. A slight delay occurred in reaching the post, but Mr. M'George had no trouble in despatching the lot at the first attempt to an equitable start. As the race is so fully described below, little need be said here, beyond the fact that the race was over after the first quarter of a mile, where Formosa took up the running; and she succeeded in scattering her field with the same apparent ease as did Blink Bonny in 1857. Fordham was loudly cheered by his *confreres* on his success, whilst Lady Elizabeth was hissed by the people. Only two other races followed, as the Great Surry Foal Stakes resulted in a walk over for Vale Royal; and the particulars are appended.

THE GLASGOW PLATE of 100 sovs.; second to receive half the entrance money. The last seven furlongs of the Derby course.
Sir Joseph Hawley's Xi, by General Williams—Lambda, 5 yrs. 8st 13lb (T. French) 1.
Duke of Newcastle's Silenus, 4 yrs, 8st 12lb (J. Daley) 2.
Lord Westmorland's Foresight, 4 yrs. 7st (Kenyon) 3.
Mr. Blanton's Veralum, 4 yrs, 8st 11lb (Parry) 0.
Sir C. Legard's Lord Palmerston, 3 yrs, 7st (Jeffery) 0.
Mr. H. Goater's Secrecy, 4 yrs, 7st (Butler) 0.
Mr. Taylor's Tribune 5 yrs, 6st 2lb (Barnard) 0.
Mr. J. Haughton's Queen of the Forest, 3 yrs, 5st 7lb (G. Milne) 0.

Betting—6 to 4 against *Xi*, 5 to 1 against *Silenus*, 100 to 15 each against *Lord Palmerston* and *Foresight*, 7 to 1 against *Secrecy*, and 10 to 1 against *Tribune*. *Xi* was first off, but in a few strides he was headed by *Silenus*, Sir Joseph Hawley's horse going on second followed by *Secrecy* to the top of the hill, where *Xi* was pulled into the rack, and the second was taken by *Lord Palmerston*, *Foresight* and *Veralum* being next, and *Queen of the Forest* last. Approaching Tattenham corner *Secrecy* took a momentary lead, but when fairly in the straight the Duke of Newcastle's colt showed in front again, *Lord Palmerston* and *Foresight* attending on him, with *Xi* wide on the lower ground. Outside the distance *Foresight* took up the running, but *Xi* challenging at the commencement of the stand enclosure, won cleverly by a length and a half. *Silenus* and *Foresight* opposite the stand, beat the latter a length for second place. *Secrecy* was fourth, *Lord Palmerston* fifth, *Tribune* sixth, *Verulam* next, *Queen of the Forest* last all the way.

THE EPSOM TWO-YEAR-OLD PLATE of 200 sovs.; colts, 8st 10lb; penalties and allowance. T.Y.C. (three quarters of a mile).
Mr. T. V. Morgan's Electricity, by Thunderbolt—Lady Kingston, 8st 1lb. (Snowden) 1.
Mr. Johnstone's Lord Hawthorn, 8st 6lb (Cameron) 2.
Mr. B. E. Dunbar's The Baroness, 8st 1lb (Parry) 3.
Mr. Ayling's The Laird of Scotland, 8st 10lb (Elphick) 0.
Mr. T. Bell's Bianca, 8st 1lb (Marsh) 0.
Mr. A. Heathcote's Ampleforth, 8st 10lb (Prior) 0.
Mr. Maurice's Sovereign, 8st 10lb (J. Goater) 0.
Mr. J. Nightingall's Elector, 8st 10lb (Nightingall) 0.
Mr. Ruff's Sea Breeze, 8st 4lb (Cannon) 0.
Mr. W. Welsby's Thirlstane, 8st 10lb (J. Osborne) 0.

Betting—7 to 4 against *Sea Breeze*, 3 to 1 against *Electricity*, 7 to 1 against *Lord Hawthorn*, 8 to 1 against *Thirlstane*, and 100 to 7 against any other. *Baroness* made the running, *Bianca*, *Electricity*, *Laird of Scotland*, *Thirlstane*, *Sea Breeze*, and *Lord Hawthorn* following in the order named, *Ampleforth* bringing up the rear, until entering the straight, when *Electricity* on the inside assumed the lead, *Lord Hawthorn* on the outside taking a prominent place. At the distance the two latter drew away, and furnished a close and exciting race home, *Electricity* always having the best of it, and winning, after a fine race, by a head. Three lengths separated the second and third; *Bianca* was fourth, *Thirlstane* fifth, *Sea Breeze* sixth, *Ampleforth* next, and *Elector* last.

THE 90TH OAKS STAKES of 50 sovereigns each, h. ft., for three year olds: fillies, 8 stone 10 lb. each; the owner of the second to receive 100 sovereigns out of the stakes; 1½ mile, to be run on the New Course. 215 subs.
(The figures preceding the names indicate the corresponding figures on the card.)
2. Mr. Graham's Formosa, by Buccaneer—Eller, (Fordham) 1.
3. Mr. M. Dawson's Lady Coventry, by Thormanby—Lady Roden, (J. Daley) 2.
6. Mr. Padwick's Athena, by Stockwell—Heroine, (T. French) 3.
1. Marquis of Hastings's Lady Elizabeth, by Trumpeter—Miss Bowzer, (Cannon) 0.
4. Mr. Graham's Janet Rawcliffe, by Stockwell—Blondelle, (C. Page) 0.
5. Duke of Hamilton's Leonie, by Newminster—Gaspard's dam, (T. Aldcroft) 0.
7. Mr. W. Davis's Fair Star, by Cape Flyaway—Legerdemain, (Grimshaw) 0.
8. Mr. G. Holmes's Virtue, by Stockwell—Patience, (Snowden) 0.
9. Mr. Welsby's Curfew Bell, by Newminster—Nugget, (J. Osborne.) 0.

Betting—11 to 8 on *Formosa*, 9 to 2 against *Lady Elizabeth*, 8 to 1 against *Virtue*, 12 to 1 each against *Leonie* and *Lady Coventry* and 25 to 1 against *Fair Star*. *Lady Elizabeth*, her stable companion, *Athena*, and *Lady Coventry*, having been saddled at the half mile post, walked to the "corner," where their respective riders mounted, and where they were joined by the others. After the preliminary canters had been taken, they, with as little delay as possible, proceeded to the starting post, which was reached precisely at 3:13, and two minutes afterwards, the lot being together, Mr. McGeorge lowered his flag to an excellent start. *Athena* was quickest on her legs, but before half-a-dozen strides had been taken she was pulled into the rear, and *Fair Star* took a slight lead of *Janet Rawcliffe* and *Curfew Bell*, who were almost head and head, and clear of the favourite on the left, who was succeeded by *Virtue*, *Leonie* and *Lady Coventry*, the two last being *Lady Elizabeth* and *Athena*. After going about 200 yards *Janet Rawcliffe* deprived *Fair Star* of the lead, and carried on the running, *Fair Star* being second, in advance of *Virtue* and *Formosa*, next to whom came *Leonie*, *Curfew Bell*, and *Lady Coventry*, and at least half-a-dozen lengths in front of *Lady Elizabeth*, who, as in the Derby kept in the rear, and seemed totally unable to act. Before half-a-mile of the distance had been accomplished, *Formosa* passed *Virtue* and *Fair Star*, and on reaching the *Furzes* she took up the running. The favourite soon had a lead of at least two lengths of *Virtue*, who was separated by about a length from *Leonie* and *Curfew Bell*, next to Mr. Welsby's filly coming *Lady Coventry*, *Athena* still lying just in advance of *Lady Elizabeth*, whilst *Janet Rawcliffe* was tailed off. On emerging from the Furzes *Leonie* ran at the girths of *Virtue*, and the pair came down the hill in company, two lengths in the rear of *Formosa*, and about half that distance in front of *Curfew Bell*, who was at this point succeeded by *Lady Coventry* and *Athena*, the latter having quitted her stable companion. The lot came into the straight in this order, *Formosa* meanwhile increasing her lead by three lengths. The favourite lay in the centre of the course, with *Virtue* on the lower ground, *Athena* on the right, and *Lady Coventry* in her immediate track, *Fair Star* and *Curfew Bell* being some distance in rear of Mr. Dawson's filly. The first to give way was *Virtue*, who was beaten on crossing the road, and the retirement of the Richmond filly was taken advantage of by *Athena*, who got clear of *Lady Coventry* as they approached the distance; but the favourite was pulling over her opponents, and it was apparent that any moment she could still further increase her lead, and it became evident that the only semblance of a race would be for the second-place money. At the commencement of the stand enclosure Fordham let out *Formosa*, and coming away she won in the commonest of canters by ten lengths, *Athena* finishing six lengths in rear of *Lady Coventry*. *Fair Star* was fourth, ten lengths behind *Athena*, and a neck only in advance of *Curfew Bell*, fifth; *Lady Elizabeth*, four lengths in rear of Mr. Welsby's filly, was six, a long way in advance of *Janet Rawcliffe*. *Leonie* cantered in pulling up on the post. Net value of the stakes, £5,450. The following is the time, as taken by Benson's chronograph:

Start......	3 hours	17 min.	38 sec.
Arrival....	3 "	20 "	25¼ "
Run in....		2 min.	47¼ sec.

THE DURDANS STAKES of 5 sovereigns each, with 100 added, for all ages; weight for age; selling and other allowances. Half a mile.
Mr. H. Wright's Little Coates, by Lambton—dam by Ballingkeele, 2 years, 6 stone 2 lb., car. 6st 3lb (£60) (Butler) 1.
Mr. Geist f by Dundee—Lady Lotty, 2 years, 6st 2lb, £60 (Hunt) 2.
Mr. Joseph Dawson's Lelia, 2 years, 6st 7lb, £80 (Craddock) 3.
Mr. R. Herbert's David, by Promised Land—Fist, 2 years, 6st 8lb, £60 (Powter) 0.
Mr. Mackenzie's Mochrie, 4 years, 9st, £60 (Payne) 0.
Mr. W. G. Bennett's Barcelona, 2 years, 6st 2lb, car 6st 6lb £60 (Mordan) 0.

Jeffery weighed for Mr. Chaplin's *Sister* to *Veda*, and the number was hoisted, but the filly twisted a plate, and did not go to the post.

Betting—5 to 2 against *Little Coates*, 3 to 1 each against *Barcelona* and *Lelia*. At first 5 to 4 was laid on *Sister* to *Veda*. The favorite made play throughout, and won easily by a length; bad third; *Mochrie* was fourth, *Barcelona* fifth, and *David* last. The winner was sold to Mr. Vivian for 165 guineas.

THE PADDOCK NURSERY PLATE of 100 sovereigns for two year olds; winners extra; second horse to receive half the entrance money. Three quarters of a mile.
Capt. Machell's Martyr, by St. Alban's—Eulogy, 8st (Fordham) 1.
Lord Westmorland's Lyttleton, 6st 7lb, car. 6st 9lb (Kenyon) 2.
Mr. R. Clark's Bush Hill, 7st 4lb (Roell) 3.
Mr. H. Goater's Buxton, 7st 7lb (Hibberd) 2.
Mr. Stephenson's c by Neville—Madame Stavely, 7st 2lb (Peppler) 0.
Mr. Heene's Actress, 7st 2lb (A. Forster) 0.
Mr. Padwick's Charon, 7st (Mordan) 0.
Mr. Johnson's Nightlight, 6st 12lb (Burton) 0.
Lord Rendlesham's Little Go, 6st 12lb (Spencer) 0.
Mr. Drewitt's Acknowledgment, 6st 12lb (Killick) 0.
Mr. Saxon's April morn, 6st 10lb (Barnard) 0.
Mr. Tremayne's Juanina, 6st 10lb (Jeffery) 0.
Mr. Reginald's c by Neptunus—Lunelle, 6st 11lb (Hunt) 0.
Mr. Blanton's Moscow 6st 7lb, (Jewitt) 0.

The number of *Pompeii* was accidentally put up for that of *Lyttleton*, but the mistake was rectified before the betting settled down.

Betting—2 to 1 against *Martyr*, 3 to 1 against *Lyttleton*, 5 to 1 against *Charon*, 6 to 1 against *Moscow*, 10 to 1 against *April Morn*, and 100 to 7 against the *Staveley* colt. *Lyttleton* got away with a clear lead of *Bush Hill*, the favorite, and *Juanina* until reaching the distance, where *Bush Hill* was beaten, and *Martyr* challenged *Lyttleton*, winning after a close race, by a neck. *Bush Hill* was a bad third, *Actress* fourth, *Moscow* fifth, *Little Go* sixth, the *Lunelle* colt seventh, *Acknowledgment* next, and the *Madame Staveley* colt last.

THE GREAT SURREY FOAL STAKES of 10 sovereigns each, for three year olds; colts 8st 10lb, and fillies 8st 7lb; winners extra. Last mile of the Derby Course. 19 subs.
Lord Stamford's Vale Royal, by Stockwell—July, 8st 10lb.

MAGEE AND RUSSELL'S great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

MESSRS. YOUNG & RADFORD having secured the services of first-class working jewellers in etruscan, filagree, plain, fancy and solid gold work, and having made large additions to their work shop are now better prepared to execute any orders with which they may be entrusted than heretofore. Masonic jewels gold and silver medals, and every kind of gold and silver work done on the shortest possible notice. Remember the place, 30 Sparks-st., and encourage home manufacture

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Skating Rink Music Hall—Edmund Coles.
Stationery—John Durie & Son.
Book Agents Wanted—Maclear & Co.
Pic-Nic at Wright's Gardens—P. Lariviere.

The Ottawa Times

MONDAY, JUNE 22, 1868.

☞ *For Markets see Fourth Page.*

We have reason to believe that the consideration of the subject of the Intercolonial Railway route was postponed, by the Privy Council, on Saturday, until Tuesday, in consequence of the non arrival of the reports of the exploratory survey from Mr. Schreiber, who, under Mr. Fleming, had charge of the explorations. The question will no doubt be disposed of to-morrow, provided the reports anticipated arrive in due course.

We understand that Sir John A. Macdonald, K.C.B., the Hon. H. L. Langevin, C.B., the Hon. W. Macdougall, C.B., and the Hon. S. L. Tilley, C.B., have been appointed a committee to assist Mr. Speaker in the management of the internal economy of the House of Commons, under the Act passed last session, entitled "An Act respecting the internal economy of the House of Commons and for other purposes."

We learn that the Court of Assize and General Gaol delivery for the County of Carleton, for the autumn circuit will be held here on the second of September next. This, we believe, is the earliest date at which the ordinary fall court could have been fixed. The prisoner Whelan, and those who are held as his accomplices, will be brought to trial at this court; and if some may regret that a special commission was not issued to dispose of their cases at an earlier day, all will join in commending the arrangement which has fixed their trial for the earliest possible moment at which the ordinary court could be held here.

The Halifax *Chronicle* complains bitterly of the exodus of "young men to the United "States, or somewhere else." Now this nomadic habit of the youth of the present generation is not confined to Nova Scotia. Old countries and new,—European and American,—prosperous and declining, witness alike, though not to the same extent, this movement among the people, and especially among the younger members. New Brunswick, Lower and Upper Canada, have witnessed their thousands, and tens of thousands, of young men crossing their boundaries to seek their fortunes in the wide, wide world. Yet these Provinces are growing in wealth, and annually increasing in population. England and Scotland send out, year by year, large numbers of adventurers, some to the Colonies, some to foreign countries; yet England and Scotland never before possessed such an amount of accumulated wealth; never before so many inhabitants as now. And even the United States, those "Elysian fields," over whose walls the melancholy man of the *Chronicle* looks with watering mouth and longing eye, "while the hardy and dar-"ing leap over, and find the wealth which "they sought." Even this tempting land will not restrain the enterprising Yankee from seeking "pastures new" on which to vegetate. Though we have no statistics of "the exodus" of native Americans from the United States, either to this or to other countries, the fact is notorious that many Americans of the most "hardy" and enterprising character are high up in the commercial and manufacturing business of England; that in other "foreign" countries, there are thousands of native born Americans, as well as "naturalised citizens," claiming the protection of the American flag, pushing their fortunes with various success. In Canada we have many "hardy" ex-citizens of the neighbouring country who have "leaped the wall" and sworn allegiance to the British Crown, and we are glad to say that as a rule they are among the most successful and the most enterprising of any class of immigrants who come to the country. Yet, the *Chronicle* looks upon the United States as "Elysian fields," into which the hardy Nova Scotians leap to make their fortunes, while the faint-hearted and the weak of nerve stay at home to starve!

Though we do regret that the spirit of adventure and the love of "seeing the world" draw many of the young men of the Provinces over the border, who if they would but lay their minds to it might hew out a fortune for themselves at home, we cannot say that our pride would be flattered by the knowledge that a British American should be looked upon as a *rara avis* the moment he set foot in any other country than his own. Many go away, it is true; but it is also true that many come back again, some with increased knowledge, others with larger means, and all with more or less of those subtle lessons of the world's experience, which, it appears, human nature is incapable of acquiring while rooted to the paternal homestead. The love of adventure, the facilities for travel, and the mere desire of change, not to mention the not unimportant fact that the circumstances of the people enable them to gratify these feelings, will always tend to maintain the condition of affairs which the *Chronicle* deplores; and though the energy and enterprise thereby lost to the Province might, if exercised within it, have made a profitable return to the individuals, and benefited the country, we do not by any means admit that the emigration of even large numbers of young people from a colony which has outlived three generations of its inhabitants is *per se* an evidence of decadence or even of stagnated prosperity. Nova Scotia may still be prosperous, though many of her children leave her shores for a few years, or for ever. She is attracting foreign capital for the development of her resources. Had she had that capital within herself and employed it advantageously, she, no doubt, would have lessened the outflow of her people; and the fact that she does not appear to have been adequate to the duty of keeping pace in material progress with the natural increase in her population, so far from detracting from the character of the Province, ought to be held rather as an evidence of the innate vitality of the population. The countries which have sent out the largest number of emigrants, have been those which have cut the biggest figure in history, and if Nova Scotia is ashamed of her capacity for sending out "hardy" young men to brave the world in the battle of life, then all we have to say, is that we have little sympathy with Nova Scotia.

But the whine of the *Chronicle* is puerile to the last degree. "Year after year," says our contemporary, has this drain been going on; and why in the name of common sense should the last year's repetition of the evil be attributed to Union, seeing that for so many years before the same evil was in full operation? After a time, we hope to have our own North-west country as a field for our young men who desire to leave the older settlements; but, at the present time, we should be sorry to say a word that would deny them the privilege of choosing from the whole wide world before them the spot wherein they may think they can most successfully hew out their homes.

If we have not this fair and really patriotic spirit towards the youth of the present generation; if we should attempt by any legislative device to keep within our borders those whom the accident of birth may, perchance, have made subjects in these Colonies, we cannot conceive a greater wrong than that which would restrain them in carrying out their natural impulse. If they wish to leave us; if they think, with the *Chronicle*, that in the "Elysian fields" of the Union, they can make a better home for themselves; then, in God's name, let them go. We have confidence in the natural wealth, in the fertility of resources of this country; we have faith that it will prosper; but let us always cherish the good old feeling of the ancient patriot, "those who do not like the country, let them leave it!" A country is not worth having under any other terms; and if to our own young men, Southern climes may hold out increased attractions, assuredly there is no more promising country for the emigrant from the fatherland than that of the several Provinces united under the Dominion of Canada. It may take a few years yet to make this fact patent to the whole world; but, nevertheless, a fact it is, and sooner or later this country will reap the benefit of its recognition.

CANADIANS ABROAD.

Recent letters from Rome contain interesting news of our young friend and fellow-citizen, Rev. J. L. O'Connor, Secretary to His Lordship the R.C. Bishop of this diocese. The rev. gentleman is now absent from Ottawa over a year, having gone to Europe with a view of completing his professional studies in the venerable theological institutions of the Eternal City. Having spent a few months in preparation and presented himself for the usual tests of scholarship, he passed the ordeal amidst the compliments of the Roman theologians, and on the 24th May was ordained priest. On the following day, in the College of the Propaganda, Cardinal Barnabo, by special direction of the Pope, conferred upon him the degree of Doctor of Divinity. In the early past of his trip our rev. friend visited many European countries, and contemplated a visit to the Holy Land, but has finally decided upon leaving Rome for Ireland and England about the first of July, and is expected home to the scene of his future labors in September next. To the Catholic reader, it will be interesting to know that the young priest's first mass was celebrated in the crypt of the Barsilica, over the tomb of St. Peter, the Prince of the Apostles. On the 29th he gave benediction of the blessed sacrament to the Canadian Zouaves in the Papal service, thus signalizing the presence so far from home of his compatriots. We have been precise in giving this notice of our rev. friend because we feel happy to record the scholastic success of an Ottawa student; and also because it gratifies us to know that a native of Ottawa, a member of one of our most respected families, and a former member of the local press, has won such proud distinction.

When a man has a quotation that he wants to bring into a speech or article, it is surprising the ingenuity he sometimes exercises to render it *apropos*. A writer on the Irish Church question, in the Montreal *Gazette*, wanted very badly to say "*apres nous le deluge*," and this is how he manages it. After speaking of political changes, accomplished and impending, in the Mother Country, he glances for a moment at Canada, and observes: "If changes are before us, they are not near at "hand, and from no selfish heedlessness of the "future, but because the future is beyond our "control, we may, for the present at least, "adopt the saying of the courtiers of Louis "XIV, '*apres nous le deluge*.'" There, 'tis done, and who shall say it is not done neatly? To be sure one cannot see very clearly why, "because the future is beyond our control," we should indulge in that particular ejaculation; nor why people who have no "selfish heedlessness of the future" should give utterance to a sentiment which, if it expresses anything at all, can only express that extreme form of "selfish heedlessness" which was exhibited by such a monster of crime as the Emperor Tiberius, (the originator, if we mistake not, of the phrase). Such objections, however, seem quite out of place, when the design of the whole sentence is kept in view. We might even ask whether it is generally held that the political "future" is entirely beyond the control of the men of the present. A different lesson we know is often taught; and, perhaps, if our contemporary were to brush up his Juvenal and renew his acquaintance with a passage which says, that it is only the weakness of man's will that makes fortune a goddess, he might write a long and exhaustive article—say on Ritualism or some other expansive subject—and inform us in the end that the future is *not* beyond our control, and that we should strive to make the coming age a little better than our own.

The Halifax *Chronicle says*: Mr. B. W. Chipman, late of Canning, Cornwallis, and now of this city, has instituted a suit against Messrs. Dunn, Wiman & Co., proprietors of the "Mercantile Agency," a branch of which is established in this city, for having, by circulating false reports, injured his credit. The plaintiff claims $20,000 damages.

And we hope, if the plaintiff has a good case, that he may gain his suit. These "Mercantile Agencies" are but *fungi* of the most abominable description which grow upon the body commercial. Their information, as a general rule, is drawn from the very worst of sources, and as guides to the commercial status of men doing business in the country, we consider them utterly worthless. So long as business men will pay their money and assist in keeping these *espionage* institutions afloat, we, of course, have no objection; but when we find a man willing to break a lance with them, whether it may happen to be "Mr. B. W. Chipman, late of Cornwallis," or anybody else, we feel very strongly disposed to bid him "God speed."

Foul Play—A Novel; by Charles Reade and Dion Boucicault (re-published from "Every Saturday"). Montreal: printed by John Lovell, and sold by all booksellers.

This is a most astounding story, founded, if we mistake not, on actual facts. It has already had its "run" in the serial in which it first appeared, and doubtless in the cheap form in which Mr. Lovell has got it up it will secure hosts of additional patrons.

POLICE COURT.

Francis Dea was charged with having taken more whiskey than was consistent with his health and the uprightness which for two years he had sustained. The magistrate said he would not fine him this time, but if he should come before him again, under similar circumstances, he would impose the highest fine. He was let off for costs.

A boy about 15 years of age, named Kehoe, was charged with stealing six stereoscopic views, the property of Mr. Hearn, of the market drug store, York-street.

Edward Burns, a young lad, deposed that he had bought the views from the prisoner about a month ago, thinking he could use them in his magic lantern, but that finding he could not do so he resolved to take them to Mr. Hearn's, and try to get them exchanged for glass ones, and he told Kehoe of his intention, when the latter begged him not to say that he had got them from him, because he had stolen them from Mr. Hearn when he was employed in the store. He took them to the store, and the clerk told him that they had come from their store and belonged to Mr Hearn.

Detective O'Neill said the prisoner had told him the previous evening that he found the views behind Mr. Hearn's gate.

Mr. Hearn identified the articles by his own private mark, and stated the value of them to be 40 cents each.

The prisoner elected to be tried summarily, and after a judicious admonition from the magistrate he was sentenced to one month's imprisonment at hard labor.

Xavier Drolette, Edward Robillard and Horace Couvrette, were then charged with having stolen three gold eyeglasses, three stereoscopic views, several valuable opera glasses, brushes, combs and other articles, the property of Mr. Hearn. The evidence adduced shewed that some time in November last, the market drug store was on fire in the upper storey, and it was feared it would extend to the store, and in order to save the valuable mathematical and optical instruments, as well as other goods, permission was obtained to place them in a room in the neighborhood for safe keeping, and the said room was given up by the proprietor for that purpose. The goods were accordingly removed, and a young man from the store placed on guard over them. During his temporary absence, however, the prisoners having access to the premises, one of them entered the room whilst another stood at the window to receive the articles handed out, and the third took them up stairs to another floor, and thus abstracted goods to the amount of $138. They were seen by a boy of about 15 years of age, named Morin, to whom, as he swore, Drolette gave one of the eye glasses to purchase his silence. Most of the articles were identified by Mr. Hearn.

The arrests and the finding of the goods were proved by Sergeant Davis.

The case was adjourned till this morning leaving three witnesses to be examined.

A person named Bourgeois, and another named Robitaille, supposed to be implicated, were admitted to bail.

FIAT JUSTITIA.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Sir,—People in the city are continually crying out for want of amusement, and still, when real enjoyment, in the shape of Moreton's plays, and Buckstone's plays, are presented to them with all the parts well filled by competent actors and actresses, they fail to come forward and show their appreciation of the sterling English drama, by supporting a good, deserving company. The negro, or the sensation play, no matter how nonsensical, will be well and liberally patronized by the very persons whom you will hear forever deploring the taste of others who follow their example, and lamenting the absence of anything approaching good playing, and sensible play. I have had the pleasure of witnessing the performances of Mr. Coles' dramatic company, and have failed to entertain any other than the very highest opinion of their talent. Added to the good acting of Miss Stocqueller, is her very fine voice, which of itself should be a great attraction. She is young, pretty, an accomplished actress, easy in her manner on the stage, and possessing a nice voice. Of Mr. Coles, well, to simply say he is really an excellent comic actor is, I should fancy, enough. Of the other ladies and gentlemen in the company, no one can speak in any but a complimentary manner. Many suppose that because the evenings are hot that they will suffer from heat in the Skating Rink, but such, let them be assured, is not the case. The place is beautifully cool and pleasant. No praise is too great to bestow on Mr. Lester for the really elegant manner in which he has arranged the Skating Rink Music Hall. The building is comfortably cool, very clean, and very nicely gotten up as a theatre. It is to be hoped that this excellent company will be well patronized, so that even better than they are, many be tempted to try their dramatic and musical powers in Ottawa, so that by and bye, all the great stars may look on the capital of the new Dominion, as a place dangerous to leave out in their tours through Canada. Let us rise above the negro melody, and the clog dance, and familiarize ourselves with the names and works of both the greatest musicians, and the best dramatic authors, and to this end, let us patronize the very good, so that we shall ere long succeed in obtaining the excellent. I am personally unknown to the parties connected with this troupe, and only speak in their favour so that justice may be done them, and they be not allowed to go away from Ottawa, and say to others who, if they had succeeded here, would have come to the city, "Oh, don't think of going to Ottawa, the people will support nothing above a circus, or a negro troupe." Trusting these suggestions may be of service to the company,

I am, yours,
Commentator.

ANNUAL INSPECTIONS.

Thurso, June 15, 1868.

The Thurso Infantry Company under the command of Captain Edwards, was inspected to-day by Lieut.-Col. Macpherson, D. A. A. G. of Militia, who was accompanied by Lieut.-Col. Hanson, Brigade Major of the District. The Company mustered well and presented a good appearance on parade. The Company was put through several movements by the Commanding Officer, after which an inspection of the armory, arms, accoutrements, &c., took place. At the conclusion, the Inspecting Officer addressed the company in complimentary terms on its appearance, and the satisfactory state of the arms and appointments.

It is understood that the 11th Battalion Argenteuil Rangers, and St. Andrew's Cavalry Troop, detailed for one of the field brigades, are to muster for *eight days* at the battalion headquarters, St. Andrew's. The Thurso company is also desirous of joining them at that station.

MILITIA GENERAL ORDERS.

Ottawa, 19th June, 1868.

General Orders.

VOLUNTEER MILITIA.

No. 1.

Officers commanding corps and battalions are requested to read publicly on the first parade of their corps or battalions after the receipt of this order, the following extract from the existing Volunteer Militia Law.

"The volunteer force and every officer and man belonging to it, shall be subject to the Queen's regulations and orders for the army, and shall from the time of being called out for actual service, and also during the period of annual drill prescribed by this Act or by any Act amending the same, or by any order of the Commander-in-Chief, under the authority thereof, and also during the continuance of any drill or parade of his corps at which he shall be present, be subject to the rules and articles of war, and to the Act for punishing mutiny and desertion, and all other laws then applicable to Her Majesty's troops in this Province, and not inconsistent with this Act."

No. 2.

SERVICE MILITIA.

Province of Ontario.

The Oshawa Grammar School Drill Association.

A Drill Association is hereby authorized at Oshawa, in the regimental division of Ontario, under the command of Lieut-Col Fairbanks, to be composed of the masters and pupils of the Oshawa County Grammar School and to be styled the Oshawa Grammar School Drill Association.

By Command of His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor-General and Commander-in-Chief.

P. L. MacDOUGALL, Colonel,
Adjutant-General of Militia,
Canada.

LOCAL NEWS.

For jams and jellies go to Bate & Co., 52, Spark-st. 762d

Several bargain lots have been brought forward from the wholesale department for the removal sale at Magee & Russell's.

Meteorological Observations.—(Reported by Wm. Hearn, Market Drug Store, York-st.)

June 20, 1868.

Greatest degree of heat registered during the previous night, 70 above zero.

8 a. m., 79 " "
1 p. m., 85 " "
6 p. m., 73 " "

A Narrow Escape from Drowning.—On Friday last a crib of saw logs, in passing down the Little Chaudiere Rapids, parted, and nine men came very nearly losing their lives in consequence. Some were astride a single log, others on two, and some with only an oar. It was a providential escape, but though we learn some got a little bruised, no lives were lost.

Pic-Nic.—We are informed that the annual pic-nic of the St. Patrick's Asylum is to take place at the Bellevue Gardens, on Monday, the 29th instant. It is intended to leave nothing undone to render this the most successful affair of the season, and as the proceeds are to be devoted to the maintenance of an institution which is well deserving of the public patronage, we trust that our citizens will unite in aiding the good work. Full particulars will appear in our advertising columns in a few days.

On the Way to Recovery.—We are glad to learn that Mr. James Hall, who was brought into the Protestant Hospital last week to be treated for an accidentally self-inflicted gun shot wound, is so much better as to be able to sit up. It has been ascertained that none of the shot which were discharged in his breast entered a vital organ, and there is every prospect of his recovery within a reasonable period. Dr. Sweetland has anxiously attended him, but is now satisfied of a favorable issue.

Destructive Fire.—Last night at about eleven o'clock, a fire broke out in the extensive saw mills of Messrs. Patty & Perley, at the Chaudiere. Notwithstanding the efforts of the firemen, and the employees of the various mills, the buildings and machinery were entirely destroyed. The damage is estimated at $40,000—partially covered by insurance. Besides the loss sustained by the owners a large number of hands are thrown out of employment.

The Annual Drill.—The 43rd Carleton Battalion Volunteers will arrive here on Thursday next to perform their annual sixteen days' drill. The drill would have taken place at Bell's Corners under canvas, but for the fact that the Government tents and camp equipage had been forwarded to other points to be ready in case of emergency. It was then decided that the Battalion should come to Ottawa, and Col. Powell and Major Seale have been busily engaged in making the necessary preparations for their reception. They have also provided for their going under canvas here, instead of being billeted in hotels and taverns.

A Man Gets a Pair of Boots and Loses his Trunk.—Last week a man whose name was not ascertained, went to a boot and shoe store in the city, and said he was sent to get a pair of boots for a gentleman whose name would be good for a store full of boots. They were obtained, and the man went away with them, but shortly after a circumstance arose which gave rise to the discovery that fraud had been committed. The police were informed of the matter, who got on the track of the fellow so far as to find out where he had been stopping, but was not then to be found. His trunk, however, was taken and conveyed to the Police station, where if the owner does not call for it, it will remain for some time, and if he does call he will remain too.

Theatrical.—Coles' dramatic company at the Rink made a decided hit on Saturday night in *Paul Pry* and it really seems as if they were determined to go on increasing their attractiveness night after night from the beginning. In *Paul Pry*, Coles and A'Beckett did much better than we have many times seen in some of the first-class provincial theatres in England. Mr. Coles has the good sense always to put nothing in the hands of his company, but that which they are capable of doing justice to. As for Coles himself, he is an actor who would do ample credit to any theatre. His comic raciness never flags, and there is a spice of originality in him which never fails, and if he ever departs from the literal meaning of his author, it is always such as no author would be inclined to disown. His "Paul Pry," on Saturday night, left nothing to be desired. A'Becket, too, is an old stager who seems to be at home in all the old men's characters that come in his way. Fanny Stocqueler, as "Phebe," appeared to better advantage than in any previous character we have seen her attempt. Indeed the whole company will compare very favorably with anything ever seen here, and if they are not patronized it is simply because our people are not up to the mark of appreciating good acting. In Dickens's *Great Expectations* we have no doubt they will sustain their reputation and render the piece a powerful attraction.

Latest by Telegraph.

FROM TORONTO.

Aid to the Toronto and Nippissing Railroad—Enlargement of the Evening "Leader"—Statement of the Toronto Volunteer Relief Fund—The Ridgway Monument.

Special to THE TIMES.

Toronto, June 20.

The deputation from the Toronto and Nippissing Railroad are canvassing in Ontario County. Resolutions to submit a by-law granting aid to the railway to the electors were defeated at Beaverton, and carried at Brechin, Scott and Uxbridge.

The Evening *Leader* appears in an enlarged form, and much improved. The competition of the *Telegraph* is the probable cause of the enlargement.

A meeting of the Volunteer Relief Fund Committee was held yesterday. The statement showed the funds on hand to be $18,376.10c. The chairman was authorised to draw on the fund to provide the Toronto Volunteers with havelocks in case of being called out for active service during the summer.

Mrs. Lockie, widow of a volunteer, who died from the effects of disease contracted while on duty, was granted $300. The Secretary was authorised to call a meeting in reference to the monument to the volunteers who fell at Ridgway.

CABLE NEWS

Via Montreal Line.

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES.

London, June 20.—To-day being a holiday no business was transacted.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

Paris, June 20.—Advices from Paraguay state that the allies have abandoned the task of carrying Humaita by storm, and now propose to starve the garrison. The people of Paraguay have become united, and placed in Lopez's hands the resources to prolong the war indefinitely.

Berlin, June 20.—The Sessions of the North German Parliament were closed yesterday. King William, of Prussia, made a short and pacific speech on the occasion. He reviewed and commented favorably on the work of the present Session, and concluded by expressing his conviction that the results of the labors of Parliament would be successful, and that Germany would continue to enjoy the blessings of peace.

The American Minister, Mr. Bancroft, contemplates a visit to the Courts of the South German States. He will start upon his tour in a few days.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Via Montreal Line.

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES.

The Great Walking Match—Toply Wins the first Thousand Dollars.

Boston, June 19.—The walking match for $8,000 a side between Toply and Weston, commenced this afternoon. Toply completed his first twenty-five miles a mile ahead of Weston, in 5 hours, 23 minutes, and 46 seconds, thus winning the first thousand dollars. The whole match is one hundred miles, and one thousand dollars is pending on the second twenty-five miles.

Arrived.

New York, June 20.—The steamer *Union* from Bremen has arrived.

The Atlantic Yacht Club Race.

The third annual regatta of the Atlantic yacht club took place yesterday. The *Mystic* was the winner of the schooner race; the *Clytic* of first class sloops; and the *Martha* of the second class.

Reconstruction.

The *Tribune's* special says to-morrow will be the last day for the Arkansas bill if the President does not veto it to-morrow. The State will be declared in the Union on Monday next.

Tug Boat Explosion.

The tug boat *Leroy* exploded off the battery about 8 o'clock this morning, blowing three men overboard, who were drowned.

New York Money Market.

New York, June 20.—Sterling Exchange 110.

Gold closed at 140½.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

The Charges Against John H. Surratt.

Washington, June 20.—The first charge in the new indictment against John H. Surratt charges him with conspiring with Booth, Payne, Proude, O'Laughlin, Arnold, and Mrs. Surratt, to murder Abraham Lincoln. The second charges him with conspiracy to capture Mr. Lincoln, and deliver him as a prisoner into the possession, custody and control of certain persons whose names are unknown to the Grand Jury.

Non-Payment of Insurance.

Cincinnati, June 20.—The Superior Court has decided that the fire at Foote, Nash & Co.'s whiskey establishment having been caused by an explosion of whiskey vapour, the United Fire and Marine Insurance Company are not liable for the amount of insurance.

Railway Accident.

Toledo, June 20.—The eastward bound express train was thrown from the track near here this morning early, and the engineer, baggage man and express messenger injured. It is thought the train was thrown off by robbers with a design to rob the express car.

Died.

Philadelphia, June 20.—Paul Andrade, aged 80, died suddenly yesterday in his office. He died intestate, and his estate, amounting to about half a million dollars, will descend to his relatives in France.

The Arkansas Admission Bill.

Washington, June 20.—The President has vetoed the Arkansas Admission Bill, and the House repassed it by a vote of 111 to 31. The Speaker then announced that the Bill had been passed by a constitutional two-thirds vote.

Five Men Drowned.

Portland, June 20.—Five Frenchmen were drowned in the Saco River yesterday, by a boat upsetting.

From San Francisco.

San Francisco, June 20.—A rock slide occurred near Summit Tunnel, a few days since, killing several Chinamen. Nine thousand men are employed on the railroad, and it is expected to be completed one hundred miles east of Reno, early in July.

Arrival.

New York, June 20.—The steamer *City of Washington*, from Liverpool, has arrived.

Mortality in New York.

New York, June 20.—The number of deaths this week were 386.

Commemoration.

New York, June 20.—The British ships in harbor are dressed in bunting to-day, in honor of the anniversary of Queen Victoria's accession to the throne.

West Point Graduates Relieved.

New York, June 20.—The graduating of the class of 1868 was finally relieved in orders at the last parade at West Point yesterday afternoon. A grand entertainment on board the practice fleet was given by the naval cadets last evening.

GUNNERY.

The following extracts are made from our Toronto exchanges:

Presentation.—After the conclusion of the examination of the gunnery cadets, yesterday, Sergeant Macleroy was invited by them to the Rochester House, when he was presented with a very fine silver watch and chain, with a suitable inscription, accompanied by an address in which they expressed their appreciation of his services as instructor. Sergeant Macleroy, in a few words, thanked them for the unexpected gift.

Gunnery School Practice.—The students in the school of gunnery, to the number of fourteen, went out for target practice on Saturday under the direction of the instructor, Sergeant Macleroy, R. A. They were allowed three shots each at a range of 1,200 yards, and made some first rate shooting, Sergeant Major Perkins, of the Ottawa Battery, striking the target. After the conclusion of the practice, the commandant of the school, Col. Anderson, R. A., complimented them very highly on their proficiency.

Gunnery School Inspection.—Adjutant-General Macdougall yesterday made a long and minute inspection of the school of gunnery under Col. Anderson, and was so much gratified by what he saw that he promised to recommend to Government to supply 18 pounders, to all stations where men resided who passed through the school. These guns are capable of being moved in the field, and can also be used as guns of position. This batch of 14 have just completed their course of eight weeks' training, and another commences in two weeks. The following are the names of those who received certificates:—Captain Thompson, Goderich; Lieut. King, Welland; Lieut. T. S. Henry, and Corporals Bartels and Barnes, Napanee; Sergt.-Major Perkins, Ottawa; Sergt. Flindad, Sergt.-Major Bleasdale and — Thompson, Trenton; Sergt. Cuziner, Ottawa.

—The *Great Britain* steamship, from Australia, when she arrived off the Mersey last Saturday, was "overhauled" by a gunboat and searched for Fenians. The search had no result.

For soups and potted meats go to Bate & Co., 52 Spark-st. 762d

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

Bog Oak Jewellery.—Very handsome sets of bog oak jewellery can be had at Young & Radford's, at $1 per set.

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

For a choice selection of pickles, sauces &c., go to Bate & Co, 52 Spark-st. 762d

Fine coral jewellery, bog oak jewellery and a large collection of other goods suitable for wedding and other presents can be seen at Young & Radford's; all new and choice goods and will be sold cheap.

Carpets and House Furnishings.—Garland Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality. They have just received a large stock and invite the attention of parties furnishing to it. Purchasers will find their stock in this department second to none in Ottawa. 582-y

Russell, of the "Times," Denounced.—Mr. Russell, of the *Times*, does not appear to have given satisfaction either to the Northerners or Southerners, but you do not hear of any one being dissatisfied with the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," which is sufficient proof that it is all it is represented to be. Price only 25 cents per bottle.

Health is Strength.—To prevent or conquer disease is one of the grandest attainments ever aimed at by man; and Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers will as sure cure coughs, colds, tickling in the throat and pulmonary complaints, as war and pestilence will destroy. Severe colds if not attended to sooner or later lead to incurable consumption, and the strength of the strongest soon fails if neglected. The readiest and best means known for the cure of these complaints is "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers," which have been thoroughly tried for the last twenty years, and have never been known to fail. Singers and public speakers will also derive great benefit from the use of them. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts. per box.

Very Natural.—When a person has proved an article and found it good, and answering the purpose for which it is intended he will not readily abandon it for one of doubtful reputation, or concerning which he knows nothing. We are led to make these remarks owing to the course always pursued by those who have used that celebrated and truly valuable horse medicine known as "Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy;" all are so well pleased with it that they will not use any other; many have waited several weeks until the agent could obtain a new supply. There is nothing equal to it as a condition medicine, or for any complaint affecting the wind of horses. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.* is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Unless you like your family to rusticate as far from you as possible during the summer—do NOT send them to the Caledonia Springs—they are too easily accessible. 773-3

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

RENEWS THE HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR WHEN GRAY.

Renews the nutritive matter which nourishes the hair.

RENEWS THE GROWTH OF THE HAIR WHEN BALD.

Renews the brash, wiry hair to silken softness.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR DRESSING.

One bottle shows its effects.

R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H., Proprietors.

For sale by all druggists. 762dwd

Errors of Youth.—A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay and all the effects of youthful indiscretion will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertisers' experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN, 43 Cedar Street New York

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding he symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children may be saved from early graves. Symptoms of Worms.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual waisting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., who are he sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* ☞ and take no other. ☞ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 578y

City Hoop Skirt Factory.

SOMETHING NEW.

I BEG to call the attention of LADIES to a new and highly desirable article which I have secured the Sole Agency for in Ottawa and vicinity. It is known

As Lesser's Patent Skirt Appendage!

Patented April 23, 1868, and consists of a SEPARATE TRAIL, which can be attached to an ordinary

Plain Hoop Skirt.

Thus converting it into a graceful

Promenade or Evening Skirt!

It may also be fastened to a Muslin or Stuff Petticoat with the same result. It can be folded into very small compass, and must readily recommend itself to every Lady, combining, as it does, Grace, Elegance and Comfort. To be had wholesale and retail. All styles of Skirts on hand. Corsets, Hosiery and Gloves, Parasols, &c., &c.

DAVID MILLAR,
43 Sparks-st, Central Ottawa.

456y

Who is Mrs. Winslow?

As this question is frequently asked, we will simply say that she is a lady who, for upwards of thirty years, has untiringly devoted her time and talents as a Female Physician and nurse, principally among children. She has especially studied the constitution and wants of this numerous class, and, as a result of this effort and practical knowledge, obtained in a lifetime spent as nurse and physician, she has compounded a Soothing Syrup for children teething. It operates like magic—giving rest and health, and is, moreover, sure to regulate the bowels. In consequence of this article, Mrs. Winslow is becoming world-renowned as a benefactor of her race; children certainly do rise up and bless her; especially is this the case in this city. Vast quantities of the Soothing Syrup are daily sold and used here. We think Mrs. Winslow has immortalized her name by this invaluable article, and we sincerely believe thousands of children have been saved from an early grave by its timely use, and that millions yet unborn will share its benefits, and unite in calling her blessed. No mother has discharged her duty to her suffering little one, in our opinion, until she has given it the benefit of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. Try it, mothers—try it now—*Ladies' Visitor*, New York City.

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents a bottle.

Be sure and call for

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,"

Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations. 762-24-2m

Bronchitis, Coughs, Asthma,

And all disorders of the Throat and Lungs, are relieved by using "Brown's Bronchial Troches."

"I have been afflicted with Bronchitis during the past winter, and found no relief until I found your 'Bronchial Troches.'

C. H. Gardiner,
Principal of Rutger's Female Institute, New York.'

"Almost instant relief in the distressing labor of breathing peculiar to Asthma."

Rev. A. C. Eggleston, New York.

"It gives me great pleasure to certify to the efficacy of your Bronchial Troches, in an affliction of the throat and voice, induced by public singing. They have suited my case exactly, relieving my throat and clearing the voice so that I could sing with ease.

T. Ducharme,
Chorister French Parish Church, Montreal.'

"When somewhat hoarse from cold or over-exertion in public speaking, I have uniformly found Brown's Troches afford relief.

Henry Wilkes, D. D.,
Pastor of Zion Church, Montreal."

Sold by all dealers in medicines at 25 cents a box.

To Consumptives.—The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, free, by return mail, will please address,

REV. EDWARD WILSON,
Williamsburg, Kings Co., New York.

DIED.

In this city, of heart disease, on 19th instant, at the age of 33 years, Alexander, only son of Alexander Workman, Esquire, hardware merchant.

The deceased was for many years Lieutenant and acting Captain of the Ottawa Field Battery. His remains will be removed from his father's residence, Wellington-st., at half past 11 a. m., to-day, (22nd instant,) to proceed by 1 p. m. train to Montreal. Friends will please accept this notice as invitation.

At Beech Grove, Richmond Road, on Saturday afternoon, the 20th inst., John Malloch, Esq., of this city, at 38 years and 8 months.

The funeral (to the Hull cemetry,) will take place at four o'clock, Tuesday afternoon. Friends and acquaintances are requested to attend without further notice.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

To-Night.

SKATING RINK MUSIC HALL.

G. W. Lester, - - - Manager.

Fourth appearance of the famous young English Comedian,

EDMUND COLES.

Fourth appearance of the Brillant

Miss Fanny Stocqueller,

Supported by the Dramatic Company, late of the Theatre Royal, Montreal.

MONDAY EVENING, June 22nd, the author's celebrated and popular Story,

Great Expectations.

Pip (brought up by hand)......Edmund Coles,
Miss Estella..............Miss Fanny Stocqueller.

Fancy Dance..............................Lena Warner.

The evening's entertainment will conclude with a BALLET DIVERTISEMENT, by Miss Lena Warner.

No play can be repeated on account of the very limited engagement of Edmund Coles, and the series of novelties to be introduced.

Doors open at 7:30, and performance to commence at 8 o'clock precisely.

Prices of admission—Parquette 50 cents; Gallery 25 cents.

Tickets for reserved seats may be procured at the Music Store of Messrs. Orme & Son, and at the "Citizen" Stationery Establishment.

A. B. COLES,
Business Agent.

Ottawa, June 22, 1868. 772td

HURRAH FOR

The St. Jean Baptiste's Day!

Grand Pic-Nic

AT

WRIGHT'S GARDENS,

HULL LANDING,

On Wednesday, 24th inst.

AMONG THE

Amusements of the day there will be Tight Rope Walking, Dumb Bells, Heavy Weights, Quoits Swings, etc., etc.

This gadren has been thoroughly improved and repaired, and is the best garden in the Dominion for the comfort of the visitors.

Refreshments may be had on the ground.

The Music shall be conducted by M. K. Fehr.

Admission, 25 cents.

Children accompanied with parents free.

A good platform and stair from McKay's corner to the ferry; every body is expected to come.

P. LARIVIERE,
Proprietor.

774-3

STATIONERY.

J. DURIE & SON have just received from the best English and Canadian Manufacturers a large stock of

BLANK BOOKS

Of every description, also Receipt Books, Order Books, Blank Note Books, Time Books, Bill Books, &c.

Memorandum Books, Pocket Ledgers, Cash Books, Pocket Books, Clerks' Check Books.

Post and Foolscap Copying Letter Books and Tresses Copying Ewers, and Brushes.

A splendid lot of Glass and Pewter Inkstands; a few extra large size suitable for Bank use.

Windsor and Newton's Solid Sketch Book.

Antoine's Celebrated Violette Copying Inks.

The Waverly Pen; the best Pen in use.

Postage and Bill Stamps.

For sale by
J. DURIE & SON,

498y 10 Sparks-st., opposite the Russell House.

BOOK AGENTS WANTED.

To solicit orders for the

Origin and History of the Books of the BIBLE,

By Prof. C. E. Stone, D. D. A fresh work by one of the most thorough authors. There is no book to compare or compete with it. 40,000 copies sold already by agents.

Experienced agents and others wanted to introduce the work to every family.

Apply, with stamps for answer, to
MACLEAR & CO.,
General Agents,
Pro. Ontario.

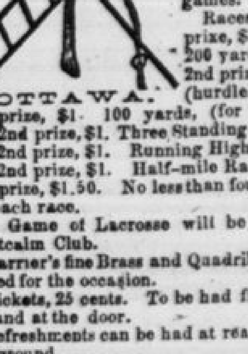
11 King-street,
Toronto. 774-3

FOURTH GRAND

ANNUAL PIC-NIC

OF THE

Sapper's Fire Company, No. 1.



UNDER the patronage of the St. Jean Baptiste Society, to be held on WEDNESDAY, the 24th instant, at the BELLEVUE GARDENS, Hull.

Races and other usual athletic sports will take place. Prizes will be awarded in the different games.

Races, 100 yards, 1st prize, $3; 2nd prize, $1. 200 yards, 1st prize, $3; 2nd prize, $1. 300 yards (hurdles), 1st prize, $3; 2nd prize, $1. 100 yards, (for boys), 1st prize, $3; 2nd prize, $1. Three Standing Jumps, 1st prize, $3; 2nd prize, $1. Running High Leap, 1st prize, $3; 2nd prize, $1. Half-mile Race, 1st prize, $4; 2nd prize, $1.50. No less than four entries to run for each race.

A Game of Lacrosse will be played by the Montcalm Club.

Marrier's fine Brass and Quadrille Bands are engaged for the occasion.

Tickets, 25 cents. To be had from the Committee and at the door.

Refreshments can be had at reasonable rates at the ground.

Managing Committee—Lieut. J. B. Doucet, Jas. Smith, Toussant Groulx and Israel Moreau.

X. GROULX, Secretary. D. ROY, Captain.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Ottawa, June 16. 769d

IF YOU

WANT ANY

BOOTS OR SHOES,

CALL AT

Angus & Huckell's

—GREAT—

Boot & Shoe

EMPORIUM,

15,

SUSSEX - STREET,

Whyte's Brick Block.

Ottawa, June 18.

TO LET.

A FURNISHED HOUSE, containing seven rooms, in Stewart-street, Sandy Hill, for three months. Apply at the Bank of Montreal.

Ottawa, June 19, 1868. 773-3

TORONTO HOUSE, Sparks-st.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has at present several commodious and handsomely furnished suites of apartments, in every respect eligible for civil or military officers, or private gentlemen remaining in the city.

Ottawa, June 20, 1868. 773tf

GREAT S

OF

Remova

ALL THE GOODS
Wholesale Department
re-marked at clearing pri

SEVERAL CHOIC
Will be offered TO-DA

ONE LOT OF 20
LINETTES,
This season's importa
be sold for 25 cents.

ANOTHER LOT,
Will be marked 16 c
worth 30 cents.

500 YARDS
STON GIN
That cost the importer
the counter at 12½ cents.

ANOTHER choic
CHALLIE and AL
At 11 cents and 12½ c
money.

ONE CASE OF F
Fast colours and choic
16 and 17 cents per yard
mere, only they arrived

A JOB LOT of W
PIQUES and MA
At very low prices.

50 PIECES
PRINTS and
From 15 to 21 cents

ANOTHER BA
INGS,
At the reduced rat
o-day.

80 DOZEN M
CAMBRIC H
At the same prices
ast two weeks.

10 PIECES
FRENCH D
With coloured spot
cents per yard, usual

SEVERAL HU
WHITE and CO
Brought out from t
day, and marked ver

NOTWITHST
The great rush w
well assorted, and m
ther reduced in price

Magee

Ottawa, June 17,

GREAT SUCCESS

OF THE

Removal Sale.

ALL THE GOODS FROM THE Wholesale Department brought forward, and re-marked at clearing prices.

SEVERAL CHOICE BARGAIN LOTS, Will be offered TO-DAY.

ONE LOT OF 20 PIECE MARL POPLINETTES, This season's importation, worth 40 cents, will be sold for 25 cents.

ANOTHER LOT, SIMILAR STYLES, Will be marked 16 cents. These are all well worth 30 cents.

500 YARDS STRIPED EARLSTON GINGHAMS, That cost the importer 22 cents, will be laid on the counter at 12½ cents.

ANOTHER choice lot of Double Width CHALLIE and ALPACCA DRESS GOODS, At 11 cents and 12½ cents, well worth double the money.

ONE CASE OF PRINTED MUSLINS, Fast colours and choice patterns, at 10, 12, 12½, 16 and 17 cents per yard, are value for 50 per cent more, only they arrived too late in the season.

ANOTHER LOT, SIMILAR STYLES, Will be marked 16 cents. These are all well worth 30 cents.

A JOB LOT of WHITE BRILLIANTS PIQUES and MARSEILLES, At very low prices.

50 PIECES WHITE GROUND PRINTS and PRINTED BRILLIANTS, From 15 to 21 cents per yard.

ANOTHER BALE WHITE SHIRTINGS, At the reduced rates, will be brought forward to-day.

80 DOZEN MORE of THOSE CLEAR CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS, At the same prices as gave such satisfaction the last two weeks.

10 PIECES WHITE GROUND FRENCH DELAINES, With coloured spots for Children's Dresses, at 25 cents per yard, usual price, 40 cents.

SEVERAL HUNDRED DOZEN OF WHITE and COLOURED COTTON HOSE, Brought out from the Wholesale Department, today, and marked very cheap.

NOTWITHSTANDING The great rush we have had the stock is still well assorted, and many goods have been still further reduced in prices.

Magee & Russell.

Ottawa, June 17, 1868. 767y

Pickles, Sauces, &c.,

JUST RECEIVED DIRECT FROM

CROSSE & BLACKWELL, London,

Ex ship "Ardmillan," the following:

125 DOZ. MIXED PICKLES,
35 DOZ. Gerkins,
35 DOZ. Onions,
35 DOZ. Chow Chow,
30 DOZ. Piccolill,
25 DOZ. Walnuts,
20 DOZ. Cauliflower,
15 DOZ. Imperial Hot,
15 DOZ. West India,
15 DOZ. Capt. White's Oriental

Reading Sauce,
King of Oude Sauce,
Harvey do.
John Bull do.
Kalos Ceusia do.
Soyer's do.
Worcestershire do.
India Soy.
Essence of Anchovies,
Essence of Shrimps,
Mushroom Ketchup,
Walnut Ketchup,
French Capers,
Chili Vinegar,
Tarragon Vinegar,
Raspberry Vinegar,
Olives,
Bottled Fruits, an assortment,
Raspberry Jam,
Strawberry do.
Damson do.
Gooseberry do.
Red Currant do.
Black do. do.
Red do. Jelly.
Black do. do.
Crystallized Fruits,
Fruits in Noyeau,
Preserved Ginger in Jars and 1 lb. Pots,
Currie Powder,
Anchovy Paste,
Potted Ham, Beef and Tongue,
Potted Yarmouth Bloaters,
Strasbourg Potted Meats,
Soup and Bouille,
Mock Turtle Soup,
Mulligatawny Soup,
Hare Soup,
Jugged Hare,
Pheasants in Gravy,
Grouse in Gravy,
Partridge in Gravy,
Paté de Foie Gras,
Paté D'Alonettes,
Paté de Cailles.

ALSO,

A large lot of Keen's Celebrated Mustard in half lb. and 1 lb. tins.

BATE & Co.,

52, SPARKS-ST.

June 8, 1868. 762d

ARNOLDI'S WINE AND SPIRIT VAULTS,

11 *Metcalfe-st., Telegraph Co's Building,*
OTTAWA,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL, FOR CASH ONLY

Dekuyper's Red Cases, Gin, 15 bottles		$9 00
" Green, " " per doz		4 80
Booth's London Gin		7 20
Berward's and Thompson's Gin "		6 00
Green Seal Champagne "		12 00

AND UPWARDS.

PORT WINES—Graham's, Sandeman's, &c.

	Per Gall.	Per Doz
No. 1 Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2 "	3 00	8 75
" 3 Old	3 50	10 00
" 4 Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine old	5 75	15 50

SHERRIES—Lomeeq's, Pemartin's, &c.:

No. 1 Superior Light table Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2 Extra do.	3 00	8 75
" 3 Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4 Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine	5 50	15 00

Single sample bottles at above rates.

Also, of Standard Brands, in wood or bottle, old and new, Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch and Canadian Whiskies.

Canadian Ale, in wood or bottle.

Guinness' Porter, pints and quarts. Hibbert's Porter, pints and quarts. Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, pints and quarts.

Clarets, Hocks, Sauternes, Curacao, Maraschino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., &c.

Purityi n all cases guaranteed, and goods marked at the lowest quotations.

Orders by mail with cash, promptly attended to Goods delivered to any part of the city free o charge. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invi'.d.

NOTICE.

The subscriber would intimate to those of his customers with whom current accounts may have been opened that it is his intention to take advantage of any irregularity in their payment to close them in order that he may conduct his business totally on the *cash principle*, which has been found to work much more satisfactorily for both the buyer and seller in every branch of trade in which it has been tried, and relying on quality of his goods and the prices charged for them (which will always be as low as they can honestly be sold for) he solicits a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

K. ARNOLDI,

Dealer in the better qualities of Wines, Spirits, &c., Metcalfe-street, Telegraph Co's Building, Ottawa.

Price lists on application or sent to any address.

April 21, 1868. 535y

MOWING & REAPING MACHINES.

We have for sale, and are manufacturing, the lightest and most durable MOWING & COMBINED MOWING & REAPING MACHINE in use (no wood work), wrought iron frame, with wrought iron steel-plated guards. Price of Mower, $60; Combined, $85.

—ALSO,—

8 Horse-power Threshing Machines
20 Sets Threshers and Separators
10 Sets Double-Pinion Powers to match
10 Sets Treble Geared Iron Powers, known as the Watch Power.

Purchasers can have their choice of the Powers.

These Machines are made in the most substantial manner and warranted. Price, complete, including Belts, Wrenches, &c., $230.

ALSO,

Two Horse Railroad Powers; 50 Sets of our new Double-Pinion Railroad Power Threshing Machines, complete. For ease upon the team, amount of work, and manner in which it is done, they have no equal.

ALSO,

Fifty Sets of our Common two-horse Machines, with improvements, which are so well known as to need no comment. Every Machine is warranted as recommended. All of which will be sold at very low prices on reasonable terms. Large discount for cash down.

E. & B. P. PAIGE,
Nos. 84, 86, 88 and 90 Wellington-street, al
June 17. 770-1-25-8 Montre

Auction Sales

BY J. BERMINGHAM.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET.

A large and well FURNISHED HOUSE, or four Bedrooms, Sitting Room and Drawing Room of same, in a healthy and respectable locality, within three minutes walk of the Government Buildings. For particulars apply to J. BERMINGHAM, House and Land Agent, Dominion Auction Mart, Sussex-st.

Ottawa, June 4, 1868. 759tf

FOR SALE!

THAT Splendid First-Class

HOTEL,

IN THE

CAPITAL OF THE DOMINION!

KNOWN AS THE

REVERE HOUSE.

And at present leased at a rental of $2,000. It is one of the best buildings in the city. Its length is one hundred and six (106) feet by forty (40) feet wide, built of stone, with cut stone front and tin roof. The house contains fifty bedrooms, five parlors and dining room, with bar, kitchen and laundry attached. There is a new Brick Stable, sixty-six (66) by thirty (30) feet, capable of stabling forty Horses, a large yard and outbuildings; also a vacant lot, which the purchaser can have if required to enlarge. The premises are in excellent order, being only five years built. Very lately a sum of $2,000 was expended improving the building. For a first-class hotel, or Military Quarters, it cannot be equalled in the city.

TERMS EASY, and made known free of charge, by letter or otherwise, on application to

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer,
Commission and Real Estate Agent.

Ottawa, June 3, 1868. 758d

Dominion Auction Mart,

AND

Commission Sale Rooms

House, Land & General Agency,
OFFICE & SALE ROOMS,
INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-STREET,
OTTAWA.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq. M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Reilly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
753y House, Land and General Agent.

Storekeepers, Farmers and Others,

SHOULD BUY THEIR TEAS FROM

The Importers Direct.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY, 6, Hospital-street, Montreal, have sent over one thousand packages to different parts of the country, and receive every day assurances that the Tea gives entire satisfaction. Subjoined are a few of the numerous testimonials already received:

RUSSELL HOUSE, Quebec, Jan. 7, 1867.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the six chests of Tea forwarded some time since arrived in good order. The quality is pure and excellent, and prices cheap. As I am particular in buying the best quality of Tea to be had for our guests, I am pleased to acquaint you that it gives general satisfaction. Your obedient servant,

WILLIS RUSSELL.

FELCOMB, Dec. 23, 1867.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the Oolong Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto, who informs me he considers it as good as that he was using for which he paid one dollar per lb. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz., at 75 cents per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant,

JNO. T. DAY.

HOUSE OF SENATE, Ottawa, December 16, 1867. Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the Box of English Breakfast and Young Hyson Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. You may expect my future orders. Yours, &c.,

S. SKINNER.

CONCORD, January 8, 1868.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, I beg to inform you that the two boxes of Tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box, or 20 lbs., at same price, and oblige yours, &c.,

F. OLIVER.

The contributors to the *Medical Journal* have frequently declared that one-half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have carefully selected and imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure and free from poisonous substances, in 50, 25, 20, 15 and 12 lb. boxes.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c 50c.; Fine Flavoured New Season, do; 55c 60c and 65c; Excellent Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c; Very Fine, 60c; Fir est, 65c, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay common, 38c; Fine do, 55c; Young Hyson, 50c, 60c, 65c and 70c; Fine do, 75c; Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1.00; Fine Gunpowder, 55c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

All orders for 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular sent equally cheap. The Company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much, two or three clubbing together could divide. An excellent mixed Tea could be sent for 60c to 70c; very good for common purpose, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order or enclosed notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man where there are express offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
6, Hospital-street, Montreal.

All boxes sent from this establishment have the Company's name printed on them.

Montreal, March 4, 1868. w10fy

FURNISHED Apartments Wanted.

Wanted, by a brother and two sisters, THREE FURNISHED ROOMS, with use of Kitchen, or part of a Furnished House, on, or in the vicinity of, the Richmond Road, Ashburnham Hill, or Albert-street. A liberal compensation will be allowed for use of above till 1st May next. Address—A. B., this office.

Ottawa, June 20, 1868. 772-3

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

Just Received Per Express.

A CHOICE Selection CANADA WATCH COMPANY'S WATCHES,

At Young & Radford's.

AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY'S WATCHES,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE GOLD JEWELLERY,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE GOLD and CORAL JEWELLERY,

At Young & Radford's.

FINE HUNTING ANCHOR WATCHES, in fine Silver Cases, as low as $12.00,

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

FINE Eighteen CARAT GOLD WATCHES as low as $18.00,

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S.

ROGER'S BEST CUTLERY R. and the ENGLISH ELECTRO-PLATED WARE, can be had

AT YOUNG & RADFORD'S

30 Sparks-st. Ottawa.

FOR SALE

AT THE

MONTREAL WAREHOUSE

800 BUTTER TUBS, (in good order.

J. MARTIN & CO.

10,000 LBS. MAPLE SUGAR.

J. MARTIN & CO.

50 CASES ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

J. MARTIN & CO.

HERRINGS, PORK, FLOUR, BUTTER, CHEESE.

657y J. MARTIN & CO.

Coffee! Coffee!

TO those who enjoy a Cup of

REALLY FINE COFFEE

—TRY—

BUCHANAN'S

Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha, JAVA & JAMAICA, Roasted and Ground

Daily on the premises, by steam power.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

May 11, 1868. 739tf

In Chancery.

DAVIS vs EMSLIE.

In pursuance of the Decree in this cause dated the 8th JANUARY, 1867, and the final order for sale herein dated the 30th MAY last, there will be sold with the approbation of the Master of this Court, at OTTAWA, by PUBLIC AUCTION, by HECTOR McLEAN, at his Auction Rooms, Sparks-street, in the City of Ottawa, at twelve o'clock, noon, on WEDNESDAY, the 15th JULY NEXT, the following Real Estate, viz:

All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate lying and being in the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, containing by admeasurement one hundred acres, be the same more or less, being composed of the North Half of Lot Number Sixteen, in the Fifth Concession of the said Township of Nepean, Rideau Front.

The said land is well adapted for farming purposes, and lies on the east side of the main road from Ottawa to Richmond; about sixty acres of it are cleared and under cultivation, and it is situated amongst the best lands in the County of Carleton. It is fifteen miles from Ottawa, and five miles from Richmond and the River Goodwood, a constantly flowing stream passes through the centre of it.

One-tenth of the purchase money is to be paid down by the purchaser to the Vendor or his Solicitors at the time of sale by way of deposit, and the balance on or before the 1st AUGUST next: upon payment of which he will be entitled to a conveyance, and let into possession.

In other respects the conditions of sale are the standing conditions of the Court of Chancery. The deed from the late Alexander Emslie to the Plaintiff will be produced at the time of sale.

All parties to the suit, with the exception of the Vendor, are to be at liberty to bid.

Further particulars, and conditions of sale, may be had of the Offices of the said Master and MESSRS. LEWIS, PINHEY AND WARD, Ottawa, and M. R. VANKOUGHNET, ESQ., and MESSRS. O'DONOHOE & WARMOLL, Toronto.

Dated this 13th day of June, 1868:

(Signed), JOHN WILSON,
Master at Ottawa.

LEWIS, PINHEY & WARD,
Vendor's Solicitors. 768d

A RARE CHANCE.

The undersigned having received direct from the manufacturers in Europe, a large consignment of

Dry Goods

with instructions to dispose of them at

LOW RATES!

Is now offering them to the public, and at an almost nominal advance on the makers' cost price. The stock consists of

1,000 yards of Carpets, of various kinds,
40 Handsome Hearth Rugs,
50 Summer Counterpanes,
24 White Marsala Quilts,
A large quantity of Toilet Covers,
Some Wool Table Covers,
And a large variety of other Goods.

The stock may be seen at the store of MESSRS. ANSELL & MICHAEL'S, Scott's Corner, Elgin and Sparks-street, opposite the Russell Hotel. Parties requiring articles of the above mentioned kind will find it to their advantage to call and inspect the goods at once, as the whole must be disposed of within a few days.

ANSELL & MICHAEL.

Ottawa, June 9, 1868. 763-3m

FAMILY MOURNING.

Every article connected with LADIES' and CHILDREN'S MOURNING, supplied by

GRANT & HENDERSON,

BLACK SILKS,	BLACK CRAPES,
BLACK PARAMATTAS,	BLACK REPPS,
BLACK COBURGS,	BLACK LLAMAS,
BLACK GRENADINES,	BLACK LUSTRES,
MOURNING MANTLES,	AND MILLINERY.

Grant and Henderson.

20 Rideau-street.

Ottawa, June 18. 522y

RETIRING FROM BUSINESS

Great Cheap Sale of Dry Goods!

As GEO. FEATHERSTON & CO.,

Intend winding up their business in AUGUST NEXT. They will from this date offer their large stock of

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,

At greatly reduced prices for cash as the whole must be disposed of by the 24th day of AUGUST. The following list of prices will satisfy all that this is a chance rarely to be met with, and will be for the benefit of every one to take advantage of.

Full width Prints from	4½d per yard.	Grey Cottons	from 4½d per yard.
Printed Muslins "	6d "	Silk Parasols	" 2s 6d each.
" Delaines "	4½ "	Hoop Skirts	" 10½d "
6-4 Alapacca Lustres "	7½ "	Canadian Full Cloth	" 2s 11d per yard.
Cobourgs "	9 "		

A large lot of Women's White Cotton Hose, from 4½d per pair. A lot of Summer Shawls from 11s 3d to 27s 6d, usual price from 17s 6d to 40s. A lot of cloths for Boy's Summer Wear, very cheap, and all other goods proportionately low.

Shop to Rent from 1st Sept. Next.

GEO. FEATHERSTON & CO.,

34 Sparks-street, Centre Town.

Ottawa, June 15, 1868. 768-2m

Great Clearing Sale of Dry Goods.

Cunningham & Lindsay

No. 14, RIDEAU-STREET,

WILL COMMENCE

ON MONDAY, the 15th INSTANT,

TO SELL THE BALANCE OF THEIR SUMMER STOCK OF

Millinery, Mantles, Shawls, Dress Goods, Prints, Muslins, &c.,

At Prices which must effect a Speedy Sale.

☞ *For Particulars See Circulars.*

Ottawa, June 12, 1868. 510y

BLYTH & KERR,

Successors to Chas. Garth,

No. 25, RIDEAU-STREET,

PLUMBERS, GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,
TIN & COPPERSMITHS, BELL HANGERS, &c.

All materials for the above branches kept constantly on hand.

Also, Importers and Dealers in House Furnishing Hardware.

Just received a well selected assortment of Fishing Tackle, Baskets, Bait, Reels, Lines, Flys, Rods, &c. Manufacturers of all descriptions of work for Water and Gas Works, Brewer's Distilleries, Mills, &c. Makes and fits up Galvanized Iron Cornices, Gutters, Conductors, Roofing, &c.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water or Warm Air, on the most approved principles.

Orders from the country will receive strict attention. 740y

Ladies Keep Cool!

BLACK AND WHITE LACE SHAWLS,
GRENADINE SHAWLS,
BAREGE SHAWLS,
BAREGE JACKETS
BAREGE & GRENADINE PROMENADE COSTUMES,
GRENADINES,
FRENCH & ENGLISH MUSLINS.

GENTLEMEN KEEP COOL!

BLACK ALPACCA COATS,
BUFF ALPACCA COATS,
LINEN COATS,
MARSEILLES VESTS

All in great variety, cheap, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S,

Wholesale and Retail.

Importers, 20 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 29, 1868. 484y

PIANOS. PIANOS.

JUST RECEIVED AT THE

London Music Store!

☞ Her Majesty's Theatre, ☜

Wellington Street,

A new and splendid assortment of

PIANOFORTES

☞ UNION MAKE, ☜

Every PIANO from this establishment warranted for 5 years.

Also just received a new stock of

VICTORIA ORGANS and MELODEONS

VIOLINE, CONCERTINAS, GUITARS, &c., in great variety.

Second hand Pianos taken in part payment for new ones.

Connected with this establishment is a Piano Manufacturer, who will attend punctually to all orders for TUNING left at the London Music Store.

E. MILES,
Lessee of Her Majesty's Theatre.

Ottawa, March 25, 1868. 551-39y

"La Malediction."

GRAND

Theatrical Exhibition

BY THE

Students of Ottawa University,

ON BEHALF OF

THE CANADIAN ZOUAVES,

ON THE

TWENTY-THIRD OF JUNE.

TICKETS, - - - - 25 Cts.

Doors open at 8 o'clock p. m.

Ottawa, June 13, 1868. 767d

AUCTION SALE

OF

REAL ESTATE

H. McLEAN,

(Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent),

Has been directed by

J. B. LEWIS, ESQ.,

To offer for Sale

BY PUBLIC AUCTION,

At his Rooms, 18 Sparks-st.,

On Monday, the 22nd Inst.,

AT TEN o'clock, A. M.,

LOTS NOS. 26, 27 AND 28,

On the North side of Rideau-st., each 66 x 200 feet, subject to an Ordnance Rent of $4.40 per annum. These Lots are situated on the brow of the hill, one of the prettiest localities in the city. Also, Lots Nos. 1 and 2, on the East side of Chapel-st. and Lots Nos. 12 and 13, on the South side of Cathcart-st., each 66 x 200 feet.

TERMS—One-fourth Cash, and the balance in three equal annual instalments, with interest at 7 per cent. per annum.

☞ Sale positive.

Intending purchasers will please examine these Lots.

Ottawa, June 17, 1868. 770d

ST. LOUIS HOTEL,
ST. LOUIS-STREET,
AND
RUSSELL'S HOTEL,
PALACE-ST.,
QUEBEC.

The above first-class Hotels are now open for the season.

Canadian Families

Visiting the Lower St. Lawrence for summer recreation, can either going or coming, be accommodated by the week or month, at rates similar to those charged at the watering places below. Apply by letter, or at the office.

770d WILLIS RUSSELL.

TO BE GIVEN AWAY!

THE

Greatest Curiosity

OF THE DAY.

WILL BE PUBLISHED

On Thursday next, THE WONDERFUL ALMANAC for 306 years, a copy of which will be presented, FREE OF CHARGE, to every Lady and Gentleman applying at

The Ottawa Citizen,
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

SANSUM'S INTEREST & EXCHANGE TABLES.

A supply of this useful work just received and for sale at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen.
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

COPY BOOKS,

(Plain and with Head Line), EXERCISE BOOKS. A supply just received and for sale at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

PLAIN & FANCY STATIONERY,

All marked in plain figures, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

COUNTING HOUSE and SCHOOL REQUISITES,

At the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

MUSIC, MAGAZINES OR PRINTED BOOKS,

Bound in any style required, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

ENGINEERS' and ARTISTS' MATERIALS,

At the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

ACCOUNT BOOKS,

Memorandum Books, Pocket Books, Indexes, &c., at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

WRAPPING PAPERS,

MANILLA, TEA and STRAW, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen,
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

STEEL PENS and PEN HANDLES,

Gillott's, Mitchell's and other makers, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

WRITING INKS,

Stephen's, Todd's Perth Office, &c., at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

LEAD PENCILS,

Faber's, Rowney's and others, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

BLANK BOOKS,

Manufactured to order, in any style of ruling and binding, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

BOOK and JOB PRINTING,

At the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS, authorised by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario. The prices are:

FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.

FIRST BOOK, part second, 54 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.

SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.

THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Thirty cents.

FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.

FIFTH BOOK, 50 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

A supply just received and for sale at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

☞ A liberal allowance to Teachers and Dealers.

TO BE GIVEN AWAY!

THE

Greatest Curiosity

OF THE DAY.

WILL BE PUBLISHED

On Thursday next, THE WONDERFUL ALMANAC for 306 years, a copy of which will be presented, FREE OF CHARGE, to every Lady and Gentleman applying at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

Ottawa, June 8, 1868 751y

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, June 20, 1868.

There is no change for the better in the markets nor any expectation of improvement until the new crops shall be brought in. The market prices for butchers' meat are for beef 11 to 17 cents. Mutton 10 to 12½ cents. Veal 9 to 12½ cents.

FLOUR—Extra	8 00	@	8 25
No. 1	7 00	@	7 25
No. 2	5 50	@	6 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	4 00	@	4 25
" Spring "	3 50	@	3 62½
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	6 00	@	6 25
Indian Meal "	4 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 70	@	0 75
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 75	@	0 80
Buckwheat Flour—bbl.	4 50	@	5 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 75	@	1 80
Spring " "	1 45	@	1 50
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 90	@	0 95
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 75	@	0 80
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 50	@	0 55
Beans " 60 lbs.	2 00	@	2 25
PORK—Mess—per barrel	23 00	@	0 00
Prime Mess per do.	16 50	@	0 00
Hog per 100 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Hams	0 13	@	0 15
Beef	0 00	@	0 00
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 00	@	0 0
Lamb—per qr.	0 00	@	0 0
Geese—Each		None	
Ducks	0 50	@	0 00
Turkeys—Each	0 80	@	1 00
Fowl—Per pair	0 45	@	0 55
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 15	@	0 17
No. 1 Firkin	0 13	@	0 14
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 13	@	0 15
Apples—per brl.	4 50	@	5 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 45	@	0 50
HAY—Per ton	12 00	@	14 00
WOOD—Per cord	0 00	@	3 5
Tamarac	0 00	@	2 00
Hemlock	0 00	@	2 00

Richmond Circuit Board

OF

PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

FOR THE

County of Carleton.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

That the above Board will meet

IN THE TOWN HALL

IN RICHMOND,

On Wednesday, the 8th day of July next

AND ALSO ON

WEDNESDAY,

The 9th day of December next,

At 12 o'clock, noon, for general business. Applicants for certificates of qualification are required to furnish the Board with certificates of moral character from either Local Superintendent or from a Clergyman of the denomination to which they respectively belong.

C. B. PETITT, M.A., Chairman.

J. HINTON, Secretary.

Richmond, May 21, 1868.

STOP and SEE!

THE following remarks on Testimonials of most extraordinary cures in Canada by the great Indian Remedy. They are stern undeniable and incontestible facts, sufficient to the most skeptical that the great medicinal compound yearned after for ages is now accessible in the

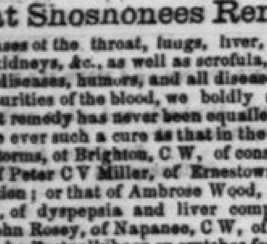
Great Shosnonees Remedy.

For diseases of the throat, lungs, liver, digestive organs, kidneys, &c., as well as scrofula, the various skin diseases, humors, and all diseases arising from impurities of the blood, we boldly state that this great remedy has never been equalled. Where was there ever such a cure as that in the person of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, C W, of consumption; or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernestown, C W, of consumption; or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, C W, of dyspepsia and liver complaint; or that of John Rosey, of Napanee, C W, of rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, in spite of all treatment heretofore, and is now well? Scores of such cases might be mentioned had we space.

Call at the drug store and get a circular of unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees remedy and pills and satisfy yourselves.

Price of the Remedy in large pints $1.

For sale by all druggists and dealers in medicine. Agents for Ottawa—All the Druggists; Henry Simpson & Co., Montreal; Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle. 5wy



Another Wonderful Cure of Consumption in Canada.

MESSRS. YOUNG & CHAMBERLAIN,—Sirs, I feel it a duty I owe to you, as well as to the public, to inform you of the most wonderful cure of Consumption, accomplished in my person, by the use of the Great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills. I coughed a great deal day and night, expectorating large quantities of matter, and had a great pain about my left lung. I had cold chills every day, and severe night sweats every night, and between the racking cough and great sweating I was almost deprived of sleep; by these miseries, as well as the loss of appetite, I was so reduced that I could hardly stand alone. I was under the care of a physician for a length of time, but finding no relief, I tried different receipes, but all without any good effect. Squire Peterson of Bath, recommended me to use the Great Shoshonees Remedy; I procured three bottles at once, with the Pills; so soon as I commenced using it I began to get better, and when I had finished this complement, the Cough, expectoration of matter, pain about the lung, chills, sweating, &c., left me, and by continuing its use I became strong and healthy. It is now over two months since I quit the remedy, and there have been no symptoms of the disease returning, and I have been, and am now, healthier and better than I have been for many years. I trust you will make this known to the public, that they may be aware of the peculiar virtues of this truly wonderful Indian Remedy.

PATER C. V. MILLAR, Ernestown, Co. of Lennox & Addington, C. W.

To all to whom it may come.—This is to certify that I have been acquainted with the above mentioned gentleman, Peter C. V. Millar, Esq., for many years, and have known him always to be of the very highest respectability, and a very candid and creditable person; and I am confident that I can safely vouch for the truth of the above, or any other statement made by him.

Rev. W. F. S. HARPER, Rector of Bath, W

5wy

NEW STORE!

THE Store formerly occupied by W. D. WOOD, No. 38, on RIDEAU STREET, has been refitted by the subscribers, and will be opened on MONDAY, FOURTEENTH OCTOBER, with an entire new stock of

GROCERIES, LIQUORS AND HARDWARE.

WOOD & ROSSITER.

Ottawa, October 12, 1867 15

FOR SALE.

LA BLACKSMITH'S SHOP AND TOOLS, together with TWO TOWN LOTS in the Village of Long Island Locks. Possession given on the 1st of August. For further particulars apply to DAVID HALL, on the premises, or by letter, postpaid.

June 4, 1868. 759-1-23-2m

PAIN KILLER.

The Great Family Medicine of the Age.

THE UNIVERSAL REMEDY for INTERNAL & EXTERNAL COMPLAINTS!

OUR FIRST PHYSICIANS USE AND RECOMMEND ITS USE!

It Enjoys the Largest Sale of Any Proprietary Medicine in the World!

THE PAIN KILLER

HAS been favorably known for more than thirty years, during which time we HAVE RECEIVED THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS, showing this Medicine to be an almost NEVER FAILING REMEDY for diseases caused by or attendant upon—Sudden Colds, Coughs, Fever and Ague, Headache, Billious Fever, Pains in the Side, Back and Loins, as well as in the Joints and Limbs; Neuralgic and Rheumatic Pains in any part of the system, Toothache and Pains in the Head and Face.

As a BLOOD PURIFIER and TONIC for the STOMACH, it seldom fails to cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Heartburn, Kidney Complaints, Sick Headache, Piles Asthma or Phthisic, Ringworms, Boils, Felons, Whitlows, Old Sores, Swelled Joints, and General Debility of the System.

It is also a PROMPT and SURE REMEDY for Crampand Pains in the Stomach, Painters' Colic, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Scalds, Burns, Sprains, Bruises, Frost Bites, Chilblains, as well as the Stings of Insects, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

Directions accompany each bottle.

It has been tested in every variety of climate, and by almost *every nation known* to civilization. It is the almost constant companion and inestimable friend of the *Missionary*, and to *traveller* should be without it. Like every other good thing, the Pain Killer has been extensively counterfeited; which, (while it is an acknowledgment on the part of the counterfeiters of its real worth,) is a serious hinderance to its usefulness, as the deceived purchaser estimates the value of the *Pain Killer* by the base compound he has purchased for the genuine article.

Purchasers should be careful and not allow the dealer to sell them worthless imitations, on which they realize a larger profit, but take only the *Pain Killer*, and see that it is the genuine, bearing the signature of Perry Davis & Son upon the label.

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by Druggists and Medicine Dealers, and Commission Merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers, and at Variety Shops generally throughout the world.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Manfs. and Props.,
74, High-st., Providence, R.I.,
380, St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. Q.,
17, Southampton Row, Holborn, London, E

40-1aw26wy

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864.

IN THE MATTER OF

WILLIAM N. BARRIE

AND

JOHN McMARTIN,

INSOLVENTS.

The Creditors of the above-named Insolvents are hereby notified to meet me at the OFFICE of Messrs. MORLAND, WATSON & CO., in the City of Montreal, on

Friday, the 26th day of June Next,

At the hour of ELEVEN o'clock in the Forenoon, for the ordering of the affairs of the Estate generally.

Dated at L'Orignal, this 8th day of June, A. D., 1868.

EDWD. F. DARTNELL, Assignee.

772td

SALE OF DEBTS.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864,

AND AMENDMENTS THEREOF.

In the matter of WILLIAM N. BARRIE, and JOHN McMARTIN trading under the name, style and title of WILLIAM BARRIE & CO., Insolvents.

PURSUANT

To an order made by JAMES DANIEL, Esquire, Judge of the County Court of the United Counties of Prescott and Russell, made on the Eighteenth day of MAY instant, I will offer for sale by Public Auction, on SATURDAY, the twenty-first day of JUNE next, at the office of Edward Taylor Dartnell, Esquire, at the Court House, in the Town of L'Orignal, the several debts due by Note, Book Account, or otherwise, due to the estate of the said Insolvents.

All debts exceeding $100 in amount will be sold separately. A list of the debts will be open to inspection at the office of the said Edward Taylor Dartnell, and free access given to all documents explanatory of such debts.

Dated at L'Orignal, May 20th, 1868.

EDWD. FREWEN DARTNELL, Assignee.

570-1awtd

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864,

AND AMENDMENTS THEREOF.

In the matter of WILLIAM N. BARRIE and JOHN McMARTIN, Insolvents.

BY virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvents, and also under and by virtue of an order made by James Daniell, Esquire, Judge of the County Court of the United Counties of Prescott and Russell in that behalf, I will on FRIDAY, the twenty-sixth day of June next, offer or sale by Public Auction, at the hour of ten o'clock, in the forenoon of the said day, at the office of Messrs. Morland, Watson and Company, in the City of Montreal, all the real estate and interest of the said Insolvent John McMartin, of and in the lands and premises in the Township of North Plantagenet, and County of Prescott, and Province of Ontario, hereinafter particularly mentioned and described. That is to say:

1st. All the real estate, interest and equity of redemption of the said John McMartin of what nature or kind soever, whether as devisee under the will of Alexander McMartin, deceased, or otherwise, of and in lot number nine, (9) in the fourth (4th) concession, old survey of the said Township of Plantagenet, East of the South Nation River.

2nd. All the real estate, interest and equity of redemption of the said John McMartin, of what nature and kind soever, whether as devisee under the will of the said Alexander McMartin, deceased, or otherwise, of and in Lot Number Ten (10), in the Fourth (4th) Concession, old survey of the said Township East of the South Nation River.

The said two lots are supposed to contain together 399 acres more or less.

3rd. All the real estate and interest and equity of redemption of the said John McMartin, of what nature and kind sover, either in his own right, or as devisee under the will of the said Alexander McMartin, deceased, or otherwise, howsoever, or and in part of Lot Eleven, (11) in the said Fourth (4th) Concession, old survey of the said Township of North Plantagenet, known as McMartin's Saw Mills, with the privileges and appurtenances to the same belonging. Also of and in the premises known as the old Store, the large Store House, the large stable and premises connected therewith, also of and in the Dwelling House now occupied by the said John McMartin, and the outbuildings therewith connected, and lying and being in the Village of Plantagenet Mills aforesaid.

The said several premises will be sold subject to the several mortgages charged upon same, and the said mill and mill premises and other the premises last mentioned with their appurtenances, will be sold subject to the interest of the said Insolvents as copartners or of either of them therein, under the partnership articles the lease therein mentioned or otherwise howsoever at the time of their insolvency for the residue of the unexpired term of fifteen years from the 1st day of December, 1865, and to the mortgages thereon.

There is a rent of one dollar annually, payable during said term to the said John McMartin as devisee thereof, under the will of the said Alexander McMartin.

Terms—Cash.

For further particulars apply to Edward Taylor Dartnell, Esquire, L'Orignal, Solicitor for the Assignee, or to the Assignee.

Dated at L'Orignal, this 23rd day of April A.D., 1868.

EDWD. FREWEN DARTNELL, Assignee

726-1aw2m

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, May 8, 1868.

AUTHORIZED Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 28 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

SITUATION WANTED.

A Lady, who has good references, would desir a situation as HOUSEKEEPER to a Catholi Clergyman or private gentleman. Please appl at the TIMES office.

Ottawa, June 13, 1868 767a

FOR SALE.

A SELF-ACTING SODA WATER APPARATUS, with cylinders complete, cheap for cash. Apply to WILLIAM PRODERICK ussex-street, Ottawa. 687tf

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned will either sell or let for a few years his well known farm, being lot Twenty-five in the Fourth Concession of Gloucester, Rideau Front, 215 acres all cleared, and well fenced and in a good state of cultivation. Also, the one-half of lot Twenty-seven in the Third Concession, being in its natural state, all wood and excellent land. It is just the cross of two hundred acres from the corner of the one lot to the other. The railroad line runs within ten feet of the front corner of the one hundred and in sight of the two hundred for two or three miles. The Station at Cunningham's is scarcely a mile and a half from the front of Lot Twenty-five. The above farm is capable of keeping thirty head of milch cows, two span of horses, and as many young cattle as it would be proper to raise. Eight or nine years ago I kept twenty-two milch cows, and ten or twelve horses, and raised five or six calves every year. The above farm is about ten miles, from the door, to the limits of the City. The improvements cannot be surpassed for a farmer's purpose. The dwelling-house is stone, 30 by 40, a story and a half over ground; and a cellar nine feet high, the one half used for a kitchen and the other half capable of holding 1,000 bushels of anything you wish to put into it; there is three small windows in it, and when cleaned in the Spring, makes an excellent milk-house or dairy; there is a frame wood shed at the door, 60 by 24, with 14 feet taken off the one end for a coachhouse, and overhead for a storehouse; next to that is a stable 36 by 26, finished inside, complete with four large double stalls and two single ones, and good room for hanging up harness, and eat box; convenient to that is a barn 40 by 50, in which I have often put 1,000 bushels of grain in one year; connected with that is 200 and 20 feet of frame sheds, all 20 and 24 deep, under pinned with stone and lime from two to seven feet, according to level; on the north side of the house is another barn, 30 by 40, commonly filled with peas and oats. And if either tennant or purchaser has a desire for religious purposes you can lie in your bed and look at the bell tolling on the Catholic Church every Holy Day, and go to the front door and you will see the Presbyterian Church, where the Rev. Mr. Lochead has preached for the last twenty-two years, and go to the back door and you will see both English Church and Methodist Church within two miles. The above farm would be a desirable situation for a young man wishing to give his attention to farming, as the Ottawa Market cannot be surpassed in the Dominion. I think that I can say that I have not sold one pound of butter under one shilling this eight years: if one went under two went over. Some reader may ask what am I selling for, it is neither for scant nor for want of anything, but I am in the seventieth year of my age, and has purchased off this lot seven hundred and fifty acres of land and all is paid for, and all my sons is settled on their own farms, so I would rather sit down and take my ease as be attending to marketing and farming any longer. Persons wishing to get any information on any point from me, can do so by addressing, post-paid, JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr., South Gloucester.

JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr.

February 6, 1868. 709-6w12

NOTICE.

BOATS FOR PIC-NICS.—In order to prevent disappointment, and ensure punctuality, parties requiring Boats for Pic-Nics between Ottawa and Hull, off the line of the regular ferry, to Bellevue Gardens or elsewhere, should apply to the undersigned direct, a couple of days in advance, instead of making arrangements with the proprietors of Gardens or other places of amusement. Parties infringing on the rights and privileges of the Ferry License will be prosecuted to the utmost rigour of the law.

JOSEPH SMITH.

Ottawa, June 12, 1868. 166a

MILES'

HAIRDRESSNG SALOON

BELL'S BLOCK, ELGIN-ST.

THIS SALOON is fitted up in a neat and attractive manner, and is always attended by competent and attentive workmen.

E. MILES, Hair Dresser, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General.

Ottawa, April 13. 715y

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD

PLANS,

SPECIFICATIONS,

ESTIMATES, &

Prepared by AUGUSTUS LAVER, ARCHITECT

End Daly-st. Ottawa.

April 1.

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

AN OMNIBUS

Will leave the

RUSSELL HOUSE,

Every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 7 a.m., punctually, to carry passengers

FOR AYLMER

To connect with the Union Forwarding Railway Company's Steamers.

JAMES MULLIGAN.

Ottawa, May 16, 1868. 744tf

TABLES

FOR

Converting One Inch Lumber

AND

QUEBEC STANDARD

—TO—

Board Measure.

For Sale by J. DURIE & SON, Booksellers and Stationers, 10, Sparks-st., Ottawa.

June 5, 1868. 760a

Ice, Ice, Ice!

THE subscriber will furnish ICE DAILY to those requiring it for the Season. Double supplies on Saturday for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season, $6.00. Hotels and Steamers supplied with large quantities on liberal terms, as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted.

All orders left at KAVANAGH'S RESTAURANT, or at the subscriber's, will be strictly attended to.

F. STARMER, 126, Rideau-st.

Ottawa, May 14, 1868. 742d

BUSINESS STAND FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers FOR SALE his STORE and DWELLING in the Village of MARATHON, Township of FITZROY. Also, One Hundred and Thirty Acres of GOOD LAND, on which the store and outbuildings are erected. This is a splendid opportunity for any party with moderate capital, desirous of a good opening for a first-class country business.

Apply to ROBERT JOHNSTON, Marathon P. O.

721-17-6

SARSAPARILLIAN,

PAREIRA BRAVA.

Newly Discovered Virtues—Hidden for 300 years—The Discovery of the True Virtues of the Roots—Brought to Light and Made Manifest in DR. RADWAY'S SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT.

By a new process recently discovered by Dr. Radway, for obtaining the active properties from vegetable substances.

SARSAPARILLIAN.

Pareira Brava.

Associated with other newly discovered Roots, enters into the composition of RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT; secures a remedial agent, that cures all forms of Chronic, Scofulous, Skin, Glandular, Kidney, Bladder and Uterine Diseases, by communicating its curative, reparative and fruitful efficacy, through the BLOOD, SWEAT and URINE.

The ordinary Sarsaparilla decoctions and Syrups are mere washes, compared with the Sarsaparillian of the Resolvent. It is a well known fact that Sarsaparilla as ordinarily prepared either as officinally or as a proprietary remedy, never possessed the confidence of medical men, and all the reputation it enjoyed was deemed by well informed Chemists, Physicians, and medical writers to be due to other remedial agents associated with it.

The true curative virtues of Sarsaparilla for 300 years have laid hidden in the Crystalline principle of the Root. Under DR. RADWAY'S *New Process*, SARSAPARILLIAN is secured and brought to light, and associated with other ingredients, it fulfils the most extravagant expectations and views of men. One ounce of Dr. Radway's Sarsaparillian contains more of the curative principle than ten pounds of the extracts from the crude roots, as prepared officinally or in the popular advertised Sarsaparillas.

PAREIRA BRAVA.—Another of the ingredients of the Radway's Resolvent, held in high estimation by the most eminent medical men of Europe, South America and United States, as the best remedial agent for the diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, Uterus, and as a *lithontriptic* for *dissolving Calculi*, as a curative for Jaundice, Rheumatism, Leucorrhoea, etc., since 1688 has never been properly prepared. Under Dr. Radway's process, the Cisampaline principle of this valuable Root is secured, and associated with Sarsaparillian and other ingredients in the Resolvent, makes it a perfect cure in every form of disease of the Kidneys, Bladder, and Urinary Organs—Dropsy, Gravel, Incontinence, or Stoppage of Water, Diabetes, or Urinary Diarrhoea, and *every kind of weakening, irritating or purulent discharges, not proper to mention* in an advertisement, is rapidly cured by this remedy.

So quick does the Resolvent enter into the circulation, that it may be detected in the Urine *in ten minutes* after it has been taken. In many cases it has secured a free discharge of water—in cases where Catheters were formerly used.—Is not this a blessing?

BUCHU, Turpentine Junipers, Gin, Copaiba, Cubebs, and other direct Diuretics, are in many cases hurtful. In Diabetes, Urinary Diarrhoeas, Catarrh of the Bladder, Dropsy, and in a weakness or ulceration of the Kidneys, are unsafe to use as a continued remedy, and should never be given unless under supervision of a Physician, as the strain these direct remedies may produce on the Kidneys may, in the course of a few hours, require Opiates, to change or modify their action; this fact is self-evident to any medical man, a compensating Remedy like the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT, is the true remedy to use in these cases.—Even as a diuretic.

Pareira Brava,

As prepared by Dr. Radway, and one of the ingredients of the Resolvent, is as superior to all forms of Buchu, etc., as rich cream is to watered milk.

Let all suffering from unnatural drains from the system—caused either by self-abuse, depraved habit of body—bad blood, impure association, weakness of the genital organs, or Skin Diseases, Scrofula, uncured Secondary Disease, Syphiloid Ulcers, Chronic Disease—or from Consumption of the Lungs, as well as degeneration of the Kidneys—Chronic Disease of the Liver, Spleen, etc., commence at once the use of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT. It commences its work of purification at once; it repairs the waste of the body, with new and healthy material. It restores functional harmony to every organ in the system, and secures the natural secretions of the proper constituents to each. Persons have been cured, and have children now living that were deemed incapacited, by self-abuse, etc., through the use of this remedy. Ask for Dr. Radway's Sarsaparillian or Renovating Resolvent.

PRICE—$1 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $5.

W. M. MASSEY, Agent.

READ FALSE AND TRUE.—Send one letter-stamp to RADWAY & Co., 439 St. Paul-street, Montreal, Information worth thousands will be given you. Price of RESOLVENT SARSAPARILLIAN, $1 per bottle, or $10 per dozen. 762b

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY,

AND

COURT OF SPAIN, THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,

AND

HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT MR. JOHN LESLIE, Sparks-street, Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity, For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*

H. & A. SAUNDERS, Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion, for the sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa, May 29. 748y

NEW BOOKS.

Exodus of the Western Nations by Viscount Bury; Chronicles and Characters by Owen Meredith; Brakespeare by the author of "Guy Livingstone"; The Lost Name, a Novel; Farming for Boys; The New Dictionary of Quotations; The Huguenots by Samuel Smiles; Law and Lawyers—Curious Facts and Characteristic Sketches; Art and Artists, do.; Books and Authors, do.; Clergymen and Doctors, do.; Longfellow's Works Complete for 15 cents; The Waverley Novels, per vol., 15 cents; Cooper's Novels, per vol., 15 cents; Essays in Elia by Lamb complete for 15 cents; De Quincey's Confessions of an Opium Eater for 15 cents.

Bibles, Prayer Books, Church Services, just received from the Publishers, in the newest and richest patterns.

For sale by J DURIE & SON, 10 Sparks-st., Opposite the Russell House

498y

PROFESSIONAL NOTICE.

MR. P. J. BUCKLEY HAS REMOVED HIS LAW OFFICE to the THOMPSON BLOCK, Corner of Sussex and York streets, adjacent to the offices of Horace Lapierre, Advocate and Counsel. Office Hours—From 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.

Ottawa, June 9, 1868. 763a

NOTICE.

MESSRS. ANGUS & SON, in retiring from the Undertaking Business, would beg to inform their friends and the public that they have disposed of their Hearses and stock in trade to Mr. Samuel Rogers, Cabinet Maker, who will in future attend to all orders in the Undertaking line, and they have much pleasure in recommending him to their many patrons and friends.

ANGUS & SON, Furniture Dealers, No. 22, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, May 11, 1868.

UNDERTAKING.

IN reference to the above, S. Rogers takes this opportunity of thanking his numerous friends and customers for their very liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Cabinet and Upholstering Business, and would respectfully solicit in this new branch of his trade a continuation of their favors.

S. ROGERS, Cabinet Maker, &c., Rideau and George-streets.

Ottawa, May 11, 1868. 741d

W. NOTMAN,

Photographer to the Queen

CORNER OF

WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS,

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his

Establishment will be Opened

—ON—

Monday Next, 3rd February

When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for all the different branches of Photography.

Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 582y

Local Government Notices.

TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS

Will be received, addressed to the undersigned, until NOON of

Monday, the 22nd Instant,

For the Erection of the

Lieutenant-Governor's Residence,

ON

THE GOVERNMENT GROUNDS,

On Simcoe and King sts., Toronto.

Plans and Specifications may be seen at this office, and at the office of Messrs. Gundry & Langley, Architects, corner of King and Jordan sts., Toronto, on and after MONDAY, the 8th Instant.

The person to whom the contract may be awarded will be required to furnish satisfactory security for the due performance of the work, and to execute a contract approved by the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING, Commissioner of Public Works.

Parliament Buildings, Office of Public Works, Toronto, June 6, 1868. 762a

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, ONTARIO.

To Contractors.

TENDERS

Will be received until noon,

Thursday, 25th inst.,

For the following works required for the completion of the wings to the Provincial Lunatic Asylum:

PLASTERER & GAS FITTER,

TINSMITH,

SLATER

The plans and specifications can be seen at the Department of Public Works, Parliament Buildings, between the hours of ten a.m. and 4 p.m.

Tenders to be addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed on the outside,

"Tenders for the proposed work at the Provincial Lunatic Asylum."

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING, Commissioner of Public Works, Ontario, Department of Public Works, Parliament Buildings, Toronto, June 9, 1868. 765td

TENDERS

WILL BE RECEIVED

Addressed to the undersigned at the office of this Department until noon of

Tuesday, the 23rd instant,

For the supply of the following articles, all of which must be of the best description, and to be delivered at the Provincial Lunatic Asylum and at the Branch Asylum, Queen's Park, Toronto, in such quantities and at such times as may be required, for six months from 1st July to 30th December, 1868, viz:—

Tea, black and uncolored Japan, per lb,	
Coffee, Roasted,	"
Rice,	"
Sugar, bright,	"
Pepper, whole,	"
Mustard,	"
Starch,	"
Indigo,	"
Salt, Liverpool and American, per brl.	
Shoes, Men's and Women's, per pair.	
Cobourgs, Men's,	"
Butter, first quality, per lb	
Butchers' Meat, first quality, per lb.	
Corn Brooms, per doz.	
Scrub Brushes, per pair	
Slacking, per box	
Sal Soda, per lb.	
Vinegar, White Wine,	per gallon
Oatmeal,	per barrel
Pot Barley,	"
Split Peas,	"
Flour, Inspected Extra,	"
Flour, do Superfine,	"
Eggs, Fresh,	per dozen
Straw, clean oaten in bdls,	per ton
Hay, best Timothy,	"

CORDWOOD—Sound seasoned Beech and Maple, of equal quantities, but not mixed, and each kind piled separately, and not more than twelve months felled; to measure four feet in length from point to scarp, to be delivered and piled as above, and at the Engine House, Garrison Common, per cord.

COAL—Also, for delivering during the months of July and August of 450 gross tons Lehigh Coal, of best quality, egg size, and screened, per ton. 180 tons Brier Hill Coal, of best quality, and mined this season, per ton; both sorts of coal to be subject to the approval of the proper officers of the Asylum. Weight of coal to the Chief Asylum to be determined by scales on the premises, and for the Branch Asylum at the city weigh scales.

Samples of the following articles to accompany tenders, viz., Tea, Coffee, Rice, Sugar, Pepper, Mustard, Starch, Indigo, Corn Brooms, Scrub Brushes, Blacking, Shoes and Boots.

The tender must express the rate in dollars and cents, and contain the actual signatures of two sufficient sureties, who will be required for the due performance of the contract on behalf of each person tendering, for the same.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

Further information respecting the contracts may be learned of the Bursar of the Asylum.

JOHN CARLING, Commissioner of Public Works.

Parliament Buildings, Office of the Public Works, Toronto, June 8, 1868. 765td

NOTICE.

ALL payments to be made on account of the Ontario Government may be made to the

ROYAL CANADIAN BANK,

And its Agencies.

Dated at Toronto, 30th October, A.D., 1867.

E. B. WOOD, Treasurer of Ontario.

October 31, 1867. Tf

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St

M. P. HAYES, AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 57tf

Railroads.

CHANGE of TIME

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and after FRIDAY, the 15th May, 1868, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA
Mixed, 7. 15 a. m.	10.35 a. m.
Express, 1.35 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 7 a. m.	9.25 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

Ottawa, May 14, 1868. 1y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H ABBOTT, Managing Director.

Brockville, April 11. 472y

Grand Trunk Railway Company

OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows;

GOING WEST—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 8.30 A.M.

Night do do at 7.30 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.00 A.M.

Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.

Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.

Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.

Express for Boston and New York, at 3.30 P.M.

Express for Portland (staying over at Island Pond) at 2.00 P.M.

Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Riviere du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbroke, Waterville and Coaticooke only, at 10.10 P.M.

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

December 23, 1867 650tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET.

FOUR GOOD ROOMS over SHEPHERD'S GROCERY STORE, Murray st., between Sussex and Dalhousie-sts. Also, GOOD STABLES for thirteen horses. Rent moderate. Also a quantity of CEDARS for sale. Enquire of M. SHEPHERD, at the Store.

Ottawa, May 20, 1868. 748

FOR SALE, on SANDY HILL, opposite Desbarats', LOT No. 32, Stuart street. Terms moderate. Apply to Mrs. TIERNAN, No. 2, Ling street opposite the Gas House.

Ottawa, May 4 1868. 734d

Two Dwellings to Let,

BEING the Upper part of E. MARTINEAU'S Clothing Store, Corner of Sussex and Clarence-streets.

Enquire at the Store.

EUG. MARTINEAU.

Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 64

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.

NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ., Or JOHN HENEY, Esq., Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W

Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FARM FOR SALE.

FOR SALE Lot No. 15, 4th Concession, Gloucester, Rideau Front, seven miles from Ottawa, on the macadamized road leading from Ottawa to Metcalfe, consisting of 100 acres, 80 of which are cleared and in the highest state of cultivation. The soil is of the very best quality, and there is a new Frame Building and a good Stone Cellar, also a good Barn, Stable, Sheds and other outbuildings. The English Church and School House is about two acres from the house, the Methodist Church and Catholic Church can be seen from the door. There is a nine mile road running beside the lot. The Railroad Station is about two miles from the house. There will be a chance given in part of the purchase money if required. It is well fenced and watered. For further particulars apply to the subscriber on the premises.

701-1-13wtS13 WM. HALPENNY.

Quebec Bank—Ottawa Branch

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

FROM the 1st day of April next ensuing, INTEREST at the RATE of FIVE per cent per annum, will be allowed on Deposits in this Department.

H. V. NOEL, Manager.

Ottawa, March 13, 1868. 690-3m

LEGAL NOTICE.

REMOVAL.

CHARLES T. BAINES, late of Ottawa, Barrister, &c., &c., has removed to Richmond, where he will at all times be ready to attend to any professional calls or business which may be entrusted to him in his line with accuracy and with safety, &c., &c.

Richmond, Dec. 30, 1867. 1wtf

Steamers.

1868. 1868.

THE

Quebec and Gulf Ports

STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

ROYAL Mail Line between Quebec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, every Tuesday.

The first-class Steel Side Wheel Steamship

"SECRET,"

WILLIAM DAVISON, — — Master,

Will leave

St. Andrew's Wharf

—ON—

TUESDAY, the 23rd of JUNE

At four o'clock, p.m.,

For Pictou, Nova Scotia, calling at Father Point, Gaspe, Perce, Chatham, Newcastle, Miramichi and Shediac. Returning will leave Pictou on Tuesday, 23rd June, at 5 o'clock, p.m.

The steamers connect at Shediac with E. & N. A. R. R. to St. John, N.B., and steamer for Prince Edward Island, and at Pictou with N. S. Railway to Halifax.

Through tickets to St. John, N. B., $16; Halifax, Nova Scotia, $17.50; Eastport, $17.50; Portland, $19.50 and Boston $20.50. Return Tickets by steamers at reduced rates. For freight or passage apply to

W. MOORE, Manager, Quebec.

CHAS. E. BRUSH, Agent, Ottawa.

June 10, 1868. 739-S

1868 1868

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S

MAIL STEAMER

Queen Victoria,

Captain A. BOWIE,

Leaves the Queen's Wharf with mails and passengers for Montreal, every morning, (Sundays excepted) at half-past 6 o'clock, arriving at 4:45 p.m.

Travellers and tourists will find this a delightful trip.

First-class Fare (meals extra)	$3 50
Second " "	2 00
First " Return "	6 00

Baggage checked through.

Parcel Express daily to and from Montreal and all landings.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs landed at L'Orignal.

For further information apply at Office on the wharf, or on board the steamer.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Excursion Tickets to Grenville and back for one fare.

MARKET STEAMER

"FAIRY,"

Captain R. G. NICHOLS,

Leaves Ottawa for Major's and intermediate landings on Tuesdays and Fridays at 4 o'clock, p.m.

7498 R. W. SHEPHERD.

1868 1868

UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

Upper Ottawa Route.

Consisting of the following first-class Steamers,

ANN SISSON,	Captain Murphy.
ALLIANCE,	" Findlay.
EMERALD,	" Toner.
OREGON,	" Cowley.
CALUMET,	" Blondin.
JASON GOULD,	" Bolton.
PONTIAC,	" Duggan.
PEMBROKE.	" Overman.
SNOW BIRD,	" Beattie.

Until further notice the Steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day (Sundays excepted) for the Upper Ottawa at 8:30 a.m., connecting with the *Alliance* at head of railroad at 12:30, touching at Arnprior, Sandpoint, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf, and Portage-du-Fort. Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after the arrival of the Steamer *Alliance* for Cobden, connecting with Steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.

The Steamer *Pembroke* leaves Pembroke at 7 o'clock, a.m., on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday for Des Joachims, calling at intermediate ports, returning on same day, leaving at 2 p.m., connecting at Pembroke with Steamer *Jason Gould* which leaves daily at 5 a.m., and arriving at Portage-du-Fort at 10 a.m.

The Steamer *Alliance* leaves Portage-du-Fort every morning (Sundays excepted) at 9:30 a.m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere, Bristol, Sandpoint and Arnprior, and arriving at head of railway at 12:45, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4 p.m.

The Steamer *Calumet* leaves Havelock for Chapeau Village and intermediate ports on Tuesdays at 6 o'clock, a. m., and returning leaves Chapeau Village same days, at 2 o'clock.

A connection is made daily with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at Arnprior at 2 o'clock p. m., in time to connect with the Grand Trunk Railway night trains east and west, and on the downward trip at Sandpoint 11:35 a.m., Arnprior 12:10.

Passengers for Des Joachims leave Ottawa every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

For further particulars apply at the office of the Company in Ottawa City or Aylmer.

R. S. CASSELS, President.

Ottawa City, April 22, 1868. 7248

Condensed Time Table

Between Brockville and Ottawa, via Brockville and Ottawa Railway and Union Forwarding Railway Company's Steamers:

UPWARDS.

Leave Ottawa at	7:00 a.m.
Arrive at Arnprior at	2:00 p.m.
Leave Arnprior at	2:20 p.m.
Arrive at Brockville at	7:45 p.m.

In time to connect with Grand Trunk Railway Night Trains, East and West.

DOWNWARDS.

Leave Brockville at	7:15 a.m.
Arrive at Arnprior at	12:10 p.m.
Leave Arnprior at	12:15 p.m.
Arrive at Ottawa at	5:00 p.m.

NOTICE

—TO—

SHIPPERS OF GOODS

TO THE

Upper Ottawa,

By Steamers of the

Union Forwarding

AND

RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE Union Forwarding and Railway Company having assumed the cartage of goods between

OTTAWA & AYLMER,

I beg to intimate that the same rate will be charged on goods received at either place, th Company having established a through rate on all goods forwarded from Ottawa to places on the Upper Ottawa.

Receipts for goods will be given by the Shipping Clerk, Mr. S. Dyde, Canal Basin Wharf, or at the office of the Company, Wellington-street.

R S CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, March 23, 1868. 698-3m

NEW GREEN HOUSE.

ERECTED lately by the subscriber at New Edinburgh, who has now on hand and for sale a large variety of choice Verbenas, and other flowering plants. Orders left at G. Bott's, Rideau-street, will be punctually attended to

ROBERT CURRY.

March 1868. 691-3m

1867 AND 1868.

INDIA WAREHOUSE

16 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform their Customers that their Stock is now complete, and embraces every delicacy of the Season, among which will be found a choice assortment of

TEAS,

Breakfast SOUCHONG, do CONGOU, } Black Extra Fine

Superior HYSON,
" GUNPOWDER,
" IMPERIAL,
" TWANKAY,

Orange PEKOE, Flowery " Japan " } These Teas have been carefully selected for family trade by

BROWNE & HARDY.

SUGARS,

LOAF,
BROKEN LOAF,
CRUSHED,
GROUND,
YELLOW,
and MUSCOVADO.

COFFEE,

MOCHA,
JAVA,
JAMAICA, and
CEYLON,

Roasted and Ground daily on the premises.

CHOCOLATE and COCOA,

FRENCH, flavored with Vanilla;
TAYLOR'S,
FRY'S,
MOTT'S

FRUITS, &c.

LAYER RAISINS,
in Whole, Half and Quarter Boxes
MUSCATEL, do do
SULTANA,
VALENTIA,
CURRANTS,
GRAPES,
ORANGES
LEMONS,
PRUNES,
ALMONDS,
WALNUTS,
FILBERTS, and
BRAZIL NUTS.

SPICES,

NUTMEGS,
MACE,
CINNAMON,
CLOVES,
GINGER,
MIXED SPICES,

All Ground on the Premises

D. T. BROWNE & CO.

Ottawa, December 19 405t

Skates! Skates

At ISAAC'S,

ALSO,

SLEIGHS, SLEIGHS

ALL PRESENTS BY SANTA CLAUS,

At ISAAC'S

Skates from 20 cents to $6.00

At ISAAC'S,

Sparks-street,

ALSO,

Hardware of all Descriptions

At Lowest Cash Prices,

At ISAAC'S.

Remember the place,

T ISAAC'S

December 17, 1867.

Piano-Forte Tuition!

W. C. CLARK,

PROFESSOR OF MUSIC and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, O'Connor-street, corner later-street, Centre Town.

Orders may be left at his residence or at Ormes's Music Store. 452y

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

de, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Nov. 1. 1867 7ydw

Plans, Specifications, &c.,

PREPARED for Buildings of every description, by

SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, Wellington-st.

711tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 60, Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director; ALEX. ROBERTSON, Editor.

The Times

VOL. III. NO 775. OTTAWA, TUESDAY, JUNE 23, 1868. PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley, issuing of the Daily over 2,000 l and Weekly over 4,000 l making a total circulation in the week over 18,000 l thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only,	$6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line	8c
All subsequent insertions, per line	2c

Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

Yearly subscription to the daily (if paid in advance)	$5 00
If not paid in advance	6 00
Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance)	$1 00
not paid in advance	1 50

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 34, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES.

Legal Cards.

MOSGROVE & TAILLON,

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. GEORGE TAILLON.
Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1868. 366-tf

R. J. WICKSTEED,

ADVOCATE, &c., 42, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 589-6m

N. TETREAU,

NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 6, 1867. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,

ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 28, 1867. 368y

D. O'CONNOR,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa
February 7, 1866. 43-u

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery and Notary Public Office, over Mr. Luke Cussa's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House
Ottawa, March 30. 87-c

LEES & GEMMELL,

BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

J. P. MACPHERSON,

BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866.

NICHOLAS SPARKS,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 589y

G. J. O'DOHERTY,

LAW, Chancery, and Conveyancing Office. Aumond's Buildings, Rideau street.
Ottawa, December 6, 1867.

Medical Cards.

A. CODD, M.D., C.M.,

(Attending Physician General Protestant Hospital.)

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Four doors east of the Revere House, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
OFFICE HOURS—From 8 to 10 a. m, and from 2 to 3 p. m.
Ottawa, April 30. 730-3m

DR. CHESLEY,

OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 35 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30 447tf

DR. C. LEGGO,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,

DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,

DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

J. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)

SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 380y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,

DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY,

CORNER of Kent and Wellington-Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 43utf

DR. O. C. WOOD,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-100-y

Hotels and Saloons.

MATHEWS' OLD STAND,

YORK-STREET,

WILL BE OPEN for the accommodation of the public on THURSDAY, 12th of March, 1868. The subscriber having again resumed business in his old stand as hotel-keeper, wishes to return thanks to his numerous friends and the public for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on him, during the past seventeen years, and hopes by strict attention to business, and kindness to all, to share a portion of public patronage. His Larder will be always supplied with the best the market affords. His Bar will be supplied with the best of Liquors and choicest Cigars.
T. MATHEWS, Proprietor.

N. B.—The house has been thoroughly renovated and newly furnished.
Ottawa, March 11, 1868. 688tf

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,

LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec

REVERE HOUSE, OTTAWA,

G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, } ....PROPRIETORS.

THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867 582tf

THE ALBION HOTEL

NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1866 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN

LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc. daily

THE METROPOLITAN

Aumond's Block,

Rideau Street Ottawa.

P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 2y2tf

TORONTO HOUSE,

SPARKS STREET.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has a few Commodious Suites of Apartments to Let, handsomely and comfortably furnished.
Gentlemen attending the Session of Parliament will find at the Toronto House most convenient quarters, where the quiet of the private family is combined with the usual attendance to be found at the best hotels.
Ottawa, Feb. 25, 1868. 87 itf

DOMINION HOUSE,

WELLINGTON STREET.

THE undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.
GEORGE IRVINE.
Ottawa, March 24. 658y

SMITH & RODNEY

MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from Eaton's Gilding Store, having just received a choice stock of

English, French and Canadian

CLOTHS and TWEEDS,

And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1, 1867. 551tf

A. MORTIMER,

BOOKBINDER

AND

Blank Book Manufacturer,

26, METCALFE-ST., OTTAWA.

HAVING every facility in the way of first-class Machinery, and employing none but first class workmen, I am prepared to turn out every description of Binding in as good a style of workmanship as any other establishment in Canada.
A. MORTIMER,
Metcalfe-st east.
Ottawa, Feb. 6. 384y

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS, Toronto, May 28, 1868

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT Charles Westley Lount, of Bracebridge, in the Township of Macaulay, in the District of Muskoka, Esquire, has been appointed Agent for the disposal of public lands in the Townships of Morrison, Muskoka, Draper, Macaulay, Stephenson, McLean, Brunel, Monck and Watt, in the District of Muskoka, in the place of Richard Jose Oliver, Esquire, whose services have been dispensed with.
Applications for lands open as Free Grants in the above mentioned Townships, must also be made to Mr. Lount.
S. RICHARDS,
Commissioner.
Toronto, May 29, 1867. 758-tf

TO LET.

A GOOD BUSINESS STAND at the Chaudiere Flats. Apply to
JOHN ASHFIELD.
June 15, 1868. 768a36-1

Druggists.

THE MEDICAL HALL

Soda Water and Ginger Ale Factory,

23 Great St. James-street, Montreal,

OPPOSITE the POST OFFICE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS

Beg to intimate to their patrons that they have commenced the manufacture of Ærated Waters of every description, and on the most extensive scale.
Particular attention will be paid to the preparation of "Belfast Ginger Ale," a beverage first introduced into this country by our Mr. BROWN, who alone possesses the original receipt, and who has also taken out a TRADE MARK for the same.
The proprietors believe their Ærated Waters will be superior to any others at present prepared in Montreal, for the following reasons, viz:—
1st. The employment of the most improved machinery the United States can produce.
2nd. The application of strictly scientific principles to the details.
3rd. Extra care given to the chemical purity of the articles used in the different processes.
4th. The possession of chemical knowledge, without which it is simply impossible to produce Ærated Waters in perfection.
The following Waters and Beverages are the principal ones prepared at the MEDICAL HALL FACTORY: Belfast Ginger Ale, Lemonade, Sarsaparilla, Winter Beverage, Summer Beverage, Soda Water, Seltzer Water, Potash Water, Kissengen Water, Vichy Water.
KENNETH CAMPBELL & CO.,
Apothecaries to H R. H. the Prince of Wales.
W. M. MASSEY,
Agent for Ottawa. 472y

Spectacles for all Sights.

OPTICAL Instruments Electro-Magnetic and Galvanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.
W. HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
637y York-street.

Miscellaneous.

D. CODD & CO.,

PATENT AGENTS, SOLICITORS, &c. Drawings, Specifications, Models, and all other business in connection with the procuring of Letters Patent of Invention, attended to at the shortest notice.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 741-6m

I. B. TACKABERRY'S

AUCTION ROOMS, No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any part of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS

PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-

H. McLEAN'S

AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

B. BILLINGS, JR.,

ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O & P R W 74utf

S. CHRISTIE,

COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,

EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. S. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 378y

HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,

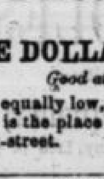
WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C.W.
WILLIAM HOLGATE,
JOHN OLIVER,
WILLIAM ANNABLE.
506y

R. H. McGREEVY,

CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

LADIES CALL AT THE CAPITAL

Boot and Shoe Store!



YORK-STREET.

For Cheap Gaiters

AT

ONE DOLLAR A PAIR!

Good at 95 cents.

Men's ware equally low, in every variety of style
This is the place to buy cheap at the "Capital," York-street.
429y GEORGE MURPHY.

VICTORIA

FURNITURE WAREROOMS.

GEORGE ARMSTRONG, Corner Victoria Square and Craig-street, Montreal, solicits a call from the Citizens of Ottawa about to furnish, who may visit Montreal to his very large and varied stock of FURNITURE which he will sell at greatly reduced prices for cash. The Parlor Furniture is of the best quality and latest designs either plain or handsomely carved, in Walnut oil finished or polished.
His Sideboards, Bookcases, Chamber Sets, Hall Furniture, &c., are worthy of attention
Hair Mattresses and Bedding of all description constantly on hand, or made to order, at the shortest notice. Call and examine for yourselves.
"Patent Sofa, with reclining arms, of a very superior make."
N.B.—Sole Agent in the Dominion for the sale of G. A. FISK's Air-Tight Metallic Casket. 712 3m

Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale.

THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

Fine Bottled Ale!

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

Scotch Irish, Old Rye

And other Malt Whiskies,

Ports, Sherries, Brandies Gin, &c.,

Together with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A Call kindly Solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store
Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

GEO. MAYES,
COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank Street, Centre Town,

Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

OTTAWA CROCKERY STORE

NEW GOODS.

JUST received ex S. S. "Damascus," 10 Hhds. of the finest English Glassware, selected expressly for the retail trade, comprising

	CUT and ENGRAVED	
CHAMPAGNES,	do	PORT and SHERRY WINES,
LIQUEURS,	do	CLARETS, GOBLETS,
FINGER BOWLS,	do	CALF FOOT JELLIES,
CLARET JUGS,	do	TALL TUMBLERS,
FRUIT DISHES,	do	DECANTERS,
BUTTER COOLERS,	do	CELERY VASES,
		CARAFFS, &c., &c.

And a choice lot of delicate Straw Stem Wines, in Ports, Champagnes, Clarets, Sherries, Liqueurs, &c. All the above articles match in shape, pattern, &c., and are the best glass procurable in England.

W. ALLAN,
51 *RIDEAU STREET, (opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.)*
Ottawa, June 6, 1868. 574y

CRICKETING GOODS,
CROQUET, FISHING TACKLE
FOILS,
Masks & Boxing Gloves
AT THE
Sheffield House, Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 5, 1868.

1868. MAY. 1868.

J. A. PINARD & CO.,

ARE NOW SHEWING

New Dress Goods,

A good value in Striped, all Mohair, for 6d per yard.

New Prints,

A good variety of Patterns at 6d per yard.

New Grey Cottons,

A good Cotton, 40 inches wide, for 7d per yard.

New White Cottons,

A good heavy made Cotton for 6d per yard.

Tailoring Department is replete with all the novelties of the season.
Cash buyers will find it their advantage to visit the above before purchasing else whe

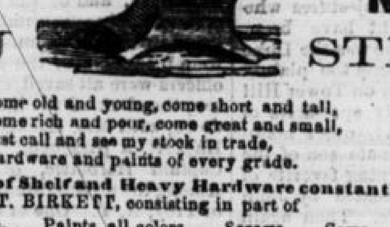
J. A. PINARD & Co.,
No. 17, Sussex-st., *Sign of the Golden Ball.*
Ottawa, May 5, 186 16y

HARDWARE, HARDWARE!

—AT—

Thomas Birkett's,

SIGN OF THE ANVIL,



No. 24 RIDEAU No. 24 STREET.

Come old and young, come short and tall,
Come rich and poor, come great and small,
Just call and see my stock in trade,
Hardware and paints of every grade.

A Complete Assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware constantly kept on hand at the SIGN of the ANVIL, T. BIRKETT, consisting in part of

Butts,	Axes,	Iron,	Paints, all colors,	Screws,	Saws,	Tin,	Oils,
Locks,	Ropes,	Stoves,	Glass,	Coolers,	Putty,	Bolts,	Chains,
Nails,	Coal,	Pitch,	Grindstones,	&c.,	&c.,	&c.,	&c.

Also a complete stock of MECHANICS' TOOLS of the most improved English and American manufacture.

Then Come and Examine my stock,
A duty never shirk it,
And satisfaction will be got
In business with T. BIRKETT.

Don't forget the place—THOS. BIRKETT, Sign of the Anvil, No. 24, Rideau-street.
P. S.—All Goods delivered Free to any part of the city. 408y

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE

WERE AWARDED THEIR 67TH

Prize and Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

Great rapidity, Simple Machinery, quiet in action, easy to operate, price from $47. *Prospectus, and instructions gratis.*

G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa, and 105 King st., West, Toronto.

Sole Agent for Ontario.
The "HOWE" SEWING MACHINES are the best for Carriage Trimmers, Harness Makers, Boot and Shoe Makers, are the best Shuttle Machine for Tailors, Dressmakers, Families, etc., etc. Price from $50. Prospectus free and instructions gratis.
479 43y R. W. STEPHEN, 37 Sparks-street, Ottawa.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
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STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.

"CAPITAL" 35, H.
STOVE SUSSEX MEADOWS
DEPOT! St. & CO.

WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall Stoves, for wood or coal we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.

Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW OVEN STOVES.

BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.

Suitable for private Dwellings and Churches Warehouses and Stores

PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.

Now and most beautiful designs, very cheap.

COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES.
Hot Air Furnaces.

We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE, RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics: Country Merchants supplied with Stovepipes, &c., at reduced rates.

Lumbermen's Supplies Lumbermen's Supplies! Shanty Plates! Basins! Camp Kettles, &c.

HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS!

Bird Cages! Bird Cages! Bird Cages!

Price Lists sent free on application.
Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending buyers would do well to note.
An inspection of the above goods invited at the

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa October 2 1867. 6-y

HINTS IN CASE OF A FENIAN RAID.

Should the defensive force of the country be called to arms, there are many matters, which might profitably occupy the attention of public bodies, magistrates and others. Should the Volunteers be removed to a distance or placed in garrisons there are many towns which would be left perfectly defenceless. Public and private property, banks, drill-sheds, &c., in unsettled times would afford temptations to attack, robbery or injury. In such instances home guards should be organized, and if possible officered by cadets of the military school, whose services, we are sure, could be easily procured. In many towns drill associations have been formed, and arms and accoutrements in their possession as well as the elementary knowledge of the drill they had acquired could be turned to advantageous account. Municipal bodies also have it in their power to supplement the pay of the men with grants from their treasuries. In fact, in many instances county councils have taken action on this point. It will be especially necessary to guard against the cutting of telegraph wires and other interruption of communication, the spreading of false reports of attacks which experience shows, are often made more bewildering by loose information from friends. The military authorities, of course, will, where practicable, place guards to watch important points, arrange a system of communications in the event of wires being cut, and, in conjunction with reeves or other magistrates, establish some system of scouting. Well organized arrangements for scouting will be of the greatest use: the following hints upon this head are founded upon authority:—A few cool, active and intelligent men should band together and undertake the scouting in a township or part of a township. Some might be mounted, others not. Should any indications of an enemy present themselves, they should be observed by those men, their numbers counted, and careful observations made as to whether they have artillery, and, if so, the number of guns. One or two scouts might then be sent off with that information to the nearest telegraph station or military post, returning as soon as possible. The remainder should continue to watch the enemy, one or more mixing with them under various pretexts; intelligence of reinforcements, or other important matters, being sent off as soon as possible. Should the enemy make a move one or more scouts should be sent off to report the fact, and the direction taken, and the other scouts should follow the movement, one being sent to report whenever the direction is changed, and consequently the information sent by the former scout has become incorrect. When an enemy halt and bivouac for the night, special messengers should be dispatched and the remaining scouts watch the camp very closely and observe where the sentries and picquets are placed, and whether they are vigilant. In this manner, with the assistance of a county map, the very lot where an enemy is encamped, can be indicated. Information relative to the roads, woods, nature of the ground and of the disposition of the enemy's force should be carefully noted for the information of those in command of our troops, and, if correctly obtained and given, will enable an attack to be made with great advantage. Great mischief is often committed by scouts, or patrols, who immediately on seeing some armed men moving along a road, gallop off and report that the enemy's column is marching in such a direction, when perhaps they have only seen a foraging party. Good scouts will see an enemy before they can be seen by him. They should then withdraw into the woods, observe his strength and composition, and then proceed to report.

It may not be necessary to call into action any of the foregoing organization, but in the event of need, we hope these few hints will prove of use.—*Whitby Chronicle.*

VOLUNTEER MOVEMENTS.

(From the Brockville Canadian.)

By the politeness of Lieut-Colonel Atcherly, A A G, we have been favored with the following particulars relative to the movements of the Volunteer of this section of the country:

On next Thursday, the 18th instant, the 41st Battalion of Volunteers, under the command of Lieut-Col James Crawford, will assemble at Brockville.

The Battalion consists of the following companies:

The Brockville Rifles	....	Captain Cole
" Perth do	....	" Moffat
" Carleton Pl. do	....	" Brannan
" Pakenham do	....	" O'Neil.
" Merrickville do	....	" Wright.
" Gananoque do	....	" McCrum

OFFICERS.

Major Poole, Carleton Place,
" Gwyne, Merrickville,
Adjutant, Captain Bowie,
Paymaster, H S McDonald, Esq,
Surgeon, E B Sparham, M D,
Quartermaster D Jones, Esq.

The whole of the above force will arrive from their respective destinations by the early trains on Thursday, for one weeks drill, and if tents can be obtained, the Volunteers will be encamped, if not, the Mayor and Town Council will grant them the use of the two Town Halls in Brockville. The troops will ration themselves under the direction of their Quarter Master, out of the eight dollars allowed them by Government.

On the withdrawal of the 41st Battalion from Brockville, the 42nd Battalion of light infantry, under the command of Lieut Col J D Buell, will assemble in Brockville on the following Thursday, the 25th instant, the following is the strength of this Battalion:

Brockville Infantry	......	Captain Redmond
Lansdown do	......	" Redmond
Fitzroy do	......	" Fraser
Almonte do	......	" McDougall
Perth do	......	" Matheson
Smiths Falls do	......	" Anderson

OFFICERS.

Major Scott, Perth,
Major Gemmell, Almonte,
Adjutant Jessup,
Paymaster, G S McLean,
Surgeon, W Mostyn, Esq., M D
Q Master, Michael Reid, Esq.

The same arrangements will be made as with the other Battalion mentioned above.

TORONTO RIFLE CLUB.—The members of this club have recently been trying how the Government Snider-Enfield compared with their own small bores, with very gratifying results. Some of the old shots even speak of sticking to the improved Enfield as a target rifle up to 600 yards. The range at the Don is constantly engaged by companies and private parties for the half day at $1. The Secretary, Mr. Russell, has furnished us with part of last Saturday's practice; Wimbledon rules. Weather fine.

	400 yards.	500 yards.	Total.
J B Boustead (Grainger)..	44434	42323	34
C Sheppard, do ..	44444	34434	38
J Grainger do ..	24 34	33344	38
C Gilles do ..	44444	03343	33
A Morrison do ..	44242	43444	35
J Edwards (Marston) ..	34444	43444	38
W Stanley (Turner) ..	33444	33342	33
J Stalker (Snider) ..	44443	34144	33
T McLean do ..	23434	20444	30

	600 yards.	700 yards.	Total.
J Edwards..............	23234	44444	34

MILITARY PREPARATIONS.

The two branches of our defensive force regulars and volunteers—have been actively preparing themselves for the emergencies threatened by the Fenian rumors so actively circulated during the past few weeks, and in equipment and detail, we believe, the volunteers, at least, never have been so perfectly organised as at present. Though the arrangements have been progressing quietly, we believe their perfection is such that in less than twelve hours an army of more formidable numbers than that mustered in June, 1866, could be brought together, with full equipments in camp material, tents, clothing, and everything necessary to the soldier. The authorities, profiting by the experience then acquired, and the blunders made, set to work a year ago, when some faint rumors of invasion were heard, and brigaded all the regulars and volunteers in the Province. Advance brigades, formed jointly of regulars and volunteers, were arranged to muster in the cities of Quebec, Montreal, Toronto, Hamilton, London, and the town of Prescott, whenever the order for such a movement would be given. To these brigades commanding officers were assigned from the regular forces, and, among the volunteers, hospital and commissariat staffs, brigade and other officers were named. These general arrangements have been much improved on within the past few weeks, and as far as they appear, are decidedly judicious. At the same time, it will be understood that the arrangements spoken of are merely in the event of the troops being called into service.

Of the three brigades in the West, the one at Toronto will be commanded by Colonel Radcliffe, Commandant of this garrison, and will consist of an entire regiment of the line, with detachments of cavalry, volunteer and regular artillery, and several regiments of volunteer infantry. In Hamilton, the force will be similarly made up, and will be placed under command of Colonel Jenyns, C. B., 13th Hussars; while that at London, equally effective in all its branches, will have Col. Anderson, C. B., at its head. Reserves, numbering a very large quota of volunteers, will be drawn into the cities named, as the service battalions are required to take the field, while other forces will garrison Collingwood and exposed points. Further, we are aware that most complete provision has been made for any sudden attempt to cut the wires or destroy bridges in any section, while full instructions have been forwarded to volunteer field officers, instructing them how to act in case of emergency. For the field equipment, the arrangements are all that can be expected to be made in advance of the event. The 13th Hussars are so wide awake that only ten minutes notice is supposed to be required to place every man in the saddle. The volunteers in each brigade are actively alive to any necessity that may call them, and we learn that Colonel Durie, the Deputy Adjutant General, in a tour of inspection westward, found a commendable spirit in existence, but a desire expressed that some opportunity be allowed for drill before active service is undertaken. The necessity for this is generally concurred in, and the hope is expressed that the Government will show no laxity in keeping the arrangements up to the requirements of the force. Everything to a camp kettle is now in its place, and what is more important than all, the volunteer commissariat and hospital corps will be attached to those of the regulars to ensure promptness and the comfort of the men.

The arrangements sketched are but an outline of a programme covering the defence of the whole frontier, but are yet sufficient to indicate that the brigade staff have not been idle. They have sent large quantities of ammunition to different points, camp material, knapsacks, overcoats, hospital and other requisites to all available points, and have done every thing apparently that can be done to perfect the force, unless it be their improvements in drill, which can only be done by the men being called into the field.—*Globe.*

MAGEE AND RUSSELL's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

A MOST EXCITING SCENE.

The Milwaukee *Wisconsin*, of June 14, says that while Bailey & Co.'s menagerie were being driven along the road to Watertown, the waggon, containing a lioness and some whelps, upset, the case catching and holding one of the whelps. It then describes the scene thus:

When the whelp set up a cry of pain, the mother sprang up in anger. This set the whelp to uttering most plaintive roars, when the rage of the oldest beast became terrific. It dashed to the whelp, began licking it, and at the same time uttering those loud roars which have made it so famous. Becoming enraged at its treatment, it dashed to and fro in its narrow limits, throwing itself with full force against the sides of the cage. A couple of lions in an adjoining apartment became excited over the scene, and not only added to the confusion by their roars, but strove to break down the barrier between the two cages. A gentleman living at Pewaukee, who was near the cages at the time, says the scene was one of the most startling imaginable. All the beasts in the capsized cage were yelling and striving to get out, while those in the vans, which had halted near, became frightened and were uttering tokens of alarm in their peculiar manner. The horses, too, of all the vans exhibited the utmost alarm, requiring the efforts of the drivers to look after them. Until some help arrived, nothing could be done with the prostrate van, and it was left, while word was sent to the teams to push forward as rapidly as possible. Meanwhile the anxious drivers stood in fear that every moment the now furious beasts would break out of their cages.

As soon as word came to the bandwaggon, the camels and elephants were urged forward, and came upon a quick trot. But no sooner had the animals attached to the waggon come within sound of the lions' voices, than they exhibited the most abject fear. The elephant threw up its trunk and blew a terrible blast—a blast that startled all, even those who had before exhibited no signs of fear. Its keeper bravely kept by its side, and attempted to quiet its fears, but the massive animal was thoroughly alarmed. It seemed to be insane, and its yells were full of agonised fear, filled with terror. The camels were startled; some attempted to break from their harness, while others fell down flat, all uttering a peculiar cry. The band leaped out, and while the keepers of the band-waggon animals looked after them, it was found that the lions must be quieted, or there would be a scene beyond the control of all. About this time, the lion tamer came up, and hastened to the cage. The beasts had become so excited now that they scarcely noticed him, but made redoubled efforts to get out into the open air.

Had the tamer at this time lacked a courage which seemed akin to utter recklessness the beasts would no doubt have succeeded in making their escape. Without fear, he went to the cage, and very soon discovered the cause of the trouble. He called the attendants of the teams to his aid, but they were scarcely to be blamed, when they did not care to venture too near. Two or three of them came, and with the assistance of levers, separated the pieces of the cage so that the whelp extricated his foot. The mother, her suspense relieved with the release of the whelp, ceased her yells, and again commenced licking the wounded foot. The other lions seemed not altogether satisfied, and rather to enjoy the commotion they were creating. Reaching through the ventilator, the tamer struck one of them as heavy a blow as he could with a short iron bar, which seemed to send some reason into his head, and when the order came to him to move, he and his companion went into their own apartment, ceasing their howls, but keeping up a low, indignant growling like dogs. Observing this, the men came forward and raised the waggon to its place, fastening up the case where it was broken, and the horses being attached, the team drove on.

THE FORT ERIE DISTURBANCE.—The following are the particulars of the disturbance which occurred at Fort Erie during the Queen's Birthday celebration, on the 25th ultimo., as related to us by an eye-witness: Two Black Rock Fenians, or Fenian sympathizers, named James Griffin and James Lyon, came over the river apparently bent on mischief, and proceeded to get into a quarrel with J. & G. Nicholson, residents of Fort Erie. Blows passed between the roughs and one of the Nicholson's whereupon the latter, being physically much the weaker, drew weapons to defend themselves. At this juncture some of the Volunteers came up and put Griffin and Lyon under arrest. They were conveyed to the guard house, and their sympathizers, mostly from the other side, deeming prudence the better part of valor, quietly subsided, and during the remainder of the day, with one exception, behaved themselves. The exception was a person living in Fort Erie, who went up to talk to the prisoners through the guard house window. The Volunteer on guard warned him to go away, upon which he replied in taunting language, and received a knock down from the muscular son of Mars, after which he also retired apparently perfectly satisfied. The next day Lyon was brought up before Chas. Treble, Esq., J. P., and Reeve of the village, and fined $10, after paying which he was allowed to depart in peace. Griffin is said to have been one of O'Neill's raiders, but as no proof could be adduced against him, he was allowed to go clear. The Reeve and Volunteers of Fort Erie will evidently do their utmost to preserve order and law in that exposed locality.—*Welland Tribune.*

—Prince and Princess Salm-Salm are sojourning in Switzerland. She is writing her "Mexican Diary," and her husband a history of the siege of Queretaro. He has in his possession a great many relics of Maximilian—among others, a piece of his blood-stained sash, and a large piece of his beard, and even a portion of the poor Emperor's heart, which he preserved in a small bottle.

—Eight telegraph clerks have been despatched to the French camp at Chalons for the expressed purpose of instructing young engineer officers in the science of telegraphy, as henceforth a certain number of telegraphists will form part of the staff of every commanding officer.

HEALTH IS STRENGTH.—To prevent or conquer disease is [illegible] ... Wafers will [illegible] coughs, colds, tickling in the throat, pulmonary complaints, as war and [illegible] will destroy. Severe colds if not [illegible] to sooner or later lead to incurable consumption ... the stomach ... known ... Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers ... will also give great benefit ... Sold by all medicine dealers, 25 cts. per box.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Skating Rink Music Hall—Edmund Coles.
Bog Oak Sets—Young & Radford.
Ottawa Grammar School—J. Thorburn.
Musical Academy—G. Smith.
Board for two or three Gentlemen.
Fairbanks Scales—Alex. Workman & Co.
Convent of the Grey Sisters.
House to Let—T. L. Gourlay.
St. Patrick's Asylum Pic-Nic.
St. Andrew's Society Excursion—J. P. Robertson.
Corporation of the County of Carleton.

The Ottawa Times

TUESDAY, JUNE 23, 1868.

☞ *For Markets see Fourth Page.*

At the meeting of the Privy Council yesterday several matters of administrative detail were disposed of. Mr. Schreiber is expected here to-day with the reports of the recent explorations of the Intercolonial Railway routes; and if he arrives in time the question will no doubt be taken up to-morrow.

By an Order in Council, at the Court at Windsor, passed on the 14th day of May, 1868, the gold coins of the Sydney Mint are made legal tender in the following Possessions of Her Majesty, *i. e.:* Canada, Prince Edward Island, and Newfoundland, from and after the date on which the proclamation of Her Majesty the Queen shall have been issued by "the Governor or Officer Administering the Government thereof." This proclamation was issued in an extra of the *Canada Gazette*, published yesterday, so that from this date the gold coins of our antipodean fellow subjects are legal tender in the Dominion of Canada.

We believe it has been determined to call out the remainder of the Volunteer force of the country, for the purpose of putting in their sixteen days' battalion drill, without delay. This is a prudent and proper step, and will, no doubt, greatly improve the efficiency of the force. The general and generous provision made by City and County Councils to supplement the pay of the Volunteers, in case of actual service, is a substantial evidence of the confidence with which they are regarded by the public, while the speech of the Adjutant-General, recently delivered at Toronto, ought to convince them that they are held in high esteem in government and official circles, notwithstanding the ill-judged efforts of some parties who injudiciously, it not maliciously, attempt to create distrust between the Volunteers and the authorities.

"None of the Ministerial organs make any defence for Mr. Howland against the *Globe's* attack."—*Globe's Ottawa correspondent.*

Perhaps "the Ministerial organs" do not think the "*Globe's* attack" in the premises worthy of particular notice. The course of the *Globe* in the matter referred to is quite in keeping with its general character for petty personal malice and private spleen; but the party of which it is the recognized "organ" does not at the present day wield that influence on public affairs, which would give to its "attacks" the weight which they had in other days. If they are not noticed, the most rational explanation is that they are not felt. This, we hope, will prove satisfactory to the *Globe* and its correspondent, and make them understand the inattention of "the Ministerial organs."

We understand that among the despatches recently received from the Colonial Office by the Governor-General is one in answer to the memorial of the Legislature of Nova Scotia on the subject of repeal. The tone of this despatch may be inferred from the Ministerial arguments in the House of Commons on Mr. Bright's motion, a brief summary of which has already appeared in our columns. While the Home Government adheres to British American Union as a policy alike in the interests of the Empire and of the Provinces, it relies upon the loyalty of the people of the Provinces to administer the Union in the manner which will best conduce to the general good. From the long attention which has been given to the subject of British American Union, at the Colonial Office, it may be expected that the answer of His Grace the Duke of Buckingham to the memorial in question, is at once full, firm and conciliatory, respecting the position and duties of Nova Scotia as a partner in the Union and an integral portion of the Empire.

We are not a little surprised to see the London *Free Press* condemning the British Government for refusing a commission of enquiry into the causes of the discontent alleged to prevail in Nova Scotia, in consequence of the operation of the British North America Act. It was to have been expected that the anti-Union journals of Nova Scotia would have reproached the British Government for its course; but hardly that a western union paper would have forestalled them, in trying to make it appear that Nova Scotia had been unjustly dealt by. Until the complaint against the judgment of the House of Commons had reached us from Nova Scotia, we had thought that no defence of that judgment would have been needed in this part of the Dominion; and it certainly would have been in bad taste for any journalist in the West to have indulged in jubilation over a decision which, from the first time it was invoked, was believed by all, save the anti-Unionists themselves, would go precisely as it has. In fact, if there is any room for surprise in the matter, it is that Mr. Bright's motion received so large a measure of support.

Now, what were the real facts of the case? The Union Act had been passed and came into force on the first of July last. But not a Provincial statute was thereby changed, except that in respect of certain matters of purely public concern the Dominion Government occupied the position of the three previously existing Local Governments, while the balance of their functions descended to the four new Local Governments which succeeded them. It was not till five months afterwards that the Legislature of the Dominion met, and then it interfered in the way of rendering the laws uniform upon certain specific matters; but these Dominion laws were not even in force upon Nova Scotia, nor anywhere else, when the determination of the Nova Scotia party was taken to petition the English Parliament for repeal. Most of the arguments that have since been drawn from the alleged evil consequences to Nova Scotia of Dominion legislation, have been mere after-thoughts, as the formal declaration in favor of repeal was drawn up and signed before the Dominion Legislature met.

It was, therefore, the Act of the Imperial Parliament, and that simply, which was impeached by the "repealers." Now, of the wisdom of that Act, the Imperial Parliament was the judge, and from the lights it possessed but a year before it passed the Act, in full faith that its effects would be beneficial. No one can pretend that sufficient time has yet elapsed to show that the Union was a mistake for Nova Scotia. The financial transactions between that Province and the Dominion, prove beyond dispute that its old rate of taxation was no longer able to meet the requirements of its increasing expenditure; that its obligations, contracted for the prosecution of public works, would have inevitably entailed a resort to new modes of taxation, or a vastly increased rate of Customs Duties. On this point, therefore, it is utterly impossible to show that Nova Scotia has any substantial cause for "discontent." And in respect of other matters, how many of Nova Scotia's peculiar laws, customs, or institutions, have been overturned or even interfered with? The time of trial is too short—practically, the Union was untried when the Nova Scotians resolved upon petitioning for repeal, and in respect of Dominion "legislation" it has only yet been six months in operation, so that there has been no fair opportunity for testing the effects of the new system on the interests of Nova Scotia.

Could it be reasonably expected that the Imperial Parliament would undo in such haste that which the Imperial and Colonial Governments had taken years to mature? That the union to which there are four contracting parties, should be broken up on the demand of only one of them? Or that the Imperial Parliament would, on such slight grounds, establish the bad precedent of issuing Imperial Commissions to investigate Colonial grievances in those portions of the Empire where Colonial Legislatures exist for the very purpose of relieving the Imperial Legislature both from duty and responsibility in the premises? Perhaps, there may be "discontent" in New Brunswick, over the selection of the railway route; perhaps, in Quebec or Ontario, over some appointment to office, in the absence of any more substantial grievance; and shall it be said that the complainants can have a commission of enquiry from the Imperial Parliament just for the asking? The ground taken by Mr. Adderly was undoubtedly the sound one, for practically he affirmed that the Imperial Parliament should not interfere in the local concerns of the Dominion. It was surely no "insult" to Nova Scotia that the Government at this early day should refuse to upset the legislation of the past year. Had there been a demand to supplement the Union Act, or remove some of its defects, or add to its usefulness, there might have been fair ground for demanding a hearing, though even for these the time would have been somewhat short in the absence of substantial proof that an amendment in any one of these directions was necessary; but when the demand for a commission of enquiry was but a thin disguise for strengthening the repeal movement the Imperial Parliament would have shewn a want of self-respect in granting Mr. Bright's motion. Let the Union be fairly tested; give it time to show its effects on the well being of the Provinces; and if, after a reasonable trial, it shall be found unsuited to the protection and development of the diverse interests embraced within it, there may be some excuse for discussing "repeal;" but at this juncture it is the duty of all who desire to perpetuate British connection, and promote the progress of these Provinces, to endeavor to make the Union a success, even at the cost of some sacrifices, because of the manifest advantages it is calculated to confer on the British possessions upon this continent.

The Civil Service Commission was gazetted yesterday in the extra containing the Queen's proclamation making the gold coins of the Sydney mint a legal tender in Canada, &c.

APPOINTMENTS.

Office of the Secretary of State of Canada,
Ottawa, 22nd June, 1868.

His Excellency the Governor-General has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz.:

Etienne Parent, Esq., William Henry Griffin, Esq., Robert Shore Miles Bouchette, Esq., John Langton, Esq., and William Smith, Esq., Deputy Heads of Departments, and Thomas Reynolds, Esq., of Montreal, and Charles S. Ross, Esq., of Kingston, to be a Commission to enquire into the present state and the probable requirements of the Civil Service.

CITY COUNCIL.

Special Meeting.

A special meeting of the City Council was held last night for the purpose of considering certain by-laws, one of which, the health by-law, was published in the Times some months ago, but not passed.

There were present His Worship the Mayor, Ald. Rochester, Pratt, Hunter, Robinson, Featherston, Mosgrove, Goulden, Heney and Abbott.

The health by-law was taken up and discussed clause by clause, the 33rd clause prohibiting the keeping of cows unless certain drains should be made to carry off the nuisance was stricken out, and the by-law passed with some other unimportant alterations.

The subject of arbitration between the city and county, relating to the maintenance of prisoners, was brought up, when L. Perkins, Esq., was nominated city arbitrator, to meet the arbitrator of the County Council, and an arbitrator to be jointly named, for the settlement of the difficulty.

A by-law was then introduced, read and passed, to compel the owners of lots in certain parts of the city, to fence in said lots, the fences to be not less than four feet nine inches high above the platform or the grade of the streets.

A by-law was passed to prevent certain animals from running at large.

Ald. Featherston moved, seconded by Ald. Hunter, that the city engineer be instructed to make the necessary repairs to such portion of the bridge leading over the Rideau, as in the opinion of the City Solicitor belongs to the city. The resolution, after considerable discussion, was altered so as to instruct the engineer to make such repairs under the supervision of the Board of Works, and passed.

His Worship the Mayor then introduced the subject of celebrating Dominion day, which led to some desultory conversational discussion, when

Ald. Featherston moved, seconded by Ald. Hunter, that His Worship the Mayor be requested to call a public meeting on Thursday next, the 25th inst., at the City Hall, to take into consideration the steps necessary to be taken for the proper celebration of the Dominion Day.

The Council then adjourned.

POLICE COURT.

The prisoners Drolette, Robillard and Courvrette, remanded from Saturday on a charge of stealing certain goods, the property of Mr. Hearn, in November last, while the store was on fire, were again brought up for examination at the Police Court. Several more witnesses were examined, and sufficient evidence against the prisoners elicited to send them for trial to the assizes.

Detective O'Neill, who conducted the case for the crown, stated that there was a gentleman in the city, who was said to have got a gold eye glass from one of the prisoners, but who denied it. There had not been time since the fact became known to summon him, and he would, therefore, ask His Worship to adjourn the case till this morning, to give the crown an opportunity to bring him up.

Mr. Mosgrove, for the defence, objected that the prisoners had now been in custody long enough to enable the prosecution to get up their case. His Worship replied that there was already sufficient evidence before him to send the prisoners to a jury, and, as it was a very important case and a very serious one, it was his duty to investigate it to the bottom, and, therefore, adjourned the case till Thursday next.

The young man, Laviolette, who was arrested on Saturday night on a charge of obtaining a pair of boots by representing himself to be in the employ of Messrs. Sanger and Buck, of the Revere House, was brought up for examination.

Mr. Andrew Angus testified that the prisoner came to their store on Saturday, and said he was employed at the Revere House, but Mr. Sanger being out of town he could not pay for them then, but would do so on Monday, and on this pretence he got them. On going by the Revere House just after, however, he saw Mr. Sanger standing at the door, at which he was surprised, and then he thought he had been duped and sent for the police to get him arrested.

W. H. Sanger deposed that the prisoner was at one time in their employ, but not since the first of this month. The case was adjourned till this morning.

LOCAL NEWS.

For jams and jellies go to Bate & Co., 52, Spark-st. 762d

Several bargain lots have been brought forward from the wholesale department for the removal sale at Magee & Russell's.

For fine bog oak brooches, eight ear rings in sets, see Young & Radford's new lot, just received, and selling at the very low price of only 90 cts. per set.

Meteorological Observations.—(Reported by Wm. Hearn, Market Drug Store, York-st.)
June 22, 1868.

Greatest degree of heat registered during the previous night, 55 above zero.
8 a. m., 65 " "
1 p. m., 80 " "
6 p. m., 70 " "

The 43rd Battalion.—We understand that amongst the many preparations made by Col. Powell for his battalion whilst performing their sixteen days' drill in this city he has, with wise forethought, solicited and obtained from the Directors of the Protestant Hospital the use of a ward in that institution during the stay of the battalion here. It is to be hoped it will not be required, but it was prudent in the Colonel to make provision for possible sickness among his men. They will be encamped on Sandy Hill.

Fell From a Building.—A man engaged in working at a new building in Sussex-st., fell from the second story yesterday afternoon, down into the cellar, and was very badly shaken; but to what extent he was injured we could not learn. No bones were broken, but his face was badly cut, and when taken up he was unable to stand and was as pale as a corpse. That he has sustained severe internal injuries there can be little doubt. He was taken away in a cab, but whether to his home or the hospital our reporter was unable to learn.

The Late Fire at the Chaudiere.—We are sorry to learn that Messrs. Pattie and Perley, whose saw mills were destroyed by fire on Sunday night, have sustained a loss of not less than $20,000. The value of the property was $40,000, or more, and the only insurance on it was $15,000 in the Ætna of Hartford, and $5,000 in the Hartford, of Hartford. The number of poor people thrown out of employment by the destruction of the mills, is not less than one hundred and fifty, many of them representing families, who will suffer immediate destitution.

Injured at the Late Fire.—We are sorry to learn that James Cockburn, a member of the Chaudiere Company, and one of the brave firemen who exerted themselves so nobly on Sunday night at the fire, having ventured into a dangerous place filled with smoke, for the purpose of extinguishing the fire, was almost suffocated, and it was necessary to remove him and send for a physician who remained with him applying the proper remedies till he was out of danger. He is now so far recovered that he will probably be able to attend his business in a few days.

A Brutal Attack by Roughs.—An attack of a most savage and brutal character was made on County Constable Silcox on Sunday last, at Champagne's Hotel, at the head of the Deep Cut, where he was in the legitimate pursuit of his duty. It is said that one of the Fitzsimmons family is connected with the cowardly transaction out of revenge for the prosecution of his brother. Four strong men set upon one old man, knocked him down, and beat and kicked him about the face and head in a most shocking manner, two of the parties have been arrested here and two more were arrested by telegraph at Prescott yesterday. They will probably appear at the Police Court this morning.

Musical Education.—It will be seen by an advertisement in another column that Mr. Gustone Smith, a graduate of the Imperial *Conservatoire* of Music of Paris has opened an academy of music in this city for teaching the piano and singing. Mr. Smith comes with the highest recommendations from that institution where he studied for ten years. He has also had much experience in teaching, and is, therefore, unquestionably qualified to impart a thorough knowledge both of the science and art of music to his pupils. In a city where there is an extensively growing taste for music, and where parents generally are desirous of having at least their daughters instructed in so delightful an accomplishment, it is well to have a teacher whose knowledge will not be disputed.

Pleasure Excursion.—A grand pleasure excursion, under the auspices of the St. Andrew's Society of Ottawa, is advertised to come off on Thursday the 25th instant. Great preparations have been made by those entrusted with the management of this affair, to render it in all respects worthy of the name, and the auspices of the Society in whose interest it is gotten up. A nice shady spot has been selected, in the vicinity of a beautiful waterfall; and a large platform has been erected where those who wish may dance to the inspiring strains of a good band. The excursion will be made to the village of Buckingham, and the good people of the village are expected to turn out and welcome their visitors from Ottawa, and all enjoy a pleasant day together. The party will leave by the steamer *Queen Victoria* at 6:30 a.m., sharp. For particulars, as to tickets, &c., see advertisement.

Theatrical.—As we predicted the Coles' company played *Great Expectations* very successfully last night, and to their best audience. Coles as "Pip" was excellent, only to one who has read Dickens, he seemed too big a boy. A'Beckett's "Joe Gargery" was very good, except the make up, which was a few years too old for the Joe Gargery of our ideal. Walter Ben's "Magwitch" comes somewhat nearer to his true line of character than any in which we had previously seen him. "Miss Havesham," as rendered by Miss Edwina Gray, was sufficiently true, and was very well sustained, but Miss Jennie Howard as "Mrs. Joe Gargery" was diffective in this, that she spoke Yankee instead of English, and does not clearly understand an English woman on the "Rampage." She meant well, however, and supported the character in a very spirited manner. Fanny Stocqueler made a very good "Estella," and upon the whole, the play was very creditably got through. To-night they play Goldsmith's great play, *She Stoops to Coquer*, to conclude with *Poor Pillicoddy.*

Funeral Procession of the Late Mr. Workman.—According to previous arrangements, the remains of the late Mr. Alexander Workman were removed from the residence of his father, Alex. Workman, Esq., to the railway station, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., whence they were taken by the one o'clock train *en route* for Montreal, there to be interred. The funeral was very largely attended, the procession extending nearly a mile. Out of respect for their former commander, the Ottawa Field Battery attended in uniform, with Sutherland's band, the latter leading the procession, playing the Dead March. Then followed the family physician, Dr. VanCortlandt, next Mr. Swalwell, the Undertaker, followed by the hearse. This was followed by three carriages containing the family, next after these came the Field Battery, accompanied by Lieut.-Col. Wily, Commandant, and other Volunteer officers representing their several companies. After these came a long procession of citizens in mourning, on foot, and last, a large number of carriages, with their occupants, also in mourning. This was the largest and most respectable funeral seen here for a long time, and all its appointments under the management of Mr. Swalwell, reflected much credit on his establishment. The family and other friends of the deceased accompanied the remains to Montreal to attend the funeral there.

A Man Almost Killed.—Early yesterday morning a man, almost dead, was found in the yard in rear of Col. Coffin's house, under such circumstances as made it at once apparent that he had fallen down the precipice of Major's Hill, immediately behind the house. The man's name was ascertained to be Garrat Prenderville, a laborer on the wharves, about 24 years of age. He was removed to his home, on George-st., and Dr. Sweetland was sent for. When the Doctor arrived he found a bone of one of his legs broken at the ankle, and the thigh with an oblique fracture. The nasal bone was also broken, his eyes were completely closed, and his face and head were covered with contused and lacerated wounds, and his body correspondingly bruised all over. The Doctor set the bones and applied proper remedies to his other injuries, but his recovery is very doubtful. His friends believe that he was beaten and thrown down the precipice, but by whom no one can yet tell, for the suffering man has hardly recovered consciousness sufficient to talk. His friends do not believe that he had been drinking, but that he went on the hill for a walk, where he was beaten and thrown down as, stated, and they are strengthened in this opinion by finding some of his clothing on the hill bearing marks of violence. On the other hand it is held that on Sunday night late he was seen the worse of liquor on the streets, with some boys or young men around him, making fun of him. If this is true he may have gone on the hill and in the dark lost the path.

Who Was the Man in the Iron Mask?—There have been numerous conjectures who this mysterious person might have been. Many eminent men supposed he was the Duke of Monmouth, but history points too plainly to his capture and decapitation on Tower Hill—the scene of so many bloody spectacles of the great and illustrious dead—other historians that he was the illegitimate son of the Duke of Buckingham, the reigning favorite of Charles II, who was assassinated by John Felton, the man of the people. Then again it is surmised that he was Marchiali, an Italian sorcerer, or, a Minister of Spain, who, for a bribe of a large amount, agreed to open a pass to let in the French invading army, after receiving large amounts of money from Louis XIII, who, finding he was betrayed, invited him to Paris to receive the remainder of the reward, and there encased him in the Iron Mask for his treachery. But these suppositions, reports and surmises, are set aside by Lamartine, the great French statesman, who proves beyond a doubt that it was Gaston, twin brother of Louis the XIV. The secret of the twins, is said to be, that at the birth of the supposed Louis the XIV, there were general acclamations of joy throughout France, which was customary at the birth of the heir of the French Throne. To the astonishment and amazement of the King and his Ministers, two hours afterwards, Anne, of Austria, gave birth to a second child, who according to the laws of France, of twins born, the last is the first conceived, and hence the elder, and therefore should have been King. But Louis the XIII, to avoid trouble between the political parties, had the last born placed in the hands of a monk, removed from the Court, to be brought up in seclusion, and all who had knowledge of the fact were sworn to secrecy under the penalty of death. On Louis XIV coming to the Throne, the likeness between himself and his unknown brother was so great, that he ordered the terrible device of the Iron Mask to be placed upon his elder brother, in order to preserve his father's secret. There will be a play shortly produced at Her Majesty's Theatre, illustrating four distinct epochs in this most extraordinary man's life, until his murder in the Bastile, sternly corroborated by facts and documents seized during its demolition by the infuriated people.

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

Bog Oak Jewellery.—Very handsome sets of bog oak jewellery can be had at Young & Radford's, at 90c. per set.

For soups and potted meats go to Bate & Co., 52 Spark-st. 762d

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

For a choice selection of pickles, sauces &c., go to Bate & Co., 52 Spark-st. 762d

Fine coral jewellery, bog oak jewellery and a large collection of other goods suitable for wedding and other presents can be seen at Young & Radford's; all new and choice goods and will be sold cheap.

Carpets and House Furnishings.—Garland Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality. They have just received a large stock and invite the attention of parties furnishing to it. Purchasers will find their stock in this department second to none in Ottawa. 582-y

Russell, of the "Times," Denounced.—Mr. Russell, of the *Times*, does not appear to have given satisfaction either to the Northerners or Southerners, but you do not hear of any one being dissatisfied with the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," which is sufficient proof that it is all it is represented to be. Price only 25 cents per bottle.

—The people of the Island of Madeira recently drove an obnoxious politician into the sea. If some State meddlers on this continent were made to "see it" in this way, the country would be the gainer, although it is possible that the use of Italian Bitters might slightly decrease.

Latest by Telegraph.

FROM TORONTO.

Volunteer Review—The Toronto Races Trouble—Arrival of Troops—Annual Drill of the Toronto Volunteers.

Special to THE TIMES.
Toronto, June 22, 1868.

The Adjutant-General has been reviewing the Volunteers in Welland and Lincoln.

The Hamiltonians complain bitterly of their treatment at the race course, and say they won't go again, if the manager is retained.

The steamer *Corinthian* brought up one hundred Regulars, consisting of drafts for the 29th and other regiments, to supply vacancies.

The annual drill of the Toronto Volunteers commenced to-day. The 12th regiment from New Market, with the Queen's Own, and 10th Royals, composing a brigade of 1500 men went through company drill in the morning, and field day in the afternoon.

CABLE NEWS

Via Montreal Line.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

London, June 21.—The defeat of the Irish Church Appointments Suspension Bill in the House of Lords is considered certain, but it is believed that the majority against the bill will be greatly reduced in consequence of the abolition of proxies.

Perth, June 21.—Prince Napoleon has left for Constantinople. It is believed that a visit to the Sultan is the main object of the present tour.

Trieste, June 21.—The last advices from Athens report that the Cretan representatives and exiles now in that city offered an address to the United States consul. On the occasion of presenting it the Cretans and the citizens of Athens assembled in large numbers before the offices of the American legation, and made enthusiastic demonstrations of gratitude for the friendship and sympathy of the United States people.

London, June 20.—Queen Victoria reviewed the British volunteers in Windsor Park, it being the thirty-first anniversary of her accession to the throne. Twenty-seven thousand men were under arms, and the scene was very brilliant.

The King of Prussia closed the Session of the North German Parliament with a pacific speech.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

London, June 22.—The report of the death of the Queen of Madagascar is confirmed. Romero succeeds her.

Gen. Napier and staff, and Prince Alfred have embarked at Alexandria for England.

Paris, June 22.—In the Corps Legislatif last week, while the subsidy to the general Trans-Atlantic Steamship Co., was under consideration, it was announced that Mr. Hereire had resigned the position of that line.

Antwerp, June 22.—A meeting occurred yesterday on the American clipper ship *Nerus*, while lying in this port, during which her officers were severely handled by the crew, and nearly overpowered. The police were notified and boarded the ship. A United States steamer, which was lying near by, sent some of her crew to the assistance of the *Nerus*, and after a desperate fight the mutiny was suppressed.

The anniversary of the death of Maximilian was solemnly observed at Lacker with religious and commemorative services, by the Arch-Duchess Carlotta and the royal family.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Via Montreal Line.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Terrible Steamboat Collision—Fearful Loss of Life.

Cleveland, June 21.—The steamer *Morning Star*, hence for Detroit, collided with the barque *Cortland*, 30 miles from here, last night at about 11 o'clock, and both were sunk. The total number of passengers of the steamer were forty, and of the crew thirty, and the crew of the barque numbered thirteen. About twenty persons are missing. The remainder were picked up by the steamer *R. Nye*. The officers were all saved, except Mr. James Morton, the clerk of the *Star*, who was seen to go down, with Mrs. Hackett, the wife of Captain Hackett, a passenger. Among the saved is Captain Harbottle, of Hamilton, Ontario. Among the missing are the two Misses Patchen, of Troy, N. Y. One of the boats of the *Star* is still out, and may contain other survivors.

Gen. Napier.

New York, June 21.—The *Herald* says that Gen. Napier had arrived at Alexandria, accompanied by the son of the late Emperor Theodorus.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

The Surratt Trial.

Washington, June 22.—In the Surratt case this morning, the District Attorney presented the new indictment, charging the prisoner with conspiracy, and stated that the court was ready to proceed. The indictment was read and Surratt pleaded not guilty. The prisoner's counsel said they were not disposed to proceed with a new indictment until the old one for murder was disposed of. The prisoner should be tried on that or be discharged. That was his right. The District Attorney claimed the right to select which of the enactments he would try. The court admitted this, but it had made an order to try the indictment for murder, and it was his opinion that the case should go on. It was unjust to keep Surratt in jail, as he had been tried once, and the jury stood eight for acquittal to four for conviction. The District-Atty gave us reasons for continuance—the absence of material witnesses, and he believed they were secreting themelves. The court did not then show reasons sufficient, and cited authorities. He concluded by deciding that the prisoner be discharged under the indictment for murder. It is understood, however, that he may be arrested again any time under the indictment. The District Attorney then moved for a trial on a charge of conspiracy, but the Counsel for the defence said their duty had been discharged, and that they had nothing to do under the new indictment. The case was then adjourned till Monday next. The bail was fixed at $20,000.

Arrival of Troops from Abyssinia.

The *Herald's* London special says that the first detachment of troops from Abyssinia has arrived at Plymouth. The last detachment has reached Alexandria, Egypt.

Philadelphia, June 22.—The new iron steamer *Fanita*, owned by the Lorillas, of New York, hence for Havana on the 6th inst, has not been heard from since her departure, and fears are entertained for her safety.

Two Fatal Cases of Sun Stroke.

New York, June 22.—Five cases of sun stroke occurred in this city on Saturday, and one in Brooklyn, two of which are proved fatal.

Chief Justice Chase and the Presidency.

The *Times'* special says, nowithstanding the fact that the leading Democratic paper has subtantially abandoned the advocacy of Chief Justice Chase, as a candidate for the presidency, as a number of his personal and political friends are still working industriously in his behalf, and the principal Democrats here have, within the past few days, been approached with suggestions regarding the platform on which Mr. Chase will run.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Unless you like your family to rusticate as far from you as possible during the summer—do NOT send them to the Caledonia Springs—they are too easily accessible. 773-3

Errors of Youth.—A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay and all the effects of youthful indiscretion will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertisers' experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence,
JOHN B. OGDEN, 43 Cedar Street New York

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

RENEWS THE HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR WHEN GRAY.

Renews the nutritive matter which nourishes the hair.

RENEWS THE GROWTH OF THE HAIR WHEN BALD.

Renews the brash, wiry hair to silken softness.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR DRESSING.

One bottle shows its effects.

R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H., Proprietors.

For sale by all druggists. 762dwd

Who is Mrs. Winslow?

As this question is frequently asked, we will simply say that she is a lady who, for upwards of thirty years, has untiringly devoted her time and talents as a Female Physician and nurse, principally among children. She has especially studied the constitution and wants of this numerous class, and, as a result of this effort and practical knowledge, obtained in a lifetime spent as nurse and physician, she has compounded a Soothing Syrup for children teething. It operates like magic—giving rest and health, and is, moreover, sure to regulate the bowels. In consequence of this article, Mrs. Winslow is becoming world-renowned as a benefactor of her race; children certainly do rise up and bless her; especially is this the case in this city. Vast quantities of the Soothing Syrup are daily sold and used here. We think Mrs. Winslow has immortalized her name by this invaluable article, and we sincerely believe thousands of children have been saved from an early grave by its timely use, and that millions yet unborn will share its benefits, and unite in calling her blessed. No mother has discharged her duty to her suffering little one, in our opinion, until she has given it the benefit of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. Try it, mothers—try it now—*Ladies' Visitor*, New York City.

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents a bottle.

Be sure and call for

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,"

Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations. 762-24-2m

Bronchitis, Coughs, Asthma,

And all disorders of the Throat and Lungs, are relieved by using "Brown's Bronchial Troches."

"I have been afflicted with Bronchitis during the past winter, and found no relief until I found your 'Bronchial Troches.'
C. H. Gardiner,
Principal of Rutger's Female Institute, New York.'

"Almost instant relief in the distressing labor of breathing peculiar to Asthma."
Rev. A. C. Eggleston, New York.

"It gives me great pleasure to certify to the efficacy of your Bronchial Troches, in an affliction of the throat and voice, induced by public singing. They have suited my case exactly, relieving my throat and clearing the voice so that I could sing with ease.
T. Ducharme,
Chorister French Parish Church, Montreal.'

'When somewhat hoarse from cold or over-exertion in public speaking, I have uniformly found Brown's Troches afford relief.
Henry Wilkes, D. D.,
Pastor of Zion Church, Montreal."

Sold by all dealers in medicines at 25 cents a box.

To Consumptives.—The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, free, by return mail, will please address, REV. EDWARD WILSON, Williamsburg, Kings Co., New York.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding he symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. Symptoms of Worms.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual waisting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., who are he sole proprietors.

N.B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* ☞ and take no other. ☜ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine deale eve where. 578y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

To-Night.

Skating Rink Music Hall.

G. W. Lester, - - - *Manager.*

Fifth appearance of the famous young English Comedian,

EDMUND COLES.

Fifth appearance of the Brillant

Miss Fanny Stocqueller,

Supported by the Dramatic Company, late of the Theatre Royal, Montreal.

TUESDAY EVENING, June 23rd, Goldsmith's World-Renowned Comedy,

She Stoops to Conquer!

Fancy Dance.............................Lena Warner.

To conclude with the popular farce of

POOR PILLICODDY!

No play can be repeated on account of the very limited engagement of Edmund Coles, and the series of novelties to be introduced.

Doors open at 7:30, and performance to commence at 8 o'clock precisely.

Prices of admission—Parquette 50 cents; Gallery 25 cents.

Tickets for reserved seats may be procured at the Music Store of Messrs. Orme & Son, and at the "Citizen" Stationery Establishment.
A. B. COLES, Business Agent.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 772d

New House to Let Cheap,

Enquire at Ashburnham Terrace: T. L. GOURLAY.
775a

St. Patrick's Asylum Pic-Nic.

Contributions to the Refreshment Tables will be thankfully received at Mr. Kavanagh's, Centre Town; Mr. Whelan's, Rideau-street; Mr. Caldwell's, Sussex-street; or at the Asylum. 775a

Board.

Two or three gentlemen can obtain Board in a Private Family, on Daly-street, by applying to X, Times Office.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775-3

St. Louis Hotel,
ST. LOUIS-STREET,
AND
RUSSELL'S HOTEL,
Palace-st.,
QUEBEC.

The above first-class Hotels are now open for the season.

Canadian Families

Visiting the Lower St. Lawrence for summer recreation, can either going or coming, be accommodated by the week or month, at rates similar to those charged at the watering places below. Apply by letter, or at the office.
770d WILLIS RUSSELL.

Grand Pleasure Excursion

Under the auspices of the

St. Andrew's Society,

OF OTTAWA.

A Pic-nic and Excursion, under the auspices of the above society, to the

Village of Buckingham,

Will take place

On THURSDAY, the 25th of JUNE, 1868,

Excursionists will leave the Queen's Wharf at 6:30 a.m., by the fine steamer "Queen Victoria," (Capt. Bowie,) and return the same evening—affording ample time to view the magnificent scenery in and around Buckingham.

An excellent Brass and String Band will accompany the excursionists.

Double tickets, $1.60 each; Single ticket 50 cts. Can be had at E. McGillivray's and Dalglish & Russell's, Upper Town; J. Durie & Son's, and Orme & Son's, Centre Town; J. Peacock's and Proderick's Confectionary, Lower Town; as well as from the members of the Committee of Management: Messrs. Fraser, Lees, MacGillivray, Sadler, Mann, Russell, McFarlane, Isaac, Peacock, Dalglish, Sutherland, Nicholson and Inglis.

By order,
J. P. ROBERTSON, Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775-2

Musical Academy.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

Ottawa Grammar School.

THE SEMI-ANNUAL EXAMINATION

Of the above institution will be held

ON THURSDAY, the 25th INSTANT,

Commencing at 9:15 a. m.

ON THE EVENING OF THE SAME DAY

THE PRIZES

Will be DISTRIBUTED, and SELECT PIECES of DECLAMATION will be given in the

BASEMENT OF THE WESLEYAN CHURCH,

METCALFE-STREET.

To commence at Eight o'clock.
Admission will be by ticket.
J. THORBURN, M. A., Rector.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775-2

Convent of the Grey Sisters,

OTTAWA.

THE DISTRIBUTION OF PREMIUMS

Will take place at the

CONVENT,

ON

THURSDAY, THE SECOND JULY,

AT

FOUR O'CLOCK IN THE AFTERNOON.

Reverend Clergy and Parents of the Pupils are respectfully requested to attend.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775 2

Take the Highest Premiums

AT THE

Paris Exposition

All kinds of Scales constantly on hand and for sale:

ALSO,

Baldwin's Alarm Money Drawers,

THE BEST NOW IN USE.

ALEX. WORKMAN & CO.,
775-2m Ottawa, Agents.

THE CORPORATION OF THE COUNTY OF CARLETON.

The following Resolution was adopted by the Council of the Corporation of the County of Carleton, during their recent June Session, and ordered to be published.

EDW. BEARMAN, C. C. C.

Moved by Mr. Dow, seconded by Mr. Fraser,

That the fourth and fifth resolutions of motion No. 15, passed by this Council at the Sessions thereof held in the month of January last, be, and the same are hereby repealed, and that in future every contractor, or other person legally authorized by this Council to supply the Gaol, shall keep a passbook, in which under the proper date the articles supplied shall be entered, and opposite the entry the gaol officials receiving the articles shall certify their receipt.

And that every tradesman, mechanic, or other person employed by this Council to work in the Gaol, shall keep a similar pass-book, and have his time or job, as the case may be, certified in like manner, and these pass-books, along with the accounts in duplicate, and properly certified, shall be laid before the Audit Committee at their quarterly Sittings.

And this Council do hereby further resolve that neither the Sheriff of this County, nor his Deputy, nor any other person or persons, excepting only the Warden of the County, the Gaol Committee of this Council, or its Chairman, shall have power or authority, on any pretence whatever, to order any article or thing on the credit of this Council, nor will this Council hold itself in any manner responsible for any article or thing furnished on any account whatsoever, excepting the same be furnished on the written order of the Warden, the Gaol Committee, or its Chairman, that all orders, resolutions and notices of this Council to the contrary, be, and the same are hereby repealed, and that the Clerk of this Council do give notice by advertisement of this resolution.—Carried.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775-3-26-1

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

Bog Oak Setts, Brooch and Ear Rings,

At 90 Cents the Set,

At Young & Radford's,
30 Sparks-street.

Young & Radford

Are Selling Bog Oak Setts at 90 cents,

Which have been sold as high as $2.00 per sett.

Young & Radford

Can Make to Order

All kinds of GOLD and SILVER JEWELLERY cheaper than the same can be bought retail.

Give us a Call

And be sure you remember the Place,

YOUNG & RADFORD'S,
30 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

For fine Bog Oak Brooches and Ear Rings, in setts,

See YOUNG & RADFORD'S new lot just received, and selling at the very low price of only 90 cents per set.

RADFORD'S
UMN.

TTS, BROOCH and
90 Cents the Set.

& Radford's,
30 Sparks-street.

ford
LING BOG OAK
cents,
n sold as high as $2.00

adford
E TO ORDER
OLD and SILVER JEW-
per than the same can be

A CALL
you remember the Place,

UNG & RADFORD'S,
30 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

e BOG OAK BROOCHES
AR RINGS, in setts,
UNG & RADFORD'S now be
d, and selling at the very low
y 90 cents per set.

"La Malediction."

GRAND

Theatrical Exhibition

BY THE

Students of Ottawa University,

ON BEHALF OF

THE CANADIAN ZOUAVES,

ON THE

TWENTY-THIRD OF JUNE.

TICKETS, - - - - 25 Cts.
Doors open at 8 o'clock p. m.

Ottawa, June 13, 1868. 767td

HURRAH FOR

The St. Jean Baptiste's Day!

Grand Pic-Nic

AT

WRIGHT'S GARDENS,

HULL LANDING,

On Wednesday, 24th inst.

AMONG THE

Amusements of the day there will be Tight Rope Walking, Dumb Bells, Heavy Weights, Quoits, Swings, etc., etc.

This gadren has been thoroughly improved and repaired, and is the best garden in the Dominion for the comfort of the visitors.

Refreshments may be had on the ground.

The Music shall be conducted by M. K. Fehr.

Admission, 25 cents.

Children accompanied with parents free.

A good platform and stair from McKay's corner to the ferry; every body is expected to come.

P. LARIVIERE,
774-3 Proprietor.

IF YOU

WANT ANY

BOOTS OR SHOES,

CALL AT

Angus & Huckell's

—GREAT—

Boot & Shoe

EMPORIUM,

15,

SUSSE X-STREET

Whyte's Brick Block.

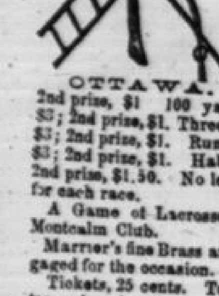
Ottawa, June 18. 666y

FOURTH GRAND

ANNUAL PIC-NIC

OF THE

Sapper's Fire Company, No. 1.



UNDER the patronage of the St. Jean Baptiste Society, to be held on WEDNESDAY, the 24th instant, at the BELLEVUE GARDENS, Hull.

Races and other usual athletic sports will take place. Prizes will be awarded in the different games.

Races. 100 yards, 1st prize, $3; 2nd prize, $1. 200 yards, 1st prize, $3 2nd prize, $1. 300 yards (hurdles), 1st prize, $3; 2nd prize, $1 100 yards, (for boys), 1st prize, $3; 2nd prize, $1. Three Standing Jumps, 1st prize, $3; 2nd prize, $1. Running High Leap, 1st prize, $3; 2nd prize, $1. Half-mile Race, 1st prize, $4; 2nd prize, $1.50. No less than four entries to run for each race.

A Game of Lacrosse will be played by the Montcalm Club.

Marrier's fine Brass and Quadrille Bands are engaged for the occasion.

Tickets, 25 cents. To be had from the Committee and at the door.

Refreshments can be had at reasonable rates on the ground.

Managing Committee—Lieut. J. B. Doucet, Jas. Smith, Toussant Groulx and Israel Moreau.

X. GROULX, D. ROY,
Secretary. Captain.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Ottawa, June 16. 769td

STATIONERY.

J. DURIE & SON have just received from the best English and Canadian Manufacturers a large stock of

BLANK BOOKS

Of every description, also Receipt Books, Order Books, Blank Note Books, Time Books, Bill Books, &c.

Memorandum Books, Pocket Ledgers, Cash Books, Pocket Books, Clerks' Check Books.

Post and Foolscap Copying Letter Books and Tresses Copying Ewers, and Brushes.

A splendid lot of Glass and Pewter Inkstands; a few extra large size suitable for Bank use.

Windsor and Newton's Solid Sketch Book.

Antoine's Celebrated Violette Copying Inks.

The Waverly Pen; the best Pen in use.

Postage and Bill Stamps.

For sale by
J. DURIE & SON,
498y 19 Sparks-st., opposite the Russell House.

Pickles, Sauces, &c.,

JUST RECEIVED DIRECT FROM

CROSSE & BLACKWELL, London,

Ex ship "Ardmillan," the following:

125 DOZ. MIXED PICKLES,
35 DOZ. Gerkins,
35 DOZ. Onions,
35 DOZ. Chow Chow,
30 DOZ. Piccolili,
25 DOZ. Walnuts,
20 DOZ. Cauliflower,
15 DOZ. Imperial Hot,
15 DOZ. West India,
15 DOZ. Capt. White's Oriental

Reading Sauce,
King of Oude Sauce,
Harvey do.
John Bull do.
Kalos Ceusis do.
Soyer's do.
Worcestershire do.
India Soy.
Essence of Anchovies,
Essence of Shrimps,
Mushroom Ketchup,
Walnut Ketchup,
French Capers,
Chili Vinegar,
Tarragon Vinegar,
Raspberry Vinegar,
Olives,
Bottled Fruits, an assortment,
Raspberry Jam,
Strawberry do.
Damson do.
Gooseberry do.
Red Currant do.
Black do. do.
Red do. Jelly.
Black do. do.
Crystallized Fruits,
Fruits in Noyeau,
Preserved Ginger in Jars and 1 lb. Pots,
Currie Powder,
Anchovy Paste,
Potted Ham, Beef and Tongue,
Potted Yarmouth Bloaters,
Strasbourg Potted Meats,
Soup and Bouillé,
Mock Turtle Soup,
Mulligatawny Soup,
Hare Soup,
Jugged Hare,
Pheasants in Gravy,
Grouse in Gravy,
Partridge in Gravy,
Paté de Foie Gras,
Paté D'Alouettes,
Paté de Cailles.

ALSO,

A large lot of Keen's Celebrated Mustard in half lb. and 1 lb. tins.

BATE & Co.,

52, SPARKS-ST.

June 8, 1868. 762d

ARNOLDI'S
WINE AND SPIRIT VAULTS,

11 Metcalfe-st., Telegraph Co's Building,

OTTAWA,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL, FOR CASH ONLY

Dekuyper's Red Cases, Gin, 15 bottles	$9 00
" Green, " " per doz	4 80
Booth's London Gin	7 20
Bernard's and Thompson's Gin "	6 00
Green Seal Champagne "	12 00

AND UPWARDS.

PORT WINES—Graham's, Sandeman's, &c.

	Per Gall.	Per Doz
No. 1 Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2 "	3 00	8 75
" 3 Old	3 50	10 00
" 4 Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine old	5 75	15 50

SHERRIES—Domecq's, Pemartin's, &c.:

No. 1 Superior Light table Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2 Extra do	3 00	8 75
" 3 Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4 Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine	5 50	15 00

Single sample bottles at above rates.

Also, of Standard Brands, in wood or bottle, old and new, Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch and Canadian Whiskies.

Canadian Ale, in wood or bottle.

Guinness' Porter, pints and quarts. Hibbert's Porter, pints and quarts. Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, pints and quarts.

Clarets, Hocks, Sauternes, Curacao, Maraschino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., &c.

Purity in all cases guaranteed, and goods marked at the lowest quotations.

Orders by mail with cash, promptly attended to Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.

NOTICE.

The subscriber would intimate to those of his customers with whom current accounts may have been opened that it is his intention to take advantage of any irregularity in their payment to close them in order that he may conduct his business totally on the *cash principle*, which has been found to work much more satisfactorily for both the buyer and seller in every branch of trade in which it has been tried, and relying on quality of his goods and the prices charged for them (which will always be as low as they can honestly be sold for) he solicits a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

K. ARNOLDI,

Dealer in the better qualities of Wines, Spirits, &c., Metcalfe-street, Telegraph Co's Building, Ottawa.

Price lists on application or sent to any address.

April 21, 1868. 535y

BOOK AGENTS WANTED.

To solicit orders for the

Origin and History of the Books of the BIBLE,

By PROF. C. E STOWE, D. D. A fresh work by one of the most thorough authors. There is no book to compare or compete with it. 40,000 copies sold already by agents.

Experienced agents and others wanted to introduce the work to every family.

Apply, with stamps for answer, to
MACLEAR & CO.,
General Agents,
Pro. Ontario.

11 King-street,
Toronto. 774-3

TORONTO HOUSE, Sparks-st.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has at present several commodious and handsomely furnished suites of apartments, in every respect eligible for civil or military officers, or private gentlemen remaining in the city.

Ottawa, June 20, 1868. 773tf

Auction Sales

BY J. BERMINGHAM.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET.

A large and well FURNISHED HOUSE, or four Bedrooms, Sitting Room and Drawing Room of same, in a healthy and respectable locality, within three minutes walk of the Government Buildings. For particulars apply to J. BERMINGHAM, House and Land Agent, Dominion Auction Mart, Sussex-st.

Ottawa, June 4, 1868. 759tf

FOR SALE!

THAT Splendid First-Class

HOTEL,

IN THE

CAPITAL OF THE DOMINION!

KNOWN AS THE

REVERE HOUSE,

And at present leased at a rental of $2,000. It is one of the best buildings in the city. Its length is one hundred and six (106) feet by forty (40) feet wide, built of stone, with cut stone front and tin roof. The house contains fifty bedrooms, five parlors and dining room, with bar, kitchen and laundry attached. There is a new Brick Stable, sixty-six (66) by thirty (30) feet, capable of stabling forty Horses, a large yard and outbuildings; also a vacant lot, which the purchaser can have if required to enlarge. The premises are in excellent order, being only five years built. Very lately a sum of $2,000 was expended improving the building. For a first-class hotel, or Military Quarters, it cannot be equalled in the city.

TERMS EASY, and made known free of charge, by letter or otherwise, on application to

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer,
Commission and Real Estate Agent.

Ottawa, June 3, 1868. 758d

Dominion Auction Mart,

AND

Commission Sale Rooms
House, Land & General Agency,
OFFICE & SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-STREET,
OTTAWA.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city:

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq. M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq. M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq. M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq. M P
James O'Rielly, Esq. Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq. Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq. M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
753y House, Land and General Agent.

Storekeepers, Farmers and Others,

SHOULD BUY THEIR TEAS FROM

The Importers Direct.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY, 6, Hospital-street, Montreal, have sent over one thousand packages to different parts of the country, and receive every day assurances that the Tea gives entire satisfaction. Subjoined are a few of the numerous testimonials already received:

RUSSELL HOTEL, Quebec, Jan. 7, 1867.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the six chests of Tea forwarded some time since arrived in good order. The quality is pure and excellent, and prices cheap. As I am particular in buying the best quality of Tea to be had for our guests, I am pleased to acquaint you that it gives general satisfaction. Your obedient servant,

WILLIS RUSSELL.

FELCOMB, Dec. 23, 1867.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the Oolong Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto, who informs me he considers it as good as that he was using for which he paid one dollar per lb. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz., at 75 cents per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant,

JNO. T. DAY.

HOUSE OF SENATE, Ottawa, December 16, 1867. Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the box of English Breakfast and Young Hyson Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. You may expect my future orders. Yours, &c.,

S. SKINNER.

COBOURG, January 8, 1868.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, I beg to inform you that the two boxes of Tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box, or 20 lbs., at same price, and oblige yours, &c.,

F. OLIVER.

The contributors to the *Medical Journal* have frequently declared that one-half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have carefully selected and imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure and free from poisonous substances, in 50, 25, 20, 15 and 12 lb. boxes.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c 50c.; Fine Flavoured New Season, do; 55c 60c and 65c; Excellent Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c; Very Fine, 60c; Finest, 65c 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay common, 38c; Fine do, 55c; Young Hyson, 50c, 60c, 65c and 70c; Fine do, 75c; Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1.00; Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

All orders for 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular sent equally cheap. The Company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much, two or three clubbing together could divide. An excellent mixed Tea could be sent for 60c to 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order or enclosed notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man where there are express offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
6, Hospital-street, Montreal.

All boxes sent from this establishment have the Company's name printed on them.

Montreal, March 4, 1868. w101y

FURNISHED Apartments Wanted.

Wanted, by a brother and two sisters, THREE FURNISHED ROOMS, with use of Kitchen, or part of a Furnished House, on, or in the vicinity of, the Richmond Road, Ashburnham Hill, or Albert-street. A liberal compensation will be allowed for use of above till 1st May next. Address—A. B., this office.

Ottawa, June 20, 1868. 773-3

GREAT SUCCESS

OF THE

Removal Sale.

ALL THE GOODS FROM THE Wholesale Department brought forward, and re-marked at clearing prices.

SEVERAL CHOICE BARGAIN LOTS, Will be offered TO-DAY.

ONE LOT OF 20 PIECE MARL POPLINETTES, This season's importation, worth 40 cents, will be sold for 25 cents.

ANOTHER LOT, SIMILAR STYLES, Will be marked 16 cents. These are all well worth 30 cents.

500 YARDS STRIPED EARLSTON GINGHAMS, That cost the importer 22 cents, will be laid on the counter at 12½ cents.

ANOTHER choice lot of Double Width CHALLIE and ALPACCA DRESS GOODS, At 11 cents and 12½ cents, well worth double the money.

ONE CASE OF PRINTED MUSLINS, Fast colours and choice patterns, at 10, 12, 12½, 16 and 17 cents per yard, are value for 50 per cent more, only they arrived too late in the season.

A JOB LOT of WHITE BRILLIANTS PIQUES and MARSEILLES, At very low prices.

50 PIECES WHITE GROUND PRINTS and PRINTED BRILLIANTS, From 15 to 21 cents per yard.

ANOTHER BALE WHITE SHIRTINGS, At the reduced rates, will be brought forward to-day.

80 DOZEN MORE of THOSE CLEAR CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS, At the same prices as gave such satisfaction the last two weeks.

10 PIECES WHITE GROUND FRENCH DELAINES, With coloured spots for Children's Dresses, at 25 cents per yard, usual price, 40 cents.

SEVERAL HUNDRED DOZEN OF WHITE and COLOURED COTTON HOSE, Brought out from the Wholesale Department, to-day, and marked very cheap.

NOTWITHSTANDING The great rush we have had the stock is still well assorted, and many goods have been still further reduced in prices.

Magee & Russell.

Ottawa, June 17, 1868. 707y

FOR SALE

AT THE

MONTREAL WAREHOUSE

800 BUTTER TUBS, in good order.

J. MARTIN & CO.

10,000 LBS. MAPLE SUGAR.

J. MARTIN & CO.

50 CASES ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

J. MARTIN & CO.

HERRINGS, PORK, FLOUR, BUTTER, CHEESE.

657v J. MARTIN & CO.

Coffee! Coffee!

TO those who enjoy a Cup of

REALLY FINE COFFEE

—TRY—

BUCHANAN'S

Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha, JAVA & JAMAICA, Roasted and Ground

Daily on the premises, by steam power.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

May 11, 1868. 739tf

In Chancery.

DAVIS *vs.* EMSLIE.

In pursuance of the Decree in this cause dated the 8th JANUARY, 1867, and the final order for sale herein dated the 30th MAY last, there will be sold with the approbation of the Master of this Court, at OTTAWA, by PUBLIC AUCTION, by HECTOR McLEAN, at his Auction Rooms, Sparks-street, in the City of Ottawa, at twelve o'clock, noon, on WEDNESDAY, the 15th JULY NEXT, the following Real Estate, viz:

All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate lying and being in the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, containing by admeasurement one hundred acres, be the same more or less, being composed of the North Half of Lot Number Sixteen, in the Fifth Concession of the said Township of Nepean, Rideau Front.

The said land is well adapted for farming purposes, and lies on the east side of the main road from Ottawa to Richmond; about sixty acres of it are cleared and under cultivation, and it is situated amongst the best lands in the County of Carleton. It is fifteen miles from Ottawa, and five miles from Richmond and the River Goodwood, a constantly flowing stream passes through the centre of it.

One-tenth of the purchase money is to be paid down by the purchaser to the Vendor or his Solicitors at the time of sale by way of deposit, and the balance on or before the 1st AUGUST next: upon payment of which he will be entitled to a conveyance, and let into possession.

In other respects the conditions of sale are the standing conditions of the Court of Chancery. The deed from the late Alexander Emslie to the Plaintiff will be produced at the time of sale.

All parties to the suit, with the exception of the Vendor, are to be at liberty to bid.

Further particulars, and conditions of sale, may be had at the Offices of the said Master and MESSRS. LEWIS, PINHEY AND WARD, Ottawa, and M. R. VANKOUGHNET, ESQ., and MESSRS. O'DONOHOE & WARMOLL, Toronto.

Dated this 13th day of June, 1868.

(Signed), JOHN WILSON,
Master at Ottawa.

LEWIS, PINHEY & WARD,
Vendor's Solicitors. 768td

A RARE CHANCE.

The undersigned having received direct from the manufacturers in Europe, a large consignment of

Dry Goods

with instructions to dispose of them at

LOW RATES!

Is now offering them to the public, and at an almost nominal advance on the makers' cost price.

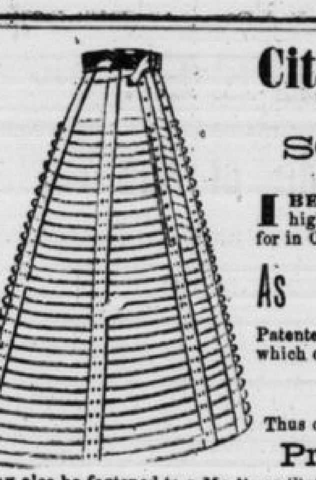
The stock consists of

1,000 yards of Carpets, of various kinds,
40 Handsome Hearth Rugs,
60 Summer Counterpanes,
24 White Marsala Quilts,
A large quantity of Toilet Covers,
Some Wool Table Covers,
And a large variety of other Goods.

The stock may be seen at the store of MESSRS. ANSELL & MICHAEL'S, Scott's Corner, Elgin and Sparks-street, opposite the Russell Hotel. Parties requiring articles of the above mentioned kind will find it to their advantage to call and inspect the goods at once, as the whole must be disposed of within a few days.

ANSELL & MICHAEL.

Ottawa, June 9, 1868. 763-3m



City Hoop Skirt Factory.

SOMETHING NEW.

I BEG to call the attention of LADIES to a new and highly desirable article which I have secured the Sole Agency for in Ottawa and vicinity. It is known

As Lesser's Patent Skirt Appendage!

Patented April 23, 1868, and consists of a SEPARATE TRAIL, which can be attached to an ordinary

Plain Hoop Skirt,

Thus converting it into a graceful

Promenade or Evening Skirt!

It may also be fastened to a Muslin or Stuff Petticoat with the same result. It can be folded into very small compass, and must readily recommend itself to every Lady, combining, as it does, Grace, Elegance and Comfort. To be had wholesale and retail. All styles of Skirts on hand. Corsets, Hosiery and Gloves, Parasols, &c., &c.

DAVID MILLAR,
456y 43 Sparks-st, Central Ottawa.

FAMILY MOURNING.

Every article connected with LADIES' and CHILDREN'S MOURNING, supplied by

GRANT & HENDERSON,

BLACK SILKS,	BLACK CRAPES,
BLACK PARAMATTAS,	BLACK REPPS,
BLACK COBURGS,	BLACK LLAMAS,
BLACK GRENADINES,	BLACK LUSTRES,
MOURNING MANTLES,	AND MILLINERY.

Grant and Henderson.

20 Rideau-street.
Ottawa, June 18. 522y

RETIRING FROM BUSINESS

Great Cheap Sale of Dry Goods!

As GEO. FEATHERSTON & CO.,

Intend winding up their business in AUGUST NEXT. They will from this date offer their large stock of

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,

At greatly reduced prices for cash as the whole must be disposed of by the 24th day of AUGUST. The following list of prices will satisfy all that this is a chance rarely to be met with, and will be for the benefit of every one to take advantage of.

Full width Prints from	4½d per yard.	Grey Cottons	from 4½d per yard.
Printed Muslins "	6d "	Silk Parasols	" 2s 6d each.
" Delaines "	4½ "	Hoop Skirts	" 10½d "
6-4 Alpacca Lustres"	7½ "	Canadian Full Cloth	" 2s 11dper yard.
Cobourgs "	9 "		

A large lot of Women's White Cotton Hose, from 4½d per pair. A lot of Summer Shawls from 11s 3d to 27s 6d, usual price from 17s 6d to 40s. A lot of cloths for Boy's Summer Wear, very cheap, and all other goods proportionately low.

Shop to Rent from 1st Sept. Next.

GEO. FEATHERSTON & CO.,
34 Sparks-street, Centre Town.
Ottawa, June 15, 1868. 768-2m

Great Clearing Sale of Dry Goods.

Cunningham & Lindsay

No. 14, RIDEAU-STREET,

WILL COMMENCE

ON MONDAY, the 15th INSTANT,

TO SELL THE BALANCE OF THEIR SUMMER STOCK OF

Millinery, Mantles, Shawls, Dress Goods, Prints, Muslins, &c.,

At Prices which must effect a Speedy Sale.

☞ *For Particulars See Circulars.*

Ottawa, June 12, 1868. 510y

BLYTH & KERR,

Successors to Chas. Garth,

No. 25, RIDEAU-STREET,

PLUMBERS, GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,
TIN & COPPERSMITHS, BELL HANGERS, &c.

All materials for the above branches kept constantly on hand.

Also, Importers and Dealers in House Furnishing Hardware.

Just received a well selected assortment of Fishing Tackle, Baskets, Bait, Reels, Lines, Flys, Rods, &c. Manufacturers of all descriptions of work for Water and Gas Works, Brewer's Distilleries, Mills, &c. Makes and fits up Galvanized Iron Cornices, Gutters, Conductors, Roofing, &c.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water or Warm Air, on the most approved principles.

Orders from the country will receive strict attention. 740y

Ladies Keep Cool!

BLACK AND WHITE LACE SHAWLS,
GRENADINE SHAWLS,
BAREGE SHAWLS,
BAREGE JACKETS
BAREGE & GRENADINE PROMENADE COSTUMES,
GRENADINES,
FRENCH & ENGLISH MUSLINS.

GENTLEMEN KEEP COOL!

BLACK ALPACCA COATS,
BUFF ALPACCA COATS,
LINEN COATS,
MARSEILLES VESTS

All in great variety, cheap, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S,

Wholesale and Retail.

Importers, 20 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 29, 1868. 484v

PIANOS. PIANOS.

JUST RECEIVED AT THE

London Music Store!

☞ Her Majesty's Theatre, ☜

Wellington Street,

A new and splendid assortment of

PIANOFORTES!

☞ UNION MAKE. ☜

Every PIANO from this establishment warranted for 5 years.

Also just received a new stock of

VICTORIA ORGANS and MELODEONS

VIOLINS, CONCERTINAS, GUITARS, &c., in great variety.

Second hand Pianos taken in part payment for new ones.

Connected with this establishment is a Piano Manufacturer, who will attend punctually to all orders for TUNING left at the London Music Store.

E. MILES,
Lessee of Her Majesty's Theatre

Ottawa, March 25, 1868. 551-39y

MOWING & REAPING MACHINES.

We have for sale, and are manufacturing, the lightest and most durable MOWING & COMBINED MOWING & REAPING MACHINE in use (no wood work), wrought iron frame, with wrought iron steel-plated guards. Price of Mower, $60; Combined, $85.

—ALSO,—

8 Horse-power Threshing Machines
20 Sets Threshers and Separators
10 Sets Double-Pinion Powers to match
10 Sets Treble Geared Iron Powers, known as the Watch Power.

Purchasers can have their choice of the Powers. These Machines are made in the most substantial manner and warranted. Price, complete, including Belts, Wrenches, &c., $250.

ALSO,

Two Horse Railroad Powers; 50 Sets of our new Double-Pinion Railroad Power Threshing Machines, complete. For ease upon the team, amount of work, and manner in which it is done, they have no equal.

ALSO,

Fifty Sets of our Common two-horse Machines, with improvements, which are so well known as to need no comment. Every Machine is warranted as recommended All of which will be sold at very low prices on reasonable terms Large discount for cash down.

E. & B. P. PAIGE,
Nos. 84, 86, 88 and 90 Wellington-street, at
June 17. 770-1-25-8 Montreal

TO BE GIVEN AWAY!

THE

Greatest Curiosity

OF THE DAY.

WILL BE PUBLISHED

On Thursday next, THE WONDERFUL ALMANAC for 306 years, a copy of which will be presented, FREE OF CHARGE, to every Lady and Gentleman applying at

The Ottawa Citizen,
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

SANSUM'S INTEREST & EXCHANGE TABLES.

A supply of this useful work just received and for sale at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen.
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

COPY BOOKS,

(Plain and with Head Line), EXERCISE BOOKS. A supply just received and for sale at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

PLAIN & FANCY STATIONERY,

All marked in plain figures, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

COUNTING HOUSE and SCHOOL REQUISITES,

At the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

MUSIC, MAGAZINES OR PRINTED BOOKS,

Bound in any style required, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

ENGINEERS' and ARTISTS' MATERIALS,

At the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

ACCOUNT BOOKS,

Memorandum Books, Pocket Books, Indexes &c., at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

WRAPPING PAPERS,

MANILLA, TEA and STRAW, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen,
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

STEEL PENS and PEN HANDLES,

Gillott's, Mitchell's and other makers, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

WRITING INKS,

Stephen's, Todd's Perth Office, &c., at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

LEAD PENCILS,

Faber's, Rowney's and others, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

BLANK BOOKS,

Manufactured to order, in any style of ruling and binding, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

BOOK and JOB PRINTING,

At the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS, authorised by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario. The prices are:

FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.

FIRST BOOK, part second, 54 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.

SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.

THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Thirty cents.

FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.

FIFTH BOOK, 50 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

A supply just received and for sale at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

☞ A liberal allowance to Teachers and Dealers.

TO BE GIVEN AWAY!

THE

Greatest Curiosity

OF THE DAY.

WILL BE PUBLISHED

On Thursday next, THE WONDERFUL ALMANAC for 306 years, a copy of which will be presented, FREE OF CHARGE, to every Lady and Gentleman applying at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

Ottawa, June 8, 1868 75?y

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

TIMES Office, Ottawa, June 22, 1868.

There is no change for the better in the markets nor any expectation of improvement until the new crops shall be brought in. The market prices for butchers' meat are for beef 11 to 17 cents. Mutton 10 to 12½ cents. Veal 9 to 12½ cents.

FLOUR—Extra	8 00	@	8 25
No. 1	7 00	@	7 25
No. 2	5 50	@	6 00
Bags—Fall per lb	4 00	@	4 25
" Spring	3 50	@	3 62½
Oatmeal—per barrel	6 00	@	6 25
Indian Meal	4 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 70	@	0 75
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 75	@	0 80
Buckwheat Flour—bbl.	4 50	@	5 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 75	@	1 80
"Spring " "	1 45	@	1 50
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 90	@	0 95
Peas " 60 lbs	0 75	@	0 80
Oats " 34 lbs	0 50	@	0 55
Beans " 60 lbs	2 00	@	2 25
PORK—Mess—per barrel	23 00	@	0 00
Prime Mess per do	16 50	@	0 00
Hog per 100 lbs	0 00	@	0 00
Hams	0 13	@	0 15
Beef	0 00	@	0 00
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 00	@	0 0
Lambs—per qr	0 00	@	0 0
Geese—Each			None
Ducks	0 50	@	0 00
Turkeys—Each	0 60	@	1 00
Fowl—Per pair	0 45	@	0 55
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 15	@	0 17
No. 1 Firkin	0 13	@	0 14
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 13	@	0 15
Hides	4 50	@	5 00
Apples—per brl	0 45	@	0 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	12 00	@	14 00
HAY—Per ton	0 00	@	3 5
WOOD—Per cord	0 00	@	2 00
Tamarac	0 00	@	2 00
Hemlock	0 00	@	2 00

Richmond Circuit Board

OF

PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

FOR THE

County of Carleton.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

That the above Board will meet

IN THE TOWN HALL

IN RICHMOND,

On Wednesday, the 8th day of July next

AND ALSO ON

WEDNESDAY,

The 9th day of December next,

At 12 o'clock, noon, for general business. Applicants for certificates of qualification are required to furnish the Board with certificates of moral character from either Local Superintendent or from a Clergyman of the denomination to which they respectively belong.

C. B. PETITT, M.A., Chairman.

J. HINTON, Secretary.

Richmond, May 21, 1868.

STOP and SEE!

THE following remarks on Testimonials of most extraordinary cures in Canada by the great Indian Remedy. They are stern undeniable and into testible facts, sufficient to the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound yeamed after for ages is now accessible in the

Great Snosnonees Remedy.

For diseases of the throat, lungs, liver, digestive organs, kidneys, &c., as well as scrotula, the various skin diseases, humors, and all diseases arising from impurities of the blood, we boldly state that this great remedy has never been equalled. Where was there ever such a cure as that in the person of Wesley Storms, of Brighton, C W, of consumption; or that of Peter C V Miller, of Kenestown, C W, of consumption; or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, C W, of dyspepsia and liver complaint; or that of John Rosey of Napanee, C W of rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, in spite of all treatment he etofore, and is now well? Scores of such cases might be mentioned had we space

☞ Call at the drug store and get a circular of unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees remedy and pills and satisfy yourselves.

Price of the Remedy in large pints $1.

For sale by all druggists and dealers in medicine. Agents for Ottawa—All the Druggists; Henry Simpson & Co., Montreal; Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle. 5wy

Another Wonderful Cure of Consumption in Canada.

MESSRS. YOUNG & CHAMBERLAIN,—Sirs, I feel it a duty I owe to you, as well as to the public, to inform you of the most wonderful cure of Consumption, accomplished in my person, by the use of the Great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills. I coughed a great deal day and night, expectorating large quantities of matter, and had a great pain about my left lung. I had cold chills every day, and severe night sweats every night, and between the racking cough and great sweating I was almost deprived of sleep; by these miseries, as well as the loss of appetite, I was so reduced that I could hardly stand alone. I was under the care of a physician for a length of time, but finding no relief, I tried different receipes, but all without any good effect. Squire Peterson of Bath, recommended me to use the Great Shoshonees Remedy; I procured three bottles at once, with the Pills; so soon as I commenced using it I began to get better, and when I had finished this complement, the Cough, expectoration of matter, pain about the lung, chills, sweating, &c., left me, and by continuing its use I became strong and healthy. It is now over two months since I quit the remedy, and I are have been no symptoms of the disease returning, and I have been, and am now, healthier and better than I have been for many years. I trust you will make this known to the public, that they may be aware of the peculiar virtues of this truly wonderful Indian Remedy.

PETER C. V. MILLAR.

Ernestown, Co. of Lennox & Addington, C W.

To all to whom it may come.—This is to certify that I have been acquainted with the above mentioned gentleman, Peter C. V. Millar, Esq., for many years and have known him always to be of the very highest respectability, and a very candid and creditable person; and I am confident that I can safely vouch for the truth of the above, or any other statement made by him.

Rev. W. F. S. HARPER, Rector of Bath, W

5wy

NEW STORE!

THE Store formerly occupied by W. D. WOOD, No. 38, in RIDEAU STREET, has been refitted by the subscribers, and will be opened on MONDAY, FOURTEENTH OCTOBER, with an entire new stock of

GROCERIES,

LIQUORS AND

HARDWARE.

WOOD & ROSSITER.

Ottawa, October 12, 1867. 15

FOR SALE.

LA BLACKSMITH'S SHOP AND TOOLS, together with TWO TOWN LOTS in the Village of Long Island Locks. Possession given on the 1st of August. For further particulars apply to DAVID HALL, on the premises, or by letter, post-paid.

June 4, 1868. 759-1-23-2m

PAIN KILLER.

The Great Family Medicine of the Age.

THE UNIVERSAL REMEDY for INTERNAL & EXTERNAL COMPLAINTS!

OUR FIRST PHYSICIANS USE AND RECOMMEND ITS USE!

It Enjoys the Largest Sale of Any Proprietary Medicine in the World!

THE PAIN KILLER

HAS been favorably known for more than thirty years, during which time we HAVE RECEIVED THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS, showing this Medicine to be an almost NEVER FAILING REMEDY for diseases caused by or attendant upon—sudden Colds, Coughs, Fever and Ague, Headache, Bilious Fever, Pains in the Side, Back and Loins, as well as in the Joints and Limbs; Neuralgic and Rheumatic Pains in any part of the system, Toothache and Pains in the Head and Face.

As a BLOOD PURIFIER and TONIC for the STOMACH, it seldom fails to cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Heartburn, Kidney Complaints, Sick Headache, Piles Asthma or Phthisic, Ringworms, Boils, Felons, Whitlows, Old Sores, Swelled Joints, and General Debility of the System.

It is also a PROMPT and SURE REMEDY for Cramp and Pains in the Stomach, Painters' Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint; Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Scalds, Burns, Sprains, Bruises, Frost Bites, Chilblains, as well as the Stings of Insects, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

☞ Directions accompany each bottle.

It has been tested in every variety of climate, and by almost *every nation known* to civilization. It is the almost constant companion and inestimable friend of the *Missionary*, and *traveller* should be without it. Like every other good thing, the Pain Killer has been extensively counterfeited, which, (while it is an acknowledgment on the part of the counterfeiters of its real worth,) is a serious hinderance to its usefulness, as the deceived purchaser estimates the value of the *Pain Killer* by the base compound he has purchased for the genuine article.

Purchasers should be careful and not allow the dealer to sell them worthless imitations, on which they realize a larger profit, but take only the *Pain Killer*, and see that it is the genuine, bearing the signature of Perry Davis & Son upon the label.

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by Druggists and Medicine Dealers, and Commission Merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers, and at Variety Shops generally throughout the world.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Manufs. and Props.,

74, High-st, Providence, R. I.,

380, St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. Q.,

17, Southampton Row, Holborn, London, E

40-1aw26wy

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864.

IN THE MATTER OF

WILLIAM N. BARRIE

AND

JOHN McMARTIN,

INSOLVENTS.

The Creditors of the above-named Insolvents are hereby notified to meet me at the OFFICE of Messrs. MORLAND, WATSON & CO., in the City of Montreal, on

Friday, the 26th day of June Next,

At the hour of ELEVEN o'clock in the Forenoon, for the ordering of the affairs of the Estate generally.

Dated at L'Orignal, this 8th day of June, A. D., 1868.

EDWD. F. DARTNELL, Assignee.

772d

SALE OF DEBTS.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864,

AND AMENDMENTS THEREOF.

In the matter of WILLIAM N. BARRIE, and JOHN McMARTIN trading under the name, style and title of WILLIAM BARRIE & CO., Insolvents.

PURSUANT

To an order made by JAMES DANIEL, Esquire, Judge of the County Court of the United Counties of Prescott and Russell, made on the Eighteenth day of MAY instant, I will offer for sale by Public Auction, on SATURDAY, the twenty-first day of JUNE next, at the office of Edward Taylor Dartnell, Esquire, at the Court House, in the Town of L'Original, the several debts due by Note, Book Account, or otherwise, due to the estate of the said Insolvents.

All debts exceeding $1·0 in amount will be sold separately. A list of the debts will be open to inspection at the office of the said Edward Taylor Dartnell, and free access given to all documents explanatory of such debts

Dated at L'Orignal, May 20th, 1868.

EDWD. FREWEN DARTNELL, Assignee.

570-1awtd

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864,

AND AMENDMENTS THEREOF.

In the matter of WILLIAM N. BARRIE and JOHN McMARTIN, Insolvents.

BY virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvents, and also under and by virtue of an order made by James Daniell, Esquire, Judge of the County Court of the United Counties of Prescott and Russell in that behalf, I will on FRIDAY, the twenty sixth day of June next, offer for sale by Public Auction, at the hour of ten o'clock, in the forenoon of the said day, at the office of Messrs. Morland, Watson and Company, in the City of Montreal, all the real estate and interest of the said Insolvent John McMartin, of and in the lands and premises in the Township of North Plantagenet, and County of Prescott, and Province of Ontario, hereinafter particularly mentioned and described. That is to say:

1st. All the real estate, interest and equity of redemption of the said John McMartin of what nature or kind soever, whether as devisee under the will of Alexander McMartin, deceased, or otherwise, of and in lot number nine, (9) in the fourth (4th) concession, old survey of the said Township of Plantagenet, East of the South Nation River.

2nd. All the real estate, interest and equity of redemption of the said John McMartin, of what nature and kind soever, whether as devisee under the will of the said Alexander McMartin, deceased, or otherwise, of and in Lot Number Ten (10), in the Fourth (4th) Concession, old survey of the said Township East of the South Nation River.

The said two lots are supposed to contain together 399 acres more or less.

3rd. All the real estate and interest and equity of redemption of the said John McMartin, of what nature and kind soever, either in his own right, or as devisee under the will of the said Alexander McMartin, deceased, or otherwise, howsoever, or and in at part of Lot Eleven, (11) in the said Fourth (4th) Concession, old survey of the said Township of North Plantagenet, known as McMartin's Saw Mills, with the privileges and appurtenances to the same belonging. Also of and in the premises known as the old Store, the large Store House, the large stable and premises connected therewith, also of and in the Dwelling House now occupied by the said John McMartin, and the outbuildings therewith connected, and lying and being in the Village of Plantagenet Mills aforesaid.

The said several premises will be sold subject to the several mortgages charged upon same, and the said mill and mill premises and other the premises last mentioned with their appurtenances will be sold subject to the interest of the said Insolvents as co-partners or of either of them therein mentioned or otherwise howsoever at the time of their insolvency for the residue of the unexpired term of fifteen years from the 1st day of December, 1865, and to the mortgagee thereon.

There is a rent of one dollar annually, payable during said term to the said John McMartin as devisee thereof, under the will of the said Alexander McMartin.

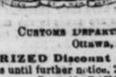
Terms—Cash.

For further particulars apply to Edward Taylor Dartnell, Esquire, L'Orignal, Solicitor for the Assignee, or to the Assignee.

Dated at L'Orignal, this 23rd day of April A. D., 1868.

EDWD. FREWEN DARTNELL, Assignee

726 1aw2m



CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, May 8, 1868.

AUTHORIZED Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 28 per cent.

R. S. M BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

SITUATION WANTED.

A Lady, who has good references, would desire a situation as HOUSEKEEPER to a Catholic Clergyman or private gentleman. Please apply at the TIMES office.

Ottawa, June 13, 1868 767a

FOR SALE.

A SELF-ACTING SODA WATER APPARATUS, with cylinders complete, cheap for cash. Apply to WILLIAM FRODERICK Queen-street, Ottawa. 687tf

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned will either sell or let for a few years his well known farm, being lot Twenty-five in the Fourth Concession of Gloucester, Rideau Front, 240 acres all cleared, and well fenced and in a good state of cultivation. Also, the one-half of lot Twenty-seven in the Third Concession, being in its natural state, all wood and excellent land. It is just the cross of two hundred acres from the corner of the one lot to the other. The railroad line runs within ten feet of the front corner of the one hundred and in sight of the two hundred for two or three miles. The Station at Cunningham's is scarcely a mile and a half from the front of Lot Twenty-five. The above farm is capable of keeping thirty head of milch cows, two span of horses, and as many young cattle as it would be proper to raise. Eight or nine years ago I kept twenty-two milch cows, and ten or twelve horses, and raised five or six calves every year. The above farm is about ten miles, from the door, to the limits of the City. The improvements cannot be surpassed for a farmer's purpose. The dwelling house is stone, 30 by 40, a story and a half over ground; and a cellar nine feet high, the one half used for a kitchen and the other half capable of holding 1,000 bushels of anything you wish to put into it; there is three small windows in it, and when cleaned in the Spring, makes an excellent milk house or dairy; there is a frame wood shed at the door, 60 by 24, with 14 feet taken off the one end for a coachhouse, and overhead for a storehouse; next to that is a stable 36 by 26, finished inside, complete with four large double stalls and two single ones, and good room for hanging up harness, and eat box; convenient to that is a barn 60 by 40, in which I have often put 1,000 bushels of grain in one year; connected with that is 200 and 20 feet of frame sheds, all 20 and 24 deep, under pinned with stone and lime from two to seven feet, according to level; on the north side of the house is another barn, 30 by 40, commonly filled with peas and oats. And if either tenant or purchaser has a desire for religious purposes you can lie in your bed and look at the bell tolling on the Catholic Church every Holy Day, and go to the front door and you will see the Presbyterian church, where the Rev. Mr. Lochs has preached for the last twenty-two years, and go to the back door and you will see both English Church and Methodist Church within two miles. The above farm would be a desirable situation for a young man wishing to give his attention to farming, as the Ottawa Market cannot be surpassed in the Dominion. I think that I can say that I have not sold one pound of butter under one shilling this eight years: if one went under two weeks ago. Some reader may ask what am I selling for, it is neither for want nor for want of anything, but I am in the seventieth year of my age, and has purchased of this lot seven hundred and fifty acres of land and all is paid for, and all my sons is settled on their own farms, so I would rather sit down and take my ease as I am attending to marketing and farming any longer. Persons wishing to get any information on any point from me can do so by addressing post-paid, JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr., South Gloucester.

JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr.

February 6, 1868. 799 6w12

NOTICE.

BOATS FOR PIC-NICS.—In order to prevent disappointment, and ensure punctuality, parties requiring Boats for Pic Nics between Ottawa and Hull, off the line of the regular ferry, to Bellevue Gardens or elsewhere, should apply to the undersigned direct, a couple of days in advance, instead of making arrangements with the proprietors of Gardens or other places of amusement. Parties infringing on the rights and privileges of the Ferry License will be prosecuted to the utmost rigour of the law.

JOSEPH SMITH.

Ottawa, June 12, 1868. 765a

MILES' HAIRDRESSNG SALOON

BELL'S BLOCK, ELGIN-ST.

THIS SALOON is fitted up in a neat and attractive manner and is always attended by competent and attentive workmen.

E. MILES, Hair Dresser, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General.

Ottawa, April 13. 715y

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD

PLANS,

SPECIFICATIONS,

ESTIMATES, &c.

Prepared by AUGUSTUS LAVER, ARCHITECT

Rideau-st. Ottawa.

April 1.

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

FAN OMNIBUS

Will leave the

RUSSELL HOUSE,

Every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 7 a.m., punctually, to carry passengers

FOR AYLMER

To connect with the Union Forwarding Railway Company's Steamers.

JAMES MULLIGAN.

Ottawa, May 16, 1868. 744tf

TABLES

FOR

Converting One Inch Lumber

AND

QUEBEC STANDARD

—TO—

Board Measure.

For Sale by J. DURIE & SON, Booksellers and Stationers, 10, Sparks-st., Ottawa.

June 5, 1868. 760a

Ice, Ice, Ice!

THE subscriber will furnish ICE DAILY to those requiring it for the Season. Double supplies on Saturday for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season, $6 00. Hotel and Steamers supplied with large quantities on liberal terms, as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted.

All orders left at KAVANAGH'S RESTAURANT, or at the subscriber's, will be strictly attended to.

F. STARMER, 126, Rideau st.

Ottawa, May 14, 1868. 712d

BUSINESS STAND FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers FOR SALE his STORE and DWELLING in the Village of MARATHON, Township of FITZROY. Also, One Hundred and Thirty Acres of GOOD LAND, on which the store and outbuildings are erected. This is a splendid opportunity for any party with moderate capital, desirous of a good opening for a first-class country business.

Apply to ROBERT JOHNSTON, Marathon P. O.

721-17-6

SARSAPARILLION,

PAREIRA BRAVA.

Newly Discovered Virtues—Hidden for 300 years—The Discovery of the True Virtues of the Roots—Brought to Light and Made Manifest in

DR. RADWAY'S SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT.

By a new process recently discovered by Dr. Radway, for obtaining the active properties from vegetable substances.

SARSAPARILLIAN.

Pareira Brava.

Associated with other newly discovered Roots, enters into the composition of RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT; secures a remedial agent, that cures all forms of Chronic, Scrofulous, Skin, Glandular, Kidney, Bladder and Uterine Diseases, by communicating its curative, reparative and fruitful efficacy, through the BLOOD, SWEAT and URINE.

The ordinary Sarsaparilla decoctions and Syrups are mere washes, compared with the Sarsaparillian of the Resolvent. It is a well known fact that Sarsaparilla as ordinarily prepared either as officinally or as a proprietary remedy, never possessed the confidence of medical men, and all the reputation it enjoyed was deemed by well informed Chemists, Physicians, and medical writers to be due to other remedial agents associated with it.

The true curative virtues of Sarsaparilla for 300 years have laid hidden in the Crystalline principle of the Root. Under DR. RADWAY'S *New Process*, SARSAPARILLIAN is secured and brought to light, and associated with other ingredients, it unlols the most extravagant expectations and views of men. One ounce of Dr. Radway's Sarsaparillian contains more of the curative principle than ten pounds of the extracts from the crude roots, as prepared officinally or in the popular advertised Sarsaparillas.

PAREIRA BRAVA—Another of the ingredients of the Radway's Resolvent, held in high estimation by the most eminent medical men of Europe, South America and United States, as the best remedial agent for the diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, Uterus, and as a *lithontriptic* to *dissolving Calculi*, as a curative for Jaundice, Rheumatism, Leucorrhœa, etc., since 1663 has never been properly prepared. Under Dr. Radway's process, the Cissampaline principle of this valuable Root is secured, and associated with Sarsaparillian and other ingredients in the Resolvent, makes it a perfect cure in every form of disease of the Kidneys, Bladder, and Urinary Organs—Dropsy, Gravel, Incontinence, or Stoppage of Water, Diabetes, or Urinary Diarrhœa, and *every kind of weakening, irritating or purulent discharges, not proper to mention* in an advertisement, is rapidly cured by this remedy.

So quick does the Resolvent enter into the circulation, that it may be detected in the Urine *in ten minutes* after it has been taken. In many cases it has secured a free discharge of water—in cases where Catheters were formerly used.—Is not this a blessing?

BUCHU, Turpentine Juniperi, Gin, Copaiba, Cubebs, and other direct Diuretics, are in many cases hurtful. In Diabetes, Urinary Diarrhœa, Catarrh of the Bladder, Dropsy and in weakness or ulceration of the Kidneys, are unsafe to use as a continued remedy, and should never be given unless under supervision of a Physician, as the strait these direct remedies may produce on the Kidneys may, in the course of a few hours, require opiates, to change or modify their action; this fact is self-evident to any medical man, a component in Radway's Renovating Remedy like the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT, is the true remedy to use in these cases,—even as a diuretic.

Pareira Brava,

As prepared by Dr. Radway, an one of the ingredients of the Resolvent, is as superior to all forms of Buchu, etc., as rich cream is to watered milk.

Let all suffering from unnatural drains from the system—caused either by self-abuse, depraved habit of body—bad blood, impure association, weakness of the genital organs, or Skin Diseases, Scrofula, uncured Secondary Diseases, Syphilitic Ulcers, Chronic Diseases—not from Consumption of the Lungs, as well as degeneration of the Kidneys—Chronic Disease of the Liver, Spleen, etc., commence at once the use of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT. It commences its work of purification at once; it repairs the waste of the body, with new and healthy material. It restores functional harmony to every organ in the system, and secures the natural secretions of the proper constituents to each. Persons have been cured, and have children now living that were deemed incapacitated, by self-abuse etc., through the use of this remedy. Ask for Dr. Radway's **Sarsaparillian or Renovating Resolvent.**

PRICE.—$1 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $5.

W. M. MASSEY, Agent.

READ FALSE AND TRUE.—Send one letter-stamp to RADWAY & Co., 439 St Paul street, Montreal. Information worth thousands will be given you. Price of RESOLVENT SARSAPARILLIAN, $1 per bottle, or $ 0 per dozen 762b

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY, AND COURT OF SPAIN THE RIGHT HON. THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT MR. JOHN LESLIE, Sparks-street, Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity, For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*

H. & A. SAUNDERS, Montreal. Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion, for the sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa, May 29. 748y

NEW BOOKS.

Exodus of the Western Nations by Viscount Bury; Chronicles and Characters by Owen Meredith; Bacon and Shakespeare by the author of "Guy Livingston;" The Lost Name, a Novel; Farming for Boys; The New Dictionary of Quotations; The Huguenots by Samuel Smiles; Law and Lawyers—Curious Facts and Characteristic Sketches; Art and Artists, do.; Books and Authors, do.; Clergymen and Doctors, do.; Longfellow's Works Complete for 15 cents; The Waverley Novels, per vol., 15 cents; Cooper's Novels, per vol., 15 cents; Essays in Elia by Lamb complete for 15 cents; De Quincey's Confessions of an Opium Eater for 15 cents.

Bibles, Prayer Books, Church Services, just received from the Publishers, in the newest and richest patterns.

For sale by J. DURIE & SON, 10 Sparks-st., 498y Opposite the Russell House

PROFESSIONAL NOTICE.

MR. P. J. BUCKLEY HAS REMOVED HIS LAW OFFICE to the THOMPSON BLOCK, Corner of Sussex and York streets, adjacent to the offices of Horace Lapierre, Advocate and Counsel. Office Hours—From 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.

Ottawa, June 9, 1868. 763a

NOTICE.

MESSRS. ANGUS & SON, in retiring from the Undertaking Business, would beg to inform their friends and the public that they have disposed of their Hearses and stock in trade to Mr. Samuel Rogers, Cabinet Maker, who will in future attend to all orders in the Undertaking line, and they have much pleasure in recommending him to their many patrons and friends.

ANGUS & SON, Furniture Dealers, No. 22, Rideau street.

Ottawa, May 11, 1868.

UNDERTAKING.

IN reference to the above, S. Rogers takes this opportunity of thanking his numerous friends and customers for their very liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Cabinet and Upholstering Business, and would respectfully solicit in this new branch of his trade a continuation of their favors.

S. ROGERS, Cabinet Maker, &c., Rideau and George streets

Ottawa, May 11, 1868. 74 d

W. NOTMAN,

Photographer to the Queen

CORNER OF

WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS,

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his

Establishment will be Opened

—ON—

Monday Next, 3rd February

When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for all the different branches of Photography.

Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 582y

Local Government Notices.

TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS

Will be received, addressed to the undersigned, until NOON of

Monday, the 22nd Instant,

For the Erection of the

Lieutenant-Governor's Residence,

ON

THE GOVERNMENT GROUNDS,

On Simcoe and Kingsts., Toronto.

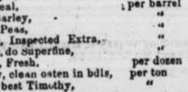
Plans and Specifications may be seen at this office, and at the offices of Messrs. Gundry & Langley, Architects, corner of King and Jordan sts., Toronto, on and after MONDAY, the 8th Instant.

The person to whom the contract may be awarded will be required to furnish satisfactory security for the due performance of the work, and to execute a contract approved by the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING, Commissioner of Public Works.

Parliament Buildings, Office of Public Works, Toronto, June 6, 1868. 762a



DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, ONTARIO.

To Contractors.

TENDERS

Will be received until noon,

Thursday, 25th inst.,

For the following works required for the completion of the wings to the Provincial Lunatic Asylum:

PLASTERER & GAS FITTER,

TINSMITH,

SLATER

The plans and specifications can be seen at the Department of Public Works, Parliament Buildings, between the hours of ten a.m. and 4 p.m.

Tenders to be addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed on the outside,

"Tenders for the proposed work at the Provincial Lunatic Asylum."

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING, Commissioner of Public Works, Ontario,

Department of Public Works, Parliament Buildings, Toronto, June 9, 1868. 765td

TENDERS

WILL BE RECEIVED

Addressed to the undersigned at the office of this Department until noon of

Tuesday, the 23rd instant.

For the supply of the following articles, all of which must be of the best description, and to be delivered at the Provincial Lunatic Asylum and at the Branch Asylum, Queen's Park, Toronto, in such quantities and at such times as may be required, for six months from 1st July to 30th December, 1868, viz:—

Tea, black and uncolored Japan,	per lb,	
Coffee, Roasted,	"	
Rice,	"	
Sugar, bright,	"	
Pepper, whole,	"	
Mustard,	"	
Starch,	"	
Indigo,	"	
Salt, Liverpool and American,	per brl.	
Shoes, Men's and Women's,	per pair.	
Oatmeal,	"	
Butter, first quality,	per lb	
Butchers' Meat, best quality,	per lb.	
Corn Brooms,	per doz.	
Scrub Brushes,	per pair	
Stacking,	per box	
Coal Soda,	per lb.	
Vinegar, White Wine,	per gallon	
Oatmeal,	per barrel	
Pot Barley,	"	
Split Peas,	"	
Flour, Inspected Extra,	"	
Flour, do superfine,	"	
Eggs, Fresh,	per dozen	
Straw, clean oaten in bdls,	per ton	
Hay, best Timothy,	"	

CORDWOOD—Sound seasoned Beech and Maple, of equal quantities, but not mixed, at 4 each kind, piled separately, and not more than twelve months felled; to measure four feet in length from point to scarp, to be delivered and piled as above, and at the Engine House, Garrison Common, per cord.

COAL—Also, for delivering during the months of July and August of 450 gross tons Lehigh Coal, of best quality, egg size, and screened, per ton. 100 tons Brier Hill Coal, of best quality, and mined this season, per ton; both sorts of coal to be subject to the approval of the proper officers of the Asylum. Weight of coal to the Chief Asylum to be determined by scales on the premises, and for the Branch Asylum at the city weigh scales.

Samples of the following articles to accompany tenders, viz, Tea, Coffee, Rice, Sugar, Pepper, Mustard, Starch, Indigo, Corn Brooms, Scrub Brushes, Blacking, Shoes and Boots.

The tender must express the rate in dollars and cents, and contain the actual signatures of two sufficient sureties, who will be required for the due performance of the contract on behalf of each person tendering, for the same.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

Further information respecting the contracts may be learned of the Bursar of the Asylum.

JOHN CARLING, Commissioner of Public Works.

Parliament Buildings, Office of the Public Works, Toronto, June 8, 1868. 765td

Railroads.

CHANGE of TIME

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and after FRIDAY, the 15th May, 1868, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA
Mixed, 7, 15 a. m.	10.35 a. m.
Express, 1.35 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 7 a. m.	9.25 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa hecked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principals stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

Ottawa, May 14, 1868. 1y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p.m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:20 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:10 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c. &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint saves time after those steamers are down east and west.

H. ABBOTT, *Managing Director.*

Brockville, April 11. 472y

Grand Trunk Railway Company

OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 3.30 A.M. Night Express at 7.30 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.50 A.M.

Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.

Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.

Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.

Express for Boston and New York, at 3.35 P.M.

Express for Portland (staying over at Island Pond) at 2.00 P.M.

Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Riviere du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Costicookemsky, at 10 10 P.M.

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

December 23, 1867 650tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET

TO LET.

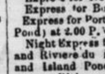
FOUR GOOD ROOMS over SHEPHERD'S GROCERY STORE, Murray st, between Sussex and Dalhousie-sts. Also, GOOD STABLES for thirteen horses. Rent moderate. Also a quantity of CEDARS for sale. Enquire of M. SHEPHERD, at the store.

Ottawa, May 20, 1868. 748

FOR SALE, on SANDY HILL, opposite Desbarats', LOT No. 32, Stuart street. Terms moderate. Apply to Mrs. TIERNAN, No. 2, King street opposite the Gas House.

Ottawa, May 4 1868. 734d

Two Dwellings to Let,



BEING the Upper part of E. MARTINEAU'S Clothing Store, Corner of Sussex and Clarence-streets.

Enquire at the Store. EUG. MARTINEAU.

Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 54

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.

NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; it has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ., Or JOHN HENRY, Esq., Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W

Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in the First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, or LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Jo2-141-tf

FARM FOR SALE.

FOR SALE Lot No. 15, 4th

The Times

VOL. III. NO 776. OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 24, 1868. PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valle issuing of the Daily over 2,000 ! and Weekly over 4,000 ! making a total circulation in the week over 18,000 ! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only,	$6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line,	8c
All subsequent insertions, per line,	2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.	
Yearly subscription to the daily (if paid in advance)	$5 00
If not paid in advance	6 00
Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance)	$1 00
If not paid in advance	1 50

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—*Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the* OTTAWA TIMES

Legal Cards.

MOSGROVE & TAILLON,

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. GEORGE TAILLON.
Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1868. 366-tf

R. J. WICKSTEED,

ADVOCATE, &c., 43, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 589-6m

N. TETREAU,

NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 6, 1867. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,

ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

D. O'CONNOR,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street.
OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa
February 7, 1866. 43-u

P. J. BUCKLEY, LL.B.,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Cusser's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House
Ottawa, March 30. 87-i

LEES & GEMMELL,

BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court house, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

J. P. MACPHERSON,

BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866.

NICHOLAS SPARKS,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

G. J. O'DOHERTY,

LAW, Chancery, and Conveyancing Office, Aumond's Buildings, Rideau street.
Ottawa, December 6, 1867.

Medical Cards.

A. CODD, M.D., C.M.,

(*Attending Physician General Protestant Hospital*)

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Four doors east of the Revere House, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
OFFICE HOURS—From 8 to 10 a. m, and from 2 to 3 p. m.
Ottawa, April 30. 730-3m

DR. CHESLEY,

OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 25 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30 447tf

DR. C. LEGGO,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,

DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,

DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

J. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)

SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 380y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,

DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY,

CORNER of Kent and Wellington Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 43utf

DR. O. C. WOOD,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, with out the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-100-y

Hotels and Saloons.

MATHEWS' OLD STAND,

YORK-STREET,

WILL BE OPEN for the accommodation of the public on THURSDAY, 12th of March, 1868. The subscriber having again resumed business in his old stand as hotel-keeper, wishes to return thanks to his numerous friends and the public for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on him, during the past seventeen years, and hopes by strict attention to business, and kindness to all, to share a portion of public patronage. His Larder will be always supplied with the best the market affords. His Bar will be supplied with the best of Liquors and choicest Cigars.
T. MATHEWS, Proprietor.

N. B.—The house has been thoroughly renovated and newly furnished.
Ottawa, March 11, 1868. 688tf

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,

LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec

REVERE HOUSE, OTTAWA,

G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, } PROPRIETORS.

THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867 582tf

THE ALBION HOTEL

NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1866. 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN

LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN

Aumond's Block,

Rideau Street Ottawa.

P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

TORONTO HOUSE,

SPARKS STREET.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has a few Commodious Suites of Apartments to Let, handsomely and comfortably furnished.
Gentlemen attending the Session of Parliament will find at the Toronto House most convenient quarters, where the quiet of the private family is combined with the usual attendance to be found at the best hotels.
Ottawa, Feb. 25, 1868. 675tf

DOMINION HOUSE,

WELLINGTON STREET.

THE undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.
Ottawa, March 26. GEORGE IRVINE. 658y

SMITH & RODNEY

MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from Eaton's Gilding Store, having just received a choice stock of

English, French and Canadian

CLOTHS and TWEEDS,

And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1, 1867. 551tf

A. MORTIMER,

BOOKBINDER

AND

Blank Book Manufacturer,

26, METCALFE-ST., OTTAWA.

HAVING every facility in the way of first-class Machinery, and employing none but first-class workmen, I am prepared to turn out every description of Binding in as good a style of workmanship as any other establishment in Canada.
A. MORTIMER, Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, Feb. 6. 384y

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS, Toronto, May 28, 1868.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT Charles Westley Lount, of Bracebridge, in the Township of Macauley, in the District of Muskoka, Esquire has been appointed Agent for the disposal of public lands in the Townships of Morrison, Muskoka, Draper, Macauley, Stephenson, McLean, Brunnel, Monck and Watt, in the District of Muskoka, in the place of Richard Jose Oliver, Esquire, whose services have been dispensed with.
Applications for lands open as Free Grants in the above mentioned Townships, must also be made to Mr. Lount.
S. RICHARDS, Commissioner.
Toronto, May 29, 1867. 758-tf

TO LET.

A GOOD BUSINESS STAND at the Chaudiere Flats. Apply to
JOHN ASHFIELD.
June 15, 1868. 768a25-1

Druggists.

THE MEDICAL HALL

Soda Water and Ginger Ale Factory,

23 Great St. James-street, Montreal,

OPPOSITE the POST OFFICE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS

Beg to intimate to their patrons that they have commenced the manufacture of Ærated Waters of every description, and on the most extensive scale.
Particular attention will be paid to the preparation of "Belfast Ginger Ale," a beverage first introduced into this country by our Mr. BROWN, who alone possesses the original receipt, and who has also taken out a TRADE MARK for the same.
The proprietors believe their Ærated Waters will be superior to any others at present prepared in Montreal, for the following reasons, viz:—
1st. The employment of the most improved machinery the United States can produce.
2nd. The application of strictly scientific principles to the details.
3rd. Extra care given to the chemical purity of the articles used in the different processes.
4th. The possession of chemical knowledge, without which it is simply impossible to produce Ærated Waters in perfection.
The following Waters and Beverages are the principal ones prepared at the MEDICAL HALL FACTORY: Belfast Ginger Ale, Lemonade, Sarsaparilla, Winter Beverage, Summer Beverage, Soda Water, Seltzer Water, Potash Water, Kissengen Water, Vichy Water.
KENNETH, CAMPBELL & CO., Apothecaries to H.R.H. the Prince of Wales.
W. M. MASSEY, Agent for Ottawa, 472y

Spectacles for all Sights.

OPTICAL Instruments Electro-Magnetic and Galvanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.
W. HEARN, Market Drug Store, York-street.
637y

Miscellaneous.

D. CODD & CO.,

PATENT AGENTS, SOLICITORS, &c. Drawings, Specifications, Models, and all other business in connection with the procuring of Letters Patent of Invention, attended to at the shortest notice.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 741-6m

I. B. TACKABERRY'S

AUCTION ROOMS, No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any part of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS

PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-

H. McLEAN'S

AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1865. 1-y

B. BILLINGS, JR.,

ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O & P R W 740tf

S. CHRISTIE,

COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,

EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 6. 378y

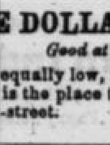
HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,

WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.
WILLIAM HOLGATE, JOHN OLIVER, WILLIAM ANNABLE.
506y

R. H. McGREEVY,

CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

LADIES CALL AT THE CAPITAL

Boot and  Shoe Store!

YORK-STREET.

For Cheap Gaiters

AT

ONE DOLLAR A PAIR!

Good at 95 cents.

Men's ware equally low, in every variety of style
This is the place to buy cheap at the "Capital," York-street.
429y GEORGE MURPHY.

VICTORIA

FURNITURE WAREROOMS.

GEORGE ARMSTRONG, Corner Victoria Square and Craig-street, Montreal, solicits a call from the Citizens of Ottawa about to furnish, who may visit Montreal to his very large and varied stock of FURNITURE which he will sell at greatly reduced prices for cash. The Parlor Furniture is of the best quality and latest designs, either plain or handsomely carved, in Walnut, oil finished or polished.
His Sideboards, Bookcases, Chamber Sets, Hall Furniture, &c., are worthy of attention.
Hair Mattrasses and Bedding of all description constantly on hand, or made to order, at the shortest notice. Call and examine for yourselves.
"Patent Sofa, with reclining arms, of a very superior make."
N.B.—Sole Agent in the Dominion for the sale of G. A. FISKS' Air-Tight Metallic Casket. 712-3m

Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale.

THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

Fine Bottled Ale!

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

Scotch Irish, Old Rye

And other Malt Whiskies,

Ports, Sherries, Brandies Gin, &c.,

Together with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A Call kindly Solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street, Opposite Allan's Crockery Store
Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank Street, Centre Town,

Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

OTTAWA CROCKERY STORE

NEW GOODS.

JUST received ex S. S. "Demascus," 10 Hhds. of the finest English Glassware, selected expressly for the retail trade, comprising

CUT and ENGRAVED	
CHAMPAGNES,	PORT and SHERRY WINES,
LIQUEURS, do	CLARETS, GOBLETS,
FINGER BOWLS, do	CALF FOOT JELLIES,
CLARET JUGS, do	TALL TUMBLERS,
FRUIT DISHES, do	DECANTERS,
BUTTER COOLERS, do	CELERY VASES,
do	CARAFFS, &c., &c.

And a choice lot of delicate Straw Stem Wines, in Ports, Champagnes, Clarets, Sherries, Liqueurs, &c. All the above articles match in shape, pattern, &c., and are the best glass procurable in England.

W. ALLAN,
51 RIDEAU STREET, (opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.)
Ottawa, June 6, 1868. 574y

CRICKETING GOODS,

CROQUET, FISHING TACKLE

FOILS,

Masks & Boxing Gloves

AT THE

Sheffield House, Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 5, 1868.

1868. MAY. 1868.

J. A. PINARD & CO.,

ARE NOW SHEWING

New Dress Goods,

A good value in Striped, all Mohair, for 6d per yard.

New Prints,

A good variety of Patterns at 6d per yard.

New Grey Cottons,

A good Cotton, 40 inches wide, for 7d per yard.

New White Cottons,

A good heavy made Cotton for 6d per yard.

The Tailoring Department is replete with all the novelties of the season.

Cash buyers will find it their advantage to visit the above before purchasing e lsewhere

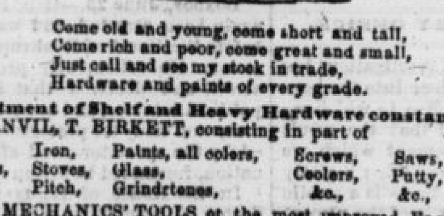
J. A. PINARD & Co.,
No. 17, Sussex-st., *Sign of the Golden Ball.*
Ottawa, May 5, 186 . 16y

HARDWARE, HARDWARE!

—AT—

Thomas Birkett's,

SIGN OF THE ANVIL,
No. 24 No. 24
RIDEAU STREET.



Come old and young, come short and tall,
Come rich and poor, come great and small,
Just call and see my stock in trade,
Hardware and paints of every grade.

A Complete Assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware constantly kept on hand at the SIGN of the ANVIL, T. BIRKETT, consisting in part of

Butts,	Axes,	Iron,	Paints, all colors,	Screws,	Saws,	Tin,	Oils,
Locks,	Ropes,	Stoves,	Glass,	Coolers,	Putty,	Bolts,	Chains,
Nails,	Coal,	Pitch,	Grindstones,	&c.,	&c.,	&c.,	&c.

Also a complete stock of MECHANICS' TOOLS of the most improved English and American manufacture.
Then Come and Examine my Stock,
A duty never shirk it,
And satisfaction will be got
In business with T. BIRKETT.
Don't forget the place—THOS. BIRKETT, Sign of the Anvil, No. 24, Rideau-street.
P. S.—All Goods delivered Free to any part of the city. 408y

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE

WERE AWARDED THEIR 67TH

Prize and Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

Great rapidity, Simple Machinery, quiet in action, easy to operate, price from $47. *Prospectuses, and instructions gratis.*

G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa. and 105 King-st., West, Toronto.
Sole Agent for Ontario.
The "HOWE" SEWING MACHINES are the best for Carriage Trimmers, Harness Makers, Boot and Shoe Makers, are the best Shuttle Machine for Tailors, Dressmakers, Families, etc., etc. Price from $50. Prospectus free and instructions gratis.
479 43y R. W. STEPHEN, 37 Sparks-street, Ottawa.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT! 35, SUSSEX St. H. MEADOWS & CO.

WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall Stoves, for wood or coal we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.

Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW OVEN STOVES.

BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.

Suitable for private Dwellings and Churches Warehouses and Stores

PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.

New and most beautiful designs, very cheap.

COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES. Hot Air Furnaces.

We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE, RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with Stovepipes, &c., at reduced rates.

Lumbermen's Supplies Lumbermen's Supplies! Shanty Plates! Basins! Camp Kettles, &c.
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS!

Bird Cages! Bird Cages! Bird Cages!

Price Lists sent free on application.
Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending purchasers would do well to note.
An inspection of the above goods invited at the
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa October 2 1867. 62-y

THE STATE OF AFFAIRS IN NOVA SCOTIA.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—With the hot sun and genial breezes of summer, the faces of those who live in this eastern section of the new Dominion assume a more cheerful aspect. All of us are more or less influenced by our senses—our spirits rise or fall with the thermometer—when nature smiles men smile also—when the wind is from the east, our blood becomes chilled, and our generous impulses are curbed. The past winter was exceedingly severe, and the spring decidedly unpleasant, and all classes have been feeling the pressure of hard times in every part of Nova Scotia, and in Cape Breton especially. Unfortunately, the prospects still appear very gloomy. It is true, a good harvest will enable the farming population to tide along, but the amount of seed put into the ground was very small compared with what it was in previous years. All branches of trade are entirely paralysed, and there is little or no money moving. Yet it is not natural to feel very despondent, when the gardens, the fields, and the trees, look bright and cheerful.

Decidedly the most gloomy looking individuals, at present, are the leading spirits of the Anti-Union party. Hope deferred makes the heart sick, and the adjournment of the debate on the Repeal question in the House of Commons, from day to day, and from week to week, has had its natural effect upon those village lawyers, and little Peddlington politicians who imagine themselves to be the rulers of the country. You will doubtless remember seeing some years ago, a noble cartoon in *Punch* by Tenniel, representing Britannia with one hand resting on a cannon, and looking anxiously across the ocean for the answer to the message that she had been obliged, for the vindication of her national dignity and prestige, to send to her wayward and intemperate offspring, Columbia. Will some of the wits of the new Dominion get up a cartoon appropriate to the present situation of the Anti-Union leaders? My imagination does not serve me at this present juncture, and I must fall back on the old fable of the ass in the lion's skin, braying at England, and swelling with the ambition of making English statesmen believe that Wilkins, and *id omne genus* are persons of very great importance and influence, who will do a great deal of damage unless they are treated as their inordinate vanity suggests.

Every day that passes strengthens the impression that the answer of the British Parliament will be prompt and decisive; that Nova Scotia must be given time to work out this scheme of Union; that the future of British America must not be marred at the dictation of some reckless politicians, who have raised false issues and deceived the people of this country. It is difficult to believe, but it is nevertheless a fact, for I have heard it on unmistakable authority, that even some of the Yarmouth politicians, men generally credited with strong American proclivities, are rapidly awakening to reason. I have been informed that a prominent gentleman in that section, for many years a legislator, now professes himself willing to accept the situation, and to work out the Union, in case the British Government refuses, as he believes they will, to dissever Nova Scotia from her sister Provinces. Yet I heard this same gentleman, a few weeks ago, express himself most violently all the time the Anti-Union resolutions were before the Legislature in Halifax; but *then* men's minds were heated, and *now* that they have had time for reflection they have seen the folly of further agitation. If this feeling continues to grow, (as appears likely to be the case) among the Anti-Unionists, what will become of Mr. Wilkins's Republic of Nova Scotia?

Of course the leading spirits in Halifax will not be inclined to allow matters to settle down in that state of quiet that is so indispensable to the public interests. Halifax has always had in the past so much power concentrated within its midst that its politicians, merchants and bankers cannot stand by calmly and see all their influence disappear and distributed among others, without a fierce struggle to retain it. Some of them may think that the dullness of the times—when there are many persons out of employment, and people feel generally disheartened—will assist them in keeping up agitation; but, I believe, the result will be the reverse. Any man of ordinary intelligence must see that agitation and disaffection will only make bad worse, prevent the introduction of capital and the establishment of new enterprizes. The people in the rural districts should know by this time what they have suffered from the centralization of all authority and power in Halifax. Their interests are to be subserved by the more general diffusion of influence and authority—by enlarging the sphere of political action. There has been always a great want of enterprize in the chief town of Nova Scotia. Ten years ago it was the most wretched-looking place in America—it had not a single sidewalk, and not half a dozen brick or stone houses. It is only of late that there has been any improvement in public buildings and in private residences, or the exhibition of anything resembling enterprize. Now Halifax is making slow but steady progress in the elements of wealth, and can present quite a respectable array of public buildings, stores, and dwelling houses. It it to be hoped that the reign of old fogyism is as last at an end, and that more enlarged ideas will prevail. Isolation invariably tends to cramp men's intellects and retard improvement and enterprize. Halifax has shown the results of isolation. In 1857 its population was 25,000, and in 1861 25,000. At present it cannot be much larger than 30 or 32,000. Give Halifax, however, connection by railway with the United States and Canada, and it must assume that position among commercial cities which it should assume by virtue of its commanding situation on the Atlantic seaboard.

The modifications made in the tariff during the last session of the Canadian Parliament were certainly steps in the right direction, but in common with a great many others, I cannot say they answered all our expectations. It is difficult to understand the reason why no duty was imposed on all coal except the colonial article. Certainly the reason given by Mr. Rose, in his financial statement, was altogether insufficient. How would the imposition of such a duty interfere with the renewal of the Reciprocity Treaty? Those who are conversant with legislation at Washington inform us that the coal interest of Pennsylvania is steadily preventing the renewal of any treaty that will allow Nova Scotia coal to enter into the American markets free of duty. I have been informed that coal proprietors in the United States have professed themselves ready to expend a million of dollars before they will allow our coal admission on former terms. According to the Radicals in Congress, it took a far less sum to save the President from impeachment in the Senate—the body of the Legislature least open to corrupting influences. I am no protectionist, but I cannot help thinking that the true policy at present is to deal with the Americans in the same spirit that they deal with us, providing, of course, that by so doing, we will not injure ourselves. As it is now, American flour, corn, and coal, are admitted free of all duty into the Provinces, and beyond and above all that, the fishermen of the United States are allowed access to our valuable fishing grounds at a rate which, although much higher than it was a year ago, still gives them advantages over our own people, who are met by an extortionate duty whenever they send a cargo of fish into American ports.

It would be certainly a great boon to the people of Nova Scotia, if they could again have free trade with the United States. It is all very well to turn nice sentences into pamphlets or editorial, about intercolonial trade—one can write *ad infinitum* about such topics; but it will take many years before that trade will assume any large dimensions. We will buy your flour; but what will you purchase from us? You don't want our fish, and prefer American or British coal which is brought out as ballast, and can therefore be sold at a very low price in Quebec and Montreal. Under such circumstances, the renewal of the Reciprocity Treaty becomes a positive necessity to us, for without it all branches of trade must continue to languish. In the course of time we should make every effort to seek as many channels as possible for our trade; it is a wretched and dangerous policy that would make us entirely dependant on the American markets; but it takes time to find these new avenues, and, in the meanwhile, reciprocity with the United States is very desirable. The people of Ontario and Quebec have not felt the want of the treaty as have those of the Maritime Provinces. Your lumber trade is flourishing—the Americans buy as largely as ever—there is a greater demand for your flour than you can supply. Those, therefore, who argue that the Canadians have not as much inducement as we have to work for a renewal of the treaty, have some grounds for their arguments. I give the public men of Canada, however, credit for entertaining wise and liberal opinions—for being desirous of taking, not a sectional, but a broad and statesmanlike view of all questions which may demand their consideration. We should not go to the American government in the position of supplicants, but we should certainly, whenever the opportunity offers, show that we are quite ready to enter into liberal commercial relations with our neighbours. A measure like the Reciprocity Treaty will do more to keep us on good terms with any country than millions of dollars spent in fortifications.

It is of course to be expected that in the initiation of new arrangements—at this early stage of the history of the new Dominion—there will be some grumbling, and that each section may consider that some other is obtaining the advantage over it. But, supposing that Nova Scotia has not been treated with great liberality, that she has not been granted all the concessions she required, that her interests have been overlooked in consideration of those of Ontario and Quebec. Supposing it were so; who are to blame but the people of this Province themselves? Who have they sent to Ottawa? Some seventeen men entirely opposed to the Union—bound by their pledges to make it a failure. Before the general election in 1867 the people were told, time and again, in the press and on the public platform, that it would be ruinous to send the opponents of Confederation to Ottawa, for it would be the policy of such men to do all they could to thwart the progress of Union, and to prevent its successful establishment. However, the people decided otherwise, and the result has been just as it was predicted. When have the voices of these seventeen men been raised in advocacy of our real interests? Who approached the Government and assisted them in maturing the tariff so as to satisfy the Province? Mr. Jones, of Halifax, was very vehement on one or two occasions, but it was only when the tariff interfered with some commodities in which he dealt himself. Who from Cape Breton gave any reasons why a duty should be imposed on foreign coal? Not a single voice has ever been raised in support of the great interests of the Island; yet she has peculiar interests requiring urgent and able advocacy. A man may be uneducated, entirely incapable of making a lengthy speech; but any one, whatever his deficiencies may be, can surely frame and deliver a few sentences expressive of the wishes and sentiments of his constituents. If, then, our interests have at all been favorably considered it has been by the means of gentlemen in the Senate, or through the desire of the Canadians themselves to do us justice as far as the knowledge at their command permitted. I write in perfect frankness, for I believe that it is in this way writers for the press, at the present time, will best promote the interests of every section of the Confederacy.

The news of the movements of the Fenians is naturally read with the deepest interest. If Canada should be again invaded, there can be no doubt that her people will revenge themselves as become true men, for the noble and innocent blood that has already been shed by those reckless spirits banded together in an unholy cause. Every leniency has already been shown to the men who have been convicted in England or Canada. It is constantly made a subject of enquiry here, why was not Whelan tried by Special Commission? There are some cases where delay in awarding justice becomes a crime, and an injury to the State. If another invasion should take place—as there seems too much reason to believe will be the case—then let us hope that the British Government will at last assume that tone with the American Government which the honor and dignity of England will imperatively demand. Are American politicians to be allowed much longer to encourage bands of ruffians, whose sole object is to destroy life and property throughout the British Empire.

The condition of things in Cape Breton is extremely disheartening, and the prospect does not appear any brighter than it did a year ago. The mines are doing very little, and there have been several strikes. At one of the principal collieries all the ringleaders were discharged some days ago, and all the men have, since then, left work, and refuse to return unless the former are reinstated. Unfortunately the Trades Unions here are becoming more powerful every year, and threaten to create many difficulties in the future. The miners at the colliery referred to some 400 men altogether—refuse to leave their homes, where they are only weekly tenants, and there is no means of forcing them out, for the civil power is perfectly impotent law not being as much regarded as it ought to be in this distant portion of the Confederacy. Some years ago there was a very serious *emeute* at the works of the London Mining Association at Sydney, and it could not be quelled until two companies of regular troops were brought down by steamer from Halifax. It is obvious that a company will have to be regularly stationed here, or some other means found of meeting any emergency that may arise.

Now that many of the Canadians are thinking of taking a summer trip to some pleasant watering-place—of avoiding the heat and dust of the cities in some quiet rural retreat, I would call their attention to Cape Breton, where they will find invigorating breezes, unrivalled sea bathing, superior facilities for sport of all kinds, and very charming scenery, especially on the Bras D'Or, which, in many parts exhibits, the most picturesque features of the Hudson and St. Lawrence Rivers. A steamer runs between Quebec and Pictou, and the tourist will be able to enjoy a fine view of the grand and varied scenery of the Lower St. Lawrence, besides visiting several ports in the Gulf. At Pictou, he will take his passage in a fine steamer across the Strait of Canso, as far as Port Hood, in Cape Breton. Thence he can go to the top of lofty mountains, whence his eye can range over a vast expanse of ocean, with a glimpse of some distant headland of Nova Scotia or Prince Edward Island. Or he can pass through beautiful valleys, and over rivers flowing by smiling meadows, or wander into some prettily sequestered village on the banks of a little landlocked bay. Or he may rock to his heart's content, if he is not a good sailor, on the waters of the great Bras D'Or which will remind him of the Lakes of the West. Although he will have to give up the grand hotels and superior accommodation of Canada and the States, yet he may enjoy himself in a quiet, pleasant way. If he has a taste for ruins, and wishes to gratify antiquarian propensities, he can visit the site of the old fortress of Louisbourg, pick up shells hurled from French or English mortars, or stand under some ruined casemate now turned into a sheep-pen or glittering with stalactites. If he is more practical and has mining proclivities, he can trace the coal strata of the island, or wander into the cavernous depths of its collieries. If he wishes to see public works in progress, he can visit the St. Peter's Canal—a monument of legislative folly. Frequent intercourse between the inhabitants of the different sections of the Dominion will do a great deal to remove existing asperities and prejudices, and therefore I trust that the Canadians will visit Nova Scotia as often as they can—that Nova Scotians will also travel through Canada, and see what remarkable progress she has made in all the elements of wealth, happiness and prosperity.

UNIONIST.

Sydney, Cape Breton, June 12, 1868.

MISCELLANEOUS.

—Travel has set in with great volume down the St. Lawrence. The travellers are principally American pleasure-seekers.

—The first sample of the new wheat crop have reached San Francisco. The quality is excellent.

—Says the Hamilton *Times*: Some of the "Spring Chickens" in the market must have sprung from an ancient stock. They are purchased by dealers in sole leather.

—Mr. James Dickson, of the gore of Stratford, has lost some 18 or 20 lambs within the last few weeks by the depredations of the foxes and raccoons.

—The Montreal Telegraph Company have extended their wires from Goderich to Kincardine, at which place the office is now open any ready for business.

—A new variety of corn, the result of selecting seed and of high culture, has originated in Minnesota. The yield last year was a high as one hundred and thirty-seven bushels to the acre.

The insurrection in Bosnia has assumed a serious aspect, and Osman Pacha has been instructed to take the field to suppress it. For this purpose cavalry has been hurried forward from Constantinople.

—When a man and woman are made one by a clergyman, the question is, which one? Sometimes there is a long struggle between them before this matter is finally settled.

—A new drill regulation for the Russian army is about to be published at St Petersburg. It does away with all unpractical evolutions, confining military tactics to the simplist movements, such as can be executed in active warfare.

—The St. John's (E. T.) *News* insists that a United States officer—not a General, but a Major—has been and is still watching the Fenians in the neighborhood of St. Albans, and that, in turn, the Fenians are watching him.

—Mrs. Eunice Warner, formerly of Great Barrington, Mass., became a mother at 13 years, a grandmother at 27, a great-grandmother at 40, a great-great-grandmother at 56, a great-great-great-grandmother at 74 years, after which she lived several years.

—The *Charivari* has a singularly apropos caricature. The god of Mars, his enormous sword hung up on a peg, above his head, is stretched out fast asleep upon a pile of very full money bags. The reflection is:—"He sleeps, that is well; but his mattresses must be very costly."

ATROCIOUS DECEPTION.—As a French lady, just married, was leaving church with her bridegroom, she said to him: "Pardon me for a gross deception I have practised on you; I told you I was poor, whereas I have a million francs in my own right." It is reported that the husband was not implacable. There is no virtue so refreshing as Christian forgiveness.

—The Shakespeare Club of Montreal announce their intention of entertaining the people of Cornwall on the 1st July, or Dominion Day. The *Freeholder* says: "They are represented to us as an accomplished corps. The plays will be new to us. They will doubtless be acted with great skill." We hope the Shakesperians will justify the expectations of the Cornwallians.

—The Central Pacific Railroad is now in operation from Sacramento City to Reno Station, near Virginia City—150 miles. About the 1st of July the cars will be running to the Big Bend of Truckee River, in Nevada, and 187 miles east from Sacramento City. The grading is rapidly progressing across the desert from the Big Bend to the Humboldt, and, when finished, the whole force of laborers will be at once moved on the line towards Salt Lake. This portion of the road can be built as cheaply as that east of the Rocky Mountains. The company are putting forth every exertion to reach Salt Lake City in advance of the Union Pacific Railroad Company, and expect to be there on the 4th July, 1869.

—A very pretty incident is related of a canary bird by a Georgia paper. The door of the bird's cage was occasionally left open that he might enjoy the freedom of the room. One day he happened to light upon the mantel shelf whereupon was a mirror. Here was a new discovery of the most profound interest. He gazed long and curiously at himself and came to the conclusion that he had found a mate. Going back to his cage he selected a seed from his box and brought it in his bill as an offering to the stranger. In vain the canary exerted himself to make his new-found friend partake, and becoming weary of that tried another tack. Stepping back a few inches from the glass he poured forth his sweetest notes, pausing now and then for a reply. None came, and moody and disgusted he flew back to his perch, hanging his head in shame and silence for the rest of the day; and although the door was repeatedly left open he refused to come out again.

—The promise of Mr. Dickens at the Press Dinner has not been forgotten. The following, from *All the Year Round* for June 6, shows that it has been kept:

Desiring to record in this journal, in the plainest and simplest manner possible, certain words publicly spoken by its conductor on a recent occasion, we present the following extract from the latest published copies of "American Notes" and "Martin Chuzzlewit." It is entitled

"POSTSCRIPT.

"At a public dinner given to me on Saturday, the 18th of April, 1868, in the city of New York, by two hundred representatives of the Press of the United States of America, I made the following observations among others:

[Here follow the apologetic portions of the speech at Delmonico's.]

"I said these words with the great seriousness that I could lay upon them, and I repeat them in print with equal earnestness. So long as this book shall last, I hope they will form a part of it, and will be fairly read as inseparable from my experiences and impressions of America.

"May, 1868. "CHARLES DICKENS."

—The *London Spectator* has the following remarks on the deterioration of the English press: "The hope, formulized, if we are not mistaken, by Mr. Cobden, that articles would give place to telegrams, has been entirely disappointed; and news is the one department in which the London papers have manifestly fallen off. Their reports of all kinds, parliamentary included, are less careful than of yore, their foreign correspondence grows thinner, and their ancient spirit in the collection of intelligence seems to have nearly died away. Even papers like the *Times* and *Telegraph*, with their really immense resources, do nothing in this direction for the public. Time was when the *Times* would have spent thousands to secure early details, say of the battle of Sadowa; but now the press resigns itself to M. Reuter, whose agents, to speak plainly, know nothing about politics, have not the faintest conception of what is important and what is twaddle; and while the *Scotsman* prints every day a column of private telegraphic bulletins, the London papers give us the words of an American declaration against national swindling, worth to Europe, say £20,000,000 sterling, twelve days after their official promulgation. As to centralization, the provincial journals, after one shiver of fear and rage, accepted the change so heartily that we have at this moment this unprecedented situation—they beat their London rivals."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Skating Rink Music Hall—Edmund Coles.
Gold Coins of Sydney Mint—Arthur Helps.
Auction Sale of Property—H. McLean.

The Ottawa Times

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 24, 1868.

☞ *For Markets see Fourth Page.*

WE publish to-day, on our first page, another letter from our friend "Unionist," on the state of affairs in Nova Scotia.

IT will be seen by an article elsewhere published, copied from the *Leader*, that an inspection of the Kent Registry Office has revealed a state of culpable mismanagement which ought not longer to be tolerated. Mr. MCKELLAR, junior, is not the model Registrar which the *Globe* attempted to make him out the other day, by parading a certificate signed by a number of Chatham lawyers. Perhaps the brethren of the Chatham bar do not view with the same concern as the public, the records of a county fast merging into inextricable confusion, but be this as it may, the facts stated by the *Leader* are more than ample to justify the charges, first made, if we mistake not, by the Chatham *Planet*, against the management of the registry office by the present incumbent, who owes his appointment to paternal patriotism.

WE learn from reliable sources that salmon are entering the bays and streams of the St. Lawrence and Bay of Chaleur Districts this season in great abundance. The fish are also unusually large sized: numbers being caught of from 36 to 44lbs. weight each. These results are ascribed to the careful protection of breeding grounds, and the restriction of netting, under our excellent fishery laws.

Much has been said and written lately about the inadequacy of our salmon laws, and the wonderful superiority of British legislation. Everything done in Canada has been industriously depreciated, and everything done in Britain as blindly extolled. Well, there are noodles in all countries; and we can afford the palm to Mr. FRANCIS FRANCIS (of the London *Field*), however much our candor makes us regret the precedence thus given to him over his veteran compeer, the presidential Colonel of the Quebec Club. If we can judge by the following extract from a recent number of *Land and Water*, the Irish salmon fisheries stand much in need of improvement:

"This year is much worse than last, and this appears to be the case in all Irish rivers. The fish, too, are not so large this season as hitherto, • • • all parties complain; net men, weir men, and anglers."

Dr. BUCKLAND, the able Inspector of Salmon Fisheries, rather fights shy of the alleged cause of decline being "drift nets," and he suggests the idea of overstocked waters. This seems to be at least plausible. For turning to the reports of Mr. WHITCHER, of the Fisheries Department, we find it stated that in many streams along the Labrador coast, the breeding beds are actually overcrowded. The consequence, he points out, being a serious loss to the market supply. Also, that such cause being added to the limited spawning beds of our northern rivers, their exposure to floods, "frazil" and ice shoves, and the shortness and severity of our autumn seasons, may account in some instances for the precarious and variable nature of our salmon fishings. He argues (as does Dr. BUCKLAND) that greater quantities of adult salmon will be produced from a limited number of stock fish suited to the facilities for natural reproduction, than from vastly greater numbers having access to contracted seed grounds. The excessive numbers want for both gravel room and aeration. A majority of the eggs die, and the driblets of broods make at best but sickly fry. We believe Mr. WHITCHER has incurred no little odium among a few noisy fellows, through insisting on its being better to net a salmon river than let it lie fallow; and that it does not signify how much, or by what means, the fish are taken, so long as a suitable supply reaches the breeding places, and occupies space enough undisturbed. These conditions secured, all the rest is mere "leather and prunella." It is satisfactory to see these practical views borne out by a naturalist and fishery officer of the experience and position of Dr. BUCKLAND.

OUR Nova Scotia exchanges have reached us containing the news of the defeat of Mr. BRIGHT's motion on the Repeal question. The despatch was sent through the cable by Mr. ANNAND, addressed to the PROVINCIAL SECRETARY, as follows:

"Government refused Repeal. Commons refused enquiry—one hundred eighty-one to eighty-seven."

The Union papers—the *Express* and *Colonist*—content themselves with merely publishing the despatch, and saying that it was just what everybody expected. They refrain, with excellent taste, from any comments of an irritating character, and dispose of the whole subject in a very brief editorial paragraph.

As might have been expected, the Anti-Union organs do not accept the news with so much equanimity. The *Citizen* discourses in the following strain, after copying the telegram:

"We shall not venture any comments upon this announcement, until the receipt of letters from the delegates put us in possession of all the details connected with the debate, and with the position assumed by the House of Commons on the subject. If there are no explanations—if there is nothing to be told but the harsh and ungenerous refusal even to consider whether or not Nova Scotia has suffered wrong, as indicated by the telegram—then comment would be wholly superfluous—the brief telegram will tell its own story, and do its own work, very effectually. For three years British statesmen have been evidently trying to wean off Great Britain's little daughter Nova Scotia, from her attachment to the parent State. If the decision of Tuesday night was just what appears from the telegram, then it will have fully completed the weaning process; and with the publication of this news will disappear the last shred of respect and veneration existing in the Province towards the old Empire with which she has so long been connected. The consequences of this treatment of Nova Scotia, it is not for us to predict. For the present we shall only say, that they make a great mistake who suppose that the Province can be made satisfied with, or can be compelled to remain in, her present position, merely by the refusal of Great Britain to enquire whether or not that position is one that she ought to occupy, or if she was put into it by fair or unfair means."

It is by no means difficult to understand what the *Citizen* is driving at when it speaks of the "weaning process." Our *confrere*, however, speaks under reserve, and we trust when the debate in the House of Commons, and the answer of the British Government to the repeal memorial, are made public in Nova Scotia, that the *Citizen* will be able to arrive at a less unpleasant conclusion than that "the last shred of respect and veneration existing in the Province towards the "Old Empire" must disappear. It was to have been expected that the first announcement of the refusal of repeal would have been distasteful and irritating to the repeal party in Nova Scotia; but we trust they will consider the situation calmly before entering on the solution of Mr. HOWE's momentous question "what then?" with which they are at length brought face to face—and he not there to help them!

The *Chronicle*, more violent, but apparently less in earnest on the subject than the *Citizen*, has a good deal to say. The following is the concluding portion of one of its articles on the subject:

"But will this Union last? We say no, for it is impossible for Canada or Great Britain to keep Nova Scotia in any position her people dislike. We are beside a great nation which would rejoice over any approach we made towards uniting ourselves with her. We have the coal and fish she wants. Our coast is the eastern outpost of America. She could lay her strong arm around and protect us against all aggression, were we to ask it. This we will not ask. We do not need annexation, though we do not shut our eyes to its benefits. We can see how it would make our trade spring up, and can laugh at the scarecrow of immense taxation consequent thereon, held up before us, for if Canada could buy us up at eighty cents a head per annum, the United States could give us five dollars and eighty cents.

"However tempting the subject we will not now enter into it. As we have said we do not want annexation; but a time may come when reflecting people will say, 'It is better to be the brethren of one people than the mere drudges of another.'"

This direct appeal to the United States will find little favor with the mass of the people of Nova Scotia; but it shows what has frequently been broadly charged against the party of which the *Chronicle* is, *par excellence*, the organ, that "annexation" is the ultimate aim of the wire pullers who have managed the agitation in Nova Scotia. The present position of the question is admirably adapted to compel them to show their hands and declare once for all their intentions. But the *Chronicle*, fearing, perhaps, that it had gone a little too far in its first article, writes a second, in which it contends that the people of Nova Scotia are not to be "cheated" out of their Constitution by the QUEEN and Parliament of the Empire, and calls upon the Provincial Legislature, "when it meets in August," to assert the rights of the Province, counselling in the meantime the utmost faith in the integrity of the local members, and treating the refusal of the Imperial Parliament to grant repeal as a matter of indifference. It concludes by saying:

"We counsel the friends of repeal to keep themselves perfectly easy, in the confidence that sooner or later they will be extricated from the ignominious bondage in which they are at present doomed, by the ignorance and impolicy of Her Majesty's Ministers, to remain for a short time. We advise patience and moderation, because we know that we must be released from bondage."

The *Chronicle* is wise in advocating the policy of awaiting the action of the Local Government, though its reason for advising "patience and moderation" is somewhat oracular. We have a suspicion that it speaks thus calmly because it knows too well the temper of the people of Nova Scotia; that they will not be led into an agitation in favor of annexation, however readily they were induced last year to join in "punishing the traitors." There is one thing, however, for the loyal Nova Scotians who have heretofore favored the repeal movement to consider; and that is, whether it is not now their duty to accept the situation and give Union a fair trial, seeing that all attempts to repeal it are, for the present at least, ineffectual.

THE Montreal *News* says:

"We notice in the Ontario papers that the Canadian Press Association will meet on the 10th proximo, at Collingwood, to inaugurate their annual excursion. We would suggest to our Western *confreres*—who, we know, are animated with the best intentions—the desirability of combining on this occasion practical business with pleasure, and drawing up a code of laws such as may be applicable and acceptable to the Press of the whole Dominion. We believe the Lower Province journalists are most anxious to join a *de facto* governing association, the tendency of which shall be to conserve the interests—in most instances identical—of proprietors and editors, and, by consequence, to raise the character of the Press of this country to a level with that of England and of her great Antipodean Colony, where journalism has attained a marvellous development. It only a union could be formed between the journals of Halifax, St. John, Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton and London for mutual protection and support, an immense impetus would be given to Canadian newspaper enterprise, and we trust no short-sighted rivalry—political, commercial or local—will be allowed to prevent the consummation of so desirable an end."

DRAMATICAL AND MUSICAL SOIREE.

The large hall of the Ottawa College was filled to overflowing with an elegant and appreciative audience last evening, to witness the performances of the students of that University, in the Dramatical and Musical Soiree, called *La Malediction*, for the benefit of the Canadian Zouaves.

His Lordship the Bishop of Ottawa occupied the place of honor, with the Mayor of the city on his right, surrounded by almost all the Catholic clergymen and laity of the city. The musical part was executed in the very best style by the band of the College, assisted by some members of the band of the Rifle Brigade, and comprised the overture of *Fra Diavolo, Zampa, Lucrezia Borgia, Don Pasquale de Donizetti, Depart des Chasseurs, &c.,* &c.

M. St. Aubain sang, in his well known able style, the comic songs called *Mon Oncle Gaspard*, and *Thomas et moi*, after each of which pieces he yielded to the rapturous applause and request of the audience, and sang two *encore* comic songs which kept the company in roars of laughter all the time.

The dramatical part was put before the audience with remarkable care and ability. The scenery, painted by one of the masters of the College, was really splendid. The dresses, provided by the college for the 22 *actors*, were rich and gorgeous. Where all acted their parts to perfection, it would seem invidious to particularize, but we cannot avoid mentioning Messrs. Micheaud, De Bouillon, De Noli, Pouliot, Smith, Tanguay, Clifford, Tache and Olivier, whose acting would have done credit to many professionals. We feel assured that the *returns* will be large and proportioned to the efforts put forward by the professors and students to afford an agreeable and instructive evening's enjoyment for the citizens of Ottawa, who had the good luck to avail themselves of it. We look forward with pleasure to the next like treat in store for us next week in the English language by the same institution, and hope to see it as well patronized.

POLICE COURT.

TUESDAY, June 23.

James Tierney was charged with having his premises in an unhealthy condition; but the case was dismissed.

The prisoner Laviolette was again brought up, and was committed to take his trial at the Recorder's Court, for obtaining a pair of boots under false pretences.

Archibald Brown was charged with using threatening language to Mr. H. Lapierre, and presenting a pistol. Mr. Lapierre's evidence went to show that Archy was, as he frequently is, on the rampage. That on the previous day he was threatening his wife's life, and created continual disturbance to the annoyance of neighbours. He was fined $ and costs or go to jail. Not having the money with him he was ordered to the lock up. Archy was fined the same sum not very long ago, and that had not been paid, and the officers whose duty it was to have collected the first fine, thought this a fitting opportunity to collect both before letting him out, but whether they succeeded or no, they know best.

The adjourned case of Drolette, Couvrette and Robitaille, charged with larceny, was again called up, when Mr. Lapierre was put in the box and questioned by the prosecution, but he knew nothing whatever of the affair. Xavier Morin amended his testimony by saying he did not see Couvrette do anything wrong.

The prisoners were then committed to take their trial at the next assizes.

The adjourned case of Bowes, for tampering with a soldier, with a view to induce him to desert the service. Thomas Knight, the soldier alleged to have been so approached, was examined for the defence, and reiterated that portion of his former testimony as to the conversation between himself and Mr. Bowes, stating that the latter had not only said that he *could*, but that he would take him to the States if he would join the Fenians when he got there, and said that they would jump at him. Witness said Bowes was with him in all about an hour and a quarter, and that the private conversation lasted about twenty-five minutes.

Catherine McNeill, a servant at the Albion Hotel, was next called, and testified that she remembered seeing Mr. Bowes in the sitting-room conversing with a gentleman from Toronto at 9 o'clock in the evening, and that she saw him there from time to time as she passed in and out of the room on several occasions during the evening.

Thomas Earle was sworn and said he was up by the drill shed that evening, but it was rather late, and almost too dark to distinguish one person from another, but he saw Knight and Bowes with some others; they were all talking openly together, and whatever was said while he was there he heard. They spoke openly about Fenians, and about Whelan, and all that Bowes said about Whelan was, "Do you think they have the right man?" Witness was present about three quarters of an hour, and there was not a word said about taking the soldier over to the other side while he was there. Bowes left a quarter of an hour before witness.

A letter from Mr. McMicken having been produced by Bowes, and handed by defendant's counsel, to the Magistrates, Col. Bernard, Deputy Minister of Justice, was called to prove that the handwriting was that of Mr. McMicken, and that that gentleman had a Commission of the Peace as Stipendiary Magistrate in Ontario.

It was intended to be shewn that Bowes was acting under the instructions of Mr. McMicken.

Constable Jordan was then put in the witness box to prove (he having been in the service) that soldiers get a bonus of $50 for the conviction of any person who shall persuade a soldier to desert.

The object of the defence in doing this was to show that the soldier had a motive for prosecuting.

Horace Hutchings, a Justice of the Peace of Kemptville, being sworn, deposed that he was in town on the 8th inst., and was stopping at the Albion; went over to see the soldiers at drill, and remained there about twenty-five minutes. On coming out saw Bowes looking through an opening in the fence. Was with Bowes in the hotel before going to the drill shed, and on coming out went over to the hotel, and was followed shortly by Bowes; spent the remainder of the evening in his company in the sitting-room, never losing sight of him for ten minutes together till bed time. They conversed very freely, and no other impression was left on his mind than that Bowes was a good and loyal British subject. When he saw Bowes watching the volunteers drill there was no soldier standing by.

Mr. Sparks made a long and well reasoned argument in favor of his client, but the Magistrates held that the evidence was sufficient to show that the defendant had made use of improper language to the soldier. It may have been to try his detective hand upon him, or to satisfy himself of his loyalty, but this he had no right to do. No one had a right to do it. The military were independent of our civil authorities, and we have nothing whatever to do with them.

The Magistrates, viz., Mr. O'Gara and the Mayor, who sat with him, retired to consider the evidence. When they re-entered, the defendant was called up and addressed in an extremely forcible but not unfriendly way, for it was evident that neither he, nor the Mayor, believed Mr. Bowes to have been actuated by disloyal motives. The minimum punishment was inflicted and the law vindicated by one week's imprisonment.

LOCAL NEWS.

FOR jams and jellies go to Bate & Co., 52, Spark-st. 762d

Several bargain lots have been brought forward from the wholesale department for the removal sale at Magee & Russell's.

FOR fine bog oak brooches, eight ear rings in sets, see Young & Radford's new lot, just received, and selling at the very low price of only 90 cts. per set.

OTTAWA CITY GRAMMAR SCHOOL.—The semi-annual examination of this school will commence at 9:15 o'clock to-morrow morning, and in the evening the distribution of prizes will take place, accompanied with declamation, &c., in the basement of the Wesleyan Church, Metcalfe street.

LEFT FOR ENGLAND.—Those officers of the Commissariat Staff, who for some years past have been stationed in this country, are leaving for England, having been relieved by others from home, and will be reported on their arrival at Aldershott. Staff Sergeant Arbon leaves with his wife and family this morning.

"SHE STOOPS TO CONQUER."—This great comedy which has held sway on the stage wherever the English language is spoken for generations past, and which is still as fresh and attractive as when first written, because it is true to nature, was performed by the Coles' company last night. It was well put on the stage, and the most was made of the company in arranging the cast. It created as much innocent mirth as the audience could well bear, and was much better relished than the rubbish we have sometimes been treated to.

ST. JEAN-BAPTISTE.—The annual festival of St. Jean-Baptiste will be celebrated to-day in a variety of ways. By the usual procession and church services and other modes during the day, and by a grand concert in the hall of the Canadian Institute in the evening. Whilst at the Bellevue Gardens at Hull, the Sapeurs of Lower Town will give a grand pic-nic; and a pic-nic will also take place in the Wright Gardens, Hull. This is a great day for our French fellow-citizens, and we wish them a fine day and a happy time.

MAJOR'S HILL.—The Rifle Brigade Band will play the following programme on Major's Hill to-day, from 5:30 to 7:30 p.m.:

1 March..."Ungarichen Kromings"..by Piefke
2 Overture......"The Concert"......Titl
3 Waltz......"Satanella"......Laurent
4 Operatic Selection....."Attila".....Verdi
5 Quadrille......"l'Africaine"......Coote
6 Cavatina (Ophicleide Solo)."Roberto Devereux"....Donizetti
7 Galop...."Wildbad Eisenbahn"....Kuhner
"The Rifle Brigade Marches"
National Anthem.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.—The Coles' Dramatic Company have made an engagement with Mr. Miles, of Her Majesty's Theatre, to play the great drama of the *Iron Mask*, at Her Majesty's Theatre on Friday evening. Those who have read the many stories of the man in the Iron Mask, and especially that by Alexandre Dumas, will have an opportunity of gratifying their curiosity by seeing good representations of many of the characters said to have been concerned in the conspiracy to hide the face of the man in the mask from recognition. This is an exciting play, and, we should think, with such a company will fill the theatre.

THE ASSAULT CASE.—Mr. Langrell sat in the Police Court yesterday afternoon, for the purpose of hearing the assault case which occurred at Beauchamp's tavern, at the head of the Deep Cut, on last Sunday evening. It appears that James Fitzsimmons had come over from the States to arrange for his brother John the difficulty caused by him and a soldier at the same house some months ago; on which occasion the landlord was beaten, and the furniture, decanters, &c., of his bar demolished, in consequence of which John had to flee the country, and has not since deemed it advisable to return for fear of the consequences. Not being able to succeed in settling his brother's difficulties, James in revenge, it is thought, or perhaps from a natural disposition to mischief, went to Beauchamp's tavern on Sunday last, where in company with three kindred spirits he created a similar disturbance. Wm. Silcox, known to them as a county constable, being there, came in for a full share of their wrath. They smashed up things generally, beat the constable almost to within an inch of his life, frightened Mrs. Beauchamp half to death, so that she ran upstairs to hide away from them. Her husband ran away to the city to get the police, and the wretches established a reign of terror in the house. The horror of the scene was heightened by the pool of blood from poor Silcox on the floor, and his head beaten and kicked till it had assumed a frightful appearance. The evidence given at the investigation was regarded by the magistrate as sufficiently conclusive, and he fined Robert Gooden and David Murphy ten dollars each and costs, and James Fitzsimmons and William Cain twenty dollars each. Gooden and Murphy were defended by Mr. Alex. Ross; and Fitzsimmons and Cain by Mr. William Mosgrove.

FEMALE SCHOOLS.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—So far no answer has been made with regard to female schools in St. George's Ward. The other Wards have long since been provided with male and female schools, paid for by the Catholic Board. It is only since last year that a male school was granted to our Ward. I again inquire whether or not His Lordship has opposed the establishment of the Sisters of the congregation in St. George's Ward: if so, for what reason? It is true everybody knows that the Grey Nuns have bought some property in this Ward; some say to build a convent, but when is it to be built? Our Ward, let it be as it may, cannot be left much longer without proper female schools, and if the Board is not in a condition to place the Ward on the same footing as the other parts of the city, we respectfully beg of His Lordship to allow the Sisters of the Congregation to establish themselves amongst us. We are not willing to see our little children travelling from one part of the town to the other to go to school, when they can have it at home, in their own Ward.

Waiting for an answer,

I remain, yours, &c.
ST. GEORGE.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868.

THE KENT REGISTRY OFFICE.

We understand that an investigation has been made by the proper officer into the condition of the Kent registry office, to which we referred the other day, and that the result shows a looseness of management which we hope is not characteristic of any other registry office in the Province. If there is a public office in the country where it is of the utmost importance that the books should be kept carefully and correctly, it is surely an office in which the records of all transactions in real estate are preserved; but what do we find with regard to the Kent office, where the son of Mr. McKellar, leader of the Ontario Opposition, is supposed to render some service for the large fees he draws from the public? Why that negligence, amounting almost to criminality, threatens to involve the affairs of the office in grave confusion. A few instances may be given of the mode in which business is conducted, or rather neglected. In the records relating to the township of Oxford certificates are not signed on instruments numbered from 89 to 189, and 10 deeds are not copied into the registry book at all. In Dover East certificates are not signed on instruments from 12 to 190, and two deeds are not copied. In Raleigh there is no certificate on instrument 326, certificates are not signed on instruments from 263 to 347, and 15 deeds are not copied. In Chatham township instrument 236 is without a certificate, and the registrar's name is wanting to certificates on instruments from 175 to 313, while 2 deeds remain uncopied. In Harwich 104 certificates on instruments are without signature in Book E and 57 in Book F, and 2 deeds are not written in the registry book. In Howard 157 instruments are without a properly signed certificate, and 17 deeds are not written in. In Camden certificates are not signed on 12 instruments and 6 deeds are not written in. The record of Romney fare better; there are only 2 certificates without the registrar's signature and 1 deed not copied. The certificates on 56 instruments relating to property in Tilbury East are without signature, and 9 deeds are not copied. The township of Zone seems to have demanded less of the registrar's time and attention, for only 1 deed of land in it remains to be copied. The town of Chatham contributes largely to the emoluments of this faithful functionary, but he is so overwhelmed with what in charity we shall call the cares of office, that he is unable to find time to attach his signature to 134 certificates, nor obtain assistance to write in 15 deeds. Then certificates on the margin of the registry-book are not signed, and the abstract and alphabetical indices have been completed only up to the year 1848. This list of omissions might be extended further, but we have given enough to show that Mr. McKellar, whatever may be his virtues, has a horror of pen and ink. Even when he does condescend to take up his neglected goose quill and fall to work, he is as liable to make a blunder as not, for we find that in six cases the necessary entries are not made according to the form provided by the statute. When Mr. McKellar was made Registrar, he was a student at Osgoode Hall, and we took exception then to his appointment, on the ground of his youth and inexperience. These were objections which he might since have overcome by the proper use of the intervening time, but he does not seem to have employed his opportunity successfully. The routine of a registry office is not the most interesting occupation for boyhood, but the public has rights which even boyhood is bound to respect. Among them is the right to insist upon its servants doing their duty, and the present Registrar for Kent is not willing to devote himself to work he should make way for some one else who will tackle it with more manliness and effect.—*Leader.*

BOG OAK JEWELLERY.—Very handsome sets of bog oak jewellery can be had at Young & Radford's, at 90c. per set.

Latest by Telegraph.

FROM TORONTO.

Arrival of Military Stores—A Model City Council—Military Dinner—The Clergy Trust Moneys—Thunder Storm.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, June 23.

More military stores have arrived.

The City Council was without a quorum last night, for the second time in two succeeding weeks.

A dinner was given to the officers of the 12th Battalion last night, by the officers of the City Regiments.

W. H. Boulton writes to the *Globe*, complaining that no statement of the Clergy trust moneys can be got from the Committee, and seems to have a strong case.

A fearful thunder storm took place this evening.

CABLE NEWS

Via Montreal Line.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

LONDON, June 22.—In the House of Commons this evening, Lord Stanley expressed his agreement in general with the recommendations made in their report by the Neutrality Commission, but he said it would not be possible to enter upon any legislation on the subject during the present Session of Parliament.

The Irish Reform Bill was agreed to to-night by the House in Committee. The Boundary Bill was read a third time.

Despatches from Belgrade announce that Prince Melan the Fourth was publicly proclaimed to the militia of the fortress, as the ruler of Servia. In the proclamation the Government returns thanks to the army and militia for their loyalty and good conduct, and exhorts them to be firm in their support of the new Prince.

A meeting was called by the Liberals to-night at Guildhall to consider the Irish Church question. The hall was crowded. The Lord Mayor presided, but it soon became evident that a majority of those present were Tories. As soon as the proceedings commenced a great disturbance was created. Mingled cheers and hisses rendered the voices of the speakers on the platform inaudible to all except the reporters. Mr. Leibbock moved a first resolve declaring that the Irish Church should cease to exist, and opposing any amendment of the Suspensory Bill now pending in the House of Lords. A general uproar followed the reading of this resolve. Fights took place in various parts of the hall, and the disturbance threatened to become serious. At this juncture the Lord Mayor retired from the chair with a number of other gentlemen on the platform, and left the hall.

The Tories then rushed on to the platform, and held it for a short time. They addressed the audience in an excited manner, declaring that the bulk of the English people were opposed to the Suspension Bill.

After comparative quiet had been restored speeches were made in support of the Bill by Mr. Crawford, M.P., Mr. Goschen, M.P., Mr. Lawrence, M.P., and Mr. Harcourt. They were repeatedly interrupted, and were unable to proceed with the reading of other resolves. The meeting ended in disorder, without taking any vote on the resolves which had been prepared.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

PARIS, June 23.—*La Liberte* newspaper, publishes a report that Menotti Garibaldi is raising a body of volunteers to make another attack on Rome.

At a public banquet in Civita Vecchia Gen. Desmont, commandant of the French forces in the Pontifical States, in a speech declared that France would never abandon the Holy Father.

LONDON, June 23.—Despatches from Madrid announce that the news of the proposed mediation of the United States in the question at issue between Spain, Peru and Chili is generally accepted in official circles as the practicable termination of the war.

ROME, June 23.—A Consistory was held yesterday, at which many new bishops were appointed. The Holy Father delivered two separate allocutions in the Consistory, one concerning the Papal Bull, calling a general council of the Roman Catholic Church, and the other, on the present state of religion in the Empire of Austria.

LONDON, June 23.—Geo. Francis Train, has again been arrested, and was to-day brought before the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall street. He vehemently protested against his arrest, and declared that it proceeded from political motives, and appealed to the U.S. army and navy for protection. He was cheered by the spectators, and after a brief examination, remanded to prison by the judge.

In the House of Lords this evening, the Scotch Reform Bill was passed to a second reading.

LONDON, June 23.—Midnight.—In the House of Commons to-night, the Bill for the purchase of the telegraph lines by the Government, was referred to a Committee.

BERLIN, June 23.—It is reported that the American Minister, Mr. Bancroft, has signified his intention of being present at the celebration of the Reformation and the unveiling of the statue of Luther.

BELGRADE, June 23.—Melan the fourth, the new Prince of Servia, has arrived in this city from Paris. He is accompanied by the Counsellor Ristich and by his tutor. The Prince was received with appropriate ceremonies, and the greatest enthusiasm by all classes of persons.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Via Montreal Line.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Arrived.

NEW YORK, June 23.—The steamer *Caledonia*, from Glasgow, has arrived.

A New Bill of Impeachment against the President.

The *Tribune's* special says Thad. Stevens has prepared new articles of impeachment against President Johnson, which he will report to the House as soon as the Amendatory Tax Bill is disposed of. He has written an elaborate speech in support of these articles.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

A Fillibustering Expedition to Mexico Stopped.

NEW ORLEANS, June 23.—About one hundred arrests were made yesterday, by the United States Marshal, of parties suspected of belonging to a fillibustering expedition to Mexico in the interest of Santa Anna.

Thad. Stevens and Impeachment.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—Thad. Stevens will make a speech denouncing the President when he presents his four new articles of impeachment.

Gen. Grant will go west next Monday.

MAGEE AND RUSSELL'S great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

For soups and potted meats go to Bate & Co., 52 Spark-st. 762d

MAGEE AND RUSSELL'S great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

FOR a choice selection of pickles, sauces &c., go to Bate & Co., 52 Spark-st. 762d

—The looseness with which English Estates are lying round awaiting to be claimed is amusing. David Denison of Kotoma, Ind., thinks he is the lawful owner of a small one of $64,000,000. Men of this sort ought to drink Italian Bitters before proceeding to read old family papers.

CARPETS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS.—Garland Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality. They have just received a large stock and invite the attention of parties furnishing to it. Purchasers will find their tock in this department second to none in Ottawa. 582-y

MAGEE AND RUSSELL'S great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

MESSRS. Young & Radford having secured the services of first-class working jewellers in etruscan, filagree, plain, fancy and solid gold work, and having made large additions to their work shop are now better prepared to execute any orders with which they may be entrusted than heretofore. Masonic jewels gold and silver medals, and every kind of gold and silver work done on the shortest possible notice. Remember the place, 30 Sparks-st., and encourage home manufacture.

BIRTH.

On the 23rd inst., the wife of Wm. Berry, Esq., Postmaster General's Dept., of a son.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

For every glass of MINERAL WATER taken at the CALEDONIA SPRINGS you may safely calculate on any addition of many days to your term of life.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

RENEWS THE HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR WHEN GRAY.

Renews the nutritive matter which nourishes the hair.

RENEWS THE GROWTH OF THE HAIR WHEN BALD.

Renews the brash, wiry hair to silken softness.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR DRESSING.

One bottle shows its effects.

R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N.H., Proprietors.

For sale by all druggists. 762dwd

Who is Mrs. Winslow?

As this question is frequently asked, we will simply say that she is a lady who, for upwards of thirty years, has untiringly devoted her time and talents as a Female Physician and nurse, principally among children. She has especially studied the constitution and wants of this numerous class, and, as a result of this effort and practical knowledge, obtained in a lifetime spent as nurse and physician, she has compounded a Soothing Syrup for children teething. It operates like magic—giving rest and health, and is, moreover, sure to regulate the bowels. In consequence of this article, Mrs. Winslow is becoming world-renowned as a benefactor of her race; children certainly do RISE UP and bless her; especially is this the case in this city. Vast quantities of the Soothing Syrup are DAILY sold and used here. We think Mrs. Winslow has immortalized her name by this invaluable article, and we sincerely believe thousands of children have been saved from an early grave by its timely use, and that millions yet unborn will share its benefits, and unite in calling her blessed. NO MOTHER has discharged her duty to her suffering little one, in our opinion, until she has given it the benefit of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. Try it, mothers—TRY IT NOW—*Ladies' Visitor*, New York City.

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents a bottle.

Be sure and call for

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,"

Having the *fac-simile* of "CURTIS & PERKINS" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations. 762-24-2m

Bronchitis, Coughs, Asthma,

And all disorders of the THROAT and LUNGS, are relieved by using "Brown's Bronchial Troches."

"I have been afflicted with Bronchitis during the past winter, and found no relief until I found your 'BRONCHIAL TROCHES.'

C. H. GARDINER,
Principal of Rutger's Female Institute, New York."

"Almost instant relief in the distressing labor of breathing peculiar to Asthma."

REV. A. C. EGGLESTON, New York.

"It gives me great pleasure to certify to the efficacy of your Bronchial Troches, in an affliction of the throat and voice, induced by public singing. They have suited my case exactly, relieving my throat and clearing the voice so that I could sing with ease.

T. DUCHARME,
Chorister French Parish Church, Montreal."

"When somewhat hoarse from cold or overexertion in public speaking, I have uniformly found Brown's Troches afford relief.

HENRY WILKES, D. D.,
Pastor of Zion Church, Montreal."

Sold by all dealers in medicines at 25 cents a box.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

To-Night.

SKATING RINK MUSIC HALL.

G. W. Lester, - - *Manager.*

WEDNESDAY EVENING, JUNE 24th, benefit and last appearance but one of the charming

Miss Fanny Stocqueler,

Last appearance but one of the famous young English Comedian,

EDMUND COLES.

The evening's Entertainment will commence with —universal request—the favorite IRISH DRAMA of

IRELAND AS IT WAS.

Judy O'Trot (with Songs of Old Ireland,) Miss Fanny Stocqueler.
Mons. Voyge, (on this particular occasion,) Edmund Coles.

Irish Lilt..........Miss Lena Warner.

To be followed with the Sparkling Comedy of the

Englishman in India.

Tom Tape, (a Stage Struck Tailor) Edmund Coles.
Sally Scraggs..........Fanny Stocqueler.

Fancy Dance..........Miss Lena Warner.

This beautiful Entertainment will conclude with the delightful little Opera, entitled "Le Chalet."

No play can be repeated on account of the very limited engagement of Edmund Coles, and the series of novelties to be introduced.

Doors open at 7:30, and performance to commence at 8 o'clock precisely.

Prices of admission—Parquette 50 cents; Gallery 25 cents.

Tickets for reserved seats may be procured at the Music Store of Messrs. Orme & Son, and at the "Citizen" Stationery Establishment.

A. B. COLES,
Business Agent.

Ottawa, June 24, 1868. 772td

AUCTION SALE

OF VERY

DESIRABLE CITY PROPERTY!

H. McLEAN,

(Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent),

Has been instructed by JAMES MARTIN, Esq. to offer for Sale, on the premises, on

TUESDAY, 30TH JUNE, INSTANT,

At TWELVE o'clock, Noon,

The East Half of Lot No. 38, and the West Half of Lot No. 39, on the South side of Maria street, in one of the most fashionable parts of the City. These two half lots form one lot, 66 x 140 feet, on which is a good FRAME HOUSE, two and a half stories high, divided into three tenements, and well laid out, and finished in the most modern style, and rents for $412 per annum.

TERMS—One-half Cash, and the balance in three equal annual instalments, payable in one, two and three years, with interest at 7 per cent. per annum.

Sale Positive.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 776td

GRAND PLEASURE EXCURSION

Under the auspices of the

St. Andrew's Society,

OF OTTAWA.

A Pic-nic and Excursion, under the auspices of the above society, to the

Village of Buckingham,

Will take place

On THURSDAY, the 25th of JUNE, 1868,

Excursionists will leave the Queen's Wharf at 6:30 a.m., by the fine steamer "Queen Victoria," (Capt. Bowie,) and return the same evening—affording ample time to view the magnificent scenery in and around Buckingham.

An excellent Brass and String Band will accompany the excursionists.

Double tickets, $1.60 each; Single ticket 50 cts. Can be had at E. McGillivray's and Dalglish & Russell's, Upper Town; J. Durie & Son's, and Orme & Son's, Centre Town; J. Peacock's and Proderick's Confectionary, Lower Town; as well as from the members of the Committee of Management: Messrs. Fraser, Lees, MacGillivray, Sadler, Mann, Russell, McFarlane, Isaac, Peacock, Dalglish, Sutherland, Nicholson and Inglis.

By order,

J. P. ROBERTSON,
Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775-2

FOURTH GRAND

ANNUAL PIC-NIC

OF THE

Sapper's Fire Company, No. 1.

UNDER the patronage of the St. Jean Baptiste Society, to be held on WEDNESDAY, the 24th instant, at the BELLEVUE GARDENS, Hull.

Races and other usual athletic sports will take place. Prizes will be awarded in the different games.

Races, 100 yards, 1st prize, $3; 2nd prize, $1. 206 yards, 1st prize, $3 2nd prize, $1. 300 yards (hurdles), 1st prize, $3; 2nd prize, $1 100 yards, (for boys), 1st prize, $3; 2nd prize, $1. Three Standing Jumps, 1st prize, $3; 2nd prize, $1. Running High Leap, 1st prize, $3; 2nd prize, $1. Half-mile Race, 1st prize, $4; 2nd prize, $1.50. No less than four entries to run for each race.

A Game of Lacrosse will be played by the Montcalm Club.

Marrier's fine Brass and Quadrille Bands are engaged for the occasion.

Tickets, 25 cents. To be had from the Committee and at the door.

Refreshments can be had at reasonable rates on the ground.

Managing Committee—Lieut. J. B. Doucet, Jas. Smith, Toussant Groulx and Israel Moreau.

X. GROULX, Secretary. D. ROY, Captain.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Ottawa, June 16. 769td

HURRAH FOR

The St. Jean Baptiste's Day!

Grand Pic-Nic

AT

WRIGHT'S GARDENS,

HULL LANDING,

On Wednesday, 24th inst.

AMONG THE

Amusements of the day there will be Tight Rope Walking, Dumb Bells, Heavy Weights, Quoits, Swings, etc., etc.

This gadren has been thoroughly improved and repaired, and is the best garden in the Dominion for the comfort of the visitors.

Refreshments may be had on the ground.

The Music shall be conducted by M. K. Fehr.

Admission, 25 cents.

Children accompanied with parents free.

A good platform and stair from McKay's corner to the ferry; every body is expected to come.

P. LARIVIERE,
Proprietor.

774-3

OTTAWA GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

THE SEMI-ANNUAL EXAMINATION

Of the above institution will be held

ON THURSDAY, the 25th INSTANT,

Commencing at 9:15 a. m.

ON THE EVENING OF THE SAME DAY

THE PRIZES

Will be DISTRIBUTED, and SELECT PIECES of DECLAMATION will be given in the

BASEMENT OF THE WESLEYAN CHURCH,

METCALFE-STREET.

To commence at Eight o'clock.

Admission will be by ticket.

J. THORBURN, M. A.,
Rector.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775-2

CONVENT of the GREY SISTERS,

OTTAWA.

THE DISTRIBUTION OF PREMIUMS

Will take place at the

CONVENT,

ON

THURSDAY, THE SECOND JULY,

AT

FOUR O'CLOCK IN THE AFTERNOON.

Reverend Clergy and Parents of the Pupils are respectfully requested to attend.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775 2

Coffee! Coffee!

TO those who enjoy a Cup of

REALLY FINE COFFEE

—TRY—

BUCHANAN'S

Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha, JAVA & JAMAICA, Roasted and Ground

Daily on the premises, by steam power.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

May 11, 1868. 739tf

Errors of Youth.—A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay and all the effects of youthful indiscretion will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertisers' experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN, 43 Cedar Street New York

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

BOG OAK SETTS, BROOCH and EAR RINGS,

At 90 Cents the Set,

At Young & Radford's,

30 Sparks-street.

Young & Radford

ARE SELLING BOG OAK SETTS at 90 cents,

Which have been sold as high as $4.00 per sett.

Young & Radford

CAN MAKE TO ORDER

All kinds of GOLD and SILVER JEWELLERY cheaper than the same can be bought retail.

GIVE US A CALL

And be sure you remember the Place,

YOUNG & RADFORD'S,
30 Sparks st., Ottawa.

FOR fine BOG OAK BROOCHES and EAR RINGS, in setts,

See YOUNG & RADFORD'S new lot just received, and selling at the very low price of only 90 cents per set.

CANADA.

GOLD COINS OF SYDNEY MINT MADE A LEGAL TENDER.

THE DUKE OF BUCKINGHAM TO LORD MONCK.

CANADA.

Separate.

DOWNING-STREET,

25th May, 1868.

MY LORD,

With reference to your despatch No. 200, 24th November, 1866, I have the honor to transmit to you the accompanying copies of an order of Her Majesty in Council and of a Proclamation for declaring the Gold Coins of the Sydney Mint, a legal tender in these of Her Majesty's possessions abroad which are specified in the schedule annexed to the Proclamation.

You will be so good as to cause this Proclamation to be published in Canada, in the most authentic manner.

A similar order in Council was passed on the 10th of November, 1866, for making these coins a legal tender in the Colonies mentioned below:

Antigua,	Malta,
Barbadoes,	Mortserrat,
Bahamas,	Nevis,
Bermuda;	Natal,
Cape of Good Hope,	St. Helena,
British Columbia,	Sierra Leone,
Dominica,	St. Vincent,
Falkland Islands,	St. Christopher and its dependencies,
Gold Coast,	St. Lucia,
Gambia,	Trinidad,
Gibraltar,	Tobago,
British Guiana,	Turks and Caicos Islands,
Granada,	Vancouver Island,
Honduras,	Virgin Islands.
Jamaica,	
Lagos,	

I have, &c.,

(Signed), BUCKINGHAM & CHANDOS.

Governor,

The Right Honble.

Viscount Monck,

&c., &c., &c.

AT THE COURT AT WINDSOR,

The 14th day of May, 1868.

PRESENT:

THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS

There was read this day at the Board the Draft of the Proclamation declaring Gold Coins made at the Branch of the Royal Mint at Sydney, New South Wales, a legal tender in certain of Her Majesty's Possessions abroad, specified in a schedule attached to the said Draft Proclamation.

Her Majesty having taken the same into consideration, was pleased by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to approve thereof, and to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the said Proclamation do take effect and come into force in each of Her Majesty's Possessions abroad, specified in the aforesaid Schedule, upon and from and after such day, as shall be for that purpose limited by the Governor or Officer Administering the Government of each of the said Possessions by any Proclamations to be by them for that purpose respectively issued in each of such Possessions.

And the Most Noble the Duke of Buckingham and Chandos, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, is to give the necessary directions for causing publication to be made hereof within Her Majesty's said Possessions abroad.

(Signed), ARTHUR HELPS.

DRAFT PROCLAMATION REFERRED TO IN THE FOREGOING ORDER IN COUNCIL.

BY THE QUEEN.

A PROCLAMATION

For declaring Gold Coins made at the Branch Mint at Sydney, New South Wales, a legal tender throughout such parts of Her Majesty's dominions as are specified in the schedule hereunto annexed.

Whereas, by an order in Council, bearing date the Nineteenth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, we have thought fit to order that a Branch of our Royal Mint, should be established at or near Sydney, in New South Wales.

And whereas in the eighteenth year of our reign, by an order in Council, dated the eighteenth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, we have thought fit to order that certain pieces of Gold Money should be coined at the said Branch of Our Royal Mint, to be called respectively Australian Sovereigns and Australian Half Sovereigns and to be of the same respective weights, fineness and value with the Sovereigns and Half Sovereigns now current within this our realm.

And whereas, pursuant to and in virtue of the powers given in our said Orders in Council, it is provided that a Coinage of the said Australian Sovereigns and Half Sovereigns shall be made, and that every such Australian Sovereign shall have for the obverse our effigy, with the inscription, "Victoria D. G., Britanniar Regina F. D.," and the date of the year, and for the reverse the word "Australian" placed in the centre of piece encircled by a laurel wreath and surmounted by the Royal Crown with the inscription "Sydney Mint, One Sovereign," and with a graining on the edge, and that every such Australian Half Sovereign shall have the obverse in every respect similar to that of the Sovereign, and for the reverse the same word, "Australia," in the centre encircled and surmounted in like manner, but for the inscription the words "Sydney Mint, Half Sovereign," and a graining on the edge.

And whereas pieces of Gold Money have been and will be coined at our said Branch of the Royal Mint in pursuance of orders issued and to be issued;

And whereas, by an Act passed in the twenty-ninth and thirtieth years of our reign, entitled: "An Act to enable Her Majesty to declare Gold Coins to be issued from Her Majesty's Colonial Branch Mints a legal tender for payments, and for other purposes relating thereto," it is provided that "it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, from time to time, by Proclamation issued with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare that for such period, and subject to such conditions as may be specified in such Proclamation, Gold Coins made at such Colonial Branch Mint, of designs approved by Her Majesty, and being of the same weight and fineness as are required by law with respect to Gold Coins of the same denominations made at Her Majesty's Mint in London, are to be a legal tender for payments within any part of Her Majesty's Dominions to be specified in such Proclamations, in which Gold Coins issued from Her Majesty's Mint in London shall at the date of the issue of such Proclamation being issued Gold Coins made of such designs and being of such weight and fineness as aforesaid, shall be a legal tender for payments accordingly."

And whereas Gold Coins issued from our Royal Mint in London are at present a legal tender in such parts of our Dominions as are specified in the schedule hereunto annexed;

We therefore, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, have thought fit to issue this Our Royal Proclamation, and we do ordain, declare and command, that from and after the date of the publication of this Our Proclamation by the Governor or other officer Administering the Government of such part or parts of Our Dominions as are specified in the schedule hereunto annexed, Coins made at the said Branch Mint, of designs approved by us at Sydney aforesaid, and being of the same weight and fineness as are required by law, with respect to Gold Coins of the same denominations made at Our Mint in London, shall be a legal tender for payments within such part or parts of Our Dominions, as are specified in the said schedule, until such period as this Our Proclamation shall be revoked, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council aforesaid.

Given at Our Court at Windsor, this fourteenth day of May, 1868.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Schedule of Her Majesty's Possessions abroad referred to in the Order in Council, dated 14th day of May, 1868, and in the Draft Proclamation, the issue of which is ordered by the said Order in Council.

CANADA,
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND,
NEWFOUNDLAND. 776-3

Pickles, Sauces, &c.,

JUST RECEIVED DIRECT FROM

CROSSE & BLACKWELL, London,

Ex ship "Ardmillan," the following:

125 DOZ. MIXED PICKLES,
35 DOZ. Gerkins,
35 DOZ. Onions,
35 DOZ. Chow Chow,
30 DOZ. Piccolill,
25 DOZ. Walnuts,
20 DOZ. Cauliflower,
15 DOZ. Imperial Hot,
15 DOZ. West India,
15 DOZ. Capt. White's Oriental

Reading Sauce,
King of Oude Sauce,
Harvey do.
John Bull do.
Kalos Ceusis do.
Soyer's do.
Worcestershire do.
India Soy.
Essence of Anchovies,
Essence of Shrimps,
Mushroom Ketchup,
Walnut Ketchup,
French Capers,
Chili Vinegar,
Tarragon Vinegar,
Raspberry Vinegar,
Olives,
Bottled Fruits, an assortment,
Raspberry Jam,
Strawberry do.
Damson do.
Gooseberry do.
Red Currant do.
Black do. do.
Red do. Jelly.
Black do. do.
Crystallized Fruits,
Fruits in Noyeau,
Preserved Ginger in Jars and 1 lb. Pots,
Curry Powder,
Anchovy Paste,
Potted Ham, Beef and Tongue,
Potted Yarmouth Bloaters,
Strasbourg Potted Meats,
Soup and Bouille,
Mock Turtle Soup,
Mulligatawny Soup,
Hare Soup,
Jugged Hare,
Pheasants in Gravy,
Grouse in Gravy,
Partridge in Gravy,
Paté de Foie Gras,
Paté D'Alouettes,
Paté de Caille.

ALSO,

A large lot of Keen's Celebrated Mustard in half lb. and 1 lb. tins.

BATE & Co.,
53, SPARKS-ST.

June 8, 1868. 762d

ARNOLDI'S

WINE AND SPIRIT VAULTS,

11 Metcalfe-st., Telegraph Co's Building,
OTTAWA,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL, FOR CASH ONLY

Dekuyper's Red Cases, Gin, 15 bottles	$9 00
" Green, " " per doz	4 80
Booth's London Gin	7 20
Bernard's and Thompson's Gin "	6 00
Green Seal Champagne "	12 00

AND UPWARDS.

PORT WINES—Graham's, Sandeman's, &c.

	Per Gall.	Per Doz
No. 1 Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2 "	3 00	8 75
" 3 Old	3 50	10 00
" 4 Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine old	5 75	15 50

SHERRIES—Lomeeq's, Pemartin's, &c.:

No. 1 Superior Light table Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2 Extra do.	3 00	8 75
" 3 Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4 Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine	5 50	15 00

Single sample bottles at above rates.

Also, of Standard Brands, in wood or bottle, old and new, Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch and Canadian Whiskies.

Canadian Ale, in wood or bottle.

Guinness' Porter, pints and quarts. Hibbert's Porter, pints and quarts. Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, pints and quarts.

Clarets, Hocks, Sauternes, Curacao, Maraschino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., &c.

Purity in all cases guaranteed, and goods marked at the lowest quotations.

Orders by mail with cash, promptly attended to. Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.

NOTICE.

The subscriber would intimate to those of his customers with whom current accounts may have been opened that it is his intention to take advantage of any irregularity in their payment to close them in order that he may conduct his business totally on the cash principle, which has been found to work much more satisfactorily for both the buyer and seller in every branch of trade in which it has been tried, and relying on quality of his goods and the prices charged for them (which will always be as low as they can honestly be sold for), he solicits a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

K. ARNOLDI,

Dealer in the better qualities of Wines, Spirits, &c., Metcalfe-street, Telegraph Co's Building, Ottawa.

Price lists on application or sent to any address.

April 21, 1868. 735y

TORONTO HOUSE, Sparks-st.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has at present several commodious and handsomely furnished suites of apartments, in every respect eligible for civil or military officers, or private gentlemen remaining in the city.

Ottawa, June 20, 1868. 773tf

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET.

A large and well FURNISHED HOUSE, or four Bedrooms, Sitting Room and Drawing Room of same, in a healthy and respectable locality, within three minutes walk of the Government Buildings. For particulars apply to J. BERMINGHAM, House and Land Agent, Dominion Auction Mart, Sussex-st.

Ottawa, June 4, 1868. 750tf

FOR SALE!

THAT Splendid First-Class

HOTEL,

IN THE

CAPITAL OF THE DOMINION!

KNOWN AS THE

REVERE HOUSE,

And at present leased at a rental of $2,000. It is one of the best buildings in the city. Its length is one hundred and six (106) feet by forty (40) feet wide, built of stone, with cut stone front and tin roof. The house contains fifty bedrooms, five parlors and dining room, with bar, kitchen and laundry attached. There is a new Brick Stable, sixty-six (66) by thirty (30) feet, capable of stabling forty Horses, a large yard and outbuildings; also a vacant lot, which the purchaser can have if required to enlarge. The premises are in excellent order, being only five years built. Very lately a sum of $2,000 was expended improving the building. For a first-class hotel, or Military Quarters, it cannot be equalled in the city.

TERMS EASY, and made known free of charge, by letter or otherwise, on application to

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer,
Commission and Real Estate Agent.

Ottawa, June 3, 1868. 758d

Dominion Auction Mart,

AND

Commission Sale Rooms

House, Land & General Agency,

OFFICE & SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-STREET,

OTTAWA.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city.

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmeniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq. M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq. M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq. M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq. M P
James O'Reilly, Esq. Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq. Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq. M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
753y House, Land and General Agent.

THE CORPORATION OF THE COUNTY OF CARLETON.

THE following Resolution was adopted by the Council of the Corporation of the County of Carleton, during their recent June Session, and ordered to be published.

EDW. BEARMAN,
C. C. C.

Moved by Mr. Dow, seconded by Mr. Fraser,

That the fourth and fifth resolutions of motion No. 15, passed by this Council at the Sessions thereof held in the month of January last, be, and the same are hereby repealed, and that in future every contractor, or other person legally authorized by this Council to supply the Gaol, shall keep a passbook, in which under the proper date the articles supplied shall be entered, and opposite the entry the gaol officials receiving the articles shall certify their receipt.

And that every tradesman, mechanic, or other person employed by this Council to work in the Gaol, shall keep a similar pass-book, and have his time or job, as the case may be, certified in like manner, and these pass-books, along with the accounts in duplicate, and properly certified, shall be laid before the Audit Committee at their quarterly Sittings.

And this Council do hereby further resolve that neither the Sheriff of this County, nor his Deputy, nor any other person or persons, excepting only the Warden of the County, the Gaol Committee of the Council, or its Chairman, shall have power or authority, on any pretence whatever, to order any article or thing on the credit of this Council, nor will this Council hold itself in any manner responsible for any article or thing furnished on any account whatsoever, excepting the same be furnished on the written order of the Warden, the Gaol Committee, or its Chairman, that all orders, resolutions and notices of this Council to the contrary, be, and the same are hereby repealed, and that the Clerk of this Council do give notice by advertisement of this resolution.—Carried.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775-3-26-1

A RARE CHANCE.

The undersigned having received direct from the manufacturers in Europe, a large consignment of

Dry Goods

with instructions to dispose of them at

LOW RATES!

Is now offering them to the public, and at an almost nominal advance on the makers' cost price. The stock consists of

1,000 yards of Carpets, of various kinds,
40 Handsome Hearth Rugs,
50 Summer Counterpanes,
24 White Marsala Quilts,
A large quantity of Toilet Covers,
Some Wool Table Covers,
And a large variety of other Goods.

The stock may be seen at the store of MESSRS. ANSELL & MICHAEL'S, Scott's Corner, Elgin and Sparks-street, opposite the Russell Hotel. Parties requiring articles of the above mentioned kind will find it to their advantage to call and inspect the goods at once, as the whole must be disposed of within a few days.

ANSELL & MICHAEL.

Ottawa, June 9, 1868. 763-3m

GREAT SUCCESS

OF THE

Removal Sale.

ALL THE GOODS FROM THE

Wholesale Department brought forward, and re-marked at clearing prices.

SEVERAL CHOICE BARGAIN LOTS,

Will be offered TO-DAY.

ONE LOT OF 20 PIECE MARL POPLINETTES,

This season's importation, worth 40 cents, will be sold for 25 cents.

ANOTHER LOT, SIMILAR STYLES,

Will be marked 16 cents. These are all well worth 30 cents.

500 YARDS STRIPED EARLSTON GINGHAMS,

That cost the importer 22 cents, will be laid on the counter at 12½ cents.

ANOTHER choice lot of Double Width CHALLIE and ALPACCA DRESS GOODS,

At 11 cents and 12½ cents, well worth double the money.

ONE CASE OF PRINTED MUSLINS,

Fast colours and choice patterns, at 10, 12, 12½, 16 and 17 cents per yard, are value for 50 per cent more, only they arrived too late in the season.

A JOB LOT of WHITE BRILLIANTS PIQUES and MARSEILLES,

At very low prices.

50 PIECES WHITE GROUND PRINTS and PRINTED BRILLIANTS,

From 15 to 21 cents per yard.

ANOTHER BALE WHITE SHIRTINGS,

At the reduced rates, will be brought forward to-day.

80 DOZEN MORE of THOSE CLEAR CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS,

At the same prices as gave such satisfaction the last two weeks.

10 PIECES WHITE GROUND FRENCH DELAINES,

With coloured spots for Children's Dresses, at 25 cents per yard, usual price, 40 cents.

SEVERAL HUNDRED DOZEN OF WHITE and COLOURED COTTON HOSE,

Brought out from the Wholesale Department, to-day, and marked very cheap.

NOTWITHSTANDING

The great rush we have had the stock is still well assorted, and many goods have been still further reduced in prices.

Magee & Russell.

Ottawa, June 17, 1868. 767y

FOR SALE

AT THE

MONTREAL WAREHOUSE

800 BUTTER TUBS, (in good order.

J. MARTIN & CO.

10,000 LBS. MAPLE SUGAR.

J. MARTIN & CO.

50 CASES ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

J. MARTIN & CO.

HERRINGS, PORK, FLOUR, BUTTER, CHEESE.

657y J. MARTIN & CO.

IF YOU

WANT ANY

BOOTS OR SHOES,

CALL AT

Angus & Huckell's

—GREAT—

Boot & Shoe

EMPORIUM,

15,

SUSSEX-STREET

Whyte's Brick Block.

Ottawa, June 18. 666y

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

City Hoop Skirt Factory.

SOMETHING NEW.

I BEG to call the attention of LADIES to a new and highly desirable article which I have secured the Sole Agency for in Ottawa and vicinity. It is known

As Lesser's Patent Skirt Appendage!

Patented April 23, 1868, and consists of a SEPARATE TRAIL, which can be attached to an ordinary

Plain Hoop Skirt,

Thus converting it into a graceful

Promenade or Evening Skirt!

It may also be fastened to a Muslin or Stuff Petticoat with the same result. It can be folded into very small compass, and must readily recommend itself to every Lady, combining, as it does, Grace, Elegance and Comfort. To be had wholesale and retail. All styles of Skirts on hand. Corsets, Hosiery and Gloves, Parasols, &c., &c.

DAVID MILLAR,
43 Sparks-st, Central Ottawa.

456y

FAMILY MOURNING.

Every article connected with LADIES' and CHILDREN'S MOURNING, supplied by

GRANT & HENDERSON,

BLACK SILKS,	BLACK CRAPES,
BLACK PARAMATTAS,	BLACK REPPS,
BLACK COBURGS,	BLACK LLAMAS,
BLACK GRENADINES,	BLACK LUSTRES,
MOURNING MANTLES,	AND MILLINERY.

Grant and Henderson.

20 Rideau-street.

Ottawa, June 18. 522y

RETIRING FROM BUSINESS

Great Cheap Sale of Dry Goods!

As GEO. FEATHERSTON & CO.,

Intend winding up their business in AUGUST NEXT. They will from this date offer their large stock of

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,

At greatly reduced prices for cash as the whole must be disposed of by the 24th day of AUGUST. The following list of prices will satisfy all that this is a chance rarely to be met with, and will be for the benefit of every one to take advantage of.

Full width Prints from	4½d per yard.	Grey Cottons	from 4½d per yard.
Printed Muslins "	6d "	Silk Parasols	" 2s 6d each.
" Delaines "	4½ "	Hoop Skirts	" 10½d "
6-4 Alepacca Lustres	7½ "	Canadian Full Cloth	" 2s 11d per yard.
Cobourgs "	9 "		

A large lot of Women's White Cotton Hose, from 4½d per pair. A lot of Summer Shawls from 11s 3d to 27s 6d, usual price from 17s 6d to 40s. A lot of cloths for Boy's Summer Wear, very cheap, and all other goods proportionately low.

Shop to Rent from 1st Sept. Next.

GEO. FEATHERSTON & CO.,
34 Sparks-street, Centre Town.

Ottawa, June 15, 1868. 768-2m

Great Clearing Sale of Dry Goods.

Cunningham & Lindsay

No. 14, RIDEAU-STREET.

WILL COMMENCE

ON MONDAY, the 15th INSTANT,

TO SELL THE BALANCE OF THEIR SUMMER STOCK OF

Millinery, Mantles, Shawls, Dress Goods, Prints, Muslins, &c.,

At Prices which must effect a Speedy Sale.

☞ *For Particulars See Circulars.*

Ottawa, June 12, 1868. 510y

BLYTH & KERR,

Successors to Chas. Garth,

No. 25, RIDEAU-STREET,

PLUMBERS, GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,
TIN & COPPERSMITHS, BELL HANGERS, &c.

All materials for the above branches kept constantly on hand.

Also, Importers and Dealers in House Furnishing Hardware.

Just received a well-selected assortment of Fishing Tackle, Baskets, Bait, Reels, Lines, Flys, Rods, &c. Manufacturers of all descriptions of work for Water and Gas Works, Brewer's Distilleries, Mills, &c. Makes and fits up Galvanized Iron Cornices, Gutters, Conductors, Roofing, &c.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water or Warm Air, on the most approved principles.

Orders from the country will receive strict attention. 740y

Ladies Keep Cool!

BLACK AND WHITE LACE SHAWLS,
GRENADINE SHAWLS,
BAREGE SHAWLS,
BAREGE JACKETS
BAREGE & GRENADINE PROMENADE COSTUMES,
GRENADINES,
FRENCH & ENGLISH MUSLINS.

GENTLEMEN KEEP COOL!

BLACK ALPACCA COATS,
BUFF ALPACCA COATS,
LINEN COATS,
MARSEILLES VESTS

All in great variety, cheap, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S,

Wholesale and Retail.

Importers. 20 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 29, 1868. 484y

NEW HOUSE TO LET CHEAP,

Enquire at Ashburnham Terrace.

775a T. L. GOURLAY.

ST. PATRICK'S ASYLUM PIC-NIC.

Contributions to the Refreshment Tables will be thankfully received at Mr. Kavanagh's, Centre Town; Mr. Whelan's, Rideau-street; Mr. Caldwell's, Sussex-street; or at the Asylum. 775a

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BOARD.

Two or three gentlemen can obtain Board in a Private Family, on Daly-street, by applying to X, TIMES Office.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775-3

ST. LOUIS HOTEL,
ST. LOUIS-STREET,
AND
RUSSELL'S HOTEL,
PALACE-ST., QUEBEC.

The above first-class Hotels are now open for the season.

Canadian Families

Visiting the Lower St. Lawrence for summer recreation, can either going or coming, be accommodated by the week or month, at rates similar to those charged at the watering places below. Apply by letter, or at the office.

770d WILLIS RUSSELL.

TAKE THE HIGHEST PREMIUMS

AT THE

Paris Exposition

All kinds of SCALES constantly on hand and for sale:

ALSO,

Baldwin's Alarm Money Drawers,

THE BEST NOW IN USE.

ALEX. WORKMAN & CO.,

775-2m Ottawa, Agents.

TO BE GIVEN AWAY!

THE

Greatest Curiosity

OF THE DAY.

WILL BE PUBLISHED

On Thursday next, THE WONDERFUL ALMANAC for 306 years, a copy of which will be presented, FREE OF CHARGE, to every Lady and Gentleman applying at

The Ottawa Citizen,
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

SANSUM'S INTEREST & EXCHANGE TABLES.

A supply of this useful work just received and for sale at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen,
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

COPY BOOKS,

(Plain and with Head Line), EXERCISE BOOKS. A supply just received and for sale at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House
21 Rideau-street

PLAIN & FANCY STATIONERY,

All marked in plain figures, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

COUNTING HOUSE and SCHOOL REQUISITES,

At the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

MUSIC, MAGAZINES OR PRINTED BOOKS,

Bound in any style required, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

ENGINEERS' and ARTISTS' MATERIALS,

At the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

ACCOUNT BOOKS,

Memorandum Books, Pocket Books, Indexes, &c., at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

WRAPPING PAPERS,

MANILLA, TEA and STRAW, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen,
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

STEEL PENS and PEN HANDLES,

Gillott's, Mitchell's and other makers, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

WRITING INKS,

Stephen's, Todd's Perth Office, &c., at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

LEAD PENCILS,

Faber's, Rowney's and others, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street

BLANK BOOKS,

Manufactured to order, in any style of ruling and binding, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

BOOK and JOB PRINTING,

At the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS, authorized by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario. The prices are:

FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.

FIRST BOOK, part second, 54 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.

SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.

THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Thirty cents.

FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.

FIFTH BOOK, 50 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

A supply just received and for sale at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

☞ A liberal allowance to Teachers and Dealers.

TO BE GIVEN AWAY!

THE

Greatest Curiosity

OF THE DAY.

WILL BE PUBLISHED

On Thursday next, THE WONDERFUL ALMANAC for 306 years, a copy of which will be presented, FREE OF CHARGE, to every Lady and Gentleman applying at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

Ottawa, June 8, 1868 751y

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, June 23, 1868.

There is no change for the better in the markets nor any expectation of improvement until the new crops shall be brought in. The market prices for butchers' meat are for beef 9 to 15 cents. Mutton 10 cents. Veal 9 to 10 cents.

FLOUR—Extra	8 00	@	8 25
No. 1	7 00	@	7 25
No. 2	5 50	@	6 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs	4 00	@	4 25
" Spring "	3 50	@	3 62½
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs	6 00	@	6 25
Indian Meal "	4 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 70	@	0 75
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 75	@	0 80
Buckwheat Flour—bbl.	4 50	@	5 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 75	@	1 80
Spring " "	1 45	@	1 50
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 90	@	0 95
Peas " 60 lbs	0 75	@	0 80
Oats " 34 lbs	0 50	@	0 00
Beans " 60 lbs	2 00	@	2 25
PORK—Mess—per barrel	23 00	@	0 00
Prime Mess per do	16 50	@	0 00
Hog per 100 lbs	0 00	@	0 00
Hams	0 13	@	0 15
Beef	0 00	@	0 08
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 00	@	0 0
Lamb—per q	0 00	@	0 0
Geese—Each			None
Ducks	0 00	@	0 00
Turkeys—Each	0 80	@	1 00
Fowl—Per pair	0 45	@	0 55
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 15	@	0 17
No. 1 Firkin	0 13	@	0 14
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Egg	0 15	@	0 17
Apples—per brl	4 50	@	5 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 45	@	0 50
HAY—Per ton	12 00	@	14 00
WOOD—Per cord	0 00	@	3 5
Tamarac	0 00	@	2 00
Hemlock	0 00	@	2 00

Richmond Circuit Board

OF

PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

FOR THE

County of Carleton.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

That the above Board will meet

IN THE TOWN HALL

IN RICHMOND,

On Wednesday, the 8th day of July next

AND ALSO ON

WEDNESDAY,

The 9th day of December next,

At 12 o'clock, noon, for general business. Applicants for certificates of qualification are required to furnish the Board with certificates of moral character from either Local Superintendent or from a Clergyman of the denomination to which they respectively belong.

C. B. PETITT, M.A., Chairman.

J. HINTON, Secretary.

Richmond, May 21, 1868.

PAIN KILLER.

The Great Family Medicine of the Age.

THE UNIVERSAL REMEDY for INTERNAL & EXTERNAL COMPLAINTS!

OUR FIRST PHYSICIANS USE AND RECOMMEND ITS USE!

It Enjoys the Largest Sale of Any Proprietary Medicine in the World!

THE PAIN KILLER

HAS been favorably known for more than thirty years, during which time we HAVE RECEIVED THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS, showing this Medicine to be an almost NEVER FAILING REMEDY for diseases caused by or attendant upon—Sudden Colds, Coughs, Fever and Ague, Headache, Bilious Fever, Pains in the Side, Back and Loins, as well as in the Joints and Limbs; Neuralgic and Rheumatic Pains in any part of the system, Toothache and Pains in the Head and Face.

As a BLOOD PURIFIER and TONIC for the STOMACH, it seldom fails to cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Heartburn, Kidney Complaints, Sick Headache, Piles Asthma or Phthisic, Ringworms, Boils, Felons, Whitlows, Old Sores, Swelled Joints, and General Debility of the System.

It is also a PROMPT and SURE REMEDY for Cramp and Pains in the Stomach, Painters' Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Scalds, Burns, Sprains, Bruises, Frost Bites, Chilblains, as well as the Stings of Insects, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

☞ Directions accompany each bottle.

It has been tested in every variety of climate, and by almost *every nation known* to civilization. It is the almost constant companion and inestimable friend of the *Missionary*, and to *traveller* should be without it. Like every other good thing, the Pain Killer has been extensively counterfeited; which, (while it is an acknowledgment on the part of the counterfeiters of its real worth,) is a serious hinderance to its usefulness, as the deceived purchaser estimates the value of the *Pain Killer* by the base compound he has purchased for the genuine article.

Purchasers should be careful and not allow the dealer to sell them worthless imitations, on which they realize a larger profit, but take only the *Pain Killer*, and see that it is the genuine, bearing the signature of Perry Davis & Son upon the label.

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by Druggists and Medicine Dealers, and Commission Merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers, and at Variety Shops generally throughout the world.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Manufs. and Props.,
74, High-st., Providence, R. I.,
380, St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. Q.,
17, Southampton Row, Holborn, London, E

6-1aw2aw

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864.

IN THE MATTER OF

WILLIAM N. BARRIE

AND

JOHN McMARTIN,

INSOLVENTS.

The Creditors of the above-named Insolvents are hereby notified to meet me at the OFFICE of Messrs. MORLAND, WATSON & CO., in the City of Montreal, on

Friday, the 26th day of June Next,

At the hour of ELEVEN o'clock in the Forenoon, for the ordering of the affairs of the Estate generally.

Dated at L'Original, this 5th day of June, A. D., 1868.

EDWD. F. DARTNELL, Assignee.

772d

PIANOS. PIANOS.

JUST RECEIVED AT THE

London Music Store!

☞ Her Majesty's Theatre, ☜

Wellington Street,

A new and splendid assortment of

PIANOFORTES!

☞ UNION MAKE. ☜

Every PIANO from this establishment warranted for 5 years.

Also just received a new stock of

VICTORIA ORGANS and MELODEONS

VIOLINS, CONCERTINAS, GUITARS, &c., in great variety.

Second hand Pianos taken in part pay at for new ones.

Connected with this establishment is a Piano Manufacturer, who will attend punctually to all orders for TUNING left at the London Music Store.

E. MILES, Lessee of Her Majesty's Theatre.

Ottawa, March 25, 1868. 351-39y

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864,

AND AMENDMENTS THEREOF.

In the matter of WILLIAM N. BARRIE and JOHN McMARTIN, Insolvents.

BY virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvents, and also under and by virtue of an order made by James Daniell, Esquire, Judge of the County Court of the United Counties of Prescott and Russell in that behalf, I will on FRIDAY, the twenty-sixth day of June next, offer or sale by Public Auction, at the hour of ten o'clock, in the forenoon of the said day, at the office of Messrs. Morland, Watson and Company, in the City of Montreal, all the real estate and interest of the said Insolvent John McMartin, of and in the lands and premises in the Township of North Plantagenet, and County of Prescott, and Province of Ontario, hereinafter particularly mentioned and described. That is to say:

1st. All the real estate, interest and equity of redemption of the said John McMartin of what nature or kind soever, whether as devisee under the will of Alexander McMartin, deceased, or otherwise, of and in lot number nine, (9) in the fourth (4th) concession, old survey of the said Township of Plantagenet, East of the South Nation River.

2nd. All the real estate, interest and equity of redemption of the said John McMartin, of what nature and kind soever, whether as devisee under the will of the said Alexander McMartin, deceased, or otherwise, of and in Lot Number Ten (10), in the Fourth (4th) Concession, old survey of the said Township East of the South Nation River.

The said two lots are supposed to contain together 399 acres more or less.

The said two lots are supposed to contain together 399 acres more or less.

3rd All the real estate and interest and equity of redemption of the said John McMartin, of what nature and kind soever, either in his own right, or as devisee under the will of the said Alexander McMartin, deceased, or otherwise, of and in Lot Number Eleven, (11) in the said Fourth (4th) Concession, old survey of the said Township of North Plantagenet, known as McMartin's Saw Mills, with the privileges and appurtenances to the same belonging. Also of and in the premises known as the old Store, the large Store House the large stable and premises connected therewith, also of and in the Dwelling House now occupied by the said John McMartin, and the outbuildings therewith connected, and lying and being in the Village of Plantagenet Mills aforesaid.

The said several premises will be sold subject to the several mortgages charged upon same, and the said mill and mill premises and other the premises last mentioned with their appurtenances, will be sold subject to the interest of the said Insolvents as co-partners of either of them therein, under the partnership articles the lease therein mentioned or otherwise howsoever at the time of their insolvency for the residue of the unexpired term of fifteen years from the 1st day of December, 1865, and to the mortgages thereon.

There is a rent of one dollar annually, payable during said term to the said John McMartin as devisee thereof, under the will of the said Alexander McMartin.

Terms—Cash.

For further particulars apply to Edward Taylor Dartnell, Esquire, L'Original, Solicitor for the Assignee, or to the Assignee.

Dated at L'Original, this 23rd day of April A.D., 1868.

EDWD. FREWEN DARTNELL, Assignee

726-1aw2m

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, May 8, 1868.

AUTHORIZED Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 28 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

SITUATION WANTED.

A Lady, who has good references, would desir a situation as HOUSEKEEPER to a Catholi Clergyman or private gentleman. Please appl at the TIMES office.

Ottawa, June 13, 1868 767a

FOR SALE.

A SELF-ACTING SODA WATER APPARATUS, with cylinders complete, cheap for cash. Apply to WILLIAM PRODERICK Rideau-street, Ottawa. 687d

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned will either sell or let for a few years his well known farm, being lot Twenty-five in the Fourth Concession of Gloucester, Rideau Front, 215 acres all cleared, and well fenced and in a good state of cultivation. Also, the one-half of lot Twenty-seven in the Third Concession, being in its natural state, all wood and excellent land. It is just the cross of two hundred acres from the corner of the one lot to the other. The railroad line runs within ten feet of the front corner of the one hundred and in sight of the two hundred for two or three miles. The Station at Cunningham's is scarcely a mile and a half from the front of Lot Twenty-five. The above farm is capable of keeping thirty head of milch cows, two span of horses, and as many young cattle as it would be proper to raise. Eight or nine years ago I kept twenty-two milch cows, and ten or twelve horses, and raised five or six calves every year. The above farm is about ten miles, from the door, to the limits of the City. The improvements cannot be surpassed for a farmer's purpose. The dwelling-house is stone, 30 by 40, a story and a half over ground; and a cellar nine feet high, the one half used for a kitchen and the other half capable of holding 1,000 bushels of anything you wish to put into it; there is three small windows in it, and when cleaned in the Spring, makes an excellent milk-house or dairy; there is a frame wood shed at the door, 60 by 24, with 14 feet taken off the one end for a coachhouse, and overhead for a storehouse; next to that is a stable 36 by 26, finished inside, complete with four large double stalls and two single ones, and good room for hanging up harness, and oat box; convenient to that is a barn 40 by 50, in which I have often put 1,000 bushels of grain in one year; connected with that is 200 and 20 feet of frame sheds, all 20 and 24 deep, under pinned with stone and lime from two to seven feet, according to level; on the north side of the house is another barn, 30 by 40, commonly filled with peas and oats. And if either tennant or purchaser has a desire for religious purposes you can lie in your bed and look at the bell tolling on the Catholic Church every Holy Day, and go to the front door and you will see the Presbyterian Church, where the Rev. Mr. Lochead has preached for the last twenty-two years, and go to the back door and you will see both English Church and Methodist Church within two miles. The above farm would be a desirable situation for a young man wishing to give his attention to farming, as the Ottawa Market cannot be surpassed in the Dominion. I think that I can say that I have not sold one pound of butter under one shilling this eight years: if one went under two went over. Some reader may ask what am I selling for, it is neither for scant nor for want of anything, but I am in the seventieth year of my age, and has purchased off this lot seven hundred and fifty acres of land and all is paid for, and all my sons is settled on their own farms, so I would rather sit down and take my ease as be attending to marketing and farming any longer. Persons wishing to get any information on any point from me, can do so by addressing, post-paid, JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr., South Gloucester.

JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr.

February 6, 1868. 709-6w12

NOTICE.

BOATS FOR PIC-NICS.—In order to prevent disappointment, and ensure punctuality, parties requiring Boats for Pic-Nics between Ottawa and Hull, off the line of the regular ferry, to Bellevue Gardens or elsewhere, should apply to the undersigned direct, a couple of days in advance, instead of making arrangements with the proprietors of Gardens or other places of amusement. Parties infringing on the rights and privileges of the Ferry License will be prosecuted to the utmost rigour of the law.

JOSEPH SMITH.

Ottawa, June 12, 1868. 766a

MILES' HAIRDRESSNG SALOON

BELL'S BLOCK, ELGIN-ST.

THIS SALOON is fitted up in a neat and attractive manner, and is always attended by competent and attentive workmen.

E. MILES, Hair Dresser, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General.

Ottawa, April 13. 715y

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD

PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &

Prepared by

AUGUSTUS LAVER, ARCHITECT

End Daly-st. Ottawa.

April 1.

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

AN OMNIBUS

Will leave the

RUSSELL HOUSE,

Every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 7 a.m., punctually, to carry passengers

FOR AYLMER

To connect with the Union Forwarding Railway Company's Steamers.

JAMES MULLIGAN.

Ottawa, May 16, 1868. 744tf

TABLES

FOR

Converting One Inch Lumber

AND

QUEBEC STANDARD

—TO—

Board Measure.

For Sale by

J. DURIE & SON, Booksellers and Stationers, 79, Sparks-st., Ottawa.

June 5, 1868. 760a

Ice, Ice, Ice!

THE subscriber will furnish ICE DAILY to those requiring it for the Season. Double supplies on Saturday for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season, $6.00. Hotels and Steamers supplied with large quantities on liberal terms, as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted.

All orders left at KAVANAGH'S RESTAURANT, or at the subscriber's, will be strictly attended to.

F. STARMER, 126, Rideau-st.

Ottawa, May 14, 1868. 742d

BUSINESS STAND FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers FOR SALE his STORE and DWELLING in the Village of MARATHON, Township of FITZROY. Also. One Hundred and Thirty Acres of GOOD LAND, on which the store and outbuildings are erected. This is a splendid opportunity for any party with moderate capital, desirous of a good opening for a first-class country business.

Apply to ROBERT JOHNSTON,

721-17-6 Marathon P. O.

SARSAPARILLION,

PAREIRA BRAVA.

Newly Discovered Virtues—Hidden for 300 years—The Discovery of the True Virtues of the Roots—Brought to Light and Made Manifest in

DR. RADWAY'S SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT,

By a new process recently discovered by Dr. Radway, for obtaining the active properties from vegetable substances.

SARSAPARILLIAN.

Pareira Brava.

Associated with other newly discovered Roots, enters into the composition of RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT; secures a remedial agent, that cures all forms of Chronic, Scofulous, Skin, Glandular, Kidney, Bladder and Uterine Diseases, by communicating its curative, reparative and fruitful efficacy, through the BLOOD, SWEAT and URINE.

The ordinary Sarsaparilla decoctions and Syrups are mere washes, compared with the Sarsaparillian of the Resolvent. It is a well known fact that Sarsaparilla as ordinarily prepared either as officinally or as a proprietary remedy, never possessed the confidence of medical men, and all the reputation it enjoyed was deemed by well informed Chemists, Physicians, and medical writers to be due to other remedial agents associated with it. The true curative virtues of Sarsaparilla for 300 years have laid hidden in the Crystalline principle of the Root. Under DR. RADWAY'S *New Process*, SARSAPARILLIAN is secured and brought to light, and associated with other ingredients, it fulfils the most extravagant expectations and views of men. One ounce of Dr. Radway's Sarsaparillian contains more of the curative principle than ten pounds of the extracts from the crude roots, as prepared officinally or in the popular advertised Sarsaparillas.

PAREIRA BRAVA.—Another of the ingredients of the Radway's Resolvent, held in high estimation by the mosteminent medical men of Europe, South America and United States, as the best remedial agent for the diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, Uterus, and as a *lithontriptic for dissolving Calculi*, as a curative for Jaundice, Rheumatism, Leucorrhœa, etc., since 1688 has never been properly prepared. Under Dr. Radway's process, the Cissampaline principle of this valuable Root is secured, and associated with Sarsaparillian and other ingredients in the Resolvent, makes it a perfect cure in every form of disease of the Kidneys, Bladder, Uterus, and as a *lithontriptic for dissolving Calculi*, as a curative for Jaundice, Rheumatism, Leucorrhœa, etc., since 1688 has never been properly prepared. Under Dr. Radway's process, the Cissampaline principle of this valuable Root is secured, and associated with Sarsaparillian and other ingredients in the Resolvent, makes it a perfect cure in every form of disease of the Kidneys, Bladder, and Urinary Organs—Dropsy, Gravel, Incontinence, or Stoppage of Water, Diabetes, or Urinary Diarrhœa, and *every kind of weakening, irritating or purulent discharges, not proper to mention* in an advertisement, is rapidly cured by this remedy.

So quick does the Resolvent enter into the circulation, that it may be detected in the Urine *in ten minutes* after it has been taken. In many cases it has secured a free discharge of water—in cases where Catheters were formerly used.—Is not this a blessing?

BUCHU, Turpentine Junipers, Gin, Copaiba, Cubebs, and other direct Diuretics, are in many cases hurtful. In Diabetes, Urinary Diarrhœa, Catarrh of the Bladder, Dropsy, and in a weakness or ulceration of the Kidneys, are unsafe to use as a continued remedy, and should never be given unless under supervision of a Physician, as the strain these direct remedies may produce on the Kidneys may, in the course of a few hours, require Opiates, to change or modify their action; this fact is self-evident to any medical man, a compensating Remedy like the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT, is the true remedy to use in these cases.—Even as a diuretic.

Pareira Brava,

As prepared by Dr. Radway, and one of the ingredients of the Resolvent, is as superior to all forms of Buchu, etc, as rich cream is to watered milk.

Let all suffering from unnatural drains from the system—caused either by self-abuse, depraved habit of body—bad living, impure association, weakness of the genital organs, or Skin Diseases, Scrofula, uncured Secondary Disease, Syphilold Ulcers, Chronic Disease—or from Consumption of the Lungs, as well as degeneration of the Kidneys—Chronic Disease of the Liver, Spleen, etc., commence at once the use of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOVENT. It commences its work of purification at once; it repairs the waste of the body, with new and healthy material. It restores functional harmony to every organ in the system, and secures the natural secretions of the proper constituents to each. Persons have been cured, and have children now living that were deemed incapacited, by self-abuse, etc., through the use of this remedy. Ask for Dr. Radway's **Sarsaparillian or Renovating Resolvent.**

PRICE—$1 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $5.

W. M. MASSEY, Agent.

READ FALSE AND TRUE.—Send one letter-stamp to RADWAY & Co., 439 St. Paul-street, Montreal. Information worth thousands will be given you. Price of RESOLVENT SARSAPARILLIAN, $1 per bottle, or $10 per dozen. 762b

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to

HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY,

AND

COURT OF SPAIN,

THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,

AND

HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT

MR. JOHN LESLIE, Sparks-street,

Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,

For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*

H. & A. SAUNDERS, Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion, for the sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa, May 29. 748y

NEW BOOKS.

Exodus of the Western Nations by Vincount Bury; Chronicles and Characters by Owen Meredith; Brakespeare by the author of "Guy Livingstone"; The Lost Name, a Novel; Farming for Boys; The New Dictionary of Quotations; The Huguenots by Samuel Smiles; Law and Lawyers—Curious Facts and Characteristic Sketches; Art and Artists, do.; Books and Authors, do.; Clergymen and Doctors, do.; Longfellow's Works Complete for 15 cents; The Waverley Novels, per vol., 15 cents; Cooper's Novels, per vol., 15 cents; Essays in Elia by Lamb complete for 15 cents; De Quincey's Confessions of an Opium Eater for 15 cents.

Bibles, Prayer Books, Church Services, just received from the Publishers, in the newest and richest patterns.

For sale by

J DURIE & SON, 10 Sparks-st., Opposite the Russell House

498y

PROFESSIONAL NOTICE.

MR. P. J. BUCKLEY HAS REMOVED HIS LAW OFFICE to the THOMPSON BLOCK, Corner of Sussex and York streets, adjacent to the offices of Horace Lapierre, Advocate and Counsel. Office Hours—From 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.

Ottawa, June 9, 1868. 763a

NOTICE.

MESSRS. ANGUS & SON, in retiring from the Undertaking Business, would beg to inform their friends and the public that they have disposed of their Hearses and stock in trade to Mr. Samuel Rogers, Cabinet Maker, who will in future attend to all orders in the Undertaking line, and they have much pleasure in recommending him to their many patrons and friends.

ANGUS & SON,

Furniture Dealers, No. 22, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, May 11, 1868.

UNDERTAKING.

IN reference to the above, S. Rogers takes this opportunity of thanking his numerous friends and customers for their very liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Cabinet and Upholstering Business, and would respectfully solicit in this new branch of his trade a continuation of their favors.

S. ROGERS,

Cabinet Maker, &c., Rideau and George-streets.

Ottawa, May 11, 1868. 741d

W. NOTMAN,

Photographer to the Queen

CORNER OF

WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS,

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his

Establishment will be Opened

—ON—

Monday Next, 3rd February

When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for all the different branches of Photography.

Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 582y

Local Government Notices.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, ONTARIO.

To Contractors.

TENDERS

Will be received until noon,

Thursday, 25th inst.,

For the following works required for the completion of the wings to the Provincial Lunatic Asylum:

PLASTERER & GAS FITTER,

TINSMITH,

SLATER

The plans and specifications can be seen at the Department of Public Works, Parliament Buildings, between the hours of ten a.m. and 4 p.m.

Tenders to be addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed on the outside,

"Tenders for the proposed work at the Provincial Lunatic Asylum."

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING, Commissioner of Public Works, Ontario.

Department of Public Works, Parliament Buildings, Toronto, June 9, 1868. 765td

NOTICE.

ALL payments to be made on account of the Ontario Government may be made to the

ROYAL CANADIAN BANK,

And its Agencies.

Dated at Toronto, 30th October, A.D., 1867.

E. B. WOOD, Treasurer of Ontario.

October 31, 1867. Tf

In Chancery.

DAVIS vs. EMSLIE.

In pursuance of the Decree in this cause dated the 8th JANUARY, 1867, and the final order for sale herein dated the 30th MAY last, there will be sold with the approbation of the Master of this Court, at OTTAWA, by PUBLIC AUCTION, by HECTOR McLEAN, at his Auction Rooms, Sparks-street, in the City of Ottawa, at twelve o'clock, noon, on WEDNESDAY, the 15th JULY NEXT, the following Real Estate, viz:

All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate lying and being in the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, containing by admeasurement one hundred acres, be the same more or less, being composed of the North Half of Lot Number Sixteen, in the Fifth Concession of the said Township of Nepean, Rideau Front.

The said land is well adapted for farming purposes, and lies on the east side of the main road from Ottawa to Richmond; about sixty acres of it are cleared and under cultivation, and it is situated amongst the best lands in the County of Carleton. It is fifteen miles from Ottawa, and five miles from Richmond and the River Goodwood, a constantly flowing stream passes through the centre of it.

One-tenth of the purchase money is to be paid down by the purchaser to the Vendor or his Solicitors at the time of sale by way of deposit, and the balance on or before the 1st AUGUST next; upon payment of which he will be entitled to a conveyance, and let into possession.

In other respects the conditions of sale are the standing conditions of the Court of Chancery. The deed from the late Alexander Emslie to the Plaintiff will be produced at the time of sale.

All parties to the suit, with the exception of the Vendor, are to be at liberty to bid.

Further particulars, and conditions of sale, may be had at the Offices of the said Master and MESSRS. LEWIS, PINHEY AND WARD, Ottawa, and M. R. VANKOUGHNET, ESQ., and MESSRS. O'DONOHOE & WARMOLL, Toronto.

Dated this 13th day of June, 1868.

(Signed), JOHN WILSON, Master at Ottawa.

LEWIS, PINHEY & WARD, Vendor's Solicitors. 768td

MOWING & REAPING MACHINES.

We have for sale, and are manufacturing, the lightest and most durable MOWING & COMBINED MOWING & REAPING MACHINE in use (no wood work), wrought iron frame, with wrought iron steel-plated guards. Price of Mower, $60; Combined, $85.

—ALSO.—

8 Horse-power Threshing Machines
20 Sets Threshers and Separators
10 Sets Double-Pinion Powers to match
10 Sets Treble Geared Iron Powers, known as the Watch Power.

Purchasers can have their choice of the Powers. These Machines are made in the most substantial manner and warranted. Price, complete, including Belts, Wrenches, &c., $230.

ALSO,

Two Horse Railroad Powers; 50 Sets of our new Double-Pinion Railroad Power Threshing Machines, complete. These can be used on the team, amount of work, and manner in which it is done, they have no equal.

ALSO,

Fifty Sets of our Common two-horse Machines, with improvements, which are so well known as to need no comment. Every Machine is warranted as recommended. All of which will be sold at very low prices on reasonable terms. Large discount for cash down.

E. & B. P. PAIGE, Nos. 84, 86, 88 and 90 Wellington-street, al

June 17. 770-1-25-8 Montre

BOOK AGENTS WANTED.

To solicit orders for the

Origin and History of the Books of the BIBLE,

By PROF. C. E STOWE, D. D. A fresh work by one of the most thorough authors. There is no book to compare or compete with it. 40,000 copies sold already by agents.

Experienced agents and others wanted to introduce the work to every family.

Apply, with stamps for answer, to

MACLEAR & CO., General Agents, Pro. Ontario.

11 King-street, Toronto. 774-3

STATIONERY.

J. DURIE & SON have just received from the best English and Canadian Manufacturers a large stock of

BLANK BOOKS

Of every description, also Receipt Books, Order Books, Blank Note Books, Time Books, Bill Books, &c.

Memorandum Books, Pocket Ledgers, Cash Books, Pocket Books, Clerks' Check Books.

Post and Foolscap Copying Letter Books and Presses Copying Ewers, and Brushes.

A splendid lot of Glass and Pewter Inkstands; a few extra large size suitable for Bank use.

Windsor and Newton's Solid Sketch Book.

Antoine's Celebrated Violette Copying Inks.

The Waverly Pen; the best Pen in use.

Postage and Bill Stamps.

For sale by

J. DURIE & SON, 10 Sparks-st., opposite the Russell House.

498y

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY.

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St

M. P. HAYES, AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 57

Railroads.

CHANGE of TIME

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and after FRIDAY, the 15th May, 1868, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA
Mixed, 7. 15 a. m.	10.35 a. m.
Express, 1.35 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 7 a. m.	9.25 a. m.
Mixed, 1.09 p. m.	4.15 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

Ottawa, May 14, 1868. 1y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p.m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:10 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due rem east and west.

H ABBOTT. *Managing Director.*

Brockville, April 11. 472y

Grand Trunk Railway Company

OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows;

GOING WEST—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 8.30 A.M.

Night do do at 7.30 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.00 A.M.

Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.

Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.

Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.

Express for Boston and New York, at 3.35 P.M.

Express for Portland (staying over at Island Pond) at 2.00 P.M.

Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Riviere du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbroke, Waterville and Coaticooke only, at 10.10 P.M.

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

December 23, 1867 650tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET.

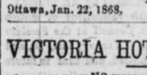
FOUR GOOD ROOMS over SHEPHERD'S GROCERY STORE, Murray st., between Sussex and Dalhousie-sts. Also, GOOD STABLES for thirteen horses. Rent moderate. Also a quantity of CEDARS for sale. Enquire of M. SHEPHERD, at the Store.

Ottawa, May 20, 1868. 718

FOR SALE, on SANDY HILL, opposite Desbarats', LOT No. 32, Stuart street. Terms moderate. Apply to Mrs. TIERNAN, No. 2, King street opposite the Gas House.

Ottawa, May 4 1868. 731d

Two Dwellings to Let,

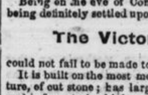


BEING the Upper part of E. MARTINEAU'S Clothing Store, Corner of Sussex and Clarence-streets.

Enquire at the Store. EUG. MARTINEAU.

Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 64

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.



NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

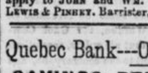
could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to

FRANCIS BELCHEMOW, ESQ., OR JOHN HENRY, Esq., Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W

Ottawa, March 11. 379tf



FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

Quebec Bank---Ottawa Branch

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

FROM the 1st day of April next ensuing, INTEREST at the RATE of FIVE per cent per annum, will be allowed on Deposits in this Department.

H. V. NOEL, Manager.

Ottawa, March 13, 1868. 690-3m

FARM FOR SALE.

FOR SALE Lot No. 15, 4th Concession, Gloucester, Rideau Front, seven miles from Ottawa, on the macadamized road leading from Ottawa to Metcalfe, consisting of 100 acres, 80 of which are cleared and in the highest state of cultivation. The soil is of the very best quality, and there is a new Frame Building and a good Stone Cellar, also a good Barn, Stable, Sheds and other outbuildings. The English Church and School House is about two acres from the house, the Methodist Church and Catholic Church can be seen from the door. There is a nine mile road running beside the lot. The Railroad Station is about two miles from the house. There will be a chance given in part of the purchase money if required. It is well fenced and watered. For further particulars apply to the subscriber on the premises.

701-1-1dwtsi3 WM. HALPENNY.

LEGAL NOTICE—REMOVAL.

CHARLES T. BAINES, late of Ottawa, Barrister, &c., &c., has removed to Richmond, where he will at all times be ready to attend to any professional calls or business which may be entrusted to him in his line with accuracy and with safety, &c., &c.

Richmond, Dec. 30, 1867. 1wtf

Steamers.

1868. 1868.

THE

Quebec and Gulf Ports

STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

ROYAL Mail Line between Quebec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, every Tuesday.

The first-class Steel Side Wheel Steamship

"SECRET,"

WILLIAM DAVISON, - - Master,

Will leave

St. Andrew's Wharf

—ON—

TUESDAY, the 23rd of JUNE

At four o'clock, p.m.,

For Pictou, Nova Scotia, calling at Father Point, Gaspe, Perce, Chatham, Newcastle, Miramichi and Shediac. Returning will leave Pictou on Tuesday, 23rd June, at 5 o'clock, p.m.

The steamers connect at Shediac with E. & N. A. R. R. to St. John, N.B., and steamer for Prince Edward Island, and at Pictou with N. S. Railway to Halifax.

Through tickets to St. John, N. B., $16; Halifax, Nova Scotia, $17.50; Eastport, $17.50; Portland, $19.50 and Boston $20 50. Return Tickets

The Times

VOL. III. NO 777. OTTAWA, THURSDAY, JUNE 25, 1868. PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Vallo issuing of the daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only	$6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line	8c
All subsequent insertions, per line	2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.	
Yearly subscription to the daily (if paid in advance)	$5 00
If not paid in advance	6 00
Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance)	$1 00
not paid in advance	1 50

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

Legal Cards.

MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. GEORGE TAILLON.
Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1868. 366-tf

R. J. WICKSTEED,
ADVOCATE, &c., 42, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 589-6m

N. TETREAU,
NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 6, 1867. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street.
OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa
February 7, 1866. 43-u

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public.
Office, over Mr. Luke Cannor's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c.
Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House
Ottawa, March 30. 87-c

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1868.

NICHOLAS SPARKS,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c.
Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

G. J. O'DOHERTY,
LAW, Chancery, and Conveyancing Office. Aumond's Buildings, Rideau street.
Ottawa, December 6,1867.

Medical Cards.

A. CODD, M.D., C.M.,
(Attending Physician General Protestant Hospital)
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Four doors east of the Revere House, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
OFFICE HOURS—From 8 to 10 a m, and from 2 to 3 p m.
Ottawa, April 30. 730-3m

DR. CHESLEY,
OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 25 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30 44tf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,
DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 578y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
CORNER of Kent and Wellington-Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 43utf

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-100-y

Hotels and Saloons.

MATHEWS' OLD STAND,
YORK-STREET,
WILL BE OPEN for the accommodation of the public on THURSDAY, 12th of March, 1868. The subscriber having again resumed business in his old stand as hotel-keeper, wishes to return thanks to his numerous friends and the public for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on him, during the past seventeen years, and hopes by strict attention to business, and kindness to all, to share a portion of public patronage. His Larder will be always supplied with the best the market affords. His Bar will be supplied with the best of Liquors and choicest Cigars.
T. MATHEWS, Proprietor.
N. B.—The house has been thoroughly renovated and newly furnished.
Ottawa, March 11, 1868. 688tf

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec

REVERE HOUSE, OTTAWA,
G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, } ....PROPRIETORS.
THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867 582tf

THE ALBION HOTEL
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1866. 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly over hauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

TORONTO HOUSE,
SPARKS STREET.
MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has a few Commodious Suites of Apartments to Let, handsomely and comfortably furnished.
Gentlemen attending the Session of Parliament will find at the Toronto House most convenient quarters, where the quiet of the private family is combined with the usual attendance to be found at the best hotels.
Ottawa, 675tf

Strasbourg Pottery

BRUNSWICK HOUSE,
WELLINGTON-STREET.
THE undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.
GEORGE IRVINE.
Ottawa, March 26: 658y

SMITH & RODNEY
MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from Eaton's Gilding Store, having just received a choice stock of
English, French and Canadian
CLOTHS and TWEEDS,
And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1,1867: 551tf

A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER
AND
Blank Book Manufacturer,
26, METCALFE-ST., OTTAWA.
HAVING every facility in the way of first-class Machinery, and employing none but first-class workmen, I am prepared to turn out every description of Binding in as good a style of workmanship as any other establishment in Canada.
A. MORTIMER, Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, Feb. 6. 384y

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS, Toronto, May 28, 1868.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT Charles Westley Lount, of Bracebridge, in the Township of Macauley, in the District of Muskoka, Esquir has been appointed Agent for the disposal of public lands in the Townships of Morrison, Muskoka, Draper, Macauley, Stephenson, McLean, Brunnel, Monck and Watt, in the District of Muskoka, in the place of Richard Jose Oliver, Esquire, whose services have been dispensed with.
Applications for lands open as Free Grants in the above mentioned Townships, must also be made to Mr. Lount.
S. RICHARDS, Commissioner.
Toronto, May 29, 1867. 758-tf

TO LET.
A GOOD BUSINESS STAND at the Chaudiere Flats. Apply to
JOHN ASHFIELD.
June 15, 1868. 768a25-1

Druggists.

THE MEDICAL HALL

Soda Water and Ginger Ale Factory,
23 Great St. James-street, Montreal,
OPPOSITE the POST OFFICE.
THE SUBSCRIBERS
Beg to intimate to their patrons that they have commenced the manufacture of Ærated Waters, of every description, and on the most extensive scale.
Particular attention will be paid to the preparation of "Belfast Ginger Ale," a beverage first introduced into this country by our Mr. BROWN, who alone possesses the original receipt, and who has also taken out a TRADE MARK for the same.
The proprietors believe their Ærated Waters will be superior to any others at present prepared in Montreal, for the following reasons, viz:—
1st. The employment of the most improved machinery the United States can produce.
2nd. The application of strictly scientific principles to the details.
3rd. Extra care given to the chemical purity of the articles used in the different processes.
4th. The possession of chemical knowledge, without which it is simply impossible to produce Ærated Waters in perfection.
The following Waters and Beverages are the principal ones prepared at the MEDICAL HALL FACTORY: Belfast Ginger Ale, Lemonade, Sarsaparilla, Winter Beverage, Summer Beverage, Soda Water, Seltzer Water, Potash Water, Kissengen Water, Vichy Water.
KENNETH, CAMPBELL & CO.,
Apothecaries to H.R.H. the Prince of Wales.
W. M. MASSEY,
Agent for Ottawa. 472y

Spectacles for all Sights.

OPTICAL Instruments Electro-Magnetic and Galvanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.
W. HEARN,
Market Drug Store, York-street.
637y

Miscellaneous.

D. CODD & CO.,
PATENT AGENTS, SOLICITORS, &c. Drawings, Specifications, Models, and all other business in connection with the procuring of Letters Patent of Invention, attended to at the shortest notice.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 741-6m

I. B. TACKABERRY'S
AUCTION ROOMS, No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any part of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

B. BILLINGS, JR.,
ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq. Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq. Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq. Managing Director O & P R W 740tf

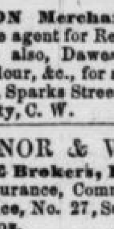
S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 378y

HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,
WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.
WILLIAM HOLGATE,
JOHN OLIVER,
WILLIAM ANNABLE.
506y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

LADIES CALL AT THE CAPITAL
Boot and Shoe Store!



YORK-STREET.
For Cheap Gaiters
AT
ONE DOLLAR A PAIR!
Good at 95 cents.
Men's ware equally low, in every variety of style
This is the place to buy cheap at the "Capital," York-street.
429y GEORGE MURPHY.

VICTORIA
FURNITURE WAREROOMS.
GEORGE ARMSTRONG, Corner Victoria Square and Craig-street, Montreal, solicits a call from the Citizens of Ottawa about to furnish, who may visit Montreal to his very large and varied stock of FURNITURE which he will sell at greatly reduced prices for cash. The Parlor Furniture is of the best quality and latest designs, either plain or handsomely carved, in Walnut, oil finished or polished.
His Sideboards, Bookcases, Chamber Sets, Hall Furniture, &c., are worthy of attention.
Hair Mattrasses and Bedding of all description constantly on hand, or made to order, at the shortest notice. Call and examine for yourselves.
"Patent Sofa, with reclining arms, of a very superior make."
N.B.—Sole Agent in the Dominion for the sale of G. A. FISKS' Air-Tight Metallic Casket. 712-3m

Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale.
THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his
Fine Bottled Ale!
Which is in splendid condition. Also,
Scotch Irish, Old Rye
And other Malt Whiskies,
Ports, Sherries, Brandies Gin, &c.,
Together with a General Assortment of
FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.
A Call kindly Solicited.
D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store
Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

GEO. MAYES,
COPPER PLATE PRINTER,
Bank Street, Centre Town,
Between Sparks & Queen Streets.
Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

OTTAWA CROCKERY STORE
NEW GOODS.
JUST received ex S. S. "Damascus," 10 Hhds. of the finest English Glassware, selected expressly for the retail trade, comprising

	CUT and ENGRAVED	
CHAMPAGNES,	do	PORT and SHERRY WINES,
LIQUEURS,	do	CLARETS, GOBLETS,
FINGER BOWLS,	do	CALF FOOT JELLIES,
CLARET JUGS,	do	TALL TUMBLERS,
FRUIT DISHES,	do	DECANTERS,
BUTTER COOLERS,	do	CELERY VASES,
	do	CARAFFS, &c., &c.

And a choice lot of delicate Straw Stem Wines, in Ports, Champagnes, Clarets, Sherries, Liqueurs, &c. All the above articles match in shape, pattern, &c., and are the best glass procurable in England.
W. ALLAN,
51 RIDEAU STREET, (opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.)
Ottawa, June 6, 1868. 574y

CRICKETING GOODS,
CROQUET, FISHING TACKLE
FOILS,
Masks & Boxing Gloves
AT THE
Sheffield House, Ottawa.
Ottawa, May 5, 1868.

1868. MAY. 1868.
J. A. PINARD & CO.,
ARE NOW SHEWING
New Dress Goods,
A good value in Striped, all Mohair, for 6d per yard.
New Prints,
A good variety of Patterns at 6d per yard.
New Grey Cottons,
A good Cotton, 40 inches wide, for 7d per yard.
New White Cottons,
A good heavy made Cotton for 6d per yard.
The Tailoring Department is replete with all the novelties of the season.
Cash buyers will find it their advantage to visit the above before purchasing else whe
J. A. PINARD & Co.,
No. 17, Sussex-st., Sign of the Golden Ball.
Ottawa, May 5, 186 16y

HARDWARE, HARDWARE!
—AT—
Thomas Birkett's,
SIGN OF THE ANVIL,
No. 24 No. 24
RIDEAU STREET.

Come old and young, come short and tall,
Come rich and poor, come great and small,
Just call and see my stock in trade,
Hardware and paints of every grade.

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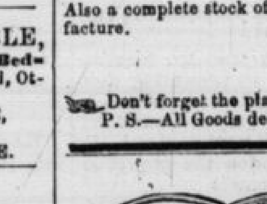

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Ottawa October 2 1867. 62-y

LATEST MAIL DATES.

The Prince of Wales has carried off a prize with his horse, *Knight of St. Patrick*, at the London cattle show.

The crops are quite satisfactory in Ireland this year. Potatoes are selling in Skibbereen for a penny a pound.

In the North German Parliament the President promised, in answer to a question, that a consul for North Germany should soon be appointed at Pesth, Austria having withdrawn her opposition to such a step.

In the Lower House of the Austrian Reichsrath the treaty of navigation with Great Britain was approved. Several financial measures were also advanced a stage. Prince Napoleon and the Duke de Gramont were present at the sitting.

Some elections which have taken place in Belgium have resulted in the return of twenty-five Liberals and thirty-two members of the Catholic party. The general result leaves the balance of parties nearly unchanged, the Ministerialists having gained one seat.

The Italian Chamber of Deputies have rejected the proposal of the Finance Minister to exempt from the income tax foreign holders of Italian bonds.

The Vienna *Presse* asserts, on the authority of information derived from a Roman source, that in his next Allocution the Pope will declare that he has no intention of relaxing the Austrian Concordat.

The Italian journals contain accounts of a serious disturbance at Udine. A funeral ceremony in honor of Crovich, a patriot shot by the Austrians in 1849, and whose remains were to be brought to the town; but as there existed some doubts as to the identity of the coffin exhumed, the municipal authorities had refused to take part in the proceedings. A public meeting having been called by the promoters of the ceremony, the National Guard was called out to preserve order; several journalists then published rather violent articles against that corps, and on an officer meeting one of the writers in a cafe, a dispute arose between them, a mob assembled outside, took part with the journalist and menaced the other, so that the police force had to intervene. An attempt having been made to arrest one of the crowd, the people resisted, but the man was at length secured. The rioters, armed with sticks and stones, then threatened the life of the Mayor, who had to take refuge in a shop, which was closed to keep out the populace. The disorder calmed down towards the evening, but the town still remained in a state of excitement.

"The International League of Peace and Liberty" has published the programme of the general congress of the league, which is to be held at Berne next September. This document lays down three great principles: First, that religion must be excluded from politics and public education, "so as to prevent the church from interfering any longer in the free development of society; second, that the European States can only be united by an organization based on democratic institutions, and on the principle of federation and equal rights both for individuals and communities; and third, that the present social system must be altered "by an equal division of wealth, labor, prosperity and education," in order "that proletarianism may be abolished, and the working classes emancipated." In accordance with the above principles, the following questions are to be discussed at the congress: 1. What are the advantages to peace and liberty of the abolition of standing armies as distinguished from the advantages of a system of national militia or a general disarmament? 2. What are the relations between economical or social questions and those of peace and liberty? 3. What are the advantages to peace and liberty of the separation of church and State? How may the federative principle be carried out in the various countries, and how is the constitution of the United States of Europe to be established?

After the Prix de Paris had been run for the Marquis of Hastings dined with the Emperor of France at the Tuileries.

The Roman correspondent of the *Post*, writing on May 30, says: "This evening Monsignor Stonar performed in the billiard-room of the English College the ceremony of consigning to a deputation of English Zouaves a Pontifical banner, sent over by the Hon. Mrs. Kavanagh, whose son, Mr. Vavasour, of Hazlewood, is now a private in the corps of Papal dragoons. Your readers may remember that Mrs. Kavanagh, the name of whose first husband was Vavasour, was a daughter of Lord Clifford. The last steamer from Marseilles, *Ville de Marseilles*, brought to Civita Vecchia forty-eight Dutch and Flemish recruits for the Pope's army, besides two English volunteers for the corps of Zouaves, Mr. Edward Wood and Mr. Martin Kavanagh."

George Augustus Sala has written a biography of Lord Brougham. Price 1s.

The account which has been circulated of the accident to the Duke of Wellington, is stated to be very much exaggerated. His grace, after the fall from his horse while riding at Strathfieldsaye, was able to walk home without assistance. The only injury received was a somewhat severe contusion.

EXCITING SCENE.

A Tiger at Large in Antwerp.

[From the Escaut, June 6.]

A frightful mishap, accompanied by the most tragic circumstances, spread terror on Sunday morning last through the district of St. Jacques. The Zoological Garden has for a long time been in possession of two magnificent Bengal tigers, one of which was to be forwarded to London. To avoid accident, the animal was placed in a wagon secured with strong iron bars. The greatest precaution was therefore taken to avoid a catastrophe. At 3:30 in the morning the railway servants perceived an enormous animal clearing at a bound the wall which separate the zoological gardens from the railway station. The tiger had, in fact, escaped, having bent and broken two of the iron bars of his cage. The first object of his fury was the cart-horse of a nightman, which happened to be passing. The tiger bounded on the unfortunate horse, biting him in the flank, and tearing the straps which attached him to the cart. The driver, who at first sought safety on the horse's back, hid himself under the cart, but not before receiving a wound in the leg from the tiger's paw. Meantime the horse, mad with terror and pain, galloped furiously towards the market of St. Jacques, pursued by the tiger. Here another deplorable event occurred. A gardener, who was passing the street, attracted the fury of the beast. The tiger sprang at him, tearing his breast, legs, and neck in a fearful manner. Having finished his victim the animal dragged the body some distance; he then abandoned it and rushed into St. Anne's court, where his presence caused indescribable terror. M. Vekemans, the director of the Zoological Garden, having been informed of the escape, proceeded with his staff in pursuit, and came up with the animal at the corner of St. Jacques' street, near the house Verstrepen. A night watchman and three or four other persons took refuge in a small shop opposite this house. The tiger spied them and stood for a moment as though he intended to rush at them through the window. He pursued his course, however, through the market. M. Vekemans with his assistants, after the animal got into St. Anne's court, barricaded the entrance and placed a trap in it with a view of taking him alive. They then got into the house of the court in order to frighten him into this trap. The tiger lay couched against the door of the *atalier* of M. De Braekeleer, the sculptor, but perceiving one of the men in pursuit on the roof of a house, he leaped on the roof of a lower house, and assumed a most menacing position. M. Vekemans, De Braekeleer, Werbrunk and Verhoven were armed with guns. The tiger having perceived them descended from the roof, evidently bent on making an attack, and when about four metres off he couched to make his spring. The order to fire was given, and three guns were discharged in succession. The first shot appeared to have missed, the second struck the animal, and the third inflicted a mortal wound. He tottered back to the entrance of the court, where M. De Braekeleer finished with a fourth shot. These gentlemen behaved with great intrepidity, and but for their coolness and the measures they adopted, much greater injury would have been done. The gardener who was attacked never spoke, and died in the hospital the same morning.

GRAND ORANGE LODGE—ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

HALIFAX, June 18, 1868.

The following are the names of the officers elected at the session of the Grand Orange Lodge now being held in this city:—

Grand Master—Hon. J. H. Cameron, Toronto.

Deputy Grand Master—D'Arcy Boulton, Barrie.

Grand Treasurer—Wm. Anderson, Mountain View.

Grand Secretary—Andrew Fleming, Toronto.

Grand Lecturer—J. R. Robertson, Toronto.

Grand Director of Ceremonies—William White, Tweed.

Sir Herald Knight-at-Arms—Alex. Barr, Cobourg.

It will be seen that all the officers were formally re-elected.

THE CROPS IN GREAT BRITAIN AND ON THE CONTINENT.

The Dublin correspondent of the *Times* says the agricultural prospects of the country were never brighter than at present. Accounts from the provinces are most encouraging. Oats, wheat, and barley promise well, and grass will, it is expected, be a heavy crop.

Mr. Wardell, of Margate, has forwarded the *Times* some specimens of the growing wheat crops in the Isle of Thanet, which afford very satisfactory prospects of a good and early harvest, at least in that district. The corn is in full ear, large, and well grained, and very forward in growth.

Mr. James Saunderson, a well known writer upon agriculture, in an estimate of the wheat crop in England, states that if the existing favorable appearances are maintained, the enormous yield of wheat in the harvest of 1863 will be reproduced in 1868, and that by the first week of July new wheat will be in the market.

The London *Shipping Gazette* says: The old legend is reversed. The fat kine are eating up the lean kine. After a general dearth throughout the eastern hemisphere, probably as severe as any since the days of Claudius Cæsar—a dearth that has slain some three or four millions of people in India, North Africa, and North Eastern Europe—a dearth which seemed like the general failure of nature—there is good promise of a harvest such as we have not had since the year of the Crimean campaign. From all parts of Europe, as well as England, come the most hopeful, and, indeed, brilliant accounts. Refreshing rains and bright suns seem to have given new strength and vitality to the earth, and the nations groaning beneath the weight of a war taxation will gladly accept this alleviation which comes at so trying a time.

A FLOURISHING PATENT COMBINATION CONCERN.

Once a Week gives a rare glimpse of one of the tricks of trade in the following story:—"One day having missed the up-train, I amused myself by a search for local curiosities, and found one, an elderly laborer, whom I asked for a light. He was going to work in the cemetery close at hand, which, from the inscription over the gateway, I saw was under the management of a limited liability company. It was a very prettily arranged place, giving one the notion that the limited company had said to themselves, 'The prettier you make it, the more you'll like to be buried here.' This plan seemed to have met with astonishing success; for, by my informant's account, the cemetery had only been in existence a year and a-half, and, on the testimony of my own eyesight, it was already half-full of clean, white tombstones, regular as a good set of teeth. 'Flourishing concern, this?' I said, interrogatively, to the grave digger. The old fellow, who, having received the price of a pint, had suddenly become confidential, winked and shook his head. 'Not?' I returned replying to his pantomime. 'No,' said he; then, after a pause, as if the secret had been weighing upon his conscience for some time past, and the price of the pint had fetched it out of him, he added, 'Them's dummies.' Seeing I didn't catch his meaning, he continued, evidently pitying my simplicity: 'Dummies, to catch the public, them is. There's the railway there in full view. Gents passing sees the name up; then they look at the tombstones. Flourishing concern that, they say to one another; must be paying well, they says; then they sends to say they'll take so many shares; and, pimps, after all,' he finished with a grim chuckle, 'they comes, and goes into the concern as sleeping partners themselves. So it is;' and off he trudged.

NATURE AND ART.

The London *Telegraph* says that fashion, after exhausting all the world of nature and art, has now called upon science to supply her with charms. For ornament, electricity is coming into use. You may see, at a fashionable hall in Paris, a lady, on the top of whose head sits a butterfly or a humming bird. The fly and the bird flutter their wings in the most natural way possible. How is it managed? Why, within the chignon are concealed a small battery and a minute Rhumkorff coil. On the bosom of another lady may be a brooch, with a head upon it, the eyes of which turn in all directions. This, too, is accomplished by the use of a battery and coil, so minute as to be concealed within, the brooch itself. Those small batteries, easily carried about the person, are of zinc, excited by a solution of sulphate of mercury, which is enclosed in vulcanite cells, so that the exciting solution cannot escape to the damage of the wearer. A little more, and the toilet table of beauty will be like a laboratory, with chemicals in place of washes and sweet waters, and induction coils supplanting hair pins. What next—and next? Shall we not have electric telegraph wires for confidential messages, and gentle shocks administered in place of nature's telegraphy of a tender pressure of hands? The electric light, as an ornament in place of jewels, will, of course, follow; and the phrase, "I am positively electrified," will be but an exact scientific description of the condition of the fair speaker.

—Liverpool is called the Metropolis of Wales from its containing 60,000 Welsh inhabitants.

—Miss Buchanan, once rallying her cousin, an officer, on his courage, said, "Now, Mr. Harry, do you really mean to tell me that you can walk up to a cannon's mouth without fear?" "Yes," was the prompt reply, "or a Buchanan's either." And he did it.

—An old Scotch lady was engaged in teaching her little grand daughter that most perfect of all supplications—the Lord's Prayer. The pious grandmother gravely and slowly rehearsed the short, simple sentences so well known to us all, and the child repeated them after her very demurely until the old lady came to the words—"Give us this day our daily bread;" when the child looked suddenly up into her face, and earnestly added the naive request—"Ay, and butter on't, Ganny."

REMARKABLE LONGEVITY.—Without doubt Cleveland shelters one of the oldest persons now living. We refer to Mrs. Jane Park, who to-day completes her 104th year. Her health is perfect, her hair is again resuming its youthful darkness, and her teeth are in a remarkable state of preservation. Beyond an occasional tendency to forgetfulness, the mental powers of Mrs. Park are almost unimpaired. She was born in North Carolina, when that part of the country was an almost unbroken wilderness, and has given seventeen children to the population of the Republic. Her life compasses the entire history of the American nation, the Declaration of Independence having been promulgated when she was twelve years of age. Most of her life has been spent in Philadelphia and in her native State, North Carolina. From all that can be inferred from her present state of health, she has still a reasonable prospect for a number of years additional life.—*Cleveland Leader*, 11th.

"FOUL PLAY" ON THE LONDON STAGE.

Even the most accomplished dramatists are apt to underrate the critical faculties of their audience. Two notable instances of this occur in the version of "Foul Play" lately produced at the Holborn Theatre. One of the "strong points" in the novel is the wonderful watch presented to Miss Helen Rolleston as a token of esteem by Arthur Wardlaw, which that young lady, amid all her perils by sea, never forgets to wind up nightly with the mechanical regularity of old-maidism. The watch she preserves upon Mr. Reade's remarkable island, and, in the piece, her father on landing at once recognizing it in the hut is prepared to find his daughter alive, yet at the commencement of the "island" act the dramatist has gone out of his way to make his heroine *take the time of day by the sun's altitude*, and this within a yard of the hut where the chronometer is ticking. Again, in cellars as large as the Thames Tunnel underneath a house about the size of any one of those tumble-down buildings in Wych-st., for example, the crafty Wylie secretes, one is afraid to say how many hundred tons of gold boxes as big as ordinary tea-chests. These he has hidden away, apparently by his own unaided efforts, without attracting the notice of any neighbors, or of any policeman. Of course the only hypothesis is that the mate Wylie is a wonderful specimen of most extraordinary physical development, possessing the strength of the elephant and the velvet tread of the cat. If it is answered that the boxes were brought *openly* as copper, and so stowed away, then, when suspicion was once aroused, where was the need of a detective, except, of course, for effect, with a bull's-eye lantern? A very much more simple course was at once to be pursued by the underwriters interested in detecting the fraud.—*Pall Mall Gazette*.

A DEFAULTING SAINT.

A curious case came before the Bankruptcy Commissioners at Exeter, on the 2nd. One Spilsbury described as a "gentleman" late of Croyde House, Barnstaple—otherwise as a "patriarch" and an "angel of the Church of the Resurrection," a religious sect who, it appears, hold at least some of the tenets of the Latter Day Saints. The bankrupt, as "cardinal, deacon, priest," received tithes from the faithful, on which he subsisted, having relinquished the business of chemist in 1862, in which year he went to reside at Kew. The sect was not, it would seem, a large or wealthy one, as he soon got into difficulties, and into different parts of the diary which he kept were entries setting forth how, on a certain day, he prayed for "a little aid to pay his rent." On another day he prayed that his creditors might be granted patience until he had the means of paying them; on another his petition was offered up for "money to pay the grocer and washerwoman, and for a little more coal." But the prayers do not appear to have availed much, for soon appears a record of his flight from Kew, and his arrival on the 13th of January, 1863, at a habitation provided for him on the shores of the Atlantic (Croyde House). The washerwoman and grocer were left unpaid. The house at Croyde was rented from a Mrs. Glover, and as she could obtain no rent from Mr. Spilsbury after 1865, she brought an action against him and had him arrested. In prison he petitioned to be adjudicated bankrupt. In the meantime the detaining creditor had seized what property she could find at Croyde, the principal part of which was found to consist of books in manuscript treating of the doctrines held by the "Church of the Resurrection," and some curious vestments. There was strong reason to suppose that the whole of the creditors entered were, with the exception of Mrs. Glover and one or two small ones, fictitious, and the arresting creditor's representative, therefore, applied for an adjournment to obtain further information on this point, and at the same time he obtained summonses against two of the Bankrupt's wives—polygamy is sanctioned by the church and practiced by Mr. Spilsbury—to give evidence with regard to some property. This was on the 4th of May, and the bankrupt was then living in a well-furnished house at Exeter, and his wives—spiritual wives they were said to be—were with him. Between the 4th of May and the 2nd June, however, Mr. Spilsbury left his residence, and it was stated at the Court that he and his wives had embarked for America on their way to Utah. The bankrupt was accordingly outlawed, the Commissioner observing that he had saved the opposing creditor the trouble of transporting him by transporting himself. Only about £100 of the debts were found to be actually due and recoverable.

SUICIDE.

(From the New York World, June 22.)

An inquest was held by Coroner Keenan yesterday morning, over the remains of Geo. W. Belding, a prisoner at the county jail in Ludlow-street, who committed suicide there by cutting his throat with a razor. It appears that Mr. Belding was formerly a member of the banking firm of Belding, Keith & Co., of No. 80, Lombard-street, London, England, which firm failed some time ago, with liabilities greatly exceeding the assets of the firm. On the 10th instant Mr. Belding arrived in this city from England, *via* Havana. No sooner had he arrived than he was arrested on a civil process, on complaint of Messrs. P. A. Ames & Co. and Mr. Henry Mornton, of Boston, Mass., and required to give bail in the sum of $34,000 for his appearance. In default of bail, Mr. Belding was committed to the county jail for safe keeping. He was treated very kindly by Mr. John M. Tracy, the warden of the prison, but appeared very much depressed in spirits and felt much grieved and humiliated in consequence of his arrest and imprisonment. He stated that he had been financially ruined while in England by the duplicity of his partner, and he was arrested and imprisoned on a demand which he found himself entirely unable to liquidate. In a conversation with Mr. Tracy soon after he was received at the jail he stated that while *en route* from Havana to this city he seriously contemplated committing suicide by jumping overboard. Mr. Tracy dissuaded him from any such attempt, and nothing further was thought of the matter until 5 o'clock yesterday morning when John Lowry, the night watchman in the prison, discovered Mr. Belding lying on the floor of the bath-room surrounded by a pool of blood, apparently quite dead. A razor covered with blood was found on the floor by his side, and on examination life was found to be extinct. Dr. Joseph W. Howe made a *postmortem* examination of the remains, and discovered that both carotid arteries had been severed, and death had resulted from hemorrage. A verdict of suicide while temporarily insane was rendered. Deceased was a native of the United States, and 36 years of age. His wife, who was recently confined, is at present *en route* to this city from England.

—A parrot, which attracted much notice at the Ornithological Society's show at Newcastle and Sutherland last year, died a few days ago. The bird had reached the extraordinary age of 75 years.—*South Durham Mercury*.

—A young man sent his father in the country his photograph, saying that he was poor and required money. The father refused, stating that he could not be very poor to be living surrounded by marble vases, rosewood furniture and choice flowers, as his photograph represented him.

—A large bear, supposed to be the same whose appearance in Mount Forest was noted a while ago, has taken up his summer residence somewhere near the Arthur and Minto town-line, whence he makes nightly raids upon the adjacent farms. Several attempts have been made at hunting him down, but without success.—*Guelph Mercury*.

BRYAN'S WAFERS, (the great public remedy) have now been in use over twenty years, hence it cannot be said that they are on trial. They have been thoroughly tried, and pronounced (on the authority of those whose lives and health they have preserved) to be a sure, harmless and eminently salutary preparation, and if taken in season will invariably cure colds, coughs, sore throat, and all bronchial affections. One fair trial will convince the most skeptical. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts. per box.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Her Majesty's Theatre—The Man with the Iron Mask.
Skating Rink Music Hall—Edmund Coles.
Notice—P. O'Callaghan.
Residence to Let—Mackay Estate.
St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum Pic-Nic—Martin Battle.
Quebec and Gulf Ports Steamship Co.—W. Moore.

The Ottawa Times

THURSDAY, JUNE 25, 1868.

For Markets see Fourth Page.

We have been somewhat amused at the importance attached to a somewhat lengthy "Special from Ottawa," which recently received all the prominence that double leaded type, and the first place in the editorial column of the journal which published it, could give; because, except the "setting out," there was really nothing in it calculated to excite attention, nothing in fact which might not as readily have been written at Toronto as at Ottawa, and as to matter of fact, scarcely anything which was not known to the public days or weeks before it made its appearance. Yet some of our *confreres* speak of it as "inspired by a Minister!" Why, we know men on the press of Canada who could write as good an "Ottawa despatch," without having set foot in the capital for three months.

Part of this "important" telegram was the revival of certain almost forgotten statements respecting the Intercolonial railway, which were freely speculated on by the press last winter; another part related to the conditions on which the Imperial Government has been said to have agreed for the transfer of the Northwest Territory, which were under discussion by the press at least ten days before the despatch saw the light, and yet another sentence volunteered the opinion that if a certain office is filled by a certain gentleman "the Government here "will fall to pieces!"

Now we have no complaint against any journalist, for the judgment he may form either as to the effect of the selection of a particular railway route on the finances or general prosperity of the country, nor for believing that this, that, or the other thing will lead to a Ministerial crisis, because these are all matters of opinion, and so far from blaming the journal which published the despatch we admire its zeal in supporting its own views. But we do object to other journalists treating, as "important," as "inspired by some one high in public position," an article, the "items" of which were nearly all within the ken of any intelligent newspaper reader who keeps himself *au courant* with the political gossip of the day. Where "the wish is father to the thought," it is not difficult to see a Ministerial crisis in the near future, and those who continue to prophecy long enough will generally come right some day, for the reason that Ministries do not last for ever. But beyond this indefinite chance of getting their predictions fulfilled, the "prophets of evil" have nothing to felicitate themselves upon in the present condition of public affairs.

The *Globe* is gratefully consoled for its failure to work up "the coming raid" into a general panic, and the turning out of our whole military population to "march up the "hill, and then march down again," by the justification of its course by two border hebdomedals whose oozing courage may be influenced by their proximity to the scenes of Fenian pic-nics, and other hostile demonstrations on the part of the coming raiders. The *Globe's* apologists are the Thorold *Patriot* and the Windsor *Record*, whose editors can at least plead geographical reasons for their fears. But in no other journal of great or little repute have we seen any attempt to bolster up the frantic effort of the *Globe*.

The Belleville *Intelligencer* is sorely puzzled at the contradictory reports which have been circulated upon this subject, and asks "What are the facts?" They are rather hard to get at, but we believe the following is a pretty near approximation to the truth. The Fenian arms which were seized by the American Government in 1866, and subsequently returned, were, or a portion of them, during last winter, and up to a short time ago, forwarded from various points to St. Albans and other places near the border. These movements of war *materiel* were made with considerable notoriety, for the purpose of attracting attention and giving color of earnestness to the reiterated threats of O'Neil. This redoubtable champion, as everybody knows, has been passing round the hat from East to West, taking down the names of enthusiastic Fenians, or inviting them "to hold up their hands," a quicker and more demonstrative process, and better calculated to induce non-combatants to put theirs in their pockets and bring out the greenbacks. In due time, these arms and munitions, as recently announced by the papers, were again seized by the American Government—to the amount of ten tons, it is said—so that the gallant O'Neil had ample apology for postponing the enterprise until the money recently gathered is exhausted, or the arms again returned.

As to the massing of Fenians at convenient points along the border, we believe the newspaper correspondents indulged in the wildest extravagance. Even the "forty Fenians" from Port Huron, who scared the *Globe* by "concentrating" at Buffalo, were said by other authorities to have been a myth. But at all events the men and the arms have never yet been near enough, and in sufficient numbers to create alarm. This we do not say to make it appear that the authorities have gone one whit too far in preparing for the reception of the marauders, but merely as our estimate of the extent of the Fenian "movement."

This opinion is confirmed by a gentleman who recently spent some time along the border, about Oglensburg, Potsdam, &c., who has assured us that the Americans have not the slightest belief that the Fenians are in sufficient force and sufficiently in earnest to make a move. They think the reports sent to Canada have been very much exaggerated in regard to the Fenians, as likely hereafter to give quite as much, if not more, trouble to the United States as to Canada. That the rabble will be fawned upon by the leaders of both parties until after the Presidential election, is beyond a doubt, but that the Government of the Republic will not tolerate open invasion of Canada from its territory is equally certain. These, we think, are "the facts," and they are not by any means alarming, though the possibilities of the situation entail upon us the necessity of being always prepared, lest a small incursion of the rascals should be made at some exposed point. One Ogdensburgian told the gentleman to whom we have alluded that there were hundreds of men there who would willingly come to Ottawa to give timely information to the authorities did they know, or have good reason to believe, that a serious invasion was impending.

We noticed the other day the lamentations of the Halifax *Chronicle* over the departure of the flower of the population of Nova Scotia. The same paper recently had an article representing the mercantile classes of Halifax on the very verge of bankruptcy. We are happy to learn that there is another side to the picture. The following extract from the Halifax *Express*, which carries the evidence of truth on the face of it, as it specifies substantial instances of progress, gives a much more hopeful view of affairs:

"Everything connected with the building trade is at present extremely brisk in Halifax, and the wages of mechanics and laborers of all kinds are highly remunerative. Masons, bricklayers, carpenters, joiners, painters, plumbers, plasterers, &c., are in great demand, and the general complaint among builders and contractors is that they are actually obliged to refuse work through inability to procure a sufficient number of hands to enable them to perform it within the required time. Fine buildings are now going up in several parts of the city, and active preparations are being made for commencing others. The new school house in Morris street, expected to cost some $28,000, is making rapid progress. The new Provincial Poor House, a most extensive range of buildings, of noble design and proportions, is also rising rapidly. Active preparations are going on for beginning the new Wesleyan Church in Grafton-st., and the designs for the proposed Blind Asylum, and what is still better, the funds are ready, so that we may expect work to be commenced without loss of time. A new school house is being erected near the Richmond Depot, besides a great many private residences in different parts of the city, some of them of almost palatial dimensions. The new stone warehouse of the Messrs. Howard, in Hollis st., is approaching completion; and altogether, notwithstanding the outcry about dull times, the city appears to be making rapid progress. Money, if scarce enough with some people, seems to be a drug with others, if we look at the very high price brought the other day by Provincial Debentures, Bank, Water, and other Stocks. And yet we are told that our skilled mechanics, our young men, &c., are leaving the Province in sheals for want of encouragement. If such is the case, though we do not believe it, we can only tell them that they may go farther and fare worse."

The Hamilton correspondent of the Toronto *Leader* says:—

"The new fishery laws which came into force a month ago, are much more stringent than the former ones, and a great improvement has been effected by them. The fishery officer of this district was subjected to much loss and annoyance in cases of appeal, for it was found impossible to sustain a conviction, so defective was the law in some respects. Henceforth there is to be no appeal except to the Minister of Marine and Fisheries, so that convictions will be invariably sustained, except in very glaring cases. With the view of preventing Sunday fishing, which has long been very common here, the law has been so amended that no fishing will be permitted between 6 o'clock on Saturday evening and an early hour on Monday morning. Now that he has obtained increased power, Mr. Kerr is determined to punish all infractions of the law."

Mr. Shreiber, of the Intercolonial exploratory party, arrived here yesterday afternoon.

A party of Bostonians, about fifty in number, visited Ottawa yesterday, inspecting the Public Buildings and other sights, and left in the afternoon.

Blackwood for June has just been received from Messrs. Duris & Son. It is a most interesting number, the contents being more than usually attractive.

LOCAL NEWS.

For jams and jellies go to Bate & Co., 52, Spark-st. 762d

Distressing Case.—We are sorry to record that two sons of Archibald Riddell, Esq., of Fitzroy, were drowned on Tuesday last.

Larceny.—Bernard Samson was charged yesterday, before Mr. Langrell, with the larceny of a coat and other articles in Goulbourn, and sent for trial to the Assizes.

A Carriage Wanted.—Yesterday while Sussex-st. was thronged with holiday people, some one took advantage of the opportunity to haul away a child's carriage standing at the door of the "Variety Hall," kept by Mr. Boyden. The police are on the track.

Her Majesty's Theatre.—Those who may have read the peculiar history of the "Man in the Iron Mask," will be pleased to learn that a drama will be presented at the above establishment, on Friday evening, June 26th, illustrating four distinct phases in this mysterious man's life. On this occasion, Mr. Edmund Coles will appear with his entire company, for the last time in Ottawa. The New Orleans *Delta* thus speaks of Mr. Walter Benn's rendition of the "Man in the Iron Mask":

"We must not let last night's performance pass without paying a tribute to the magnificent, but not strained or overdone, acting of Walter Benn. As *Gaston*, we cannot conceive of a better conception and rendering of the difficult scenes in which he is the boy lover, the gay conspirator, the incarnation of that kingly idea of his brother—"I am the State," and the pale suffering, tortured prisoner, who, to the last, defies fate to make him less than king."

In addition to the dramatic personations, Messrs. Martin and Harwood have kindly volunteered to give a gymnastic exhibition, consisting of exercises on the horizontal bar, &c.

Drama, Comedy, and Opera.—The Coles dramatic combination showed last night a degree of versatility seldom found in a single company of actors, and altogether unlooked for by the audience. In *Ireland as it Was*, eleven of the actors found good employment on the stage, and all seemed to be perfectly at home. In "Judy O'Trot," with songs of old Ireland, Miss Stocqueler displayed great powers, and Edmund Coles as "Mons. Voyge" was quite the thing, and all the rest of the company lent good aid in their several characters. *The Englishman in India* came in for a full share of deserved applause, and gave infinite amusement to the whole audience. The beautiful little Opera entitled *Le Chalet*, with Edmund Coles as "Natz Telk," and Miss Fanny Stocqueler as "Geierstein," passed off well and displayed greater musical ability in the company than was expected, and was regarded as a rich treat. There is an honest peculiarity about this company in reserving the best pieces of their *repertoire* till the last. They seem on this occasion to have commenced with the less excellent of their plays, and have gone on from good to better, reserving the best till the last. This is the last night at the Rink for the benefit of Mr. Coles. To-morrow (Friday) night they play the *Iron Mask* at Her Majesty's Theatre, with the whole power of the company.

A Man Shot Dead in the Village of Richmond.

The Perpetrator of the Deed in Custody.

On Tuesday evening the Village of Richmond, in the County of Carleton, was thrown into great excitement, by the murder of Mr. George Brownlee, a respectable young man, a farmer in the neighborhood, and a member of the volunteer force. The particulars of the melancholy event, as we have been able to gather them, are these:

A man named Robert Hamilton, a shoemaker in the Village, and also a bailiff, who has a large family, some of them grown up, had a son a member of the Volunteer Company, who, it is said, refused to turn out until a constable was sent after him. Hamilton was indignant at this and vowed vengeance. He appeared dissatisfied that his son should have joined the volunteers, and had been drinking pretty freely in the evening. Some reports say that an old grudge existed between him and Brownlee, but be this as it may, a short time after Hamilton left Riley's, on Tuesday night, a pistol shot was heard, and soon after the body of Brownlee was found on the road. An alarm was instantly raised and conjecture at once pointed to Hamilton. A party immediately afterwards was organised, who surrounded Hamilton's house and called upon him to get up; he, in the meantime, having gone to bed. When charged with having shot Brownlee, he is reported to have said, "Yes, and I'll shoot him again." It is also reported that Hamilton was heard to say immediately after the shot was fired, "There's one of the —— gone."

Hamilton alleges that Brownlee and he had a quarrel; that Brownlee had knocked him down, and was kicking him when he got up and shot him; but other parties who were near the scene of the tragedy maintain that it is impossible that any row between them could have taken place, as no noise was heard preceding the discharge of the pistol shot.

Many conflicting rumors are afloat as to the circumstances attending Brownlee's death, but in the absence of precise information, we refrain from giving them currency.

Brownlee was a young man, of about twenty-eight years of age, and had been married about a year. He was very much respected in the neighborhood. Hamilton is a man verging on fifty, and has not been heretofore very popular with his neighbors. An inquest was held on Brownlee's body at Richmond yesterday, and Hamilton was committed on the coroner's warrant, and will be brought into town to-day.

MASONIC.

Yesterday being the festival of St. John the Baptist, the Dalhousie Lodge, No. 571, E. R., met in the Hall, Elgin-street, at high noon, when the following officers for the ensuing year were duly installed by W. Bro. Washburn:

W. Bro. Albert Parsons, W. M.
do Horace Merrill, P.M.
do William Hay, S.W.
do Elihu Spencer, J.W.
Rev. Bro. H. J. McLardy, Chaplain.
W. Bro. N. S. Blasdell, Treasurer.
do C. S. Scott, Secretary.
do J. J. Radford, S.D.
do Andrew Angus, J.D.
do Jos. Skinner, } Stewards.
do J. W. Imlay, }
do Carroll Ryan, J. G.
do John Sweetman, Tyler.

FESTIVAL OF ST. JEAN BAPTISTE.

The annual festival of St. Jean Baptiste was celebrated in this city yesterday, June 24th, with the usual pomp and splendour. At a very early hour the firing of cannon gave the signal to all of French origin for preparations to celebrate the day. At eight o'clock a. m., large numbers from all parts of the city and vicinity, and not a few from considerable distances, had assembled near the Cathedral, clad in holiday attire, decorated with ribbons and badges designating the several societies, and office-bearers wearing their insignia. Flags, banners and festoons of tricolor were displayed from stores and dwellings in the streets. Flags and banners were borne in great numbers by those who had come to swell the procession, and it seemed as if all the people had given themselves up entirely to the festivities of the occasion, upon which they entered with a zeal highly commendable in any good cause.

The procession was formed under the direction of Mr. E. Germain, assisted by Mr. A. Morin, both marshals. First came French Canadian and English flags, followed by a large number of the pupils of the Christian Brothers, nearly all carrying banners. Next came the pupils of the college, then followed Favereau's band, followed by the Sapeurs and the Rideau fire companies in costume. The next was a waggon, decorated with maple branches, and laden with artizans, all busily plying their several trades. The carpenters had built a small house, which gave employment to the plasterer to finish in rough cast; a blacksmith was working at his forge; a stone cutter chipping off pieces of stone, and several other industrious workers. Next came a band of music, followed by an open carriage, drawn by grey horses, containing *personages allegoriques*, representing St. Jean Baptiste, Jacques Cartier, and an Indian, by children of great personal beauty. These were appropriately followed by the Society of St. Jean Baptiste and officers, under whose auspices the day was celebrated. Next followed a waggon, bearing a raft of timber, with the usual shanty built on it, and a number of boys working oars.

The procession went down Church-street to Dalhousie, along Dalhousie to St. Patrick, and up to the Palace, for the purpose of escorting the Bishop to the Cathedral.

IN THE CATHEDRAL.

This fine edifice had been previously decorated with maple branches, by having them placed around the pillars, giving the place an air of freshness that was very agreeable.

The audience, which was very large, was remarkably attentive to the services.

The Bishop, in pontifical vestments, entered with attendants and took his seat on the throne.

High mass was celebrated by the Rev. Mr. Boucher.

The music performed on the occasion was a mass in F., composed expressly for the festival by Mr. Gustave Smith, organist of the Cathedral, and produced a magnificent effect. Mr. Smith presided at the organ, and Mr. Stockeler acted as conductor.

The principal soloists were Mrs. O'Connor and Mr. James O Brien, and Madame and Mr. Blain de St. Aubin.

The ladies and gentlemen of the choir read their music well and distinctly, and the soloists showed that they had taken care to be perfect. But Mrs. O'Connor's singing, both as to time, tune, and expression, was remarkably excellent, and could not escape notice. The music was in itself a festival; and yet it is clear that there is more in the composition than has yet been heard, because it was not sufficiently practised, the time being too short.

The sermon which was preached by the Rev. M. Casson, of Ripon, was an admirable composition, and was rendered with an earnest, though easy and unaffected, manner which harmonized well with the precepts of Christian charity, virtue and patriotism with which it abounded.

After the sermon the immemorial custom of dispensing the blessed bread was observed. This is not pieces of ordinary bread, but what any one would call cakes, and very good ones, too; they are dealt out to the whole congregation without stint, being carried around the Church by the basketfull.

The services being ended the procession was formed as before, but considerably reinforced. We also noticed Sutherland's band in the procession. The route traversed was through Sussex, Rideau, Dalhousie and Bolton streets, and returning to Sussex street to disperse at the Institute.

A considerable number of the members of the procession entered the Institute, when Mr. Peachy was called on to address the audience. Mr. Peachy complied, and took advantage of the occasion to advocate the permanent establishing and incorporation of a St. Jean Baptiste Society.

Dr. Dorion spoke on the same subject, and congratulated his friends on the success of the day, the institution, patriotism, &c. Mr. Michaud then addressed the audience as to the formation and incorporation of St. Jean Baptiste Society, and said it was the duty of every one to turn out on such an occasion as that day afforded.

The peace, order, sobriety, cleanliness and elegance observable throughout the whole procession, and among the large throngs of people on the sidewalks who sympathised with the festivities, were extremely gratifying, and being, as they are, repeated year after year cannot fail to make an impression on the minds of the whole community, highly favorable to our French Canadian fellow citizens.

THE PIC-NICS.

In the afternoon two pic-nics were held in honor of the day: one at Wright's Gardens, and one at Bellevue Gardens, both of which furnished enjoyment for those who participated in them, and we believe passed off satisfactorily.

THE CONCERT.

In the evening a grand concert was given in the Canadian Institute, under the auspices of the St. Jean Baptiste Society. Mr. Gustave Smith presided at the piano, and gave three solos, besides accompanying the singers.

Mr. Stockel played a fine solo on the new flute which he has recently constructed on entirely new principles. The performance was loudly encored.

Madame Gelinas sang, with her usual fine effect, two or three admirable songs, which were encored. One of the songs sang by this lady was composed by Sir G. E. Cartier, and entitled, "O, Canada! Mon pays, mes amours!" The author being present, called Madame Gelinas, who had retired, back to the stage, and complimented her, and then requested permission to sing a verse of the same song, which he did, and obtained loud applause for his effort.

The pupils of the college sang two choruses in very good style.

Mr. Blain de St. Aubin sang a solo, and two or three first rate comic songs, in his inimitable style, and was repeatedly encored.

Mr. Kimber, junior, sang in a very superior style, two solos, the last being "Le Berger de la Montague."

Mrs. O'Connor accompanied in her usual style two or three of the songs. The last vocal display was by Mr. J. Vienno Michaud, accompanied by Mr. Smith.

Mr. Smith's solos, as well as his accompaniments, were the subject of remark by the amateurs during the whole evening as his execution on the organ was in the morning.

In the course of the evening Dr. Beaubien, as first Vice-President, acting for the President, read a congratulatory address to the Hon. Sir George E. Cartier on the distinguished honors lately conferred on him by the Sovereign of the Empire. The address was couched in judicious and appropriate terms, and was replied to by the honorable gentleman at considerable length, in which the audience continued to cheer him with great enthusiasm.

Etienne Parent, Esq., delivered a capital discourse on subjects connected with the history and politics of Canada, &c., to which want of space prevents us at present from adverting. The address was a very able one, as was to be expected from the oldest member of the press in the country, whose varied experience has furnished him with such ample stores of knowledge on all subjects connected with his country.

The same cause which prevents our noticing Mr. Parent's speech more fully at present, compels us to defer mentioning that of Sir G. E. Cartier.

Among the persons present we noticed, besides the Hon. Minister of Militia, Father Dandurand, Vicar-General, to represent the Bishop, His Worship the Mayor, the Rev. Principal of the College, and many of our best citizens.

The concert broke up at 11 o'clock, having given much pleasure to all who attended it.

VOLUNTEER PARADE.

Inspection by the Adjutant-General—Fine turn out—Sham Fight, &c.

[From the Toronto Leader.]

In accordance with orders from headquarters the whole force forming the Toronto or fifth military district, were brought together yesterday on the common west of St. Stephens' Church, for the purpose of being inspected by the Adjutant-General, and of engaging in brigade movements. The force, which is commanded by Col. Radcliffe, is a complete army in itself, and, in case of being called out for active service, will be in a position to act independent of any other body in the event of telegraph wires being cut, or the means of communication with headquarters cut off. The brigade is composed of one troop of the 13th Hussars, F battery of artillery, under the command of Capt. Balfour, the Queen's Own, Col. Gilmore, Tenth Royals, Col. Brunel, and 12th or York battalion, under Colonel Jarvis. The latter battalion is made up of the following companies: No. 1 company, Scarboro, Captain Tabor; No. 2, Aurora, Captain Pearson; No. 3, Lloydtown, Captain Armstrong; No. 4, King, Captain Gardner; No. 5, Newmarket, Captain Boultbee; No. 6, Sutton, Captain Boucher; No. 7, Markham, Captain Milne; No. 8, Captain Selby; No. 9, Lemonville, Captain Crosby. The latter battalion, which numbered 411 men, rank and file, arrived by the Northern railway about half-past nine, and proceeded to the drill shed, where it remained until eleven o'clock, when it was dismissed for dinner. In the meantime the Tenth Royals and the Queen's Own had gone out for company drill.

At two o'clock the whole force paraded on the grounds before mentioned—the Queen's Own, numbering 400 men, the Tenth Royals 543, and the 12th Battalion 411.

The cavalry were posted on the right of the line, the battery, numbering six guns, on their left, and the volunteers in order according to seniority. When the Adjutant-General arrived on the ground he was received with a general salute. He was accompanied by Captain Moorson, A. D. C., Col. Anderson, R. A., Col. Durie, A. A. G., Major Denison, Brigade Major, and a number of other officers. Col. Jonyns, C.B., and several officers of the 13th Hussars were present in plain clothes. There was also a large crowd of spectators in attendance. The Adjutant-General proceeded at once to inspect the brigade, and after riding past in front and rear he expressed his pleasure to the officers at finding the appointments of the brigade so thorough in every respect. The whole force then marched past in quick time, and as usual were much admired for their fine soldier-like appearance. The York battalion attracted much attention, they being nearly all large active fellows, and their marching was excellent. The Tenth and Queen's Own, it was also observed, marched in admirable style. Immediately after the inspection the force was put through various brigade movements, too numerous to mention. A sham battle then took place, and, it is gratifying to know that although it raged with great fury for over three hours, there was nobody hurt. No. 1 Company of the Tenth Royals was sent out in advance to act the part of the enemy, and after they had got under cover, two Companies of the Queen's Own were sent out as an advance guard, and naturally enough they soon discovered the enemy in Shaw's bush, to the west of the review grounds. No time was lost in opening fire on the enemy, the latter returning it with much vigor. When the fight had lasted for some time the remainder of the Queen's Own and Tenth Royals came up as a support, assisted by a couple of guns and half a troop of cavalry. The other half troop of cavalry, the remainder of the battery of artillery, and the 12th battalion, were kept in reserve. All the rifles and infantry, however, were finally brought into action, and did their duty like true British volunteers. The enemy, as a matter of course, was vanquished, and surrendered at discretion, after which the whole brigade returned to the original parade grounds.

They were then drawn up in battalions, and Col. Radcliffe advanced to the head of the 12th battalion, and said he could not allow them to take their departure without expressing to them the great pleasure he felt in observing the efficient state of the battalion. Their marching was excellent, and their firing admirable; and he had no doubt that if they should ever meet those scoundrels who had been threatening this country with invasion, they would give a good account of themselves. The force then left the grounds, the 12th being allowed to pass the Tenth Royals and Queen's Own, in order that the former might take the post of honor. They were saluted as they marched past. The force then proceeded to the drill shed, where luncheon was provided—Messrs. John Boyd & Co. having supplied a large portion of the beer and crackers free of charge. After partaking of luncheon the force was dismissed.

In the evening the officers of the Queen's Own and 10th Royals entertained the officers of the 12th battalion at dinner, at the Terrapin. Although Mr. Carlisle had only three hours given him to provide the dinner, he got it up in the most *recherche* style, and in such a manner as to give the utmost satisfaction, and to elicit expressions of approbation from the company. The chair was occupied by Col. Gilmour, of the Queen's Own, and subsequently by Col. Brunel, who arrived late, with Capt. Crosby, M.P., of the 12th battalion, in the vice-chair. Several spirited and complimentary speeches were made, and the evening was most pleasantly spent.

At the conclusion of the entertainment the band of the 10th Royals, which was present, played the party down to the drill shed, where the battalion awaited the arrival of its officers. Immediately on their arrival, a column was formed and the men marched to the Northern Railway station, preceded by the 10th Royals band, and accompanied by a large number of citizens, who seemed determined to see the last of the gallant 12th. At the railway station was posted the G.T.R. band, under its leader, Mr. Murdoch, "discoursing sweet music." As the 12th battalion filed into the train, cheers were given for the city battalions and their commanders, and when the train moved off three cheers were called for the departing host, which was given with a will and a "tiger" to boot.

"Auld Lang Syne" was played by the band; the spectators turned homewards—and the grand field-day was ended.

The event is one which will not soon be forgotten, and the brigading of the troops will prove—should occasion offer—that the battalions have learned a reliance each upon the other, which will be of inestimable value to them.

Adjutant-General Macdougall was evidently exceedingly pleased with the appearance and performance of the men, and the country they serve may well be proud of her citizen soldiers.

Latest by Telegraph.

CABLE NEWS

Via Montreal Line.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Madrid, June 23.—Senor Rubien, on taking possession of the Ministry of the Colonies, made an address to his subordinates, in which he urged them to devote all their energies to the promotion of the commerce and prosperity of the Colonies of Spain.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

London, June 24.—The Italian Government announces to its representatives in other countries, that in the event of a war between France and Prussia it will remain neutral.

London, June 24.—Sunday next has been appointed as a day of thanksgiving throughout Great Britain, for the success of the Abyssinian expedition.

Southampton, June 24.—The U.S. squadron, under the command of Admiral Farragut, has arrived off Cowes.

The U.S. steamer *Canandaigua* is expected hourly, from Lisbon, to join the expedition.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Via Montreal Line.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Defeat of Mexicans by the Indians.

Galveston, Texas, June 23.—Mexican advices state that Col. Dominiquez, who left Campeachy with 700 men to fight the Indians, had been killed, and his force destroyed. Only two of his men are known to be saved.

Desperate Situation of Salnave.

New York, June 23.—The *Herald's* Havana special says that President Salnave, of Hayti, still holds out in his besieged citadel, and refuses all negotiations with the insurgents outside. He threatens to bombard the town before it shall be taken, and has commenced insulting all foreigners, except the Americans.

Stevens's "Reasons" for Impeaching the President.

The *Times'* special says that Mr. Stevens says his principal desire in presenting new articles of impeachment is, to make a speech upon them, which he has prepared, and then let the matter go over until next session. He declares he will not abandon the project as long as he has power to press it.

Democratic Majority in Mississippi.

The *World's* special says there is reason to expect that the President will issue a proclamation of general amnesty, to take effect on the 4th of July. The President to-night received despatches from Jackson, Miss., stating that the State had gone largely Democratic. The Constitution had been defeated by the colored vote.

New York Money Market.

New York, June 24.—Stocks active. 3 p.m.—Gold closed at 140⅜.

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

For soups and potted meats go to Bate & Co., 52 Spark-st. 762d

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

For a choice selection of pickles, sauces &c., go to Bate & Co, 52 Spark-st. 762d

Magee and Russell's great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

Bog Oak Jewellery.—Very handsome sets of bog oak jewellery can be had at Young & Radford's, at 90c. per set.

For fine bog oak brooches, eight ear rings in sets, see Young & Radford's new lot, just received, and selling at the very low price of only 90 cts. per set.

Several bargain lots have been brought forward from the wholesale department for the removal sale at Magee & Russell's.

—The looseness with which English Estates are lying round awaiting to be claimed is amusing. David Denison of Kotoma, Ind., thinks he is the lawful owner of a small one of $64,000,000. Men of this sort ought to drink Italian Bitters before proceeding to read old family papers.

Carpets and House Furnishings.—Garland Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality. They have just received a large stock and invite the attention of parties furnishing to it. Purchasers will find their stock in this department second to none in Ottawa. 582-y

Messrs. Young & Radford having secured the services of first-class working jewellers in etruscan, filagree, plain, fancy and solid gold work, and having made large additions to their work shop are now better prepared to execute any orders with which they may be entrusted than heretofore. Masonic jewels gold and silver medals, and every kind of gold and silver work done on the shortest possible notice. Remember the place, 30 Sparks-st., and encourage home manufacture

SPECIAL NOTICES.

For every glass of MINERAL WATER taken at the CALEDONIA SPRINGS you may safely calculate on any addition of many days to your term of life.

Errors of Youth.—A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay and all the effects of youthful indiscretion will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertisers' experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence,
JOHN B. OGDEN, 43 Cedar Street New York

DIED.

On the 23rd instant, Walter Perry, infant son of Will and Hannah Rice, aged 20 months.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

To-Night.

SKATING RINK MUSIC HALL.

G. W. Lester, - - - Manager.

THURSDAY EVENING, JUNE 25th, grand testimonial benefit to

EDMUND COLES,

Tendered him by many friends and patrons.

Mr. G. W. LESTER has kindly volunteered his services, and will, by particular request, appear in his great speciality of

MONSIEUR JACQUES.

Last appearance of the charming

FANNY STOCQUELER,

The evening's entertainment will commence with a beautiful Comic Drama in two acts, entitled

THE WILD DUCK,

John Duck..........Edmund Coles.
Patty Pottle, (with musical selections), Miss Fanny Stocqueler.
Hornpipe..........Miss Lena Warner.

MONS. JACQUES, OR THE CONSCRIPT OF PALERMO.

Mons. Jacques..........Mr. Lester.
Nina..........Miss Fanny Stocqueler.

The beautiful pathetic scene from Chas. Dickens' great work of

BLEAK HOUSE, OR THE DEATH OF POOR JO.

Poor Jo, ("Moving on,")..........Edmund Coles.

Miss Fanny Stocqueler will sing during the evening "Champagne Charlie."
Ballet Divertissement..........Lena Warner.

By particular request Edmund Coles will sing the new and popular Comic Song of "Not for Joseph," likewise "Ten Little Ingun Boys."

The evening's entertainment will conclude with the most laughable Irish Farce ever written entitled

PADDY MILES, FROM LIMERICK.

Doors open at 7:30, and performance to commence at 8 o'clock precisely.
Prices of admission—Parquette 50 cents; Gallery 25 cents.
Tickets for reserved seats may be procured at the Music Store of Messrs. Orme & Son, and at the "Citizen" Stationery Establishment.

A. B. COLES, Business Agent.
Ottawa, June 25, 1868. 772td

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

Manager, - - - Edmund Miles

FRIDAY EVENING, 26TH JUNE.

GRAND GALA NIGHT!

Under the patronage of COL. POWELL, and the Officers of the 43rd Carleton Battalion.

Last appearance of the Famous English Comedian

EDMUND COLES,

AND THE CHARMING MISS

FANNY STOCQUELER,

On which occasion

WALTER BENN,

Will appear in his celebrated character of

GASTON D'ORVILLE,

IN THE

MAN WITH THE IRON MASK.

The performance will commence with the laughable Farce entitled

BURIED ALIVE,

Benjamin Bowbell..........Edmund Coles.

Fancy Dance..........Miss Lena Warner.

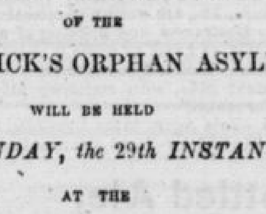
A GRAND GYMNASTIC EXHIBITION

Will be given by

MESSRS. MARTIN AND HARWOOD,

Who have kindly volunteered for the occasion.

Doors open at 7:30, and performance to commence at 8 o'clock, precisely.
Prices of Admission—Parquette, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents.
Ottawa, June 25, 1868. 771td



THE GRAND ANNUAL PIC-NIC

OF THE

ST. PATRICK'S ORPHAN ASYLUM

WILL BE HELD

ON MONDAY, the 29th INSTANT,

AT THE

BELLEVUE GARDENS, HULL.

A SPLENDID QUADRILLE BAND

Will be in attendance.

THE USUAL GAMES,

Such as Races, Quoits, Throwing Heavy and Light Hammers, Jumping, Leaping, Tossing the Caber, &c., &c., will take place, and PRIZES awarded to successful competitors.

REFRESHMENT TABLES

In charge of the Ladies and Gentlemen of the Association.

Admission 25 cents.

Contributions to the Refreshment Tables will be thankfully received at Mr. Kavanagh's, Centre Town; Mr. Whelan's, Rideau-street; Mr. Caldwell's, Sussex-street; or at the Asylum.

MARTIN BATTLE, Secretary.
Ottawa, June 25, 1868. 777-4

NOTICE.

I do hereby give notice to all persons not to give my wife, CATHERINE CARROLL, any credit in my name, she having left my bed and board, on the 16th of June, 1868, without any just cause or provocation.

P. O'CALLAGHAN,
10th Range, 14th Lot, Buckingham, Co. of Ottawa.
June 25, 1868. 777-3

TO LET.

A desirable residence in the Village of New Edinburgh. Possession given immediately. Apply to the Office of the Mackay Estate.
New Edinburgh, June 25, 1868. 777-3

ANSWER TO MEDICAL INQUIRIES.

Medical Department, R.R.R. Office, No. 87, Maiden Lane, New York.

Dear Doctor,

We are compelled to answer your inquiries relative to the curative properties of SARSAPARILLIAN and its associates as constituents in our RENOVATING RESOLVENT in lung affections, and its wonderful power in arresting waste and decay of the Lungs, healing Ulcers, loosening the phlegm, and enabling the patient to expectorate freely the thick, sloughing matter deposited in the air passages and cells of the Lungs and Bronchi, and at the same time keeping up the general strength of the patient, repairing the waste with good sound and healthy material, imparting nourishment as well as purification of the blood,—through the medium of the press:—that hundreds of others daily writing us for information may know that we have a remedy in the RESOLVENT that will arrest the progress of Consumption, either of the Lungs, Liver, Kidneys or Bowels.

The Resolvent is a compensating remedy; it communicates its curative powers through the blood, sweat and urine; it restores functional harmony and enables each secreting organ to secrete its proper constituents. Direct remedies, as Lung Balsams, Cough Syrups, Pectorals given to act directly on the Lungs, as a regular remedy, are hurtful, as they augment the functions of the Lungs at the expense of suspending or interrupting the functions of the Liver, Kidneys and Skin. If a patient suffering with a severe cough, with a sense of suffocation or weight in the chest, irritation or soreness in the throat, pain in the shoulders, difficulty of raising or expectorating phlegm, dryness of the skin, or if there is constipation of the bowels, unnatural appetite, great thirst, or if the water discharged, deposits substances like the white of an egg, or brick dust, or thread-like skeins, or if there is pain in the small of the back, hips, stomach or bowels, chest, etc., from a dessert to a table-spoonful of RESOLVENT, half an hour after each meal, and if the cough is troublesome one teaspoonful at night, will afford immediate ease, and will soon remove all unpleasant symptoms.

As aids to the Resolvent, if pain is present, the spine should be rubbed with the Ready Relief, and one to four of Radway's Pills (coated) to insure *perfect* digestion and regular evacuations from the bowels. The nourishing properties of RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT increase the strength and flesh of the patient. We do not claim that this remedy will make new lungs, new kidneys, or other wasted organs, but it will arrest decay, heal ulcers, and supply the waste that is daily passing off, with new, sound and healthy material. Dr. Radway can be consulted, free of charge, from 12 to 2 p.m., at No. 87, Maiden Lane.

The public have but a faint idea of the great importance of RADWAY'S RESOLVENT, in the treatment of chronic disease and disease of the Kidneys and urinary organs. Sarsaparillian and Pareira Brava, two of the ingredients as prepared by Dr. Radway's process, supply a want that has ever existed, in repairing the waste of the body with pure and healthy material out of new rich blood, of arresting dissolution and decay, of restoring functional harmony, of securing strength, of dissolving calculous concretions, of curing every form of Kidney, Bladder and Uterine diseases; of stopping all kinds of weakening, purulent, and irritating discharges; of restoring the vigor of life, to all, whether induced by self-abuse, impure association, bad habit of system, exposure or accident.

As the **Renovating Resolvent Sarsaparillian** enters immediately into the circulation, it commences its work of *purification* and expulsion of acrimonious humors from the blood at once. Skin Eruptions, Blotches, Pustules, Tetters, Worms and Insects, Black Spots, etc., are removed by a few doses, and the skin changed to a clear and beautiful appearance.

This remedy is superior to all preparations of Buchu, Cubebs, Juniper, etc., in Diabetes, Catarrh of the Bladder, Gravel, Brick Dusts, and other morbid state of the Urine. The RENOVATING RESOLVENT does not augment the functional secretions of one organ by suspending the secretions of others.

Ask always for Dr. RADWAY'S RESOLVENT, or SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT.—Price, $1 per bottle; or 6 bottles for $5.

DR. RADWAY & CO.,
439 St. Paul-street, Montreal.

Sent to all parts of Canada.
W. M. MASSEY, Agent, Ottawa.

Read False and True.—Send one letter-stamp to RADWAY & CO., 439 St. Paul-street, Montreal. Information worth thousands will be given you. Price of RESOLVENT SARSAPARILLIAN, $1 per bottle, or $10 per dozen. 777b

OTTAWA GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

THE SEMI-ANNUAL EXAMINATION

Of the above institution will be held

ON THURSDAY, the 25th INSTANT,

Commencing at 9:15 a. m.

ON THE EVENING OF THE SAME DAY

THE PRIZES

Will be DISTRIBUTED, and SELECT PIECES of DECLAMATION will be given in the

BASEMENT OF THE WESLEYAN CHURCH,

METCALFE-STREET.

To commence at Eight o'clock.
Admission will be by ticket.

J. THORBURN, M. A., Rector.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775-2

AUCTION SALE

OF VERY

DESIRABLE CITY PROPERTY!

H. McLEAN,

(Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent),

Has been instructed by JAMES MARTIN, Esq. to offer for Sale, on the premises, on

TUESDAY, 30TH JUNE, INSTANT,

At TWELVE o'clock, Noon,

The East Half of Lot No. 38, and the West Half of Lot No. 39, on the North side of Maria-street, in one of the most fashionable parts of the City. These two half lots form one lot, 66 x 140 feet, on which is a good FRAME HOUSE, two and a half stories high, divided into three tenements, and well laid out, and finished in the most modern style, and rents for $412 per annum.

TERMS—One-half Cash, and the balance in three equal annual instalments, payable in one two and three years, with interest at 7 per cent per annum.

Sale Positive.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 776td

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY, AND COURT OF SPAIN, THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT
MR. JOHN LESLIE, Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,
For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*

H. & A. SAUNDERS, Montreal.
Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion, for the sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.
Ottawa, May 20. 748y

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

BOG OAK SETTS, BROOCH and EAR RINGS,

At 90 Cents the Set,

At Young & Radford's,
30 Sparks-street.

Young & Radford

ARE SELLING BOG OAK SETTS at 90 cents,

Which have been sold as high as $2.00 per sett.

Young & Radford

CAN MAKE TO ORDER

All kinds of GOLD and SILVER JEWELLERY cheaper than the same can be bought retail.

GIVE US A CALL.

And be sure you remember the Place,

YOUNG & RADFORD'S,
30 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

FOR fine BOG OAK BROOCHES and EAR RINGS, in setts,
See YOUNG & RADFORD'S new lot just received, and selling at the very low price of only 90 cents per set.

CANADA.

GOLD COINS OF SYDNEY MINT MADE A LEGAL TENDER.

THE DUKE OF BUCKINGHAM TO LORD MONCK.

CANADA.

Separate.

DOWNING-STREET,

29th May, 1868.

MY LORD,

With reference to your despatch No. 200, 24th November, 1866, I have the honor to transmit to you the accompanying copies of an order of Her Majesty in Council and of a Proclamation for declaring the Gold Coins of the Sydney Mint, a legal tender in those of Her Majesty's possessions abroad which are specified in the schedule annexed to the Proclamation.

You will be so good as to cause this Proclamation to be published in Canada, in the most authentic manner.

A similar order in Council was passed on the 16th of November, 1866, for making these coins a legal tender in the Colonies mentioned below:

Antigua,	Malta,
Barbadoes,	Montserrat,
Bahamas,	Nevis,
Bermuda,	Natal,
Cape of Good Hope,	St. Helena,
British Columbia,	Sierra Leone,
Dominica,	St. Vincent,
Falkland Islands,	St. Christopher and its dependencies,
Gold Coast,	St. Lucia,
Gambia,	Trinidad,
Gibraltar,	Tobago,
British Guiana,	Turks and Caicos Islands,
Granada,	Vancouver Island,
Honduras,	Virgin Islands.
Jamaica,	
Lagos,	

I have, &c.,

(Signed), BUCKINGHAM & CHANDOS.

Governor,

The Right Honble.

Viscount Monck,

&c., &c., &c.

AT THE COURT AT WINDSOR,

The 14th day of May, 1868.

PRESENT:

THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS

There was read this day at the Board the Draft of the Proclamation declaring Gold Coins made at the Branch of the Royal Mint at Sydney, New South Wales, a legal tender in certain of Her Majesty's Possessions abroad, specified in a schedule attached to the said Draft Proclamation.

Her Majesty having taken the same into consideration, was pleased by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to approve thereof, and to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the said Proclamation do take effect and come into force in each of Her Majesty's Possessions abroad, specified in the aforesaid Schedule, upon and from and after such day, as shall be for that purpose limited by the Governor or Officer Administering the Government of each of the said Possessions by any Proclamations to be by them for that purpose respectively issued in each of such Possessions.

And the Most Noble the Duke of Buckingham and Chandos, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, is to give the necessary directions for causing publication to be made hereof within Her Majesty's said Possessions abroad.

(Signed). ARTHUR HELPS.

DRAFT PROCLAMATION REFERRED TO IN THE FOREGOING ORDER IN COUNCIL.

BY THE QUEEN.

A PROCLAMATION

For declaring Gold Coins made at the Branch Mint at Sydney, New South Wales, a legal tender throughout such parts of Her Majesty's dominions as are specified in the schedule hereunto annexed.

Whereas, by an order in Council, bearing date the Nineteenth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, we have thought fit to order that a Branch of our Royal Mint, should be established at or near Sydney, in New South Wales.

And whereas in the eighteenth year of our reign, by an order in Council, dated the eighteenth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, we have thought fit to order that certain pieces of Gold Money should be coined at the said Branch of Our Royal Mint, to be called respectively Australian Sovereigns and Australian Half Sovereigns and to be of the same respective weights, fineness and value with the Sovereigns and Half Sovereigns now current within this our realm.

And whereas, pursuant to and in virtue of the powers given in our said Orders in Council, it is provided that a Coinage of the said Australian Sovereigns and Half Sovereigns shall be made, and that every such Australian Sovereign shall have for the obverse our effigy, with the inscription, "Victoria D. G., Britanniar Regina F. D.," and the date of the year, and for the reverse the word "Australian" placed in the centre of piece encircled by a laurel wreath and surmounted by the Royal Crown with the inscription "Sydney Mint, One Sovereign," and with a graining on the edge, and that every such Australian Half Sovereign shall have the obverse in every respect similar to that of the Sovereign, and for the reverse the same word, "Australia," in the centre encircled and surmounted in like manner, but for the inscription the words "Sydney Mint, Half Sovereign," and a graining on the edge.

And whereas pieces of Gold Money have been and will be coined at our said Branch of the Royal Mint in pursuance of orders issued and to be issued;

And whereas, by an Act passed in the twenty ninth and thirtieth years of our reign, entitled: "An Act to enable Her Majesty to declare Gold Coins to be issued from Her Majesty's Colonial Branch Mints a legal tender for payments, and for other purposes relating thereto," it is provided that "it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, from time to time, by Proclamation issued with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare that for such period, and subject to such conditions as may be specified in such Proclamation, Gold Coins made at such Colonial Branch Mint, of designs approved by Her Majesty, and being of the same weight and fineness as are required by law with respect to Gold Coins of the same denominations made at Her Majesty's Mint in London, are to be a legal tender for payments within any part of Her Majesty's Dominions to be specified in such Proclamations, in which Gold Coins issued from Her Majesty's Mint in London shall at the date of the issue of such Proclamation being issued Gold Coins made of such designs and being of such weight and fineness as aforesaid, shall be a legal tender for payments accordingly."

And whereas Gold Coins issued from our Royal Mint in London are at present a legal tender in such parts of our Dominions as are specified in the schedule hereunto annexed;

We therefore, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, have thought fit to issue this Our Royal Proclamation, and we do ordain, declare and command, that from and after the date of the publication of this Our Proclamation by the Governor or other officer Administering the Government of such part or parts of Our Dominions as are specified in the schedule hereunto annexed, Coins made at the said Branch Mint, of designs approved by us at Sydney aforesaid, and being of the same weight and fineness as are required by law, with respect to Gold Coins of the same denominations made at Our Mint in London, shall be a legal tender for payments within such part or parts of Our Dominions, as are specified in the said schedule, until such period as this Our Proclamation shall be revoked, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council aforesaid.

Given at Our Court at Windsor, this fourteenth day of May, 1868.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Schedule of Her Majesty's Possessions abroad referred to in the Order in Council, dated 14th day of May, 1868, and in the Draft Proclamation, the issue of which is ordered by the said Order in Council.

CANADA,
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND,
NEWFOUNDLAND. 776-3

Pickles, Sauces, &c.,

JUST RECEIVED DIRECT FROM

CROSSE & BLACKWELL, London;

Ex ship "Ardmillan," the following:

125 DOZ. MIXED PICKLES,
35 DOZ. Gerkins,
35 DOZ. Onions,
35 DOZ. Chow Chow,
30 DOZ. Piccolill,
25 DOZ. Walnuts,
20 DOZ. Cauliflower,
15 DOZ. Imperial Hot,
15 DOZ. West India,
15 DOZ. Capt. White's Oriental

Reading Sauce,
King of Oude Sauce,
Harvey do.
John Bull do.
Kalos Ceusis do.
Soyer's do.
Worcestershire do.
India Soy.
Essence of Anchovies,
Essence of Shrimps,
Mushroom Ketchup,
Walnut Ketchup,
French Capers,
Chili Vinegar,
Tarragon Vinegar,
Raspberry Vinegar,
Olives,
Bottled Fruits, an assortment,
Raspberry Jam,
Strawberry do.
Damson do.
Gooseberry do.
Red Currant do.
Black do. do.
Red do. Jelly.
Black do. do.
Crystallized Fruits,
Fruits in Noyeau,
Preserved Ginger in Jars and 1 lb. Pots,
Currie Powder,
Anchovy Paste,
Potted Ham, Beef and Tongue,
Potted Yarmouth Bloaters,
Strasbourg Potted Meats,
Soup and Bouille,
Mock Turtle Soup,
Mulligatawny Soup,
Hare Soup,
Jugged Hare,
Pheasants in Gravy,
Grouse in Gravy,
Partridge in Gravy,
Paté de Foie Gras,
Paté D'Alouettes,
Paté de Cailles.

ALSO,

A large lot of Keen's Celebrated Mustard in half lb. and 1 lb. tins.

BATE & Co.,
53, SPARKS-ST.

June 8, 1868. 762d

ARNOLDI'S WINE AND SPIRIT VAULTS,

11 *Metcalfe-st., Telegraph Co's Building,*
OTTAWA,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL, FOR CASH ONLY

Dekuyper's Red Cases, Gin, 15 bottles		$9 00
" Green, " " per doz		4 50
Booth's London Gin	"	7 20
Bernard's and Thompson's Gin	"	6 00
Green Seal Champagne	"	12 00

AND UPWARDS.

PORT WINES—Graham's, Sandeman's, &c.

	Per Gall.	Per Doz
No. 1 Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2 "	3 00	8 75
" 3 Old	3 50	10 00
" 4 Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine old	5 75	15 50

SHERRIES—Lomecq's, Pemartin's, &c.:

No. 1 Superior Light table Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2 Extra do.	3 00	8 75
" 3 Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4 Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine	5 50	15 00

Single sample bottles at above rates.

Also, of Standard Brands, in wood or bottle, old and new, Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch and Canadian Whiskies.

Canadian Ale, in wood or bottle.

Guinness' Porter, pints and quarts. Hibbert's Porter, pints and quarts. Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, pints and quarts.

Clarets, Hocks, Sauternes, Curacao, Maraschino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., &c

Purity is all cases guaranteed, and goods marked at the lowest quotations.

Orders by mail with cash, promptly attended to Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.

NOTICE.

The subscriber would intimate to those of his customers with whom current accounts may have been opened that it is his intention to take advantage of any irregularity in their payment to close them in order that he may conduct his business totally on the *cash principle*, which has been found to work much more satisfactorily for both the buyer and seller in every branch of trade in which it has been tried, and relying on quality of his goods and the prices charged for them (which will always be as low as they can honestly be sold for), he solicits a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

K. ARNOLDI,

Dealer in the better qualities of Wines, Spirits, &c., Metcalfe-street, Telegraph Co's Building, Ottawa.

Price lists on application or sent to any address.

April 21, 1868. 555y

TORONTO HOUSE, Sparks-st.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has at present several commodious and handsomely furnished suites of apartments, in every respect eligible for civil or military officers, or private gentlemen remaining in the city.

Ottawa, June 20, 1868. 773tf

FOR SALE!

THAT Splendid First-Class

HOTEL,

IN THE

CAPITAL OF THE DOMINION!

KNOWN AS THE

REVERE HOUSE,

And at present leased at a rental of $2,000. It is one of the best buildings in the city. Its length is one hundred and six (106) feet by forty (40) feet wide, built of stone, with cut stone front and tin roof. The house contains fifty bedrooms, five parlors and dining room, with bar, kitchen and laundry attached. There is a new Brick Stable, sixty-six (66) by thirty (30) feet, capable of stabling forty Horses, a large yard and outbuildings; also a vacant lot, which the purchaser can have if required to enlarge. The premises are in excellent order, being only five years built. Very lately a sum of $2,000 was expended improving the building. For a first-class hotel, or Military Quarters, it cannot be equalled in the city.

TERMS EASY, and made known free of charge, by letter or otherwise, on application to

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer,
Commission and Real Estate Agent.

Ottawa, June 3, 1868. 758d

Dominion Auction Mart,

AND

Commission Sale Rooms

House, Land & General Agency,

OFFICE & SALE ROOMS.

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-STREET,

OTTAWA.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city.

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq. M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq. M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq. M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq. M P
James O'Reilly, Esq. Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq. Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq. M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
House, Land and General Agent.

753y

THE CORPORATION OF THE COUNTY OF CARLETON.

THE following Resolution was adopted by the Council of the Corporation of the County of Carleton, during their recent June Session, and ordered to be published.

EDW. BEARMAN,
C. C. C.

Moved by Mr. Dow, seconded by Mr. Fraser,

That the fourth and fifth resolutions of motion No. 15, passed by this Council at the Sessions thereof held in the month of January last, be, and the same are hereby repealed, and that in future every contractor, or other person legally authorized by this Council to supply the Gaol, shall keep a passbook, in which under the proper date the articles supplied shall be entered, and opposite the entry the gaol officials receiving the articles shall certify their receipt.

And that every tradesman, mechanic, or other person employed by this Council to work in the Gaol, shall keep a similar pass-book, and have his time or job, as the case may be, certified in like manner, and these pass-books, along with the accounts in duplicate, and properly certified, shall be laid before the Audit Committee at their quarterly Sittings,

And this Council do hereby further resolve that neither the Sheriff of this County, nor his Deputy, nor any other person or persons, excepting only the Warden of the County, the Gaol Committee of the Council, or its Chairman, shall have power or authority, on any pretence whatever, to order any article or thing on the credit of this Council, nor will this Council hold itself in any manner responsible for any article or thing furnished on any account whatsoever, excepting the same be furnished on the written order of the Warden, the Gaol Committee, or its Chairman, that all orders, resolutions and notices of this Council to the contrary, be, and the same are hereby repealed, and that the Clerk of this Council do give notice by advertisement of this resolution.—Carried.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775-3-26-1

ST. LOUIS HOTEL,
ST. LOUIS-STREET,
AND
RUSSELL'S HOTEL,
PALACE-ST.,
QUEBEC.

The above first-class Hotels are now open for the season.

Canadian Families

Visiting the Lower St. Lawrence for summer recreation, can either going or coming, be accommodated by the week or month, at rates similar to those charged at the watering places below. Apply by letter, or at the office.

770d WILLIS RUSSELL.

Coffee! Coffee!

TO those who enjoy a Cup of

REALLY FINE COFFEE

—TRY—

BUCHANAN'S

Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha,

JAVA & JAMAICA,

Roasted and Ground

Daily on the premises, by steam power.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

May 11, 1868. 739tf

GREAT SUCCESS

OF THE

Removal Sale.

ALL THE GOODS FROM THE

Wholesale Department brought forward, and re-marked at clearing prices.

SEVERAL CHOICE BARGAIN LOTS,

Will be offered TO-DAY.

ONE LOT OF 20 PIECE MARL POPLINETTES,

This season's importation, worth 40 cents, will be sold for 25 cents.

ANOTHER LOT, SIMILAR STYLES,

Will be marked 16 cents. These are all well worth 30 cents.

500 YARDS STRIPED EARLSTON GINGHAMS,

That cost the importer 22 cents, will be laid on the counter at 12½ cents.

ANOTHER choice lot of Double Width CHALLIE and ALPACCA DRESS GOODS,

At 11 cents and 12½ cents, well worth double the money.

ONE CASE OF PRINTED MUSLINS,

Fast colours and choice patterns, at 10, 12, 12½, 16 and 17 cents per yard, are value for 50 per cent more, only they arrived too late in the season.

A JOB LOT of WHITE BRILLIANTS PIQUES and MARSEILLES,

At very low prices.

50 PIECES WHITE GROUND PRINTS and PRINTED BRILLIANTS,

From 15 to 21 cents per yard.

ANOTHER BALE WHITE SHIRTINGS,

At the reduced rates, will be brought forward to-day.

80 DOZEN MORE of THOSE CLEAR CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS,

At the same prices as gave such satisfaction the last two weeks.

10 PIECES WHITE GROUND FRENCH DELAINES,

With coloured spots for Children's Dresses, at 25 cents per yard, usual price, 40 cents.

SEVERAL HUNDRED DOZEN OF WHITE and COLOURED COTTON HOSE,

Brought out from the Wholesale Department, today, and marked very cheap.

NOTWITHSTANDING

The great rush we have had the stock is still well assorted, and many goods have been still further reduced in prices.

Magee & Russell.

Ottawa, June 17, 1868. 767y

FOR SALE

AT THE

MONTREAL WAREHOUSE

800 BUTTER TUBS, (in good order.

J. MARTIN & CO.

10,000 LBS. MAPLE SUGAR.

J. MARTIN & CO.

50 CASES ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

J. MARTIN & CO.

HERRINGS, PORK, FLOUR, BUTTER, CHEESE.

657y J. MARTIN & CO.

IF YOU

WANT ANY

BOOTS OR SHOES,

CALL AT

Angus & Huckell's

—GREAT—

Boot & Shoe

EMPORIUM,

15,

SUSSEX-STREET

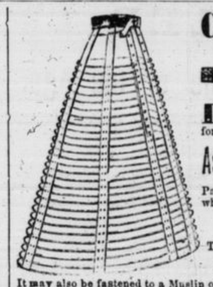
Whyte's Brick Block.

Ottawa, June 18. 666y

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y



City Hoop Skirt Factory.

SOMETHING NEW.

I BEG to call the attention of LADIES to a new and highly desirable article which I have secured the Sole Agency for in Ottawa and vicinity. It is known

As Lesser's Patent Skirt Appendage!

Patented April 23, 1868, and consists of a SEPARATE TRAIL, which can be attached to an ordinary

Plain Hoop Skirt,

Thus converting it into a graceful

Promenade or Evening Skirt!

It may also be fastened to a Muslin or Stuff Petticoat with the same result. It can be folded into very small compass, and must readily recommend itself to every Lady, combining, as it does, Grace, Elegance and Comfort. To be had wholesale and retail. All styles of Skirts on hand. Corsets, Hosiery and Gloves, Parasols, &c., &c.

DAVID MILLAR,
43 Sparks-st, Central Ottawa.

456y

FAMILY MOURNING.

Every article connected with LADIES' and CHILDREN'S MOURNING, supplied by

GRANT & HENDERSON,

BLACK SILKS,	BLACK CRAPES,
BLACK PARAMATTAS,	BLACK REPPS,
BLACK COBURGS,	BLACK LLAMAS,
BLACK GRENADINES,	BLACK LUSTRES,
MOURNING MANTLES,	AND MILLINERY.

Grant and Henderson.

20 Rideau-street.

Ottawa, June 18. 522y

RETIRING FROM BUSINESS

Great Cheap Sale of Dry Goods!

As GEO. FEATHERSTON & CO.,

Intend winding up their business in AUGUST NEXT. They will from this date offer their large stock of

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,

At greatly reduced prices for cash as the whole must be disposed of by the 24th day of AUGUST. The following list of prices will satisfy all that this is a chance rarely to be met with, and will be for the benefit of every one to take advantage of.

Full width Prints from	4½d per yard.	Grey Cottons	from 4½d per yard.
Printed Muslins "	6d "	Silk Parasols	" 2s 6d each.
" Delaines "	4½ "	Hoop Skirts	" 10½d "
6-4 Alpacca Lustres "	7½ "	Canadian Full Cloth	" 2s 11d per yard.
Cobourgs "	9 "		

A large lot of Women's White Cotton Hose, from 4½d per pair. A lot of Summer Shawls from 11s 3d to 27s 6d, usual price from 17s 6d to 40s. A lot of cloths for Boy's Summer Wear, very cheap, and all other goods proportionately low.

Shop to Rent from 1st Sept. Next.

GEO. FEATHERSTON & CO.,
34 Sparks-street, Centre Town.

Ottawa, June 15, 1868. 768 2m

Great Clearing Sale of Dry Goods.

Cunningham & Lindsay

No. 14, RIDEAU-STREET.

WILL COMMENCE

ON MONDAY, the 15th INSTANT,

TO SELL THE BALANCE OF THEIR SUMMER STOCK OF

Millinery, Mantles, Shawls, Dress Goods, Prints, Muslins, &c.,

At Prices which must effect a Speedy Sale.

☞ *For Particulars See Circulars.*

Ottawa, June 12, 1868. 510y

BLYTH & KERR,

Successors to Chas. Garth,

No. 25, RIDEAU-STREET,

PLUMBERS, GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,
TIN & COPPERSMITHS, BELL HANGERS, &c.

All materials for the above branches kept constantly on hand.

Also, Importers and Dealers in House Furnishing Hardware.

Just received a well selected assortment of Fishing Tackle, Baskets, Bait, Reels, Lines, Flys, Rods, &c. Manufacturers of all descriptions of work for Water and Gas Works, Brewer's Distilleries, Mills, &c. Makes and fits up Galvanized Iron Cornices, Gutters, Conductors, Roofing, &c.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water or Warm Air, on the most approved principles.

Orders from the country will receive strict attention. 740y

Ladies Keep Cool!

BLACK AND WHITE LACE SHAWLS,
GRENADINE SHAWLS,
BAREGE SHAWLS,
BAREGE JACKETS
BAREGE & GRENADINE PROMENADE COSTUMES,
GRENADINES,
FRENCH & ENGLISH MUSLINS

GENTLEMEN KEEP COOL!

BLACK ALPACCA COATS,
BUFF ALPACCA COATS,
LINEN COATS,
MARSEILLES VESTS

All in great variety, cheap, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S.

Wholesale and Retail.

Importers, 20 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 29, 1868. 484y

A RARE CHANCE.

The undersigned having received direct from the manufacturers in Europe, a large consignment of

Dry Goods

with instructions to dispose of them at

LOW RATES!

Is now offering them to the public, and at an almost nominal advance on the makers' cost price. The stock consists of

1,600 yards of Carpets, of various kinds,
40 Handsome Hearth Rugs,
60 Summer Counterpanes,
24 White Marseilles Quilts,
A large quantity of Toilet Covers,
Some Wool Table Covers,
And a large variety of other Goods.

The stock may be seen at the store of MESSRS. ANSELL & MICHAEL'S, Scott's Corner, Elgin and Sparks-street, opposite the Russell Hotel. Parties requiring articles of the above mentioned kind will find it to their advantage to call and inspect the goods at once, as the whole must be disposed of within a few days.

ANSELL & MICHAEL.

Ottawa, June 9, 1868. 763-3m

NEW HOUSE TO LET CHEAP,

Enquire at Ashburnham Terrace:

775z T. L. GOURLAY.

TAKE THE HIGHEST PREMIUMS

AT THE

Pa Exposition

All kinds of SCALES constantly on hand and for sale:

ALSO,

Baldwin's Alarm Money Drawers.

THE BEST NOW IN USE.

ALEX. WORKMAN & CO.,

775-2m Ottawa, Agents.

TO BE GIVEN AWAY!

THE

Greatest Curiosity

OF THE DAY.

WILL BE PUBLISHED

On Thursday next, THE WONDERFUL ALMANAC for 306 years, a copy of which will be presented, FREE OF CHARGE, to every Lady and Gentleman applying at

The Ottawa Citizen,
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

SANSUM'S INTEREST & EXCHANGE TABLES.

A supply of this useful work just received and for sale at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen,
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

COPY BOOKS,

(Plain and with Head Line), EXERCISE BOOKS. A supply just received and for sale at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House
21 Rideau-street.

PLAIN & FANCY STATIONERY

All marked in plain figures, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House
21 Rideau-street.

COUNTING HOUSE and SCHOOL REQUISITES,

At the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House
21 Rideau-street.

MUSIC, MAGAZINES OR PRINTED BOOKS,

Bound in any style required, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House
21 Rideau-street.

ENGINEERS' and ARTISTS' MATERIALS,

At the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House
21 Rideau-street.

ACCOUNT BOOKS,

Memorandum Books, Pocket Books, Indexes &c., at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House
21 Rideau-street.

WRAPPING PAPERS,

MANILLA, TEA, and STRAW, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen,
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

STEEL PENS and PEN HANDLES,

Gillott's, Mitchell's and other makers, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

WRITING INKS,

Stephen's, Todd's Perth Office, &c., at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

LEAD PENCILS,

Faber's, Rowney's and others, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

BLANK BOOKS,

Manufactured to order, in any style of ruling and binding, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

BOOK and JOB PRINTING,

At the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS, authorized by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario. The prices are:

FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.

FIRST BOOK, part second, 54 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.

SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents

THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Thirty cents.

FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.

FIFTH BOOK, 50 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

A supply just received and for sale at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

☞ A liberal allowance to Teachers and Dealers.

TO BE GIVEN AWAY!

THE

Greatest Curiosity

OF THE DAY.

WILL BE PUBLISHED

On Thursday next, THE WONDERFUL ALMANAC for 306 years, a copy of which will be presented, FREE OF CHARGE, to every Lady and Gentleman applying at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

Ottawa, June 8, 1868 751y

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, June 24, 1868.

There is no change for the better in the markets nor any expectation of improvement until the new crops shall be brought in. The market prices for butchers' meat are for beef 9 to 15 cents. Mutton 10 cents. Veal 9 to 10 cents.

FLOUR—Extra	8 00	@	8 25
No. 1	7 00	@	7 25
No. 2	5 50	@	6 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	4 00	@	4 25
" Spring "	3 50	@	3 62½
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	6 00	@	6 25
Indian Meal "	4 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 70	@	0 75
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 75	@	0 80
Buckwheat Flour—bbl.	4 50	@	5 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 75	@	1 80
Spring " "	1 45	@	1 50
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 90	@	0 95
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 75	@	0 80
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 50	@	0 00
Beans " 60 lbs.	2 00	@	2 25
PORK—Mess—per barrel	23 00	@	0 00
Prime Mess per do.	16 50	@	0 00
Hog per 100 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Hams	0 13	@	0 15
Beef	0 00	@	0 00
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 00	@	0 0
Lamb—per qr.	0 00	@	0 0
Geese—Each			None
Ducks	0 00	@	0 00
Turkeys—Each	0 80	@	0 00
Fowl—Per pair	0 45	@	0 55
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 15	@	0 17
No. 1 Firkin	0 13	@	0 14
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 15	@	0 17
Apples—per brl	4 50	@	5 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 45	@	0 50
HAY—Per ton	12 00	@	14 00
WOOD—Per cord	0 00	@	3 5
Tamarac	0 00	@	2 00
Hemlock	0 00	@	2 00

Richmond Circuit Board

OF

PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

FOR THE

County of Carleton.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

That the above Board will meet

IN THE TOWN HALL

IN RICHMOND,

On Wednesday, the 8th day of July next

AND ALSO ON

WEDNESDAY,

The 9th day of December next,

At 12 o'clock, noon, for general business. Applicants for certificates of qualification are required to furnish the Board with certificates of moral character from either Local Superintendent or from a Clergyman of the denomination to which they respectively belong.

C. B. PETITT, M.A.,
Chairman.

J. HINTON,
Secretary.
Richmond, May 21, 1868.

STOP and SEE!

THE following remarks on Testimonials of most extraordinary cures in Canada by the great Indian Remedy. They are stern unfeignedly and incontestible facts, sufficient to the most skeptical that the great medicinal compound yet unrivalled after for ares is now accessible in the

Great Snosnonees Remedy.

For diseases of the throat, lungs, liver, digestive organs, kidneys, &c., as well as scrofula, the various skin diseases, humors, and all diseases arising from impurities of the blood, we boldly state that this great remedy has never been equalled. Where is there ever such a cure as that in the person of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, C W, of consumption; or that of Peter C V Miller, of Kruestown, C W, of consumption; or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, C W, of dyspepsia and liver complaint; or that of John Rosey, of Napanee, C W, of rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, in fine of all treatment heretofore, and is now well? Scores of such cases might be mentioned had we space.

☞ Call at the drug store and get a circular of unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees remedy and pills and satisfy yourselves.

Price of the Remedy in large pints $1

For sale by all druggists and dealers in medicine. Agents for Ottawa—All the Druggists; Henry Simpson & Co., Montreal; Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle. 5wy

Another Wonderful Cure of Consumption in Canada.

MESSRS. YOUNG & CHAMBERLAIN,—Sirs, I feel it a duty I owe to you, as well as to the public, to inform you of the most wonderful cure of Consumption, accomplished in my person, by the use of the Great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills. I coughed a great deal day and night, expectorating large quantities of matter, and had a great pain about my left lung. I had cold chills every day, and severe night sweats every night, and between the racking cough and great sweating I was almost deprived of sleep; by these miseries, as well as the loss of appetite, I was so reduced that I could hardly stand alone. I was under the care of a physician for a length of time, but finding no relief, I tried different receipes, but all without any good effect. Squire Peterson of Bath, recommended me to use the Great Shoshonees Remedy; I procured three bottles at once, with the Pills; so soon as I commenced using it I began to get better, and when I had finished this complement, the Cough, expectoration of matter, pain about the lung, chills, sweating, &c., left me, and by continuing its use I became strong and healthy. It is now over two months since I quit the remedy, and there have been no symptoms of the disease returning, and I have been, and am now, healthier and better than I have been for many years. I trust you will make this known to the public, that they may be aware of the peculiar virtues of this truly wonderful Indian Remedy.

PETER C. V. MILLAR.
Ernestown, Co. of Lennox & Addington, C W.

To all to whom it may come.—This is to certify that I have been acquainted with the above mentioned gentleman, Peter C. V. Millar, Esq., for many years, and have known him always to be of the very highest respectability, and a very candid and creditable person; and I am confident that I can safely vouch for the truth of the above, or any other statement made by him.

Rev. W. F. S. HARPER
5wy Rector of Bath, W

NEW STORE!

THE Store formerly occupied by W. D. WOOD, No. 38, on RIDEAU STREET, has been refitted by the subscribers, and will be opened on MONDAY, FOURTEENTH OCTOBER, with an entire new stock of

GROCERIES,
LIQUORS and
HARDWARE.

WOOD & ROSSITER.

Ottawa, October 12, 1867 15

FOR SALE.

BLACKSMITH SHOP AND TOOLS, to the TOWN LOTS to the Village of Lindsay. Possession given on the 1st August. For further particulars apply to DAVID HALL, on the premises, or by letter, post paid.

June 4, 868. 752-1-23-2m

PAIN KILLER.

The Great Family Medicine of the Age.

THE UNIVERSAL REMEDY for INTERNAL & EXTERNAL COMPLAINTS!

OUR FIRST PHYSICIANS USE AND RECOMMEND ITS USE!

It Enjoys the Largest Sale of Any Proprietary Medicine in the World!

THE PAIN KILLER

HAS been favorably known for more than thirty years, during which time we HAVE RECEIVED THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS, showing this Medicine to be an almost NEVER FAILING REMEDY for diseases caused by or attendant upon—Sudden Colds, Coughs, Fever and Ague, Headache, Bilious Fever, Pains in the Side, Back and Loins, as well as in the Joints and Limbs; Neuralgic and Rheumatic Pains in any part of the system, Toothache and Pains in the Head and Face.

As a BLOOD PURIFIER and TONIC for the STOMACH, it seldom fails to cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Heartburn, Kidney Complaints, Sick Headache, Piles Asthma or Phthisic, Ringworms, Boils, Felons, Whitlows, Old Sores, Swelled Joints, and General Debility of the System.

It is also a PROMPT and SURE REMEDY for Cramp and Pains in the Stomach, Painters' Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Scalds, Burns, Sprains, Bruises, Frost Bites, Chilblains, as well as the Stings of Insects, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

☞ Directions accompany each bottle.

It has been tested in every variety of climate, and by almost *every nation known* to civilization. It is the almost constant companion and inestimable friend of the *Missionary*, and to *traveller* should be without it. Like every other good thing, the Pain Killer has been extensively counterfeited; which, (while it is an acknowledgment on the part of the counterfeiters of its real worth,) is a serious hinderance to its usefulness, as the deceived purchaser estimates the value of the *Pain Killer* by the base compound he has purchased for the genuine article.

Purchasers should be careful and not allow the dealer to sell them worthless imitations, on which they realize a larger profit, but take only the *Pain Killer*, and see that it is the genuine, bearing the signature of Perry Davis & Son upon the label.

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by Druggists and Medicine Dealers, and Commission Merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers, and at Variety Shops generally throughout the world.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Manfs. and Props.,
74, High-st., Providence, R. I.,
380, St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. Q.,
17, Southampton Row, Holborn, London, E

6-1aw1(w)

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864.

IN THE MATTER OF

WILLIAM N. BARRIE

AND

JOHN McMARTIN,

INSOLVENTS.

The Creditors of the above-named Insolvents are hereby notified to meet me at the OFFICE of Messrs. MORLAND, WATSON & CO., in the City of Montreal, on

Friday, the 26th day of June Next,

At the hour of ELEVEN o'clock in the Forenoon, for the ordering of the affairs of the Estate generally.

Dated at L'Orignal, this 8th day of June, A. D., 1868.

EDWD. F. DARTNELL,
772td Assignee.

PIANOS. PIANOS.

JUST RECEIVED AT THE

London Music Store!

Her Majesty's Theatre,

Wellington Street,

A new and splendid assortment of

PIANOFORTES

☞ UNION MAKE. ☜

Every PIANO from this establishment warranted for 5 years.

Also just received a new stock of

VICTORIA ORGANS and MELODEONS

VIOLINS, CONCERTINAS, GUITARS, &c., in great variety.

Second hand Pianos taken in part payment for new ones.

Connected with this establishment is a Piano Manufacturer, who will attend punctually to all orders for TUNING left at the London Music Store.

E. MILES,
Lessee of Her Majesty's Theatre.

Ottawa, March 25, 1868. 551-39y

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864,

AND AMENDMENTS THEREOF.

In the matter of WILLIAM N. BARRIE and JOHN McMARTIN, Insolvents.

BY virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvents, and also under and by virtue of an order made by James Daniel, Esquire, Judge of the County Court of the United Counties of Prescott and Russell in that behalf, I will on FRIDAY, the twenty-sixth day of June next, offer for sale by Public Auction, at the hour of ten o'clock, in the forenoon of the said day, at the office of Messrs. Morland, Watson and Company, in the City of Montreal, all the real estate and interest of the said Insolvent John McMartin, of and in the lands and premises in the Township of North Plantagenet, and County of Prescott, and Province of Ontario, hereinafter particularly mentioned and described. That is to say:

1st. All the real estate, interest and equity of redemption of the said John McMartin, of what nature or kind soever, whether as devisee under the will of the said Alexander McMartin, deceased, or otherwise, of and in lot number nine, (9) in the fourth (4th) concession, old survey of the said Township of Plantagenet, East of the South Nation River.

2nd. All the real estate, interest and equity of redemption of the said John McMartin, of what nature and kind soever, whether as devisee under the will of the said Alexander McMartin, deceased, or otherwise, of and in Lot Number Ten (10), in the Fourth (4th) Concession, old survey of the said Township East of the South Nation River.

The said two lots are supposed to contain together 399 acres more or less.

3rd. All the real estate and interest and equity of redemption of the said John McMartin, of what nature and kind soever, either in his own right, or as devisee under the will of the said Alexander McMartin, deceased, or otherwise, howsoever, or and in at part of Lot Eleven, (11) in the said Fourth (4th) Concession, old survey of the said Township of North Plantagenet, known as McMartin's Saw Mills, with the privileges and appurtenances to the same belonging. Also of and in the premises known as the old Store, the large Store House, the large stable and premises connected therewith, also of and in the Dwelling House now occupied by the said John McMartin, and the outbuildings therewith connected, and lying and being in the Village of Plantagenet Mills aforesaid.

The said several premises will be sold subject to the several mortgages charged upon same, and the said mill and mill premises and other the premises last mentioned with their appurtenances, will be sold subject to the interest of the said Insolvents as copartners or of either of them therein, under the partnership articles the lease therein mentioned or otherwise howsoever at the time of their insolvency for the residue of the unexpired term of fifteen years from the 1st day of December, 1865, and to the mortgages thereon.

There is a rent of one dollar annually, payable during said term to the said John McMartin as devisee thereof, under the will of the said Alexander McMartin.

Terms—Cash.

For further particulars apply to Edward Taylor Dartnell, Esquire, L'Orignal, Solicitor for the Assignee, or to the Assignee.

Dated at L'Orignal, this 23rd day of April A.D., 1868.

EDWD. FREWEN DARTNELL,
726-1aw2m Assignee

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, May 8, 1868.

AUTHORIZED Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 28 per cent.

R. S. M BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

SITUATION WANTED.

A Lady, who has good references, would desir a situation as HOUSEKEEPER to a Catholi Clergyman or private gentleman. Please appl at the TIMES office.

Ottawa, June 13, 1868 767a

FOR SALE.

A SELF-ACTING SODA WATER APPARATUS, with cylinders complete, cheap for cash. Apply to WILLIAM PRODERICK sussex-street, Ottawa. 687tf

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned will either sell or let for a few years his well known farm, being lot Twenty-five in the Fourth Concession of Gloucester, Rideau Front, 215 acres all cleared, and well fenced and in a good state of cultivation. Also, the one-half of lot Twenty-seven in the Third Concession, being in its natural state, all wood and excellent land. It is just the cross of two hundred acres from the corner of the one lot to the other. The railroad line runs within ten feet of the front corner of the one hundred and in sight of the two hundred for two or three miles. The Station at Cunningham's is scarcely a mile and a half from the front of Lot Twenty-five. The above farm is capable of keeping thirty head of milch cows, two span of horses, and as many young cattle as it would be proper to raise. Eight or nine years ago I kept twenty-two milch cows, and ten or twelve horses, and raised five or six calves every year. The above farm is about ten miles, from the door, to the limits of the City. The improvements cannot be surpassed for a farmer's purpose. The dwelling house is stone, 30 by 40, a story and a half over ground; and a cellar nine feet high, the one half used for a kitchen and the other half capable of holding 1,000 bushels of anything you wish to put into it; there is three small windows in it, and when cleaned in the Spring, makes an excellent milk-house or dairy; there is a frame wood shed at the door, 60 by 24, with 14 feet taken off the one end for a coachhouse, and overhead for a storehouse; next to that is a stable 36 by 26, finished inside, complete with four large double stalls and two single ones, and good room for hanging up harness, and oat box; convenient to that is a barn 40 by 50, in which I have often put 1,000 bushels of grain in one year; connected with that is 206 and 30 feet of frame sheds, all 20 and 24 deep, under pinned with stone and lime from two to seven feet, according to level; on the north side of the house is another barn, 30 by 40, commonly filled with peas and oats. And if either tenant or purchaser has a desire for religious purposes you can lie in your bed and look at the bell tolling on the Catholic Church every Holy Day, and go to the front door and you will see the Presbyterian Church, where the Rev. Mr. Lochead has preached for the last twenty-two years, and go to the back door and you will see both English Church and Methodist Church within two miles. The above farm would be a desirable situation for a young man wishing to give his attention to farming, as the Ottawa Market cannot be surpassed in the Dominion. I think that I can say that I have not sold one pound of butter under one shilling this eight years: if one went under two went over. Some reader may ask what am I selling for, it is neither for scant nor for want of anything, but I am in the seventieth year of my age, and has purchased off this lot seven hundred and fifty acres of land and all is paid for, and all my sons is settled on their own farms, so I would rather sit down and take my ease as he attending to marketing and farming any longer. Persons wishing to get any information on any point from me, can do so by addressing, post-paid, JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr., South Gloucester.

JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr.
February 6, 1868. 709-6w12

NOTICE.

BOATS FOR PIC-NICS.—In order to prevent disappointment, and ensure punctuality, parties requiring Boats for Pic-Nics between Ottawa and Hull, off the line of the regular ferry, to Bellevue Gardens or elsewhere, should apply to the undersigned direct, a couple of days in advance, instead of making arrangements with the proprietors of Gardens or other places of amusement. Parties infringing on the rights and privileges of the Ferry Company will be prosecuted to the utmost rigour of the law.

JOSEPH SMITH.
Ottawa, June 12, 1868. 766a

MILES' HAIRDRESSNG SALOON

BELL'S BLOCK, ELGIN-ST.

THIS SALOON is fitted up in a neat and attractive manner, and is always attended by competent and attentive workmen.

E. MILES,
Hair Dresser, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General.

Ottawa, April 13. 715y

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD

PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &

Prepared by

AUGUSTUS LAVER,
ARCHITECT

2nd Door Elgin-st. Ottawa.
April 1.

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

AN OMNIBUS

Will leave the

RUSSELL HOUSE,

Every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 7 a.m., punctually, to carry passengers

FOR AYLMER

To connect with the Union Forwarding Railway Company's Steamers.

JAMES MULLIGAN.
Ottawa, May 16, 1868. 744tf

TABLES

FOR

Converting One Inch Lumber

AND

QUEBEC STANDARD

—TO—

Board Measure.

For Sale by

J. DURIE & SON,
Booksellers and Stationers,
10, Sparks-st., Ottawa.

June 5, 1868. 760a

Ice, Ice, Ice!

THE subscriber will furnish ICE DAILY to those requiring it for the Season. Double supplies on Saturday for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season, $6 00. Hotels and Steamers supplied with large quantities on liberal terms, as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted.

All orders left at KAVANAGH'S RESTAURANT, or at the subscriber's, will be strictly attended to.

F. STARMER,
126, Rideau-st.

Ottawa, May 14, 1868. 742d

BUSINESS STAND FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers FOR SALE his STORE and DWELLING in the Village of MARATHON, Township of FITZROY. Also, One Hundred and Thirty Acres of GOOD LAND, on which the store and outbuildings are erected. This is a splendid opportunity for any party with moderate capital, desirous of a good opening for a first class country business.

Apply to

ROBERT JOHNSTON,
721-17-6 Marathon P. O.

SARSAPARILLION,

PAREIRA BRAVA.

Newly Discovered Virtues—Hidden for 300 years—The Discovery of the True Virtues of the Roots—Brought to Light and Made Manifest in

DR. RADWAY'S SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT.

By a new process recently discovered by Dr. Radway, for obtaining the active properties from vegetable substances.

SARSAPARILLIAN.

Pareira Brava.

Associated with other newly discovered Roots, enters into the composition of RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT; secures a remedial agent, that cures all forms of Chronic, Scofulous, Skin, Glandular, Kidney, Bladder and Uterine Diseases, by communicating its curative, reparative and fruitful efficacy, through the BLOOD, SWEAT AND URINE.

The ordinary Sarsaparilla decoctions and Syrups are mere washes, compared with the Sarsaparillian of the Resolvent. It is a well known fact that Sarsaparilla as ordinarily prepared either as officinally or as a proprietary remedy, never possessed the confidence of medical men, and all the reputation it enjoyed was deemed by well informed Chemists, Physicians, and medical writers to be due to other remedial agents associated with it.

The true curative virtues of Sarsaparilla for 300 years have laid hidden in the Crystalline principle of the Root. Under DR. RADWAY'S *New Process*, SARSAPARILLIAN is secured and brought to light, and associated with other ingredients, it fulfils the most extravagant expectations and views of men. One ounce of Dr. Radway's Sarsaparillian contains more of the curative principle than ten pounds of the extracts from the crude roots, as prepared officinally or in the popular advertised Sarsaparillas.

PAREIRA BRAVA.—Another of the ingredients of the Radway's Resolvent, held in high estimation by the mesteminent medical men of Europe, South America and United States, as the best remedial agent for the diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, Uterus, and as a *lithontryptic for dissolving Calculi*, as a curative for Jaundice, Rheumatism, Leucorrhœa, etc., since 1688 has never been properly prepared. Under Dr. Radway's process, the Cissampaline principle of this valuable Root is secured, and associated with Sarsaparillian and other ingredients in the Resolvent, makes it a perfect cure in every form of disease of the Kidneys, Bladder, and Urinary Organs—Dropsy, Gravel, Incontinence, or Stoppage of Water, Diabetes, or Urinary Diarrhœa, and *every kind of weakening, irritating or purulent discharges, not proper to mention* in an advertisement, is rapidly cured by this remedy.

So quick does the Resolvent enter into the circulation, that it may be detected in the Urine *in ten minutes* after it has been taken. In many cases it has secured a free discharge of water—in cases where Catheters were formerly used.—Is not this a blessing?

BUCHU, Turpentine Junipers, Gin, Copaiba, Cubebs, and other direct Diuretics, are in many cases hurtful. In Diabetes, Urinary Diarrhœa, Catarrh of the Bladder, Dropsy, and in a weakness or ulceration of the Kidneys, are unsafe to use as a continued remedy, and should never be given unless under supervision of a Physician, as the strain these direct remedies may—produce on the Kidneys may, in the course of a few hours, require Opiates, to change or modify their action; this fact is self-evident to any medical man, a component Remedy like the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT, is the true remedy to use in these cases.—Even as a diuretic.

Pareira Brava,

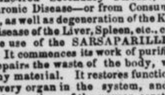
As prepared by Dr. Radway, and one of the ingredients of the Resolvent, is as superior to all forms of Buchu, etc., as rich cream is to watered milk.

Let all suffering from unnatural drains from the system—caused either by self-abuse, depraved habit of body—bad blood, impure association, weakness of the genital organs, or Skin Diseases, Scrofula, uncured Secondary Disease, Syphiloid Ulcers, Chronic Disease—or from Consumption of the Lungs, as well as degeneration of the Kidneys—Chronic Disease of the Liver, Spleen, etc., commence at once the use of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOVENT. It commences its work of purification at once; it repairs the waste of the body, with new and healthy material. It restores functional harmony to every organ in the system, and secures the natural secretions of the proper constituents to each. Persons have been cured, and have children now living that were deemed incapacited, by self-abuse, etc., through the use of this remedy. Ask for Dr. Radway's **Sarsaparillian or Renovating Resolvent.**

PRICE—$1 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $5.

W. M. MASSEY, Agent.

READ FALSE AND TRUE.—Send one letter-stamp to RADWAY & Co., 439 St. Paul-street, Montreal. Information worth thousands will be given you. Price of RESOLVENT SARSAPARILLIAN, $1 per bottle, or $10 per dozen. 762b



WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY,

AND

COURT OF SPAIN,
THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY,

AND

HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT

MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,

For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*

H. & A. SAUNDERS, Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion, for the sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa, May 29. 748y

NEW BOOKS.

Exodus of the Western Nations by Viscount Bury; Chronicles and Characters by Owen Meredith; Brakespeare by the author of "Guy Livingstone"; The Lost Name, a Novel; Farming for Boys; The New Dictionary of Quotations; The Huguenots by Samuel Smiles; Law and Lawyers—Curious Facts and Characteristic Sketches; Art and Artists, do.; Books and Authors, do.; Clergymen and Doctors, do.; Longfellow's Works Complete for 15 cents; The Waverley Novels, per vol., 15 cents; Cooper's Novels, per vol., 15 cents; Essays in Elia by Lamb complete for 15 cents; De Quincey's Confessions of an Opium Eater for 15 cents.

Bibles, Prayer Books, Church Services, just received from the Publishers, in the newest and richest patterns.

For sale by

J DURIE & SON,
498y 10 Sparks-st., Opposite the Russell House

PROFESSIONAL NOTICE.

MR. P. J. BUCKLEY HAS REMOVED HIS LAW OFFICE to the THOMPSON BLOCK, Corner of Sussex and York streets, adjacent to the offices of Horace Lapierre, Advocate and Counsel. Office Hours—From 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.

Ottawa, June 9, 1868. 763a

NOTICE.

MESSRS. ANGUS & SON, in retiring from the Undertaking Business, would beg to inform their friends and the public that they have disposed of their Hearses and stock in trade to Mr. Samuel Rogers, Cabinet Maker, who will in future attend to all orders in the Undertaking line, and they have much pleasure in recommending him to their many patrons and friends.

ANGUS & SON,
Furniture Dealers, No. 22, Rideau-street.

Ottawa, May 11, 1868.

UNDERTAKING.

IN reference to the above, S. Rogers takes this opportunity of thanking his numerous friends and customers for their very liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Cabinet and Upholstering Business, and would respectfully solicit in this new branch of his trade a continuation of their favors.

S. ROGERS,
Cabinet Maker, &c., Rideau and George-streets

Ottawa, May 11, 1868. 741d

W. NOTMAN,

Photographer to the Queen

CORNER OF

WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS,

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his

Establishment will be Opened

—ON—

Monday Next, 3rd February

When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for all the different branches of Photography.

Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 582y

Local Government Notices.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, ONTARIO.

To Contractors.

TENDERS

Will be received until noon,

Thursday, 25th inst.,

For the following works required for the completion of the wings to the Provincial Lunatic Asylum:

PLASTERER & GAS FITTER,

TINSMITH,

SLATER

The plans and specifications can be seen at the Department of Public Works, Parliament Buildings, between the hours of ten a.m. and 4 p.m.

Tenders to be addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed on the outside,

"Tenders for the proposed work at the Provincial Lunatic Asylum."

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING,
Commissioner of Public Works, Ontario,
Department of Public Works,
Parliament Buildings,
Toronto, June 9, 1868. 765td

NOTICE.

ALL payments to be made on account of the Ontario Government may be made to the

ROYAL CANADIAN BANK,

And its Agencies.

Dated at Toronto, 30th October, A.D., 1867.

E. B. WOOD,
Treasurer of Ontario.

October 31, 1867. Tf

In Chancery.

DAVIS *vs.* EMSLIE.

In pursuance of the Decree in this cause dated the 8th JANUARY, 1867, and the final order for sale herein dated the 30th MAY last, there will be sold with the approbation of the Master of this Court, at OTTAWA, by PUBLIC AUCTION, by HECTOR McLEAN, at his Auction Rooms, Sparks-street, in the City of Ottawa, at twelve o'clock, noon, on WEDNESDAY, the 15th JULY NEXT, the following Real Estate, viz:

All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate lying and being in the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, containing by admeasurement one hundred acres, be the same more or less, being composed of the North Half of Lot Number Sixteen, in the Fifth Concession of the said Township of Nepean, Rideau Front.

The said land is well adapted for farming purposes, and lies on the east side of the main road from Ottawa to Richmond; about sixty acres of it are cleared and under cultivation, and it is situated amongst the best lands in the County of Carleton. It is fifteen miles from Ottawa, and five miles from Richmond and the River Goodwood, a constantly flowing stream passes through the centre of it.

One-tenth of the purchase money is to be paid down by the purchaser to the Vendor or his Solicitors at the time of sale by way of deposit, and the balance on or before the 1st AUGUST next: upon payment of which he will be entitled to a conveyance, and let into possession.

In other respects the conditions of sale are the standing conditions of the Court of Chancery. The deed from the late Alexander Emslie to the Plaintiff will be produced at the time of sale.

All parties to the suit, with the exception of the Vendor, are to be at liberty to bid.

Further particulars, and conditions of sale, may be had at the Offices of the said Master and MESSRS. LEWIS, PINHEY AND WARD, Ottawa, and M. R. VANKOUGHNET, ESQ., and MESSRS. O'DONOHOE & MARMOLL, Toronto.

Dated this 13th day of June, 1868.

(Signed), JOHN WILSON,
Master at Ottawa.

LEWIS, PINHEY & WARD,
Vendor's Solicitors. 768td

MOWING & REAPING MACHINES.

We have for sale, and are manufacturing, the lightest and most durable MOWING & COMBINED MOWING & REAPING MACHINE in use (no wood work), wrought iron frame, with wrought iron steel-plated guards. Price of Mower, $60; Combined, $85.

—ALSO,—

8 Horse-power Threshing Machines
20 Sets Threshers and Separators
10 Sets Double-Pinion Powers to match
10 Sets Treble Geared Iron Powers, known as the Watch Power.

Purchasers can have their choice of the Powers.

These Machines are made in the most substantial manner and warranted. Price, complete, including Belts, Wrenches, &c., $250.

ALSO,

Two Horse Railroad Powers; 50 Sets of our new Double-Pinion Railroad Power Threshing Machines, complete. For ease upon the team, amount of work, and manner in which it is done, they have no equal.

ALSO,

Fifty Sets of our Common two-horse Machines, with improvements, which are so well known as to need no comment. Every Machine is warranted as recommended. All of which will be sold at very low prices on reasonable terms. Large discount for cash down.

E. & B. P. PAIGE,
Nos. 84, 86, 88 and 90 Wellington-street, al
June 17. 770-1-25-8 Montre

BOOK AGENTS WANTED.

To solicit orders for the

Origin and History of the Books of the BIBLE,

By PROF. C. E STOWE, D. D. A fresh work by one of the most thorough authors. There is no book to compare or compete with it. 40,000 copies sold already by agents.

Experienced agents and others wanted to introduce the work to every family.

Apply, with stamps for answer, to

MACLEAR & CO.,
General Agents,
Pro. Ontario.

11 King-street,
Toronto. 774-3

STATIONERY.

J. DURIE & SON have just received from the best English and Canadian Manufacturers a large stock of

BLANK BOOKS

Of every description, also Receipt Books, Order Books, Blank Note Books, Time Books, Bill Books, &c.

Memorandum Books, Pocket Ledgers, Cash Books, Pocket Books, Clerks' Check Books.

Post and Foolscap Copying Letter Books and Tracess Copying Ewers, and Brushes.

A splendid lot of Glass and Pewter Inkstands; a few extra large size suitable for Bank use.

Windsor and Newton's Solid Sketch Book.
Antoine's Celebrated Violette Copying Inks.
The Waverly Pen; the best Pen in use.
Postage and Bill Stamps.

For sale by

J. DURIE & SON,
498y 10 Sparks-st., opposite the Russell House.

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St

M. P. HAYES,
Agent.

Ottawa, June 21. 57

Railroads.

CHANGE of TIME

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and after FRIDAY, the 15th May, 1868, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA
Mixed, 7. 15 a. m.	10.35 a. m.
Express, 1.35 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 7 a. m.	9.25 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principals stations on the line.

T S. DETLOR, THOMAS REYNOLDS,
Superintendent. Managing Director.

Ottawa, May 14, 1868. 1y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 aam., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H ARBOTT,
Managing Director.

Brockville, April 11. 472y

Grand Trunk Railway Company

OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 8.30 A.M.

Night do do at 7.30 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.00 A.M.

Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.

Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.

Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.

Express for Boston and New York, at 3.35 P.M.

Express for Portland (staying over at Island Pond) at 2.00 P.M.

Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Rivers du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbroke, Waterville and Coaticoocke only, at 10.10 P.M.

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

December 23, 1867 650tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET.

FOUR GOOD ROOMS over SHEPHERD'S GROCERY STORE, Murray st., between Sussex and Dalhousie-sts. Also, GOOD STABLES for thirteen horses. Rent moderate. Also a quantity of CEDARS for sale. Enquire of M. SHEPHERD, at the Store.

Ottawa, May 20, 1868. 748

FOR SALE, on SANDY HILL, opposite Desbarats', LOT No. 32, Stuart street. Terms moderate. Apply to Mrs. TIERNAN, No. 2, King street opposite the Gas House.

Ottawa, May 4 1868. 734d

Two Dwellings to Let,

BEING the Upper part of E. MARTINEAU'S Clothing Store, Corner of Sussex and Clarence-streets.

Enquire at the Store. EUG. MARTINEAU.

Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 64

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.

NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to

FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Or JOHN HENEY, Esq.,
Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W

Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and

The Times

VOL. III. NO 778. OTTAWA, FRIDAY, JUNE 26, 1868. PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley issuing of the Daily over 2,000: and Weekly over 4,000: making a total circulation in the week over 18,000: thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only, ... $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line, ... 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line, ... 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.
Yearly subscription to the daily (if paid in advance) $5 00
If not paid in advance 6 00
Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance) $1 00
If not paid in advance 1 50

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 34, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES.

Legal Cards.

MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. GEORGE TAILLON.
Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1868. 366-tf

R. J. WICKSTEED,
ADVOCATE, &c., 42, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 589-6m

N. TETREAU,
NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 6, 1867. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. Office: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-u

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Casner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-c

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office.
Ottawa, March 10, 1868.

G. J. O'DOHERTY,
LAW, Chancery, and Conveyancing Office. Aumond's Buildings, Rideau street.
Ottawa, December 6, 1867.

NICHOLAS SPARKS,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

Medical Cards.

A. CODD, M.D., C.M.,
(Attending Physician General Protestant Hospital)
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Four doors east of the Revere House, Rideau-street, Ottawa. OFFICE HOURS—From 8 to 10 a. m, and from 2 to 1 p. m.
Ottawa, April 30. 730-3m

DR. CHESLEY,
OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 25 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30 44tf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co's, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 380y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,
DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
CORNER of Kent and Wellington Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 43utf

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-100-y

Hotels and Saloons.

ST. LOUIS HOTEL,
ST. LOUIS-STREET,
AND
RUSSELL'S HOTEL,
PALACE-ST.,
QUEBEC.

The above first-class Hotels are now open for the season.

Canadian Families

Visiting the Lower St. Lawrence for summer recreation, can either going or coming, be accommodated by the week or month, at rates similar to those charged at the watering places below. Apply by letter, or at the office.
770d WILLIS RUSSELL.

MATHEWS' OLD STAND,
YORK-STREET,
WILL BE OPEN for the accommodation of the public on THURSDAY, 12th of March, 1868. The subscriber having again resumed business in his old stand as hotel-keeper, wishes to return thanks to his numerous friends and the public for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on him, during the past seventeen years, and hopes by strict attention to business, and kindness to all, to share a portion of public patronage. His Larder will be always supplied with the best the market affords. His Bar will be supplied with the best of Liquors and choicest Cigars.
T. MATHEWS, Proprietor.
N. B.—The house has been thoroughly renovated and newly furnished.
Ottawa, March 11, 1868. 688tf

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec

REVERE HOUSE, OTTAWA,
G. A. BUCKE. W. H. SANGER, ...PROPRIETORS.
THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867 582tf

THE ALBION HOTEL
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor. This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1866. 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham. The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly over hauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance.
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
☞ Oysters, Game etc. daily

THE METROPOLITAN
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

TORONTO HOUSE,
SPARKS STREET.
MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has a few Commodious Suites of Apartments to Let, handsomely and comfortably furnished.
Gentlemen attending the Session of Parliament will find at the Toronto House most convenient quarters, where the quiet of the private family is combined with the usual attendance to be found at the best hotels.
Ottawa, Feb. 25, 1868. 675tf

DOMINION HOUSE,
WELLINGTON STREET.
THE undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.
GEORGE IRVINE.
Ottawa, March 26. 658y

SMITH & RODNEY
MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from Eaton's Gilding Store, having just received a choice stock of
English, French and Canadian
CLOTHS and TWEEDS,
And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1, 1867. 551tf

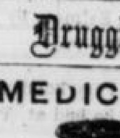
A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER
AND
Blank Book Manufacturer,
26, METCALFE-ST., OTTAWA.
HAVING every facility in the way of first-class Machinery, and employing none but first-class workmen, I am prepared to turn out every description of Binding in as good a style of workmanship as any other establishment in Canada.
A. MORTIMER, Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, Feb. 6. 384y

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &
Prepared by
AUGUSTUS LAVER, ARCHITECT
End Daly-st. Ottawa.
April 1.

MUSICAL ACADEMY.
Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

Druggists.

THE MEDICAL HALL



Soda Water and Ginger Ale Factory,
23 Great St. James-street, Montreal,
OPPOSITE the POST OFFICE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS
Beg to intimate to their patrons that they have commenced the manufacture of Ærated Waters of every description, and on the most extensive scale.
Particular attention will be paid to the preparation of "Belfast Ginger Ale," a beverage first introduced into this country by our Mr. Brown, who alone possesses the original receipt, and who has also taken out a TRADE MARK for the same.
The proprietors believe their Ærated Waters will be superior to any others at present prepared in Montreal, for the following reasons, viz:—
1st. The employment of the most improved machinery the United States can produce.
2nd. The application of strictly scientific principles to the details.
3rd. Extra care given to the chemical purity of the articles used in the different processes.
4th. The possession of chemical knowledge, without which it is simply impossible to produce Ærated Waters in perfection.
The following Waters and Beverages are the principal ones prepared at the MEDICAL HALL FACTORY: Belfast Ginger Ale, Lemonade, Sarsaparilla, Winter Beverage, Summer Beverage, Soda Water, Seltzer Water, Potash Water, Kissengen Water, Vichy Water.
KENNETH CAMPBELL & CO.,
Apothecaries to H.R.H. the Prince of Wales.
W. M. MASSEY,
Agent for Ottawa. 472y

Spectacles for all Sights.

OPTICAL Instruments Electro-Magnetic and Galvanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.
W. HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
637y York-street.

Miscellaneous.

D. CODD & CO.,
PATENT AGENTS, SOLICITORS, &c. Drawings, Specifications, Models, and all other business in connection with the procuring of Letters Patent of Invention, attended to at the shortest notice.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 741-6m

I. B. TACKABERRY'S
AUCTION ROOMS, No. 36, Rideau street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any part of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

B. BILLINGS, JR.,
ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O & P R W 740tf

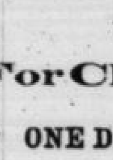
S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 378v

HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,
WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.
WILLIAM HOLGATE,
JOHN OLIVER,
506y WILLIAM ANNABLE.

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

LADIES CALL AT THE CAPITAL

Boot and  Shoe Store!

YORK-STREET.

For Cheap Gaiters
AT
ONE DOLLAR A PAIR!
Good at 95 cents.
Men's ware equally low, in every variety of style
☞ This is the place to buy cheap at the "Capital," York-street.
429y GEORGE MURPHY.

VICTORIA
FURNITURE WAREROOMS.
GEORGE ARMSTRONG, Corner Victoria Square and Craig-street, Montreal, solicits a call from the Citizens of Ottawa about to furnish, who may visit Montreal to his very large and varied stock of FURNITURE which he will sell at greatly reduced prices for cash. The Parlor Furniture is of the best quality and latest designs, either plain or handsomely carved, in Walnut, oil finished or polished.
His Sideboards, Bookcases, Chamber Sets, Hall Furniture, &c., are worthy of attention.
Hair Mattrasses and Bedding of all description constantly on hand, or made to order, at the shortest notice. Call and examine for yourselves.
"Patent Sofa, with reclining arms, of a very superior make."
N.B.—Sole Agent in the Dominion for the sale of G. A. FISKS' Air-Tight Metallic Casket. 712-3m

Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale.
THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his
Fine Bottled Ale!
Which is in splendid condition. Also,
Scotch Irish, Old Rye
And other Malt Whiskies,
Ports, Sherries, Brandies Gin, &c.,
Together with a General Assortment of
FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.
A Call kindly Solicited.
D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store
Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

GEO. MAYES,
COPPER PLATE PRINTER,
Bank Street, Centre Town,
Between Sparks & Queen Streets.
Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

OTTAWA CROCKERY STORE
NEW GOODS.
JUST received ex S. S. "Damascus," 10 Hhds. of the finest English Glassware, selected expressly for the retail trade, comprising

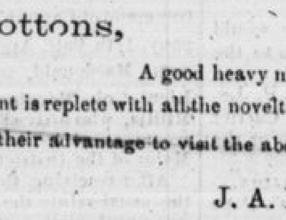
CUT and ENGRAVED		
CHAMPAGNES,	do	PORT and SHERRY WINES,
LIQUEURS,	do	CLARETS, GOBLETS,
FINGER BOWLS,	do	CALF FOOT JELLIES,
CLARET JUGS,	do	TALL TUMBLERS,
FRUIT DISHES,	do	DECANTERS,
BUTTER COOLERS,	do	CELERY VASES,
	do	CARAFFS, &c., &c.

And a choice lot of delicate Straw Stem Wines, in Ports, Champagnes, Clarets, Sherries, Liqueurs, &c. All the above articles match in shape, pattern, &c., and are the best glass procurable in England.
W. ALLAN,
51 RIDEAU STREET, (opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.)
Ottawa, June 6, 1868. 574y

CRICKETING GOODS,
CROQUET, FISHING TACKLE
FOILS,
Masks & Boxing Gloves
AT THE
Sheffield House, Ottawa.
Ottawa, May 5, 1868.

1868. MAY. 1868.
J. A. PINARD & CO.,
ARE NOW SHEWING
New Dress Goods,
A good value in Striped, all Mohair, for 6d per yard.
New Prints,
A good variety of Patterns at 6d per yard.
New Grey Cottons,
A good Cotton, 40 inches wide, for 7d per yard.
New White Cottons,
A good heavy made Cotton for 6d per yard.
Tailoring Department is replete with all the novelties of the season.
Cash buyers will find it their advantage to visit the above before purchasing else whe
J. A. PINARD & Co.,
No. 17, Sussex-st., Sign of the Golden Ball.
Ottawa, May 5, 186 16y

HARDWARE, HARDWARE!
—AT—
Thomas Birkett's,
SIGN OF THE ANVIL,
No. 24 No. 24
RIDEAU STREET.



Come old and young, come short and tall,
Come rich and poor, come great and small,
Just call and see my stock in trade,
Hardware and paints of every grade.

A Complete Assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware constantly kept on hand at the SIGN of the ANVIL, T. BIRKETT, consisting in part of

Butts,	Axes,	Iron,	Paints, all colors,	Screws,	Saws,	Tin,	Oils,
Locks,	Ropes,	Stoves,	Glass,	Coolers,	Putty,	Bolts,	Chains,
Nails,	Coal,	Pitch,	Grindstones,	&c.,	&c.,	&c.,	&c.

Also a complete stock of MECHANICS' TOOLS of the most improved English and American manufacture.
Then Come and Examine my Stock,
A duty never shirk it,
And satisfaction will be got
In business with T. BIRKETT.
☞ Don't forget the place—THOS. BIRKETT, Sign of the Anvil, No. 24, Rideau-street.
P. S.—All Goods delivered Free to any par of the city. 408y

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE
WERE AWARDED THEIR 67TH
Prize and Gold Medal, Paris,
1867.
Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.
Great rapidity, Simple Machinery, quiet in action, easy o operate, price from $47. Prospectus free, and instructions gratis.
G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa, and 105 King-st., West, Toronto.
☞ Sole Agent for Ontario.
The "HOWE" SEWING MACHINES are the best for Carriage Trimmers, Harness Makers, Boot and Shoe makers, are the best Shuttle Machine for Tailors, Dressmakers, Families, etc. etc., etc. Price from $50. Prospectus free and instructions gratis.
479 43y R. W. STEPHEN, 37 Sparks-street, Ottawa.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
"CAPITAL" 35, H
STOVE SUSSEX MEADOWS
DEPOT! St. & CO.

WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall Stoves, for wood or coal—we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
☞ Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW OVEN STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
☞ Suitable for private Dwellings and Churches Warehouses and Stores
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
☞ New and most beautiful designs, very cheap.
COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES.
Hot Air Furnaces.
We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE, RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. ☞ Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with Stovepipes, &c., at reduced rates.
Lumbermen's Supplies Lumbermen's Supplies! Shanty Plates! Basins! Camp Kettles, &c.
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS!
Bird Cages! Bird Cages! Bird Cages!
Price Lists sent free on application.
☞ Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending purchasers would do well to note.
An inspection of the above goods invited at the
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa October 2 1867. 62-y

THE PARAGUAYAN AMAZONS—LIEUTENANT-COLONEL MARGARET FERREIRA IN COMMAND—BRIGADIER-GEN. ELIZA LYNCH'S CAMP, &c., &c., &c.

[From the Buenos Ayres Standard.]

Lieutenant-Colonel Margaret Ferreira and Captain Anita Gill are the female officers in command at the pass of the river Tebicrari, where a very respectable force of girls and women is held under arms to dispute the passage of the river by the Allies. This is the tenor of the advices that last came down from Paraguay, and every well-informed person in military matters knows that they are correct.

Brigadier-General Eliza Lynch, with the main body of the female army, is encamped midway between the pass of the river and a small inland town. On the road to Villa Rica the right wing of her army, under the command of the mother of Captain Herrero, has deployed slightly to the left, so as to hang on the invaders should they effect a crossing of the river, and cut up Mrs. Colonel Margaret Ferreira and her heroic girls. Relays of girls and women keep constantly arriving at the headquarters of the Commander-in-Chief. From what we gather from letters and statements, it would seem the male portion of the Paraguayan army is very much reduced, and are occupied in defending the fortress of Humaita, the positions near Timbo, the encampment at Villa Rica, and the fortifications at Lambare. The guerrilla portion of the campaign—or what is termed here the "guerra de recursos"—is entrusted to the women of Paraguay; and reliable data have been received that the troops to the north, near the Traliquera Loreto are exclusively composed of women.

As to the exact number of women under arms in Paraguay at present, it is impossible to say, owing to the varied and conflicting statements; but for years past a great portion of the heavy work attending on camp life has been performed by the unfortunate daughters of that once lovely country. Even in the trenches around Humaita, the weak arm of woman has shovelled out the earth to make a grave for the allied invaders! female casques have gone from point to point over the country with despatches; the steamers and vessels in the port of Asuncion have been alternately discharged and laden by the trembling hands of the women in the capital. Everything of worth and value that these poor women possessed has been snatched from them to assist in the defence of their country! They have toiled in the field for the last three years; they have sowed, raised, and harvested the crops; they have made clothes for the soldiers from the fibres of plants; they have maintained the hospitals, cared for the wounded and sick; they have supplied the army—and now, with Satanic power, they are dragged to the front, and placed in the breach to fight the whole allied army.

We, for our part, demand of the foreign Ministers to send commissioners up to Paraguay to investigate the real condition of affairs and report thereon. If, as the news goes, the Allies, in attempting to cross the Tebicuari, have to fight the girls, then the honor of Europe is at stake in at once stopping this horrible war. The allies themselves must see the utter impossibility of carrying on hostilities upon such terms; supposing that it were possible the allied army could afford a regiment or a division so mercenary and so base as to fight against the poor Paraguayan women, and if in the battle the Allies were so unfortunate as to win the day, not all the wealth of Matto Grosso, not all the trophies of Paraguay, would recompense for the tarnished honor of such an ill-starred victory. If the war is to be carried on under such circumstances, if the Allies must fight the women of Paraguay to carry out the tenets of the triple alliance, then at least let it be on equal terms; let woman be ranked against woman, and man against man. South America is a strange land, where such eventualities come to pass, and when the women have fought it out on their own line, and the men also fought it out on theirs, then let us take to the children, send for General Tom Thumb and his wife, and thus bring to a felicitous conclusion this celebrated and never-to-be-forgotten Triple Alliance War.

THE WHITBY AND PORT PERRY RAILWAY.

Whitby Takes Stock to Amount of $50,000.

The *Chronicle* says:—The by-law granting a bonus of $50,000 towards the construction of the Whitby and Port Perry Railway passed all but unanimously. In the whole town there was but eight persons who voted nay. The South Ward gave a clear vote for the by-law without a single dissentient. The noncontents were divided between the North and Centre Wards—five in the former, and three in the latter.

The passage of the by-law in this manner is a good augury. It is the first step towards obtaining the Road. If Reach does its duty the question of securing the Railroad may now be considered a settled fact. Every exertion should now be used in hurrying forward the Reach by-law, so that the Directors might be in a position to avail themselves of the offer made by Mr. Draper and his friends to build the Road on the guarantee of $100,000 bonus. Whitby has done its part. All eyes are anxiously directed to Reach, and prompt action is expected.

THE OIL TAX.

MISREPRESENTATION OF THE OPPOSITION PRESS.

The Hamilton *Spectator* says:—

Those who are opposed to the excise duty on Petroleum, imposed during the last Session of Parliament, have made the most of the stoppage of a refining establishment in New Brunswick, in consequence, as it has been alleged of this tax. Our contemporaries are thankful for very small favors. The facts of this New Brunswick case are simply these. The refinery in question was not a Petroleum refinery at all. It was engaged in producing oil from Albertine coal, and owing to the competition from Refined Petroleum had been in a nonpaying condition for some time. The resolution to close was come to before the oil tax was ever spoken of, and the refiners were only working off their existing stock. They have closed simply because the business in which they were engaged was not paying, and in accordance with a determination arrived at early in the winter, and not in any way on account of the excise duty on refined Petroleum.

The Wheat Crop in California.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 19.—The steamer *Golden Age*, with New York passengers arrived yesterday. The first samples of the new wheat crop have reached this city. The quality is excellent.

Pedestrianism.

BOSTON, June 19.—The walking match of 100 miles for a purse of $3,000, between Weston, and Topley, the English pedestrian, commenced this afternoon at Mystic Park.

Death of a Jewish Rabbi.

NEW YORK, June 23.—Rev. J. Raphael, the celebrated Jewish Rabbi, died suddenly this morning.

The Bricklayers' Strike.

NEW YORK, June 24.—The Plasterers' Union last night placed $3,000 at the disposal of the striking bricklayers, and promised three thousand more.

The Senate.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—The Eight Hour Bill has passed the Senate. Sherman's amendment was rejected.

The House of Representatives.

The President to-day sent to the House a message in reply to representative Robinson's resolution, requesting him to take such measures as shall appear proper to secure the retrieve from imprisonment of Messrs. Warren and Costello, convicted and sentenced in Great Britain for words and acts spoken and done in the country by ignorance of our naturalization laws, and to take such other measures as will secure their return to our flag with such ceremonies as are appropriate to the occasion.

Suicide of Dr. Thornton.

CINCINNATI, June 23.—Dr. Thornton a grandson of Gen. Harrison, ex-President, committed suicide at Cleves yesterday.

EXTRAORDINARY CASE OF FRAUD AND DELUSION.

An English Widow of Fifty Desires to be Made "Beautiful for Ever"—She is Wooed by a Pretended Lord, and Fleeced of her Money.

London papers of June 9, give the particulars of a singular case which came before the Marlborough Police Court the previous day. A Mrs. Borrodaile appeared to prosecute one Madame Rachel on a charge of having obtained from her £1,000 upon the pretence of making her "beautiful for ever." The defendant surrendered, and Lord Ranelagh, whose name was mentioned in connection with the matter, was present. Mr. Montague Williams, in opening the case, stated that the charge would shape itself in two ways—one for obtaining money by false pretences, and the other for conspiring to obtain sums of money from his client. Then, going into the facts of the case, the learned counsel said that the prosecutrix became acquainted with Madame Rachel in 1866. In that year Mrs. Borrodaile called upon Madame Rachel, who told her that by the aid of cosmetics she was able to make her "beautiful for ever," and that after she had done so, she would be able to arrange for her an advantageous matrimonial alliance. A large sum would be required, certain cosmetics were to be used, and specified baths to be taken. Mrs. Borrodaile, believing these representations, advanced £1,000, for which she had Madame Rachel's receipt. The baths were taken. His client was told that they were so constructed that persons could see into them through crevices; that a nobleman had seen her while bathing, had fallen in love with her, and was anxious to be introduced. After some time she was introduced by Madame Rachel to a gentleman who she said was Lord Ranelagh, but who for private reasons did not wish to be known as Lord Ranelagh, but Capt. William Edwards. Several letters passed between the parties. While the correspondence was going on Madame Rachel told the lady £1,400 was needed by Lord Ranelagh for volunteering purposes, and that that sum, as soon as she became his wife, would be repaid. Some property was sold out by a solicitor, named Haynes, and various sums were advanced, sometimes £15, in the belief that she was carrying on a matrimonial engagement with the real and not the fictitious Lord Ranelagh. Subsequently Madame Rachel told the lady, as she was about to become Lady Ranelagh, a certain amount of diamonds would be wanted for the wedding. The prosecutrix ordered diamonds, and advanced £1,400 to Madame Rachel. The diamonds, however, were returned with a forfeit of £150 for not taking them, Madame Rachel telling Mrs. Borrodaile that they would not be wanted, as she would have the Ranelagh family diamonds. Then there were wedding dresses purchased at the suggestion of Madame Rachel, and such was the credulity of the poor dupe that in a short time certain parties succeeded in stripping her of every shilling she had, the total amount not being less than £4,000. Of this sum the obtainal of £1,000 would form the basis of the charge of conspiracy. The letters referred to by the learned counsel were then read amid the laughter of the crowded court, and in the prevailing merriment Lord Ranelagh heartily joined. They were dated "Mount-st.," were addressed to "My only darling beloved Mary," and signed "Yours till death, William." The terms in which these missives were couched were ridiculous in the extreme. The writer apostrophised the prosecutrix as his "fond love," his "heart's delight," his "adored one," and it must have been a source of surprise that any sensible person could ever have listened to such arrant nonsense. Subjoined are specimens of these letters:

MOUNT STREET.

MY ONLY DEARLY BELOVED MARY,—The little perfume box and pencil case belonged to my sainted mother. She died with them in her hand. When she was a school-girl it was my father's first gift to her. Granny has given the watch and locket to me again. Your coronet is finished, my love. Granny said you had answered my last letter, but you have forgotten to send it. I forgot yesterday was Ash Wednesday. Let old Granny arrange the time as we have little to spare. My adored one, what is the matter with the old woman? She seems out of sorts. We must keep her in good temper for our own sakes. She has to manage all for us, and I should not have had the joy of your love had it not been for her darling love. Mary, my sweet one, all will be well in a few hours; the despatches have arrived. I will let you know all when I hear from you, my heart's life. Bear up, my fond one, and I shall be at your feet, those pretty feet that I love, and you may kick your ugly old donkey. Two letters, you naughty little pet, and you have not answered one. You are in sorrow about your brother. With fond and devoted love, yours till death,

WILLIAM.

Mary, my heart's life. Is it your wish to drive me mad? Granny has my instructions; does she tell you? Four letters, and not one reply; what is the meaning of this delay at the eleventh hour? Granny lent me the money. You shall pay her my own sweet one. Get the lace to-day. I fear nothing—it will be £35. I will explain all to your satisfaction, my own sweet one. I have the acknowledgment for every farthing. Granny is our best friend, so you will find. We cannot do without her until we go away. I have some pretty little things for Florence. Light of my heart, your sister and her husband have behaved very badly towards you, if you knew all. I tell you, love, if you are not careful, they will divide us for ever. Go to the Strand, to-day. Leave all to me, my own love, and fear nothing. If you have love—all love and confidence—in your ugly old donkey, tell me but this, suspense is terrible. I receive letters every day telling me that you only laugh and show my letters. Mary, beloved one of my heart, do not trifle with me. I love once—I love forever. Leave all to me; I guard your honor with my life. With fond and devoted love, I am your devoted WILLIAM.

MOUNT STREET.

My own darling Mary,—Why do you not do as Granny tells you? Why do you keep obstacles in the way of your own happiness? Sign the paper. I will pay everything, my own darling love. If you marry, your pension will be stopped; therefore, it will not matter if you sign the paper, my own dear heart's life. I will pay everything. Not the value of a coin shall be touched belonging to you or yours. You that have ever been loving and confiding, why do you doubt my honor and sincerity? What motive can you have, my love, for retaining those miserable scrawls of mine? I requested you to return them, and for the first time, you refused to do so. Mary, love, if you have sent them to your family, say so. If you wanted my life I would lay it down by your own beautiful little feet. Mary, you are like joy. I place your letters with your likeness in my bosom every night. Granny told me she would arrange everything to our satisfaction. Why need you fear, my own sweet love? I will not believe that you expose my letters, darling. Say you do not with your own pretty mouth. This week will settle all. Yours devotedly, WILLIAM.

MY DARLING MARY: I was ordered off at 11 o'clock last night, but I would not, nor could not, go without you, my love. I would rather resign than leave without you, my love. Granny promised me the trial trip last week. Can you possibly arrange it for one night this week, my own sweet love? Mary, darling, my health is giving way under this painful suspense. I have offered the money three times over, and they refuse to take it. Granny will see to this, and we can pay her when all is settled. What you have done for me I will double with love and devotion. Get the lace from the Strand. You cannot possibly do without it. Granny has behaved very well with regard to money affairs; and she loves you as though you were her own child. The old fox is very clever, and will laugh at the Welshman. If you do not be careful, and be guided by me, love's labor is lost. The expenses will be £4,600, and I am working day and night to save every shilling for you, my heart's life. Be sure to get the lace. Stephens has got the P.O.O. Have you done with my three letters?

With fond and devoted love, I am, your devoted WILLIAM.

At the close of the learned gentleman's statement, Mrs. Mark Tucker Borrodaille, a lady about 50 years of age, and wearing a quantity of reddish hair curled over her forehead, entered the witness box, and was accommodated with a chair. She said: My name is Mary Tucker Borrodaille, and I live at No. 7 George street, Hanover square; I have been a widow for about seven years; I know Mme. Rachel, and first became acquainted with her in 1864; I visited her at her place of business; I visited her twice in 1864, and twice in 1865. In May, 1864, I had some conversation with her about my looks; she told me Lord Ranelagh loved me, and wished to marry me. She told me he was a very good man, and had plenty of money; I thought it would be of no advantage to my daughter if such an event occurred; I was introduced by Madame Rachel to some gentleman; I asked him if he was Lord Ranelagh, and he said "Yes," and gave me a card, which I returned; I don't think anything else passed at that time; other people were present—Madame Rachel's daughter, and a Russian lady named Valeria; there were two rooms, a sitting-room and a shop; Madame Rachel opened the door of the sitting-room where I was, and said, "This is Lord Ranelagh, the gentleman who loves you;" I saw Madame Rachel almost daily after this. About the beginning of June, 1864, I paid her £1,000. This was for the improvement of my personal appearance; I wrote a receipt for the money; I gave it to Mr. Haynes, and I saw it signed by Madame Rachel; Mr. Haynes acted as my solicitor for a short time; he was introduced to me by Madame Rachel; the £1,000 was for skin requisites and other beautifiers, Madame Rachel telling me that if I married a man of Lord Ranelagh's importance and position, it was necessary that I should be made beautiful for ever; I was induced to part with the £1,000 for that, and no other reason. I saw the gentleman said to be Lord Ranelagh about a week afterwards; I took a bath, and when I came back, Madame Rachel told me that Lord Ranelagh wished to be introduced again; I saw the gentleman. Not much passed. Something was said about theatricals at Banfort House, but I forget if I was asked to go. The interview then terminated. Nothing but letters afterwards passed. I was led to consider that Lord Ranelagh was my affianced husband. Madame Rachel said so, but when she did, Lord Ranelagh, or the person representing him, was not present. All the letters to me were to be signed William; this was, as I was told, because the letters might be left about, or get into other people's hands. The letters read to-day I received from time to time from Madame Rachel, who told me they were from Lord Ranelagh. After paying the £1,000, the next money paid was on the following August. I gave two sums of £700 to Lord Ranelagh, for volunteering purposes. The money was given to Madame Rachel, who first said I must have a diamond trousseau. I ordered a trousseau from Pike's, which came to £1,260. The diamonds were subsequently returned, and Pike said I must pay £100 for not taking them. The £1,400 was still in Madame Rachel's hands. Madame Rachel asked me if I would allow her to pay the money to Capt. William Edwards. I do not recollect what she said at the time, but shortly afterwards she told me Lord Ranelagh wanted the money for the volunteers. The £1,400 was paid over, and I had receipts. Several times I was applied to for money by Lord Ranelagh. The last time was for £20, but I only sent £10, telling the messenger, who was Madame Rachel's servant, I could not afford more. It was in July, 1866, that Madame Rachel spoke to me about my trousseau. She said as I was going to marry a man in Lord Ranelagh's position, I must have an elegant trousseau. I went to Phillip's, in Conduit-st., and ordered goods which came to £150 or £160. They were sent into Madame Rachel's. I know they were supplied, for I have had to pay for them. I have never seen them since they went to Madame Rachel's. I have often demanded them of her. Had repeatedly asked Madame Rachel for my money or my clothes. Her answer was, "Go and ask your dear William for them." I wrote to Lord Ranelagh. Madame Rachel told me that I should marry him, and that would be better than getting my money back. I was induced to part with my money on the representation that the sums were for Lord Ranelagh, and that I was to be married to him.

Mr. E Lewis considered there was no case on which to remand Madame Rachel. Nothing in the shape of a conspiracy had been shown Mr. Williams considered he had proved as gross a case of conspiracy as ever was brought into court. Mr. Knox said he should remand the case, and the only question was the amount of bail.

Lord Ranelagh here rose and said: I hope your Worship will allow me to make a very few remarks. I beg to state on my solemn oath that I know nothing of these letters, and that I never saw or heard of them until now. I say, further, that I did not know Mrs. Borrodaile even by sight until about two months ago, when I met her at the solicitor's office.

Mr. E. Lewis said: Madame Rachel fears nothing, and has nothing to fear. She has a complete answer to the case, and only one side has been heard

Mr Knox, having regard to the nature of the charge, said he should require two good bail of £1,000 each.

THE OLDEST LIVING FREEMASON.

The Prescott, Wisconsin, *Journal* has the following:—

"A few weeks ago we briefly stated that Mr. David Stiles, now stopping with his granddaughters in this city, had reached the remarkable age of 102 years.

"We yesterday enjoyed a very pleasant visit with Mr. Stiles, and a few facts in regard to him will not fail to be interesting to our readers.

"It gives one a sense of awe to sit and converse with one who bears the weight of a hundred and more years, who twice voted for Gen. Washington for the Presidency, who speaks knowingly of the fashions before the Revolution. It is history vivified. He has now more vigor than most men of seventy, and seems likely to live many years yet. His step is reasonably firm, his mind clear, his memory tenacious, his disposition cheerful and social, his voice unbroken, and his conversation enlivened with touches of sentiment and wit.

"Mr. Stiles was born in Woodbury, Litchfield county, Connecticut, May 21, 1766, and is therefore a little over 102 years old. His first wife was Martha Ransom, daughter of Ebenezer Ransom, of Vergennes, Vermont, whom he married in 1793, and by whom he had three children. His second wife, Elizabeth Cummings, who lived near Plattsburg, New York, he married in 1809, and she died at Hazel Green, in this State, in 1847, having borne him ten children.

"Mr. Stiles followed, or rather fled, the advance of civilization westward to the Mississippi, having located at Hazel Green, in Grant county, Wisconsin, in 1839.

"His Masonic history is alike interesting and honorable to him. He has been a Mason seventy-one years, and is no doubt the oldest Mason on this continent. He was made a Mason at Toronto, Canada West, December 27, 1797, when Wm. Jervis was Grand Master of Canada. The lodge at Toronto was No. 16 of that jurisdiction. He has assisted in forming very many lodges, and is now a member of Hazel Green Lodge, No. 43, of this State. He is not, like too many, a Mason merely in name—a rough ashler, but he has been a devoted student of its teachings and a faithful follower of its precepts, his memory holding intact its lectures, and he is truly a polished stone fit for the Master's use.

"With his naturally genial and cheerful disposition, sweetened by piety and strengthened by faith, with the companions of youth and the friends of middle age all gone before him, he stands upon the far outstretched point of time, waiting the Master's beck to cross the narrow space which keeps him from the 'other side.' May the call be gentle when it comes, and the answer ready and willing."

DROWNED.—About half past five o'clock on Saturday afternoon a lad named Colin Rorison, aged twelve years, residing at his father's at Point St. Charles, was accidentally drowned while bathing with some others at the Tail Race. A young boy, named Lewis Whyte, aged thirteen years, seeing that Rorison's strength was failing, immediately jumped into the water to the rescue of the deceased, but was obliged to relax his hold, as he was himself sinking from the weight of his comrade.—*Montreal News.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Grand Theatrical Exhibition—Ottawa University.

The Rideau Rifle Range—C. E. Perry.

Shorthand Taught.

Bread Reduced in Price—H. McCormick.

The Ottawa Times

FRIDAY, JUNE 26, 1868.

☞ *For Markets see Fourth Page.*

THE Privy Council had a lengthy sitting yesterday afternoon, and we believe considerable progress was made with the business on hand. The "prophets" will be sorry to hear that their solemn predictions of a "Ministerial crisis" stand no chance of fulfilment, respecting any one of the several matters to which they trusted for creating differences in the Cabinet. However, they have another resort left to them. If Ministers will not get up a "crisis" at their bidding, they can turn round and abuse them for retaining office! And were we in the habit of betting, we should not mind risking a trifle that this course is already in contemplation, and will be adopted before a month. This may seem inconsistent, but after all it is the plan which the political "prophet" naturally takes to as a balm to his wounded vanity, and a bit of revenge upon those who bring his "foresight" into contempt. It is somewhat annoying after one has laid down a certain result as likely to follow upon given contingencies, to find that all his calculations have been wrong; and very soon the scribes to whom we have alluded will be forced into this unwelcome discovery. What more natural, then, than that they should turn round and abuse those who have been the cause of scattering their predictions to the winds? We hope they will accept in good part, our kindly meant exposition of their mode of relieving their feelings. It has in its favor the double merit of the probability of gratifying them, and the certainty of doing harm to nobody else.

THE Montreal *Gazette* has the following paragraph, relating to the high status of the credit of the Dominion in the English money market. We believe it is but another illustration of "history repeating itself." When the separate Provinces of Upper and Lower Canada were united, the credit of the United Province almost immediately rose above the status of that of the best of the two before the Union. The quotations mentioned below for the present month are certainly very gratifying, in view of the fact that the Intercolonial railway loan will soon be thrown upon the market. Of course, the Imperial guarantee would float it under any circumstances; but it must nevertheless be gratifying to Canadians to feel that even the guarantee will not create an invidious distinction in favor of that loan over those resting solely on the credit of the Dominion. The *Gazette* says:

"We are glad to see that Canadian Government securities are at length beginning to be appreciated at their true worth in the London stock market, and that "Sixes" are now quoted at a premium of from 6 to 8 per cent. This is an advance of *ten per cent.* since January, 1867, as may be seen from the following comparison of prices, which also includes the range of Canadian and other Provincial securities for June of the same year:

	Jan.'67.	June'67.	June'68.
Can. Sixes, Jan. & July,	96to98xd	100a102	106a108
" Feb. & Aug.,	97to99	99a101	104a106
" Mar. & Sept.,	97to99	99a101	103a105
Can. Fives, Jan. & July,	79to81xd	87a 89	93a 95
" Stock,	78to81xd	85a 87	93a 95
New Brunswick Sixes,	94to96xd	99a101	104a106
Nova Scotia "	94to96xd	99a101	104a106

"Many years have elapsed since our securities have stood in such a favorable position, and it is safe to presume that they will reach a still higher figure when all fears of a complication with the neighbouring Republic have at length been dispelled."

WERE it not that General GRANT's candidature for the Presidency of the United States is backed up by the propagandists of all the worst and most Radical "isms," which threaten, in their success, to uproot the very foundations of the social fabric, we should be disposed to wish it success. Not that the General himself has given any great evidence of statesmanship; nor that we think he is pre-eminently endowed with those qualities of mind and manner which befit the ruler of a great nation; but because he comes before the country, as presidential candidate never did before, as a candidate without a policy. "I shall have no policy of my own," he says, "to execute in opposition, to the will of Congress." The platform of the party is nothing to him; he merely accepts the presidency as the exponent of the dominant faction for the time being. The veto power in him will be a barren prerogative, which he will not consider it his duty to exercise. He will, in a word, give the United States Congressional Government pure and simple. There are, of course, certain Executive acts upon which he will be compelled to exercise some degree of individual judgment, but even in respect of these, his letter of acceptance leaves the inference that such judgment will be limited to determining what may be the will of the nation, without special regard to the justice or expediency of the act *per se*.

A President with such a policy, or no-policy, will be a new feature in the working of the model Republic, and it is because we should like to see the experiment tried—at a safe distance—that we are half inclined to wish Gen. GRANT success "on this line." Though our neighbors have already made shreds and tatters of their written Constitution, they have not altogether thrown it to the winds. Congress has gone very far, it is true, in usurping the functions of the Executive and Judicial branches of the governmental machinery created by the United States Constitution. But the Supreme Court still retains it function of pronouncing its *fiat* on the acts of Congress, and that body, is still, in theory at least, subject to the Constitution. And ANDREW JOHNSON—the Executive—shows to the world almost daily examples that the veto power, though neutralized by the two-thirds majority, is a Presidential prerogative which ought to be exercised, when in his judgment the interests of the country demand it. But with a President, as GRANT promises to be, who will accept the judgment of Congress as his supreme guide, it is clear that the very semblance of obedience to the Constitution must soon pass away. With a usurping Congress, and a resisting President, the former has already made vast strides towards assuming to itself the supreme power of Government. With a President willing to surrender to Congress the whole of the Presidential prerogative affecting the policy or principles of Government, it is evident that the Supreme Court would be speedily restricted from all interference with the Acts of Congress—that Congress would in fact become the law not only to itself, but to the Republic. This would complete the Radical revolution which has been going on since the close of the war.

There is some merit in President GRANT's promised course of action, besides its consonance with his own previously established reputation for discreet silence. It was only when he began to play a part in politics that he disgusted nearly all his old admirers and found favor with the Radicals, and doubtless the very quality which commended him to their choice was his entire want of a policy, and his willingness to accept anything which they might propose to him. If, however, the Democratic party shall take up Chief Justice CHASE, they will undoubtedly give GRANT a very close race, and we think it quite likely that they would beat him, but with an extreme partizan they have little chance of success. CHASE's election would be virtually a declaration in favor of the Constitution as it was before the war, *minus* the toleration of slavery; GRANT's triumph the virtual supremacy of Congress over the heretotore co-ordinate branches of the Government; in other words, the triumph of the Radical revolution.

THE Halifax *Reporter* of the 18th has the following concerning the way in which the news of the failure of the repeal mission was received:

"Some few of the supporters of Anti-ism went round the streets yesterday talking annexation. Very good. If they want to get under the mild and paternal Government of the States, let them go there by all means. Nobody will hinder them. We have no argument to waste on them. We won't tell them that every argument they have urged against Confederation can be urged with triple force against annexation—that if they were afraid of being swallowed up by three millions—that if they want the management of their own affairs, annexation will give them less than Confederation—that if the Dominion has little money to spare for Nova Scotia, the States have less, being dependant for their money upon the markets of Europe, where they have to pay more interest than the Dominion. We won't urge these things. If they are not satisfied with things as the Imperial Parliament have arranged them, let them go where Imperial Parliaments have no jurisdiction. But if they believe it is, after all, better for little Nova Scotia to follow in the wake of big Great Britain, then they have a good chance to show their faith by their works."

Seven waggon loads of volunteers from Osgoode passed Billings' Bridge this morning the 25th June. E. MCGILLIVRAY.

All volunteers in a body to be passed free.

The above paragraph was sent us yesterday in Mr. McGillivray's manuscript, and in justice to him we publish it. We presume, however, that the President and Directors of the road referred to must have been aware that by Act of Parliament troops on duty pass over all roads toll free. No doubt the volunteers will duly appreciate the above very liberal order!

WE call the attention of the Board of School Trustees to a letter published elsewhere regarding the site of the new school house to be erected on Hugh-street. Our correspondent's views are worthy of consideration, as it is very desirable that school houses should stand at some distance from the street for the mutual advantage of pupils and the public.

CAPT. MAY's company, No. 1, Ottawa Rifles, have decided on getting up a pic-nic, on Dominion Day. It is to be under the management of the non-commissioned officers and men of the company, and will no doubt be an entire success, as every effort of No. 1 has heretofore proved a complete triumph.

WE understand that "the Dominion Telegraph Company" obtained its charter yesterday, under the existing Act of Parliament. Mr. M. RYAN, an energetic young man, has been here for the past few days completing arrangements for the charter, and we have been informed that work will be at once commenced on the Western portion of the new line.

ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY EXCURSION.

Yesterday St. Andrew's Society of this city held their annual excursion, by taking a trip on the steamer *Queen Victoria* to Buckingham. About one hundred were present. The excursionists were on time at half-past six a.m. Captain Bowie was at his post, and the *Queen* left the wharf amid the stirring strains of Sutherland's band, which accompanied the excursionists. The scenery down the river was refreshing. Rideau Falls were seen to great advantage, the slanting rays of the morning sun tinging the spray with radiant hues.

The party at Buckingham landing was met, by arrangement of Mr. Fraser, President of the Society, with about fifteen carriages, which conveyed the excursionists to a romantic and shady grove, about two miles from the wharf, opposite the principal Falls of the Leviere, a spot seemingly intended by nature for a pic-nic. Here a platform was erected and dancing commenced at an early hour. Groups were formed and branched off along the banks of the river or the fresh, cool, fragrant forest. Others visited the village of Buckingham, and were well pleased with their visit. Buckingham is delightfully situated, principally on the east side of the river, and is the head-quarters of the Thompson & McLaren lumbering establishments, which for there extent, and slides (over three miles long) for conveying lumber past the rapids, are the wonder of all visitors. It is also the Headquarters of the plumbago region, and will long be remembered as the scene of the Babin murder. The pier from whence the unfortunate victim is supposed to have been plunged, is pointed out; and from a rising ground near Mr. McKnight's boarding house, the Manse is seen, as well as a magnificent view of the surrounding country, giving a fair idea of the rich alluvial flats to be met with at intervals on the Leviere River, for 200 miles inland.

It is reported in Buckingham, that Babin is now in Cincinnati, and has taken upon himself to "post" the Government on Fenian matters. It is also said that he has applied to the Bishop of Montreal for a certificate of character.

The excursionists were delighted with the village. Some of them, even went so far as to have their likenesses taken at Mr. Fenner's photographic establishment as a memorial.

The three leading churches, English, Scotch and Catholic, are represented by substantial places of worship. In the Scotch burying ground was pointed out the grave of Dr. Lenan, who died in 1845, a fellow student of Dr. VanCortlandt, under the celebrated Dr. Abernethy, of Edinburgh.

In the afternoon a large number of citizens from Buckingham joined the excursionists, and dancing was continued until the signal was given to leave the enchanted ground for the Ottawa steamer. The trips to the wharf were safely made, and once aboard the comfortable steamer *Queen Victoria*, the excursion was ended without an incident to mar the day's proceedings.

For a choice selection of pickles, sauces &c., go to Bate & Co., 52 Spark-st. 762d

Battalion Drill.

The 43rd in Camp at Sandy Hill.

The 43rd (Carleton) Battalion assembled yesterday opposite the Court House, and marched out to Sandy Hill, where they are to remain encamped for the eight days of their annual drill. They number about 400 strong, and are officered as under: Field Officers, Col. Powell (in command); Majors Bearman and Scale. Lieut. W. H. Falls, Adjutant. Company Officers, No. 1, (Bell's Corners) Capt. Corbett, Lieut. MacDougall; No. 2, (Huntly) Capt. Holmes, Lieut. Hewston, Ens. Nesbitt; No. 3, (Metcalfe) Capt. I. Morgan, Lieut. Hanna, Ens. Carson; No. 4, (North Gower) Capt. Johnson, Lieut. Connolly, Ens. Trembly; No. 5, (Richmond) Capt. Maxwell, Lieut. Goode, Ens. Hill; No. 6, (Goulburn) Capt. Garvin, Lieut. Henderson, Ens. Tubman; No. 7, (Manotic) Capt. Davison, Lieut. Martin, Ens. Prettie; No. 8, (Vernon) Capt. McGregor, Lieut. Grant, Ens. Creer.

The camp is pitched on a site sufficiently well chosen for a defence of the city against an enemy advancing up the King's Road. It completely commands the *tete du pont* at Cummings, and any hostile party attempting to "liquor up" at that island might be very effectually molested from our position. So far the strategy of the commandant is admirable. The counterbalancing drawbacks are mainly such as result from the difficulties of procuring water, and the facilities for substituting beer. The river is sufficiently close to give opportunity of bathing, very desirable in our hot summer weather, but the ascent is difficult for drawing water.

So far, we have been considering the arrangements of the gallant defenders of our hearths and homes, rather from their point of view than our own, and perhaps unconsciously infringing on the province of our military contemporaries. Abandoning pipe-clay views, however, it may, perhaps, be worth while writing down what an uninstructed civilian was able to observe of the camp on Sandy Hill.

Camp is a pleasant word, bringing to almost all of us, many pleasant memories—memories of Chalons and of Boulogne—dear lady irresponsible Boulogne where there are such attractive lady-schools, and so pleasant a walk upon the Grande Rue; of Chobham, Aldershot, and Wimbledon; of the Curragh, long ago when we regarded an ensigncy of the Galway Militia as a position on which to pride ourselves—of the spurs of the Cordillera under whose shadow lay the white canvas of Paset and of Prado, and we, Englishmen, rattled across from one to the other, and drank our *cerveza blanco* everywhere, for there was no man to say nay to our nationality. And, the recollection coming *apropos* to a force semi-civilian, camp is a word telling us beside far different stories. Telling us of quiet sultry nights, when there was nothing but the Southern Cross above us and the giant gum trees round, and our heads were pillowed on our saddles, what time we ranged the Murrumbidgee valley. Telling us too, more vividly, of quiet resting places along the Grand River and the St. Lawrence, and of more than one jolly flitting evening in the heart of the old Iroquois nation.

So that we hailed the Sandy Hill encampment with the whole of Mr. Rogers' Pleasures of Memory. That is, from a distance, or, if we must again correct ourselves, from such a distance as it made itself visible to. We should have hailed it with a few extra ones of our own if it had had only bell tents, and we should also have been spared the disappointment which the canvas mirage of Donnybrook presented. For, although there was one nondescript piper, there was no dancing, and, in nothing but the irregular outline, was there any counterpart of the County Mayo "pattern." And, moreover, the scene was none of rejoicing or amusement. There was a mysterious process called "serving out" in progress when we arrived, and "servings out" are too matter-of-fact and engrossing to leave much opportunity for out-of-the-way abandonment. Strolling through the lines, or rather what would be the lines if geometry were part of the 43rd education, we became involuntary recipients of remarks more forcible than complimentary, upon the accidents and inconveniences of camp life from men whose happiness it had been for years to find their housekeeping arranged for by their wives, and could recognize no perfection in a *cuisine* irreverentiable by kisses. Speaking gravely and seriously, we were sorry to find the men at the first moment of their gathering dissatisfied. Our Volunteers are not chosen from the grumbling classes, and no man in their ranks wears a red coat who is not quite willing, *on occasion*, to take his share, and more than his share, of the fatigues and hardships of a campaign. But he does not care to take them unnecessarily on Sandy Hill, with no other enemy to confront than Generals Mosquito and Martinet—insects equally annoying. We hope that every indulgence, and, if the word be not too grossly *pekin*, every luxury, will be supplied to the 43rd men while they remain among us, and that their camp will be a pleasant *rendezvous* of cheery comrades, worth while staying in, and not to be fled from in horror at the "dismiss" bugle. It sounds all very well to talk of accustoming men to the hardships of the field, but a citizen soldiery were never yet trained to anything but insubordination by unnecessary burthens, and to treat men with consideration in time of peace is a commander's best guaranty of their true service in the hour of danger. We offer these hints in no spirit of censoriousness, and without any certainty of their not having been anticipated. But we do hope that the drill time will be made as pleasant as possible, and that its memory, and that of its uniform, may be secured, throughout the 43rd, at its true tint of *couleur de rose*.

There are plenty of pastimes which it does not take even a week to organize that are better spent in town in the hours to be spared from drill. There used to be pleasant pastimes last winter in the same locality. There used to be toboggins (if we spell the mystic word aright) in which officers of more regular service did not disdain to guide, in one fleeting flash of ecstacy, down the *facilis descensus* of the Rideau bank, ladies whom it was more than happiness to support on their upward return. And there used to be snow-shoe parties up the long reaches of the river, past the rifle range and warily round the rapids, through the clear crisp hearty glow of January, when the sun was smiling and the snow sparkling, and the roses mantling, with the glow of Pæstum, on the cheeks of Somebody. It is, where are these soldiers, sacred ground. Take the shoes from off thy feet, and put on moccasins and make the most of it next winter.

Talking of pastimes brings us, in conclusion, to a grave duty. There are small red flags prescribing the area of the hill occupied by the assembled army. Little boys must by no means mistake them for Lacrosse goals. The most serious consequences might follow from such an error. In the first place the sentries are instructed to permit no civilian trespassers, a catalogue including even ladies and members of the press, classes usually privileged in virtue of their peculiar agreeability. Now a soldier is an ugly (we use the word metaphorically) opponent when he has a real gun in his hand, and might actually vindicate Mr. Carlyle's character of his reality by making horrid play with his sword bayonet; and there is besides danger of interfering with his good humor by any *badinage*. We have the best authority for stating that orders have been issued to the guard to permit no chaff, and that any offender who may aspire to measure wits with the sentries is liable to condign imprisonment in the guard house with the *Habeas Corpus* suspended. This is no "goak," but dreadful true. Let, then, all prudent youngsters remember that a man in a red coat (who, out of that ferocious garb, may be a very friendly and peaceable citizen) with a musket in his hand and a little flag beside him, is to be asked no questions concerning his poor feet, and never to be interrogated. *Piou, piou? as tu vu Lambert?*

GRAMMAR SCHOOL EXAMINATION.

Yesterday morning the semi-annual examination of the pupils of the Ottawa Grammar School was entered upon, preparatory to the midsummer vacation. In the forenoon, His Worship the Mayor, and several other gentlemen, with some ladies, were present, who could not but be highly satisfied with the degree of proficiency of the pupils. They were examined in the various branches of the Grammar School curriculum by the Principal, Mr. Thorburn, M. A., and the other teachers, as well as by some other gentlemen. In the afternoon a larger number of visitors were present, and were liberal in the praises bestowed on the institution, which is doing so much to lay a solid foundation of education in the community. Considering that very many of the pupils are in the first term the progress made is surprising, and could not possibly have been effected without laborious perseverance on the part of the principal and his assistants.

THE EXHIBITION.

In the evening an exhibition was held in the basement of the Wesleyan Church, Metcalfe-st., where the pupils gave specimens of recitation and declamation, in a manner to be envied by those whose education had been neglected in these matters.

The large room was well filled by a large and highly respectable audience, a large proportion of whom were ladies.

Edward McGillivray, Esq., was called to the chair, and on the platform were His Worship the Mayor, Revs. Messrs. Lauder and Gordon, Dr. Grant, M.P., Judge Armstrong, G. Hay, Esq., J. Thorburn, M.A., Rector, J. McMillan, B. A., and Messrs. Allen and Berthelot.

The Rector stated that two prizes would be given to the senior boys, and two to the junior boys, and one for French.

On motion of Mr. Hay, Messrs. P. LeSueur, G. W. Wicksteed, and W. Carrier were appointed judges of the merits of the declaimers.

PROGRAMME OF PIECES FOR DECLAMATION.

Charge of the Light Brigade.....C. Pope
Edinburgh after Flodden.....J. Stewart
Boadicea.....C. Wood
The Battle of the League.....G. Sinclair
Brutus on the Death of Cæsar..P. Sherwood
The Heart of Bruce.....H. Spragge
Self-conceit.....W. H. Carleton
Lochnagar.....J. Ogilvy
The Greek and the Turk.....M. Bliss
French Piece.....H. Armstrong
The Red Cross of England.....C. Pope
Mucius Scaevola.....J. Stewart
Cicero against Cataline.....P. Sherwood
Appeal to the Hungarians.....H. Spragge
Last Days of Pompei.....G. B. Greene.

Excellent addresses were then delivered by the Mayor and Dr. Grant on the subject of education, in which both spoke in the highest terms of the labors of Mr. Thornburn and his assistants, and the good result of such labor. Rev. Mr. Gordon bore testimony as to the superior religious instruction imparted in the school.

The Committee then reported J. Stewart, entitled to the first prize, and C. Pope to the second prize, in the junior division; and G. B. Greene to the first prize in the senior division, and P. Sherwoood to the second; but that J. Stewart of the junior division was best of all. In French, there being no other competitor, the prize was awarded to H. Armstrong.

The benediction was pronounced by the Rev. J. S. Lauder.

Prize List of the Ottawa Grammar School for the Year ending June 25th, 1868.

GOLD MEDALIST, J. S. M'CRAKEN.

PREPARATORY CLASS.

Reading and Spelling—Dux, J. Armstrong; 2nd do., J. McTaggart.
Geography—Dux, W. Mortimer; 2nd do., J. Armstrong.
English Grammar—Dux, H. Proud; 2nd do., J. Armstrong.
Arithmetic—Dux, H. Proud; 2nd do., J. Armstrong.

FIRST FORM.

Arithmetic—Dux, G. W. Baker; 2nd do., W. Bangs.
Geography—Dux, M. McTaggart; 2nd do., Geo. Sinclair.
History—Dux, M. McTaggart; 2nd do., J. B. Monk.
Reading—Dux, H. Jenkins; 2nd do., Geo. Sinclair.
Spelling—Dux, Geo. Sinclair; 2nd do., W. Lannigan.
English Grammar—Dux, Geo. Sinclair; 2nd do., M. McTaggart.

SECOND FORM.

Arithmetic—Dux, W. H. Carleton; 2nd do., G. W. Wills.
Geography—Dux, J. Stewart; 2nd do., W. H. Carleton.
History—Dux, W. J. Langford; 2nd do., J. Stewart.
Reading—Dux, J. Stewart; 2nd do., H. Earle.
Spelling—Dux, J. Stewart; 2nd do., W. Dickenson.
English Grammar—Dux, W. H. Carleton; 2nd do., J. Stewart.
Latin—Dux, J. Stewart; 2nd do., J. D. Baine.

THIRD FORM.

Arithmetic—Dux, J. F. Langrell; 2nd do., T. Craig.
Mental Arithmetic—Dux, J. F. Langrell; 2nd do., H. Watters.
Geography—Dux, T. Craig; 2nd do., H. Watters.
History—Dux, T. Craig; 2nd do., H. Watters.
Nat. Philosophy—Dux, R. Mather; 2nd do., J. F. Langrell.
Latin—Dux, R. Mather; 2nd do., A. P. Sherwood.
Greek—Dux, C. Robertson; 2nd do., H. Watters.
Geometry—Dux, A. P. Sherwood; 2nd do., W. J. Langford.
Spelling—Dux, J. F. Langrell; 2nd do., A. P. Sherwood.
Algebra—Dux, W. H. Carleton; 2nd do., Thos. Craig.

FOURTH FORM.

Arithmetic—Dux, R. Mather; 2nd do., M. McCabe.
Mental Arithmetic—Dux, R. Mather; 2nd do., M. McCabe.
Geography—Dux, R. Mather; 2nd do., C. Robertson.
History—Dux, R. Mather; 2nd do., C. Robertson.
Nat. Philosophy—Dux, C. Robertson; 2nd do., J. Hodgins.
Latin—Dux, C. Robertson; 2nd do., A. Anderson.
Greek—Dux, G. Greene; 2nd do., H. Pinhey.
Geometry—Dux, R. Mather; 2nd do., H. Spragge.
Spelling—Dux, C. Robertson; 2nd do., R. Mather.
Algebra—Dux, C. Robertson; 2nd do., H. Pinhey.
Trigonometry—Dux, R. Mather; 2nd do., J. Hodgins.

FIFTH FORM.

Arithmetic—Dux, J. Bishop; 2nd do., J. Hodgins.
Mental Arithmetic—Dux, J. Bishop; 2nd do., G. Greene.
Geography—Dux, J. Hodgins; 2nd do., Jno. McCraken.
History—Dux, J. Hodgins; 2nd do., Jno. McCraken.
Natural Philosophy—Dux, J. Bishop; 2nd do., G. Greene.
Latin—Dux, Jno. McCraken; 2nd do., G. Greene.
Greek—Dux, Jno. McCraken.
Geometry—Dux, C. Robertson; 2nd do., J. Bishop.
Spelling—Dux, Jno. McCraken; 2nd do., J. Bishop.
Algebra—Dux, R. Mather; 2nd do., J. Hodgins.
Trigonometry—Dux, J. Bishop; 2nd do., G. Greene.
French—Senior division: 1, R. Mather; 2, H. Pinhey.
Junior division, class A—1, J. Berry; 2, C. Houghton.
Class B—1, J. Stewart; 2, A. P. Sherwood.

Special prizes were given for the following subjects: For improvement in writing, R. Berry, J. L. Morgan, W. J. Langford, E. Y. Steele and R. Thompson.

For good conduct and punctuality during the session: W. Sweetman and H. Ross.

For mapping: prize (given by Mr. Thorburn), J. Hodgins.

For improvement in his various classes, prize (given by Mr. McMillan), Geo. Perley.

For scripture knowledge, (prize given by E. McGillivray, Esq.,) R. Mather.

In addition to the prize for proficiency in scripture knowledge, Mr. McGillivray gave nine other prizes.

MASONIC.

A meeting of the members of Builders' Lodge, No. 177, was held on Wednesday evening, for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year, when the following named gentlemen were elected and duly installed as office-bearers:

Thomas Painter, W. M.
Samuel Rogers, W. P. M.
David Wilson, S. W.
William Young, J. W.
James Salmon, Treasurer.
George Crane, Secretary.
Alfred Traylor, S. D.
R. A. Craig, J. D.
Enoch B. Butterworth, I. G.
William Ray, D. C.
Henry Gough, } Stewards.
Horace B. Merrill, }
John McCarthy, Tyler.

After the installation, the members of the Lodge adjourned to Mr. Bartlett's, Sussex-st., where a very fine spread was prepared. Forty-five gentlemen sat down, including the Masters of other city lodges, and enjoyed themselves with the good things set before them. Toasts, speeches, and songs followed in rapid succession, until a late, or rather early hour, when the company separated, each well pleased with the others.

VOLUNTEER INSPECTION.

The St. Andrews' troop of Cavalry, under command of Captain Burwash, and No. 1 Company, 11th Batt. Argenteuil Rangers, Captain Sam. Macdonald, were inspected to-day by Lieut.-Col. Macpherson, D.A.A. General of Militia, who arrived on the ground at 3 p.m., accompanied by Lieut.-Col. Hanson, Brigade Major of the District.

After receiving the inspecting officers with the usual salute the troop marched past, and was put through a variety of troop and squadron movements under the command of Capt. Burwash. The troop turned out splendidly and presented a fine appearance.

Captain Macdonald's company turned out in fair numbers and looked well.

The Cavalry and the Battalion of Argenteuil Rangers marched into camp at this place on Thursday afternoon.

ST. ANDREWS, June 23, 1868.

THE NEW SCHOOLHOUSE.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

DEAR SIR,—Passing yesterday down Hugh-st., in the West end of the city, I noticed that the School Trustees had laid out the site of the new schoolhouse.

On inquiry I found that the building was to stand only 20 feet (!!) back from the street. The cost, as per contract, will be $16,000, (to say nothing of "extras,") so that it will be an expensive building, and I believe a handsome one; in fact the handsomest of the kind in the Dominion, a sort of model common school house.

What infatuation then, has taken hold of the Trustees, that they seem bent upon spoiling the architectural appearance of the building, by erecting it so close to the sidewalk? The thing will be a standing reproach, a libel on the good taste of our citizens.

I do not know who the Trustees are; but I would ask, is there not amongst them one gentleman, even one of taste and judgment, who would reason with the others, and show them their folly? for *it is a stupendous folly* to expend so much money on a building, and then mar all for want of a little taste. That building, to appear at all well, should stand back at least 50 feet from the street, which would afford room to plant a few young trees or shrubs, so that when they grow up by and bye, they'll not hide the beauty of the building, nor exclude the light and air so essential to the health of the pupils. I wish we could import a little of American taste, and inoculate our School Trustees; they seem to want it.

They bought four lots for this school; and I understand that, by the time they'll have laid out the playgrounds for both sexes, and erected the required premises in the rear, they won't have a foot to spare; in fact, they'll be cramped for room. Why then don't they buy a couple more lots? Keep back the building about 50 feet from the street, and leave plenty of space for the rear premises to stand off from the main building? For pity sake let our children have as pure air as possible to breathe!

The powers of the Trustees are ample, and they can buy whatever land they think necessary. If they don't wish to buy two more lots they should at least buy two half ones—abutting each other, which would give them an additional strip 33 feet wide; *but they ought to buy two whole ones.* They are not building, or at least they shouldn't, to meet *present* requirements. There is a future before us; and there should be room for extension.

If they let the present opportunity pass they probably cannot get those lots by-and-bye when they want them. Let them, then, while their hand is in, do the thing decently. Get sufficient ground and place the building back a proper distance from the street, so that the beauty of the design may be seen without our straining our necks to look up at it.

It occurs to me, that of one thing the Trustees may rest assured; the respectable people who are settling down in that neighborhood will never tolerate the nuisance of having the children playing on the street, at their very doors; so that sufficient playground should now be secured for them, as that will in a few years be, judging from present appearances, a thickly and respectably settled part of the city.

It cannot, however, be denied that the Trustees are eminently deserving of the best thanks of the community for the additional school accommodations they are supplying; but they are, *through a mistaken parsimony*, going in a fair way of spoiling all, and may, perhaps, by-and-bye merit severe condemnation.

If they persist in erecting the building on the ground now staked out for it, I would take the liberty of suggesting as an inscription for the corner stone:—"This corner stone was "laid on the —— day of ——— 1863; and "this tablet raised to perpetuate the stupid "folly of the Trustees who blindly insisted "on placing the building in the wrong location."

I must apologize for trespassing at such length on your valuable space, but I feel impelled by a desire to see the money appropriated by the Board applied in a manner that will be to the credit of the capital, instead of otherwise. And in my desire to bring the matter promptly before the public, as I understand operations will be commenced on Monday next, I have forwarded a transcript of this letter to your morning contemporary, with a request for its insertion.

I am, sir,
Your obdt. servt.,
Ottawa, June 25, 1868. RATEPAYER.

LOCAL NEWS.

For jams and jellies go to Bate & Co., 52, Spark-st. 762d

MAGEE AND RUSSELL'S great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

FRESH SALMON.—Fresh Salmon, by express, 15 cts. per lb., at "The Tea Pot."

BOG OAK JEWELLERY.—Very handsome sets of bog oak jewellery can be had at Young & Radford's, at 90c. per set.

ACCIDENTAL INJURY.—A boy was accidentally injured yesterday at one of the mills at the Chaudiere, but to what extent we did not learn.

POLICE COURT.—James Muldoon was brought up on a charge of furious driving, and fined $2 and costs. There was no other case before the court.

GOOD NEWS FOR THE POOR.—Within a few days the price of bread has come down from tenpence a loaf to sevenpence halfpenny though many persons sell it for eightpence.

OTTAWA NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY.—The regular monthly meeting of this Society will be held at the Lecture Rooms, Albert-st., at eight o'clock this evening. Owing to unavoidable circumstances there will be no paper read at this meeting.

DRAMATIC ENTERTAINMENT AT OTTAWA UNIVERSITY.—The success which attended the recent performance of the students of Ottawa University, is a guarantee that *Alfred the Great* will be ably presented on Monday evening next. The musical part of the entertainment alone is worth the price of admission.

GREEN PEAS.—Green peas are now on sale at the market, though at a rather high price. In a few days, however, they will come down to the capacity of the poor man's purse. Yesterday they were sold for thirty cents a gallon. Strawberries have been offered at high prices. The first we have seen were at Botts's store, from the garden of Mr. Currie.

SUMMER CLOTHING FOR THE POLICE.—We have long thought it an act of cruelty to compel our Police force to march about the streets in the broiling sun clothed in the heavy suits they find sufficiently warm in mid-winter, and are glad to learn that it is in contemplation by the Commissioners to order clothing better adapted to the requirements of the summer season, and the sooner they get them the better.

OVERPOWERED BY THE HEAT.—Yesterday afternoon an old man from Osgoode was prostrated by the excessive heat on the east side of the Sappers' bridge. He was led into the lane leading to the canal where, after resting a little while in the shade, he recovered sufficiently to be taken away in a cab. The police took charge of him for the purpose of having him conveyed home.

DEATH FROM ACCIDENT.—A man named Montreuil, while engaged in coupling the cars on which lumber is conveyed on the tramways at the Chaudiere, accidentally got his head caught between them and was killed. Dr. VanCortlandt held an inquest on the body, when evidence shewed clearly that the unfortunate occurrence was the result of pure accident, and the jury returned a verdict accordingly.

ARRIVAL OF THE PRISONER HAMILTON.—The prisoner Robert Hamilton was brought into town yesterday by officers, and lodged in the County jail, on the warrant of the Coroner who held the inquest on the body of the unfortunate George Brownlee. He is charged with the wilful murder of the deceased, and on that charge awaits his trial at the next Assizes.

ARRIVAL OF THE CARLETON BATTALION.—For several hours yesterday morning waggons continued to arrive laden with volunteers of the Carleton Battalion, and some arrived on horseback. The whole force had arrived at an early hour of the day. We understand that Gowan's Band has been engaged to play twice a day for the Battalion during their stay in the city, and commenced yesterday morning by playing a portion of them up to the encampment.

CHEAP BREAD.—It will be good news to the citizens, and especially the poor, that bread is again coming down to a reasonable price. Mr. H. McCormick, who is miller, flour dealer and baker, and first-class in each capacity, has now reduced the price of the four pound loaf to sevenpence. This is the lowest rate at which bread of the first quality can be produced at the present price of flour, and Mr. McCormick's policy is to give the best article at the lowest paying price.

PIC-NIC.—The following is a list of winners and prizes of the Sapeurs at their pic-nic on the 24th:

1ST RACE—100 YARDS RACE.
1st. M. Kavanagh.
2nd. Wm. Washburn.

200 YARDS RACE.
1st. M. Kavanagh.
2nd. Jos. Lattimer.

300 YARDS OVER HURDLES.
1st. M. Kavanagh.

THREE STANDING JUMPS.
1st. Samson Dunning.
2nd. Wm. Bailey.

THROWING SLEDGE.
1st. Hugh McMullen.

BOYS' RACE—100 YARDS.
1st. James McGuire.
2nd. Joseph Dufoit.

About 800 persons were present during the afternoon and evening. The accommodations were good, and all who felt disposed enjoyed themselves to their heart's content.

ST. PATRICK'S PIC-NIC.—A pic-nic in aid of the St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum is advertised to come off in the Bellevue Gardens, Hull, on Monday, the 29th, which the promoters propose to make *the* pic-nic of the season, and judging from the success of similar ventures in past years, there is reason to believe that their very laudable desire will be gratified. And very right that it should be; the orphan of whatever sect or nationality has claims upon the community which cannot be ignored. Everyone should purchase a ticket, and thus aid by their means, if they may not have leisure to attend and enjoy themselves. The committee have made up the usual list of games, and offer a very respectable number of prizes. Those who prefer dancing will have the music of Gowan's excellent quadrille band to dance to. Added to the list of amusements will be a single scull and skiff race; the race to be two miles in length. This will afford an opportunity to test the qualities of our many good oarsmen. Entries for the boat race made with Mr. Jos. R. Esmoude up to noon of Monday next.

PUBLIC MEETING.—On Monday evening last a resolution growing out of a suggestion of the Mayor was passed for calling a public meeting in the City Hall on Thursday, (yesterday) to consider the propriety of making provision for the celebration of "Dominion Day." Posters were put up, as usual, announcing the fact, and this was very proper, for posters are very good things, but through some misapprehension, quite unintentional, it was not advertised in the papers and consequently when the hour of meeting came there were present in the City Hall His Worship the Mayor, who is always punctual, two reporters, and three citizens. They waited for some time without receiving any accession to their numbers, and then left, doubtless satisfied that advertising is necessary to the success of municipal as well as mercantile undertakings, and for the want of it in this instance twenty-five thousand people are to be disappointed in the celebration of the anniversary of an event which is destined to build this country up into a great empire.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.—This evening Mr. Edmund Coles and his sterling combination take their leave of our City, on which occasion a powerful bill of attraction will be presented, under the patronage of Col. Powell and the officers of the 43rd Battalion. Messrs. Martin and Harwood have kindly volunteered. Edmund Coles will say good bye in his inimitable character of "Benjamin Bowbell;" while the charming Miss Fannie Stocqueler will delight the audience with her warblings. The following complimentary notice of Mr. Benn's personation of the man in the *Iron Mask* is taken from the Augusta, Ga., *Transcript*:

"The thrilling play of the *Iron Mask* in which Mr. Walter Benn sustains the character of "Gaston," afterwards the man in the *Iron Mask*, and which produced a genuine sensation on its first representation on Saturday night last, is the piece selected for the occasion. Mr. Benn's personation in the *Iron Mask* should of itself attract a crowded house, for it is rarely that a more powerfully affecting performance has been presented on our boards than his in the *Iron Mask*. On Saturday night the appearance of the frightful and mournful apparition of the mask held the audience spell-bound, while not a few persons in it were moved to tears.

Latest by Telegraph.

FROM TORONTO.

The Rival Railways—No Preparation yet Made for Dominion Day—St. John's Day Celebration.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, June 25.

A deputation from Hamilton is on the way to Walkerton, to advocate the Wellington, Grey and Bruce Railway, in opposition to the Toronto, Grey and Bruce. On Friday the supporters meet face to face. A lively time is expected.

No civic preparations have been made for the celebration of Dominion Day. Great discontent is manifested.

St. John's day was celebrated yesterday by the Masonic Fraternity. The lodges dined together in the evening.

CABLE NEWS

Via Montreal

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

BOG OAK SETTS, BROOCH and EAR RINGS,

At 90 Cents the Set.

At Young & Radford's,

30 Sparks-street.

Young & Radford

ARE SELLING BOG OAK SETTS at 90 cents,

Which have been sold as high as $2.00 per sett.

Young & Radford

CAN MAKE TO ORDER

All kinds of GOLD and SILVER JEWELLERY cheaper than the same can be bought retail.

GIVE US A CALL

And be sure you remember the Place,

YOUNG & RADFORD'S,

30 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

FOR fine BOG OAK BROOCHES and EAR RINGS, in setts,

See YOUNG & RADFORD'S new lot just received, and selling at the very low price of only 90 cents per set.

Pickles, Sauces, &c.,

JUST RECEIVED DIRECT FROM

CROSSE & BLACKWELL, London,

Ex ship "Ardmillan," the following:

125 DOZ. MIXED PICKLES,
35 DOZ. Gerkins,
35 DOZ. Onions,
35 DOZ. Chow Chow,
30 DOZ. Piccalill,
25 DOZ. Walnuts,
20 DOZ. Cauliflower,
15 DOZ. Imperial Hot,
15 DOZ. West India,
15 DOZ. Capt. White's Oriental

Reading Sauce,
King of Oude Sauce,
Harvey do.
John Bull do.
Kalos Cousis do.
Soyer's do.
Worcestershire do.
India Soy.
Essence of Anchovies,
Essence of Shrimps,
Mushroom Ketchup,
Walnut Ketchup,
French Capers,
Chili Vinegar,
Tarragon Vinegar,
Raspberry Vinegar,
Olives,
Bottled Fruits, an assortment,
Raspberry Jam,
Strawberry do.
Damson do.
Gooseberry do.
Red Currant do.
Black do. do.
Red do. Jelly.
Black do. do.
Crystallized Fruits,
Fruits in Noyeau,
Preserved Ginger in Jars and 1 lb. Pots,
Currie Powder,
Anchovy Paste,
Potted Ham, Beef and Tongue,
Potted Yarmouth Bloaters,
Strasbourg Potted Meats,
Soup and Bouille,
Mock Turtle Soup,
Mulligatawny Soup,
Hare Soup,
Jugged Hare,
Pheasants in Gravy,
Grouse in Gravy,
Partridge in Gravy,
Paté de Foie Gras,
Paté D'Alouettes,
Paté de Cailles.

ALSO,

A large lot of Keen's Celebrated Mustard in half lb. and 1 lb. tins.

BATE & Co.,

52, SPARKS-ST.

June 8, 1868. 762d

ARNOLDI'S WINE AND SPIRIT VAULTS,

11 *Metcalfe-st., Telegraph Co's Building,*

OTTAWA,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL, FOR CASH ONLY

Dekuyper's Red Cases, Gin, 15 bottles	$9 00
" Green, " " per doz	4 80
Booth's London Gin	7 20
Edward's and Thompson's Gin "	6 00
Green Seal Champagne "	12 00

AND UPWARDS.

PORT WINES—Graham's, Sandeman's, &c.

	Per Gall.	Per Doz
No. 1 Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2 "	3 00	8 75
" 3 Old	3 50	10 00
" 4 Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine old	5 75	15 50

SHERRIES—Lomeco's, Pemartin's, &c.:

No. 1 Superior Light table Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2 Extra do	3 00	8 75
" 3 Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4 Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine	5 50	15 00

Single sample bottles at above rates.

Also, of Standard Brands, in wood or bottle, old and new, Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch and Canadian Whiskies.

Canadian Ale, in wood or bottle.

Guinness' Porter, pints and quarts. Hibbert's Porter, pints and quarts. Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, pints and quarts.

Clarets, Hocks, Sauternes, Curacao, Maraschino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., &c.

Purity in all cases guaranteed, and goods marked at the lowest quotations.

Orders by mail with cash, promptly attended to Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.

NOTICE.

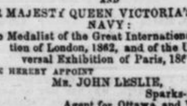
The subscriber would intimate to those of his customers with whom current accounts may have been opened that it is his intention to take advantage of any irregularity in their payment to close them in order that he may conduct his business totally on the *cash principle*, which has been found to work much more satisfactorily for both the buyer and seller in every branch of trade in which it has been tried, and relying on quality of his goods and the prices charged for them (which will always be as low as they can honestly be sold for) he solicits a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

K. ARNOLDI,

Dealer in the better qualities of Wines, Spirits, &c., Metcalfe-street, Telegraph Co's Building, Ottawa.

Price lists on application or sent to any address.

April 21, 1868. 535y



WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY, AND COURT OF SPAIN, THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT Mr. JOHN LESLIE, Sparks-street, Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity, For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*

H. & A. SAUNDERS, Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion, for the sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa, May 20. 748y

FOR SALE!

THAT Splendid First-Class

HOTEL,

IN THE

CAPITAL OF THE DOMINION!

KNOWN AS THE

REVERE HOUSE.

And at present leased at a rental of $2,000. It is one of the best buildings in the city. Its length is one hundred and six (106) feet by forty (40) feet wide, built of stone, with cut stone front and tin roof. The house contains fifty bedrooms, five parlors and dining room, with bar, kitchen and laundry attached. There is a new Brick Stable, sixty-six (66) by thirty (30) feet, capable of stabling forty Horses, a large yard and outbuildings; also a vacant lot, which the purchaser can have if required to enlarge. The premises are in excellent order, being only five years built. Very lately a sum of $2,000 was expended improving the building. For a first-class hotel, or Military Quarters, it cannot be equalled in the city.

TERMS EASY, and made known free of charge, by letter or otherwise, on application to

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer,
Commission and Real Estate Agent.

Ottawa, June 3, 1868. 758d

Dominion Auction Mart,

AND

Commission Sale Rooms

House, Land & General Agency,

OFFICE & SALE ROOMS,

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-STREET,

OTTAWA.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city.

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq. M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq. M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq. M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq. Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq. M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
753y House, Land and General Agent.

Storekeepers, Farmers and Others.

SHOULD BUY THEIR TEAS FROM

The Importers Direct

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY, 6, Hospital-street, Montreal, have sent over one thousand packages to different parts of the country, and receive every day assurances that the Tea gives entire satisfaction. Subjoined are a few of the numerous testimonials already received:

RUSSELL HOTEL, Quebec, Jan 7, 1867.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the six chests of Tea forwarded some time since arrived in good order. The quality is pure and excellent, and prices cheap. As I am particular in buying the best quality of Tea to be had for our guests, I am pleased to acquaint you that it gives general satisfaction. Your obedient servant,

WILLIS RUSSELL.

FELCOMB, Dec. 3, 1867.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the Oolong Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto, who informs me he considers it as good as that he was using for which he paid one dollar per lb. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz., at 75 cents per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant,

JNO. T. DAY.

HOUSE OF SENATE, Ottawa, December 16, 1867.

Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the box of English Breakfast and Young Hyson Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. You may expect my future orders. Yours, &c.,

S. SKINNER.

COBOURG, January 8, 1868.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, I beg to inform you that the two boxes of Tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box, or 20 lbs., at same price, and oblige yours, &c.,

F. OLIVER.

The contributors to the *Medical Journal* have frequently declared that one-half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have carefully selected and imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure and free from poisonous substances, in 50, 25, 20, 15 and 12 lb. boxes.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c *50c.; Fine Flavoured New Season, do;* 55c *60c and* 65c *; Excellent Full Flavored do,* 75c *; Sound Oolong,* 45c *; Rich Flavored do,* 60c *; Very Fine do, do,* 75c *; Japan, Good,* 50c, 55c *; Very Fine,* 60c *; Fine st,* 65c, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay common, 38c *; Fine do,* 55c *; Young Hyson,* 50c, 60c, 65c *and* 70c *; Fine do,* 75c *; Very Fine,* 85c *; Superfine and Very Choice,* $1.00 *; Fine Gunpowder,* 85c *; Extra Superfine do,* $1.

All orders for 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular sent equally cheap. The Company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much, two or three clubbing together could divide. An excellent mixed Tea could be sent for 60c to 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order or enclosed notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man where there are express offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
6, Hospital-street, Montreal.

All boxes sent from this establishment have the Company's name printed on them.

Montreal, March 4, 1868. w101y

Coffee! Coffee!

TO those who enjoy a Cup of

REALLY FINE COFFEE

—TRY—

BUCHANAN'S

Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha,

JAVA & JAMAICA,

Roasted and Ground

Daily on the premises, by steam power.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

May 11, 1868. 739if

TO LET.

A desirable residence in the Village of New Edinburgh. Possession given immediately. Apply to the Office of the Mackay Estate.

New Edinburgh, June 25, 1868. 777-3

GREAT SUCCESS

OF THE

Removal Sale.

ALL THE GOODS FROM THE Wholesale Department brought forward, and re-marked at clearing prices.

SEVERAL CHOICE BARGAIN LOTS, Will be offered TO-DAY.

ONE LOT OF 20 PIECE MARL POPLINETTES, This season's importation, worth 40 cents, will be sold for 25 cents.

ANOTHER LOT, SIMILAR STYLES, Will be marked 16 cents. These are all well worth 30 cents.

500 YARDS STRIPED EARLSTON GINGHAMS, That cost the importer 22 cents, will be laid on the counter at 12½ cents.

ANOTHER choice lot of Double Width CHALLIE and ALPACCA DRESS GOODS, At 11 cents and 12½ cents, well worth double the money.

ONE CASE OF PRINTED MUSLINS, Fast colours and choice patterns, at 10, 12, 12½, 16 and 17 cents per yard, are value for 50 per cent more, only they arrived too late in the season.

A JOB LOT of WHITE BRILLIANTS PIQUES and MARSEILLES, At very low prices.

50 PIECES WHITE GROUND PRINTS and PRINTED BRILLIANTS, From 15 to 21 cents per yard.

ANOTHER BALE WHITE SHIRTINGS, At the reduced rates, will be brought forward to-day.

80 DOZEN MORE of THOSE CLEAR CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS, At the same prices as gave such satisfaction the last two weeks.

10 PIECES WHITE GROUND FRENCH DELAINES, With coloured spots for Children's Dresses, at 25 cents per yard, usual price, 40 cents.

SEVERAL HUNDRED DOZEN OF WHITE and COLOURED COTTON HOSE, Brought out from the Wholesale Department, today, and marked very cheap.

NOTWITHSTANDING The great rush we have had the stock is still well assorted, and many goods have been still further reduced in prices.

Magee & Russell.

Ottawa, June 17, 1868. 707y

FOR SALE

AT THE

MONTREAL WAREHOUSE

800 BUTTER TUBS, [in good order.

J. MARTIN & CO.

10,000 LBS. MAPLE SUGAR.

J. MARTIN & CO.

50 CASES ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

J. MARTIN & CO.

HERRINGS, PORK, FLOUR, BUTTER, CHEESE.

657v J. MARTIN & CO.

IF YOU

WANT ANY

BOOTS OR SHOES,

CALL AT

Angus & Huckell's

Boot & Shoe

—GREAT—

EMPORIUM,

15,

SUSSEX-STREET

Whyte's Brick Block.

Ottawa, June 18. 666y

TORONTO HOUSE, Sparks-st.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has at present several commodious and handsomely furnished suites of apartments, in every respect eligible for civil or military officers, or private gentlemen remaining in the city.

Ottawa, June 20, 1868. 773if

City Hoop Skirt Factory.

SOMETHING NEW.

I BEG to call the attention of LADIES to a new and highly desirable article which I have secured the Sole Agency for in Ottawa and vicinity. It is known

As Lesser's Patent Skirt Appendage!

Patented April 23, 1868, and consists of a SEPARATE TRAIL, which can be attached to an ordinary

Plain Hoop Skirt,

Thus converting it into a graceful

Promenade or Evening Skirt!

It may also be fastened to a Muslin or Stuff Petticoat with the same result. It can be folded into very small compass, and must readily recommend itself to every Lady, combining, as it does, Grace, Elegance and Comfort. To be had wholesale and retail. All styles of Skirts on hand. Corsets, Hosiery and Gloves, Parasols, &c., &c.

DAVID MILLAR,
43 Sparks-st, Central Ottawa.

456y

FAMILY MOURNING.

Every article connected with LADIES' and CHILDREN'S MOURNING, supplied by

GRANT & HENDERSON,

BLACK SILKS,	BLACK CRAPES,
BLACK PARAMATTAS,	BLACK REPPS,
BLACK COBURGS,	BLACK LLAMAS,
BLACK GRENADINES,	BLACK LUSTRES,
MOURNING MANTLES,	AND MILLINERY.

Grant and Henderson.

20 Rideau-street.

Ottawa, June 18. 522y

RETIRING FROM BUSINESS

Great Cheap Sale of Dry Goods!

As GEO. FEATHERSTON & CO.,

Intend winding up their business in AUGUST NEXT. They will from this date offer their large stock of

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,

At greatly reduced prices for cash as the whole must be disposed of by the 24th day of AUGUST. The following list of prices will satisfy all that this is a chance rarely to be met with, and will be for the benefit of every one to take advantage of.

Full width Prints from	4½d per yard.	Grey Cottons	from 4½d per yard.
Printed Muslins "	6d "	Silk Parasols	" 2s 6d each.
" Delaines "	4½ "	Hoop Skirts	" 10½d "
6-4 Alpacca Lustres "	7½ "	Canadian Full Cloth	" 2s 11d per yard.
Cobourgs "	9 "		

A large lot of Women's White Cotton Hose, from 4½d per pair. A lot of Summer Shawls from 11s 3d to 27s 6d, usual price from 17s 6d to 40s. A lot of cloths for Boy's Summer Wear, very cheap, and all other goods proportionately low.

Shop to Rent from 1st Sept. Next.

GEO. FEATHERSTON & CO.,
34 Sparks-street, Centre Town.

Ottawa, June 15, 1868. 768 2m

Great Clearing Sale of Dry Goods.

Cunningham & Lindsay

No. 14, RIDEAU-STREET,

WILL COMMENCE

ON MONDAY, the 15th INSTANT,

TO SELL THE BALANCE OF THEIR SUMMER STOCK OF

Millinery, Mantles, Shawls, Dress Goods, Prints, Muslins, &c.

At Prices which must effect a Speedy Sale.

☞ *For Particulars See Circulars.*

Ottawa, June 12, 1868. 510y

BLYTH & KERR,

Successors to Chas. Garth,

No. 25, RIDEAU-STREET,

PLUMBERS, GAS AND STEAM FITTERS, TIN & COPPERSMITHS, BELL HANGERS, &c.

All materials for the above branches kept constantly on hand.

Also, Importers and Dealers in House Furnishing Hardware.

Just received a well selected assortment of Fishing Tackle, Baskets, Bait, Reels, Lines, Flys, Rods, &c. Manufacturers of all descriptions of work for Water and Gas Works, Brewer's Distilleries, Mills, &c. Makes and fits up Galvanized Iron Cornices, Gutters, Conductors, Roofing, &c.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water or Warm Air, on the most approved principles.

Orders from the country will receive strict attention. 740y

Ladies Keep Cool!

BLACK AND WHITE LACE SHAWLS,
GRENADINE SHAWLS,
BAREGE SHAWLS,
BAREGE JACKETS
BAREGE & GRENADINE PROMENADE COSTUMES,
GRENADINES,
FRENCH & ENGLISH MUSLINS.

GENTLEMEN KEEP COOL!

BLACK ALPACCA COATS,
BUFF ALPACCA COATS,
LINEN COATS,
MARSEILLES VESTS

All in great variety, cheap, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S,

Wholesale and Retail.

Importers. 20 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 29, 1868. 484y

A RARE CHANCE.

The undersigned having received direct from the manufacturers in Europe, a large consignment of

Dry Goods

with instructions to dispose of them at

LOW RATES!

Is now offering them to the public, and at an almost nominal advance on the makers' cost price. The stock consists of

1,600 yards of Carpets, of various kinds,
40 Handsome Hearth Rugs,
60 Summer Counterpanes,
24 White Marsala Quilts,
A large quantity of Toilet Covers,
Some Wool Table Covers,
And a large variety of other Goods.

The stock may be seen at the store of MESSRS. ANSELL & MICHAEL'S, Scott's Corner, Elgin and Sparks-street, opposite the Russell Hotel. Parties requiring articles of the above mentioned kind will find it to their advantage to call and inspect the goods at once, as the whole must be disposed of within a few days.

ANSELL & MICHAEL.

Ottawa, June 9, 1868. 763-3m

NEW HOUSE TO LET CHEAP,

Enquire at Ashburnham Terrace:

775a T. L. GOURLAY.

TAKE THE HIGHEST PREMIUMS

AT THE

Paris Exposition

All kinds of SCALES constantly on hand and for sale:

ALSO,

Baldwin's Alarm Money Drawers,

THE BEST NOW IN USE.

ALEX. WORKMAN & CO.,

775-2m Ottawa, Agents.

TO BE GIVEN AWAY

THE

Greatest Curiosity

OF THE DAY.

WILL BE PUBLISHED

On Thursday next, THE WONDERFUL ALMANAC for 306 years, a copy of which will be presented, FREE OF CHARGE, to every Lady and Gentleman applying at

The Ottawa Citizen,
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

SANSUM'S INTEREST & EXCHANGE TABLES,

A supply of this useful work just received and for sale at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen.
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

COPY BOOKS,

(Plain and with Head Line), EXERCISE BOOKS. A supply just received and for sale at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

PLAIN & FANCY STATIONERY,

All marked in plain figures, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

COUNTING HOUSE and SCHOOL REQUISITES,

At the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

MUSIC, MAGAZINES OR PRINTED BOOKS,

Bound in any style required, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

ENGINEERS' and ARTISTS' MATERIALS,

At the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House.
21 Rideau-street.

ACCOUNT BOOKS,

Memorandum Books, Pocket Books, Indexes &c., at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House
21 Rideau-street.

WRAPPING PAPERS,

MANILLA, TEA and STRAW, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen.
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

STEEL PENS and PEN HANDLES

Gillott's, Mitchell's and other makers, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

WRITING INKS,

Stephen's, Todd's Perth Office, &c., at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

LEAD PENCILS,

Faber's, Rowney's and others, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

BLANK BOOKS,

Manufactured to order, in any style of ruling and binding, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

BOOK and JOB PRINTING,

At the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS, authorised by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario. The prices are:

FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.

FIRST BOOK, part second, 54 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.

SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.

THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Thirty cents.

FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.

FIFTH BOOK, 50 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

A supply just received and for sale at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

☞ A liberal allowance to Teachers and Dealers.

TO BE GIVEN AWAY

THE

Greatest Curiosity

OF THE DAY.

WILL BE PUBLISHED

On Thursday next, THE WONDERFUL ALMANAC for 306 years, a copy of which will be presented, FREE OF CHARGE, to every Lady and Gentleman applying at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House
21 Rideau-street.

Ottawa, June 8, 1868 757y

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, June 25, 1868.

There is no change for the better in the markets nor any expectation of improvement until the new crops shall be brought in. The market prices for butchers' meat are for beef 9 to 15 cents. Mutton 10 cents. Veal 9 to 10 cents.

FLOUR—Extra	8 00	@ 8 25
No. 1	7 00	@ 7 25
No. 2	5 50	@ 6 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs	4 00	@ 4 25
" Spring "	3 50	@ 3 62½
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs	6 00	@ 6 25
Indian Meal "	4 50	@ 0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 70	@ 0 75
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 75	@ 0 80
Buckwheat Flour—bbl.	4 50	@ 5 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 75	@ 1 80
Spring " "	1 45	@ 1 50
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 90	@ 0 95
Peas " 60 lbs	0 75	@ 0 80
Oats " 34 lbs	0 50	@ 0 00
Beans " 60 lbs	2 00	@ 2 25
PORK—Mess—per barrel	33 00	@ 0 00
Prime Mess per do	16 50	@ 0 00
Hog per 100 lbs	0 00	@ 0 00
Hams	0 13	@ 0 15
Beef	0 00	@ 0 00
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 00	@ 0 0
Lamb—per qr	0 00	@ 0 0
Geese—Each	None	
Ducks	0 00	@ 0 00
Turkeys—Each	0 80	@ 1 00
Fowl—Per pair	0 45	@ 0 55
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 15	@ 0 17
No. 1 Firkin	0 13	@ 0 14
No. 2	0 00	@ 0 00
Eggs	0 15	@ 0 17
Apples—per brl	4 50	@ 5 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 45	@ 0 50
HAY—Per ton	12 00	@ 14 00
WOOD—Per cord	0 00	@ 3 5
Tamarac	0 00	@ 2 00
Hemlock	0 00	@ 2 00

ANSWER TO MEDICAL INQUIRIES.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT, R.R.R. OFFICE, No. 87, Maiden Lane, New York.

DEAR DOCTOR,

We are compelled to answer your inquiries relative to the curative properties of SARSAPARILLIAN and its associate as constituents in our RENOVATING RESOLVENT in lung affections, and its wonderful power in arresting waste and decay of the Lungs, healing Ulcers, loosening the phlegm, and enabling the patient to expectorate freely the thick, sloughing matter deposited in the air passages and cells of the Lungs and Bronchi, and at the same time keeping up the general strength of the patient, repairing the waste with good sound and healthy material, imparting nourishment as well as purification of the blood,—through the medium of the press:—that hundreds of others daily writing us for information may know that we have a remedy in the RESOLVENT that will arrest the progress of Consumption, either of the Lungs, Liver, Kidneys or Bowels.

The RESOLVENT is a compensating remedy; it communicates its curative powers through the blood, sweat and urine; it restores functional harmony and enables each secreting organ to recrete its proper constituents. Direct remedies, as Lung Balsams, Cough Syrups, Pectorals given to act directly on the Lungs, as a regular remedy, are hurtful, as they augment the functions of the Lungs at the expense of suspending or interrupting the functions of the Liver, Kidneys and Skin. It a patient suffering with a severe cough, with a sense of suffocation or weight in the chest, irritation or soreness in the throat, pain in the shoulders, difficulty of raising or expectorating phlegm, dryness of the skin, or if there is constipation of the bowels, unnatural appetite, great thirst, or if the water discharged, deposits substances like the white of an egg, or brick dust, or thread-like veins, or if there is pain in the small of the back, hips, stomach or bowels, chest, etc., from a dessert to a table-spoonful of RESOLVENT, half an hour after each meal, and if the cough is troublesome one teaspoonful at night, will afford immediate ease, and will soon remove all unpleasant symptoms.

As aids to the Resolvent, if pain is present, the spine should be rubbed with the Ready Relief, and one to four of Radway's Pills (coated) to insure perfect digestion and regular evacuations from the bowels. The nourishing properties of RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT increase the strength and flesh of the patient. We do not claim that this remedy will make new lungs, new kidneys, or other wasted organs, but it will arrest decay, heal ulcers, and supply the waste that is daily passing off, with pure, sound and healthy material. Dr. Radway can be consulted, free of charge, from 12 to 2 p.m., at No. 87, Maiden Lane.

The public have but a faint idea of the great importance of RADWAY'S RESOLVENT, in the treatment of chronic disease and disease of the Kidneys and urinary organs. Sarsaparillian and Parsiira Brava, two of the ingredients as prepared by Dr. Radway's process, supply a want that has ever existed, in repairing the waste of the body with pure and healthy material out of new rich blood, of arresting dissolution and decay, of restoring functional harmony, of securing strength, of dissolving calculous concretions, of curing every form of Kidney, Bladder and Uterine diseases; of stopping all kinds of weakening, purulent, and irritating discharges; of restoring the vigor of life, to all, whether induced by self-abuse, impure association, bad habit of system, exposure or accident.

As the Renovating Resolvent Sarsaparillian enters immediately into the circulation, it commences its work of purification and expulsion of scrimonious humors from the blood at once. Skin Eruptions, Blotches, Pustules, Tetters, Worms and Insects, Black Spots, etc., are removed by a few doses, and the skin changed to a clear and beautiful appearance.

This remedy is superior to all preparations of Buchu, Cubebs, Juniper, etc., in Diabetes, Catarrh of the Bladder, Gravel, Brick Dust, and other morbid state of the Urine. The RENOVATING RESOLVENT does not augment the functional secretions of one organ by suspending the secretions of others.

Ask always for Dr. RADWAY'S RESOLVENT, or SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT.—Price, $1 per bottle; or 6 bottles for $5.

DR. RADWAY & CO.,
439 St. Paul-street, Montreal.

Sent to all parts of Canada.

W. M. MASSON,
Agent, Ottawa.

READ FALSE AND TRUE.—Send one letter-stamp to RADWAY & CO., 439 St. Paul-street, Montreal. Information worth thousands will be given you. Price of RESOLVENT SARSAPARILLIAN, $1 per bottle, or $10 per dozen. 777b

NEW BOOKS.

Exodus of the Western Nations by Viscount Bury; Chronicles and Characters by Owen Meredith; Brakespeare by the author of "Guy Livingstone"; The Lost Name, a Novel; Farming for Boys; The New Dictionary of Quotations; The Huguenots by Samuel Smiles; Law and Lawyers—Curious Facts and Characteristic Sketches; Art and Artists, do.; Books and Authors, do.; Clergymen and Doctors, do.; Longfellow's Works Complete for 15 cents; The Waverley Novels, per vol., 15 cents; Cooper's Novels, per vol., 15 cents; Essays in Elia by Lamb complete for 15 cents; De Quincey's Confessions of an Opium Eater for 15 cents.

Bibles, Prayer Books, Church Services, just received from the Publishers, in the newest and richest patterns.

For sale by J. DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st.,
498y Opposite the Russell House.

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS, Toronto, May 28, 1868.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT Charles Westley Lount, of Bracebridge, in the Township of Macaulay, in the District of Muskoka, Esquire has been appointed Agent for the disposal of public lands in the Townships of Morrison, Muskoka, Draper, Macauley, Stephenson, McLean, Brunnel, Monck and Watt, in the District of Muskoka, in the place of Richard Jose Oliver, Esquire, whose services have been dispensed with.

Applications for lands open as Free Grants in the above mentioned Townships, must also be made to Mr. Lount.

S. RICHARDS,
Commissioner.

Toronto, May 29, 1867. 758-tf

W. NOTMAN,
Photographer to the Queen

CORNER OF

WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS,

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his

Establishment will be Opened

—ON—

Monday Next, 3rd February

When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for different branches of Photography.

Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 582y

PAIN KILLER.

The Great Family Medicine of the Age.

THE UNIVERSAL REMEDY for INTERNAL & EXTERNAL COMPLAINTS!

OUR FIRST PHYSICIANS USE AND RECOMMEND ITS USE!

It Enjoys the Largest Sale of Any Proprietary Medicine in the World!

THE PAIN KILLER

HAS been favorably known for more than thirty years, during which time we HAVE RECEIVED THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS, showing this Medicine to be an almost NEVER FAILING REMEDY for disease caused by or attendant upon—Sudden Colds, Coughs, Fever and Ague, Headache, Bilious Fever, Pains in the Side, Back and Loins, as well as in the Joints and Limbs; Neuralgic and Rheumatic Pains in any part of the system, Toothache and Pains in the Head and Face.

As a BLOOD PURIFIER and TONIC for the STOMACH, it seldom fails to cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Heartburn, Kidney Complaints, Sick Headache, Piles Asthma or Phthisic, Ringworms, Boils, Felons, Whitlows, Old Sores, Swelled Joints, and General Debility of the System.

It is also a PROMPT and SURE REMEDY for Crampand Pains in the Stomach, Painters' Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Scalds, Burns, Sprains, Bruises, Frost Bites, Chilblains, as well as the Stings of Insects, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

☞ Directions accompany each bottle.

It has been tested in every variety of climate, and by almost *every nation known* to civilization. It is the almost constant companion and inestimable friend of the *Missionary*, and to *traveller* should be without it. Like every other good thing, the Pain Killer has been extensively counterfeited; which, (while it is an acknowledged testimony to its usefulness, as the deceived purchaser estimates the value of the *Pain Killer* by the base compound he has purchased for the genuine article.

Purchasers should be careful and not allow the dealer to sell them worthless imitations, on which they realize a larger profit, but take only the *Pain Killer*, and see that it is the genuine, bearing the signature of Perry Davis & Son upon the label.

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by Druggists and Medicine Dealers, and Commission Merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers, and at Variety Shops generally throughout the world.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Manufs. and Props.,
74, High-st., Providence, R. I.,
380, St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. Q.,
17, Southampton Row, Holborn, London, E

G-1w11dwy

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864.

IN THE MATTER OF

WILLIAM N. BARRIE

AND

JOHN McMARTIN,

INSOLVENTS.

The Creditors of the above-named Insolvents are hereby notified to meet me at the OFFICE of Messrs. MORLAND, WATSON & CO., in the City of Montreal, on

Friday, the 26th day of June Next,

At the hour of ELEVEN o'clock in the Forenoon, for the ordering of the affairs of the Estate generally.

Dated at L'Orignal, this 8th day of June, A. D., 1868.

EDWD. F. DARTNELL,
Assignee.

PIANOS. PIANOS.

JUST RECEIVED AT THE

London Music Store!

Her Majesty's Theatre,

Wellington Street,

A new and splendid assortment of

PIANOFORTES!

☞ UNION MAKE. ☜

Every PIANO from this establishment warranted for 5 years.

Also just received a new stock of

VICTORIA ORGANS and MELODEONS

VIOLINS, CONCERTINAS, GUITARS, &c., in great variety.

Second hand Pianos taken in part ways at for new ones.

Connected with this establishment is a Piano Manufacturer, who will attend punctually to all orders for TUNING left at the London Music Store.

E. MILES,
Lessee of Her Majesty's Theatre.

Ottawa, March 25, 1868. 551-39y

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864,

AND AMENDMENTS THERETO.

In the matter of WILLIAM N. BARRIE and JOHN McMARTIN, Insolvents.

BY virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvents, and also under and by virtue of an order made by James Daniell, Esquire, Judge of the County Court of the United Counties of Prescott and Russell in that behalf, I will on FRIDAY, the twenty-sixth day of June next, offer on sale by Public Auction, at the hour of ten o'clock, in the forenoon of the said day, at the office of Messrs. Morland, Watson and Company, in the City of Montreal, all the real estate and interest of the said Insolvent John McMartin, of and in the lands and premises in the Township of North Plantagenet, aforesaid, and County of Prescott, and Province of Ontario, hereinafter particularly mentioned and described. That is to say:

1st. All the real estate, interest and equity of redemption of the said John McMartin of what nature or kind soever, whether as devisee under the will of Alexander McMartin, deceased, or otherwise, of and in lot number nine, (9) in the fourth (4th) concession, old survey of the said Township of Plantagenet, East of the South Nation River.

2nd. All the real estate, interest and equity of redemption of the said John McMartin, of what nature and kind soever, either in his own right, or as devisee under the will of the said Alexander McMartin, deceased, or otherwise, of and in Lot Eleven, (11) in the said Fourth (4th) Concession, old survey of the said Township of North Plantagenet, known as McMartin's Saw Mills, with the privilege and appurtenances to the same belonging. Also of and in the premises known as the old Store, the large Stone House, the large stable and premises connected therewith, also of and in the Dwelling House now occupied by the said John McMartin, and the outbuildings therewith connected, and lying and being in the Village of Plantagenet Mills aforesaid.

The said several premises will be sold subject to the several mortgages charged upon same, and the said mill and mill premises and other the premises last mentioned with their appurtenances, will be sold subject to the interest of the said Insolvents as copartners or of either of them therein, under the partnership articles the lease therein mentioned or otherwise howsoever at the time of their insolvency to the residue of the unexpired term of fifteen years from the 1st day of December, 1865, and to the mortgages thereon.

There is a rent of one dollar annually payable during said term to the said John McMartin as devisee thereof, under the will of the said Alexander McMartin.

Terms—Cash.

For further particulars apply to Edward Taylor Dartnell, Esquire, L'Orignal, Solicitor for the Assignee, or to the Assignee.

Dated at L'Orignal, this 23rd day of April A.D., 1868.

EDWD. FREWEN DARTNELL,
726 1aw2m Assignee

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, May 8, 1868.

AUTHORIZED Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 28 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

SITUATION WANTED.

A Lady, who has good references, would desir a situation as HOUSEKEEPER to a Catholi Clergyman or private gentleman. Please appl at the TIMES office.

Ottawa, June 13, 1868 767a

FOR SALE.

A SELF-ACTING SODA WATER APPARATUS, with cylinders complete, cheap for cash. Apply to WILLIAM PRODERICK Rideau-street, Ottawa. 687tf

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned will either sell or let for a few years his well known farm, being lot Twenty-five in the Fourth Concession of Gloucester, Rideau Front, 215 acres all cleared, and well fenced and in a good state of cultivation. Also, the one-half of lot Twenty-seven in the Third Concession, being in its natural state, all wood and excellent land. It is just the cross of two hundred acres from the corner of the one lot to the other. The railroad line runs within ten feet of the front corner of the one hundred and in sight of the two hundred for two or three miles. The Station at Cunningham's is scarcely a mile and a half from the front of Lot Twenty-five. The above farm is capable of keeping thirty head of milch cows, two span of horses, and as many young cattle as it would be proper to raise. Eight or nine years ago I kept twenty-two milch cows, and ten or twelve horses, and raised five or six calves every year. The above farm is about ten miles from the door, to the limits of the City. The improvements cannot be surpassed for a farmer's purpose. The dwelling house is stone, 30 by 40, a story and a half over ground; and a cellar nine feet high, the one half used for a kitchen and the other half capable of holding 1,000 bushels of anything you wish to put into it; there is three small windows in it, and when cleaned in the Spring, makes an excellent milk-house or dairy; there is a frame wood shed at the door, 60 by 24, with 14 feet taken off the one end for a coachhouse, and overhead for a storehouse; next to that is a stable 38 by 26, finished inside, complete with four large double stalls and two single ones, and good room for hanging up harness, and all else; convenient to that is a barn 40 by 50, in which I have often put 1,000 bushels of grain in one year; connected with that is 200 and 20 feet of frame sheds, all 20 and 24 deep, under pinned with stone and lined from floor to seven feet, according to level; on the north side of the house is another barn, 30 by 40, commonly filled with peas and oats. And if either tennant or purchaser has a desire for religious purposes you can lie in your bed and look at the bell tolling on the Catholic Church every Holy Day, and go to the front door and you will see the Presbyterian Church, where the Rev. Mr. Lochead has preached for the last twenty-two years, and go to the back door and you will see both English Church and Methodist Church within two miles. The above farm would be a desirable situation for a young man wishing to give his attention to farming, as the Ottawa Market cannot be surpassed in the Dominion. I think that I can say that I have not sold one pound of butter under one shilling this eight years: if one went under it went over. Some reader may ask what am I selling for, it is neither for scant nor for want of anything, but I am in the seventieth year of my age, and has purchased off this lot seven hundred and fifty acres of land and all is paid for, and all my sons is settled on their own farms, so I would rather sit down and take my ease as he attending to marketing and farming any longer. Persons wishing to get any information on any point from me, can go so by addressing, post-paid, JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr., South Gloucester.

JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr.
February 5, 1868. 709-6w12

NOTICE.

BOATS FOR PIC-NICS.—In order to prevent disappointment, and ensure punctuality, parties requiring Boats for Pic-Nics between Ottawa and Hull, or the line of the regular ferry, to Bellevue Gardens or elsewhere, should apply to the undersigned direct, a couple of days in advance, instead of making arrangements with the proprietors of Gardens or other places of amusement. Parties infringing on the rights and privileges of the Ferry License will be prosecuted to the utmost rigour of the law.

JOSEPH SMITH.
Ottawa, June 12, 1868. 766a

MILES' HAIRDRESSNG SALOON

BELL'S BLOCK, ELGIN-ST.

THIS SALOON is fitted up in a neat and attractive manner, and is always attended by competent and attentive workmen.

E. MILES,
Hair Dresser, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General.

Ottawa, April 13. 715y

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

☞ AN OMNIBUS ☜

Will leave the

RUSSELL HOUSE,

Every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 7 a.m., punctually, to carry passengers

FOR AYLMER

To connect with the Union Forwarding Railway Company's Steamers.

JAMES MULLIGAN.
Ottawa, May 16, 1868. 744tf

TABLES

FOR

Converting One Inch Lumber

AND

QUEBEC STANDARD

—TO—

Board Measure.

For Sale by

J. DURIE & SON.
Booksellers and Stationers,
10, Sparks-st., Ottawa.

June 5, 1868. 760a

BUSINESS STAND FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers FOR SALE his STORE and DWELLING in the Village of MARATHON, Township of FITZROY. Also, One Hundred and Thirty Acres of GOOD LAND, on which the store and outbuildings are erected. This is a splendid opportunity for any party with moderate capital, desirous of a good opening for a first-class country business.

Apply to ROBERT JOHNSTON,
721-17-6 Marathon P. O.

NEW STORE!

THE Store formerly occupied by W. D. WOOD, No. 38, on RIDEAU STREET, has been refitted by the subscribers, and will be opened on MONDAY, FOURTEENTH OCTOBER, with an entire new stock of

GROCERIES,

LIQUORS AND

HARDWARE.

WOOD & ROSSITER.
Ottawa, October 12, 1867 15

FOR SALE.

LA BLACKSMITH'S SHOP AND TOOLS, together with TWO TOWN LOTS in the Village of Long Island Locks. Possession given on the 1st of August. For further particulars apply to DAVID HALL, on the premises, or by letter, postpaid.

June 4, 868. 759-1-23-2m

CANADA.

GOLD COINS OF SYDNEY MINT MADE A LEGAL TENDER.

THE DUKE OF BUCKINGHAM TO LORD MONCK.

CANADA.

Separate.

DOWNING-STREET,
25th May, 1868.

MY LORD,

With reference to your despatch No. 200, 24th November, 1866, I have the honor to transmit to you the accompanying copies of an order of Her Majesty in Council and of a Proclamation for declaring the Gold Coins of the Sydney Mint, a legal tender in those of Her Majesty's possessions abroad which are specified in the schedule annexed to the Proclamation.

You will be so good as to cause this Proclamation to be published in Canada, in the most authentic manner.

A similar order in Council was passed on the 10th of November, 1866, for making these coins a legal tender in the Colonies mentioned below:

Antigua,	Malta,
Barbadoes,	Montserrat,
Bahamas,	Nevis,
Bermuda,	Natal,
Cape of Good Hope,	St. Helena,
British Columbia,	Sierra Leone,
Dominica,	St. Vincent,
Falkland Islands,	St. Christopher and its dependencies,
Gold Coast,	St. Lucia,
Gambia,	Trinidad,
Gibraltar,	Tobago,
British Guiana,	Turks and Caicos Islands,
Granada,	Vancouver Island,
Honduras,	Virgin Islands.
Jamaica,	
Lagos.	

I have, &c.,
(Signed), BUCKINGHAM & CHANDOS.
Governor,
The Right Honble.
Viscount Monck,
&c., &c., &c.

AT THE COURT AT WINDSOR,

The 14th day of May, 1868.

PRESENT:

THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS

There was read this day at the Board the Draft of the Proclamation declaring Gold Coins made at the Branch of the Royal Mint at Sydney, New South Wales, a legal tender in certain of Her Majesty's Possessions abroad, specified in a schedule annexed to the said Draft Proclamation.

Her Majesty having taken the same into consideration, was pleased by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to approve thereof, and to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the said Proclamation do take effect and come into force in each of Her Majesty's Possessions abroad, specified in the aforesaid Schedule, upon and from and after such day, as shall be for that purpose limited by the Governor or Officer Administering the Government of each of the said Possessions by any Proclamations to be by them for that purpose respectively issued in each of such Possessions.

And the Most Noble the Duke of Buckingham and Chandos, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, is to give the necessary directions for causing publication to be made hereof within Her Majesty's said Possessions abroad.

(Signed), ARTHUR HELPS.

DRAFT PROCLAMATION REFERRED TO IN THE FOREGOING ORDER IN COUNCIL.

BY THE QUEEN.

A PROCLAMATION

For declaring Gold Coins made at the Branch Mint at Sydney, New South Wales, a legal tender throughout such parts of Her Majesty's dominions as are specified in the schedule hereunto annexed.

Whereas, by an order in Council, bearing date the Nineteenth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, we have thought fit to order that a Branch of our Royal Mint, should be established at or near Sydney, in New South Wales.

And whereas in the eighteenth year of our reign, by an order in Council, dated the eighteenth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, we have thought fit to order that certain pieces of Gold Money should be coined at the said Branch of Our Royal Mint, to be called respectively Australian Sovereigns and Australian Half Sovereigns and to be of the same respective weights, fineness and value with the Sovereigns and Half Sovereigns now current within this our realm.

And whereas, pursuant to and in virtue of the powers given in our said Orders in Council, it is provided that a Coinage of the said Australian Sovereigns and Half Sovereigns shall be made, and that every such Australian Sovereign shall have for the obverse our effigy, with the inscription, "Victoria D. G., Britanniar Regina F. D.," and the date of the year, and for the reverse the word "Australian" placed in the centre of piece encircled by a laurel wreath and surmounted by the Royal Crown with the inscription "Sydney Mint, One Sovereign," and with a graining on the edge, and that every such Australian Half Sovereign shall have the obverse in every respect similar to that of the Sovereign, and for the reverse the same word, "Australia," in the centre encircled and surmounted in like manner, but for the inscription the words "Sydney Mint, Half Sovereign," and a graining on the edge.

And whereas pieces of Gold Money have been and will be coined at our said Branch of the Royal Mint in pursuance of orders issued and to be issued;

And whereas, by an Act passed in the twenty ninth and thirtieth years of our reign, entitled: "An Act to enable Her Majesty to declare Gold Coins to be issued from Her Majesty's Colonial Branch Mints a legal tender for payments, and for other purposes relating thereto," it is provided that "it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, from time to time, by Proclamation issued with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare that for such period, and subject to such conditions as may be specified in such Proclamation, Gold Coins made at such Colonial Branch Mint, of designs approved by Her Majesty, and being of the same weight and fineness as are required by law with respect to Gold Coins of the same denominations made at Her Majesty's Mint in London, are to be a legal tender for payments within any part of Her Majesty's Dominions to be specified in such Proclamations, in which Gold Coins issued from Her Majesty's Mint in London shall at the date of the issue of such Proclamation being issued Gold Coins made of such designs and being of such weight and fineness as aforesaid, shall be a legal tender for payments accordingly."

And whereas Gold Coins issued from our Royal Mint in London are at present a legal tender in such parts of our Dominions as are specified in the schedule hereunto annexed;

We therefore, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, have thought fit to issue this Our Royal Proclamation, and we do ordain, declare and command, that from and after the date of the publication of this Our Proclamation by the Governor or other officer Administering the Government of such part or parts of Our Dominions as are specified in the schedule hereunto annexed, Coins made at the said Branch Mint, of designs approved by us at Sydney aforesaid, and being of the same weight and fineness as are required by law, with respect to Gold Coins of the same denominations made at Our Mint in London, shall be a legal tender for payments within such part or parts of Our Dominions, as are specified in the said schedule, until such period as this Our Proclamation shall be revoked, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council aforesaid.

Given at Our Court at Windsor, this fourteenth day of May, 1868.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Schedule of Her Majesty's Possessions abroad referred to in the Order in Council, dated 14th day of May, 1868, and in the Draft Proclamation, the issue of which is ordered by the said Order in Council.

CANADA,
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND,
NEWFOUNDLAND. 776-3

Local Government Notices.

NOTICE.

ALL payments to be made on account of the Ontario Government may be made to the

ROYAL CANADIAN BANK,

And its Agencies.

Dated at Toronto, 30th October, A.D., 1867.

E. B. WOOD,
Treasurer of Ontario.

October 31, 1867. Tf

In Chancery.

DAVIS vs. EMSLIE.

In pursuance of the Decree in this cause dated the 8th JANUARY, 1867, and the final order for sale herein dated the 30th MAY last, there will be sold with the approbation of the Master of this Court, at OTTAWA, by PUBLIC AUCTION, by HECTOR McLEAN, at his Auction Rooms, Sparks-street, in the City of Ottawa, at twelve o'clock, noon, on WEDNESDAY, the 15th JULY NEXT, the following Real Estate, viz:

All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate lying and being in the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, containing by admeasurement one hundred acres, be the same more or less, being composed of the North Half of Lot Number Sixteen, in the Fifth Concession of the said Township of Nepean, Rideau Front.

The said land is well adapted for farming purposes, and lies on the east side of the main road from Ottawa to Richmond; about sixty acres of it are cleared and under cultivation, and it is situated amongst the best lands in the County of Carleton. It is fifteen miles from Ottawa, and five miles from Richmond and the River Goodwood, a constantly flowing stream passes through the centre of it.

One-tenth of the purchase money is to be paid down by the purchaser to the Vendor or his Solicitors at the time of sale by way of deposit, and the balance on or before the 1st AUGUST next; upon payment of which he will be entitled to a conveyance, and let into possession.

In other respects the conditions of sale are the standing conditions of the Court of Chancery. The deed from the late Alexander Emslie to the Plaintiff will be produced at the time of sale.

All parties to the suit, with the exception of the Vendor, are to be at liberty to bid.

Further particulars, and conditions of sale, may be had at the Offices of the said Master and MESSRS. LEWIS, PINHEY AND WARD, Ottawa, and M. R. VANKOUGHNET, ESQ., and MESSRS. O'DONOHOE & WARMOLL, Toronto.

Dated this 12th day of June, 1868.

(Signed), JOHN WILSON,
Master at Ottawa.

LEWIS, PINHEY & WARD,
Vendor's Solicitors. 768td

Richmond Circuit Board

OF

PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

FOR THE

County of Carleton.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

That the above Board will meet

IN THE TOWN HALL

IN RICHMOND,

On Wednesday, the 8th day of July next

AND ALSO ON

WEDNESDAY,

The 9th day of December next,

At 12 o'clock, noon, for general business. Applicants for certificates of qualification are required to furnish the Board with certificates of moral character from either Local Superintendent or from a Clergyman of the denomination to which they respectively belong.

C. B. PETITT, M.A.,
Chairman.

J. HINTON,
Secretary.

Richmond, May 21, 1868.

STATIONERY.

J. DURIE & SON have just received from the best English and Canadian Manufacturers a large stock of

BLANK BOOKS

Of every description, also Receipt Books, Order Books, Blank Note Books, Time Books, Bill Books, &c.

Memorandum Books, Pocket Ledgers, Cash Books, Pocket Books, Clerks' Check Books.

Post and Foolscap Copying Letter Books and Tresses Copying Ewers, and Brushes.

A splendid lot of Glass and Pewter Inkstands; a few extra large size suitable for Bank use.

Windsor and Newton's Solid Sketch Book.

Antoine's Celebrated Violette Copying Inks.

The Waverly Pen; the best Pen in use.

Postage and Bill Stamps.

For sale by

J. DURIE & SON,
498y 10 Sparks-st., opposite the Russell House.

MOWING & REAPING MACHINES.

We have for sale, and are manufacturing the lightest and most durable MOWING & COMBINED MOWING & REAPING MACHINE in use (no wood work), wrought iron frame, with wrought iron steel-plated guards. Price of Mower, $60; Combined, $85.

—ALSO,—

8 Horse-power Threshing Machines
20 Sets Threshers and Separators
10 Sets Double-Pinion Powers to match
10 Sets Treble Geared Iron Powers, known as the Watch Power.

Purchasers can have their choice of the Powers. These Machines are made in the most substantial manner and warranted. Price, complete, including Belts, Wrenches, &c., $290.

ALSO,

Two Horse Railroad Powers; 50 Sets of our new Double-Pinion Railroad Power Threshing Machines, complete. For ease upon the team, amount of work, and manner in which it is done, they have no equal.

ALSO,

Fifty Sets of our Common two-horse Machines, with improvements, which are so well known as to need no comment. Every Machine is warranted as recommended. All of which will be sold at very low prices on reasonable terms. Large discount for cash down.

E. & B. P. PAIGE,
Nos. 84, 86, 88 and 90 Wellington-street,
June 17. 770-1-25-8 Montreal

RoyalCanadianBank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St

M. P. HAYES,
Agent.

Ottawa, June 21. 57

Railroads.

CHANGE OF TIME.

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON AND AFTER FRIDAY, the 25TH of MAY, 1868, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA
Mixed, 7.15 a.m.	10.35 a.m.
Express, 1.35 p.m.	4.15 p.m.
LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 7 a.m.	9.25 a.m.
Mixed, 1.00 p.m.	4.15 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principals stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

Ottawa, May 14, 1868. 1y

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,

Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p.m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 8:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due rom east and west.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

rockville, April 11. 472y

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA;

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows;

GOING WEST—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 3.30 A.M.

Night do do at 7.30 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.00 A.M.

Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.

Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.

Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.

Express for Boston and New York, at 3.30 P.M.

Express for Portland (staying over at Island Pond) at 2.00 P.M.

Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Riviere du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbroke, Waterville and Coaticooke only, at 10.10 P.M.

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

December 23, 1867 650tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE, on SANDY HILL, opposite Desbarats', LOT No. 32, Stuart street. Terms moderate. Apply to Mrs. TIERNAN, No. 2, Stuart street opposite the Gas House.

Ottawa, May 4 1868. 734d

Two Dwellings to Let,

BEING the Upper part of E. MARTINEAU'S Clothing Store, Corner of Sussex and Clarence-streets.

Enquire at the Store.

EUG. MARTINEAU.

Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 64

TO LET.

A GOOD BUSINESS STAND at the Chaudiere Flats. Apply to

JOHN ASHFIELD.

June 15, 1868. 768a25-1

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.

NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the Victoria VIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Being of the era of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to

FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Or JOHN HENRY, Esq.,
Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W

Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Jo2-141-tf

Quebec Bank---Ottawa Branch

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

FROM the 1st day of April next ensuing, INTEREST at the RATE of FIVE per cent per annum, will be allowed on Deposits in this Department.

H. V. NOEL,
Manager.

Ottawa, March 13, 1868. 699-3m

FARM FOR SALE.

FOR SALE

The Times

VOL. III. NO 779. OTTAWA, SATURDAY, JUNE 27, 1868. PRICE—3 CENTS

Senate Reading Room 3 copies

THE
Ottawa Daily Times,
(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley, issuing of the Daily over 2,000 ; and Weekly over 4,000 ; making a total circulation in the week over 18,000 ; thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:
Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.
Yearly subscription to the daily (if paid in advance) $5 00
If not paid in advance 6 00
Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance) $1 00
Not paid in advance 1 50

ADVERTISING AGENCY—*Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the* OTTAWA TIMES.

Legal Cards.

MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. GEORGE TAILLON.
Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1868. 366-tf

R. J. WICKSTEED,
ADVOCATE, &c., 42, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 589-6m

N. TETREAU,
NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 6, 1867. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-u

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Cassers Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-c

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866.

G. J. O'DOHERTY,
LAW, Chancery, and Conveyancing Office, Aumond's Buildings, Rideau street.
Ottawa, December 6, 1867.

NICHOLAS SPARKS,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

Medical Cards.

A. CODD, M.D., C.M.,
(Attending Physician General Protestant Hospital.)
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Four doors east of the Revere House, Rideau-street, Ottawa. OFFICE HOURS—From 8 to 10 a. m., and from 2 to 3 p. m.
Ottawa, April 30. 730-3m

DR. CHESLEY,
OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 25 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30 447tf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Centre Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 386y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,
DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
CORNER of Kent and Wellington Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 43utf

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, with out the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-100-y

Hotels and Saloons.

ST. LOUIS HOTEL,
ST. LOUIS-STREET,
AND
RUSSELL'S HOTEL,
PALACE-ST.,
QUEBEC.

The above first-class Hotels are now open for the season.

Canadian Families

Visiting the Lower St. Lawrence for summer recreation, can either going or coming, be accommodated by the week or month, at rates similar to those charged at the watering places below. Apply by letter, or at the office.
770d WILLIS RUSSELL.

MATHEWS' OLD STAND,
YORK-STREET,

WILL BE OPEN for the accommodation of the public on THURSDAY, 12th of March, 1868. The subscriber having again resumed business in his old stand as hotel-keeper, wishes to return thanks to his numerous friends and the public for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on him, during the past seventeen years, and hopes by strict attention to business, and kindness to all, to share a portion of public patronage. His Larder will be always supplied with the best the market affords. His Bar will be supplied with the best of Liquors and choicest Cigars.
T. MATHEWS, Proprietor.

N. B.—The house has been thoroughly renovated and newly furnished.
Ottawa, March 11, 1868. 688tf

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec

REVERE HOUSE, OTTAWA,
G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, ...PROPRIETORS.

THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867 582tf

THE ALBION HOTEL
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1866. 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly over hauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance.
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
☞ Oysters, Game etc. ...dall

THE METROPOLITAN
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street-Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

TORONTO HOUSE,
SPARKS STREET.
MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has a few Commodious Suites of Apartments to Let, handsomely and comfortably furnished.
Gentlemen attending the Session of Parliament will find at the Toronto House most convenient quarters, where the quiet of the private family is combined with the usual attendance to be found at the best hotels.
Ottawa, Feb. 25, 1868. 67stf

DOMINION HOUSE,
WELLINGTON STREET.
THE undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.
GEORGE IRVINE.
Ottawa, March 26. 658y

SMITH & RODNEY
MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from Eaton's Gilding Store, having just received a choice stock of
English, French and Canadian
CLOTHS and TWEEDS,
And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1, 1867: 551tf

A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER
AND
Blank Book Manufacturer,
26, METCALFE-ST., OTTAWA.
HAVING every facility in the way of first-class Machinery, and employing none but first-class workmen, I am prepared to turn out every description of Binding in as good a style of workmanship as any other establishment in Canada.
A. MORTIMER, Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, Feb. 6. 384y

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &
Prepared by
AUGUSTUS LAVER, ARCHITECT
End Daly-st. Ottawa.
April 1.

MUSICAL ACADEMY.
Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

Druggists.

THE MEDICAL HALL

Soda Water and Ginger Ale Factory,
23 Great St. James-street, Montreal,
OPPOSITE the POST OFFICE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS Beg to intimate to their patrons that they have commenced the manufacture of Ærated Waters of every description, and on the most extensive scale.
Particular attention will be paid to the preparation of "Belfast Ginger Ale," a beverage first introduced into this country by our Mr. BROWN, who alone possesses the original receipt, and who has also taken out a TRADE MARK for the same.
The proprietors believe their Ærated Waters will be superior to any others at present prepared in Montreal, for the following reasons, viz:—
1st. The employment of the most improved machinery the United States can produce.
2nd. The application of strictly scientific principles to the details.
3rd. Extra care given to the chemical purity of the articles used in the different processes.
4th. The possession of chemical knowledge, without which it is simply impossible to produce Ærated Waters in perfection.
The following Waters and Beverages are the principal ones prepared at the MEDICAL HALL FACTORY: Belfast Ginger Ale, Lemonade, Sarsaparilla, Winter Beverage, Summer Beverage, Soda Water, Seltzer Water, Potash Water, Kissengen Water, Vichy Water.
KENNETH CAMPBELL & CO., Apothecaries to H.R.H. the Prince of Wales.
W. M. MASSEY, Agent for Ottawa. 472y

Spectacles for all Sights.

OPTICAL Instruments Electro-Magnetic and Galvanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.
W. HEARN, Market Drug Store, York-street.
637y

Miscellaneous.

D. CODD & CO.,
PATENT AGENTS, SOLICITORS, &c. Drawings, Specifications, Models, and all other business in connection with the procuring of Letters Patent of Invention, attended to at the shortest notice.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 741-6m

I. B. TACKABERRY'S
AUCTION ROOMS, No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any part of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

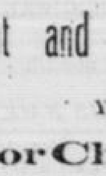
B. BILLINGS, JR.,
ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa ; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O & P R W 746tf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 378v

HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,
WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.
WILLIAM HOLGATE,
JOHN OLIVER,
WILLIAM ANNABLE.
506y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

LADIES CALL AT THE CAPITAL
Boot and  Shoe Store!
YORK-STREET.
For Cheap Gaiters
AT
ONE DOLLAR A PAIR!
Good at 95 cents.
Men's ware equally low, in every variety of style
☞ This is the place to buy cheap at the "Capital," York-street.
429y GEORGE MURPHY.

VICTORIA
FURNITURE WAREROOMS.
GEORGE ARMSTRONG, Corner Victoria Square and Craig-street, Montreal, solicits a call from the Citizens of Ottawa about to furnish, who may visit Montreal to his very large and varied stock of FURNITURE which he will sell at greatly reduced prices for cash. The Parlor Furniture is of the best quality and latest designs, either plain or handsomely carved, in Walnut, oil finished or polished.
His Sideboards, Bookcases, Chamber Sets, Hall Furniture, &c., are worthy of attention.
Hair Mattrasses and Bedding of all description constantly on hand, or made to order, at the shortest notice. Call and examine for yourselves.
"Patent Sofa, with reclining arms, of a very superior make."
N.B.—Sole Agent in the Dominion for the sale of G. A. FISKS' Air-Tight Metallic Casket. 712-3m

Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale.
THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his
Fine Bottled Ale!
Which is in splendid condition. Also,
Scotch Irish, Old Rye
And other Malt Whiskies,
Ports, Sherries, Brandies Gin, &c.,
Together with a General Assortment of
FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.
A Call kindly Solicited.
D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store
Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

GEO. MAYES,
COPPER PLATE PRINTER,
Bank Street, Centre Town,
Between Sparks & Queen Streets.
Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

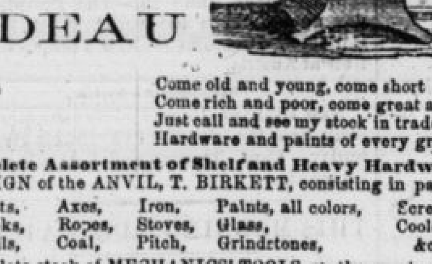
OTTAWA CROCKERY STORE
NEW GOODS.
JUST received ex S. S. "Damascus," 10 Hhds. of the finest English Glassware, selected expressly for the retail trade, comprising

	CUT and ENGRAVED	
CHAMPAGNES,	do	PORT and SHERRY WINES,
LIQUEURS,	do	CLARETS, GOBLETS,
FINGER BOWLS,	do	CALF FOOT JELLIES,
CLARET JUGS,	do	TALL TUMBLERS,
FRUIT DISHES,	do	DECANTERS,
BUTTER COOLERS,	do	CELERY VASES,
	do	CARAFFS, &c., &c.

And a choice lot of delicate Straw Stem Wines, in Ports, Champagnes, Clarets, Sherries, Liqueurs, &c. All the above articles match in shape, pattern, &c., and are the best glass procurable in England.
W. ALLAN,
51 *RIDEAU STREET, (opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.)*
Ottawa, June 6, 1868. 574y

CRICKETING GOODS,
CROQUET, FISHING TACKLE
FOILS,
Masks & Boxing Gloves
AT THE
Sheffield House, Ottawa.
Ottawa, May 5, 1868.

1868. MAY. 1868.
J.A.PINARD & CO.,
ARE NOW SHEWING
New Dress Goods,
A good value in Striped, all Mohair, for 6d per yard.
New Prints,
A good variety of Patterns at 6d per yard.
New Grey Cottons,
A good Cotton, 40 inches wide, for 7d per yard.
New White Cottons,
A good heavy made Cotton for 6d per yard.
Tailoring Department is replete with all the novelties of the season.
Cash buyers will find it their advantage to visit the above before purchasing else whe
J. A. PINARD & Co.,
No. 17, Sussex-st., *Sign of the Golden Ball.*
Ottawa, May 5, 186 ; 16y

HARDWARE, HARDWARE!
—AT—
Thomas Birkett's,
SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24 RIDEAU No. 24 STREET.
Come old and young, come short and tall,
Come rich and poor, come great and small,
Just call and see my stock in trade,
Hardware and paints of every grade.
A Complete Assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware constantly kept on hand at the SIGN of the ANVIL, T. BIRKETT, consisting in part of

Butts,	Axes,	Iron,	Paints, all colors,	Screws,	Saws,	Tin,	Oils,
Locks,	Ropes,	Stoves,	Glass,	Coolers,	Putty,	Bolts,	Chains,
Nails,	Coal,	Pitch,	Grindstones,	&c.,	&c.,	&c.,	&c.

Also a complete stock of MECHANICS' TOOLS of the most improved English and American manufacture.
Then Come and Examine my Stock,
A duty never shirk it,
And satisfaction will be got
In business with T. BIRKETT.
☞ Don't forget the place—THOS. BIRKETT, Sign of the Anvil, No. 24, Rideau-street.
P. S.—All Goods delivered Free to any par of the city. 408y

WHEELER & WILSON'S
SEWING MACHINE
WERE AWARDED THEIR 67TH
Prize and Gold Medal, Paris,
1867.
Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.
Great rapidity, Simple Machinery, quiet in action, easy o opera e, price from $47. *Prospectus free, and instructions gratis.*
G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa, and 105 King st., West, Toronto.
☞ Sole Agent for Ontario.
The "HOWE" SEWING MACHINES are the *best* for Makers, Boot and Shoe Makers; are the best Shuttle Machine for Tailors, Dressmakers, Families, etc., etc. Price from $50. Prospectus free and instructions gratis.
479 43y R. W. STEPHEN, 37 Sparks-street, Ottawa.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
"CAPITAL" 35, H
STOVE SUSSEX MEADOWS
DEPOT ! St. & CO.
WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall Stoves, for wood or coal we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
☞ Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW OVEN STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
☞ Suitable for private Dwellings and Churches Warehouses and Stores
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
☞ New and most beautiful designs, very cheap.
COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES.
Hot Air Furnaces.
We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE, RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. ☞ Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with Stovepipes, &c., at reduced rates.
Lumbermen's Supplies Lumbermen's Supplies! Shanty Plates! Basins! Camp Kettles, &c.
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS!
Bird Cages ! Bird Cages ! Bird Cages !
Price Lists sent free on application.
☞ Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending purchasers would do well to note.
An inspection of the above goods invited at the
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35, SUSSEX STREET,
H. MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa October 2 1867. 62-y

THE LATE MR. JOHN MACDONELL (GREENFIELD.)

[From the Cornwall Freeholder.]

A brief obituary notice of the late John Macdonell (Greenfield) appears in the usual place. In the loss of our late esteemed friend Cornwall sympathises. Every one within the circle of his friends and acquaintances—for in relation to him the terms were synonymous—must feel the deprivation that his departure creates. With a highly cultivated mind, and feelings susceptible to everything that passed around him, he could not be otherwise than an agreeable companion to all who had the pleasure of intercourse with him. And one of the most amiable of his characteristics was his eschewing on all occasions the bitterness of strife. In short, in dying, he left no enmities to assuage. *Requiescat in pace.*

On the morning of Monday last, before the funeral, a meeting of the members of the legal profession, of whom Mr. Macdonell was an able and esteemed colleague, was held in the office of Mr. Bergin, Solicitor. At the meeting the following resolutions were carried unanimously:—

1. Moved by D. B. McLennan, seconded by W. Chisholm, and resolved, that Mr. John Bergin be chairman, and Mr. W. Bethune be Secretary.

2. Moved by Mr. J. B. McLennan, seconded by Mr. Wm. Bethune, and resolved: That the members of the legal profession at Cornwall do attend the funeral of the late John Macdonell, in professional costume, as a mark of respect to his memory.

3. Moved by Mr. D. B. McLennan, seconded by Mr. Chisholm, and resolved: That the legal profession in the town of Cornwall have, by the death of the late John Macdonell, lost one of its ablest members, and the town one of its best citizens, and that the members of the profession present at this meeting do hereby express their sincere sympathy with Mrs. Macdonell in her bereavement, and that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to Mrs. Macdonell by the Secretary.

PESTILENTIAL ORGANIZATIONS.

The Most Rev. Dr. Polding, R.C. Archbishop of Sydney, (Australia) caused a special service of Thanksgiving to be celebrated on Passion Sunday, for the recovery of His Royal Highness the Duke of Edinburgh. His Grace also issued a Pastoral which was read in all the Catholic Churches throughout the Colony. Read "Canada" in place of "Australia," and the words in the following extract from the Pastoral of His Grace have equal significance in this Dominion:—

"It has pleased Almighty God, in His providence, to bring us together in this fair land from almost all nations of the civilised earth, doubtless for a blessing, if it be not lost by our own folly and perversity. Before everything else we are Catholics; and next by a name swallowing up all distinctions of origin, we are Australians. From whatsoever land we or our parents have arrived hither, be it from Ireland, from Scotland, from France, from Germany, we are no longer Irishmen, and Frenchmen, and Englishmen, and Scotchmen, but Australians; and the man who seeks, by word or writing, to perpetuate invidious distinctions, is an enemy to our peace and prosperity.

"The generation of to-day is not to answer to the follies and vices of past generations; and he who strives, by bringing up the memory of past quarrels and injuries, to avenge himself for the past on the present, is endeavoring to realize the fable of the wolf and the lamb. As civilized men—as men of ordinary morality, we detest and despise it; as Catholics, we renounce and abhor it. That man is *a pest* and a *domestic traitor* amongst us who, by naming the name of nations, or race, or class, or past injury, stirs up, by word or pen, one bitter feeling. Let us banish all such topics of conversation; *let us not encourage such publications as abound with them.* In such deadly wounds to Christian charity, we cannot imagine any justification, nor will we admit any dangerous extenuation on pretence of custom or expediency."

MISCELLANEOUS.

—Eve is said to be the only woman who never threatened to go and live with her mother.

—Lord Lyons is giving a series of dinners to the diplomatic and aristocratic circles of Paris with brilliant hospitality.

—The Picton *Times* announces the appointment of John W. Langmuir, Esq., of that place, as Prison Inspector for Ontario.

—The first Virginia newspaper was issued in 1780 at *fifty dollars per annum.* Pity newspapers of this day are not even nearly as well paid for, then Gianelli would not have to pay quite so much for his advertising.

ANOTHER BOY DROWNED.—On Saturday morning, at ten o'clock, a boy named Puller, aged ten years, fell off a barge opposite the Sugar Factory, and was drowned.—*Montreal News.*

—Mr. James Saunderson, a well known writer upon agriculture, in an estimate of the wheat crop in England, states that if the existing favorable appearances are maintained, the enormous yield of wheat in the harvest of 1863 will be reproduced in 1868, and that by the first of July new wheat will be in the market.

HOPEFUL ACCOUNTS.—From all quarters of the globe we receive the most hopeful accounts as to the indications of a good harvest, such as has not been known since the year 1854. From Great Britain and all parts of Europe the news is most encouraging, and we hope that before long, low prices and reduced taxation will be the order of the day all the world over.—*Spectator.*

—The Burlington *Free Press* understands that there is no foundation for the reports about the French laborers having left the West Rutland (Vt) quarries, and gone back to Canada. Some six hundred of them are at work and many of them are sending for their families with the intention of residing permanently at that place. Many of the Irishmen, whose places they supplied, have, however, left to seek employment elsewhere.

THE PRESS EXCURSION.—On Friday evening, the 10th July, the Town Council of Collingwood will give a public dinner to the Press Association, and a public demonstration has also been tendered by the people of Owen Sound, to take place on Saturday evening, the 11th. Arrangements have been made for the publication of a daily paper on the steamer during the trip, the type, &c., being furnished by Mr. Palsgrave, type founder of Montreal, and the paper by Messrs. Buntin & Co., of Toronto. Arrangements are also in progress for a nightly re-union during the excursion.

—By the Monthly Return of Imports for May, it will be seen that the value of books, pamphlets and periodicals entered at the Montreal Custom House alone, during the month, amounted to $22,009, yielding a revenue of $1,100 to the Dominion Government. It is not too much to assume that two-thirds of this revenue is derived from American reprints of English publications, which, but for the anomalies of the Copyright Laws, would be produced by Dominion publishers to the advantage of home industry and the no slight benefit of English authors, who seldom derive any remuneration from United States publishers.—*Montreal News.*

—The Liverpool, (N.S.) *Advertiser* learns from reliable sources that Little Hope Island, on which there is a lighthouse station, is gradually diminishing in size by the action of the sea. While the present light-house keeper has been in charge the island has diminished some ten or fifteen feet. Since the erection of the light-house upwards of twenty-five feet have been wasted away from the banks of the southern part of the island. Our contemporary adds that if something is not done to prevent the inroads of the sea, it will soon become unfit for a light-house station; while from its situation it will remain a great peril to life and property.

—The London *Fun* says: Stephen Joseph Meany, the Fenian Head Centre, to whom Government, with an excess of clemency, granted a free pardon on condition of his leaving England; is showing his appreciation of the kind treatment by delivering inflammatory lectures at New York upon English prisons and Fenian prisoners. He is well qualified to discourse on the subject, for before he soared to the honor of incarceration for treason-felony, he had a taste of gaol discipline for a little petty larceny in a stationer's shop. We should think the Yankee bird of freedom is not altogether pleased at finding his perch occupied by a gaol-bird of freedom.

THE BRITISH NAVY.—The question has been often asked whether the Navy of Great Britain, mounting as it does over six thousand guns, and manned by 75,000 sailors, exceed the navies of France and the United States, or France and Russia, and were it not that we might be considered a little egotistical we should say it did exceed them altogether, but it is useless speculating upon this when there are other questions that do not admit of any doubt, no one after using the "Canadian Pain Destroyer" doubts its being the very best thing for the cure of coughs, colds, sore throat, diptheria, pains in the stomach, sides and back, spinal affections, &c. Sold by all Medicine Dealers at 25 cts. per bottle.

—In a secluded valley of the Yorkshire wolds stands the ancient church of Wharram Percy, quite apart from all human habitation. Only on Sundays is the church frequented, and the congregation have been somewhat surprised to find a breed of foxes in possession. An air drain for ventilation from the outside has been used as an "earth," and by this means access has been gained to the pulpit, beneath which an old fox and her litter of fine cubs, are, except when unearthed during divine service, comfortably domiciled. The novelty has been communicated to Morgan, Lord Middleton's huntsman, who declares that during his forty years' experience he never before heard of such a circumstance, and never met with a finer breed of foxes.

—An extensive seizure of smuggled goods was made near Detroit, on Wednesday last. The Deputy United States Marshal arrested a colored man whom he saw crossing the river in a small boat, and on his person was found a quantity of nutmegs. The premises occupied by him and another colored family were searched, and in them were found secreted 1,760 pounds of nutmegs and 400 pounds of the oil of cloves. The value of the seizure is about $10,000. The arrested parties were merely employed to transport the goods across the river. It has been ascertained that the smuggled property is owned by parties in Cincinnati and Pittsburg, and was intended for the Southern trade. It was purchased in Montreal.

THE FISHERIES OF THE GULF.—We are glad to learn that the prospects of the codfishing are better than they have been these last two years. Although the fish struck in late they are very plentiful, and the quantity put ashore is much larger than that saved at a corresponding time last year on the north and south shores of the St. Lawrence. Herrings were very numerous, over 30,000 barrels having been exported from the Magdalen Islands alone within the space of three weeks. A considerable quantity of salmon has also been taken, the principal portion of which has been packed fresh in ice and sent to the Quebec market. Mr. Morland, of Montreal, had caught within the last few days 15 splendid salmon with his rod, averaging over 20lbs each.—*Montreal Gazette, June 23rd.*

HIDE BOUND HORSES.—A horse is said to be hide-bound when his skin will not slip under the pressure of the hand, but sticks as if it was glued, which condition is always dependent on a deranged state of the stomach and digestive organs, by correcting which, and giving to them a healthy tone and condition, the disease or complaint will disappear. Experience has proved that the means best adapted to this end is "Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and Condition Medicine." It has been used in numerous cases with complete success, generally effecting a cure in a few days. It is the best condition medicine known, and may be given with perfect safety at all times, and does not require that the horse be kept from work. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.* is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman,* Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

—Advices from the Missouri River say that the Indians are quite troublesome above Fort Buford. Near Fort Bentley the Sioux are continuing their depredations, and have driven off stock. At another point several wood-choppers had been killed recently and boats fired into. At Camp Cooke, a new military post between Forts Benton and Buford, the Indians had driven off all the stock and killed two soldiers. The soldiers at the post had killed about twenty Indians. A large party of friendly Indians, encamped near Fort Buford had several white children with them which they had captured from Montana bands. Several hundred Santee Indians came near Fort Barthold last month on their horses, but were whipped and driven away by the friendly tribes living near the fort. Several Santees and a half-breed were killed during the retreat. It is said that hundreds of the Indians who participated in the Minnesota massacre were in the neighborhood of Fort Barthold. They were openly hostile and defiant. It was expected that the hostile savages and half-breeds would have a desperate fight during the present season. The hostile Indians near Fort Rice had sent word that they would make no treaties unless the Government would stop the steamboat travel, and take all the soldiers out of the country. There were, however, large numbers of Indians in the vicinity of Fort Rice awaiting the arrival of the Peace Commissioners. At Fort Stevenson no hostile demonstrations had been made, though a large number of friendly Indians were encamped in that vicinity.

ABOUT BOILS.—A boil is very small at first, and a fellow hardly notices it; but in a few days the boil gets the bigger of the two, and the chap that has it is of very little account in comparison with his boils. Boils appear mysteriously upon various portions of the human body, coming when and where they please, and often in very inconvenient places, sometimes a solitary boil is the sum total of the affliction, but frequently there are a lot of them to help the first one. If a boil comes anywhere on a person, that person always wishes it had come somewhere else, though it would puzzle him to say just where. If a chap has a boil he generally gets a good deal of sympathy from others. Whoever asks of him what ails him laughs at him for his pain to answer, while unfeeling persons make game of him, or his misfortune, or his boil. It is very wicked to make fun of persons with boils; they cannot help it, and often feel very badly about it. Physicians don't give boil-patients much satisfaction, as a general thing, although young physicians who are just beginning to practice are fond of trying their lancets in them. Boils are said to be 'healthy,' and from the way they take hold, and hang on, and ache, and burn, and grow, and raise pain generally, there is no doubt that they are healthy, and have good constitutions. They are generally very lively and playful at night, and it is very funny to see a chap with a good large one prospecting around his couch for a place where his boil will fit in without hurting.

—The New York *World* says the *Real Estate Record* notices that, for the first time in six years, there is a large number of vacant houses in this city and in Brooklyn, and there is the same complaint in nearly all the leading cities, the whole country over. It is usual to attribute such vacancies in city houses to high rents, which drive tenants to seek homes in the suburbs, and, at this season, to the heated term which sends thousands of city people to the country and the seashore. This year, however, tenants are far scarcer than tenements in the suburbs and everywhere in the towns and villages adjacent to New York, as well as in the city. Rents are lower than they have been, but for the first time in many years landlords are seeking tenants, and tenants are not running after landlords. The usual theories fail to account for this really abnormal exodus from city and suburbs alike, while the high rents have taught people to live in smaller premises, two families often occupying houses intended for one family thus dividing the rent. It is probable that thousands of the adventurers whom speculation and trade have drawn from the country to the cities in the past few years have gone back wiser, if not richer, to the rural regions from which they came. This will account for the unusual number of vacant tenements here and hereabouts and in other large centres, and the reduction of population has been accompanied by a more grateful reduction of rents.

OBITUARY—SIR JAMES BROOKE.

Down in Devonshire, in England, the other day (June 21), died, at the age of sixty-five, almost unnoticed, a man whose career has been one of the most romantic and remarkable among those who have helped to establish and extend the British Empire in the Indian Ocean. This man was Sir James Brooke, somewhile Rajah of Sarawak and Governor of Labuan, in Borneo; a successor of Clive and Hastings, in carrying British civilization at the sword's point to India; like Clive and Hastings terribly "investigated" by Parliament, and, at last, laying down his life, long after he had laid down his temporary honors, and far from the field in which he won those honors, in quiet Devonshire, where for a few years past he has lived on a property which was purchased for him by a few admirers and personal friends. He was born in 1803, at Bandel, in Zillah, Hoogly, Bengal, his father then holding a civil appointment in the service of the East India Company. Of a good family were these Brookes, descended from a Somersetshire family, one of whose members was Lord Mayor of London in the reign of Charles II. When James Brooke was twenty-three years old, in 1826, his father, who had returned from India and was living in Bath, England, procured a cadetship for his son in the East India Service. "Service" meant service in those days. The young cadet had hardly arrived at his post when he was ordered to take part in the Burmese war, and while assisting in storming a stockade, received a severe gun shot wound in his breast, which compelled him to return to England on a furlough. Convalescence gave him the opportunity of travelling on the Continent, and his extended tour only awakened that spirit of adventure which was subsequently to make his name known and honored in the list of England's great adventurers. He sailed for India to resume his service, but was wrecked on the Isle of Wight, in sight of the port from which he sailed, and was compelled to return for a fresh conveyance to his destination. He reached India in 1830, but the delay incident to his shipwreck had caused him unwittingly to overstay his leave of absence, and he forfeited his appointment in the East India service. He could have secured his reinstatement, but he preferred to resign, and sailed from Calcutta for China. In this voyage he saw the beautiful islands of the Asiatic Archipelago, among them Borneo, lying like a great leaf on the water, and as Keppel says in his narrative, "lying neglected and almost unknown." Of vast importance seemed these islands, described by all who have seen them as of "unparalleled beauty," to young Brooke, and after wandering about the Levant for years, he once more sailed to the Eastern Archipelago, visited Borneo, where and when was born to him the never-thereafter relinquished idea that this island, the largest in the world excepting Australia, must be added to the dominions of Great Britain. Home to England again to raise means for carrying out his daring yet delightful dream, and the young enthusiast was met with indifference and ridicule; but the death of his father, in 1838, put him in possession of a handsome property, and he was now able, as well as willing, to attempt the realization of his scheme. He bought from the Royal Squadron the yacht *Royalist*, enjoying the same privileges, as to flags and colors, as a man-of-war, a good vessel and fast sailer. With a picked crew of only twenty men he made a test trip in the Mediterranean, returned to England, and on October 27, 1838, sailed for Singapore and thence for Sarawak. The task he had set for himself and his little vessel was no less than the extirpation of the formidable piracy then existing in the Indian Archipelago. On his arrival at Sarawak he found the country in a state of war, and the Dyaks, under Rajah Hassim, in endeavoring to suppress a revolution in the country, were carrying on a losing contest. From Sarawak Brooke had prospected around the island and across Macassar Straits to the adjacent island of Celebes, and returning Muda Hassim appealed to him for assistance and co-operation in the suppression of the rebellion. Brooke was a willing friend, and as a compensation the Rajah, who was going to Borneo as the Sultan's first minister, offered to make Brooke his successor. Brooke then took command of the Rajah's forces, and the assistance he afforded was of the most active kind. The rebels held the upper part of the river and had closed the interior country against Kutchin, the capital of Sarawak. A few volleys from the European guns settled the fate of the day, and the rebels surrendered. Muda Hassim acted in good faith, resigned to the new Rajah, and the Sultan of Borneo confirmed Brooke in the appointment. The Dyaks of the interior, now brought under the rule of Rajah Brooke, were tillers of the soil who varied their peaceful pursuits by excursions among the neighboring villages in search of heads, since the capture of craniums was considered by these Arcadians much as our Indians look upon the acquisition of scalps. Brooke determined to put an immediate stop to these phrenological proclivities, and succeeded to some extent in doing so. He then turned his attention to his long promised effort to suppress piracy, which was the main pursuit of those children of nature and of Borneo, who were not engaged in head-hunting on the land. In this new work he acted with such vigor that the British Jellabys of the time accused him of butchery, and it is upon record that he disposed of several crews then infesting the Archipelago in a summary manner that would admit of this construction. The fact is, that the British Government was a leading partner in this butchery business, it butchery it was, the executive offering "head money," so that the English vessels which assisted Rajah Brooke in exterminating the pirates received so much prize-money for every pirate, and a thousand times as much for a thousand pirates. Under this incentive it is hardly necessary to add that piracy in the Archipelago soon became an extremely unpopular pursuit. As yet, Brooke held only a title and position by the appointment of the Sultan of Borneo, but he was a recognized force, especially recognized by the rebels and pirates, and when he had in a measure, "regulated" matters and things in his summary British way, he returned to England to revisit his friends, and to receive the congratulations of those who had once considered his schemes quixotic, and had endeavored to cover him with ridicule. Excepting so far as English vessels had aided him in the suppression of piracy, he had acted wholly independent of Great Britain, and was responsible solely to his chief, the Sultan of Borneo. But he was willing to take counsel, and was warmly welcomed. The Queen dined him and made him a Knight Commander of the Bath. He was the lion of the hour. His portrait was seen in all the picture shops, and his biography appeared in all the papers and magazines. He gained, too, what mainly he went home for, official recognition. The Government gave him the title of Governor of Labuan, with a salary of £1,500 a year; he was made consular agent with £500 more salary; Government gave him a Deputy-Governor, also with a good salary; a staff of subordinate officers under British pay; and sent a man-of-war to take him to his new settlement. On his return the recognized Rajah and Governor was almost, if not quite, an emperor. His will, embodied in a code, became the law; he declared free trade instituted a currency; reserved the antimony ore of his province to himself, but compelled none to work in the mines against their will; he held daily a public reception when all could approach him to prefer complaints or offer suggestions; he then returned to his bungalow and passed hours in his library, for he was a good scholar, and enjoyed especially the Greek and Latin classics; he eschewed sack, lived cleanly, and retired and rose early. That he was a good and just ruler is evidenced from the regard in which his people held him. The slaughterer of pirates was the most peaceable of Rajahs. But in all this he was less the representative of British majesty, than he was Brooke, the Rajah, for soon after his return a sudden uprising against his authority compelled him to look less for the interests of the British lion and more closely to the lambs of his own flock. The minutes of the Parliament of 1850 teem with accounts of and debates over the stern and bloody reprisals by means of which he re-established his authority. The British public seems to have been in doubt as to the Rajah's true character. His own people, the pirates of the Archipelago, and the head hunters and rebels of the rural districts

learned to know him thoroughly; at all events, they demanded no further "lessons." Order reigned and Brooke ruled once more among the Dyaks, and for years he ruled in peace and quiet. In 1857, what was by comparison with some periods of his reign a rusting monotony, was broken by a sharp fight and general ferment in Sarawak, growing out of the stringent measures of Sir James Brooke to suppress opium smuggling. Kuchin was the seat of the Rajah's Government, and February 17, 1857, down the river came 200 Chinese to attack the town. A portion of the force descended upon the residence of the Rajah, but he escaped, and swimming across a creek took refuge in a Malay village. A few days after down came more Chinese, and in such numbers that the Rajah was forced temporarily to retire, but he soon returned and drove the Chinese out of town, and into a jungle where those who were not cut off by the Dyaks miserably starved. In March following, Sir James had another fight with these Chinese, and the slaughter among them is estimated at 2,000, while the loss among those who acted against them did not exceed twelve Malays and Dyacks. All the Chinese settlements, excepting at Kuchin, were destroyed. This opium war was the subject of much and sharp comment throughout the civilized world at the time. When order was once more restored, Sir James entered upon some extensive schemes for the benefit of his people, which involved him in serious financial difficulties, and caused him to return once more to England for advice and assistance, and while there his health gave way. Nevertheless, he twice returned to Sarawak to look after the interests of his people, and the labor of his life has been the establishment of British supremacy in Borneo. This remarkable man, in all his adventures and the excitements of his wonderful career, has found time for literary pursuits. Portions of his journals have been published, and also the "Private Letters of Sir James Brooke, K.C.B., from 1838 to the present time, edited by J. C. Temples, 3 vols. London, 1853." Detailed accounts of his early aspirations and adventures, and his long reign as a Rajah would seem like a romance. It is only a little while ago that he finally resigned his powers. His own broken health and fortune prompted his friends to purchase the property in Devonshire on which of late years he has lived, and where he died the other day. If British supremacy is ever established in Borneo it will date from the accession of Sir James Brooke as Rajah of Sarawak, and some future historian will show clearly that what Raleigh was to England in the days of Elizabeth, Brooke was to Great Britain in the reign of Victoria.—*N. Y. World.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Champagne Hotel—Isidore Champagne.
Special Notice—Canada House.
Claret—Jas. Buchanan.
Oysters— Do.
Proclamation—Henry J. Friel.
Dominion Day— Do.
Mantles and Millinery—Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

The Ottawa Times

SATURDAY, JUNE 27, 1868.

☞ *For Markets and Weekly Report of Commercial Securities see Fourth Page.*

THE words of Archbishop POLDING, of Sydney, Australia, which we quote on our first page to-day, have the ring of the true metal in them. They are just as apposite to the state of affairs in Canada as in the Australian colonies, and we hope may be pondered well by those who foolishly think they do good service by introducing Old World quarrels into New World communities.

THE *Globe's* "own" Ottawa correspondent telegraphed on Wednesday night, that "it is "reported to-day that the Hon. Mr. KENNY has "withdrawn his resignation for the present." This is either "cram" or pure invention. We know that some people take a malicious pleasure in humbugging the *Globe's* "own," and we cannot say whether the Hon. Mr. KENNY's "resignation" belongs to the one or the other. But it is utterly untrue that Mr. KENNY tendered his resignation; entirely incorrect to say that any such "report" circulated in Ottawa until the *Globe* brought it down, and then not ten people in the city believed it; and as a consequence, it is utterly untrue to say that Mr. KENNY has "withdrawn" his resignation, seeing that he never put it in, either formally or informally. The "report" may have come to the ears of the *Globe's* "own," because, as we have said, there are people here who take a pleasure in hoaxing him; but we have positive authority for stating that the report of the Hon. Mr. KENNY's having resigned, and the report of his having "withdrawn his resignation" are both equally false—both manufactured by the *Globe's* "own," or crammed upon him by a practical joker.

The same correspondent has made another discovery. He says, "office holders are "compelled to hold on to the spoils." Thus he is already twirling at the latch-key of the door by which, as we stated yesterday, the "prophets" would make their escape from the falsification of their predictions about a Ministerial crisis. In a day or two, or a week or two at most, we expect some unfortunate Minister will be "named" for his not having resigned at the time predicted. Oh, dear!

HIS WORSHIP THE MAYOR has issued his proclamation for the due observance of Wednesday next, the first proximo, in accordance with the proclamation of HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL, issued on the 20th instant, enjoining and calling upon "all "Her Majesty's loving subjects throughout "Canada to join in the due and proper cele-"bration of the anniversary" of the formation of the Dominion of Canada. Our readers must not imagine that this proclamation renders Wednesday next a legal holiday. Parties having obligations maturing on that day have either to redeem them then or before, or "take the consequences." The closing of private places of business will, of course, be optional with the proprietors; but the banks will require to give their customers and the public the usual facilities for the transaction of business.

The MAYOR also calls a public meeting of the citizens for Monday afternoon, for the purpose of considering the best means of celebrating Dominion Day in a due and proper manner. We hope, in accordance with what appears to be the general desire of the country, that the City of Ottawa will take some measures for the public recognition of the first anniversary of the formation of the Canadian Union. The apathy evinced on Thursday afternoon does not augur well for an enthusiastic celebration of a civic character, but we understand that already several pic-nics are being organised for short excursions on the river, and a few hours retreat in some cool shade near its banks, so that in this way many people will be able to enjoy themselves. But will the citizens undertake to make it a gala day? That is the question; and if so, how? We shall probably learn on Monday afternoon. In the meantime, we think it behoves the people of the capital to make some effort to mark their appreciation of the advantages which Confederation has conferred upon their city.

SOME fresh gold discoveries have been made in the Quinte Mining District which promise to exceed in extent and richness anything yet found in that Canadian Eldorado. These newly revealed deposits are on lots eight and nine in the Third Concession of the Township of Elzevir. Some six or eight separate veins have been found, varying from fourteen inches to three feet in thickness. Mr. G. J. O'DOHERTY, of this city, through whose property these veins run, showed us yesterday some thirty pounds of quartz, sparkling with the precious metal, many of the "shows" being visible on the most casual inspection. Mr. O'DOHERTY counted over two hundred on the large piece of quartz in his possession, which was taken from a depth of six feet, and the numerous small specimens which he has gathered from the surface give most unmistakable signs of great richness. The practical miners who have seen these specimens regard the place mentioned as one of the best in the whole district that has yet been discovered.

It is to be hoped that Canadian capital and Canadian energy will be directed towards the early development of the wealth of the Canadian gold fields. Our people are comparatively ignorant of the business, and as yet to some extent incredulous of the wealth that is waiting to reward the labors of the miner. The business, to be prosecuted successfully, requires considerable capital, as a crushing mill is an essential in quartz mining; and thus it is that while on the one hand those who have the money are slow to venture on the work, those who have been "prospecting," who have energy and will to work, are often deterred by the want of capital. Another thing which retards practical mining, is the spirit of speculation. When a man finds "a good thing," he is tempted to hold on to it though he cannot work it to advantage himself, in the hope of obtaining a fabulous price. In the very locality where the gold deposits mentioned have been found, land has risen from a hundred dollars an acre—the first "fever" price—to two, three, four, and five thousand dollars, and is probably now held at twice or three times the last named figure. This, of course, is a mischief which will in time cure itself. It is not on record that all the inhabitants of the Western village, who lived by trading corner lots, retired upon independent fortunes, nor that the merchant who cleared a thousand dollars in a single morning by marking up his goods, was so much better off at the end of the year, so that we think while no one should throw away the fruits of his good fortune when he "strikes gold" on his land, all should endeavor to make it immediately profitable by commencing mining operations as soon as possible, even if on the one hand he is forced to make a liberal division with the owners of capital, or on the other, compelled to work at first on a comparatively small scale. It is of great importance to the country that these mines should be developed without delay, and if those who have the means, would but take the trouble to satisfy themselves as to the prospects of the return which the investment offers, we have little doubt, but that money would soon be found in this country for mining on an extensive scale.

THE "All Round Route Guide" is the title of an excellently got up tourist's companion just issued from the press of the Montreal Printing and Publishing Company, and copyright secured in Canada and the United States. It contains eighty-six pages of reading matter, and is offered for sale for twenty-five cents. Starting from New York it takes the traveller up the Hudson river to Albany, giving a capital description of the scenery and various objects of interest which meet the view along its picturesque banks. From Albany, by railway to Trenton Falls; thence to Niagara; Toronto; Kingston; the Thousand Islands; Ottawa; Ottawa River to Montreal; and the St. Lawrence to the same point; next the "lions" of the commercial capital are passed in review. Quebec, the Lower St. Lawrence, the Saguenay, the White Mountains, Portland, Boston, and back again to New York complete this "all round" trip, which is made exceedingly agreeable by the pleasant, chatty style of our "guide." This little book is not encumbered with pictorial illustrations, but there are so many well drawn word pictures that we think the absence of the "graver's art" no disadvantage to it. Upon the whole the "All Round Guide" will prove a very agreeable travelling companion; none the less to those who are doomed to take their summer trips on the wings of fancy than to the more fortunate mortals who can board the palatial steamboat or comfortable railway car, and bid adieu to the cares of business for a month. We hope the success of this edition will be such as to tempt the author to organise another "All Round" excursion.

AN aerolite of huge dimensions was heard whizzing through the air in the Township of Elzevir on Saturday afternoon last. It was spherical, of a black color, and apparently about a foot and a-half in diameter. It passed from west to east with great velocity at an angle of about forty-five degrees, and buried itself in a marshy hollow some six or eight hundred yards distant from our informant's point of observation. A brief search was made for it, but without success. Whence was it drifting?

WE understand that Mr. Ross, of the Civil Service Commission, visited the Finance Department yesterday, examined the books, and interrogated the clerks as to their duties. All the Departments will be similarly examined by one of the members of the Commission.

THEY have had a dismal time of it in St. John, if the *Freeman* does not exaggerate. It says:

"In St. John the weather has been dark, dreary and dismal beyond the conception of all but those who experience it, depressing the spirits and deepening the gloom which bad times have thrown over the place. In all the month of June, we have seen the sun three or four times."

THE Montreal papers are discussing the Water Works of that City. Happy journalists to have such a cooling subject for dissection in these hot days!

THE fourth and last detachment of Zouaves for the Pontifical service left Montreal on Friday. Among their names we notice that of Mr. J. A. MARTINEAU of this city.

THE RICHMOND MURDER.

Various rumors touching this murder have been afloat ever since the first intelligence of the unfortunate occurrence reached the city, and it was difficult to ascertain the correct version. We have been able to glean a few facts which come from a source to be relied on. It appears that about two years ago young Hamilton, without his father's consent, and against his wishes, joined the Richmond company of volunteers. The elder Hamilton was very angry, and told the then Captain, Bryson, that his son was too young; he also sent back his son's uniform, and, as he says, Captain Bryson promised to take the name off the roll. This, however, was not done. When the present Captain Maxwell assumed the command of the company, he found the name on his roll, and Hamilton was summoned to attend drill. It is said that the father refused to allow him to go. On his failing to appear, a Sergeant and file of men were sent for him, when the father expressed himself in angry, if not threatening, terms to several persons. This was in the morning. In the evening he was at Mulligan's store, and had apparently been drinking; James McElroy, a young man named Riley, and Adam Birch, the constable, and the deceased George Brownlee, were also there. Hamilton accused McElroy with having been instrumental in getting his son into the volunteers, and some angry words were passed; he also had a dispute with young Riley, and drew a pistol from his pocket when Brownlee counselled peace and advised the parties to go home. Between half-past 9 and 10 o'clock Hamilton and Riley left the store together and proceeded on their way home. About the same time Mr. Birch and James McElroy left the store and proceeded in the same direction. Hamilton and Riley continued along the road till they arrived at the point at which they had to part to go to their respective homes, but on their way had some wrangling, and it is said some scuffling, took place. Riley is said to have stated that after parting with Hamilton he proceeded a short distance, when he looked back and saw a man seize Hamilton by the collar and drag him down, but it was so dark that he could not distinguish one from another. He immediately saw a flash and heard a pistol report; he did not stop to make any enquiry, but went home to bed without mentioning what had occurred.

Birch and McElroy, who had not gone far from Hamilton and Riley from the time they left the store, saw the flash and heard the report, and also heard Hamilton cry out, "There's one of the bloody b——s gone! send on another," or words to that effect, but saw no man down before the flash. They ran to the spot, but another man, David McElroy, who was nearer than they to the scene, got there before them, and lighted a match, when he found the man who was shot to be George Brownlee, and lying on the ground. Birch and McElroy came up immediately, and David McElroy ran off for the doctor; Birch and J. McElroy were only sixty-six feet from the spot when the shot was fired, and when they reached him he was quite dead. Hamilton ran away home in the dark and went to bed. His house was surrounded, however, and he was taken prisoner. The ball was found to have entered the left breast, and to have taken an oblique direction towards the right shoulder blade. These are the principal facts, as we learned them from a source which we have reason to think reliable; though there are other facts, no doubt, which will not be known till the trial. We were unable to ascertain at what time George Brownlee left Mulligan's store, or how he came to the place where he fell. More particulars in our next.

LOCAL NEWS.

FOR a choice selection of pickles, sauces &c., go to Bate & Co, 52 Sparks-st. 762d

FOR jams and jellies go to Bate & Co., 52, Sparks-st. 762d

MAGEE AND RUSSELL'S great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

BOG OAK JEWELLERY.—Very handsome sets of bog oak jewellery can be had at Young & Radford's, at 90c. per set.

FRUITS OF THE SEASON.—Mr. Dwyer is in receipt of all the early fruits of the season. Pine apples, cucumbers, tomatoes and strawberries.

MUSLINS.—Garland & Mutchmor are now clearing out the remainder of their stock of printed French and Scotch muslins at greatly reduced prices. An early call will secure a good choice, as the stock is very large and well assorted.

THE NEW DOMINION MONTHLY.—We have received from the publishers, John Dougall & Son, Montreal, the New Dominion Monthly for July. This number contains a variety of excellent reading matter in prose and poetry of a high order of merit, and the magazine well deserves its increasing popularity.

VOLUNTEERS, ATTENTION!—We understand that the annual inspection by Col. Atcherly of the Brigade of Garrison Artillery, and the Ottawa Rifles, takes place on Monday evening next at half-past six o'clock. As this is an important inspection, every volunteer must parade with his company that evening.

METROPOLITAN RIFLE ASSOCIATION.—We beg to remind those of our citizens desirous of practising for the coming tournament, that the members of the Metropolitan Rifle Association commence rifle practice on the Rideau Range this morning at 8 o'clock. The Range will be open till 1 p.m., and persons desirous of joining can be enrolled on the ground.

POLICE COURT.—Ann Reed for using abusive language to Mary Litle, fined $2 and costs.—Thos. McGrath was charged with stealing a gold pin from Henry Johnson. When the complainant had given his evidence the Police Magistrate declared that there was no larceny in the case, and that if he wished to recover the pin he must do so by civil process. The case was therefore dismissed.

BOW BELLS.—We have received the English magazine bearing this title from Houser & Fulton. It contains the fashions for the present month, a number of designs in crochet, tatting and embroidery, and a great deal of reading matter instructive and amusing, of a good character, and very well illustrated. If better known here this magazine would be extensively read.

DIVINE SERVICE FOR THE MILITARY.—We understand that the church authorities have kindly placed the Sussex-st. chapel at the disposal of the Rev. T. D. Phillipps, chaplain to the forces, for the service of the military at 9 o'clock on Sunday mornings. This is as it should have been heretofore, and it is to be hoped nothing will be allowed to interrupt this very proper arrangement. The church authorities will for this act receive the gratitude of every friend of the soldier, and the soldiers themselves.

FALLING LEAVES.—This is the title of a very pretty ballad which is, no doubt, destined to become a great favorite among lovers of good music wherever it becomes known. The music harmonizes very expressively with the sentiment suggested by the subject. The musical composer is Edwin Gledhill, a well-known professor of music in Toronto, and author of "I'm Waiting for Thee." The words are by E. B. Shuttleworth. For sale by Orme & Son.

"THE MAN IN THE IRON MASK."—This piece was played at the Theatre to a full house, filled from "pit to dome." It has often been said that Ottawa patronized negro minstrels, and first-class operas, and concerts, but that the regular drama could not live here. This, however, was contradicted last night by the full house at the Theatre. The Coles Dramatic Company had failed of success for a week, though they produced several excellent bills, but on their appearance at the Theatre their attractive powers were immense. The Theatre, having been provided with new means for ventilation, was pleasantly cool, though the day had been excessively warm. Mr. Walter Benn, as the "Count d'Orville," presented the various phases of the character in so masterly a manner, that it become quite evident that he had thoroughly studied the character. He was well supported by M. Slevin, as "d'Aubigne," the chief conspirator, and by Miss Stocqueler, as "Marie d'Ostranges." Mr. Benn may undertake light tragedy with perfect safety and certainty of success. The Coles company generally, are unquestionably good in their profession, and in business perfectly honorable. Gowan's band rendered very effective service in playing with precision, the music pertaining to the pieces played. Col. Powell, and the officers of the 43rd battalion, and a large number of the Volunteers were present, and all were delighted.

Latest by Telegraph.

FROM WALKERTON.

Addresses of the Deputations of the Rival Railways.

Special to THE TIMES.

WALKERTON, June 26, 1868.

Considerable excitement exists here to-day on railway matters. The Hamilton delegation addressed the County Council in the morning, and the Toronto deputation in the evening. The Hamilton deputation left *via* Southampton for home, while the Toronto gentlemen remain to await the action of the County Council, and to hold meetings already advertised. The County Council appointed by ballot a Special Committee to consider the propositions of the different companies, with instructions to report this sitting.

FROM GUELPH.

Annual Drill of the 30th Wellington Battalion.

Special to THE TIMES.

GUELPH, June 26, 1868.

The 30th Wellington Battalion of Rifles, under command of Lieut. R. E. Higinbotham, is now assembled here for its annual drill, and numbers 502 men and 33 officers. It presents a most soldierly appearance on parade, and is headed in its marches by one of the finest bands in the Dominion. The men are remarkably fine in *physique;* and considering the fact that this is a rural battalion, well up in drill. They look like fighting men, every inch of them, and as if they could stand the fatigue of a campaign. Wellington will sustain their military name by turning out such a gallant body of true British material. They remain under arms until Wednesday next, and it is expected that they will be reviewed on Monday, when a large turn out from the surrounding country may be looked for.

FROM FATHER POINT.

Arrival of the Steamship "St. David."

Special to THE TIMES.

FATHER POINT, June 26.—The *St. David* passed inwards at 6 a.m. with 11 cabin, 31 intermediate, and 187 steerage passengers.

CABLE NEWS

Via Montreal Line.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

LONDON, June 25.—Mr. Rassam, formerly Her Majesty's Consul in Abyssinia, and one of the party held so long in captivity by the late King Theodorus, has arrived in England, and to-day had a public reception at King's College.

WORMS, June 25.—The statue of Martin Luther was inaugurated to-day with imposing ceremonies.

PESTH, June 25.—Prince Napoleon has arrived at Bucharest.

LONDON, June 25—Midnight.—In the House of Commons this evening the Irish Reform Bill passed. The *regium donum,* the Government grant annually made to the Presbyterian Churches of Ireland, was voted.

The new postal convention with the United States is still pending in the House. The Government is endeavoring to make uniform terms with all the mail steamship companies.

In the House of Lords to-night a great crowd was present. An exciting debate on the Irish Church question was expected. Lord Granville moved the second reading of the Irish Church Appointment Suspension Bill. He said Fenianism had been received with approval and acquiescence by the middle and lower classes in Ireland. The discontent in the country was general. Firmness and decision were necessary to put down seditious movements, but long before this Bill was proposed Mr. Gladstone had declared to himself and others that the Irish question must be met even if it cost the Whigs their offices. The Bill had passed the House of Commons by an enormous majority. If a similar suspensory law was proper in Jamaica it was still more proper in Ireland, where the Anglicans numbered less than 700,000, while the Roman Catholics numbered 4,500,000, and where there was but one diocese in which the Anglicans exceeded in numbers one-fourth of the population. Thus the Irish Church was a failure as a missionary establishment. It was a remnant of old conflicts. To call its dis-establishment a sacrilege was absurd, and its revenues had belonged to several different sects. Whately had argued that it was the duty of the State to take possession of all benefactions which did not fulfil their object. Other authorities took the same view. The Church of England would gain by this measure. The Irish were not indifferent to it. It was said that the people were indifferent to the reform of 1866, yet riots and other demonstrations obliged the Tories to pass the Reform Bill. He showed that the passage of the Reserves Act had contented them. The condition of Ireland was painful to contemplate. The writ of *Habeas Corpus* remained suspended. The Government did not dare to furnish arms to its volunteers. There, sooner or later, the Church must separate from the State. Lord Palmerston had said Englishmen will never concede until concession becomes surrender. Why should not the Bill be passed? It was useful, practical, and its passage would prove that Parliament was ready to treat the Irish case justly.

Lord Grey moved that the next reading of the Bill be postponed six months, and said he had always condemned the Irish Church establishment as an outrage, but considered the present measure ill-timed, inadequate, and indefinite.

Lord Malmesbury complained of the way in which the measure had been sprung and urged upon Parliament. He quoted last year's speeches of Mr. Gladstone, which he said gave Government reason to expect that a contest would not be brought on at so early a day, and it was unjust to Government to press it. Government, however, was anxious to reform the Irish Church, but this Bill precluded any action on its part. He objected to the measure because no limit had been given as to the application of the spoils of the establishment. The only excuse for the Bill was that it was intended to pacify Ireland, but such a result was improbable. The destruction of the Irish Church would tend to sever the union of England and Ireland.

Lord Clarendon thought that Lord Malmesbury was inconsistent in opposing this Bill, as two years ago he denounced the Irish establishment as the Church of a few, and proposed to divide its revenues among all the different sects. Lord Clarendon continued by declaring that the Irish Church had failed to carry out its object, and its existence was an injury to England, throughout the world. He feared the rejection of the Bill by the Lords, and deplored the effect such action would have on Ireland.

The Archbishop of Canterbury opposed the Bill because he believed its purpose was not redress of grievances, but rupture of the Union.

Lord Derby said if the Lords were ready to disregard and sacrifice all Protestant interests at the bidding of a would-be Minister, and of the majority of an expiring House he would only protest against the measure, as an act of spoliation. He had always supported the Papists in their struggle to gain their rights, but he would not suffer aggression. The Bill would only foster discord in Ireland. He protested against this attack on the rights of property, which hereafter would be extended to England. He said he knew his course was unpopular, but he would never seek popularity for its own sake only.

Lord Kimberly said this was the first step which had been taken to pacify Ireland. He deprecated some allusions which had been made to the oath taken by the Queen on her accession to the throne. Her Majesty acted on the advice of her Ministers. The argument concerning the violation of the rights of property would be found to cut both ways. The Catholics had never recognized the transfer of their Church property in ancient times to the Anglicans.

The Bishop of London said he was willing to make concessions to conciliate Ireland, but this Bill would not effect such conciliation. He did not believe the people of Ireland desired the change which it contemplated.

At a late hour the debate was adjourned.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

LONDON, June 26.—Prince Alfred has arrived in England, and is now at Windsor.

BELGRADE, June 26.—The late Prince Michael left a will, in which he appoints his sister and two nephews as his heirs. The evidence elicited at the preliminary examinations of the assassins of Prince Michael implicated Prince Kara Georgewich in the conspiracy.

LONDON, June 26.—H. W. Longfellow, the American poet, was last evening elected a member of the Reform Club.

VIENNA, June 25.—During the stay of Prince Napoleon at Bucharest he was waited on by a deputation of Jews, resident in that city, who took that method to present a respectful address to the Emperor Napoleon, setting forth their persecution, asking an amelioration of their condition, and thanking the Emperor for his known liberality towards all races of people.

LONDON, June 26.—The steamer *Wm. Penn,* from New York, has arrived.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Via Montreal Line.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

The United States Debt.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—No statement of the public debt will be published on 1st July, as that month will terminate the fiscal year, and the condition of the national debt will be included in the annual report of the Secretary to Congress. The result of the financial transactions of the present month, it is thought, will show a small reduction of the debt. Owing to the expenditure for interest and principal on the 1st of June, however, the next fiscal year will commence with another large addition to the national indebtedness.

In the House to-day, Mr. Van Wick offered a resolution calling on the President for a variety of information in reference to the arrest, trial and imprisonment, in Great Britain, of naturalized citizens, which was adopted.

The American Minister to Austria.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—The President today nominated to the Senate H. A. Smythe, Collector of Customs at New York, to be Minister at Austria.

Steamboat Sunk.

NEW ORLEANS, June 25.—The steamer *Selma* sunk near the mouth of the Brazos river yesterday. Capt. Thomas and four others were drowned.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Meeting of the North Carolina Legislature.

NEW YORK, June 26.—The North Carolina Legislature meets to-morrow, and will at once ratify the constitutional amendment. Instructions will be at once issued turning over the government of Arkansas to the civil authorities, and withdrawing military authority everywhere except where it may be absolutely necessary to aid the local civil authorities in resuming its sway.

Equality of Races in Congress.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—In reply to Radical questions in Norfolk, Senator Sumner says—referring to the eligibility of Dr. Bayne, the negro candidate for Congress—that he knows no reason for excluding him from a seat, and that his election will be hailed as a final triumph for the cause of equality of races.

DOMINION DAY.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—In view of the approaching celebration of the first of July, or "Dominion Day," would it not be well for the authorities to give orders to postpone the laying out of the grounds in front of the Government buildings until after the celebration, to admit of the usual military display. The grounds are admirably adapted for displays of this kind, being level and regular, preventing men from getting out of step, and I am sure Mr. Grant will not hesitate for one minute to delay his work when he is made aware that there is not a place more suitable to be had in the city. Yours truly,

VOLUNTEER.

Ottawa, June 28, 1868.

A FENIAN HOAX.

[To the Editor of the British Whig.]

DEAR WHIG,—I notice in yesterday's paper a ridiculous sensation telegram of a "Rumored Fenian Raid" purporting to be an extract from a letter to a "gentleman" of Brighton from his daughter in Oswego, and am very much surprised that the Toronto papers should have been gulled into publishing it, knowing the source from which it came. I can assure you that not the least reliance can be placed in the report, and the general impression here is that it is a cruel hoax, calculated to create much mischief and alarm in the country. Possibly there may be some intention of taking possession of Nickenson's Island, which lays a short distance from Presque Isle, and proclaiming the Irish Republic there, as I believe there is only one family there to oppose their landing.

R. B.

Brighton, Ont., June 25, 1868.

Several bargain lots have been brought forward from the wholesale department for the removal sale at Magee & Russell's.

For soups and potted meats go to Bate & Co., 52 Spark st. 762d

MAGEE AND RUSSELL'S great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

FOR fine bog oak brooches, eight ear rings in sets, see Young & Radford's new lot, just received, and selling at the very low price of only 90 cts. per set.

—The pearl fishing grounds recently discovered in Western Australia extend along the coast for 2,000 miles. Upwards of 60 tons of pearl oysters were fished up in December last, and sold at £100 per ton.

MAGEE AND RUSSELL'S great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

MESSRS. Young & Radford having secured the services of first-class working jewellers in etruscan, filagree, plain, fancy and solid gold work, and having made large additions to their work shop are now better prepared to execute any orders with which they may be entrusted than heretofore. Masonic jewels gold and silver medals, and every kind of

CARPETS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS.—Garland Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality. They have just received a large stock and invite the attention of parties furnishing to it. Purchasers will find their stock in this department second to none in Ottawa 582-y

BRYAN'S WAFERS, (the great public remedy, have now been in use over twenty year), hence it cannot be said that they are on trials They have been thoroughly tried, and pronounced (on the authority of those whose lives and health they have preserved) to be a sure, harmless and eminently salutary preparation, and if taken in season will invariably cure colds, coughs, sore throat, and all bronchial affections. One fair trial will convince the most skeptical. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts. per box.

DIVINE SERVICES in THE CITY CHURCHES ON SUNDAY.

Christ Church (Church of England)—Sparks Street.
REV J S LAUDER, M A, REV C F STREET, M A, Curate.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening at 7 Free Seats.

Chapel of Ease—Sussex Street.
REV J S LAUDER, M A, REV C F STREET, M A, Curates.
Morning Service at 11; Evening at 7. Free Seats.
Military Service—Chaplain, Rev. T. D. Phillips, M.A.—in the Sussex-street Chapel at 9 a.m.

St. Alban's Church, Daly Street.
REV. T. BEDFORD JONES, LL. D., Rector.
(All seats free.)
Sunday services 11 a m and 7 p m. Week day services daily (except Monday) 9 a m and 5 p m. Holy Communion every Sunday, alternately at 8 a m and 11 a m. Sunday School, 9:30 a m. Saturday Catechetical classes 10 a m. Teachers' class, (open to all adult members of congregation) Thursday, 4 p m. Litany and choral practice, do. Friday, 7 p m.

New Edinburgh Parish—Church of England.
REV. GEORGE NOEL HIGGINSON, M.A., Clerk in charge.
Service in the New School House. Morning Service at 11 a.m. Evening Service at 4 p. m. Holy Communion on the 1st Sunday in the month at 11 a. m., and on the 3rd Sunday in the month at 8 a. m. The services are maintained by the offertory.

St James' Episcopal Church—Hull.
REV JOHN JOHNSTON.
Divine Service at 11 a m and 7 p m.

Methodist Episcopal Church—Le Breton's Flats.
REV T W PICKETT.
Services commence at 10½ a m; and 6½ p m. Sabbath School at 2 p m.

Congregational Church—Albert Street.
REV JOSEPH ELLIOT.
Morning service commences at 11 o'clock, and evening services at 6½ o'clock. Sabbath School a 3 o'clock p m.

Baptist Church—Queen Street.
REV D MCPHAIL, Pastor.
Services at 11 o'clock, am, and 6½ p.m. Sabbath School at 9½ in the morning.

Free Church (Presbyterian)—Daly Street
REV. T. WARDROPE.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening 6½ p.m.
REV. MR. MOORE.
Services will be held in the Church, Bank Street, at 11 a.m., and 6½ p.m.

Kirk of Scotland—Wellington Street.
REV. DANIEL M. GORDON.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening at 6½.

Wesleyan Methodist Church—Metcalfe Street.
REV. E. B. HARPER, M. A., Minister.
Morning Service at 10½ o'clock; Evening at 6½ Sabbath School at 2 p.m.

Meth. Epis. Church—Cor. York and Dalhousie Sts.
REV. S. G. STONE.
Morning Service at 10½ o'clock; Evening at 6½. Sabbath School at 2 p.m.

St. Andrew's Church, (Roman Catholic.)
Hours of service—Sundays and Holidays:—Morning, at 8 and 10 a.m. Evening, at 7 p.m.

Cathedral Notre Dame.
REV. D. DANDURAND, Vicar-General.
Hours of Service, 5, 8 and 10 a m, and 7 p. m., from Easter until St. Michael's Day; 6, 8 and 10 a. m., and 6 p.m. from St. Michael's until Easter.

St. Joseph's Church.
REV. J. F. GUILIARD, P. P.
Hours of Service, Sundays and Holidays, Mass—8 and 10 a.m., from Easter until the Feast of St. Michael; Vespers at 7 p.m.; from St. Michael to Easter, 6p.m. week days, 7½ p.m.

Catholic Apostolic Church—Hull.
REV E J W ROBERTS.
Services, Sundays, at 10 a m, and 5 p m. On week days at 5 p m; and on Wednesdays and Fridays at 10 a m.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Every possible comfort, convenience and luxury will be found at the CANADA HOUSE, CALEDONIA SPRINGS. 779-3

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

RENEWS THE HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR WHEN GRAY.
Renews the nutritive matter which nourishes the hair.
RENEWS THE GROWTH OF THE HAIR WHEN BALD.
Renews the harsh, wiry hair to silken softness.
BEAUTIFUL HAIR DRESSING.
One bottle shows its effects.
R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N.H., Proprietors.
For sale by all druggists. 762dwd

Who is Mrs. Winslow?

As this question is frequently asked, we will simply say that she is a lady who, for upwards of thirty years, has untiringly devoted her time and talents as a Female Physician and nurse, principally among children. She has especially studied the constitution and wants of this numerous class, and, as a result of this effort and practical knowledge, obtained in a lifetime spent as nurse and physician, she has compounded a Soothing Syrup for children teething. It operates like magic—giving rest and health, and is, moreover, sure to regulate the bowels. In consequence of this article, Mrs. Winslow is becoming world-renowned as a benefactor of her race; children certainly do RISE UP and bless her; especially is this the case in this city. Vast quantities of the Soothing Syrup are DAILY sold and used here. We think Mrs. Winslow has immortalized her name by this invaluable article, and we sincerely believe thousands of children have been saved from an early grave by its timely use, and that millions yet unborn will share its benefits, and unite in calling her blessed. No MOTHER has discharged her duty to her suffering little one, in our opinion, until she has given it the benefit of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. Try it, mothers—TRY IT NOW—*Ladies' Visitor,* New York City.
Sold by all druggists. 25 cents a bottle.
Be sure and call for
"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,"
Having the *fac-simile* of "CURTIS & PERKINS" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations. 762-24-2m

To Consumptives.—The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.
To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, FREE, by return mail, will please address, REV. EDWARD WILSON, Williamsburg, Kings Co., New York.

GREAT SLAUGHTER OF

Mantles and Millinery.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Having determined to CLEAR OUT their whole STOCK of MANTLES and MILLINERY, and have RE-MARKED the whole STOCK.

Mantles, Bonnets and Hats AT HALF PRICE.
Mantles, Bonnets and Hats AT LESS THAN COST.
Mantles, Bonnets and Hats AT COST.
Feathers, Ornaments, &c. AT IMMENSE REDUCTIONS IN PRICE.

☞ This is an opportunity seldom met with. New and Fashionable Goods at Fearful Reductions in Price. Sale will commence on SATURDAY, the 27th Instant, and will continue until the whole is disposed of.

CALL EARLY AND SECURE A CHOICE.

Ottawa, June 27, 1868. 484v

Errors of Youth.—A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay and all the effects of youthful indiscretion will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertisers' experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence,
JOHN B. OGDEN, 43 Cedar Street New York

Bronchitis, Coughs, Asthma,
And all disorders of the THROAT and LUNGS, are relieved by using "Brown's Bronchial Troches."
"I have been afflicted with Bronchitis during the past winter, and found no relief until I found your 'BRONCHIAL TROCHES.'
C. H. GARDINER,
Principal of Rutger's Female Institute, New York.'
"Almost instant relief in the distressing labor of breathing peculiar to Asthma."
REV. A. C. EGGLESTON, New York.
"It gives me great pleasure to certify to the efficacy of your Bronchial Troches, in an affliction of the throat and voice, induced by public singing. They have suited my case exactly, relieving my throat and clearing the voice so that I could sing with ease.
T. DUCHARME,
Chorister French Parish Church, Montreal.'
'When somewhat hoarse from cold or overexertion in public speaking, I have uniformly found Brown's Troches afford relief.
HENRY WILKES, D. D.,
Pastor of Zion Church, Montreal."
Sold by all dealers in medicines at 25 cents a box.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding he symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual waisting away of flesh.
They are palatable and self-administered to th child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.
☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are he sole proprietors.
N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* and take no other. ☞ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine deale every where 578y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

CLARET! CLARET!
(In Wood and Bottle,)
ANOTHER LOT VERY CHOICE,
JUST RECEIVED,
JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.
June 27. 779tf

OYSTERS! OYSTERS!
JUST RECEIVED.
JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.
June 27, 1868. 779tf

CITY OF OTTAWA — ADVANCE

NOTICE.

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE

GOVERNOR GENERAL

Having issued

A PROCLAMATION

Which appears in the

CANADA GAZETTE,

Of the TWENTIETH INSTANT, enjoining the observance of

WEDNESDAY, THE FIRST DAY OF JULY

Next, the anniversary of the formation of the

DOMINION OF CANADA,

AS A

PUBLIC HOLIDAY,

Local publicity is hereby given to the substance

OF THE

SAID PROCLAMATION.

I hereby respectfully request that the day be observed, as required by

THE SAID PROCLAMATION,

In a due and proper manner.

HENRY J. FRIEL,
Mayor.

City Hall, Ottawa,
June 25th, 1868. 779td

CHAMPAGNE HOTEL,
SIGN OF THE BEAVER,
No. 71, ST. PAUL-STREET, No. 71,
Opposite Bonsecours Church,
MONTREAL.
This beautiful House, four stories high, being M. Dubord's property, can receive 50 boarders, and offers all possible comfort to travellers. Meals quickly served at all hours to the taste and wish of visitors.
N.B.—Good Yard and Stabling all at
REDUCED PRICES.
ISIDORE CHAMPAGNE,
779d Proprietor.

NOTICE.

I hereby call a

PUBLIC MEETING OF CITIZENS

To take place

ON MONDAY NEXT,

IN THE

CITY HALL, AT FOUR O'CLOCK,

IN THE

AFTERNOON,

To consider the best means of celebrating

DOMINION DAY

In a due and proper manner.

HENRY J. FRIEL,
Mayor.

City Hall, Ottawa,
June 26th, 1868. 779d

THE RIDEAU RIFLE RANGE

WILL BE OPEN FOR

TARGET PRACTICE

TO MEMBERS OF THE

METROPOLITAN RIFLE ASSOCIATION,

ON EVERY SATURDAY,

Until further orders, commencing on the 27th instant, when the Secretary will be on the ground to

ISSUE TICKETS,

Arrange the practice, and give any further information that may be required.

The first meeting will be at 8 a. m., and continue till noon.

C. E. PERRY,
Capt. and Secy.,
M. R. A.
Ottawa, June 26, 1868. 778-2

ERIN GO BRAGH

THE GRAND ANNUAL PIC-NIC

OF THE

ST. PATRICK'S ORPHAN ASYLUM

WILL BE HELD

ON MONDAY, the 29th INSTANT,

AT THE

BELLEVUE GARDENS, HULL.

GOWAN'S QUADRILLE BAND

Will be in attendance.

THE USUAL GAMES,

Such as Races, Quoits, Throwing Heavy and Light Hammers, Jumping, Leaping, Tossing the Caber, &c., &c., will take place, and PRIZES awarded to successful competitors.

A DOUBLE SKULL SKIFF RACE,

Of 2 miles; 1st prize, $10.00; 2nd do, $5.00. Boats not to exceed 20 feet in length. Entrance fee, $2.00. Four entries.

REFRESHMENT TABLES

In charge of the Ladies and Gentlemen of the Association.

Admission 25 cents.

Contributions to the Refreshment Tables will be thankfully received at Mr. Kavanagh's, Centre Town; Mr. Whelan's, Rideau-street; Mr. Caldwell's, Sussex-street; or at the Asylum.

MARTIN BATTLE,
Secretary.
Ottawa, June 25, 1868. 777-4

SHORTHAND
Taught by post or privately for Five Dollars. Address, enclosing one stamp, to T. H., Times Office, Ottawa. 778tf

BREAD! BREAD!
REDUCTION IN PRICE!
BREAD OF McCORMICK'S
OWN BAKING,
Already famed for its excellent quality, can be obtained at his FLOUR STORE, Sparks-street, and BAKERY, Queen-street, at
SEVEN PENCE PER 4 lb. LOAF.
H. McCORMICK.
Ottawa, June 26, 1868. 778a

YOUNG & … COL…
BOG OAK SET… EAR RINGS, At…
At Young…
Young & Radf… ARE SELL… SETTS at 90 c… Which have been … per sett.
Young & Radf… CAN MAKE T… All kinds of GOLD… ELLERY cheaper th… bought retail.
GIVE US A C… And be sure you re… YOUNG…
FOR fine BOG O… and EAR RING… See YOUNG & R… just received, and sel… price of only 90 cents

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

BOG OAK SETTS, BROOCH and EAR RINGS,

At 90 Cents the Set.

At Young & Radford's,

30 Sparks-street.

Young & Radford

ARE SELLING BOG OAK SETTS at 90 cents,

Which have been sold as high as $2.00 per sett.

Young & Radford

CAN MAKE TO ORDER

All kinds of GOLD and SILVER JEWELLERY cheaper than the same can be bought retail.

GIVE US A CALL

And be sure you remember the Place,

YOUNG & RADFORD'S,

30 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

FOR the 90c BOG OAK BROOCHES and EAR RINGS, in setts,

See YOUNG & RADFORD'S new lot just received, and selling at the very low price of only 90 cents per set.

Pickles, Sauces, &c.,

JUST RECEIVED DIRECT FROM

CROSSE & BLACKWELL, London,

Ex ship "Ardmillan," the following:

125 DOZ. MIXED PICKLES,
35 DOZ. Gerkins,
35 DOZ. Onions,
35 DOZ. Chow Chow,
30 DOZ. Piccolilli,
25 DOZ. Walnuts,
20 DOZ. Cauliflower,
15 DOZ. Imperial Hot,
15 DOZ. West India,
15 DOZ. Capt. White's Oriental

Reading Sauce,
King of Oude Sauce,
Harvey do.
John Bull do.
Kalos Cousis do.
Soyer's do.
Worcestershire Co.
India Soy.
Essence of Anchovies,
Essence of Shrimps,
Mushroom Ketchup,
Walnut Ketchup,
French Capers,
Chili Vinegar,
Tarragon Vinegar,
Raspberry Vinegar,
Olives,
Bottled Fruits, an assortment,
Raspberry Jam,
Strawberry do.
Damson do.
Gooseberry do,
Red Currant do.
Black do. do.
Red do. Jelly.
Black do. do.
Crystallized Fruits,
Fruits in Noyeau,
Preserved Ginger in Jars and 1 lb. Pots,
Curnie Powder,
Anchovy Paste,
Potted Ham, Beef and Tongue,
Potted Yarmouth Bloaters,
Strasbourg Potted Meats,
Soup and Bouille,
Mock Turtle Soup,
Mulligatawny Soup,
Hare Soup,
Jugged Hare,
Pheasants in Gravy,
Grouse in Gravy,
Partridge in Gravy,
Paté de Foie Gras,
Paté D'Alouettes,
Paté de Cailles.

ALSO,

A large lot of Keen's Celebrated Mustard in half lb. and 1 lb. tins.

BATE & Co.,

54, SPARKS-ST.

June 8, 1868. 762d

ARNOLDI'S WINE AND SPIRIT VAULTS,

11 Metcalfe-st., Telegraph Co's Building,

OTTAWA,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL. FOR CASH ONLY

Dekuyper's Red Cases, Gin, 15 bottles	$9 00
" Green, " " per doz	4 80
Booth's London Gin	7 20
Bernard's and Thompson's Gin "	6 00
Green Seal Champagne "	12 00

AND UPWARDS.

PORT WINES—Graham's, Sandeman's, &c.

	Per Gall.	Per Doz
No. 1 Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2 "	3 00	8 75
" 3 Old	3 50	10 00
" 4 Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine old	5 75	15 50

SHERRIES—Lomecq's, Pemartin's, &c.:

No. 1 Superior Light table Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2 Extra do.	3 00	8 75
" 3 Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4 Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine	5 50	15 00

Single sample bottles at above rates.

Also, of Standard Brands, in wood or bottle, old and new, Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch and Canadian Whiskies.

Canadian Ale, in wood or bottle.

Guinness' Porter, pints and quarts. Hibbert's Porter, pints and quarts. Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, pints and quarts.

Clarets, Hocks, Sauternes, Curaeao, Maraschino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., &c.

Purity in all cases guaranteed, and goods marked at the lowest quotations.

Orders by mail with cash, promptly attended to Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.

NOTICE.

The subscriber would intimate to those of his customers with whom current accounts may have been opened that it is his intention to take advantage of any irregularity in their payment to close them in order that he may conduct his business totally on the *cash principle*, which has been found to work much more satisfactorily for both the buyer and seller in every branch of trade in which it has been tried, and relying on quality of his goods and the prices charged for them (which will always be as low as they can honestly be sold for) he solicits a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

K. ARNOLDI,

Dealer in the better qualities of Wines, Spirits, &c., Metcalfe-street, Telegraph Co's Building, Ottawa.

Price lists on application or sent to any address.

April 21, 1868. 535y

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY, AND COURT OF SPAIN, THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT MR. JOHN LESLIE, Sparks-street, Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity, For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*

H. & A. SAUNDERS, Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for the sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa, May 20. 748y

FOR SALE!

THAT Splendid First-Class

HOTEL,

IN THE

CAPITAL OF THE DOMINION!

KNOWN AS THE

REVERE HOUSE,

And at present leased at a rental of $2,000. It is one of the best buildings in the city. Its length is one hundred and six (106) feet by forty (40) feet wide, built of stone, with cut stone front and tin roof. The house contains fifty bedrooms, five parlors and dining room, with bar, kitchen and laundry attached. There is a new Brick Stable, sixty-six (66) by thirty (30) feet, capable of stabling forty Horses, a large yard and outbuildings; also a vacant lot, which the purchaser can have if required to enlarge. The premises are in excellent order, being only five years built. Very lately a sum of $2,000 was expended improving the building. For a first-class hotel, or Military Quarters, it cannot be equalled in the city.

TERMS EASY, and made known free of charge, by letter or otherwise, on application to

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer,
Commission and Real Estate Agent.

Ottawa, June 3, 1868. 758d

Dominion Auction Mart,

AND

Commission Sale Rooms

House, Land & General Agency,

OFFICE & SALE ROOMS.

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-STREET, OTTAWA.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city.

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq. M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq. M P
Maz. W. Strange, Esq. M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq. M P
James O'Reilly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq. Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq. M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
753y House, Land and General Agent

Storekeepers, Farmers and Others,

SHOULD BUY THEIR TEAS FROM

The Importers Direct

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY, 6, Hospital-street, Montreal, have sent over one thousand packages to different parts of the country, and receive every day assurances that the Tea gives entire satisfaction. Subjoined are a few of the numerous testimonials already received:

RUSSELL HOUSE, Quebec, Jan. 7, 1867.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the six chests of Tea forwarded some time since arrived in good order. The quality is pure and excellent, and prices cheap. As I am particular in buying the best quality of Tea to be had for our guests, I am pleased to acquaint you that it gives general satisfaction. Your obedient servant,

WILLIS RUSSELL.

FELCOMB, Dec. 3, 1867.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the Oolong Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto, who informs me he considers it as good as that he was using for which he paid one dollar per lb. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz., at 75 cents per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant,

JNO. T. DAY.

HOUSE OF SENATE, Ottawa, December 16, 1867. Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the box of English Breakfast and Young Hyson Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. You may expect my future orders. Yours, &c.,

S. SKINNER.

CONOURG, January 8, 1868.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, I beg to inform you that the two boxes of Tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box, or 20 lbs., at same price, and oblige yours, &c.,

F. OLIVER.

The contributors to the *Medical Journal* have frequently declared that one-half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have carefully selected and imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure and free from poisonous substances, in 50, 25, 20, 15 and 12 lb. boxes.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season, do; 55c 60c and 65c; Excellent Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c; Very Fine, 60c; Finest, 65c, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay common, 35c; Fine do, 55c; Young Hyson, 50c, 60c, 65c and 70c; Fine do, 75c; Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1.00; Fine Gunpowder, 55c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

All orders for 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular sent equally cheap. The Company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much, two or three clubbing together could divide. An excellent mixed Tea could be sent for 60c to 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order or enclosed notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man where there are express offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
6, Hospital-street, Montreal.

All boxes sent from this establishment have the Company's name printed on them.

Montreal, March 4, 1868. w191y

Coffee! Coffee!

TO those who enjoy a Cup of

REALLY FINE COFFEE

—TRY—

BUCHANAN'S

Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha,

JAVA & JAMAICA,

Roasted and Ground

Daily on the premises, by steam power.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

May 11, 1868. 739tf

TO LET.

A desirable residence in the Village of New Edinburgh. Possession given immediately. Apply to the Office of the Mackay Estate.

New Edinburgh, June 25, 1868. 777-3

GREAT SUCCESS

OF THE

Removal Sale.

ALL THE GOODS FROM THE

Wholesale Department brought forward, and re-marked at clearing prices.

SEVERAL CHOICE BARGAIN LOTS,

Will be offered TO-DAY.

ONE LOT OF 20 PIECE MARL POPLINETTES,

This season's importation, worth 40 cents, will be sold for 25 cents.

ANOTHER LOT, SIMILAR STYLES,

Will be marked 16 cents. These are all well worth 30 cents.

500 YARDS STRIPED EARLSTON GINGHAMS,

That cost the importer 22 cents, will be laid on the counter at 12½ cents.

ANOTHER choice lot of Double Width CHALLIE and ALPACCA DRESS GOODS,

At 11 cents and 12½ cents, well worth double the money.

ONE CASE OF PRINTED MUSLINS.

Fast colours and choice patterns, at 10, 12, 12½, 16 and 17 cents per yard, are value for 50 per cent more, only they arrived too late in the season.

A JOB LOT of WHITE BRILLIANTS PIQUES and MARSEILLES,

At very low prices.

50 PIECES WHITE GROUND PRINTS and PRINTED BRILLIANTS,

From 15 to 21 cents per yard.

ANOTHER BALE WHITE SHIRTINGS,

At the reduced rates, will be brought forward to-day.

80 DOZEN MORE of THOSE CLEAR CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS,

At the same prices as gave such satisfaction the last two weeks.

10 PIECES WHITE GROUND FRENCH DELAINES,

With coloured spots for Children's Dresses, at 25 cents per yard, usual price, 40 cents.

SEVERAL HUNDRED DOZEN OF WHITE and COLOURED COTTON HOSE,

Brought out from the Wholesale Department, today, and marked very cheap.

NOTWITHSTANDING

The great rush we have had the stock is still well assorted, and many goods have been still further reduced in prices.

Magee & Russell.

Ottawa, June 17, 1868. 767y

FOR SALE

AT THE

MONTREAL WAREHOUSE

800 BUTTER TUBS, (in good order.

J. MARTIN & CO.

10,000 LBS. MAPLE SUGAR.

J. MARTIN & CO.

50 CASES ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

J. MARTIN & CO.

HERRINGS, PORK, FLOUR, BUTTER, CHEESE.

657v J. MARTIN & CO.

IF YOU

WANT ANY

BOOTS OR SHOES,

CALL AT

Angus & Huckell's

—GREAT—

Boot & Shoe

EMPORIUM,

15,

SUSSEX-STREET

Whyte's Brick Block.

Ottawa, June 18. 656y

TORONTO HOUSE, Sparks-st.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has at present several commodious and handsomely furnished suites of apartments, in every respect eligible for civil or military officers, or private gentlemen remaining in the city.

Ottawa, June 20, 1868. 773tf

City Hoop Skirt Factory.

SOMETHING NEW.

I BEG to call the attention of LADIES to a new and highly desirable article which I have secured the Sole Agency for in Ottawa and vicinity. It is known

As Lesser's Patent Skirt Appendage!

Patented April 23, 1868, and consists of a SEPARATE TRAIL, which can be attached to an ordinary

Plain Hoop Skirt,

has converting it into a graceful

Promenade or Evening Skirt!

It may also be fastened to a Muslin or Stuff Petticoat with the same result. It can be folded into very small compass, and must readily recommend itself to every Lady, combining, as it does, Grace, Elegance and Comfort. To be had wholesale and retail. All styles of Skirts on hand. Corsets, Hosiery and Gloves, Parasols, &c., &c.

456y

DAVID MILLAR,
43 Sparks-st, Central Ottawa.

FAMILY MOURNING.

Every article connected with LADIES' and CHILDREN'S MOURNING, supplied by

GRANT & HENDERSON,

BLACK SILKS,	BLACK CRAPES,
BLACK PARAMATTAS,	BLACK REPPS,
BLACK COBURGS,	BLACK LLAMAS,
BLACK GRENADINES,	BLACK LUSTRES,
MOURNING MANTLES,	AND MILLINERY.

Grant and Henderson.

20 Rideau-street.

Ottawa, June 18. 522y

RETIRING FROM BUSINESS

Great Cheap Sale of Dry Goods!

As GEO. FEATHERSTON & CO.,

Intend winding up their business in AUGUST NEXT. They will from this date offer their large stock of

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,

At greatly reduced prices for cash as the whole must be disposed of by the 24th day of AUGUST. The following list of prices will satisfy all that this is a chance rarely to be met with, and will be for the benefit of every one to take advantage of.

Full width Prints from	4½d per yard.	Grey Cottons	from 4½d per yard.
Printed Muslins "	6d "	Silk Parasols	" 2s 6d each.
" Delaines "	4½ "	Hoop Skirts	" 10½d "
6-4 Alepacca Lustres "	7½ "	Canadian Fall Cloth	" 2s 11d per yard.
Cobourgs "	9 "		

A large lot of Women's White Cotton Hose, from 4½d per pair. A lot of Summer Shawls from 11s 3d to 27s 6d, usual price from 17s 6d to 40s. A lot of cloths for Boy's Summer Wear, very cheap, and all other goods proportionately low.

Shop to Rent from 1st Sept. Next!

GEO. FEATHERSTON & CO.,

34 Sparks-street, Centre Town.

Ottawa, June 15, 1868. 768 2m

Great Clearing Sale of Dry Goods.

Cunningham & Lindsay

No. 14, RIDEAU-STREET,

WILL COMMENCE

ON MONDAY, the 15th INSTANT,

TO SELL THE BALANCE OF THEIR SUMMER STOCK OF

Millinery, Mantles, Shawls, Dress Goods, Prints, Muslins, &c.

At Prices which must effect a Speedy Sale.

☞ *For Particulars See Circulars.*

Ottawa, June 12, 1868. 510y

BLYTH & KERR,

Successors to Chas. Garth,

No. 25, RIDEAU-STREET,

PLUMBERS, GAS AND STEAM FITTERS, TIN & COPPERSMITHS, BELL HANGERS, &c.

All materials for the above branches kept constantly on hand.

Also, Importers and Dealers in House Furnishing Hardware.

Just received a well selected assortment of Fishing Tackle, Baskets, Bait, Reels, Lines, Flys, Rods, &c. Manufacturers of all descriptions of work for Water and Gas Works, Brewer's Distilleries, Mills, &c. Makes and fits up Galvanized Iron Cornices, Gutters, Conductors, Roofing, &c.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Wineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water or Warm Air, on the most approved principles.

Orders from the country will receive strict attention. 740y

A RARE CHANCE.

The undersigned having received direct from the manufacturers in Europe, a large consignment of

Dry Goods

with instructions to dispose of them at

LOW RATES!

Is now offering them to the public, and at an almost nominal advance on the makers' cost price. The stock consists of

1,000 yards of Carpets, of various kinds,
40 Handsome Hearth Rugs,
60 Summer Counterpanes,
24 White Marsala Quilts,
A large quantity of Toilet Covers,
Some Wool Table Covers,
And a large variety of other Goods.

The stock may be seen at the store of MESSRS. ANSELL & MICHAEL'S, Scott's Corner, Elgin and Sparks-street, opposite the Russell Hotel. Parties requiring articles of the above mentioned kind will find it to their advantage to call and inspect the goods at once, as the whole must be disposed of within a few days.

ANSELL & MICHAEL.

Ottawa, June 9, 1868. 763-3m

NEW HOUSE TO LET CHEAP,

Enquire at Ashburnham Terrace.

775a T. L. GOURLAY.

TAKE THE HIGHEST PREMIUMS

AT THE

Paris Exposition

All kinds of SCALES constantly on hand and for sale:

ALSO,

Baldwin's Alarm Money Drawers,

THE BEST NOW IN USE.

ALEX. WORKMAN & CO.,

775-2m Ottawa, Agents.

AUCTION SALE

OF VERY

DESIRABLE CITY PROPERTY!

H. McLEAN,

(Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent),

Has been instructed by JAMES MARTIN, Esq. to offer for Sale, on the premises, on

TUESDAY, 30TH JUNE, INSTANT,

At TWELVE o'clock, Noon,

The East Half of Lot No. 38, and the West Half of Lot No. 39, on the North side of Maria street, in one of the most fashionable parts of the City. These two half lots form one lot, 66 x 140 feet, on which is a good FRAME HOUSE, two and a half stories high, divided into three tenements, and well laid out, and finished in the most modern style, and rents for $112 per annum.

TERMS—One-half Cash, and the balance in three equal annual instalments, payable in one two and three years, with interest at 7 per cent per annum.

Sale Positive.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 776d

ALFRED THE GREAT.

GRAND THEATRICAL EXHIBITION

IN THE

RECESS HALL OF OTTAWA UNIVERSITY,

ON

TUESDAY, 30TH OF JUNE.

☞ Tickets 25 cents.

Doors open at Eight o'clock p. m.

Ottawa, June 26, 1868. 778d

BOOK AGENTS WANTED.

To solicit orders for the

Origin and History of the Books of the BIBLE,

By PROF. C. E STOWE, D. D. A fresh work by one of the most thorough authors. There is no book to compare or compete with it. 40,000 copies sold already by agents.

Experienced agents and others wanted to introduce the work to every family.

Apply, with stamps for answer, to

MACLEAR & CO.,
General Agents,
Pro. Ontario.

11 King-street, Toronto. 774-3

TO BE GIVEN AWAY!

THE

Greatest Curiosity

OF THE DAY.

WILL BE PUBLISHED

On Thursday next, THE WONDERFUL ALMANAC for 306 years, a copy of which will be presented, FREE OF CHARGE, to every Lady and Gentleman applying at

The Ottawa Citizen,
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

SANSUM'S INTEREST & EXCHANGE TABLES.

A supply of this useful work just received and for sale at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen.
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

COPY BOOKS,

(Plain and with Head Line), EXERCISE BOOKS. A supply just received and for sale at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

PLAIN & FANCY STATIONERY,

All marked in plain figures, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

COUNTING HOUSE and SCHOOL REQUISITES,

At the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

MUSIC, MAGAZINES OR PRINTED BOOKS,

Bound in any style required, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

ENGINEERS' and ARTISTS' MATERIALS,

At the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House.
21 Rideau-street.

ACCOUNT BOOKS,

Memorandum Books, Pocket Books, Indexes &c., at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House
21 Rideau-street.

WRAPPING PAPERS,

MANILLA, TEA and STRAW, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen.
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

STEEL PENS and PEN HANDLES,

Gillott's, Mitchell's and other makers, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

WRITING INKS,

Stephen's, Todd's Perth Office, &c., at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

LEAD PENCILS,

Faber's, Rowney's and others, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

BLANK BOOKS,

Manufactured to order, in any style of ruling and binding, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

BOOK and JOB PRINTING,

At the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS, authorized by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario. The prices are:

FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.

FIRST BOOK, part second, 54 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.

SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.

THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Thirty cents.

FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.

FIFTH BOOK, 50 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

A supply just received and for sale at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

☞ A liberal allowance to Teachers and Dealers.

TO BE GIVEN AWAY

THE

Greatest Curiosity

OF THE DAY.

WILL BE PUBLISHED

On Thursday next, THE WONDERFUL ALMANAC for 306 years, a copy of which will be presented, FREE OF CHARGE, to every Lady and Gentleman applying at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

Ottawa, June 8, 1868 751y

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, June 26, 1868.

There is no change for the better in the markets nor any expectation of improvement until the new crops shall be brought in. The market prices for butchers' meat are for beef 9 to 15 cents. Mutton 10 cents. Veal 9 to 10 cents.

FLOUR—Extra	8 00	@	8 25
No. 1	7 00	@	7 25
No. 2	5 50	@	6 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs	4 00	@	4 25
" Spring "	3 50	@	3 62½
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs	6 00	@	6 25
Indian Meal "	4 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs	0 70	@	0 75
Barley " 48 lbs	0 75	@	0 80
Buckwheat Flour—bbl	4 50	@	5 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs	1 75	@	1 80
Spring " "	1 45	@	1 50
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 90	@	0 95
Peas " 60 lbs	0 75	@	0 80
Oats " 34 lbs	0 50	@	0 00
Beans " 60 lbs	2 00	@	2 25
PORK—Mess—per barrel	23 00	@	0 00
Prime Mess per do	16 50	@	0 00
Hog per 100 lbs	0 00	@	0 00
Hams	0 13	@	0 15
Beef	0 00	@	0 00
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 00	@	0 0
Lamb—per qr	0 00	@	0 0
Geese—Each			None
Ducks	0 00	@	0 00
Turkeys—Each	0 80	@	1 00
Fowl—Per pair	0 45	@	0 55
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 15	@	0 17
No. 1 Firkin	0 13	@	0 14
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 15	@	0 17
Apples—per brl	4 50	@	5 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 45	@	0 50
HAY—Per ton	12 00	@	14 00
WOOD—Per cord	0 00	@	3 5
Tamarac	0 00	@	2.00
Hemlock	0 00	@	2 00

WEEKLY REPORT OF CANADIAN SECURITIES.

PELLATT & OSLER,
No. 86, King-street East,
Toronto, June 23, 1868.

Banks and Sundries.

	CAPITAL.	AMOUNT OF SHARES.	PAID UP.	DIVIDED LAST SIX MONTHS.	CLOSING PRICE.
Bank of Montreal	$6,000,000	$200	All.	5 per cent	129½ @ 130
Bank of British North America	£250,000	£50	£12 10s	3½ per cent	100 @ 98
Ontario Bank	$1,000,000	100	All	3½ per cent	115 @ 110
Bank of Toronto	$1,000,000	100	All	4 per cent	88 @ 86
Royal Canadian Bank	$1,000,000	100	10pc to 100pc	3½ per cent	44 @ 43
Bank of Montreal	$2,000,000	50	40pc to 100pc	4 per cent	Books closed.
Canadian Bank of Commerce	$2,000,000	50	All	3½ per cent	106
Commercial Bank	$1,000,000	100	70 per cent	3 per cent	98 @ 97
Molsons Bank	$1,000,000	100	All	4 per cent	167 @ 164
Ontario Bank	$1,000,000	100	All	4 per cent	98 @ 95
Quebec Bank	$2,000,000	100	All	3 per cent	105 @ 103½
Montreal City Bank	$1,000,000	50	All	4 per cent	105 @ 104
Montreal Water Works	$1,000,000	50	All	4 per cent	165 @ 160
Montreal Water Works, Sterling	£100,000	£20	All	4 per cent	95 @ 90
Ottawa City Bank	$1,000,000	50	All	4 per cent	105 @ 104
Ottawa Bank, Montreal	$1,000,000	50	All	4 per cent	118 @ 115
Montreal Harbor Bonds	$1,000,000	100	All	4 per cent	118 @ 115
Quebec Harbor Bonds	$1,000,000	100	All	4 per cent	118 @ 115
Toronto City Bonds	$1,000,000	100	All	4 per cent	118 @ 115
Toronto City Gas Company	$100,000	50	All	4 per cent	Books closed.
Canadian Land Credit Company	£50,000	£50	£14	3½ per cent	57 @ 54½
Canadian Land Credit Company	£50,000	£50	£14	3½ per cent	43 @ 135

	Redeemable.	Closing Price.
Government 5 per Cents, sterling	1883	89½ @ 89½
Dominion Stock, 6 per cent	"	99 @ 99
" " 6 "	1878	99½ @ 100
" " 6 "	"	100
Montreal City Bonds, Sterling 6 per Cents	1870	100
Montreal Water Works, Sterling 6 per Cents	1878	90 @ 91
Montreal Water Works, Currency 6 per Cents	1891	90 @ 91
Montreal City Bonds, Currency 6 per Cents	1870	100
Quebec City Bonds, 6 per Cents	1875	100
Quebec Harbor Bonds, 6 per Cents	1875	100
Toronto City Bonds, 6 per Cents	1877	99 @ 100
Ottawa Bonds		99 @ 100
Ottawa City Bonds		99 @ 100
Ottawa Bank, Montreal		100
City Bank, Montreal		101
Barling Bros. & Co., London, Quebec		100

* The accrued interest is added to the prices of all bonds and debentures.

† Interest paid in this market.

‡ Bonds and Debentures.

Bank of Montreal—Sellers at 129. Buyers at 129½.

Bank of British North America—Books closed. 100, ex dividend is offered.

Ontario Bank—Small amounts offering at 98.

Bank of Toronto—Books closed.

Royal Canadian Bank—Books closed. Sales at 84, ex dividend.

Canadian Bank of Commerce—Books closed.

Gore Bank—Sales at quotation.

Merchants' Bank—Books closed.

Quebec Bank—Books closed.

Molson's Bank—Offering at 108.

City Bank—Enquired for at 98. Sellers at 99.

La Banque du Peuple—Sales at 104½, 105 and 104½.

La Banque Nationale—Nominal.

La Banque Jacques Cartier—Buyers at 104½. Sellers at 108.

Mechanics' Bank—Sellers at 96½.

Union Bank—Books closed.

Toronto City Gas Company—Sales at 104½ to 105.

British America Assurance Company—Asked for at 57.

Canada Permanent Building Society—Books closed.

Western Canada Permanent Building Society—Books closed.

Freehold Building Society—Enquired for. None offering.

Montreal Telegraph Company—Nothing doing.

Canada Landed Credit Company—Offering at 45.

Canada Debentures—Nothing doing in 'Sixes.' Sterling 'Fives' are much enquired for.

City of Toronto Debentures—Large amounts offering to pay 6½ p. c. interest.

County Debentures—Offering at rates to pay 6½ p. c. interest.

Mortgages—Good ones enquired for at 8 p. c.

Money—There is a fair supply at reasonable rates.

There is an almost total absence of business in Bank Stocks in consequence of the number of books closed for payment of dividend on 2nd proximo.

PELLATT & OSLER,
Brokers.

All kinds of Debentures, Mortgages, Building, Society, Bank, and other stocks bought and sold, and collections made on the most favorable terms.

PAIN KILLER.

The Great Family Medicine of the Age.

THE UNIVERSAL REMEDY for INTERNAL & EXTERNAL COMPLAINTS!

OUR FIRST PHYSICIANS USE AND RECOMMEND ITS USE!

It Enjoys the Largest Sale of Any Proprietary Medicine in the World!

THE PAIN KILLER

HAS been favorably known for more than thirty years, during which time we HAVE RECEIVED THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS, showing this Medicine to be an almost NEVER FAILING REMEDY for diseases caused by or attendant upon—Sudden Colds, Coughs, Fever and Ague, Headache, Billious Fever, Pains in the Side, Back and Loins, as well as in the Joints and Limbs; Neuralgic and Rheumatic Pains in any part of the system, Toothache and Pains in the Head and Face.

As a BLOOD PURIFIER and TONIC for the STOMACH, it seldom fails to cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Heartburn, Kidney Complaints, Sick Headache, Piles Asthma or Phthisic, Ringworms, Boils, Felons, Whitlows, Old Sores, Swelled Joints, and General Debility of the System.

It is also a PROMPT and SURE REMEDY for Cramp and Pains in the Stomach, Painters' Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Scalds, Burns, Sprains, Bruises, Frost Bites, Chilblains, as well as the Stings of Insects, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venemous Reptiles.

☞ Directions accompany each bottle.

It has been tested in every variety of climate, and by almost *every nation known* to civilization. It is the almost constant companion and inestimable friend of the *Missionary*, and to *traveller* should be without it. Like every other good thing, the Pain Killer has been extensively counterfeited; which, (while it is an acknowledgment on the part of the counterfeiters of its real worth,) is a serious hinderance to its usefulness, as the deceived purchaser estimates the value of the *Pain Killer* by the base compound he has purchased for the genuine article.

Purchasers should be careful and not allow the dealer to sell them worthless imitations, on which they realize a larger profit, but take only the *Pain Killer*, and see that it is the genuine, bearing the signature of Perry Davis & Son upon the label.

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by Druggists and Medicine Dealers, and Commission Merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers, and at Variety Shops generally throughout the world.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Manfs. and Props.,
74, High-st., Providence, R. I.,
380, St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. Q.,
17, Southampton Row, Holborn, London, E

6-1cw2(w)

ANSWER TO MEDICAL INQUIRIES.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT, R.R.R. OFFICE,
No. 87, Maiden Lane, New York.

DEAR DOCTOR,

We are compelled to answer your inquiries relative to the curative properties of SARSAPARILLIAN and its associates as constituents in our RENOVATING RESOLVENT in lung affections, and its wonderful power in arresting waste and decay of the Lungs, healing Ulcers, loosening the phlegm, and enabling the patient to expectorate freely the thick, sloughing matter deposited in the air passages and cells of the Lungs and Bronchi, and at the same time keeping up the general strength of the patient, repairing the waste with good sound and healthy material, imparting nourishment as well as purification of the blood,—through the medium of the press:—that hundreds of others daily writing us for information may know that we have a remedy in the RESOLVENT that will arrest the progress of Consumption, either of the Lungs, Liver, Kidneys or Bowels.

The RESOLVENT is a compensating remedy; it communicates its curative powers through the blood, sweat and urine; it restores functional harmony and enables each secreting organ to recrete its proper constituents. Direct remedies, as Lung Balsams, Cough Syrups, Pectorals given to act directly on the Lungs, as a regular remedy, are hurtful, as they augment the functions of the Lungs at the expense of suspending or interrupting the functions of the Liver, Kidneys and Skin. It a patient suffering with a severe cough, with a sense of suffocation or weight in the chest, irritation or soreness in the throat, pain in the shoulders, difficulty of raising or expectorating phlegm, dryness of the skin, or if there is constipation of the bowels, unnatural appetite, great thirst, or if the water discharged, deposits substances like the white of an egg, or brick dust, or thread-like raelns, or if there is pain in the small of the back, hips, stomach or bowels, chest, etc., from a dessert to a table-spoonful of RESOLVENT, half an hour after each meal, and if the cough is troublesome one teaspoonful at night, will afford immediate ease, and will soon remove all unpleasant symptoms.

As aids to the Resolvent, if pain is present, the spine should be rubbed with the Ready Relief, and one to four of Radway's Pills (coated) to insure *perfect* digestion and regular evacuations from the bowels. The nourishing properties of RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT increase the strength and flesh of the patient. We do not claim that this remedy will make new lungs, new kidneys, or other wasted organs, but it will arrest decay, heal ulcers, and supply the waste that is daily passing off, with new, sound and healthy material. Dr. Radway can be consulted, free of charge, from 12 to 2 p.m., at No. 87, Maiden Lane.

The public have but a faint idea of the great importance of RADWAY'S RESOLVENT, in the treatment of chronic disease and disease of the Kidneys and urinary organs. Sarsaparillian and Pareira Brava, two of the ingredients as prepared by Dr. Radway's process, supply a want that has ever existed, in repairing the waste of the body with pure and healthy material out of raw rich blood, of arresting dissolution and decay, of restoring functional harmony, of securing strength, of dissolving calculous concretions, of curing every form of Kidney, Bladder and Uterine diseases; of stopping all kinds of weakening, purulent, and irritating discharges; of restoring the vigor of life, to all, whether induced by self-abuse, impure association, bad habit of system, exposure or accident.

As the Renovating Resolvent Sarsaparillian enters immediately into the circulation, it commences its work of *purification* and expulsion of acrimonious humors from the blood at once. Skin Eruptions, Blotches, Pustules, Tetters, Worms and Insects, Black Spots, etc., are removed by a few doses, and the skin changed to a clear and beautiful appearance.

This remedy is superior to all preparations of Buchu, Cubebs, Juniper, etc., in Diabetes, Catarrh of the Bladder, Gravel, Brick Dusts, and other morbid state of the Urine. The RENOVATING RESOLVENT does not augment the functional secretions of one organ by suspending the secretions of others.

Ask always for Dr. RADWAY'S RESOLVENT, or SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT.—Price, $1 per bottle; or 6 bottles for $5.

DR. RADWAY & CO.,
439 St. Paul-street, Montreal.

☞ Sent to all parts of Canada.

W. M. MASSEY,
Agent, Ottawa.

READ FALSE AND TRUE.—Send one letter-stamp to RADWAY & CO., 439 St. Paul-street, Montreal. Information worth thousands will be given you. Price of RESOLVENT SARSAPARILLIAN, $1 per bottle, or $10 per dozen. 777b

PIANOS. PIANOS.

JUST RECEIVED AT THE

London Music Store!

Her Majesty's Theatre,
Wellington Street,

A new and splendid assortment of

PIANOFORTES!

☞ UNION MAKE. ☜

Every PIANO from this establishment warranted for 5 years.

Also just received a new stock of

VICTORIA ORGANS and MELODEONS

VIOLINS, CONCERTINAS, GUITARS, &c., in great variety.

Second hand Pianos taken in part payment for new ones.

Connected with this establishment is a Piano Manufacturer, who will attend punctually to all orders for TUNING left at the London Music Store.

E. MILES,
Lessee of Her Majesty's Theatre

Ottawa, March 25, 1868. 551-39y

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, May 8, 1868.

AUTHORIZED Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 28 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

W. NOTMAN,

Photographer to the Queen

CORNER OF

WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS,

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his

Establishment will be Opened

—ON—

Monday Next, 3rd February

When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for different branches of Photography.

Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 582y

CANADA.

GOLD COINS OF SYDNEY MINT MADE A LEGAL TENDER.

THE DUKE OF BUCKINGHAM TO LORD MONCK.

CANADA.

Separate.

DOWNING-STREET,
29th May, 1868.

MY LORD,

With reference to your despatch No. 209, 24th November, 1866, I have the honor to transmit to you the accompanying copies of an order of Her Majesty in Council and of a Proclamation for declaring the Gold Coins of the Sydney Mint, a legal tender in those of Her Majesty's possessions abroad which are specified in the schedule annexed to the Proclamation.

You will be so good as to cause this Proclamation to be published in Canada, in the most authentic manner.

A similar order in Council was passed on the 10th of November, 1866, for making these coins a legal tender in the Colonies mentioned below:

Antigua,	Malta,
Barbadoes,	Montserrat,
Bahamas,	Nevis,
Bermuda,	Natal,
Cape of Good Hope,	St. Helena,
British Columbia,	Sierra Leone,
Dominica,	St. Vincent,
Falkland Islands,	St. Christopher and its
Gold Coast,	dependencies,
Gambia,	St. Lucia,
Gibraltar,	Trinidad,
British Guiana,	Tobago,
Granada,	Turks and Caicos
Honduras,	Islands,
Jamaica,	Vancouver Island,
Lagos.	Virgin Islands.

I have, &c.,
(Signed), BUCKINGHAM & CHANDOS.
Governor,
The Right Honble.
Viscount Monck,
&c., &c., &c.

AT THE COURT AT WINDSOR,

The 14th day of May, 1868.

PRESENT:

THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS

There was read this day at the Board the Draft of the Proclamation declaring Gold Coins made at the Branch of the Royal Mint at Sydney, New South Wales, a legal tender in certain of Her Majesty's Possessions abroad, specified in a schedule annexed to the said Draft Proclamation.

Her Majesty having taken the same into consideration, was pleased by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to approve thereof, and to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the said Proclamation do take effect and come into force in each of Her Majesty's Possessions abroad, specified in the aforesaid Schedule, upon and from and after such day, as shall be for that purpose limited by the Governor or Officer Administering the Government of each of the said Possessions by any Proclamations to be by them for that purpose respectively issued in each of such Possessions.

And the Most Noble the Duke of Buckingham and Chandos, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, is to give the necessary directions for causing publication to be made hereof within Her Majesty's said Possessions abroad.

(Signed), ARTHUR HELPS.

DRAFT PROCLAMATION REFERRED TO IN THE FOREGOING ORDER IN COUNCIL.

BY THE QUEEN.

A PROCLAMATION

For declaring Gold Coins made at the Branch Mint at Sydney, New South Wales, a legal tender throughout such parts of Her Majesty's dominions as are specified in the schedule hereunto annexed.

Whereas, by an order in Council, bearing date the Nineteenth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, we have thought fit to order that a Branch of our Royal Mint, should be established at or near Sydney, in New South Wales.

And whereas in the eighteenth year of our reign, by an order in Council, dated the eighteenth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, we have thought fit to order that certain pieces of Gold Money should be coined at the said Branch of Our Royal Mint, to be called respectively Australian Sovereigns and Australian Half Sovereigns and to be of the same respective weights, fineness and value with the Sovereigns and Half Sovereigns now current within this our realm.

And whereas, pursuant to and in virtue of the powers given in our said Orders in Council, it is provided that a Coinage of the said Australian Sovereigns and Half Sovereigns shall be made, and that every such Australian Sovereign shall have for the obverse our effigy, with the inscription, "Victoria D. G., Britanniar Regin: F. D.," and the date of the year, and for the reverse the word "Australian" placed in the centre of piece encircled by a laurel wreath and surmounted by the Royal Crown with the inscription "Sydney Mint, One Sovereign," and with a graining on the edge, and that every such Australian Half Sovereign shall have the obverse in every respect similar to that of the Sovereign, and for the reverse the same word, "Australia," in the centre encircled and surmounted in like manner, but for the inscription the words "Sydney Mint, Half Sovereign," and a graining on the edge.

And whereas pieces of Gold Money have been and will be coined at our said Branch of the Royal Mint in pursuance of orders issued and to be issued;

And whereas, by an Act passed in the twenty ninth and thirtieth years of our reign, entitled: "An Act to enable Her Majesty to declare Gold Coins to be issued from Her Majesty's Colonial Branch Mints a legal tender for payments, and for other purposes relating thereto," it is provided that it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, from time to time, by Proclamation issued with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare that for such period, and subject to such conditions as may be specified in such Proclamation, Gold Coins made at such Colonial Branch Mint, of designs approved by Her Majesty, and being of the same weight and fineness as are required by law with respect to Gold Coins of the same denominations made at Her Majesty's Mint in London, are to be a legal tender for payments within any part of Her Majesty's Dominions to be specified in such Proclamations, in which Gold Coins issued from Her Majesty's Mint in London shall at the date of the issue of such Proclamation being issued Gold Coins made of such designs and being of such weight and fineness as aforesaid, shall be a legal tender for payments accordingly."

And whereas Gold Coins issued from our Royal Mint in London are at present a legal tender in such parts of our Dominions as are specified in the schedule hereunto annexed;

We therefore, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, have thought fit to issue this Our Royal Proclamation, and we do ordain, declare and command, that from and after the date of the publication of this Our Proclamation by the Governor or other officer Administering the Government of such part or parts of Our Dominions as are specified in the schedule hereunto annexed, Coins made at the said Branch Mint, of designs approved by us at Sydney aforesaid, and being of the same weight and fineness as are required by law, with respect to Gold Coins of the same denominations made at Our Mint in London, shall be a legal tender for payments within such part or parts of Our Dominions, as are specified in the said schedule, until such period as this Our Proclamation shall be revoked, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council aforesaid.

Given at Our Court at Windsor, this fourteenth day of May, 1868.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Schedule of Her Majesty's Possessions abroad referred to in the Order in Council, dated 14th day of May, 1868, and in the Draft Proclamation, the issue of which is ordered by the said Order in Council.

CANADA,
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND,
NEWFOUNDLAND. 776-3

Local Government Notices.

NOTICE.

ALL payments to be made on account of the Ontario Government may be made to the

ROYAL CANADIAN BANK,

And its Agencies.

Dated at Toronto, 30th October, A.D., 1867.

E. B. WOOD,
Treasurer of Ontario.

October 31, 1867. Tf

In Chancery.

DAVIS vs. EMSLIE.

In pursuance of the Decree in this cause dated the 8th JANUARY, 1867, and the final order for sale herein dated the 30th MAY last, there will be sold with the approbation of the Master of this Court, at OTTAWA, by PUBLIC AUCTION, by HECTOR McLEAN, at his Auction Rooms, Sparks-street, in the City of Ottawa, at twelve o'clock, noon, on WEDNESDAY, the 15th JULY NEXT, the following Real Estate, viz:

All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate lying and being in the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, containing by admeasurement one hundred acres, be the same more or less, being composed of the North Half of Lot Number Sixteen, in the Fifth Concession of the said Township of Nepean, Rideau Front.

The said land is well adapted for farming purposes, and lies on the east side of the main road from Ottawa to Richmond; about sixty acres of it are cleared and under cultivation, and it is situated amongst the best lands in the County of Carleton. It is fifteen miles from Ottawa, and five miles from Richmond and the River Goodwood, a constantly flowing stream passes through the centre of it.

One-tenth of the purchase money is to be paid down by the purchaser to the Vendor or his Solicitors at the time of sale by way of deposit, and the balance on or before the 1st AUGUST next: upon payment of which he will be entitled to a conveyance, and let into possession.

In other respects the conditions of sale are the standing conditions of the Court of Chancery. The deed from the late Alexander Emslie to the Plaintiff will be produced at the time of sale.

All parties to the suit, with the exception of the Vendor, are to be at liberty to bid.

Further particulars, and conditions of sale, may be had at the Offices of the said Master and MESSRS. LEWIS, PINHEY AND WARD, Ottawa, and M. R. VANKOUGHNET, ESQ., and MESSRS. O'DONOHOE & WARMOLL, Toronto.

Dated this 13th day of June, 1868.

(Signed), JOHN WILSON,
Master at Ottawa.

LEWIS, PINHEY & WARD,
Vendor's Solicitors. 768td

Richmond Circuit Board

OF

PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

FOR THE

County of Carleton.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

That the above Board will meet

IN THE TOWN HALL

IN RICHMOND,

On Wednesday, the 8th day of July next

AND ALSO ON

WEDNESDAY,

The 9th day of December next,

At 12 o'clock, noon, for general business. Applicants for certificates of qualification are required to furnish the Board with certificates of moral character from either Local Superintendent or from a Clergyman of the denomination to which they respectively belong.

C. B. PETITT, M.A.,
Chairman.

J. HINTON,
Secretary.
Richmond, May 21, 1868.

STATIONERY.

J. DURIE & SON have just received from the best English and Canadian Manufacturers a large stock of

BLANK BOOKS

Of every description, also Receipt Books, Order Books, Blank Note Books, Time Books, Bill Books, &c.

Memorandum Books, Pocket Ledgers, Cash Books, Pocket Books, Clerks' Check Books.

Post and Foolscap Copying Letter Books and Tresses Copying Ewers, and Brushes.

A splendid lot of Glass and Pewter Inkstands; a few extra large size suitable for Bank use.

Windsor and Newton's Solid Sketch Book.

Antoine's Celebrated Violette Copying Inks.

The Waverly Pen; the best Pen in use.

Postage and Bill Stamps.

For sale by
J. DURIE & SON,
498y 10 Sparks-st., opposite the Russell House.

MOWING & REAPING MACHINES.

We have for sale, and are manufacturing, the lightest and most durable MOWING & COMBINED MOWING & REAPING MACHINE in use (no wood work), wrought iron frame, with wrought iron steel-plated guards. Price of Mower, $60; Combined, $85.

—ALSO,—

8 Horse-power Threshing Machines
20 Sets Threshers and Separators
10 Sets Double-Pinion Powers to match
10 Sets Treble Geared Iron Powers, known as the Watch Power.

Purchasers can have their choice of the Powers. These Machines are made in the most substantial manner and warranted. Price, complete, including Belts, Wrenches, &c., $250.

ALSO,

Two Horse Railroad Powers; 50 Sets of our new Double-Pinion Railroad Power Threshing Machines, complete. For ease upon the team, amount of work, and manner in which it is done, they have no equal.

ALSO,

Fifty Sets of our Common two-horse Machines, with improvements, which are so well known as to need no comment. Every Machine is warranted as recommended. All of which will be sold at very low prices on reasonable terms. Large discount for cash down.

E. & B. P. PAIGE,
Nos. 84, 86, 88 and 90 Wellington-street,
June 17. 770-1-25-8 Montreal

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St

M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 57

Railroads.

CHANGE OF TIME.

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER FRIDAY, the 25TH of MAY, 1868, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA
Mixed, 7.15 a. m.	10.35 a. m.
Express, 1.35 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 7 a. m.	9.25 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.
Ottawa, May 14, 1868. 1y

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,

Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3.15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7.15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H ABBOTT.
Managing Director.
rockville, April 11. 472y

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA,

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Branford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 8.30 A.M.

Night do do at 7.30 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.00 A.M.

Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.

Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.

Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.

Express for Boston and New York, at 3.35 P.M.

Express for Portland (staying over at Island Pond) at 2.00 P.M.

Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Riviere du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbroke, Waterville and Coaticooke only, at 10.10 P.M.

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
December 23, 1867 650tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE, on SANDY HILL, opposite Desbarats', LOT No. 32, Stuart street. Terms moderate. Apply to Mrs. TIERNAN, No. 2, King street opposite the Gas House.
Ottawa, May 4 1868. 734d

Two Dwellings to Let,

BEING the Upper part of E. MARTINEAU'S Clothing Store, Corner of Sussex and Clarence-streets.

Enquire at the Store.
EUG. MARTINEAU.
Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 64

TO LET.

A GOOD BUSINESS STAND at the Chaudiere Flats. Apply to
JOHN ASHFIELD.
June 15, 1868. 768a25-1

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.

NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Or JOHN HENRY, Esq.,
Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W
Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

Quebec Bank—Ottawa Branch

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

FROM the 1st day of April next ensuing, INTEREST at the RATE of FIVE per cent per annum, will be allowed on Deposits in this Department.

H. V. NOEL,
Manager.
Ottawa, March 13, 1868. 690-3m

FARM FOR SALE.

FOR SALE Lot No. 15, 4th Concession, Gloucester, Rideau Front, seven miles from Ottawa, on the macadamized road leading from Ottawa to Metcalfe, consisting of 100 acres, 80 of which are cleared and in the highest state of cultivation. The soil is of the very best quality, and there is a new Frame Building and a good Stone Cellar, also a good Barn, Stable, Sheds and other outbuildings. The English Church and School House is about two acres from the house, the Methodist Church and Catholic Church can be seen from the door. There is a nine mile road running beside the lot. The Railroad Station is about two miles from the house. There will be a chance given in part of the purchase money if required. It is well fenced and watered. For further particulars apply to the subscriber on the premises.
701-1-13wt813 WM. HALPENNY.

LEGAL NOTICE—REMOVAL.

CHARLES T. BAINES, late of Ottawa, Barrister, &c., &c., has removed to Richmond, where he will at all times be ready to attend to any professional calls or business which may be entrusted to him in his line with accuracy and with safety, &c., &c.
Richmond, Dec 30, 1867. 1wtf

Steamers.

1868. 1868.

THE

Quebec and Gulf Ports

STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

ROYAL Mail Line between Quebec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, every Tuesday.

The first-class Iron Screw Steamship

"GASPE,"

WILLIAM CONNELL, - - - Master,

Will leave

St. Andrew's Wharf

—ON—

TUESDAY, the 30th of JUNE,

At four o'clock, p.m.,

for Pictou, Nova Scotia, calling at Father Point, Gaspe, Perce, Chatham, Newcastle, Miramichi and Shediac. Returning will leave Pictou on Tuesday, 7th July, at 5 o'clock, p.m.

The steamers connect at Shediac with E. & N. A. R. R. to St. John, N.B., and steamer for Prince Edward Island, and at Pictou with N. S. Railway to Halifax.

Through tickets to St. John, N. B., $16; Halifax, Nova Scotia, $17.50; Eastport, $17.50; Portland, $19.50 and Boston $20.50. Return Tickets by steamers at reduced rates. For freight or passage apply to W. MOORE, Manager, Quebec.

CHAS. E. BRUSH, Agent, Ottawa.
June 10, 1868. 739 8.

1868 1868

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMER

Queen Victoria,

Captain A. BOWIE,

Leaves the Queen's Wharf with mails and passengers for Montreal, every morning, (Sundays excepted) at half-past 6 o'clock, arriving at 4:45 p.m.

Travellers and tourists will find this a delightful trip.

First-class Fare (meals extra)	$3 50
Second " " "	2 00
First " Return "	6 00

Baggage checked through.

Parcel Express daily to and from Montreal and all landings.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs landed at L'Original.

Tickets, &c., may be obtained at the office of Mr. C. E. BRUSH, and also at the Office on the wharf, or on board the steamer.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Excursion Tickets to Grenville and back for one fare.

MARKET STEAMER

"FAIRY,"

Captain R. G. NICHOLS,

Leaves Ottawa for Major's and intermediate landings on Tuesdays and Fridays at 4 o'clock, p.m.

R. W. SHEPHERD.
7493

1868 1868

UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY.

Upper Ottawa Route.

Consisting of the following first-class Steamers,

ANN SISSON,	- -	Captain Murphy.
ALLIANCE,	- -	" Find'ay.
EMERALD,	- -	" Toner.
OREGON,	- -	" Cowley.
CALUMET,	- -	" Blondin.
JASON GOULD,	- -	" Bolton.
PONTIAC,	- -	" Duggan.
PEMBROKE,	- -	" Overman.
SNOW BIRD,	- -	" Beattie.

Until further notice the Steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day (Sundays excepted) for the Upper Ottawa at 8:30 a.m., connecting with the *Alliance* at head of railroad at 12:30, touching at Arnprior, Sandpoint, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf, and Portage-du-Fort. Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after the arrival of the Steamer *Alliance* for Cobden, connecting with Steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same ev

The Times

VOL. III. NO 780. — OTTAWA, MONDAY, JUNE 29, 1868. — PRICE—3 CENTS

Senate Reading Room 3 copies

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valle issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the we k over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only, ...	$6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line, ...	5c
All subsequent insertions, per line, ...	2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.	
Yearly subscription to the daily (if paid in advance)	$5 00
If not paid in advance	6 00
Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance)	$1 00
If not paid in advance	1 50

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—*Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 34, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the* OTTAWA TIMES

Legal Cards.

MOSGROVE & TAILLON,

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. GEORGE TAILLON.
Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1868. 366-tf

R. J. WICKSTEED,

ADVOCATE, &c., 42, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 589-6m

N. TETREAU,

NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 6, 1867. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,

ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

D. O'CONNOR,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street.
OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa
February 7, 1866. 43-u

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Casser's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House
Ottawa, March 30. 87-t

LEES & GEMMELL,

BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

J. P. MACPHERSON,

BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866.

G. J. O'DOHERTY,

LAW, Chancery, and Conveyancing Offices, Aumond's Buildings, Rideau street.
Ottawa, December 6,1867.

NICHOLAS SPARKS,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

Medical Cards.

A. CODD, M.D., C.M.,

(Attending Physician General Protestant Hospital.)

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Four doors east of the Revere House, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
OFFICE HOURS—From 8 to 10 a. m, and from 2 to 3 p m.
Ottawa, April 30. 730-3m

DR. CHESLEY,

OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 25 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30 44"tf

DR. C. LEGGO,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,

DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27,1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,

DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c

(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)

SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 380y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,

DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY,

CORNER of Kent and Wellington Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 43utf

DR. O. C. WOOD,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, with out the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-100-y

Hotels and Saloons.

ST. LOUIS HOTEL,
ST. LOUIS-STREET,
AND
RUSSELL'S HOTEL,
PALACE-ST.,
QUEBEC.

The above first-class Hotels are now open for the season.

Canadian Families

Visiting the Lower St. Lawrence for summer recreation, can either going or coming, be accommodated by the week or month, at rates similar to those charged at the watering places below. Apply by letter, or at the office.
770d WILLIS RUSSELL.

MATHEWS' OLD STAND,

YORK-STREET,

WILL BE OPEN for the accommodation of the public on THURSDAY, 12th of March, 1868. The subscriber having again resumed business in his old stand as hotel-keeper, wishes to return thanks to his numerous friends and the public for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on him, during the past seventeen years, and hopes by strict attention to business, and kindness to all, to share a portion of public patronage. His Larder will be always supplied with the best the market affords. His Bar will be supplied with the best of Liquors and choicest Cigars.
T. MATHEWS, Proprietor.

N. B.—The house has been thoroughly renovated and newly furnished.
Ottawa, March 11,1868. 688tf

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,

LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec

REVERE HOUSE, OTTAWA,

G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, } ....PROPRIETORS.

THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867 582tf

THE ALBION HOTEL

NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1866. 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN

LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly over hauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc daily

THE METROPOLITAN

Aumond's Block,

Rideau Street Ottawa.

P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 792tf

TORONTO HOUSE,

SPARKS STREET.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has a few Commodious Suites of Apartments to Let, handsomely and comfortably furnished.
Gentlemen attending the Session of Parliament will find at the Toronto House most convenient quarters, where the quiet of the private family is combined with the usual attendance to be found at the best hotels.
Ottawa, Feb. 25, 1868. 671tf

DOMINION HOUSE,

WELLINGTON-STREET.

THE undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.
Ottawa, March 26. GEORGE IRVINE. 658y

SMITH & RODNEY

MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from Eaton's Gilding Store, having just received a choice stock of

English, French and Canadian

CLOTHS and TWEEDS,

And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1,1867. 551tf

A. MORTIMER,

BOOKBINDER

AND

Blank Book Manufacturer,

26, METCALFE-ST., OTTAWA.

HAVING every facility in the way of first-class Machinery, and employing none but first-class workmen, I am prepared to turn out every description of Binding in as good a style of workmanship as any other establishment in Canada.
A. MORTIMER, Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, Feb. 6. 384y

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD

PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &
Prepared by
AUGUSTUS LAVER, ARCHITECT
End Daly-st. Ottawa.
April 1.

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

Druggists.

THE MEDICAL HALL

Soda Water and Ginger Ale Factory,

23 Great St. James-street, Montreal,

OPPOSITE the POST OFFICE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS

Beg to intimate to their patrons that they have commenced the manufacture of Ærated Waters of every description, and on the most extensive scale.
Particular attention will be paid to the preparation of "Belfast Ginger Ale," a beverage first introduced into this country by our Mr. BROWN, who alone possesses the original receipt, and who has also taken out a TRADE MARK for the same.
The proprietors believe their Ærated Waters will be superior to any others at present prepared in Montreal, for the following reasons, viz:—
1st. The employment of the most improved machinery the United States can produce.
2nd. The application of strictly scientific principles to the details.
3rd. Extra care given to the chemical purity of the articles used in the different processes.
4th. The possession of chemical knowledge, without which it is simply impossible to produce Ærated Waters in perfection.
The following Waters and Beverages are the principal ones prepared at the MEDICAL HALL FACTORY: Belfast Ginger Ale, Lemonade, Sarsaparilla, Winter Beverage, Summer Beverage, Soda Water, Seltzer Water, Potash Water, Kissengen Water, Vichy Water.
KENNETH, CAMPBELL & CO.,
Apothecaries to H.R.H. the Prince of Wales.
W. M. MASSEY,
Agent for Ottawa. 472y

Spectacles for all Sights.

OPTICAL Instruments Electro-Magnetic and Galvanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.
W. HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
637y York-street.

Miscellaneous.

D. CODD & CO.,

PATENT AGENTS, SOLICITORS, &c. Drawings, Specifications, Models, and all other business in connection with the procuring of Letters Patent of Invention, attended to at the shortest notice.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 741-6m

I. B. TACKABERRY'S

AUCTION ROOMS, No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any part of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS

PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-

H. McLEAN'S

AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

B. BILLINGS, JR.,

ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES - H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O & P R W 740tf

S. CHRISTIE,

COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,

EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 378y

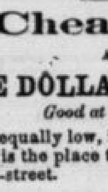
HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,

WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.
WILLIAM HOLGATE,
JOHN OLIVER,
WILLIAM ANNABLE.
506y

R. H. McGREEVY,

CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

LADIES CALL AT THE CAPITAL

Boot and  Shoe Store!

YORK-STREET.

For Cheap Gaiters

AT

ONE DOLLAR A PAIR!

Good at 95 cents.

Men's ware equally low, in every variety of style
This is the place to buy cheap at the "Capital," York-street.
429y GEORGE MURPHY.

VICTORIA

FURNITURE WAREROOMS.

GEORGE ARMSTRONG, Corner Victoria Square and Craig-street, Montreal, solicits a call from the Citizens of Ottawa about to furnish, who may visit Montreal to his very large and varied stock of FURNITURE which he will sell at greatly reduced prices for cash. The Parlor Furniture is of the best quality and latest designs, either plain or handsomely carved, in Walnut, oil finished or polished.
His Sideboards, Bookcases, Chamber Sets, Hall Furniture, &c., are worthy of attention.
Hair Mattrasses and Bedding of all description constantly on hand, or made to order, at the shortest notice. Call and examine for yourselves.
"Patent Sofa, with reclining arms, of a very superior make."
N.B.—Sole Agent in the Dominion for the sale of G. A. FISKS' Air-Tight Metallic Casket. 712-3m

Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale.

THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

Fine Bottled Ale!

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

Scotch Irish, Old Rye

And other Ma Whiskies,

Ports, Sherries, Brandies Gin, &c.,

To ether with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A Call kindly Solicited.
D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store
Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

GEO. MAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

Bank Street, Centre Town,

Between Sparks & Queen Streets.

Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

OTTAWA CROCKERY STORE

NEW GOODS.

JUST received ex S. S. "Damascus," 10 Hhds. of the finest English Glassware, selected expressly for the retail trade, comprising

CUT and ENGRAVED		
CHAMPAGNES,	do	PORT and SHERRY WINES,
LIQUEURS,	do	CLARETS, GOBLETS,
FINGER BOWLS,	do	CALF FOOT JELLIES,
CLARET JUGS,	do	TALL TUMBLERS,
FRUIT DISHES,	do	DECANTERS,
BUTTER COOLERS,	do	CELERY VASES,
	do	CARAFFS, &c., &c.

And a choice lot of delicate Straw Stem Wines, in Ports, Champagnes, Clarets, Sherries, Liqueurs, &c. All the above articles match in shape, pattern, &c., and are the best glass procurable in England.

W. ALLAN,
51 *RIDEAU STREET, (opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.)*
Ottawa, June 6, 1868. 574y

CRICKETING GOODS,

CROQUET, FISHING TACKLE

FOILS,

Masks & Boxing Gloves

AT THE

Sheffield House, Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 5, 1868.

1868. MAY. 1868.

J. A. PINARD & CO.,

ARE NOW SHEWING

New Dress Goods,

A good value in Striped, all Mohair, for 6d per yard.

New Prints,

A good variety of Patterns at 6d per yard.

New Grey Cottons,

A good Cotton, 40 inches wide, for 7d per yard.

New White Cottons,

A good heavy made Cotton for 6d per yard.

Tailoring Department is replete with all the novelties of the season.

Cash buyers will find it their advantage to visit the above before purchasing else whe

J. A. PINARD & Co.,
No. 17, Sussex-st., *Sign of the 'Golden Ball.*
Ottawa, May 5, 186 16y

HARDWARE, HARDWARE!

—AT—

Thomas Birkett's,

SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24 No. 24

RIDEAU STREET.

Come old and young, come short and tall,
Come rich and poor, come great and small,
Just call and see my stock in trade,
Hardware and paints of every grade.

A Complete Assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware constantly kept on hand at the SIGN of the ANVIL, T. BIRKETT, consisting in part of

Butts,	Axes,	Iron,	Paints, all colors,	Screws,	Saws,	Tin,	Oils,
Locks,	Ropes,	Stoves,	Glass,	Coolers,	Putty,	Bolts,	Chains,
Nails,	Coal,	Pitch,	Grindstones,	&c.,	&c.,	&c.,	&c.

Also a complete stock of MECHANICS' TOOLS of the most improved English and American manufacture.

Then Come and Examine my stock,
A duty never shirk it,
And satisfaction will be got
In business with T. BIRKETT

Don't forget the place—THOS. BIRKETT, Sign of the Anvil, No. 24, Rideau-street.
P. S.—All Goods delivered Free to any par of the city. 408y

WHEELER & WILSON'S

SEWING MACHINE

WERE AWARDED THEIR 67TH

Prize and Gold Medal, Paris,

1867.

Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

Great rapidity, Simple Machinery, quiet in action, easy o opera e, price from $47. *Prospectus, and instructions gratis.*

Sole Agent for Ontario.
G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa, and 105 King st., West, Toronto.
The "HOWE" SEWING MACHINES are the *best* for Carriage Trimmers, Harness Makers, Boot and Shoe Makers, are the best Shuttle Machine for Tailors, Dressmakers, Families, etc., etc. Price from $50. Prospectus free and instructions gratis.
479 43y R. W. STEPHEN, 37 Sparks-street, Ottawa.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
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STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.

"CAPITAL" 35, H
STOVE SUSSEX MEADOWS
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Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending purchasers would do well to note.
An inspection of the above goods invited at the
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa October 2 1867. 62-y

NORTH WESTERN EXTENSION.

Debate in the Imperial Parliament.

Speech of Sir H. Verney.

In the House of Commons, June 9, as noticed in our cable telegrams of that day, Sir H. Verney, in moving that an address be presented to Her Majesty, praying that she would be graciously pleased to issue a royal commission to inquire into and report upon the capability for settlement, and the best means of settling, Her Majesty's territory lying between Lake Superior and the Pacific, especially as to the provision for telegraphic and other communication through Her Majesty's dominions from the Atlantic to the Pacific Ocean, said the subject to which he invited the attention of the House affected territory extensive enough and fertile enough, according to the best authorities, to support a population as large as that of England, and it involved also the performances of a positive duty. This country was not justified in holding possession of vast regions and allowing them to remain in a lawless condition. It was incumbent on us to do what we could to afford protection to our fellow countrymen and fellow subjects in the countries that extend from Lake Superior to the Rocky Mountains, and also to use our endeavors to civilize and Christianize the Indians who roamed over them. And it was our interest also to do so, for not only were the countries to which he referred very valuable for their natural productions, but they bound together the eastern and western portions of British North America. The best communication from the Atlantic to the Pacific was through them, and the shortest way to China or Japan. There was no doubt that the communication with Eastern Asia would be by the regions to which his motion referred, whether they would remain under the British crown, would depend on the measures taken or sanctioned by that House. The territory from Lake Superior to the Rocky Mountains might be made valuable to us in another point of view. What was the chief source of anxiety and danger to England at this time? Was it not hostility on the part of the Irish in Ireland and in the United States? And what did the Irish want? They wanted land. They left their homes and reached Nova Scotia and Canada, but they did not easily obtain fertile land in those countries; they passed through them and in some of the western parts of the United States they obtained the land which they desired and settled there, too often with feelings embittered against or hostile to England. But between Lake Superior and the Rocky Mountains were two millions of acres as fertile as any in the United States, and which it was our interest to give emigrants from Ireland, Scotland or England at the cheapest rate, and instead of hostile Irish in the United States, *we should have loyal Irish in the Dominion.* The Irish in British North America were perfectly loyal; they enjoyed every freedom that good government could insure, and their countrymen, located on the rich lands in the regions of which he was speaking, would be loyal, too; and the formation of only two hundred miles of road would render their country accessible through British territory eight or nine months of every year. Nature afforded remarkable facilities for water communication through these territories, across the whole continent of North America, by means of the St. Lawrence, Lake Ontario, Lake Huron, (which it was proposed to connect by a ship canal) and thence to the western shores of Lake Superior. By means of this system of communication the produce of the territories would be brought without transhipment from the Northwestern States of the Union, as well as from the New Dominion to Liverpool; and it is worthy of remark that so important was this communication considered in the United States, that half the capital required for the Ontario and Huron Canal would be subscribed by American citizens. This carried us half way to the Rocky Mountains. The rest of that territory, from about the 90th to about the 117th meridian of longitude, consisted chiefly of the hunting grounds of the Hudson's Bay Company, the greater portion of which was very rich land for agricultural purposes, and was called the Fertile Belt. The Red River, the Assiniboine and the Saskatchewan watered those regions. There buffaloes were found in abundance, and there the Indians hunted. The Hudson's Bay Company's servants had always been on good terms with the Indians, while the citizens of the United States had too generally been engaged in hostilities with them. But it must be remembered that the Hudson Bay Company and the Indians had had the same interest—that the country should remain unsettled, the hunting ground for the Indian, the resort of fur-bearing animals for the trapper. Whoever sought to settle the country, whether our own people or any others, must not expect the same amicable reception from the Indians as that which the servants of the Hudson's Bay Company had met with. His object in bringing this subject before the House was that the Government might be urged immediately to adopt measures that would prevent any doubt existing on the part of our fellow subjects in British North America respecting our sympathy with them, and would also put a stop to any depredatory measures on the part of our neighbors who might cast a wistful eye on countries whose value England seemed to ignore. He desired to maintain the most friendly relations with the United States. (Hear, hear.) Not only did the welfare of both countries depend on it, but the advance of every great and good object, political, moral and social, throughout the world. But friendly relations could only be secured by a clear understanding with the United States that we do not seek to obtain their territories, and that we will not permit them to take ours. Portions of their country would be very desirable and convenient to us, but we took no steps to possess ourselves of them. They also, no doubt, desired to have portions of ours, and naturally the very portions of value to our fellow subjects. We, however, desired to render them still more valuable, and were not content to part with them. If citizens of the States cross the boundary from Minnesota, Dacotah, Montana and Washington, they come into our country and place themselves under British laws. It was an indisputable fact that Americans continually crossed it, and it was possible they would do so in such numbers as to make it difficult for us to retain the country in case of war with the States. Already rumors had arisen on that subject, though from quarters entirely unauthorized. He wished to avoid that and every other cause of disagreement with the States. The States had territory enough and so had we. If we adopted the right measure to establish and maintain our authority, the opinion of the world would be with us in case any question should arise as to our territorial rights. We might even assume that the Government at Washington would restrain their own citizens in any aggression, but if we permitted the settlement of foreigners in our colonies and did not maintain our sovereign rights we could not complain of the consequences of such settlement. British authorities in America, colonial ministers at home, the Government of the United States, and commercial bodies in both countries, had all given attention to this subject. The hon. gentleman proceeded to read extracts from official papers to show that whatever may have been our ignorance in times past we now know that on our side of the boundary, between Lake Superior and the Rocky Mountains, we possess vast regions extending over millions of acres, perfectly well adapted for settlement and cultivation; that the best communication from the Atlantic to the Pacific Ocean is through them; that they are watered by navigable rivers, affording the most easy and cheap transit to near the foot of the Rocky Mountains; that there is an easy pass across the mountain chain into British Columbia; that water and road communication can be obtained at a small expense; that companies consisting of wealthy and responsible men, partly American citizens, partly our own fellow subjects, are willing to undertake and execute such works; and that when completed they would render it still more to the interests of the States and ourselves to live at peace with each other. Surely we might believe that the power to wield such influences, to people, who inhabit and rule over these territories, had not been committed to us in vain. They were great talents. Were we not responsible for improving them? Should we not seek to carry into those countries the best of whatever we had here? Above all, whatever might be the institutions adapted to the state of society there, that British authority and obedience to law should be gradually introduced. He did not suggest that British institutions should be planted in soil, perhaps, not fitted to receive them, but he believed that, whatever they might be, if British authority would make itself felt the high character of our countrymen would pervade them. He earnestly desired that British truthfulness, fortitude and energy, respect and consideration for the rights of others, that the principles of morality and religion (the best safeguards of all that we prize the most highly here) should be implanted there, and have every opportunity to nourish and bear fruit to the honor of the country which was their parent, and the welfare of those distant regions, and, if he might so speak, with reverence to the glory of God.

THE BISHOP OF ONTARIO ON THE IRISH CHURCH.

The Bishop of Ontario writes to the London *Guardian*: "The general opinion held by calm lookers-on, is that the Irish Church is doomed as an establishment. The precedent will certainly be disastrous to all establishments, but I see no reason to infer that the Church will either perish or become impaired in usefulness. As a bishop of a Church which has gone through the ordeal of disestablishment, I am inclined to believe that the Irish Church may flourish when separated from the State. The resolutions of Mr. Gladstone will leave the Church in possession of all property, I suppose that has been acquired by private benefaction, and of the glebe-houses and church edifices, and also will leave the clergy in possession of their incomes for life. Now, a precedent has been established in the disendowment of the Canadian Church which may be usefully followed in Ireland. Instead of the clergy retaining their rent charges, &c., for the term of their natural life, let the State at once take possession of these revenues, and pay to the Church a capital sum in commutation of the clergy life interest. The income of bishops and clergy is say £500,000, which may be commuted, perhaps, for thirteen years' purchase, or at all events, for 10 years' purchase. Thus the church will at once acquire five millions pounds sterling of endowment. The interest of this sum will not suffice to pay the present incumbents their full stipends; but now is the time to show a spirit of self-sacrifice, and if the Irish clergy will follow the example of the Canadian clergy, all of whom, except one man, commuted their life annuities, and threw their money into a common fund, they will earn the admiration of the whole world. Any deficiency of their stipends may surely be made up by the voluntary contributions of the landowners of Ireland, five-sixths of whom are Protestants, and would be supplemented by donations from the English branch of the church. To sum up: the result would be that the Irish Church will find itself in possession of five millions of pounds, all its churches and glebe-houses, Diocesan and Provincial Synods, and liberty. The further result will be increased life and missionary zeal, in consequence of the necessity of falling back on the powers of the church as a spiritual organization, while the only apparent difference that the world will see between the established and disestablished church will be that four bishops will be excluded yearly from the House of Lords. I believe that not even then will the dignity of the social *status* of bishops and clergy be in the least degree diminished, while many advantages, which I need not mention, will accrue. Of course, I do not mean to defend the disestablishment of the Irish Church, but merely to express my own '*Nil desperandum.*'"

DOOMED VAGARIES.

The *Tribune* cannot disguise its joy at the fact that the pretended constitution of Arkansas debars from citizenship under it all who will not swear that they accept the civil and political equality of all men "This," it shouts, "this happens to be the Malakoff, the Gibraltar of our position." Of course it is. The Malakoff of crazy fanaticism the wide world over is always some tomfoolery, with a latent savor of bloodshed in it, like this equality doctrine of the *Tribune*. When, or where, or how are all men equal—can the *Tribune* intermit its shrieks long enough to give an even quasi-sensible reply? Is the Indian on the Plains the civil and political equal of the editor of that journal, or is Mumbo-Jumbo, who feeds upon baked white man in Dahomey, the peer of Hiram Ulysses Grant? Come, let us go to the root of this matter, let us know the grounds and reason of this belief of an absolute human uniformity which, as the chain is no stronger than its weakest link, makes all men equal of the lowest men. The *Tribune* asserts this doctrine. Let it stand forth now and give some reason for what, without reason, is the merest bosh and parrot-talk. The burden of proof is upon it by advocacy of this present exemplification of its doctrine, this pretended new constitution of Arkansas.

It will not do to scream that "it 's quite "true that your crowd, though migrating to "Arkansas from a State never yet convulsed "by rebellion, will dislike that oath. We "knew that when we framed it."

More than this confession that the equality oath was put on this pretended constitution for party purposes, is necessary to sustain the truth of the doctrine it sets forth. People are beginning to ask wherein all men are equal; where is the authority for that dogma either in Holy Writ or the records of merely human history. They are beginning to see that the color of a human being's skin and texture of his capillaries and conformation of his skull *do* have something to do with his super-physical attributes, just as the broad teeth and bodily shape of the ox fit him for peaceful labor, and the lithe muscles and long fangs of the tiger are appropriate to spoil. Where throughout all history a certain outward sign has gone with inward characteristics, the sign does rise into importance, and we defy the *Tribune* to the contrary. It may suit that ill-considered journal to exult because the legislation of its fragmentary Congress debars from Southern citizenship a large majority of Northern voters, but let it look to November to see a condemnation alike of this insulting exultation and the windy, baseless theory it extols.—*N. Y. World.*

THE ADVANTAGES OF CRYING.

A French physician publishes a long dissertation on the advantages of groaning and crying in general and especially during surgical operations. He contends that groaning and crying are two grand operations by which nature allays anguish; that those patients who give way to their natural feelings more speedily recover from accidents and operations than those who suppose it unworthy a man to betray such symptoms of cowardice as either to groan or to cry. He tells of a man who reduced his pulse from one hundred and twenty to sixty, in the course of a few hours, by giving full vent to his emotions. If people are at all unhappy about anything, let them go into their rooms and enjoy themselves with a loud boohoo, and they will feel a hundred per cent better afterward. In accordance with the above, the cry of children should not be too greatly discouraged. If it is systematically repressed the results may be St. Vitus' dance, epileptic fits, or some other disease of the nervous system. What is natural is nearly always useful; and nothing can be more natural than the crying of children, when anything occurs to give them physical or mental pain. Probably most persons have experienced the effects of tears in relieving great sorrow. It is even curious how the feelings are allayed by their free indulgence in groans or sighs. Then let parents and friends show more indulgence to noisy bursts of grief—on the part of children as well as older persons—and regard the eye and the mouth as the safety valves through which nature discharges her surplus steam.

CARPETS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS.—Garland, Mutchmor & Co. make this department a speciality. They have just received a large stock and invite the attention of parties furnishing to it. Purchasers will find their stock in this department second to none in Ottawa. 582-y

THE LATEST PHASE OF SENSATIONAL JOURNALISM.

[From the Hamilton Spectator.]

One of the latest inventions in the way of practical jokes, consists in writing letters purporting to come from a Fenian Head Centre in the States to some person (real or imaginary) in Canada, in which the invasion of this country is hinted at in language more or less vague and mysterious. These letters have been found lying in streets and highways, and being seized upon in many instances by credulous and sensation loving people, have been by them exhibited to their acquaintances, to the great terror and excitement of the neighborhood generally. In some instances, these letters have been handed into newspaper offices for publication, and in some cases have been permitted to obtain a place in the columns even of leading daily journals. Only yesterday, a Toronto newspaper, noted for its love of sensation, published a communication of this description, purporting to be written by an individual calling himself "Ha" to a confederate Fenian in this country. In this document the writer informs his friend that 20,000 men are ready to move upon the western frontier; that transportation is perfect; recommends him to be cautious; assures him that his disguise is so perfect that he can do all he wishes, and concludes by asking him to send the "Queen's Own" to Detroit, for the amusement of the Fenians of that city.

A very little reflection would be sufficient to convince any one that this letter is not genuine. If the Fenian leaders have a spy travelling through this country, and wished to communicate with him, they would find some safer way of doing so than by a letter sent through the Post Office, the only apparent object of the letter being, not to give the spy instructions, but to inform him of what is going on. We do not pretend to know how the letter came into the hands of the editor of the journal in question, that is a matter upon which he alone can throw any light, but we do consider it in the highest degree unwise and wrong to publish documents of this nature, the utter unreliability of which is obvious.

It is only a few days since a correspondent wrote to us, in hot haste, from the county of Norfolk, enclosing a letter which purported to come from a Buffalo Head Centre, and in which the day fixed for the threatened raid is actually mentioned. But we regarded it as being the production of some would-be wit, who had more time upon his hands than he had of sense or good principle, and we therefore refrained from publishing it, although we have no doubt our correspondent was actuated by good motives in sending it to us. We merely mention this as one case among many. Another letter of a similar nature, which was picked up in the county of Wellington, named the 20th of June as the day upon which the invasion of Canada would take place.

The Fenians are knaves, as we all know, but their leaders are not entirely fools. On the contrary, many of them have seen actual service in the field, and have some knowledge of military matters. They are not going to communicate their plans by letter to any one in Canada, nor would Fenians who had documents of this kind in their possession be such idiots as to drop them about the highways and byways, for the benefit of sensation lovers or of sensation newspapers.

LONGFELLOW.

The London correspondent of the Boston *Advertiser* says:

"The scene in the Senate House, Cambridge, last week, when the honorary degree of LL.D. was conferred upon Mr. Longfellow, was in singular opposition to that which the Graces often excite. Mr. Longfellow's name was received with a burst of acclamation. A paragraph speaking of the visit of the poet to England has made as much sensation here as the promise of a visit from Mr Dickens produced in America. The popularity of the author of 'Evangeline' is unbounded. It is literally true that a volume of his poems is found in nearly every English home. There is no one other work so certain to be encountered. If you go into the drawing room of one of the middle classes in any of the towns, a volume of Longfellow's poems is on the centre table, or on one of the knick knacks which are ornamented with literature. When I was at a public school, thirty boys had each a copy of Longfellow. In the country ladies passionate lovers search his poems for tender lines wherewith to touch the heart. No young lady's collection of pianoforte music is complete without 'Excelsior.' An excellent base singer (Mr. Weiss) died the other day, whose reputation was chiefly made by his mode of singing 'The Village Blacksmith,' which he had himself set to music.

"There is no living English poet who has half the circle of readers in England that Mr. Longfellow possesses. As I write I can call to mind editions of his works in all the shapes and forms of which English publishing admits. I have seen him heavy in gold, and beautiful in the best of engravings. In this form he is an annual. I know him in green, in blue, in Russia, in cloth, in paper covers. He is gilt edged, marble edged and plain. I have read him in types so large that Methuselah would not have wanted spectacles in deciphering him, and I have looked with curiosity at pages where anything less than a microscope would have been of little service. Every farmer's wife has a Longfellow, if she has only a dozen books in her case. At the fairs in the villages, Longfellow lies in some form or other on the stalls. He is turned into Latin and into Greek. He is quoted in sermons and in lectures."

THE SHAM ELEMENT IN FASHION.—Fortunes are spent every winter on the heartless, and to sensible people, dreary festivities of the ostentatious classes, and many a "Veneering," whose means are more limited than his aspirations, is ruined by his silly attempts to compete in extravagance with his richer neighbors. What a miserable competition is this—a rivalry of cabinet ware, carpets, mirrors, plate, cut-glass, and gewgaws. Theatrical managers and showmen, who get up rival race-shows to fascinate the public, are in some degree excusable, for trumpery is their stock in trade, and its exhibition their bread-and-butter; but when private families go into this sort of thing merely to gratify personal vanity and outglitter, if possible, the "dear friends" they invite to their glorifications, one cannot help regretting that the money they waste so frivolously has not fallen into the hands of better stewards. Genuine hospitality is the spice of social life; but the formal, show-off fetes given by would-be fashionables during the "gay season," are about the most soul-depressing affairs that ever dampened the spirits of a warm-hearted social being.

HIDE BOUND HORSES.—A horse is said to be hide-bound when his skin will not slip under the pressure of the hand, but sticks as if it was glued, which condition is always dependent on a deranged state of the stomach and digestive organs, by correcting which, and giving to them a healthy tone and condition, the disease or complaint will disappear. Experience has proved that the means best adapted to this end is "Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and Condition Medicine." It has been used in numerous cases with complete success, generally effecting a cure in a few days. It is the best condition medicine known, and may be given with perfect safety at all times, and does not require that the horse be kept from work. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.* is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

THE BRITISH NAVY.—The question has been often asked whether the Navy of Great Britain, mounting as it does over six thousand guns, and manned by 75,000 sailors, exceed the navies of France and the United States, or France and Russia, and were it not that we might be considered a little egotistical we should say it did exceed them altogether, but it is useless speculating upon this when there are other questions that do not admit of any doubt, no one after using the "Canadian Pain Destroyer" doubts its being the very best thing for the cure of coughs, colds, sore throat, diptheria, pains in the stomach, sides and back, spinal affections, &c. Sold by all Medicine Dealers at 25 cts. per bottle.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Civil Service Rifle Regiment—John LeB. Ross.
Proclamation to Farmers—Thos. Birkett.
Dominion Day — Excursion to Caledonia Springs.
First of July—Queen Fire Company Pic-Nic.
Excursion to Thurso—Steamer *Alexandra.*

The Ottawa Times

MONDAY, JUNE 29, 1868.

☞ *For Markets see Fourth Page.*

THE HON. E. B. WOOD, and the HON. A. T. GALT, arrived in town on Saturday morning.

THE HON. MESSRS. DUNKIN and WOOD, the Treasurers of the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario, had an interview with the HON. MINISTER OF JUSTICE on Saturday afternoon.

THE *Globe* has been placed on the defensive with respect to the Kent Registrarship. The facts made notorious by the *Leader* as to the mismanagement of the younger McKELLAR, have somewhat stunned our contemporary, and it is amusing to note the manner in which it endeavors to wriggle out of the difficulty. It quotes that most respectable authority, the Chatham *Banner*, to prove that the *Leader's* figures were "false;" but strangely enough the same authority admits that the junior McKELLAR carried out the Inspector's "suggestions," so that on the return of the functionary named at a subsequent period "he found the affairs of the "office in a satisfactory state." Now, if it required compliance with the Inspector's "suggestions" to put the affairs of the office in a "satisfactory state," it is very clear that if not the blunders pointed out by the *Leader*, then some other blunders must have previously been made?

But the *Globe* propounds an extraordinary doctrine. It has no objection to the exposure of Mr. McKELLAR's errors or omissions; but it has "very special objections to a Govern- "ment paper being allowed to use parts of "Mr. SMITH's reports against the son of the "member for Bothwell, while the actual facts "are concealed, and while all that Mr. "SMITH says about the other Registrars of the "Province is kept a strict secret. *If these "reports are used at all, they should all be "used; nothing should be kept back.*"

And so to expose the bungling and incapacity of the juvenile McKELLAR the whole of the Inspector's reports concerning the forty or fifty Registrars of Ontario should be published *in extenso!* This is a marvellously fine doctrine, truly. Will the *Globe* undertake in any one case, relating to any single Department of the public service, to observe it in future? In the past we are quite sure that no such rule ever directed the conduct of our contemporary towards any public official. The very idea of such a course is preposterous. We can well understand that the *Globe's* "objections" to the exposure of Mr. McKELLAR's blunders are "very special," seeing that he is "the son of the Member for Bothwell;" but why in the name of common sense should this accident of paternity involve the publication of the whole of Mr. SMITH's reports concerning all the Registry Offices of the Province before "a Government paper" shall be "allowed" the privilege of calling attention to his maladministration of office, with the view to have it corrected? Where would the *Globe's* newly found rule stop? May not the misconduct of one sheriff, one judge, one collector of customs, or any one other public officer, be exposed until that of all the other sheriffs, judges, collectors, or other public officers are also examined? We only beg of the *Globe* to govern itself by its own rule for the next six months.

THE Montreal *Gazette* has information from Washington, that there is every reason for believing that Mr. BEAMEN's Bill for the revival of reciprocal trade between the United States and Canada, would be reported back from the ways and means committee with favorable commendation. This may be quite true, and yet that Bill, short as it is of providing for a fair interchange of privileges, may not become law. There is only one substantial advantage to Canada in it which we can see, and that is reciprocity in coal. In this particular, the advantage would be mutual, because one portion of the Dominion has coal to export, which it can send more profitably to the American than to Western Canadian markets, while the Pennsylvania coal can be more cheaply obtained than the Canadian in certain parts of Canada. Reciprocity in this article would therefore be a most sensible thing, and alike advantageous to both countries. And with most of the mineral or agricultural productions of both countries, the case would be similar, though the advantage would be less sensibly felt, because coal is, of all articles of commerce, that in which the item of freight affects its market value most seriously.

But what does Mr. BEAMEN propose to give us for the free navigation of our canals, and the use of our fishing grounds? Absolutely nothing. If the privilege of sharing in the American coasting trade were conceded to ships of Canadian register, there would be something of an equivalent for the privileges which the Americans would obtain by the success of Mr. BEAMEN's proposal; but without this concession in the interests of Canadian shipping, we do not think the passage of the Bill would lead to practical results, because corresponding legislation could not be pushed through the Canadian Legislature.

Nor do we believe that Mr. BEAMEN's Bill will pass the American Congress. As we have said, about the only substantial advantage offered to Canada by the Bill is reciprocity in coal. Now this is just the reciprocity which the Americans will not concede. They have commercial and political reasons for opposing it. Though, as has been often remarked, the "Potter policy" of starvation was a complete failure; it must be confessed that there is discontent in Nova Scotia, and that the coal interest there is languishing solely because of the repeal of the Treaty. Now, the promoters of annexation sentiment in the colonies will very naturally regard this state of affairs as favorable to their purposes, and so resist Mr. BEAMEN's Bill. Again, the coal interest of Pennsylvania is powerful. There is talk of its expending a million of dollars for the purpose of maintaining the monopoly it has now secured, and doubtless one-tenth of that sum, judiciously expended, would work wonders in setting Congress "right" on the coal question. We have, therefore, little admiration for, and little hope in the success, of Mr. BEAMEN's Bill.

One of our Halifax exchanges has fallen into an error in discussing this question of legislative reciprocity. Our contemporary says the success and permanence of the measure would be dependent on the separate action of the several Provinces. This is a mistake, as legislation on all such matters belongs to the Canadian Parliament. The objection was strong against legislative reciprocity so long as there were three separate Provincial Legislatures to share in the responsibility of giving it effect; but from the establishment of the Union this objection ceased, because now, as between Canada and the United States, legislative reciprocity, if established, would simply be like a treaty terminable at any time on notice by either party, and it can scarcely be supposed that either Legislature would be so fickle as to abruptly abolish the arrangement were it once adopted.

"The Civil Service commission appointed by the Dominion Government, was to meet in Ottawa on Tuesday last. A large reduction in the staff of most of the Departments will likely be made. It is expected that the commission will report upon the entire Customs and Postal Service of the Dominion, and reduce the expenditure by lopping off employees and closing offices where they think it expedient or necessary. There are rumours about custom houses at some of the smaller ports in this Province being closed; and post and way offices in thinly settled districts to be dispensed with. Time will tell whether or not this new injustice is to be inflicted on Nova Scotia. The work of the commission is expected to continue for several months." —*Halifax Citizen, June 23.*

Our contemporary is completely mistaken as to the range of the duties of the Civil Service Commission. It will be no part of its duty to interfere with the "smaller ports" custom houses in Nova Scotia, nor in any other Province, nor to "dispense with" post and way offices in thinly or thickly settled districts anywhere. "This new injustice," we therefore declare, in advance of time, is not "to be inflicted on Nova Scotia." Will our contemporary accept our statement and disabuse the minds of its readers on this matter?

THE St. John *Freeman*, not having the fear of the *Globe* before its eyes, thus pokes fun at the Ottawa correspondent of that paper:

"The Ottawa correspondent of the Toronto *Globe* has made the remarkable discovery that Mr. Sanford Fleming went to England to be out of the way when the Railroad question came before the Privy Council, and that some of the Council want him out of the way. How long he is to remain out of the way is not stated."

HIS EXCELLENCY THE LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR of Quebec has been pleased to appoint William L. Gray, Esquire, to be Clerk of the Circuit Court, in and for the County of Pontiac, at Chapeau Village.

THE RICHMOND MURDER.

Further Particulars.

We give this morning a few of the leading facts sworn to by some of the principal witnesses before the Coroner's jury in this case.

John Reilly said he saw Robert Hamilton at Mulligan's store between 7 and 8 o'clock, in company with George Brownlee; saw him leave to go down to McBean-st.; called on me or any other man to come within twelve feet of him and he would shoot him. I told him I did not want to harm him and brought no mob to mob him. I then went down the street, he on one side and I on the other. On the road a man named Goode called him, but he did not go to him. Goode went the other way, and we continued on the street until we came down to McCrea's windows, when I stooped down to make sure that he had a pistol in his hand, as I supposed he had, and saw a pistol in his right hand; we walked on to the next street called Hamilton st. He then crossed before me to go up the said street. When he got about six or eight feet round the corner a man stepped as if off the sidewalk and seized him by the coat collar, and pulled him down, and I think both fell. Hamilton called out "Riley! *who, what,* who's there?" Then saw another man come forward and stoop as if to separate them, and in a few seconds a shot was fired, as if by Hamilton. Then Hamilton shouted, there's one d——d b——r gone. I then saw a man running towards me in a stooping posture. I was standing about sixteen or eighteen paces off. Concluding the shot had not taken effect I ran home.

The witness was examined by prisoner, but the evidence remained undisturbed.

James McElroy heard Hamilton say stand back, and then he heard the shot fired.

Prisoner—Did you see me knocked down?
Witness—No.
Prisoner—Were you close enough to see me knocked down?
Witness—No.

To a juror—I heard Hamilton say after the shot was fired "There is one gone—send on another."

David McElroy said—I heard a disturbance on the street, and went to go towards the parties, and when within half an acre saw a flash and heard the shot. My attention was directed by Wm. Hempbill to a dark body lying down, which proved to be the body of Brownlee.

Wm. Hempbill said, I was sitting on the door steps of David McElroy when the parties passed, they appeared to be in argument, and when near Mulligan's I heard a report and saw a flash. It was dark and I did not know who the parties were; saw a dark object lying on the street, went to it and found it to be George Brownlee, apparently in a dying condition.

A. Birch, at Mulligan's, heard Hamilton abusing James McElroy. The material points of Birch's evidence appeared in the TIMES of Saturday.

The verdict of the jury was that the deceased George Brownlee, died from a pistol shot fired by Robert Hamilton.

DETECTIVE CULLEN.—A number of depositions were made yesterday before Mr. Judge of Sessions, Coursol, in the Cullen shooting affair. Cullen is now able to walk out and visit the Police Station and Court House, and soon will be on duty as usual.—*Mont. News.*

Several bargain lots have been brought forward from the wholesale department for the removal sale at Magee & Russell's.

For soups and potted meats go to Bate & Co., 52 Spark st. 762d

MAGEE AND RUSSELL'S great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

For fine bog oak brooches, eight ear rings in sets, see Young & Radford's new lot, just received, and selling at the very low price of only 90 cts. per set.

DOMINION DAY.

Public Meeting in the City Hall, this Afternoon at 4 O'Clock.

A mass meeting of the citizens will be held this afternoon at the City Hall, to consider the best means to be adopted for duly celebrating Dominion Day, which comes on Wednesday next. All who are in favor of keeping up the birthday of the Dominion are expected to attend.

ST. PATRICK'S ORPHAN ASYLUM PIC-NIC.

The grand annual pic-nic in aid of the funds of the St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum will be held at the Bellevue Gardens this afternoon. Gowan's Quadrille Band will be in attendance. All sorts of games and amusements, including a double scull skiff race, will take place. Refreshments, and all the "appliances and means to boot" for a good time will be liberally furnished. See advertisement in another column.

The following are the regulations of the double scull skiff race:

1. To be under the rules and regulations of the Oxford and Cambridge boat clubs.
2. Boats to be twenty-two feet (or under) in length of keel, and to be pulled from the gunwale (inriggers.)
3. Length of race—two miles, from nearly opposite Bellevue Gardens to a buoy placed one mile down the river, by R. H. Haycock, Esq., and back.
4. Four or more boats must start to make a race.
5. Entrance fee, $2 for each boat. Prizes: 1st, $10, or two silver medals equal in value; 2nd, entrance money saved.
6. Crews, if not acquainted with the rules, can have them read on the ground, by application to the sub-Committee.
7. Boats must be ready to start by 5:30 o'clock, p.m.
8. Signal of starting by pistol shot, as soon after the words "are you ready" is given by the starter as may be thought proper.
9. Should any alterations from these rules be made, notice will be given by the committee before the start.
10. Entrance money will be received by Mr. Jos. Esmonde until 4 o'clock on the day of the race.

LOCAL NEWS.

FOR a choice selection of pickles, sauces &c., go to Bate & Co, 52 Spark st. 762d

FOR jams and jellies go to Bate & Co., 52, Spark-st. 762d

MAGEE AND RUSSELL'S great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

BOG OAK JEWELLERY.—Very handsome sets of bog oak jewellery can be had at Young & Radford's, at 90c. per set.

KING ALFRED.—Remember that the students of St. Joseph's College will to-morrow evening perform Sheridan Knowles' *King Alfred*, and no doubt the college will be well filled.

PARADE FOR ANNUAL INSPECTION.—The Civil Service Rifle Regiment will parade for annual inspection to-morrow, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, in the Parliament Square. See advertisement.

DOMINION DAY.—The Queen Fire Company will hold their second annual pic-nic at the Bellevue Gardens on Dominion Day, when the usual pleasurable amusements may be indulged in; for which abundant facilities will be afforded.

FISHING IN THE CANAL.—During the present season a large number of fish have been caught in the canal, and we have known several persons who have hooked the maskinonge. On Friday last a fine specimen of this fish was caught in the canal basin weighing 25 pounds.

DOMINION DAY.—An excursion to Thurso, calling at Buckingham, has been organized by the Building Committee of the Episcopal Methodist Church, York-st., for which the steamer *Alexandra* has been chartered. For the large catalogue of attractions see the advertisement.

COL. ATCHERLY'S INSPECTION.—We would again remind our volunteers of the Garrison Artillery and Ottawa Rifles, to parade for inspection this evening at half-past six o'clock in full uniform, that is with busbies and shakos—as the case may be. Great coats are to be strapped on the backs of the men.

DOMINION DAY.—An excursion to Caledonia Springs has been arranged with the Ottawa River Navigation Company for Dominion Day. Passengers will be taken to and from the Springs for one fare, returning on the following day. Mr. Gianelli will give a grand opening *fete* of which fireworks, illumination and a ball will be component sports. See advertisement in another column.

CHILD LOST.—About seven o'clock on Friday morning, a boy between eight and nine years of age, the son of Mr. Mathewman, painter, of Elgin-street, left home, and was last seen about the locks of the canal. His parents are in agony of distress, and they, with several friends, have been searching for the missing child day and night. Many anxious friends are inquiring in every direction for him, and we trust they will continue to do so.

THE 43RD BATTALION TO CHURCH.—The Battalion encampment paid due observance to the duties of the Sabbath yesterday. Several parties belonging to the Roman Catholic, Presbyterian and Baptist churches attended Divine Service in their several places of worship in the morning, and at half-past one p. m. the bugle sounded for a voluntary church parade for the Church of England, when portions of all the eight companies – except No. 4, which was on camp duty—fell in, and marched to Christ Church, Upper Town, with Gowan's Band at the front. The number of those who thus volunteered was 250 men, 6 Lieutenants, 1 Ensign and 7 Captains, under the command of Major Seale. The unusual sound of the band music on the street brought many hundreds of people out, and a large number who would not otherwise have gone to church at that hour attended with the volunteers.

POLICE COURT.—Laurinia Merrifield, an idiotic girl about 20 years of age, who had been found roaming about the streets, and among other places had been wandering about the vicinity of the camp in a most filthy condition, was sent to jail for two weeks, in the hope that before the expiration of that time her friends will claim her.—Moise Martin, found drunk and sleeping on the Sappers' Bridge, was fined $2 and costs.—Samuel Waite and Thos. Hill were charged with being found in a house of ill-fame, kept by Ellen Welch in Lower Town, and fined $2 each and costs, which amounted in each case to $5.75, or one week in jail.—Ellen Welch was then charged with keeping a house of ill-fame, and Annie Whelan was called to prove the fact. She stated that she had been twice in the house and had seen other girls and men there. Ellen was therefore committed to the common jail for the space of two calendar months. Then Annie was called up and questioned as to her mode of living, and the result was that she was ordered to leave the city by the 1 o'clock train, for which purpose she would be furnished with a pauper's pass. Her destination is Kingston, which she states to be her home. In order to guard against her being prevented or detained by any means, she was ordered to be locked up till the hour of departure and escorted to the cars by a policeman.

MILITIA GENERAL ORDERS.

HEAD QUARTERS,
Ottawa, 26th June, 1868.

GENERAL ORDERS.

VOLUNTEER MILITIA.

No. 1.

Ottawa Provisional Brigade Garrison Artillery. No. 1 Battery.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, acting till further orders:
Allan Poyntz Patrick, gentleman, vice Gemmill, promoted.

Prescott Provisional Brigade Garrison Artillery. No. 3 Battery, Iroquois.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, acting till further orders:
Sergeant John McDonnell, vice Millar, promoted.

54th Richmond Battalion of Infantry. No. 1 Company, Danville.

To be Lieutenant, temporary:
Ensign Donald McLeod, M. S., vice Bernard, appointed Adjutant.

To be Ensign, acting till further orders:
Simeon Leet, gentleman, vice McLeod, promoted.

SERVICE MILITIA.
PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

The Whitby Grammar School Drill Association

A Drill Association is hereby authorized at Whitby, in the Regimental Division of Ontario, under the Command of Capt. George H. Dartnell, to be composed of the Masters and pupils of the Grammar and Common Schools and others, and to be styled the "Whitby Grammar School Drill Association."

By Command of His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor-General and Commander-in-Chief.
P. L. MACDOUGALL, Colonel,
Adjutant-General of Militia,
Canada.

Latest by Telegraph.

FROM TORONTO.

TORONTO, June 27.

Special to THE TIMES.

There is nothing of special importance to-day.

The contract for the building of the Lieut-Governor's residence was let to Grant and Park, of Peterboro, for the sum of $58,878; work to be completed by November, 1869. Gundry and Langley are the architects.

CABLE NEWS

Via Montreal Line.

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES.

LONDON, June 26.—In the House of Lords the debate on the Suspensory Bill was continued. An immense crowd was present on the floor, and in the galleries. Great excitement was manifested. Lord Carnarvon regretted that this question was made a party measure. Ireland never had gained anything on the battle field of party politics. He criticised the Irish policy of the late Derby Ministry, and said he distrusted the policy of the present Cabinet. He thought it was safer for the Church to make terms with its avowed opponents than trust its professed friends. If the Church of England fell into a minority his affection for it would remain, but his conscience would not support it as an establishment. He was in favor of disestablishing the Irish Church, but he would not disendow it. He concluded with the declaration that he should vote for the Suspensory Bill. Great cheering from the Whig benches.

Lord Redescolle said this Bill was a sacrilege, and the Queen's sanction of it ought to be barred by the coronation oath.

Lord Marlborough said the Bill was only an effort of the Liberals to gain office at any cost.

Lords Dufferin and Romily spoke in support of the Bill, and Archbishops of York and Armagh in opposition. The Marquis of Salisbury said the Bill should have been made to exclude future holders of benefices from compensation; as this was not done he thought the object of its framers was to commit the Lords to some ulterior design. This was no plan of disendowment, but the framers threatened that if it were not passed worse would follow; if a worse one could be framed they would have done it. He conceived of nothing worse than abolition. Inquiry should be made as to the right of spoliation. If envy and dislike were the reason for it, it would not stop at corporate property, he thought the Fenians would regard it as a sop to save the land. Land, not the church, was their object, and the real badge of conquest. If the Lords become an echo of the Commons, they had better not be Lords at all. He wished to yield to the opinion of the people, but if they acted prudently, firmly and independently, they would probably interpret the wishes of the people better than the Commons have done. The debate then adjourned. The Reform Bill for Ireland was read for a first time in the House of Lords, and an adjournment took place.

LISBON, June 26.—General amnesty has been declared in favor of those persons who participated in the political riots and disturbances last winter.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

BERLIN, June 27.—The health of Count Von Bismark, who is at present living in retirement on his estate in Pomerania, has much improved within the past few days.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 27.—Prince Napoleon arrived in this city to-day from Bucharest.

MARSEILLES, June 27.—H. B. M.'s steamship *Urgent* with Major-General Napier on board, arrived at Malta to-day on the way to England.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Via Montreal Line.

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Death of Rev. Dr. Duffield.

DETROIT, June 25.—Rev. Dr. Duffield died this afternoon.

Removal of Arms by Fenians.

BURLINGTON, June 27.—Two car loads of Fenian arms and equipments in a storehouse at St. Albans, were quietly removed by the Fenians with teams into the back country on Wednesday and Thursday last.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

Arrivals.

NEW YORK, June 27.—The steamer *Santiago* of the opposition California line arrived this morning.

The steamer *Deutchland*, from Bremen, also arrived this morning.

American Express Co.

The American Express Co. contemplate a discontinuance of business on the Albany and Susquehanna Railroad unless they can obtain from the latter better terms. Their contract expires on the 30th of the present month, and the express say that during the past twelve months they have lost $40,000. They ask of the Railroad Company more favorable terms, and should the request be refused the express will probably discontinue its business at the period of the termination of its contract.

More Mexican Dishonesty.

The *Herald's* Mexico special says that Romero has been ordered home from Washington. He has informed the English bondholders that their negotiations with Maximilian have annulled all obligations on the part of Mexico.

American Frauds.

The *Tribune's* special says that there are some fears that the Senate will confirm the Osage contract, one of the most monstrous frauds ever attempted in the country, and which was unanimously denounced by the House last week.

Glaring frauds in the Second Auditor's Office, whereby the Government has been swindled out of millions of dollars by dishonest clerks altering bounty warrants, have been unearthed by a special investigation of a Committee of the House.

Impeachment.

The impeachment investigation report will probably be presented next Monday.

Seward the Author of the Naturalization Bill.

Secretary Seward is the author of the Bill relative to American citizens abroad.

Gen. Schofield Spoken of as a Presidential Candidate.

The *Times* special says the Democratic politicians are urging Gen. Schofield as a Presidential Candidate without the authority of the General.

The International Young Men's Christian Association.

DETROIT, June 27.—At the International Christian Convocation yesterday, resolutions were adopted concerning the Executive Committee.

Another Bill to Regulate Trade Between the United States and North American Provinces.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Mr. Ramsay has introduced a Bill to regulate trade between the United States and North American Provinces, and for other purposes.—Referred.

THE PEACE TENURE IN EUROPE.

How the peace of Europe has been preserved is thus told by the London *Times*:

"It has always been our firm opinion that if in the course of the last two years, Europe has been spared the miseries of war, it has been entirely owing to the moderation of two men —Count Bismarck and the Emperor Napoleon. And, since the perplexities and inconsistencies of the latter potentate have placed him under the control of conflicting factions in his own Cabinet, peace has depended on the extremely clear and resolute, yet at the same time cautious and conciliatory, policy of the Prussian statesman. Taking his ground upon the principle that he would put up with no foreign interference in German matters, he has evinced the most consummate forbearance in not giving, and the most heroic endurance in not taking offence. It is hoped that Bismarck's spirit may linger behind him in his absence. We all remember how, on the very day after Sadowa, General Moltke declared that "he was as ready to begin with the French as he was able to conclude with the Austrians." But Count Bismarck replied that "it was well to be out of one war before returning on another." The dialogue might suit the situation now as it did then. Even when it is the soldier's business to prepare for war, it should be the statesman's duty to avert it."

MAGEE AND RUSSELL'S great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

—It is said that kerosene, applied by means of a moistened cloth to stoves, will effectually keep them from rust during the summer months.

—Mr. Alfred Lee, the richest coloured man in Washington, died on Sunday, aged 63. He was an intelligent man and a good citizen, long in the flour and feed business, and worth about $300,000.

—The pearl fishing grounds recently discovered in Western Australia extend along the coast for 2,000 miles. Upwards of 60 tons of pearl oysters were fished up in December last, and sold at £100 per ton.

—Pius IX. entered on his seventy-seventh year on the 25th ult. His father died at eighty-four; his mother, the Countess Catharine, at eighty-two; his paternal ancestor, Count Hercules, at ninety-six; his brother Gabriel at eighty-three.

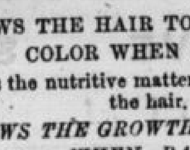
MESSRS. Young & Radford having secured the services of first-class working jewellers in etruscan, filagree, plain, fancy and solid gold work, and having made large additions to their work shop are now better prepared to execute any orders with which they may be entrusted than heretofore. Masonic jewels gold and silver medals, and every kind of jewellery repaired.

BRYAN'S WAFERS, (the great public remedy,) have now been in use over twenty year), hence it cannot be said that they are on trials. They have been thoroughly tried, and pronounced (on the authority of those whose lives and health they have preserved) to be a sure, harmless and eminently salutary preparation, and if taken in season will invariably cure colds, coughs, sore throat, and all bronchial affections. One fair trial will convince the most skeptical. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts. per box.

—One of Mr. Beales' friends has come to grief. Mr. Finlen, a true and noble-hearted reformer, a *protege* of Bright, beloved of Beales, has been brought before the magistrate at Clerkenwell, London, on a charge of deserting his children. A true patriot is Mr. Finlen, a man endowed with the widest feelings of philanthropy, in the cant of the day a large hearted man, who could feel for the wants of the voteless, and rave about the wrongs of Ireland. A red-hot Fenian, also, is Mr. Finlen, but being an Irishman himself he had overlooked the wrongs of some of the Irish—his own family. Mr. Finlen's motto was, "Charity begins at home;" that is, he wished to give the public an opportunity of letting its charity begin at his children's home, if the poor little creatures' left destitute by this ruffian could be said to have any dwelling called by that endearing name. He has been consigned to a "British Bastile" for a period, to enable him to reform, and acquire the personal qualification necessary for manhood suffrage.—*Montreal Telegraph.*

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Every possible comfort, convenience and luxury will be found at the CANADA HOUSE, CALEDONIA SPRINGS. 779-3



HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR *RENEWER.*

RENEWS THE HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR WHEN GRAY.

Renews the nutritive matter which nourishes the hair.

RENEWS THE GROWTH OF THE HAIR WHEN BALD.

Renews the brash, wiry hair to silken softness.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR DRESSING.

One bottle shows its effects.

R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N.H., Proprietors.

For sale by all druggists. 762dwd

Errors of Youth.—A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay and all the effects of youthful indiscretion will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertisers' experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence,
JOHN B. OGDEN, 43 Cedar Street New York

Bronchitis, Coughs, Asthma,
And all disorders of the THROAT and LUNGS, are relieved by using "Brown's Bronchial Troches."

"I have been afflicted with Bronchitis during the past winter, and found no relief until I found your 'BRONCHIAL TROCHES.'
C. H. GARDINER,
Principal of Rutger's Female Institute, New York."

"Almost instant relief in the distressing labor of breathing peculiar to Asthma."
REV. A. C. EGGLESTON, New York.

"It gives me great pleasure to certify to the efficacy of your Bronchial Troches, in an affliction of the throat and voice, induced by public singing. They have suited my case exactly, relieving my throat and clearing the voice so that I could sing with ease.
T. DUCHARME,
Chorister French Parish Church, Montreal."

'When somewhat hoarse from cold or overexertion in public speaking, I have uniformly found Brown's Troches afford relief.
HENRY WILKES, D. D.,
Pastor of Zion Church, Montreal."

Sold by all dealers in medicines at 25 cents a box.

Who is Mrs. Winslow?

As this question is frequently asked, we will simply say that she is a lady who, for upwards of thirty years, has untiringly devoted her time and talents as a Female Physician and nurse, principally among children. She has especially studied the constitution and wants of this numerous class, and, as a result of this effort and practical knowledge, obtained in a lifetime spent as nurse and physician, she has compounded a Soothing Syrup for children teething. It operates like magic—giving rest and health, and is, moreover, sure to regulate the bowels. In consequence of this article, Mrs. Winslow is becoming world-renowned as a benefactor of her race; children certainly do RISE UP and bless her; especially is this the case in this city. Vast quantities of the Soothing Syrup are DAILY sold and used here. We think Mrs. Winslow has immortalized her name by this invaluable article, and we sincerely believe thousands of children have been saved from an early grave by its timely use, and that millions yet unborn will share its benefits, and unite in calling her blessed. No MOTHER has discharged her duty to her suffering little one, in our opinion, until she has given it the benefit of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. Try it, mothers—TRY IT NOW—*Ladies' Visitor*, New York City.

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents a bottle.

Be sure and call for
"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,"
Having the *fac-simile* of "CURTIS & PERKINS" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations. 762-24.2m

To Consumptives.—The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, FREE, by return mail, will please address,
REV. EDWARD WILSON,
Williamsburg, Kings Co., New York.

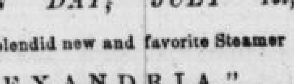
Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding he symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms; deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual waist ing away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are he sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* ☞ and take no other. ☜ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine deale every where 578y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS



EXCURSION TO THURSO,

CALLING AT BUCKINGHAM,

—ON—

DOMINION DAY, JULY 1st,

1868, by the splendid new and favorite Steamer

"ALEXANDRIA."

The Building Committee of the Episcopal Methodist Church, York Street, Ottawa, have made arrangements with the owners of the above celebrated steamer, for an Excursion to the above picturesque and charming Village, on the Banks of the Ottawa, so justly celebrated in the annals of Canadian History.

Among the attractions of the day, will be a Lacrosse Match between the "Union" and "Huron" Clubs of Ottawa.

SINGLE TICKETS, - ONE DOLLAR,

THERE AND BACK;

DOUBLE—ONE DOLLAR & FIFTY CENTS

Children under 14 years, half-price; may be had of J. G. Robinson & Co., the Tea Pot; R. R. Booth, Chaudiere, and of any member of the Committee.

Only a limited number will be taken.
The steamer will leave at half-past 8 o'clock.
Ottawa, June 29th, 1868. 780td

FIRST OF JULY.

THE SECOND ANNUAL

PIC-NIC

OF THE

QUEEN FIRE COMPANY

Will take place at

BELLEVUE GARDENS, HULL,

ON

WEDNESDAY, (DOMINION DAY)

With the usual sports of RUNNING, LEAPING, &c.

The Queen's Brass and Quadrille Bands will be in attendance.

TICKETS, 25 CENTS.

Dancing to commence at 2 p. m.

I. N. BERICHON,
Secretary.

Ottawa, June 29. 780td

CIVIL SERVICE RIFLE REGIMENT.

THE REGIMENT

WILL

PARADE

FOR ANNUAL INSPECTION,

ON

TUESDAY, the 30th INSTANT,

At 4 o'clock, p.m.,

IN THE PARLIAMENT SQUARE.

By order.

JOHN LeB. ROSS,
Capt. & Adjutant,
C.S.R. Regt.

Ottawa, June 29, 1868. 780-2

CLARET! CLARET!

(In Wood and Bottle.)

ANOTHER LOT VERY CHOICE,

JUST RECEIVED,

JAS. BUCHANAN,

Sussex and Wellington-sts.

June 27. 779tf

GREAT SLAUGHTER OF

Mantles and Millinery.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Having determined to CLEAR OUT their whole STOCK of MANTLES and MILLINERY, and have RE-MARKED the whole STOCK.

Mantles, Bonnets and Hats AT HALF PRICE.

Mantles, Bonnets and Hats AT LESS THAN COST.

Mantles, Bonnets and Hats AT COST.

Feathers, Ornaments, &c.,

AT IMMENSE REDUCTIONS IN PRICE.

☞ This is an opportunity seldom met with. New and Fashionable Goods at Fearful Reductions in Price. Sale will commence on SATURDAY, the 27th Instant, and will continue until the whole is disposed of.

CALL EARLY AND SECURE A CHOICE.

Ottawa, June 27, 1868. 484v.

PROCLAMATION TO FARMERS,

And all whom it may concern.

AT THE

SIGN OF THE ANVIL, No. 24, RIDEAU-ST.,

You can find a complete assortment of

HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS

Consisting in part of

GRASS AND GRAIN SCYTHES,

Blood's Solid German Steel,
Blood's Solid Cast Steel,
Blood's Solid Silver Steel,
Higgins' Solid German Steel,
Higgins' Solid Cast Steel,
Whiting & Co.'s Cast Steel,
Moor's Old Pattern Steel,
Reaping Hooks,
Sickles,
Scythes, Snaths,
Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine,
Hay Rakes, Straight and Bent,
Hay Forks,
Straw Forks,
Scythe Stones,
Grind Stones, from 20 lbs. to 200 lbs., &c., &c.,

Together with a complete assortment of

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

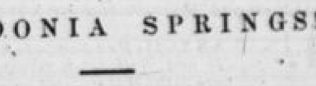
ALSO,

PAINTS, OILS, TURPENTINE, BENZOLE,

Varnish, Japan, Glass, Putty, &c., &c.

☞ Remember the place.

THOS. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil,
408y No. 24, Rideau-street.



DOMINION DAY.

GRAND EXCURSION

TO THE CELEBRATED

CALEDONIA SPRINGS!

Arrangements have been made with the OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY to take Passengers

TO AND FROM THE SPRINGS

FOR ONE FARE,

Returning the following day.

MR. GIANELLI, the courteous and gentlemanly proprietor, intends to give a

GRAND OPENING.

FIREWORKS, ILLUMINATION & BALL.

Passengers leave by the steamer "Queen Victoria" at 6:30 a. m.

Ottawa, June 29. 780-2

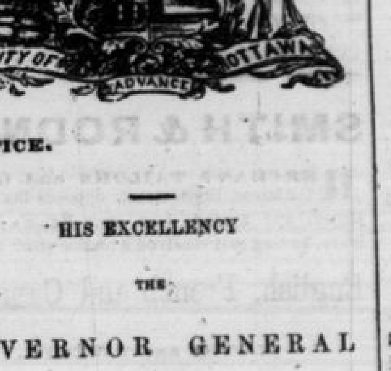
OYSTERS! OYSTERS!

JUST RECEIVED.

JAS. BUCHANAN,

Sussex and Wellington-sts.

June 27, 1868. 779tf



NOTICE.

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE

GOVERNOR GENERAL

Having issued

A PROCLAMATION

Which appears in the

CANADA GAZETTE,

Of the TWENTIETH INSTANT, enjoining the observance of

WEDNESDAY, THE FIRST DAY OF JULY

Next, the anniversary of the formation of the

DOMINION OF CANADA,

AS A

PUBLIC HOLIDAY,

Local publicity is hereby given to the substance

OF THE

SAID PROCLAMATION.

I hereby respectfully request that the day be observed, as required by

THE SAID PROCLAMATION,

In a due and proper manner.

HENRY J. FRIEL,
Mayor.

City Hall, Ottawa,
June 26th, 1868. 779td

CHAMPAGNE HOTEL,

SIGN OF THE BEAVER,

No. 71, ST. PAUL-STREET, No. 71,

Opposite Bonsecours Church,

MONTREAL.

This beautiful House, four stories high, being M. Dubord's property, can receive 50 boarders, and offers all possible comfort to travellers. Meals quickly served at all hours to the taste and wish of visitors.

N.B.—Good Yard and Stabling all at

REDUCED PRICES.

ISIDORE CHAMPAGNE,
779d Proprietor.

NOTICE.

I hereby call a

PUBLIC MEETING OF CITIZENS

To take place

ON MONDAY NEXT,

IN THE

CITY HALL, AT FOUR O'CLOCK,

IN THE

AFTERNOON,

To consider the best means of celebrating

DOMINION DAY

In a due and proper manner.

HENRY J. FRIEL,
Mayor.

City Hall, Ottawa,
June 26th, 1868. 779td

THE RIDEAU RIFLE RANGE

WILL BE OPEN FOR

TARGET PRACTICE

TO MEMBERS OF THE

METROPOLITAN RIFLE ASSOCIATION,

ON EVERY SATURDAY,

Until further orders, commencing on the 27th instant, when the Secretary will be on the ground to

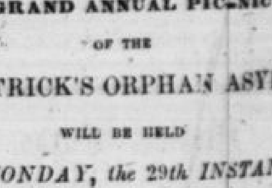
ISSUE TICKETS,

Arrange the practice, and give any further information that may be required.

The first meeting will be at 8 a. m., and continue till noon.

C. E. PERRY,
Capt. and Secy.,
M. R. A.

Ottawa, June 26, 1868. 778-2



THE GRAND ANNUAL PIC-NIC

OF THE

ST. PATRICK'S ORPHAN ASYLUM

WILL BE HELD

ON MONDAY, the 29th INSTANT,

AT THE

BELLEVUE GARDENS, HULL.

GOWAN'S QUADRILLE BAND

Will be in attendance.

THE USUAL GAMES,

Such as Races, Quoits, Throwing Heavy and Light Hammers, Jumping, Leaping, Tossing the Caber, &c., &c., will take place, and PRIZES awarded to successful competitors.

A DOUBLE SKULL SKIFF RACE,

Of 2 miles; 1st prize, $10.00; 2nd do., $5.00. Boats not to exceed 20 feet in length. Entrance fee, $2.00. Four entries.

REFRESHMENT TABLES

In charge of the Ladies and Gentlemen of the Association.

Admission 25 cents.

Contributions to the Refreshment Tables will be thankfully received at Mr. Kavanagh's, Centre Town; Mr. Whelan's, Rideau-street; Mr. Caldwell's, Sussex-street; or at the Asylum.

MARTIN BATTLE,
Secretary.

Ottawa, June 25, 1868. 777-4

SHORTHAND

Taught by post or privately for Five Dollars. Address, enclosing one stamp, to T. H., TIMES Office, Ottawa. 778f

BREAD! BREAD!

REDUCTION IN PRICE!

BREAD OF McCORMICK'S

OWN BAKING.

Already famed for its excellent quality, can be obtained at his FLOUR STORE, Sparks-street, and BAKERY, Queen-street, at

SEVEN PENCE PER 4 lb. LOAF.

H. McCORMICK.

Ottawa, June 26, 1868. 778

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

BOG OAK SETTS, BROOCH and EAR RINGS.

At 90 Cents the Set,

At Young & Radford's,
30 Sparks-street.

Young & Radford

ARE SELLING BOG OAK SETTS at 90 cents,
Which have been sold as high as $2.00 per sett.

Young & Radford

CAN MAKE TO ORDER
All kinds of GOLD and SILVER JEWELLERY cheaper than the same can be bought retail.

FOR fine BOG OAK BROOCHES and EAR RINGS, in setts,
See YOUNG & RADFORD'S new lot just received, and selling at the very low price of only 90 cents per set.

GIVE US A CALL
And be sure you remember the Place,

YOUNG & RADFORD'S,
30 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

Pickles, Sauces, &c.,

JUST RECEIVED DIRECT FROM

CROSSE & BLACKWELL, London,

Ex ship "Ardmillan," the following:

125 DOZ. MIXED PICKLES,
35 DOZ. Gerkins,
35 DOZ. Onions,
35 DOZ. Chow Chow,
30 DOZ. Piccolill,
25 DOZ. Walnuts,
20 DOZ. Cauliflower,
15 DOZ. Imperial Hot,
15 DOZ. West India,
15 DOZ. Capt. White's Oriental

Reading Sauce,
King of Oude Sauce,
Harvey do.
John Bull do.
Kilos Cousis do.
Soyer's do.
Worcestershire do.
India Soy,
Essence of Anchovies,
Essence of Shrimps,
Mushroom Ketchup,
Walnut Ketchup,
French Capers,
Chili Vinegar,
Tarragon Vinegar,
Raspberry Vinegar,
Olives,
Bottled Fruits, an assortment,
Raspberry Jam,
Strawberry do.
Damson do.
Gooseberry do.
Red Currant do.
Black do. do.
Red do. Jelly.
Black do. do.
Crystallized Fruits,
Fruits in Noyeau,
Preserved Ginger in Jars and 1 lb. Pots,
Currie Powder,
Anchovy Paste,
Potted Ham, Beef and Tongue,
Potted Yarmouth Bloaters,
Strasbourg Potted Meats,
Soup and Bouillé,
Mock Turtle Soup,
Mulligatawny Soup,
Hare Soup,
Jugged Hare,
Pheasants in Gravy,
Grouse in Gravy,
Partridge in Gravy,
Paté de Foie Gras,
Paté D'Alouettes,
Paté de Cailles.

ALSO,

A large lot of Keen's Celebrated Mustard in half lb. and 1 lb. tins.

BATE & Co.,
52, SPARKS-ST.

June 8, 1868. 762d

ARNOLDI'S WINE AND SPIRIT VAULTS,

21 *Metcalfe-st., Telegraph Co's Building,*
OTTAWA,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL. FOR CASH ONLY

Dekuyper's Red Cases, Gin, 15 bottles	$9 00
" Green, " " per doz	4 80
Booth's London Gin	7 26
Bernard's and Thompson's Gin "	6 00
Green Seal Champagne "	12 00

AND UPWARDS.

PORT WINES—Graham's, Sandeman's, &c.

	Per Gall.	Per Doz
No. 1 Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2 "	3 00	8 75
" 3 Old	3 50	10 00
" 4 Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine old	5 75	15 50
SHERRIES—Lomecq's, Pemartin's, &c.:		
No. 1 Superior Light table Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2 Extra do	3 00	8 75
" 3 Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4 Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine	5 50	15 00

Single sample bottles at above rates.
Also, of Standard Brands, in wood or bottle, old and new, Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch and Canadian Whiskies.
Canadian Ale, in wood or bottle.
Guinness' Porter, pints and quarts. Hibbert's Porter, pints and quarts. Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, pints and quarts.
Clarets, Hocks, Sauternes, Curacao, Maraschino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., &c.
Parityi n all cases guaranteed, and goods marked at the lowest quotations.
Orders by mail with cash, promptly attended to Goods delivered to any part of the city free o charge. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invi d.

NOTICE.

The subscriber would intimate to those of his customers with whom current accounts may have been opened that it is his intention to take advantage of any irregularity in their payment to close them in order that he may conduct his business totally on the *cash principle*, which has been found to work much more satisfactorily for both the buyer and seller in every branch of trade in which it has been tried, and relying on quality of his goods and the prices charged for them (which will always be as low as they can honestly be sold for) he solicits a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.
K. ARNOLDI,
Dealer in the better qualities of Wines, Spirits, &c., Metcalfe-street, Telegraph Co's Building, Ottawa.
Price lists on application or sent to any address.
April 21, 1868. 535y

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,
Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY, AND COURT OF SPAIN, THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY:
Prize Medallist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.
WE HEREBY APPOINT
MR. JOHN LESLIE,
Sparks-street,
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,
For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*
H. & A. SAUNDERS,
Montreal.
Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for the sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.
Ottawa, May 29. 748y

FOR SALE!

THAT Splendid First-Class
HOTEL,
IN THE
CAPITAL OF THE DOMINION!
KNOWN AS THE
REVERE HOUSE,

And at present leased at a rental of $2,000. It is one of the best buildings in the city. Its length is one hundred and six (106) feet by forty (40) feet wide, built of stone, with cut stone front and tin roof. The house contains fifty bedrooms, five parlors and dining room, with bar, kitchen and laundry attached. There is a new Brick Stable, sixty-six (66) by thirty (30) feet, capable of stabling forty Horses, a large yard and outbuildings; also a vacant lot, which the purchaser can have if required to enlarge. The premises are in excellent order, being only five years built. Very lately a sum of $2,000 was expended improving the building. For a first-class hotel, or Military Quarters, it cannot be equalled in the city.
TERMS EASY, and made known free of charge, by letter or otherwise, on application to
J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer,
Commission and Real Estate Agent.
Ottawa, June 3, 1868. 758d

Dominion Auction Mart,

AND

Commission Sale Rooms

House, Land & General Agency,
OFFICE & SALE ROOMS,
INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-STREET,
OTTAWA.

THE SUBSCRIBER
Respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city.
From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufactories of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.
Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.
The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.
They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.
From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.
The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.
The Pianos, as well as the Furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.
He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.
He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.
Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.
All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.
His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq. M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq. M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq. M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq. M P
James O'Reilly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.
A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent represent ng several firms.
J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
753y House, Land and General Agent

Storekeepers, Farmers and Others.

SHOULD BUY THEIR TEAS FROM

The Importers Direct

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY, 6, Hospital-street, Montreal, have sent over one thousand packages to different parts of the country, and receive every day assurances that the Tea gives entire satisfaction. Subjoined are a few of the numerous testimonials already received:

RUSSELL HOTEL, Quebec, Jan 7, 1867.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the six chests of Tea forwarded some time since arrived in good order. The quality is pure and excellent, and prices cheap. As I am particular in buying the best quality of Tea to be had for our guests, I am pleased to acquaint you that it gives general satisfaction. Your obedient servant,
WILLIS RUSSELL.

FELCOMB, Dec. 3, 1867.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the Oolong Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto, who informs me he considers it as good as that he was using for which he paid one dollar per lb. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz., at 75 cents per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant,
JNO. T. DAY.

HOUSE OF SENATE, Ottawa, December 16, 1867. Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the box of English Breakfast and Young Hyson Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. You may expect my future orders. Yours, &c.,
S. SKINNER.

COBOURG, January 8, 1868.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, I beg to inform you that the two boxes of Tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box, or 20 lbs., at same price, and oblige yours, &c.,
F. OLIVER.

The contributors to the *Medical Journal* have frequently declared that one-half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have carefully selected and imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure and free from poisonous substances, in 50, 25, 20, 15 and 12 lb. boxes.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season, do; 55c 60c and 65c; Excellent Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c; Very Fine, 60c; Fir est, 65c, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay common, 38c; Fine do, 55c; Young Hyson, 50c, 60c, 65c and 70c; Fine do, 75c; Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1.00; Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

All orders for 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular sent equally cheap. The Company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much, two or three clubbing together could divide. An excellent mixed Tea could be sent for 60c to 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order or enclosed notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man where there are express offices. A trial solicited.
THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
6, Hospital-street, Montreal.
All boxes sent from this establishment have the Company's name printed on them.
Montreal, March 4, 1868. w10iy

Coffee! Coffee!

TO those who enjoy a Cup of
REALLY FINE COFFEE
—TRY—
BUCHANAN'S
Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha,
JAVA & JAMAICA,
Roasted and Ground
Daily on the premises, by steam power.
JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.
May 11, 1868. 739tf

TO LET.
A desirable residence in the Village of New Edinburgh. Possession given immediately. Apply to the Office of the Mackay Estate.
New Edinburgh, June 25, 1868. 777-3

GREAT SUCCESS

OF THE

Removal Sale.

ALL THE GOODS FROM THE Wholesale Department brought forward, and re-marked at clearing prices.

SEVERAL CHOICE BARGAIN LOTS, Will be offered TO-DAY.

ONE LOT OF 20 PIECE MARL POPLINETTES,
This season's importation, worth 40 cents, will be sold for 25 cents.

ANOTHER LOT, SIMILAR STYLES,
Will be marked 16 cents. These are all well worth 30 cents.

500 YARDS STRIPED BARLSTON GINGHAMS,
That cost the importer 22 cents, will be laid on the counter at 12½ cents.

ANOTHER choice lot of Double Width CHALLIE and ALPACCA DRESS GOODS,
At 11 cents and 12½ cents, well worth double the money.

ONE CASE OF PRINTED MUSLINS.
Fast colours and choice patterns, at 10, 12, 12½, 16 and 17 cents per yard, are value for 50 per cent more, only they arrived too late in the season.

A JOB LOT of WHITE BRILLIANTS PIQUES and MARSEILLES,
At very low prices.

50 PIECES WHITE GROUND PRINTS and PRINTED BRILLIANTS,
From 15 to 21 cents per yard.

ANOTHER BALE WHITE SHIRTINGS,
At the reduced rates, will be brought forward to-day.

80 DOZEN MORE of THOSE CLEAR CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS,
At the same prices as gave such satisfaction the last two weeks.

10 PIECES WHITE GROUND FRENCH DELAINES,
With coloured spots for Children's Dresses, at 25 cents per yard, usual price, 40 cents.

SEVERAL HUNDRED DOZEN OF WHITE and COLOURED COTTON HOSE,
Brought out from the Wholesale Department, today, and marked very cheap.

NOTWITHSTANDING
The great rush we have had the stock is still well assorted, and many goods have been still further reduced in prices.

Magee & Russell.

Ottawa, June 17, 1868. 707y

FOR SALE

AT THE

MONTREAL WAREHOUSE

800 BUTTER TUBS, (in good order.
J. MARTIN & CO.

10,000 LBS. MAPLE SUGAR.
J. MARTIN & CO.

50 CASES ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.
J. MARTIN & CO.

HERRINGS, PORK, FLOUR, BUTTER, CHEESE.
657v J. MARTIN & CO.

IF YOU

WANT ANY

BOOTS OR SHOES,

CALL AT

Angus & Huckell's

—GREAT—

Boot & Shoe

EMPORIUM,

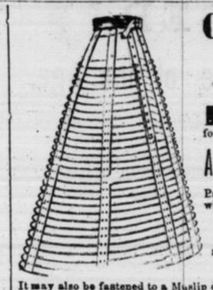
15,

SUSSEX-STREET

Whyte's Brick Block.

Ottawa, June 18. 666y

TORONTO HOUSE, Sparks-st.
MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has at present several commodious and handsomely furnished suites of apartments, in every respect eligible for civil or military officers, or private gentlemen remaining in the city.
Ottawa, June 20, 1868. 773tf



City Hoop Skirt Factory.

SOMETHING NEW.

I BEG to call the attention of LADIES to a new and highly desirable article which I have secured the Sole Agency for in Ottawa and vicinity. It is known

As Lesser's Patent Skirt Appendage!

Patented April 23, 1868, and consists of a SEPARATE TRAIL, which can be attached to an ordinary

Plain Hoop Skirt,

thus converting it into a graceful

Promenade or Evening Skirt!

It may also be fastened to a Muslin or Stuff Petticoat with the same result. It can be folded into very small compass, and must readily recommend itself to every Lady, combining, as it does, Grace, Elegance and Comfort. To be had wholesale and retail. All styles of Skirts on hand. Corsets, Hosiery and Gloves, Parasols, &c., &c.
DAVID MILLAR,
456y 43 Sparks-st, Central Ottawa.

FAMILY MOURNING.

Every article connected with LADIES' and CHILDREN'S MOURNING, supplied by

GRANT & HENDERSON,

BLACK SILKS,	BLACK CRAPES,
BLACK PARAMATTAS,	BLACK REPPS,
BLACK COBURGS,	BLACK LLAMAS,
BLACK GRENADINES,	BLACK LUSTRES,
MOURNING MANTLES,	AND MILLINERY.

Grant and Henderson.
20 Rideau-street.
Ottawa, June 18. 522y

RETIRING FROM BUSINESS

Great Cheap Sale of Dry Goods!

As GEO. FEATHERSTON & CO.,

Intend winding up their business in AUGUST NEXT. They will from this date offer their large stock of

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOOD,

At greatly reduced prices for cash as the whole must be disposed of by the 24th day of AUGUST. The following list of prices will satisfy all that this is a chance rarely to be met with, and will be for the benefit of every one to take advantage of.

Full width Prints from	4½d per yard.	Grey Cottons	from 4½d per yard.
Printed Muslins "	6d "	Silk Parasols	" 2s 6d each.
" Delaines "	4½ "	Hoop Skirts	" 10½d "
6-4 Alpacca Lustres "	7½ "	Canadian Full Cloth	" 2s 11d per yard.
Cobourgs "	9 "		

A large lot of Women's White Cotton Hose, from 4½d per pair. A lot of Summer Shawls from 11s 3d to 27s 6d, usual price from 17s 6d to 40s. A lot of cloths for Boy's Summer Wear, very cheap, and all other goods proportionately low.

Shop to Rent from 1st Sept. Next.

GEO. FEATHERSTON & CO.,
34 Sparks-street, Centre Town.
Ottawa, June 15, 1868. 768 2m

Great Clearing Sale of Dry Goods.

Cunningham & Lindsay

No. 14, RIDEAU-STREET,
WILL COMMENCE
ON MONDAY, the 15th INSTANT,
TO SELL THE BALANCE OF THEIR SUMMER STOCK OF
Millinery, Mantles, Shawls, Dress Goods, Prints, Muslins, &c.
At Prices which must effect a speedy sale.
For Particulars See Circulars.
Ottawa, June 12, 1868. 510y

BLYTH & KERR,

Successors to Chas. Garth,
No. 25, RIDEAU-STREET,
PLUMBERS, GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,
TIN & COPPERSMITHS, BELL HANGERS, &c.

All materials for the above branches kept constantly on hand.

Also, Importers and Dealers in House Furnishing Hardware.

Just received a well selected assortment of Fishing Tackle, Baskets, Bait, Reels, Lines, Flys, Rods, &c. Manufacturers of all descriptions of work for Water and Gas Works, Brewer's Distillories, Mills, &c. Makes and fits up Galvanized Iron Cornices, Gutters, Conductors, Roofing, &c.
Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water or Warm Air, on the most approved principles.
Orders from the country will receive strict attention. 740y

A RARE CHANCE.
The undersigned having received direct from the manufacturers in Europe, a large consignment of

Dry Goods

with instructions to dispose of them at

LOW RATES!

Is now offering them to the public, and at an almost nominal advance on the makers' cost price. The stock consists of
1,000 yards of Carpets, of various kinds,
40 Handsome Hearth Rugs,
60 Summer Counterpanes,
24 White Marsala Quilts,
A large quantity of Toilet Covers,
Some Wool Table Covers,
And a large variety of other Goods.
The stock may be seen at the store of MESSRS. ANSELL & MICHAEL'S, Scott's Corner, Elgin and Sparks-street, opposite the Russell Hotel. Parties requiring articles of the above mentioned kind will find it to their advantage to call and inspect the goods at once, as the whole must be disposed of within a few days.
ANSELL & MICHAEL.
Ottawa, June 9, 1868. 763-3m

NEW HOUSE TO LET CHEAP,
Enquire at Ashburnham Terrace:
775b T. L. GOURLAY.

TAKE THE HIGHEST PREMIUMS
AT THE
Paris Exposition
All kinds of SCALES constantly on hand and for sale:
ALSO,
Baldwin's Alarm Money Drawers,
THE BEST NOW IN USE.
ALEX. WORKMAN & CO.,
775-2m Ottawa, Agents.

AUCTION SALE
OF VERY
DESIRABLE CITY PROPERTY!
H. McLEAN,
(Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent),
Has been instructed by JAMES MARTIN, Esq. to offer for Sale, on the premises, on
TUESDAY, 30TH JUNE, INSTANT,
At TWELVE o'clock, Noon,
The East Half of Lot No. 38, and the West Half of Lot No. 39, on the North side of Maria street, in one of the most fashionable parts of the City. These two half lots form one lot, 66 x 140 feet, on which is a good FRAME HOUSE, two and a half stories high, divided into three tenements, and well laid out, and finished in the most modern style, and rents for $412 per annum.
TERMS—One-half Cash, and the balance in three equal annual instalments, payable in one two and three years, with interest at 7 per cent per annum.
Sale Positive.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 776d

ALFRED THE GREAT.
GRAND THEATRICAL EXHIBITION
IN THE
RECESS HALL OF OTTAWA UNIVERSITY,
ON
TUESDAY, 30TH OF JUNE.
Tickets 25 cents
Doors open at Eight o'clock p. m.
Ottawa, June 26, 1868. 778d

BOOK AGENTS WANTED.
To solicit orders for the
Origin and History of the Books of the BIBLE,
By PROF. C. E STOWE, D. D. A fresh work by one of the most thorough authors. There is no book to compare or compete with it. 40,000 copies sold already by agents.
Experienced agents and others wanted to introduce the work to every family.
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TO BE GIVEN AWAY
THE
Greatest Curiosity
OF THE DAY.

WILL BE PUBLISHED
On Thursday next, THE WONDERFUL ALMANAC for 306 years a copy of which will be presented, FREE OF CHARGE to every Lady and Gentleman applying, at
The Ottawa Citizen,
Stationery and Printing House,
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A supply of this useful work just received and for sale at the lowest cash rates, at
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Manufactured to order, in any style of ruling and binding, at the lowest cash rates, at
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THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS, authorised by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario. The prices are:
FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.
FIRST BOOK, part second, 54 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.
SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.
THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Thirty cents.
FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.
FIFTH BOOK, 50 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.
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Stationery and Printing House,
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A liberal allowance to Teachers and Dealers.

TO BE GIVEN AWAY
THE
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On Thursday next, THE WONDERFUL ALMANAC for 306 years, a copy of which will be presented, FREE OF CHARGE, to every Lady and Gentleman applying at
The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House
21 Rideau-street.
Ottawa, June 8, 1868 [illegible]

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, June 27, 1868.

There has been on some days during the past week a slight change for the better in the markets. The market prices for butchers' meat are for beef 9 to 15 cents. Mutton 10 cents. Veal 9 to 10 cents.

FLOUR—Extra	8 00	@	8 25
No. 1	7 00	@	7 25
No. 2	5 50	@	6 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs	4 00	@	4 25
" Spring "	3 50	@	3 62½
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs	6 00	@	6 25
Indian Meal "	4 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs	0 70	@	0 75
Barley " 48 lbs	0 75	@	0 80
Buckwheat Flour—bbl	4 50	@	5 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs	1 75	@	1 80
Spring " "	1 45	@	1 50
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 90	@	0 95
Peas " 60 lbs	0 75	@	0 80
Oats " 34 lbs	0 53	@	0 00
Beans " 60 lbs	2 00	@	2 25
PORK—Mess—per barrel	23 00	@	0 00
Prime Mess per do	16 50	@	0 00
Hog per 100 lbs	0 00	@	0 00
Hams	0 13	@	0 15
Beef	0 00	@	0 00
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 00	@	0 0
Lamb—per qr	0 00	@	0 0
Geese—Each			None
Ducks	0 00	@	0 00
Turkeys—Each	0 80	@	1 00
Fowl—Per pair	0 45	@	0 55
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 15	@	0 17
No. 1 Firkin	0 13	@	0 14
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 15	@	0 17
Apples—per brl	4 50	@	5 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0, 0	@	0 55
HAY—Per ton	12 00	@	14 00
WOOD—Per cord	0 00	@	3 5
Tamarac	0 00	@	2 00
Hemlock	0 00	@	2 00

THE CORPORATION OF THE COUNTY OF CARLETON.

THE following Resolution was adopted by the Council of the Corporation of the County of Carleton, during their recent June Session, and ordered to be published:

EDW. BEARMAN,
C. C. C.

Moved by Mr. Dow, seconded by Mr. Fraser,

That the fourth and fifth resolutions of motion No. 15, passed by this Council at the Sessions thereof held in the month of January last, be, and the same are hereby repealed, and that in future every contractor, or other person legally authorised by this Council to supply the Gaol, shall keep a pass-book, in which under the proper date the articles supplied shall be entered, and opposite the entry the gaol officials receiving the articles shall certify their receipt.

And that every tradesman, mechanic, or other person employed by this Council to work in the Gaol, shall keep a similar pass-book, and have his time or job, as the case may be, certified in like manner, and these pass-books, along with the accounts in duplicate, and properly certified, shall be laid before the Audit Committee at their quarterly Sittings.

And this Council do hereby further resolve that neither the Sheriff of this County, nor his Deputy, nor any other person or persons, excepting only the Warden of the County, the Gaol Committee of this Council, or its Chairman, shall have power or authority, on any pretence whatever, to order any article or thing on the credit of this Council, nor will this Council hold itself in any manner responsible for any article or thing furnished on any account whatsoever, excepting the same be furnished on the written order of the Warden, the Gaol Committee, or its Chairman, that all orders, resolutions and notices of this Council to the contrary, be, and the same are hereby repealed, and that the Clerk of this Council do give notice by advertisement of this resolution.—Carried.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775-3-26-1

STOP and SEE!

THE following remarks on Testimonials of most extraordinary cures in Canada by the great Indian Remedy. They are stern unbelievable and true testible facts, sufficient to the most skeptical that the great medicinal compound yeurned after for ages is now accessible in the

Great Snosnonees Remedy.

For diseases of the throat, lungs, liver, digestive organs, kidneys, &c., as well as scrofula, the various skin diseases, humors, and all diseases arising from impurities of the blood, we boldly state that this great remedy has never been equalled. Where were there ever such a cure as that in the person of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, C W., of consumption; or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernestown, C W, of consumption; or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, C W, of dyspepsia and liver complaint; or that of John Rossy, of Napanee, C W, of rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, in spite of all treatment heretofore, and is now well? Scores of such cases might be mentioned had we space.

☞ Call at the drug store and get a circular of unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees remedy and pills and satisfy yourselves.

Price of the Remedy in large pints $1.

For sale by all druggists and dealers in medicine. Agents for Ottawa—All the Druggists; Henry Simpson & Co., Montreal; Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle. 5wy

Another Wonderful Cure of Consumption in Canada.

MESSRS. YOUNG & CHAMBERLAIN,—Sirs, I feel it a duty I owe to you, as well as to the public, to inform you of the most wonderful cure of Consumption, accomplished in my person, by the use of the Great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills. I coughed a great deal day and night, expectorating large quantities of matter, and had a great pain about my left lung. I had cold chills every day, and severe night sweats every night, and between the racking cough and great sweating I was almost deprived of sleep; by these miseries, as well as the loss of appetite, I was so reduced that I could hardly stand alone. I was under the cars of a physician for a length of time, but finding no relief, I tried different receipes, but all without any good effect. Squire Peterson of Bath, recommended me to use the Great Shoshonees Remedy; I procured three bottles at once, with the Pills; as soon as I commenced using it I began to get better, and when I had finished this complement, the Cough, expectoration of matter, pain about the lung, chills, sweating, &c., left me, and by continuing its use I became strong and healthy. It is now over two months since I quit the remedy, and there have been no symptoms of the disease returning, and I have been, and am now, healthier and better than I have been for many years. I trust you will make this known to the public, that they may be aware of the peculiar virtues of this truly wonderful Indian Remedy.

PETER C. V. MILLAR.
Ernestown, Co. of Lennox & Addington, C W.

To all to whom it may come.—This is to certify that I have been acquainted with the above mentioned gentleman, Peter C. V. Millar, Esq., for many years, and have known him always to be of the very highest respectability, and a very candid and creditable person; and I am confident that I can safely vouch for the truth of the above, or any other statement made by him.

Rev. W. F. S. HARPER
Rector of Bath, W

5wy

PAIN KILLER.

The Great Family Medicine of the Age.

THE UNIVERSAL REMEDY for INTERNAL & EXTERNAL COMPLAINTS!

OUR FIRST PHYSICIANS USE AND RECOMMEND ITS USE!

It Enjoys the Largest Sale of Any Proprietary Medicine in the World!

THE PAIN KILLER

HAS been favorably known for more than thirty years, during which time we HAVE RECEIVED THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS, showing this Medicine to be an almost NEVER FAILING REMEDY for diseases caused by or attendant upon—Sudden Colds, Coughs, Fever and Ague, Headache, Bilious Fever, Pains in the Side, Back and Loins, as well as in the Joints and Limbs; Neuralgic and Rheumatic Pains in any part of the system, Toothache and Pains in the Head and Face.

As a BLOOD PURIFIER and TONIC for the STOMACH, it seldom fails to cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Heartburn, Kidney Complaints, Sick Headache, Piles Asthma or Phthisic, Ringworms, Boils, Felons, Whitlows, Old Sores, Swelled Joints, and General Debility of the System.

It is also a PROMPT and SURE REMEDY for Crampand Pains in the Stomach, Painters' Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Scalds, Burns, Sprains, Bruises, Frost Bites, Chilblains, as well as the Stings of Insects, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

☞ Directions accompany each bottle.

It has been tested in every variety of climate, and by almost *every nation known* to civilization. It is the almost constant companion and inestimable friend of the *Missionary*, and to *traveller* should be without it. Like every other good thing, the Pain Killer has been extensively counterfeited; which, (while it is an acknowledgment on the part of the counterfeiters of its real worth,) is a serious hinderance to its usefulness, as the deceived purchaser estimates the value of the *Pain Killer* by the base compound he has purchased for the genuine article.

Purchasers should be careful and not allow the dealer to sell them worthless imitations, on which they realise a larger profit, but take only the *Pain Killer*, and see that it is the genuine, bearing the signature of Perry Davis & Son upon the label.

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by Druggists and Medicine Dealers, and Commission Merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers, and at Variety Shops generally throughout the world.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Manfs. and Props.,
74, High-st., Providence, R. I.,
380, St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. Q.,
17, Southampton Row, Holborn, London, E

6-1ew2Owy

ANSWER TO MEDICAL INQUIRIES.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT, R.R.R. OFFICE, No. 87, Maiden Lane, New York.

DEAR DOCTOR,

We are compelled to answer your inquiries relative to the curative properties of SARSAPARILLIAN and its associates as constituents in our RENOVATING RESOLVENT in lung affections, and its wonderful power in arresting waste and decay of the Lungs, healing Ulcers, loosening the phlegm, and enabling the patient to expectorate freely the thick, sloughing matter deposited in the air passages and cells of the Lungs and Bronchi, and at the same time keeping up the general strength of the patient, repairing the waste with good sound and healthy material, imparting nourishment as well as purification of the blood,—through the medium of the press:—that hundreds of others daily writing us for information may know that we have a remedy in the RESOLVENT that will arrest the progress of Consumption, either of the Lungs, Liver, Kidneys or Bowels.

The RESOLVENT is a compensating remedy; it communicates its curative powers through the blood, sweat and urine; it restores functional harmony and enables each secreting organ to secrete its proper constituents. Direct remedies, as Lung Balsams, Cough Syrups, Pectorals given to act directly on the Lungs, as a regular remedy, are hurtful, as they augment the functions of the Lungs at the expense of suspending or interrupting the functions of the Liver, Kidneys and Skin. It a patient suffering with a severe cough, with a sense of suffocation or weight in the chest, irritation or soreness in the throat, pain in the shoulders, difficulty of raising or expectorating phlegm, dryness of the skin, or if there is constipation of the bowels, unnatural appetite, great thirst, or if the water discharged, deposits substances like the white of an egg, or brick dust, or thread-like skeins, or if there is pain in the small of the back, hips, stomach or bowels, chest, etc., from a dessert to a table-spoonful of RESOLVENT, half an hour after each meal, and if the cough is troublesome one teaspoonful at night, will afford immediate ease, and will soon remove all unpleasant symptoms.

As aids to the Resolvent, if pain is present, the spine should be rubbed with the Beady Relief, and one to four of Radway's Pills (coated) to insure *perfect* digestion and regular evacuations from the bowels. The nourishing properties of RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT increase the strength and flesh of the patient. We do not claim that this remedy will make new lungs, new kidneys, or other wasted organs, but it will arrest decay, heal ulcers, and supply the waste that is daily passing off, with new, sound and healthy material. Dr. Radway can be consulted, free of charge, from 12 to 2 p.m., at No. 87, Maiden Lane.

The public have but a faint idea of the great importance of RADWAY'S RESOLVENT, in the treatment of chronic disease and disease of the Kidneys and urinary organs. Sarsarillian and Pareira Brava, two of the ingredients as prepared by Dr. Radway's process, supply a want that has ever existed, in repairing the waste of the body with pure and healthy material out of new rich blood, of arresting dissolution and decay, of restoring functional harmony, of securing strength, of dissolving calculous concretions, of curing every form of Kidney, Bladder and Uterine diseases; of stopping all kinds of weakening, purulent, and irritating discharges; of restoring the vigor of life, to all, whether induced by self-abuse, impure association, bad habit of system, exposure or accident.

As the Renovating Resolvent Sarsaparillian enters immediately into the circulation, it commences its work of purification and expulsion of scrimonious humors from the blood at once. Skin Eruptions, Blotches, Pustules, Tetters, Worms and Insects, Black Spots, etc., are removed by a few doses, and the skin changed to a clear and beautiful appearance.

This remedy is superior to all preparations of Buchu, Cubebs, Juniper, etc., in Diabetes, Catarrh of the Bladder, Gravel, Brick Dusts, and other morbid state of the Urine. The RENOVATING RESOLVENT does not augment the functional secretions of one organ by suspending the secretions of others.

Ask always for Dr. RADWAY'S RESOLVENT, or SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT.—Price, $1 per bottle; or 6 bottles for $5.

DR. RADWAY & CO.,
439 St. Paul-street, Montreal.

☞ Sent to all parts of Canada.

W. M. MASSEY,
Agent, Ottawa.

READ FALSE AND TRUE.—Send one letter-stamp to RADWAY & CO., 439 St. Paul-street, Montreal. Information worth thousands will be given you. Price of RESOLVENT SARSAPARILLIAN, $1 per bottle, or $10 per dozen. 777b

PIANOS. PIANOS.

JUST RECEIVED AT THE

London Music Store!

☞ Her Majesty's Theatre, ☜

Wellington Street,

A new and splendid assortment of

PIANOFORTES!

☞ UNION MAKE, ☜

Every PIANO from this establishment warranted for 5 years.

Also just received a new stock of

VICTORIA ORGANS and MELODEONS

VIOLINS, CONCERTINAS, GUITARS, &c., in great variety.

Second hand Pianos taken in part payment for new ones.

Connected with this establishment is a Piano Manufacturer, who will attend punctually to all orders for TUNING left at the London Music Store.

E. MILES,
Lessee of Her Majesty's Theatre

Ottawa, March 25, 1868. 551-39y

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, May 8, 1868.

AUTHORIZED Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 28 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

W. NOTMAN,

Photographer to the Queen

CORNER OF

WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS,

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his

Establishment will be Opened

—ON—

Monday Next, 3rd February

When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for different branches of Photography.

Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 582y

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned will either sell or let for a few years his well known farm, being lot Twenty-five in the Fourth Concession of Gloucester, Rideau Front, 215 acres all cleared, and well fenced and in a good state of cultivation. Also, the one-half of lot Twenty-seven in the Third Concession, being in its natural state, all wood and excellent land. It is just the cross of two hundred acres from the corner of the one lot to the other. The railroad line runs within ten feet of the front corner of the one hundred and in sight of the two hundred for two or three miles. The Station at Cunningham's is scarcely a mile and a half from the front of Lot Twenty-five. The above farm is capable of keeping thirty head of milch cows, two span of horses, and as many young cattle as it would be proper to raise. Eight or nine years ago I kept twenty-two milch cows, and ten or twelve horses, and raised five or six calves every year. The above farm is about ten miles, from the door, to the limits of the City. The improvements cannot be surpassed for a farmer's purpose. The dwelling-house is stone, 30 by 40, a story and a half over ground; and a cellar nine feet high, the one half used for a kitchen and the other half capable of holding 1,000 bushels of anything you wish to put into it; there is three small windows in it, and when cleaned in the Spring, makes an excellent milk-house or dairy; there is a frame wood shed at the door, 60 by 24, with 14 feet taken off the one end for a coachhouse, and overhead for a storehouse; next to that is a stable 36 by 26, finished inside, complete with four large double stalls and two single ones, and good room for hanging up harness, and oat box; convenient to that is a barn 40 by 50, in which I have often put 1,000 bushels of grain in one year; connected with that is 200 and 20 feet of frame sheds, all 20 and 24 deep, under pinned with stone and lime from two to seven feet, according to level; on the north side of the house is another barn, 30 by 40, commonly filled with peas and oats. And if either tenant or purchaser has a desire for religious purposes you can lie in your bed and lock at the bell tolling on the Catholic Church every Holy Day, and go to the front door and you will see the Presbyterian Church, where the Rev. Mr. Lochead has preached for the last twenty-two years, and go to the back door and you will see both English Church and Methodist Church within two miles. The above farm would be a desirable situation for a young man wishing to give his attention to farming, as the Ottawa Market cannot be surpassed in the Dominion. I think that I can say that I have not sold one pound of butter under one shilling this eight years: if one went under two went over. Some reader may ask what am I selling for, it is neither for scant nor for want of anything, but I am in the seventieth year of my age, and has purchased off this lot seven hundred and fifty acres of land and all is paid for, and all my sons is settled on their own farms, so I would rather sit down and take my ease as he attending to marketing and farming any longer. Persons wishing to get any information on any point from me, can do so by addressing, post-paid, JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr., South Gloucester.

JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr.
709-6w12

February 6, 1868.

MILES' HAIRDRESSNG SALOON

BELL'S BLOCK, ELGIN-ST.

THIS SALOON is fitted up in a neat and attractive manner, and is always attended by competent and attentive workmen.

E. MILES,
Hair Dresser, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General.

Ottawa, April 13. 715y

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

☞ AN OMNIBUS ☜

Will leave the

RUSSELL HOUSE,

Every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 7 a.m., punctually, to carry passengers

FOR AYLMER

To connect with the Union Forwarding Railway Company's Steamers.

JAMES MULLIGAN.

Ottawa, May 16, 1868. 744f

TABLES

FOR

Converting One Inch Lumber

AND

QUEBEC STANDARD

—TO—

Board Measure.

For Sale by

J. DURIE & SON,
Booksellers and Stationers,
10, Sparks-st., Ottawa.

June 5, 1868. 760a

BUSINESS STAND FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers FOR SALE his STORE and DWELLING in the Village of MARATHON, Township of FITZROY. Also, One Hundred and Thirty Acres of GOOD LAND, on which the store and outbuildings are erected. This is a splendid opportunity for any party with moderate capital, desirous of a good opening for a first-class country business.

Apply to

ROBERT JOHNSTON,
Marathon P. O.

721-17-6

NEW STORE!

THE Store formerly occupied by W. D. WOOD, No. 38, on RIDEAU STREET, has been refitted by the subscribers, and will be opened on MONDAY, FOURTEENTH OCTOBER, with an entire new stock of

GROCERIES,

LIQUORS AND

HARDWARE.

WOOD & ROSSITER.

Ottawa, October 12, 1867 15

NEW BOOKS.

Exodus of the Western Nations by Viscount Bury; Chronicles and Characters by Owen Meredith; Brakespeare by the author of "Guy Livingstone"; The Lost Name, a Novel; Farming for Boys; The New Dictionary of Quotations; The Huguenots by Samuel Smiles; Law and Lawyers—Curious Facts and Characteristic Sketches; Art and Artists, do.; Books and Authors, do.; Clergymen and Doctors, do.; Longfellow's Works Complete for 15 cents; The Waverley Novels, per vol., 15 cents; Cooper's Novels, per vol., 15 cents; Essays in Elia by Lamb complete for 15 cents; De Quincey's Confessions of an Opium Eater for 15 cents.

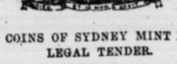
Bibles, Prayer Books, Church Services, just received from the Publishers, in the newest and richest patterns.

For sale by

J DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st.,
Opposite the Russell House

498y

CANADA.



GOLD COINS OF SYDNEY MINT MADE A LEGAL TENDER.

THE DUKE OF BUCKINGHAM TO LORD MONCK.

CANADA.

Separate.

DOWNING-STREET,
25th May, 1868.

MY LORD,

With reference to your despatch No. 200, 24th November, 1866, I have the honor to transmit to you the accompanying copies of an order of Her Majesty in Council and of a Proclamation for declaring the Gold Coins of the Sydney Mint, a legal tender in those of Her Majesty's possessions abroad which are specified in the schedule annexed to the Proclamation.

You will be so good as to cause this Proclamation to be published in Canada, in the most authentic manner.

A similar order in Council was passed on the 10th of November, 1866, for making these coins a legal tender in the Colonies mentioned below:

Antigua,	Malta,
Barbadoes,	Montserrat,
Bahamas,	Nevis,
Bermuda,	Natal,
Cape of Good Hope,	St. Helena,
British Columbia,	Sierra Leone,
Dominica,	St. Vincent,
Falkland Islands,	St. Christopher and its dependencies,
Gold Coast,	St. Lucia,
Gambia.	Trinidad,
Gibraltar,	Tobago,
British Guiana,	Turks and Caicos Islands,
Granada,	Vancouver Island,
Honduras,	Virgin Islands.
Jamaica,	
Lagos,	

I have, &c.,
(Signed), BUCKINGHAM & CHANDOS.

Governor,
The Right Honble.
Viscount Monck,
&c., &c., &c.

AT THE COURT AT WINDSOR,

The 14th day of May, 1868.

PRESENT:

THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS

There was read this day at the Board the Draft of the Proclamation declaring Gold Coins made at the Branch of the Royal Mint at Sydney, New South Wales, a legal tender in certain of Her Majesty's Possessions abroad, specified in a schedule attached to the said Draft Proclamation.

Her Majesty having taken the same into consideration, was pleased by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to approve thereof, and to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the said Proclamation do take effect and come into force in each of Her Majesty's Possessions abroad, specified in the aforesaid Schedule, upon and from and after such day, as shall be for that purpose limited by the Governor or Officer Administering the Government of each of the said Possessions by any Proclamations to be by them for that purpose respectively issued in each of such Possessions.

And the Most Noble the Duke of Buckingham and Chandos, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, is to give the necessary directions for causing publication to be made hereof within Her Majesty's said Possessions abroad.

(Signed), ARTHUR HELPS.

DRAFT PROCLAMATION REFERRED TO IN THE FOREGOING ORDER IN COUNCIL.

BY THE QUEEN.

A PROCLAMATION

For declaring Gold Coins made at the Branch Mint at Sydney, New South Wales, a legal tender throughout such parts of Her Majesty's dominions as are specified in the schedule hereunto annexed

Whereas, by an order in Council, bearing date the Nineteenth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, we have thought fit to order that a Branch of our Royal Mint, should be established at or near Sydney, in New South Wales.

And whereas in the eighteenth year of our reign, by an order in Council, dated the eighteenth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, we have thought fit to order that certain pieces of Gold Money should be coined at the said Branch of Our Royal Mint, to be called respectively Australian Sovereigns and Australian Half Sovereigns and to be of the same respective weights, fineness and value with the Sovereigns and Half Sovereigns now current within this our realm.

And whereas, pursuant to and in virtue of the powers given in our said Orders in Council, it is provided that a Coinage of the said Australian Sovereigns and Half Sovereigns shall be made, and that every such Australian Sovereign shall have for the obverse our effigy, with the inscription, "Victoria D. G., Britanniar Regina F. D.," and the date of the year, and for the reverse the word "Australian" placed in the centre of piece encircled by a laurel wreath and surmounted by the Royal Crown with the inscription "Sydney Mint, One Sovereign," and with a graining on the edge, and that every such Australian Half Sovereign shall have the obverse in every respect similar to that of the Sovereign, and for the reverse the same word, "Australia," in the centre encircled and surmounted in like manner, but for the inscription the words "Sydney Mint, Half Sovereign," and a graining on the edge.

And whereas pieces of Gold Money have been and will be coined at our said Branch of the Royal Mint in pursuance of orders issued and to be issued;

And whereas, by an Act passed in the twenty ninth and thirtieth years of our reign, entitled: "An Act to enable Her Majesty to declare Gold Coins to be issued from Her Majesty's Colonial Branch Mints a legal tender for payments, and for other purposes relating thereto," it is provided that it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, from time to time, by Proclamation issued with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare that for such period, and subject to such conditions as may be specified in such Proclamation, Gold Coins made at such Colonial Branch Mint, of designs approved by Her Majesty, and being of the same weight and fineness as are required by law with respect to Gold Coins of the same denominations made at Her Majesty's Mint in London, are to be a legal tender for payments within any part of Her Majesty's Dominions to be specified in such Proclamations, in which Gold Coins issued from Her Majesty's Mint in London shall at the date of the issue of such Proclamation being issued Gold Coins made of such designs and being of such weight and fineness as aforesaid, shall be a legal tender for payments accordingly."

And whereas Gold Coins issued from our Royal Mint in London are at present a legal tender in such parts of our Dominions as are specified in the schedule hereunto annexed;

We therefore, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, have thought fit to issue this Our Royal Proclamation, and we do ordain, declare and command, that from and after the date of the publication of this Our Proclamation by the Governor or other officer Administering the Government of such part or parts of Our Dominions as are specified in the schedule hereunto annexed, Coins made at the said Branch Mint, of designs approved by us at Sydney aforesaid, and being of the same weight and fineness as are required by law, with respect to Gold Coins of the same denominations made at Our Mint in London, shall be a legal tender for payments within such part or parts of Our Dominions, as are specified in the said schedule, until such period as this Our Proclamation shall be revoked, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council aforesaid.

Given at Our Court at Windsor, this fourteenth day of May, 1868.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Schedule of Her Majesty's Possessions abroad referred to in the Order in Council, dated 14th day of May, 1868, and in the Draft Proclamation, the issue of which is ordered by the said Order in Council.

CANADA,
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND,
NEWFOUNDLAND. 776-3

Local Government Notices.

NOTICE.

ALL payments to be made on account of the Ontario Government may be made to the

ROYAL CANADIAN BANK,

And its Agencies.

Dated at Toronto, 30th October, A.D., 1867.

E. B. WOOD,
Treasurer of Ontario.

October 31, 1867. Tf

In Chancery.

DAVIS *vs.* EMSLIE.

In pursuance of the Decree in this cause dated the 8th JANUARY, 1867, and the final order for sale herein dated the 30th MAY last, there will be sold with the approbation of the Master of this Court, at OTTAWA, by PUBLIC AUCTION, by HECTOR McLEAN, at his Auction Rooms, Sparks-street, in the City of Ottawa, at twelve o'clock, noon, on WEDNESDAY, the 15th JULY NEXT, the following Real Estate, viz:

All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate lying and being in the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, containing by admeasurement one hundred acres, be the same more or less, being composed of the North Half of Lot Number Sixteen, in the Fifth Concession of the said Township of Nepean, Rideau Front.

The said land is well adapted for farming purposes, and lies on the east side of the main road from Ottawa to Richmond; about sixty acres of it are cleared and under cultivation, and it is situated amongst the best lands in the County of Carleton. It is fifteen miles from Ottawa, and five miles from Richmond and the River Goodwood, a constantly flowing stream passes through the centre of it.

One-tenth of the purchase money is to be paid down by the purchaser to the Vendor or his Solicitors at the time of sale by way of deposit, and the balance on or before the 1st AUGUST next: upon payment of which he will be entitled to a conveyance, and let into possession.

In other respects the conditions of sale are the standing conditions of the Court of Chancery. The deed from the late Alexander Emslie to the Plaintiff will be produced at the time of sale.

All parties to the suit, with the exception of the Vendor, are to be at liberty to bid.

Further particulars, and conditions of sale, may be had at the Offices of the said Master and MESSRS. LEWIS, PINHEY AND WARD, Ottawa, and M. R. VANKOUGHNET, ESQ., and MESSRS. O'DONOHOE & WARMOLL, Toronto.

Dated this 12th day of June, 1868.

(Signed), JOHN WILSON,
Master at Ottawa.

LEWIS, PINHEY & WARD,
Vendor's Solicitors. 768d

Richmond Circuit Board

OF

PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

FOR THE

County of Carleton.

NOTICE IS HERBY GIVEN

That the above Board will meet

IN THE TOWN HALL

IN RICHMOND,

On Wednesday, the 8th day of July next

AND ALSO ON

WEDNESDAY,

The 9th day of December next,

At 12 o'clock, noon, for general business. Applicants for certificates of qualification are required to furnish the Board with certificates of moral character from either Local Superintendent or from a Clergyman of the denomination to which they respectively belong.

C. B. PETITT, M.A.,
Chairman.

J. HINTON,
Secretary.

Richmond, May 21, 1868.

STATIONERY,

J. DURIE & SON have just received from the best English and Canadian Manufacturers a large stock of

BLANK BOOKS

Of every description, also Receipt Books, Order Books, Blank Note Books, Time Books, Bill Books, &c.

Memorandum Books, Pocket Ledgers, Cash Books, Pocket Books, Clerks' Check Books.

Post and Foolscap Copying Letter Books and Tracing Copying Ewers, and Brushes.

A splendid lot of Glass and Pewter Inkstands; a few extra large size suitable for Bank use.

Windsor and Newton's Solid Sketch Book.

Antoine's Celebrated Violette Copying Inks.

The Waverly Pen; the best Pen in use.

Postage and Bill Stamps.

For sale by

J. DURIE & SON,
498y 10 Sparks-st., opposite the Russell House.

MOWING & REAPING MACHINES.

We have for sale, and are manufacturing, the lightest and most durable MOWING & COMBINED MOWING & REAPING MACHINE in use (no wood work), wrought iron frame, with wrough iron steel-plated guards. Price of Mower, $60; Combined, $85.

—ALSO,—

8 Horse-power Threshing Machines
20 Sets Threshers and Separators
10 Sets Double-Pinion Powers to match
10 Sets Treble Geared Iron Powers, known as the Watch Power.

Purchasers can have their choice of the Powers. These Machines are made in the most substantial manner and warranted. Price, complete, including Belts, Wrenches, &c., $250.

ALSO,

Two Horse Railroad Powers; 50 Sets of our new Double-Pinion Railroad Power Threshing Machines, complete. For ease upon the team, amount of work, and manner in which it is done, they have no equal.

ALSO,

Fifty Sets of our Common two-horse Machines, with improvements, which are so well known as to need no comment. Every Machine is warranted as recommended. All of which will be sold at very low prices on reasonable terms. Large discount for cash down.

E. & B. P. PAIGE,
Nos. 84, 86, 88 and 90 Wellington-street,
Montreal

June 17. 770-1-25-8

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St

M. P. HAYES.
AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 47

Railroads.

CHANGE OF TIME.

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER FRIDAY, the 25TH of MAY, 1868, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA
Mixed, 7.15 a.m.	10.35 a.m.
Express, 1.35 p.m.	4.15 p.m.
LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 7.4 a.m.	9.25 a.m.
Mixed, 1.00 p.m.	4.15 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

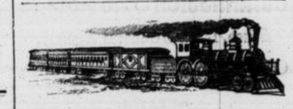
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principals stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent.
THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

Ottawa, May 14, 1868. 1y



BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,

Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

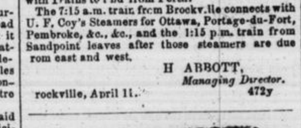
5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 1:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are due from east and west.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

rockville, April 11. 472y



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA,

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 8.30 A.M.

Night do do at 7.30 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.00 A.M.

Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.

Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.

Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.

Express for Boston and New York, at 3.30 P.M.

Express for Portland (staying over at Island Pond) at 2.00 P.M.

Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Riviere du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Actonvale, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticooke only, at 10.10 P.M.

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

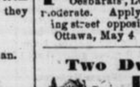
C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

December 23, 1867 650tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE, on SANDY HILL, opposite Desbarats', LOT No. 32, Stuart street. Terms moderate. Apply to Mrs. TIERNAN, No. 2, Engineer's Quarters, Gas House.

Ottawa, May 4 1868. 734d



Two Dwellings to Let,

BEING the Upper part of E. MARTINEAU'S Clothing Store, Corner of Sussex and Clarence-streets.

Enquire at the Store.

EUG. MARTINEAU.

Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 64

TO LET.

A GOOD BUSINESS STAND at the Chaudiere Flats. Apply to

JOHN ASHFIELD.

June 15, 1868. 768a25-1

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.

NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to

FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Or JOHN HENRY, Esq.,
Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W

Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No

The Times

VOL. III. NO 781 — OTTAWA, TUESDAY, JUNE 30, 1868. — PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley, issuing of the Daily over 2,000 and Weekly over 4,000; making a total circulation in the week over 6,000; thus outstripping all competitors, and forming the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only. $6 00

Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line 5

All subsequent insertions, per line 2

Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

Yearly subscription to the daily (if paid in advance) $5 00

If not paid in advance 6 00

Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance) $1 00

If not paid in advance 1 50

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

Legal Cards.

MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. GEORGE TAILLON.
Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1868. 366-tf

R. J. WICKSTEED,
ADVOCATE, &c., 42, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 582-6m

N. TETREAU,
NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, BULL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 6, 1867. 590tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 28, 1867. 569y

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street.
OFFICE; Union Buildings, Ottawa.
february 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa
february 7, 1866. 45-y

P. J. BUCKLEY, LL.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Culner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEPER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law; Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the house lately occupied as the Custom House
Ottawa, March 30. 87-y

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-tf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Original.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 16, 1866.

G. J. O'DOHERTY,
LAW, Chancery, and Conveyancing Office, Aumond's Buildings, Rideau street.
Ottawa, December 6, 1867.

NICHOLAS SPARKS,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

Medical Cards.

A. CODD, M.D., C.M.,
(Attending Physician General Protestant Hospital)
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—Four doors east of the Revere House, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
OFFICE HOURS—From 8 to 10 a.m. and from 2 to 4 p.m.
Ottawa, April 30. 730-3m

DR. CHESLEY,
OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 25 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30 447

DR. G. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1868. 34-tf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co's, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1868. 34-tfl

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 12. 230y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,
DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Mage & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
CORNER of Kent and Wellington-Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 43tf

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, with or without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-100-y

Hotels and Saloons.

ST. LOUIS HOTEL,
ST. LOUIS-STREET,
AND
RUSSELL'S HOTEL,
PALACE-ST.,
QUEBEC.
The above first-class Hotels are now open for the season.

Canadian Families

Visiting the Lower St. Lawrence for summer recreation, can either going or coming, be accommodated by the week or month, at rates similar to those charged at the watering places below. Apply by letter, or at the office.
7784 WILLIS RUSSELL.

MATHEWS' OLD STAND,
YORK-STREET,
WILL BE OPEN for the accommodation of the public on THURSDAY, 12th of March, 1868. The subscriber having again resumed business in his old stand as hotel-keeper, wishes to return thanks to his numerous friends and the public for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on him, during the past seventeen years, and hopes by strict attention to business, and kindness to all, to share a portion of public patronage. His larder will be always supplied with the best the market affords. His Bar will be supplied with the best of Liquors and choicest Cigars.
T. MATHEWS,
Proprietor.
N. B.—The house has been thoroughly renovated and newly furnished.
Ottawa, March 11, 1868. 688tf

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec
REVERE HOUSE, OTTAWA,
G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANDER, ... PROPRIETORS.
THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867 582tf

THE ALBION HOTEL
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1864. 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies, Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

TORONTO HOUSE,
SPARKS STREET.
MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has a few Commodious Suites of Apartments to Let, handsomely and comfortably furnished.
Gentlemen attending the Session of Parliament will find at the Toronto House most convenient quarters, where the quiet of the private family is combined with the usual attendance to be found at the best hotels.
Ottawa, Feb. 25, 1868. 675tf

DOMINION HOUSE,
WELLINGTON STREET.
THE undersigned, formerly head waiter at the Russell House, begs to notify his friends and the public generally that he has leased the above hotel, which is now well furnished, and will be kept as a first class house. The bar is well stocked with the choicest brands of liquors. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Good yard and stabling attached to the premises.
GEORGE IRVINE.
Ottawa, March 26. 658y

SMITH & RODNEY
MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from Eaton's Gilding Store, having just received a choice stock of
English, French and Canadian
CLOTHS and TWEEDS,
And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1, 1867. 551tf

A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER
AND
Blank Book Manufacturer,
28, METCALFE-ST., OTTAWA.
HAVING every facility in the way of first-class Machinery, and employing none but first-class workmen, I am prepared to turn out every description of Binding in as good a style of workmanship as any other establishment in Canada.
A. MORTIMER,
Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, Feb. 6. 384y

TWO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &
Prepared by
AUGUSTUS LAVER,
ARCHITECT
Kent Daly-st. Ottawa.
April 1.

MUSICAL ACADEMY.
Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

Druggists.

THE MEDICAL HALL
Soda Water and Ginger Ale Factory,
23 Great St. James-street, Montreal,
OPPOSITE the POST OFFICE.
THE SUBSCRIBERS
Beg to intimate to their patrons that they have commenced the manufacture of Ærated Waters of every description, and on the most extensive scale.
Particular attention will be paid to the preparation of "Belfast Ginger Ale," a beverage first introduced into this country by our Mr. Brown, who alone possesses the original receipt, and who has also taken out a TRADE MARK for the same.
The proprietors believe their Ærated Waters will be superior to any others at present prepared in Montreal, for the following reasons, viz:—
1st. The employment of the most improved machinery the United States can produce.
2nd. The application of strictly scientific principles to the details.
3rd. Extra care given to the chemical purity of the articles used in the different processes.
4th. The possession of chemical knowledge, without which it is simply impossible to produce Ærated Waters in perfection.
The following Waters and Beverages are the principal ones prepared at the MEDICAL HALL FACTORY: Belfast Ginger Ale, Lemonade, Sarsaparilla, Winter Beverage, Summer Beverage, Soda Water, Seltzer Water, Potash Water, Kissengen Water, Vichy Water.
KENNETH CAMPBELL & CO.,
Apothecaries to H.R.H. the Prince of Wales.
W. M. MASSEY,
Agent for Ottawa. 472y

Spectacles for all Sights.
OPTICAL Instruments Electro-Magnetic and Galvanic. Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.
W. HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
637y York-street.

Miscellaneous.

D. CODD & CO.,
PATENT AGENTS, SOLICITORS, &c. Drawings, Specifications, Models, and all other business in connection with the procuring of Letters Patent of Invention, attended to at the shortest notice.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 741-6m

I.-B. TACKABERRY'S
AUCTION ROOMS, No. 36, Rideau-street, below Whyte's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or private sale promptly attended to. Consignments received and immediate attention will be paid. Sales attended in any part of the city or country. 699y

R. SPARKS
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

B. BILLINGS, JR.,
ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H Sims, Esq. Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq. Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq. Managing Director O & P R W 746tf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
E. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 378y

HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,
WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C.W.
WILLIAM HOLGATE,
JOHN OLIVER,
WILLIAM ANNABLE.
506y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

LADIES CALL AT THE CAPITAL
Boot and Shoe Store!
YORK-STREET.
For Cheap Gaiters
AT
ONE DOLLAR A PAIR!
Good at 95 cents.
Men's ware equally low, in every variety of style
This is the place to buy cheap at the "Capital," York-street.
429y GEORGE MURPHY.

VICTORIA
FURNITURE WAREROOMS.
GEORGE ARMSTRONG, Corner Victoria Square and Craig-street, Montreal, solicits a call from the Citizens of Ottawa about to furnish, who may visit Montreal to his very large and varied stock of FURNITURE which he will sell at greatly reduced prices for cash. The Parlor Furniture is of the best quality and latest designs, either plain or handsomely carved, in Walnut, oil finished or polished.
His Sideboards, Bookcases, Chamber Sets, Hall Furniture, &c., are worthy of attention.
Hair Mattrasses and Bedding of all description constantly on hand, or made to order, at the shortest notice. Call and examine for yourselves.
"Patent Sofa, with reclining arms, of a very superior make."
N.B.—Sole Agent in the Dominion for the sale of G. A. FISKE' Air-Tight Metallic Casket. 712-3m

Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale.
THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his
Fine Bottled Ale!
Which is in splendid condition. Also,
Scotch Irish, Old Rye
And other Malt Whiskies,
Ports, Sherries, Brandies Gin, &c.,
To ether with a General Assortment of
FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.
A Call kindly Solicited.
D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store
Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

GEO. MAYES,
COPPER PLATE PRINTER,
Bank Street, Centre Town,
Between Sparks & Queen Streets.
Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads, Visiting Cards, &c., Printed on the shortest notice.

Great Clearing Sale of Dry Goods.

Cunningham & Lindsay
No. 14, RIDEAU-STREET.
WILL COMMENCE
ON MONDAY, the 15th INSTANT,
TO SELL THE BALANCE OF THEIR SUMMER STOCK OF
Millinery, Mantles, Shawls, Dress Goods, Prints, Muslins, &c.,
At Prices which must effect a Speedy Sale.
For Particulars See Circulars.
Ottawa, June 12, 1868. 516y

OTTAWA CROCKERY STORE
NEW GOODS.
JUST received ex S. S. "Damascus," 10 Hhds. of the finest English Glassware, selected expressly for the retail trade, comprising

	CUT and ENGRAVED	PORT and SHERRY WINES,
CHAMPAGNES,	do	CLARETS, GOBLETS,
LIQUEURS,	do	CALF FOOT JELLIES,
FINGER BOWLS,	do	TALL TUMBLERS,
CLARET JUGS,	do	DECANTERS,
FRUIT DISHES,	do	CELERY VASES,
BUTTER COOLERS,	do	CARAFFS, &c., &c.

And a choice lot of delicate Straw Stem Wines, in Ports, Champagnes, Clarets, Sherries, Liqueurs, &c.
All the above articles match in shape, pattern, &c., and are the best glass procurable in England.
W. ALLAN,
51 RIDEAU STREET, (opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.)
Ottawa, June 6, 1868. 571y

CRICKETING GOODS,
CROQUET, FISHING TACKLE
FOILS,
Masks & Boxing Gloves
AT THE
Sheffield House, Ottawa.
Ottawa, May 5, 1868.

1868. MAY. 1868.
J. A. PINARD & CO.,
ARE NOW SHEWING
New Dress Goods,
A good value in Striped, all Mohair, for 6d per yard.
New Prints,
A good variety of Patterns at 6d per yard.
New Grey Cottons,
A good Cotton, 40 inches wide, for 7d per yard.
New White Cottons,
A good heavy made Cotton for 6d per yard.
Tailoring Department is replete with all the novelties of the season.
Cash buyers will find it their advantage to visit the above before purchasing else where
J. A. PINARD & Co.,
No. 17, Sussex-st., *Sign of the Golden Ball.*
Ottawa, May 5, 1868. 16y

WHEELER & WILSON'S
SEWING MACHINE
WERE AWARDED THEIR 6TH
Prize and Gold Medal, Paris,
1867.
Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.
Great rapidity, Simple Machinery, quiet in action, easy to operate, price from $47. *Prospectuses, and instructions gratis.*
G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa.
Sole Agent for Ontario, and 105 King st., West, Toronto.
The "HOWE" SEWING MACHINES are the *best* for arriage Trimmers, Harness Makers, Boot and Shoe makers, are the best Shuttle Machine for Tailors, Dressmakers, Families, etc. etc., etc. Price from $50. Prospectus free and instructions gratis.
479 43y R. W. STEPHEN, 37 Sparks-street, Ottawa.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT! 35, SUSSEX St. H MEADOWS & CO.
WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall Stoves, for wood or coal we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.

Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW OVEN STOVES.

BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.	
BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.	
BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.	
PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES	PARLOR STOVES.
PAR TOVES.	PARLOR STOVES	PARLOR STOVES.

New and most beautiful designs, very cheap.
COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES.
Hot Air Furnaces.
We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE, RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with Stovepipes, &c., at reduced rates.
Lumbermen's Supplies Lumbermen's Supplies! Shanty Plates! Basins! Camp Kettles, &c.
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS!
Bird Cages! Bird Cages! Bird Cages!
Price Lists sent free on application.
Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending buyers would do well to note.
An inspection of the above goods invited at the
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa October 2 1867. 62-y

POPPIES.

O LADIES, softly fair,
Who curl and comb your hair,
And deck your dainty bodies eve and morn,
With pearls and flowery spray
And knots of ribbons gay,
As if ye were for idlesse only born;
Hearken to wisdom—
What are ye, after all,
But foolish poppies in among the corn!

Whose lives but parts repeat—
Whose little dancing feet
Swim lightly as the silvery mists of morn:
Whose pretty palms unclose,
Like some fresh dewy rose,
For dainty dalliance, not for distaffs, born:
Hearken to wisdom's call—
What are ye, after all,
But flaunting poppies in among the corn!

O Women, sad of face,
Whose crowns of girlish grace
Sin has plucked off and left ye all forlorn—
Whose pleasures do not please,
Whose hearts have no hearts-ease—
Whose seeming honor is of honor shorn:
Hearken to Wisdom's call—
What are ye, one and all,
But painted poppies in among the corn!

Women to name whose name
All good men blush for shame,
And bad men even with the speech of scorn:
Who have nor sacred sight
For Vesta's lamps so white,
Nor hearing for old Triton's wreathed horn:
O hark to Wisdom's call—
What are ye, one and all,
But poison poppies in among the corn!

Women who will not cease
From toil, nor be at peace,
Either at purple eve or yellowing morn,
But drive with pitiless hand
Your plough-shares thro' the land,
Quick with the lives of daisies yet unborne:
Hearken to Wisdom's call—
What are ye, after all,
But troublous poppies in among the corn!

Blighting with fretful looks,
The tender tasselled stocks,
Sweeping your wide floored barn with sighs forlorn
About the unfilled grains
And starving hunger pains
That on the morrow haply shall be borns;
O hark to Wisdom's call—
What are ye, after all,
But froward poppies in among the corn!

O Virgins, whose pure eyes
Hold commerce with the skies,
Whose lives lament that ever ye were born,
Whose work is still to bear
The cross, whose joy to wear
Never the rose, but only just the thorn;
Hearken to Wisdom's call—
What are ye, after all,
Better than poppies in among the corn!

What better? who abuse
The gifts wise women use,
With locks sheared off and bosoms scourged and torn;
Lapping your veils so white
Betwixt ye and the light
Composed in heaven's sweet cisterns morn by morn:
O hark to Wisdom's call—
What are ye, after all,
Better than poppies in among the corn!

O Women rare and fine,
Whose mouths are red with wine
Of kisses of your children night and morn;
Whose ways are virtue's ways,
Whose good works are your praise,
Whose hearts hold nothing God has made in scorn;
Tho' Fame may never call
Your names, ye are, for all,
The Ruths that stand breast-high amid the corn!
Your steadfast love and sure
Makes all beside it poor,
Your cares like royal ornaments are worn;
Wise women! what so sweet,
So queenly, so complete,
To name ye by since ever one was born?
Since she, whom poets call
The sweetest of you all,
First gleaned with Boaz in among the corn!

Harper's Monthly.

PRIZE OR NO PRIZE.

I was at the Cape on sick leave. When I sailed from India, I was as languid and yellow-visaged as the most listless nabob that ever supplied material for farce or novel. A smart bout of jungle-fever makes one see the world and all its advantages through a diminishing lens; and when I crawled from the Masoolah boat up the side-ladder of the good ship *Mary Jane*, I should not have been in the least excited by the news of my appointment to the office of Governor-General. But a few months at the Cape, where the dry air and the pure skies absolutely seemed to impart vitality to an enfeabled frame, made a wonderful difference in me both mentally and corporeally. As my strength and appitite returned, so did my interest in sublunary matters; and, now that I was convalescent, I became a victim to boredom. There are few places in which one may enjoy more hearty, honest, solid dulness than at the Cape of Good Hope. No doubt, an English market-town, a cathedral city, a decayed watering place, are tolerably lifeless, especially in hot summer weather, when dozing dogs have the sunny pavement to themselves, and the blue-bottles that haunt the butcher's shop seem to monopolize all the activity of the place. But Cape Town!—Cape Town on a regular baking day before the breeze springs up, may challenge the world to compete with it on the score of monotony.

One day, as I was yawning about the pier, looking up now and then at Table Mountain, to see if the cloth was spread, and any elemental frolic probable, a salute was suddenly banged out by the Flagstaff Battery. As quickly as was natural to a man who, for the last day or two, had no pleasanter problem to busy his mind than an attempt to solve the question, why Cape horses cannot trot, but must gallop or canter, I spun round and asked for information.

'A king's ship, sir, with a prize in tow, a slaver belike,' said a seafaring man the mate of some merchantman, and very civilly handed me his glass, through which I could make out a frigate 'clawing' into the bay, in company with a large suspicious looking black brig. Meanwhile, signals were being rapidly exchanged between the frigate and the shore; and soon the rumour spread that the new comer was the *Lynx*, 36, Captain Horne. *Lynx*, Captain Horne! here was a chance for me for Horne was an old friend, a sort of Welsh cousin of mine, and I had even been a cruise in the *Lynx*. Here was a remedy for the Cape blue-devils, for a few days anyhow. I should dine with Horne, and Horne should dine with me, and then I should join the gun-room mess, and hear some yarns not absolutely threadbare. But here is the gig pulling fast for the pier-head, and in the stern-sheets sits the weather-beaten naval commander, Capt. Horne, full fig on his way to the Governor's. To my surprise, he scowled in wretched spirits, and winced when I congratulated him on his success in the anti-slavery line.

When he came out of government-house—the 'residence' as the natives call it—Horne who had agreed to dine with me, passed his arm through mine.

I asked him what made him wear such a hang-dog look, being lucky enough to have caught a slaver.

'Caught a slaver?' he exclaimed—'caught a Tartar would be nearer the mark, I'm afraid. I wish she had been under fifty fathoms of blue water before ever I heard of her.'

A little pressing and I heard the whole story.

'I was hovering about the South American coast,' said Horne, 'keeping a bright look-out for any stray Brazilian that might be fitting for a trip to the slave-coast; but not one could I find. Either the craft were invisible, or the negro trade was a myth, one would have thought. At last—you know I always paid highly for good information, and picked up more prizes in that way than would otherwise have been gained—at last, I was informed that a brig was fitting out in Buenos Ayres harbour, and would sail shortly. She was under Brazilian colors, but the skipper was a Yankee, and a 'cute one.' He had been obliged to take on board a suspicious quantity of water-casks, salt provisions and so forth, but he had hidden the shackles—Old Nick alone can tell where; and on the slave-deck he had placed six horses in pens, as a pretext for his voyage. Ship's papers, manifest, invoice, were all beautifully regular. He was an honest trader don't you see? carrying on a traffic in horses, though I shall be able to prove that for the six hide-bound old screws he took out, he must have paid more in Buenos Ayres than he could possibly sell them for on the African coast. Besides these nags the Yankee had a cargo of hardware, guns, nails, tools & metal rods—the proper things to barter with the natives—and he was to bring back produce, so he says.

'Well, he sailed. I kept a bright look-out, and never lost sight of his topmasts during the voyage.

'His course was evidently towards the Bight of Benin; But when he got within eighty miles of the Guinea Coast, the old fox doubled, and ran down in the night towards Cameroons. The brig sails fast as slavers always do; but the *Lynx* is the tightest, trimmest, little boat on a wind, in the whole'—

'There, there, Horne; I know all that.'

'Well,' resumed Horne, 'I was coming up with him hand over hand, so round he went; and running around some sandy keys made for the Calabar River. I gave chase, and he then steered for the Bonny. This would never do; a squall, a fog, even a dark night, and he would escape me, and carry his cargo of ebony safe to America. So I ran down, fired a gun, and sent a boat to fetch the skipper. He met me with a provoking grin, and said, as he squirted tobacco-juice over my clean white decks; "well cap'en you've got me, I hope you like me. You've captured me, I guess; but to get the brig condemned is another and a nation different story." And so it is, Ned, and I'm afraid I've only burned my fingers by my precious capture. The mixed court won't condemn her on bare suspicion. The crew are as close as wax, and the Yankees keep watch on the Spanish sailors, so no one can split if he wanted to.'

'And if you don't get her condemned, Horne?' said I.

'If I don't, I'm a ruined man, that's all,' he returned with a quiver in his lip very unusual to him. 'I'm a poor man as you know; and if my prospects are blighted, what is to become of my wife and my poor boys? It was for their sake I was so anxious to get more prize-money and I thought that this ship would have paid for James's three years in Cambridge and left a handsome nest egg too. But if the brig's declared an honest trader, I must pay compensation for seizing her, and detaining her illegally, and dockyard men, labourers for the search, fees, wages, and what not, until I'm a beggar. Worse, too; I shall be in the "black books" of the Admiralty, and perhaps never get another ship, and then'— And the honest fellow stopped, for his heart was too full to allow him to say any more. Day after day the slaver lay in Table Bay, and nothing came to light. No seaman peached—no shackles were found. The Yankee skipper grinned triumphantly when he met us on the pier. You would have thought him the captor, and poor dejected Horne the prisoner, to have seen them both.

The mixed court could not come to a decision. There were the water casks, the salt pork, and so on, but no shackle-bolts or leg-irons. 'Why don't you search the hold?' said I daily to poor Horne.

'I dare not, was the answer; for there is a heavy cargo, and what with the wages of dockyard men, and compensation to the owners for breaking bulk, the search would cost me a hundred pounds.'

I offered him all the assistance in my power, but he was a proud man, and declined it. So the cause went on, and the naval officer, poor man, was on his trial as well as the rascally slaver. Many a captain has let a negro trader escape rather than run such a risk. The day of the final trial came, and the Yankee skipper was in court, and snapped his fingers at us. He did not take the trouble to claim innocence, confident he could not be proved guilty. Without saying a word to Horne, I slipped out of court, ran to the pier, and was pulled on board the brig. I soon scoured an ally in the midshipman who commanded the prize-crew, and we made a most irregular onslaught on the contents of the brig's hold. Strange to say, we found the shackles! they had been wrapped in tow, and headed up in casks apparently full of salt meat; so that but for an accident, we might have searched till doomsday in vain. But the discovery was useless after all; for when I returned in triumph, I found Horne radiant with joy, and the Yankee crest fallen and quite subdued. Unable to agree, the Brazilian and English judges had agreed to *toss up* heads or tails of a dollar, for condemned or acquitted. Heads came up, and thus, most justly, though by sheer accident, the vessel was condemned.

EXTERMINATION OF MANKIND.—*Galignani* says:—The various contrivances for effecting this object have multiplied so considerably of late, that we are afraid of being too late in the market with our *Mitrailleuse* and *Fondroyant*, of which we find an excellent description in the *Journal des Connaissances Medicales*. The former engine we are informed, consists of a sort of coffee-mill (to give an exact idea of the shape), the funnel of which is fifty centimetres (nineteen-and-a-half inches) in width at the top, and about the same in altitude. Into this the cartridges are thrown by shovelful; a soldier then by means of a crank, sets a set of toothed wheels agoing. Each cog as it passes lets a cartridge into one of the eight barrels constituting the *Mitrailleuse*, each being 72 centimetres (28 inches) long. No sooner is this done than a hammer falls on a percussion-cap, at the same time hermetically closing the barrel, the charge is ignited, and the bullet expelled. The hammer returns to full cock of its own accord by the regular action of the gearing, and the whole process is repeated without interruption. This contrivance will fire from 50 to 52 shots per minute, to a point-blank distance of 1,700 yards, the projectile being the size of small grape shot. It is to be served out to the battalions of chasseurs, each section of which is to have one. The *Fondroyant* is a musket that will fire off twenty shots in ten seconds, at the will of the operator. It is provided with a sort of reservoir for cartridges. In order to load the weapon the first time, a lever situated under the barrel is pressed down, and, the gun being held in an inclined position, the first cartridge enters the breach; the shot is fired, but the bullet, on leaving the barrel, meets a triangular tooth, technically called a wiper, which, being forced outwards, acts upon a rod that in its turn presses upon the lever above alluded to whereby a new cartridge is let in, and so on, while the provision lasts. The *Fondroyant* has a range of from 1,800 to 2,000 yards.

The Papal Zouaves would seem to be collected from all quarters of the globe, if the following statement of the nationalities of its members may be believed: French, 1,301; Belgian, 686; Dutchmen, 1,910; Roman and Pontifical subjects, 157; Modenese, 12; Neapolitans, 14; Tuscans, 6; Swiss, 49; Austrians, 7; Prussians, 87; Germans, 22; Spaniards, 32; Portuguese, 6; English, 50; Irish, 101; Scotch, 10; Russians, 2; Poles, 12; South Sea Islander, 1; Maltese, 3; Americans, 14; Indian, 1; African, 1; Peruvian, 1; Mexican, 1; Circassian, 1; Canadians, 435—in all, 4,593.

CANDLES AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS.—Garland Matchmore & Co. make this department a speciality. They have just received a large stock and invite the attention of parties furnishing to it. Purchasers will find their stock in this department second-to-none in Ottawa. 584-y

Messrs. Young & Richard having secured the services of first-class working jewellers in etruscan, filagree, plain, fancy and solid gold work, and having made large additions to their work shop are now better prepared to execute any orders with which they may be entrusted than heretofore. Masonic jewels and silver medals, and every kind of jewellery repaired.

THE BRITISH NAVY.—The question has been often asked whether the Navy of Great Britain, mounting as it does over one thousand guns, and manned by 75,000 sailors, exceed the navies of France and the United States, or France and Russia, and were it not that we might be considered a little egotistical we should say it did exceed them altogether, but it is useless speculating upon this when there are other questions that do not admit of any doubt, no one after using the "Canadian Pain Destroyer" doubts its being the very best thing for the cure of coughs, colds, sore throat, diptheria, pains in the stomach, sides and limbs, spinal affections, &c. Sold by all Medicine Dealers at 25 cts. per bottle.

HOW BOGGY HORSES.—A horse is said to be hide bound when his skin will not slip under the pressure of the hand, but sticks as if it was glued, which condition is always dependent on a deranged state of the stomach and digestive organs, by correcting which, and giving to them a healthy tone and condition, the disease or complaint will disappear. Experience has proved that the means best adapted to this end is "Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and Condition Medicine." It has been used in numerous cases with complete success, generally effecting a cure in a few days. It is the best condition medicine known, and may be given with perfect safety at all times, and does not require that the horse be kept from work. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hard & Co.* is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Government Notice—W. H. Lee.
G and Excursion—T. S. Detlor.
Notice—P. O'Callaghan.
Civil Service Rifle Match—John B. Simpson.

The Ottawa Times

TUESDAY, JUNE 30, 1868.

☞ *For Markets see Fourth Page.*

THE Privy Council had a lengthy sitting yesterday afternoon. It is expected that the business at present on hand will be disposed of in a day or two.

THE Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL and the Hon. Mr. GALT left for home last night by special train. The Hon. Messrs. LANGEVIN and CHAPAIS leave this morning, and the Hon. Mr. TILLEY will probably leave for St. John before the end of the week.

WE did not anticipate that the learned disquisition of our city contemporary on vaccination would lead to a revolution in the public mind on the subject, nor provoke the British Government to sue Dr. JENNER's estate for the return of the "unprecedented reward" obtained, as the *Citizen* thinks, for a doubtful service. In fact, we thought that small-pox would gain very little by our neighbor's effort to discredit its great antagonist, and allowed the disquisition in question to pass unnoticed. A medical gentleman has, however, taken the *Citizen* to task, and gives an array of facts which we hope may be sufficient to restore our contemporary's faith in the virtue of vaccination, and his respect for the memory of Dr. JENNER. If he has not been "waccinated" himself—a process which in all well regulated families the junior branches undergo before cutting their "eye teeth"—we beg of him to overcome his scruples and allow Dr. HENRY to perform the operation.

THE latest attempt of the persecutors of ex-Governor EYRE having failed to secure the finding of a true bill against him, the "philanthropists" will be under the necessity of dropping his case. The "EYRE defence fund" has not yet been drawn upon to any great extent, and we should not wonder were it now to be converted into an EYRE election fund, for report has it that Governor EYRE is about to contest the representation of Westminster with JOHN STUART MILL. Mr. MILL, it may be remembered, took an active part with the Jamaica Committee in attempting to institute legal proceedings against Mr. EYRE, and the candidature of the latter may be fairly set down as a frank challenge to test the claims of mankish philanthropy as represented by Mr. MILL, against those of prompt and decisive executive action to preserve the peace and maintain the supremacy of the law in the face of revolution as represented by Mr. EYRE. The contest will not be the least interesting among those which will take place during the general election, which will be held in the fall. We shall not be at all surprised if Mr. MILL gets the worst of it, for even admitting that Mr. EYRE's administration was needlessly harsh in suppressing the rising in Jamaica, there can be no doubt that the victims of its swift justice had previously earned their doom, and unfortunately for the doctrine of leniency towards revolutionists, late experience does not prove that it has always been exercised judiciously. In the present temper of the English mind it will not be astonishing if the philanthropists are rebuked by the election of Mr. EYRE.

IF the process of swearing can make law-abiding citizens the reconstructed State of Arkansas will soon be a very paradise of peace. The famous "tooth-pick" of that famous region will become a curiosity of a bygone age, and black men and white Democrats and Radicals, will live together in perfect political harmony, and what is more—on terms of "civil equality." Here is a portion of the "registration oath:"

"That I accept the civil and political "equality of all men, and agree not to attempt "to deprive any person or persons, on ac-"count of race, color, or previous condition, of "any political or civil right, privilege, or im-"munity enjoyed by any other class of men; "and, furthermore, that I will not in any "way injure, or countenance in others any at-"tempt to injure, any person or persons, on "account of past or present support of the "Government of the United States, "the laws of the United States, or the "principle of the political and civil equality "of all men, or for affiliation with any politi-"cal party."

Now, if the good people of Arkansas will but live up to this new creed they will have happy times of it and very little political excitement. To say nothing of its effectually cramming negro suffrage down the throats of all who exercise the franchise, which may or may not be acceptable according to the views of the candidate for registration, it puts a bar to the American custom of turning out of office all incumbents opposed to the victorious party. It in fact pronounces the doctrine, once firmly believed in by the Americans, that "to the victors "belong the spoil," is rank heresy in politics. This, however, is an application of the oath which its Radical framers never contemplated, for doubtless were an obnoxious Democrat in office they would find means to turn him out, not perhaps to "injure" him, but merely to oblige one of their friends.

That the oath in question has been skillfully drawn with a view to make it distasteful to Democrats, North and South, is abundantly evident. In fact no man who resists the enfranchisement of the negro at the North—and all the Democrats, and more than half of the Radicals, do—can honestly take this oath; and thus what ought to have been a simple declaration of obedience to the Government of the Republic, and of the State, is twisted into the solemn profession of a party political creed. Such oaths are not likely to command respect from those who by political necessity will be compelled to take them, but as a means of preventing the registration of obnoxious voters the Radicals will, no doubt, find them serviceable. They will hardly succeed, however, in swearing the people into good behavior.

GEN. O'NEIL, who was said to have skedaddled, is holding forth to thin houses in Vermont. He has instituted a libel suit against the publishers of the New York *Irish People*.

A BOSTON journal gets up a pretty long account against England, and insists upon an early settlement. The items include the Island of San Juan, with 'some regrets that the Americans did not stand by "54°40 or "fight;" and the "*right* to the fisheries on "the Gulf of the St. Lawrence," where the journal in question says, "our people "(the Americans) have fished for centu-"ries!" This piece of historical information could only have been gleaned in Boston. Nobody out of that most ancient and learned city could have discovered it; and nobody out of Boston will believe it even now.

It would be needless to go over all the items of the Bill, as the mode of settlement proposed is one that is calculated to dispose of them, be they few or many. Says the Bostonian: "A very simple solution of our questions "with England would be found by many in "a cession to us of all her interest in this "Continent." None will doubt of the simplicity of this mode of settlement, but there is one objection to it: England has not yet gone into liquidation. When Britannia makes an assignment of all her estate and effects for the benefit of her creditors, perhaps UNCLE SAMUEL may get her existing "interest in this continent" in payment of his claim; but until that time comes he must be content to settle his account in a more business-like way.

It is very foolish in American writers to make serious pretentions to such "rights" as some of those insisted upon by this luminary of the "hub," while of other grievances it may be said the Americans themselves have made them. "The smuggling along the frontier" is not the fault of Canada; its free ports were abolished nearly two years ago, but smuggling still goes on, and the reason is simply that the Canadian tariff is so much lower than the American that the difference between them gives a handsome premium to those who evade the Customs' officials. Were not this difference large enough to tempt speculative Americans to go into the business there would be no smuggling. It is not yet a great many years since the smuggling was principally carried on from the United States to Canada, and the circumstances which have led the smuggler to change his base of operations were not made by Canada, but by the necessities of the American Government. So with respect to the abrogation of the Reciprocity Treaty. Canada did not complain of the Treaty; on the contrary, every effort was made on our side to obtain a renewal of it; and had not the foolish, and now exploded, "starvation" theory obtained credence at Washington, it is quite possible that the Treaty would have been renewed. The Boston paper complains of the loss of trade at that port for the want of reciprocity. Let it persuade its own Government to propose an equitable arrangement for a new Treaty, and they will find Canadians ready to enter on the subject in a most friendly and accommodating spirit, but with no disposition to sacrifice the interests of these Provinces, which up to this time have in the main been tolerably prosperous notwithstanding the loss of the Treaty.

THOSE gentlemen who hold posts of honor in the diplomatic service of the United States have been much distressed by the enforcement of Senator SUMNER's resolution, adopted last year, prohibiting them from wearing any other than the dress "ordinarily adopted by "American gentlemen." This absurd piece of congressional dictation intended, no doubt, to exhibit the severity of Republican simplicity to the gorgeous monarchists and "bloated aristocrats" of other countries, but calculated, nevertheless, to illustrate American vulgarity and ill manners, has simply had the effect of compelling American Ministers at foreign courts to absent themselves on State occasions, when the members of the diplomatic body are expected to be present. Some of them, however, have been able to overcome the difficulty, as the following sharp bit of criticism on the affair, from the New York *World*, will show:

"On the resolution of Congress, and upon the cruel appropriation Mr. Sumner made of the thunder of Sanford, the *World* spoke compassionate comment at the time. Since then, Secretary Seward has labored to execute the decree, and on Tuesday sent a momentous message to the Senate giving the results of his labors as diplomatic draper. These results are but an exhibition of the methods by which some of our Ministers abroad have sought to comply with and to avoid the law. Only two seem to have favored 'the dress ordinarily 'adopted by American gentlemen,' and these two are Sanford, aforesaid, at Brussels, and John P. Hale, literally envoy-extraordinary at Lisbon. It does not appear, nor will it be presumed that these two attempted to represent 'American gentlemen,' save in the insufficiently indicative article of attire. They speak of the effect, in glowing terms, but it is not to be thought that they succeeded in imposing on anybody but themselves in such an anomalous role.

"The yawp of Yeaman from Copenhagen, and the howl of Hovey from Lima, with all the bitterness of a genuine Peruvian bark, come up in protest against Mr. Seward's circular. They declare they would not be recognized at their Courts dressed 'simply as 'American gentlemen,' which shows that our Danish and South American friends in consenting to receive the servants we were glad to spare, have yet too keen a sense of the incongruous to submit to everything. Yeaman frankly says 'he cannot attend receptions in 'any but Court dress,' and as frankly adds, that 'as he cannot disobey the commands of Congress, he refrains from attendance altogether.' Thus between Mr. Sumner's prescription and customs of the Danish Court, Yeaman stays indoors. Such a satisfactory social result could hardly be expected.

"Hovey hedges. He 'has concluded to 'wear the uniform of a Brevet Major-General 'of Volunteers,' and adds that this is the only method by which he can at once secure his scruples and his salary. He is probably oblivious of the fact (for he is frequently oblivious of all facts) that the same Congress whose regulation rig he declines to honor, either in the breach, or in the observance, forbids any discharged officers or soldiers from appearing in the uniform of their commissions, except all stripes, buttons, bars, epaulettes, or other insignia of rank, be taken off. Mr. Seward will have to overhaul Hovey. The two stars and two bars must come off. The golden cord must be loosened, and the old blue coat he used to wear all buttoned down before must be ripped of its brazen eagles. Then Hovey, in the usual attire of a Third avenue cardriver in January, can attend upon receptions. The sacrifice he will thus make to serve his country will exceed all he ever made in the past.

"The great trouble the protesting plenipotentiaries have had may not improbably arise from the fact that, not being 'American gentlemen,' they are at loss to appear as such. However, if Sanford has overcome this disadvantage, who may not hope? The perplexity may spring, on another view of the question, from the difficulty of determining what dress 'American gentlemen' do 'ordinarily adopt.' Taking Major Jack Downing's Georgia party dress as one extreme, and the gorgeous azure of our special pro-Fenian correspondent as the other, there exist between the two so many varieties of apparel, as to make the one 'ordinarily adopted by American gentlemen,' if not a thing of beauty a sphynx forever."

AN ex-Captain of the Canadian Volunteers, now residing in Ohio, writes to Col. DENISON, of Toronto, under date of June 14th, stating that if Canada is not invaded by the Fenians within a month from that date, he will "be "very much surprised." *Per contra*, a good many people will be "very much surprised" if it is. The ex-Captain is sound on one point: He says that if they do come, they should be immediately shot or hanged.

LOCAL NEWS.

FOR a choice selection of pickles, sauces &c., go to Bate & Co, 52 Spark st. 762d

FOR jams and jellies go to Bate & Co., 52, Spark-st. 762d

MAGEE AND RUSSELL'S great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

BOG OAK JEWELLERY.—Very handsome sets of bog oak jewellery can be had at Young & Radford's, at 90c. per set.

PUBLIC MEETING.—The public meeting called by the Mayor was not well attended, and it was not decided to take any measures for the celebration of Dominion day, but to leave the matter in the hands of the people.

THE LOST CHILD.—Intelligence reached us yesterday evening that the body of Mr. Matthewman's child had been found drowned at the canal locks. Mr. Matthewman's many friends will sincerely sympathize with his family in their sad bereavement.

POLICE COURT.—A person was charged with selling liquor without license, and fined $20 and costs.—Wm. Cook was charged with being drunk and disorderly, and fined $3 and costs.—David Bourgeois, charged with having in his possession one of the opera glasses lost at the fire of Mr. Hearn's drug store, was sent over to the Assizes for trial.

GREAT HAUL OF FISHERMEN.—The art piscatorial is under sore persecution up West. The Province of Ontario has a Sabbath observance law. It forbids angling on Sundays—whether for the welfare of the finny tribes, or enforced holiness on the part of H. M.'s liegos, we cannot tell. Last Sabbath day the Toronto police and the Fishery Overseer hooked fifty-nine unsuspecting gamins, with rods and lines in their hands, and their pockets full of earthworms, and hauled them up before Cadi McNab. His Worship gave them a lecture on angling, and charged them one dollar each for it. Considering the gentle art is not quite in his line, this was expensive. What a glorious haul of the same kind might be made on any and every Sunday in this County. The municipal treasury would be enriched, and some smart detective could make his fortune, especially if fowlers as well as anglers receive attention.

LACROSSE MATCH.—A game of lacrosse between the Shamrock and Young Britons will be played on the Sherwood property, Ashburnham Hill, on Dominion Day, commencing at two o'clock, p.m. After the lacrosse match two races, open to the lacrossists, will be run—one of a quarter mile; and one of half a mile, for the championship of lacrosse runners of Ottawa. A great deal of interest is excited by these matches, and much sport may be expected. The following are the names of the lacrosse players of the two clubs:

Young Britons.

James Latimer,	Edward Grace,
Joseph Bilburney,	Donald Mason,
John Wilson,	George Cowan,
Charles Mason,	James Ferd,
Joseph Guerard,	Robert Hutchison,
James Hutton,	William Booth.

Shamrocks.

Thomas Handrighan,	Joseph Handrighan,
John Enright,	James Devereux,
Patrick Devereux,	Michael Enright,
John Armstrong,	Edward Albert,
Maurice Hearn,	Joseph Kennedy,
John Riley,	John Connell.

PIC-NIC FOR THE ORPHANS' HOME.—The pic-nic held yesterday afternoon in aid of the funds of the St. Patrick's Orphans' Asylum, was a success in every sense of the word. It was well attended, and everything had been provided for the enjoyment of visitors that could reasonably be expected. Gowan's band was engaged and supplied abundance of excellent music for the dancing, which engaged the attention of a large number of the visitors from early in the afternoon till a late hour at night. Ten of the orphan girls and ten of the boys had been brought over to witness the festivities, and enjoyed the sights so unusual to them to an extent which none can fully appreciate who have not been similarly situated. This was to all intents and purposes to them a real holiday, and they were kindly treated by many persons present. We understand that it was at the special request of Mr. Battle that the orphans were allowed to be present. Mr. R. O'Reilly was appointed to superintend the games, which he managed to the satisfaction of all concerned. They were as follows: Running hop, step and jump. Prize $2. Entries: M. Kavanagh, W. Aumond, G. Varin, Charles Christie, and S. Dunning; prize won by M. Kavanagh. Quarter mile foot race. First prize $2, 2nd prize $1. Entries: Wm. McKay, George Varin, V. H. Steele, Wm. Whitcner; Varin won the first prize. Steele and McKay were tie—McKay gave way and the prize was awarded to Steele. 100 yards foot race. First prize, $2; 2nd prize, $1. Entries: M. Kavanagh, G. Varin, James Kavanagh, and V. H. Steele. First prize won by Kavanagh; 2nd prize by Varin. Boat race, two entries. First entry—*Dashaway*—M. Kavanagh, stroke oar, and Timothy Battle. Time, 17:45 minutes. Second entry—*Young Canadian*—R. Haycock, stroke, and C. Fellows. Time, 16:30 minutes. The pulling was remarkably good, and we believe has not before been equalled by amateurs, and it may be observed that the race was entered upon without previous training. Boys' race, 150 yards. 1st prize, $1; 2nd 50 cents. Entries: Joseph McGuire, Wm. Whitcher, Joseph Rowan and P. Begg. Begg won the first prize, and McGuire the second. Progressive race. Prize $2. Entries: John Kenna, M. J. Garvin, G. Varin and S. Dunning. The prize was awarded to M. J. Garvin. The amusements were kept up till a late hour, and every one seemed to be perfectly satisfied with the pleasures of the day.

Several bargain lots have been brought forward from the wholesale department for the removal sale at Magee & Russell's.

For soups and potted meats go to Bate & Co., 52 Spark st. 762d

MAGEE AND RUSSELL'S great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

For fine bog oak brooches, eight ear rings in sets, see Young & Radford's new lot, just received, and selling at the very low price of only 90 cts. per set.

MAGEE AND RUSSELL'S great clearing sale previous to removal continues to-day.

—The American Association for the advancement of science is to meet this year on the 5th of August, at Chicago.

BRYAN'S WAFERS, (the great public remedy, have now been in use over twenty year), hence it cannot be said that they are on trials They have been thoroughly tried, and pronounced (on the authority of those whose lives and health they have preserved) to be a sure, harmless and eminently salutary preparation, and if taken in season will invariably cure colds, coughs, sore throat, and all bronchial affections. One fair trial will convince the most skeptical. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts. per box.

VACCINATION.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—An article published in the *Citizen* of the 25th, contains some unsound statements with reference to the subject of Vaccination, and is calculated to unsettle the public mind as to the value of the practice. Will you allow me to point out the errors into which the writer has fallen from imperfect knowledge of his subject.

The first statement which is objectionable is that "it is yet doubtful whether its discoverer, the lucky Jenner, deserved the unprecedented reward which a grateful nation bestowed upon him." The writer goes on to say, that "public opinion has been divided on the question of the efficacy of the system as a preventative of small-pox."

To show the public of this day what was actually done by Jenner, it is necessary to allude to the frightful and increasing prevalence of the disease at the time of his grand discovery, for as has been well observed, "It is the very success of vaccination which has blinded people to its importance. It is so easy to be bold against an absent danger, to despise the antidote, while one has no painful experience of the bane."

According to Mr. Simon the annual ravages of small-pox, before vaccination was discovered, were estimated in Europe alone at half a million of lives. De la Condamine reckoned that in France a tenth of the deaths were by small-pox, and Rosen's estimate of Sweden was to the same effect. In the London bills of mortality a fourteenth part of the annual total of deaths was caused by this disease; which ratio towards the close of the eighteenth century increased to one-tenth. In single families alone let me state its effects. William III. suffered from it severely, his father, mother, wife, uncle and two cousins all died of it. In the Court of Austria in the eighteenth century Joseph I. was carried off by it, and two Empresses, six Archdukes and Archduchesses, an Elector of Saxony, and the last Elector of Bavaria, all fell victims to it. Besides the myriads that it killed it levied a frightful tax upon the survivors. With ruined constitutions, consumptive, weakly and maimed, they were left a prey to the inroads of ensuing illness. According to Sir Gilbert Blane, two-thirds of those who applied for relief at an hospital for the blind had lost their sight from small-pox.

Let us now see the result of vaccination. In England, before its introduction, there were three thousand (3,000) deaths a-year from small pox; in 1855 there were 132. In Sweden, before vaccination, out of each million of the population, 2,050 (two thousand and fifty) died annually from small pox; the annual average since has been 158 (one hundred and fifty-eight.) In Westphalia, the figures were, before vaccination, 2,643; after, 114. In Berlin, before vaccination, the deaths were 3,422; afterwards, 176. At the lowest estimate, Jenner has saved, in Europe alone, 400,000 human lives annually; and yet, according to the *Citizen*, he did not deserve "unprecedented reward."

The article finishes with these words—"It is doubtful whether vaccination confers any immunity from small pox, and it is equally clear that it introduces other ailments into the human system."

I have already, I trust, disproved the first assertion; it remains for me to deal with the second.

It must be remembered that vaccination is usually performed at an age when there exists a special susceptibility to skin disease. Any ailment of this kind following vaccination, is, by ignorant people, ascribed to it on the old *post hoc, propter hoc* principle.

Perhaps I may quote the opinion of one of the first surgical authorities in England on this subject: "By disturbing for a time the general health," says Mr. Paget, "it may give opportunity for the external manifestation and complete evolution of some constitutional affection, which, but for it, might have remained rather longer *latent*. This is, I believe," he continues, "the worst thing that can be charged against vaccination, and even this can seldom be charged with truth, and when it can, it amounts to no more than that a practice which would confer a nearly universal immunity from a dangerous and horrible disease, may produce in some of those on whom it confers this benefit, a temporary and not serious illness."

No ailment can possibly be *introduced*, as the *Citizen* expresses it, into the system by a careful vaccinator.

From the time of the discovery of vaccination, objections to it have been made, but they have always been met by the educated portion of the community. When they appear in public print, they seem to me to call for notice as likely to do mischief.

I remain, sir,
Your obedient servant,
WALTER JAMES HENRY, M.D.

Ottawa, June 29, 1868.

THE INTERNATIONAL COINAGE QUESTION.

The bill passed under the auspices of the Finance Minister of Canada, during the last Session of Parliament, for the regulation of the gold and silver coinage of the country, was based upon the system suggested by the Paris Congress, and contemplated the enactment of a similar law by the American Congress. Mr. Sherman, the Chairman of the Finance Committee of the Senate, has introduced such a bill for the consideration of the Legislature, but he has recommended that its enactment be postponed till the next session of Congress. The bill provides that the weight of the gold coin of five dollars shall be one hundred and twenty-four and nine-twentieths troy grains, equivalent to the French coin of 25 francs, being at the rate of $6.20 to the kilogramme, with other sizes and denominations in due proportion of weight and of the fineness of nine-tenths. The weight of the half dollar is fixed at one hundred and seventy-nine grains, lesser silver coins to be in proportion, but the coinage of silver pieces of one dollar, five cents, and three cents, is to be discontinued. Gold coins under the provisions of the Act are to be legal tender to any amount, except for such existing bonds of the United States as are payable; in coin and foreign gold coins conformed to the basis prescribed in the bill, are also to be made legal tender so long as the standards of weight and fineness are duly maintained, which is to be determined annually by the Commissioners of Assay at the United States mint, the Secretary of the Treasury having the power to suspend the right of legal tender where deficiencies are found and officially reported. Other provisions of the bill relate to the character and description of devices on the coins, which are to consist of such emblems and inscriptions as are proper to the Republic of the United States, and to the size of the coins—the whole matter being left in the hands of the Secretary of the Treasury. It is further provided that when gold and silver coins of the United States are sent to the mint, or any of its branches, for recoinage, they shall be received by weight, and those of them which have been issued of nine-tenths fineness shall be so received, but all others by assay. If the bill becomes law its provisions are to take effect from the first of January, 1869; but to expedite recoinage the mints may, after the 1st of October next, receive coins or deposits of gold and silver bullion, to be made ready for stamping, for which certificates, payable in the new coinage, shall be issued, payable in the order of receipt of deposits, for the use of the Treasury and the customs houses. The Secretary of the Treasury shall publicly declare the rates at which coins of the United States and foreign nations are to be reckoned, under estimates to be furnished by the directors of the mint. The provisions differ, as a matter of course, from those of the bill which passed the Canadian Parliament, but they are, nevertheless, substantially the same in principle, being all based on the system proposed by the Paris Congress.—*Halifax Citizen.*

—A humorous traveller was making up his tumbler of toddy in the bar of an hotel. A gentleman on the other side of the table says—"Sir, do you know that there is death in that glass?" "Ah! I was not aware." "Yes, sir, I tell you there is death in it!" "Ah!"—and having tasted it, and smacking his lips, he said, "Gad sir, I believe you're right; I have drowned the miller!" Whereupon he rung for the waiter, and ordered another glass, in order to bring the "miller" back to life again.

Latest by Telegraph.

FROM TORONTO.

Draft for the 13th Hussars—Opening of the Church of the Holy Trinity—Awarding of the Government House Contract—Fire on Front-st.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, June 29, 1868.

A draft for over 100 men for the 13th Hussars has arrived.

The Church of the Holy Trinity was reopened yesterday in ritualistic style. Bishop Whitehouse of Illinois preached. Services morning and evening are to be held every day this week.

The contract for the erection of the Government House, was awarded to Grant and Parks of Peterboro', for $57,878. The buildings are to be finished in November 1869.

A fire broke out on front-st. this afternoon, but was easy extinguished.

FROM FATHER POINT.

Arrival of the Steamship "Nestorian."

Special to THE TIMES.

FATHER POINT, June 29.

The steamship *Nestorian* passed here, bound inwards, at 9 p.m.

CABLE NEWS

Via Montreal Line.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

PARIS, June 28.—In the Corps Legislatif yesterday the contract made with the General Trans-Atlantic Steamship Co., for the transportation of the mails to Panama and Chili was approved.

SOUTHAMPTON, June 28.—The steamship *Germania*, from New York June 16, arrived at this port yesterday, and sailed for Hamburg.

The steamship *Weser*, from New York 17th inst., has arrived at this port.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

LONDON, June 29.—M. Levigne De St. Tercol, First Secretary of the French Legation at Washington, has been recalled by his Government. He will be accredited to England in the same capacity.

COPENHAGEN, June 29.—The *Deta*, in completing the transfer of the Island of St. Thomas to the United States, is represented to be accidental. The King has intimated that Vera Cruz will also be disposed of to the United States as soon as the claims of France in connection with that island are settled.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Via Montreal Line.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Railroad Train Thrown off the Track.

INDIANAPOLIS, June 27.—The express train on the Jefferson, Madison and Indianapolis railway, leaving Madison this morning, was thrown from the track near Columbus. Several persons were severely injured.

The Democratic Majority in Mississippi.

JACKSON, MISS., June 27.—The Democratic majority, as far as heard from, is 15,000.

A Fighting Editor.

NASHVILLE, TENN., June 27.—A personal difficulty between John B. Brownlow, of the Knoxville *Whig*, and Mr. Kelby, of the *Press*, took place on Thursday afternoon. Brownlow tried to shoot Kerby, but his pistol snapped without hurting anybody.

A Steamer Sunk—6 Lives Lost.

CHICAGO, June 27.—Rumors are afloat that the steamer *Kalamazoo*, plying between St. Joseph and Kalamazoo, Mich., sunk on the 19th. Six persons, all on board, were lost.

Political Rumors.

WASHINGTON, June 28.—The rumors about the resignation or removal of Secretary McCulloch have subsided, though certain parties are still endeavoring to effect a change in the Treasury Department.

Delegates to the New York Democratic Convention.

NEW YORK, June 29.—The *Tribune's* special says delegates from the west to the New York Convention have arrived here. A majority of them express decided preference for Pendleton as candidate. Southern delegates are in favor of President Johnson.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Postponement of the Surratt Trial.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—In the Criminal Court this morning the case of Surratt, under the indictment of conspiring to abduct President Lincoln, was postponed till the 15th of September next.

A Union Soldier Murdered by the Ku Klux Klan.

NEW YORK, June 28.—The *Tribune's* Bowling Green special says that Nathan Dawson, a returned Union soldier, was murdered near here on Saturday by the Ku Klux Klan. He was living quietly at his home unconscious of the danger. The assassins went to his house, called him to the door, and fired a volley at him, killing him instantly, and wounding dangerously, if not mortally, his wife, who ran to his assistance. The assassins are the terror of the entire country, and the life of no one who is a supporter of Unionism is safe. Not a day passes but some deed of horror is perpetrated by them.

THE CANADIAN ZOUAVES IN ROME.

We translate the following extracts from a letter which Sergeant Taillefer, of the Pontifical Zouaves, has addressed to the editor of *La Nouveau Monde*:

"Three men are detailed to do the fatigue work of the kitchen and to wash our bowls. As water is rather scarce near the barracks, the whole 216 of these are passed through one water, in a tin dish about eighteen inches in diameter, and they afterwards receive a light rubbing from a rather dilapidated cloth. After this operation, which our friends perform with all seriousness, they fill them up with *rata*, which is served out to us at 3½ p.m. * * * The retreat sounds at nine o'clock, and, for three hours before this our time is our own. We occupy part of it in cleaning arms and accoutrements, and arranging things generally. Before retreat, as at 3 p.m. and 9 a.m., everybody needs something to eat, and those who have money to spend in the indulgence of their appetites are to be envied.

"And the smokers! What economy do they display! You gentlemen, lovers of tobacco, what a prodigal set of people you are. Come, as we have done, to Rome. Stop here for three months, and I answer for it that you will burn your moustache with your cigar before putting it out, and even then the end will be dried to charge your pipe with. By this means three cigars will give a pipe-full.

"Since the commencement of April we have had six hours of regular drill a day. The detachment is making great progress. We have attracted the attention of the military authorities, who evince a high regard for the corps. Every officer wants to have Canadians in his company, and I am not afraid to state that if we persist in our present regular conduct, at least forty of us will be promoted within a year. We have not yet been scattered among the different regiments. Charles de Cazes has been promoted to corporal."—*Chronicle.*

VISIBLE NOISE.—Plymouth Sound.—*Judy.*

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Every possible comfort, convenience and luxury will be found at the CANADA HOUSE, CALEDONIA SPRINGS. 779-3

Errors of Youth.—A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay and all the effects of youthful indiscretion will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertisers' experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN, 43 Cedar Street New York

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

RENEWS THE HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR WHEN GRAY.

Renews the nutritive matter which nourishes the hair.

RENEWS THE GROWTH OF THE HAIR WHEN BALD.

Renews the brush, wiry hair to silken softness.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR DRESSING.

One bottle shows its effects.

R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H.,
Proprietors.

For sale by all druggists. 762dwd

Bronchitis, Coughs, Asthma,

And all disorders of the THROAT and LUNGS, are relieved by using "Brown's Bronchial Troches."

"I have been afflicted with Bronchitis during the past winter, and found no relief until I found your 'BRONCHIAL TROCHES.'

C. H. GARDINER,
Principal of Rutger's Female Institute, New York.'

"Almost instant relief in the distressing labor of breathing peculiar to Asthma."

REV. A. C. EGGLESTON, New York.

"It gives me great pleasure to certify to the efficacy of your Bronchial Troches, in an affliction of the throat and voice, induced by public singing. They have suited my case exactly, relieving my throat and clearing the voice so that I could sing with ease.

T. DUCHARME,
Chorister French Parish Church, Montreal.'

'When somewhat hoarse from cold or over-exertion in public speaking, I have uniformly found Brown's Troches afford relief.

HENRY WILKES, D. D.,
Pastor of Zion Church, Montreal."

Sold by all dealers in medicines at 25 cents a box.

Who is Mrs. Winslow?

As this question is frequently asked, we will simply say that she is a lady who, for upwards of thirty years, has untiringly devoted her time and talents as a Female Physician and nurse, principally among children. She has especially studied the constitution and wants of this numerous class, and, as a result of this effort and practical knowledge, obtained in a lifetime spent as nurse and physician, she has compounded a Soothing Syrup for children teething. It operates like magic—giving rest and health, and is, moreover, sure to regulate the bowels. In consequence of this article, Mrs. Winslow is becoming world-renowned as a benefactor of her race; children certainly do RISE UP and bless her; especially is this the case in this city. Vast quantities of the Soothing Syrup are DAILY sold and used here. We think Mrs. Winslow has immortalized her name by this invaluable article, and we sincerely believe thousands of children have been saved from an early grave by its timely use, and that millions yet unborn will share its benefits, and unite in calling her blessed. NO MOTHER has discharged her duty to her suffering little one, in our opinion, until she has given it the benefit of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. Try it, mothers—TRY IT NOW—*Ladies' Visitor*, New York City.

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents a bott'e.

Be sure and call for

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,"

Having the *fac-simile* of "CURTIS & PERKINS" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations. 762-24-2m

To Consumptives.—The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, FREE, by return mail, will please address, REV. EDWARD WILSON,
Williamsburg, Kings Co., New York.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* ☞ and take no other. ☜ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers every where 178y

DIED.

At Blackford House, Edinburgh, Scotland, on the 10th instant, Walter Gibson Cassels, Esq., aged 91 years.

On Monday, 29th instant, Nina, infant daughter of Arthur Keevil, aged 5 months.

The funeral will leave her father's residence Sussex-street, at 3 o'clock, p. m., this day, Tuesday.

Drowned, on Friday last, 26th instant, at Ottawa, William, eldest son of Mr. A. H. Matthewman, aged 9 years.

The funeral will take place to-day, at 10 o'clock, a. m. Friends are respectfully requested to attend without further notice.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

GRAND CELEBRATION
OF
DOMINION DAY AT BROCKVILLE.

ST. LAWRENCE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

AN EXCURSION TRAIN
Will leave
OTTAWA FOR PRESCOTT,
At SEVEN A. M. on
WEDNESDAY, 1ST JULY, 1868,
Connecting with the commodious Upper Cabin
STEAMER PRESCOTT,
Arriving at Brockville at 11.15 a. m.

RETURNING,

The "Prescott" will leave Brockville at 5 p. m., sharp, and Excursion Train will leave Prescott at 8 p. m., sharp, arriving at Ottawa at 10:30 p.m.

FARE:

From Ottawa to Brockville and return	$1 50
" Kemptville and Oxford "	1 00
" Spencerville "	0 75

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

T. S. DETLOR,
Superintendent.

Prescott, June 27, 1868. 781-1

NOTICE.

I do hereby give notice to all persons not to give my wife, CATHERINE CARROLL, any credit in my name, she having left my bed and board, on the 16th of June, 1868, without any just cause or provocation.

P. O'CALLAGHAN,
16th Range, 14th Lot, Buckingham, Co. of Ottawa.
June 25, 1868. 781-2

THE Gentlemen formerly composing the late "Civil Service Rifle Corps" will meet at the Rifle Range on TO-MORROW Morning, the 1st July, at 8 a. m., (sharp) to compete for the "Silver Goblet" won by me last year.

781-2 JOHN B. SIMPSON.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,
Saturday, 20th day of June, 1868.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Hon. the Minister of Customs, and under and in virtue of the authority conferred by the Act passed during the recent session of the Parliament of Canada, 31st Vic., Cap. 6, intituled: "An Act respecting the Customs," His Excellency in Council has been pleased to make the following regulation:

In addition to the Warehousing Ports mentioned in the Act passed during the recent Session of the Parliament of Canada and intituled: "An Act respecting the Customs," and also in addition to the Ports named in the lists sanctioned by subsequent orders of His Excellency in Council, passed under the authority of the said Act, the undermentioned Ports shall be, and they are hereby included in the list of Warehousing Ports in the Dominion of Canada, viz:

Province of Nova Scotia,
The Port of Maitland.
Province of New Brunswick,
The Port of Richmond.

W. H. LEE,
781tf Clerk Privy Council.

ALFRED THE GREAT.

GRAND THEATRICAL EXHIBITION
IN THE
RECESS HALL OF OTTAWA UNIVERSITY,
ON
TUESDAY, 30TH OF JUNE.

☞ Tickets 25 cents.

Doors open at Eight o'clock p. m.

Ottawa, June 26, 1868. 778d

AUCTION SALE
OF VERY
DESIRABLE CITY PROPERTY!
H. McLEAN,
(Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent),

Has been instructed by JAMES MARTIN, Esq. to offer for

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

BOGOAK SETTS, BROOCH and EAR RINGS,

At 90 Cents the Set.

At Young & Radford's,

30 Sparks-street.

Young & Radford

ARE SELLING BOG OAK SETTS at 90 cents,

Which have been sold as high as $1.00 per sett.

Young & Radford

CAN MAKE TO ORDER

All kinds of GOLD and SILVER JEWELLERY cheaper than the same can be bought retail.

GIVE US A CALL

And be sure you remember the Place,

YOUNG & RADFORD'S,

30 Sparks-st., Ottawa.

FOR fine BOG OAK BROOCHES and EAR RINGS, in setts,

See YOUNG & RADFORD'S new lot just received, and selling at the very low rice of only 90 cents per set.

Pickles, Sauces, &c.,

JUST RECEIVED DIRECT FROM

CROSSE & BLACKWELL, London,

Ex ship "Ardmillan," the following:

125 DOZ. MIXED PICKLES,
35 DOZ. Gerkins,
35 DOZ. Onions,
35 DOZ. Chow Chow,
30 DOZ. Piccolill,
25 DOZ. Walnuts,
20 DOZ. Cauliflower,
15 DOZ. Imperial Hot,
15 DOZ. West India,
15 DOZ. Capt. White's Oriental

Reading Sauce,
King of Oude Sauce,
Harvey do.
John Bull do.
Kalos Ceusis do.
Soyer's do.
Worcestershire do.
India Soy,
Essence of Anchovies,
Essence of Shrimps,
Mushroom Ketchup,
Walnut Ketchup,
French Capers,
Chili Vinegar,
Tarragon Vinegar,
Raspberry Vinegar,
Olives,
Bottled Fruits, an assortment,
Raspberry Jam,
Strawberry do.
Damson do.
Gooseberry do.
Red Currant do.
Black do. do.
Red do. Jelly.
Black do. do.
Crystallized Fruits,
Fruits in Noyeau,
Preserved Ginger in Jars and 1 lb. Pots,
Currie Powder,
Anchovy Paste,
Potted Ham, Beef and Tongue,
Potted Yarmouth Bloaters,
Strasbourg Potted Meats,
Soup and Bouille,
Mock Turtle Soup,
Mulligatawny Soup,
Hare Soup,
Jugged Hare,
Pheasants in Gravy,
Grouse in Gravy,
Partridge in Gravy,
Paté de Foie Gras,
Paté D'Alouettes,
Paté de Cailles.

ALSO,

A large lot of Keen's Celebrated Mustard in half lb. and 1 lb. tins.

BATE & Co.,

52, SPARKS-ST.

June 8, 1868. 762d

ARNOLDI'S WINE AND SPIRIT VAULTS,

11 Metcalfe-st., Telegraph Co's Building,

OTTAWA,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL. FOR CASH ONLY

Dekuyper's Red Cases, Gin, 15 bottles		$9 00
" Green; " "	per doz	4 80
Booth's London Gin		7 20
Bernard's and Thompson's Gin	"	6 00
Green Seal Champagne	"	12 00

AND UPWARDS.

PORT WINES—Graham's, Sandeman's, &c.

		Per Gall.	Per Doz
No. 1	Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2	"	3 00	8 75
" 3	Old	3 50	10 00
" 4	Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5	Very fine old	5 75	15 50

SHERRIES—Lomecq's, Pemartin's, &c.:

No. 1	Superior Light table Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2	Extra do	3 00	8 75
" 3	Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4	Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5	Very fine	5 50	15 00

Single sample bottles at above rates.

Also, of Standard Brands, in wood or bottle, old and new, Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch and Canadian Whiskies.

Canadian Ale, in wood or bottle.

Guinness' Porter, pints and quarts. Hibbert's Porter, pints and quarts. Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, pints and quarts.

Clarets, Hocks, Sauternes, Curacao, Maraschino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., &c.

Purity in all cases guaranteed, and goods marked at the lowest quotations.

Orders by mail with cash, promptly attended to Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.

NOTICE.

The subscriber would intimate to those of his customers with whom current accounts may have been opened that it is his intention to take advantage of any irregularity in their payment to close them in order that he may conduct his business totally on the *cash principle*, which has been found to work much more satisfactorily for both the buyer and seller in every branch of trade in which it has been tried, and relying on quality of his goods and the prices charged for them (which will always be as low as they can honestly be sold for) he solicits a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

K. ARNOLDI,

Dealer in the better qualities of Wines, Spirits, &c., Metcalfe-street, Telegraph Co's Building, Ottawa.

Price lists on application or sent to any address.

April 21, 1868. 535y

WATCHES.

J. SEWILL, LIVERPOOL,

Manufacturer by special appointment to HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, ROYAL FAMILY, AND COURT OF SPAIN, THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA'S ROYAL NAVY;

Prize Medalist of the Great International Exhibition of London, 1862, and of the Universal Exhibition of Paris, 1867.

WE HEREBY APPOINT MR. JOHN LESLIE, Sparks-street, Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity, For the sale of these *celebrated Timekeepers.*

H. & A. SAUNDERS, Montreal.

Sole Wholesale Agents in the Dominion for the sale of *J. Sewill's* Watches.

Ottawa, May 20. 748y

FOR SALE!

THAT Splendid First-Class

HOTEL,

IN THE

CAPITAL OF THE DOMINION!

KNOWN AS THE

REVERE HOUSE,

And at present leased at a rental of $2,000. It is one of the best buildings in the city. Its length is one hundred and six (106) feet by forty (40) feet wide, built of stone, with cut stone front and tin roof. The house contains fifty bedrooms, five parlors and dining room, with bar, kitchen and laundry attached. There is a new Brick Stable, sixty-six (66) by thirty (30) feet, capable of stabling forty Horses, a large yard and outbuildings; also a vacant lot, which the purchaser can have if required to enlarge. The premises are in excellent order, being only five years built. Very lately a sum of $2,000 was expended improving the building. For a first-class hotel, or Military Quarters, it cannot be equalled in the city.

TERMS EASY, and made known free of charge, by letter or otherwise, on application to

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer,
Commission and Real Estate Agent.

Ottawa, June 3, 1868. 758d

Dominion Auction Mart,

AND

Commission Sale Rooms

House, Land & General Agency,

OFFICE & SALE ROOMS.

INGLIS' NEW BUILDINGS, SUSSEX-STREET,

OTTAWA.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Ottawa and surrounding country that at the request of many friends he has decided on opening an extensive and well regulated Auction Mart in this city.

From arrangements made with some of the Furniture Manufacturers of Western Ontario, a large and well selected stock of new furniture will be constantly on hand.

Public Sales will be held from time to time, of which due notice will be given, and at which parties requiring to furnish will have an opportunity of purchasing at unusually low rates. The Mart is now open with a large stock of new Furniture, as well as Pianos, Harmoniums, &c., &c., consigned for sale.

The subscriber would also intimate that he is the Sole Agent for Ottawa and territory for the sale of Rappe, Webber & Co.'s celebrated grand Pianos.

They are successors to the late John C. Fox, of Kingston, and the makers of his excellent Pianos.

From their long experience in Germany, Paris, and New York, they are universally admitted to be the best Piano Manufacturers on this continent.

The high reputation of the instruments made by them for the past ten years, and the increasing demand for them in the new Dominion, prove their very superior quality, and universally acknowledged merit.

The Pianos, as well as the furniture in the establishment, will be sold either by private sale or auction.

He would also announce that he is prepared to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate, to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharging the trust confided to him. He hopes that by strict attention to the sales entrusted to his care, as well as by prompt settlements immediately after, to merit a share of public patronage.

He will be in his office from 7 in the morning until 7 in the evening, when he can see parties who wish to arrange about their sales. Consignments from a distance will have immediate attention.

Cash advances, when required, will be made on consignments for immediate sale.

All kinds of furniture bought, sold or exchanged.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq. M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq. M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq. M P P,
Francis H. Burton, Esq. M P
James O'Reilly, Esq. Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq. Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq. M P P.

A smart young man wanted to act as travelling agent representing several firms.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
753y House, Land and General Agent.

Storekeepers, Farmers and Others,

SHOULD BUY THEIR TEAS FROM

The Importers Direct

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY, 6, Hospital-street, Montreal, have sent over one thousand packages to different parts of the country, and receive every day assurances that the Tea gives entire satisfaction. Subjoined are a few of the numerous testimonials already received:

RUSSELL HOTEL, Quebec, Jan. 7, 1867.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the six chests of Tea forwarded some time since arrived in good order. The quality is pure and excellent, and prices cheap. As I am particular in buying the best quality of Tea to be had for our guests, I am pleased to acquaint you that it gives general satisfaction. Your obedient servant,

WILLIS RUSSELL.

FELCOMB, Dec. 3, 1867.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the Oolong Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. I forwarded part of the chest to a friend in Toronto, who informs me he considers it as good as that he was using for which he paid one dollar per lb. Please send me a chest of Young Hyson at same price, viz., at 75 cents per lb. Address as before. Your obedient servant,

JNO. T. DAY.

HOUSE OF SENATE, Ottawa, December 16, 1867. Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, the box of English Breakfast and Young Hyson Tea which you sent me gives great satisfaction. You may expect my future orders. Yours, &c.,

S. SKINNER.

COBOURG, January 8, 1868.—Montreal Tea Company: Gentlemen, I beg to inform you that the two boxes of Tea you sent me are of excellent quality, especially the Young Hyson at 60 cents. Please send another box, or 20 lbs., at same price, and oblige yours, &c.,

F. OLIVER.

The contributors to the *Medical Journal* have frequently declared that one-half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have carefully selected and imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure and free from poisonous substances, in 50, 25, 20, 15 and 12 lb. boxes.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c 50c.; *Fine Flavoured New Season, do;* 55c 60c *and* 65c; *Excellent Full Flavored do,* 75c; *Sound Oolong,* 45c; *Rich Flavored do,* 60c; *Very Fine do, do,* 75c; *Japan, Good,* 50c, 55c; *Very Fine,* 60c; *Finest,* 65c, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay common, 38c; *Fine do,* 55c; *Young Hyson,* 50c, 60c, 65c *and* 70c; *Fine do,* 75c; *Very Fine,* 85c; *Superfine and Very Choice,* $1.00; *Fine Gunpowder,* 85c; *Extra Superfine do,* $1.

All orders for 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular sent equally cheap. The Company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much, two or three clubbing together could divide. An excellent mixed Tea could be sent for 60c to 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order or enclosed notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man where there are express offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
6, Hospital-street, Montreal.

All boxes sent from this establishment have the Company's name printed on them.

Montreal, March 4, 1868. w10iy

Coffee! Coffee!

TO those who enjoy a Cup of

REALLY FINE COFFEE

—TRY—

BUCHANAN'S

Unrivalled Mixture of Mocha,

JAVA & JAMAICA,

Roasted and Ground

Daily on the premises, by steam power.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington-sts.

May 11, 1868. 739tf

SHORTHAND

Taught by post or privately for Five Dollars. Address, enclosing one stamp, to T. H., TIMES Office, Ottawa. 778tf

GREAT SUCCESS

OF THE

Removal Sale.

ALL THE GOODS FROM THE

Wholesale Department brought forward, and re-marked at clearing prices.

SEVERAL CHOICE BARGAIN LOTS,

Will be offered TO-DAY.

ONE LOT OF 20 PIECE MARL POPLINETTES,

This season's importation, worth 40 cents, will be sold for 25 cents.

ANOTHER LOT, SIMILAR STYLES,

Will be marked 16 cents. These are all well worth 30 cents.

500 YARDS STRIPED EARLSTON GINGHAMS,

That cost the importer 22 cents, will be laid on the counter at 12½ cents.

ANOTHER choice lot of Double Width CHALLIE and ALPACCA DRESS GOODS,

At 11 cents and 12½ cents, well worth double the money.

ONE CASE OF PRINTED MUSLINS,

Fast colours and choice patterns, at 10, 12, 12½, 16 and 17 cents per yard, are value for 50 per cent more, only they arrived too late in the season.

A JOB LOT of WHITE BRILLIANTS PIQUES and MARSEILLES,

At very low prices.

50 PIECES WHITE GROUND PRINTS and PRINTED BRILLIANTS,

From 15 to 21 cents per yard.

ANOTHER BALE WHITE SHIRTINGS,

At the reduced rates, will be brought forward to-day.

80 DOZEN MORE of THOSE CLEAR CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS,

At the same prices as gave such satisfaction the last two weeks.

10 PIECES WHITE GROUND FRENCH DELAINES,

With coloured spots for Children's Dresses, at 25 cents per yard, usual price, 40 cents.

SEVERAL HUNDRED DOZEN OF WHITE and COLOURED COTTON HOSE,

Brought out from the Wholesale Department, today, and marked very cheap.

NOTWITHSTANDING

The great rush we have had the stock is still well assorted, and many goods have been still further reduced in prices.

Magee & Russell.

Ottawa, June 17, 1868. 707y

FOR SALE

AT THE

MONTREAL WAREHOUSE

800 BUTTER TUBS, (in good order.

J. MARTIN & CO.

10,000 LBS. MAPLE SUGAR.

J. MARTIN & CO.

50 CASES ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

J. MARTIN & CO.

HERRINGS, PORK, FLOUR, BUTTER, CHEESE.

657v J. MARTIN & CO.

IF YOU

WANT ANY

BOOTS OR SHOES,

CALL AT

Angus & Huckell's

—GREAT—

Boot & Shoe

EMPORIUM,

15,

SUSSEX-STREET

Whyte's Brick Block.

Ottawa, June 18. 666y

TORONTO HOUSE, Sparks-st.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has at present several commodious and handsomely furnished suites of apartments, in every respect eligible for civil or military officers, or private gentlemen remaining in the city.

Ottawa, June 20, 1868. 773tf

GREAT SLAUGHTER OF

Mantles and Millinery.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Having determined to CLEAR OUT their whole STOCK of MANTLES and MILLINERY, and have RE-MARKED the whole STOCK.

Mantles, Bonnets and Hats AT HALF PRICE.

Mantles, Bonnets and Hats AT LESS THAN COST.

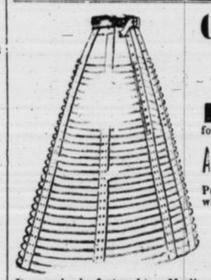
Mantles, Bonnets and Hats AT COST.

Feathers, Ornaments, &c., AT IMMENSE REDUCTIONS IN PRICE.

☞ This is an opportunity seldom met with. New and Fashionable Goods at Fearful Reductions in Price. Sale will commence on SATURDAY, the 27th Instant, and will continue until the whole is disposed of.

CALL EARLY AND SECURE A CHOICE.

Ottawa, June 27, 1868. 481v



City Hoop Skirt Factory.

SOMETHING NEW.

I BEG to call the attention of LADIES to a new and highly desirable article which I have secured the sole Agency for in Ottawa and vicinity. It is known

As Lesser's Patent Skirt Appendage!

Patented April 23 1868, and consists of a SEPARATE TRAIL, which can be attached to an ordinary

Plain Hoop Skirt,

converting it into a graceful

Promenade or Evening Skirt!

It may also be fastened to a Muslin or Stuff Petticoat with the same result. It can be folded into very small compass, and must readily recommend itself to every Lady, combining, as it does, Grace, Elegance and Comfort. To be had wholesale and retail. All styles of Skirts on hand. Corsets, Hosiery and Gloves, Parasols, &c., &c.

DAVID MILLAR,
43 Sparks-st, Central Ottawa.

456y

FAMILY MOURNING.

Every article connected with LADIES' and CHILDREN'S MOURNING, supplied by

GRANT & HENDERSON,

BLACK SILKS,	BLACK CRAPES,
BLACK PARAMATTAS,	BLACK REPPS,
BLACK COBURGS,	BLACK LLAMAS,
BLACK GRENADINES,	BLACK LUSTRES,
MOURNING MANTLES,	AND MILLINERY.

Grant and Henderson.

20 Rideau-street.

Ottawa, June 18. 522y

RETIRING FROM BUSINESS

Great Cheap Sale of Dry Goods!

As GEO. FEATHERSTON & CO.,

Intend winding up their business in AUGUST NEXT. They will from this date offer their large stock of

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,

At greatly reduced prices for cash as the whole must be disposed of by the 24th day of AUGUST. The following list of prices will satisfy all that this is a chance rarely to be met with, and will be for the benefit of every one to take advantage of.

Full width Prints from	4½d per yard.	Grey Cottons	from 4½d per yard.
Printed Muslins "	6d "	Silk Parasols	" 2s 6d each.
" Delaines "	4½ "	Hoop Skirts	" 10½d "
6-4 Alepacca Lustres "	7½ "	Canadian Full Cloth	" 2s 11d per yard.
Cobourgs "	9 "		

A large lot of Women's White Cotton Hose, from 4½d per pair. A lot of Summer Shawls from 11s 3d to 27s 6d, usual price from 17s 6d to 40s. A lot of cloths for Boy's Summer Wear, very cheap, and all other goods proportionately low.

Shop to Rent from 1st Sept. Next.

GEO. FEATHERSTON & CO.,

34 Sparks-street, Centre Town.

Ottawa, June 15, 1868. 768 2m

BLYTH & KERR,

Successors to Chas. Garth,

No. 25, RIDEAU-STREET,

PLUMBERS, GAS AND STEAM FITTERS, TIN & COPPERSMITHS, BELL HANGERS, &c.

All materials for the above branches kept constantly on hand.

Also, Importers and Dealers in House Furnishing Hardware.

Just received a well selected assortment of Fishing Tackle, Baskets, Bait, Reels, Lines, Flys, Rods, &c. Manufacturers of all descriptions of work for Water and Gas Works, Brewer's Distilleries, Mills, &c. Makes and fits up Galvanised Iron Cornices, Gutters, Conductors, Roofing, &c.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water or Warm Air, on the most approved principles.

Orders from the country will receive strict attention. 740y

A RARE CHANCE.

The undersigned having received direct from the manufacturers in Europe, a large consignment of

Dry Goods

with instructions to dispose of them a

LOW RATES!

Is now offering them to the public, and at an almost nominal advance on the makers' cost price. The stock consists of

1,000 yards of Carpets, of various kinds,
40 Handsome Hearth Rugs,
60 Summer Counterpanes,
24 White Marsala Quilts,
A large quantity of Toilet Covers,
Some Wool Table Covers,
And a large variety of other Goods.

The stock may be seen at the store of MESSRS. ANSELL & MICHAEL'S, Scott's Corner, Elgin, and Sparks-street, opposite the Russell Hotel. Parties requiring articles of the above mentioned kind will find it to their advantage to call and inspect the goods at once, as the whole must be disposed of within a few days.

ANSELL & MICHAEL.

Ottawa, June 9, 1868. 763-3m

CHAMPAGNE HOTEL,

SIGN OF THE BEAVER,

No. 71, ST. PAUL-STREET, No. 71,

Opposite Bonsecours Church, MONTREAL.

This beautiful House, four stories high, being M. Dubord's property, can receive 50 boarders, and offers all possible comfort to travellers. Meals quickly served at all hours to the taste and wish of visitors.

N.B.—Good Yard and Stabling all at

REDUCED PRICES.

ISIDORE CHAMPAGNE,
Proprietor.

7794

BREAD! BREAD!

REDUCTION IN PRICE!

BREAD OF McCORMICK'S OWN BAKING.

Already famed for its excellent quality, can be obtained at his FLOUR STORE, Sparks-street, and BAKERY, Queen-street, at

SEVEN PENCE PER 4 lb. LOAF.

H. McCORMICK.

Ottawa, June 26, 1868. 778a

TAKE THE HIGHEST PREMIUMS AT THE

Paris Exposition

All kinds of SCALES constantly on hand and for sale

ALSO,

Baldwin's Alarm Money Drawers,

THE BEST NOW IN USE.

ALEX. WORKMAN & CO.,

775-2m Ottawa, Agents.

TO BE GIVEN AWAY!

THE

Greatest Curiosity

OF THE DAY.

WILL BE PUBLISHED

On Thursday next, THE WONDERFUL ALMANAC for 306 years, a copy of which will be presented, FREE OF CHARGE to every Lady and Gentleman applying at

The Ottawa Citizen,
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

SANSUM'S INTEREST & EXCHANGE TABLES.

A supply of this useful work just received for sale at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen.
Stationery and Printing House,
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COPY BOOKS,

(Plain and with Head Line), EXERCISE BOOKS. A supply just received and for sale at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
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PLAIN & FANCY STATIONERY.

All marked in plain figures, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House
21 Rideau-street.

COUNTING HOUSE and SCHOOL REQUISITES,

At the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House
21 Rideau-street.

MUSIC, MAGAZINES OR PRINTED BOOKS,

Bound in any style required, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

ENGINEERS' and ARTISTS' MATERIALS,

At the lowest cash rates, at

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Memorandum Books, Pocket Books, Indexes, &c., at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

WRAPPING PAPERS,

MANILLA, TEA and STRAW, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen,
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

STEEL PENS and PEN HANDLES,

Gillott's, Mitchell's and other makers, at the lowest cash rates, at

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Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

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Stephens', Todd's Perth Office, &c., at the lowest cash rates, at

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Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

LEAD PENCILS,

Faber's, Rowney's and others, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

BLANK BOOKS,

Manufactured to order, in any style of ruling and binding, at the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

BOOK and JOB PRINTING,

At the lowest cash rates, at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House
21 Rideau-street.

THE NEW CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES of READING BOOKS, authorized by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario. The prices are:

FIRST BOOK, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.

FIRST BOOK, part second, 54 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.

SECOND BOOK, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.

THIRD BOOK, 41 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Thirty cents.

FOURTH BOOK, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Forty cents.

FIFTH BOOK, 50 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

A supply just received and for sale at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

☞ A liberal allowance to Teachers and Dealers.

TO BE GIVEN AWAY

THE

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On Thursday next, THE WONDERFUL ALMANAC for 306 years, a copy of which will be presented, FREE OF CHARGE, to every Lady and Gentleman applying at

The Ottawa Citizen
Stationery and Printing House,
21 Rideau-street.

Ottawa, June 8, 1868 751y

OTTAWA MARKETS

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, June 29, 1868.

There has been on some days during the past week a slight change for the better in the markets. The market prices for butchers' meat are for beef 10 to 15 cents. Mutton 10 cents. Veal 9 to 10 cents.

FLOUR—Extra	8 00	@	8 25
No. 1	7 00	@	7 25
No. 2	5 50	@	6 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs	4 00	@	4 25
" Spring "	3 50	@	3 62½
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs	6 00	@	6 25
Indian Meal "	4 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs	0 70	@	0 75
Barley " 48 lbs	0 75	@	0 80
Buckwheat Flour—bbl	4 50	@	5 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs	1 75	@	1 80
Spring " "	1 45	@	1 50
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 90	@	0 95
Peas " 60 lbs	0 75	@	0 80
Oats " 34 lbs	0 55	@	0 60
Beans " 60 lbs	2 00	@	2 25
PORK—Mess—per barrel	23 00	@	0 00
Prime Mess per do	16 50	@	0 00
Hog per 100 lbs	0 00	@	0 00
Hams	0 13	@	0 15
Beef	0 00	@	0 00
Mutton—per lb by the qr	0 00	@	0 0
Lamb—per qr	0 00	@	0 0
Cheese—Each			None
Ducks	0 00	@	0 00
Turkeys—Each	0 80	@	1 00
Fowl—Per pair	0 45	@	0 55
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 15	@	0 17
No. 1 Firkin	0 13	@	0 14
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 15	@	0 17
Apples—per brl	4 50	@	5 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 50	@	0 55
HAY—Per ton	12 00	@	14 00
FUEL—Per cord	0 00	@	3 5
Tamarac	0 00	@	2 00
Hemlock	0 00	@	2 00

THE CORPORATION OF THE COUNTY OF CARLETON.

THE following Resolution was adopted by the Council of the Corporation of the County of Carleton, during their recent June Session, and ordered to be published.

EDW. BEARMAN,
C. C. C.

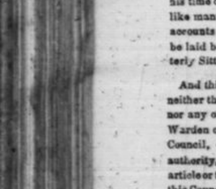
Moved by Mr. Dow, seconded by Mr. Fraser,

That the fourth and fifth resolutions of motion No. 15, passed by this Council at the Sessions thereof held in the month of January last, be, and the same are hereby repealed, and that in future every contractor, or other person legally authorized by this Council to supply the Gaol, shall keep a passbook, in which under the proper date the articles supplied shall be entered, and opposite the entry the gaol officials receiving the articles shall certify their receipt.

And that every tradesman, mechanic, or other person employed by this Council to work in the Gaol, shall keep a similar pass-book, and have his time or job, as the case may be, certified in like manner, and these pass-books, along with the accounts in duplicate, and properly certified, shall be laid before the Audit Committee at their quarterly Sittings.

And this Council do hereby further resolve that neither the Sheriff of this County, nor his Deputy, nor any other person or persons, excepting only the Warden of the County, the Gaol Committee of this Council, or its Chairman, shall have power or authority, on any pretence whatever, to order any article or thing on the credit of this Council, nor will this Council hold itself in any manner responsible for any article or thing furnished on any account whatsoever, excepting the same be furnished on the written order of the Warden, the Gaol Committee, or its Chairman, that all orders, resolutions and notices of this Council to the contrary, be, and the same are hereby repealed, and that the Clerk of this Council do give notice by advertisement of this resolution.—Carried.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775-3-26-1



STOP and SEE!

THE following remarks on Testimonials of most extraordinary cures in Canada by the great Indian Remedy. They are stern unalterable and incontestible facts, sufficient to the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound ye armed after for ages is now accessible in the

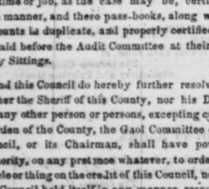
Great Snosnonees Remedy.

For diseases of the throat, lungs, liver, digestive organs, kidneys, &c., as well as scrofula, the various skin diseases, humors, and all diseases arising from impurities of the blood, we boldly state that this great remedy has never been equalled. Where was there ever such a cure as that in the person of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, C W, of consumption; or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernestown, C W, of consumption; or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, C W, of dyspepsia and liver complaint; or that of John Rosey, of Napanee, C W, of rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, in spite of all treatment heretofore, and is now well? Scores of such cases might be mentioned had we space.

Call at the drug store and get a circular of unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees remedy and pills and satisfy yourselves.

Price of the Remedy in large pints $1.

For sale by all druggists and dealers in medicine. Agents for Ottawa—All the Druggists; Henry Simpson & Co., Montreal; Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle. 5wy



Another Wonderful Cure of Consumption in Canada.

MESSRS. YOUNG & CHAMBERLAIN,—Sirs, I feel it a duty I owe to you, as well as to the public, to inform you of the most wonderful cure of Consumption, accomplished in my person, by the use of the Great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills. I coughed a great deal day and night, expectorating large quantities of matter, and had a great pain about my left lung. I had cold chills every day, and severe night sweats every night, and between the racking cough and great sweating I was almost deprived of sleep; by these miseries as well as the loss of appetite, I was so reduced that I could hardly stand alone. I was under the care of a physician for a length of time, but finding no relief, I tried different receipes, but all without any good effect. Squire Peterson of Bath, recommended me to use the Great Shoshonees Remedy; I procured three bottles at once, with the Pills; so soon as I commenced using it I began to get better, and when I had finished this complement, the Cough, expectoration of matter, pain about the lung, chills, sweating, &c., left me, and by continuing its use I became strong and healthy. It is now over two months since I quit the remedy, and there have been no symptoms of the disease returning, and I have been, and am now, healthier and better than I have been for many years. I trust you will make this known to the public, that they may be aware of the peculiar virtues of this truly wonderful Indian Remedy.

PETER C. V. MILLAR.

Ernestown, Co. of Lennox & Addington, C W.

To all to whom it may come.—This is to certify that I have been acquainted with the above mentioned gentleman, Peter C. V. Millar, Esq., for many years, and have known him always to be of the very highest respectability, and a very candid and creditable person; and I am confident that I can safely vouch for the truth of the above, or any other statement made by him.

Rev. W. F. S. HARPER
Rector of Bath, W

5wy

PAIN KILLER.

The Great Family Medicine of the Age.

THE UNIVERSAL REMEDY for INTERNAL & EXTERNAL COMPLAINTS!

OUR FIRST PHYSICIANS USE AND RECOMMEND ITS USE!

It Enjoys the Largest Sale of Any Proprietary Medicine in the World!

THE PAIN KILLER

HAS been favorably known for more than thirty years, during which time we HAVE RECEIVED THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS, showing this Medicine to be an almost NEVER FAILING REMEDY for diseases caused by or attendant upon—Sudden Colds, Coughs, Fever and Ague, Headache, Billious Fever, Pains in the Side, Back and Loins, as well as in the Joints and Limbs; Neuralgic and Rheumatic Pains in any part of the system, Toothache and Pains in the Head and Face.

As a BLOOD PURIFIER and TONIC for the STOMACH, it seldom fails to cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Heartburn, Kidney Complaints, Sick Headache, Piles Asthma or Phthisic, Ringworms, Boils, Felons, Whitlows, Old Sores, Swelled Joints, and General Debility of the System.

It is also a PROMPT and SURE REMEDY for Crampand Pains in the Stomach, Painters' Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Scalds, Burns, Sprains, Bruises, Frost Bites, Chilblains, as well as the Stings of Insects, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

☞ Directions accompany each bottle.

It has been tested in every variety of climate, and by almost *every nation known* to civilization. It is the almost constant companion and inestimable friend of the *Missionary*, and to *traveller* should be without it. Like every other good thing, the Pain Killer has been extensively counterfeited; which, (while it is an acknowledgment on the part of the counterfeiters of its real worth,) is a serious hinderance to its usefulness, as the deceived purchaser estimates the value of the *Pain Killer* by the base compound he has purchased for the genuine article.

Purchasers should be careful and not allow the dealer to sell them worthless imitations, on which they realize a larger profit, but take only the *Pain Killer*, and see that it is the genuine, bearing the signature of Perry Davis & Son upon the label.

The Pain Killer is sold at wholesale by Druggists and Medicine Dealers, and Commission Merchants, in the principal cities, and retailed by Apothecaries, Grocers, and at Variety Shops generally throughout the world.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Manufs. and Props.,
74, High-st, Providence, R. I.,
380, St. Paul-st., Montreal, P. Q.,
17, Southampton Row, Holborn, London.E

6-1ew1wy

ANSWER TO MEDICAL INQUIRIES.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT, R.R.R. OFFICE, No. 87, Maiden Lane, New York.

DEAR DOCTOR,

We are compelled to answer your inquiries relative to the curative properties of SARSAPARILLIAN and its associates as constituents in our RENOVATING RESOLVENT in lung affections, and its wonderful power in arresting waste and decay of the Lungs, healing Ulcers, loosening the phlegm, and enabling the patient to expectorate freely the thick, sloughing matter deposited in the air passages and cells of the Lungs and Bronchi, and at the same time keeping up the general strength of the patient, repairing the waste with good sound and healthy material, imparting nourishment as well as purification of the blood,—through the medium of the press—that hundreds of others daily writing us for information may know that we have a remedy in the RESOLVENT that will arrest the progress of Consumption, either of the Lungs, Liver, Kidneys or Bowels.

The RESOLVENT is a compensating remedy; it communicates its curative powers through the blood, sweat and urine; it restores functional harmony and enables each secreting organ to receive its proper constituents. Direct remedies, as Lung Balsams, Cough Syrups, Pectorals given to act directly on the Lungs, as a regular remedy, are hurtful, as they augment the functions of the Lungs at the expense of suspending or interrupting the functions of the Liver, Kidneys and Skin. It a patient suffering with a severe cough, with a sense of suffocation or weight in the chest, irritation or soreness in the throat, pain in the shoulders, difficulty of raising or expectorating phlegm, dryness of the skin, or if there is constipation of the bowels, unnatural appetite, great thirst, or if the water discharged, deposits substances like the white of an egg, or brick dust, or thread-like skins, or if there is pain in the small of the back, hips, stomach or bowels, chest, etc., from a dessert to a table-spoonful of RESOLVENT, half an hour after each meal, and if the cough is troublesome one teaspoonful at night, will afford immediate ease, and will soon remove all unpleasant symptoms.

As aids to the Resolvent, if pain is present, the spine should be rubbed with the Ready Relief, and one to four of Radway's Pills (coated) to insure *perfect* digestion and regular evacuation from the bowels. The nourishing properties of RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT increase the strength and flesh of the patient. We do not claim that this remedy will make new lungs, new kidneys, or other wasted organs, but it will arrest decay, heal ulcers, and supply the waste that is daily passing off, with new, sound and healthy material. Dr. Radway can be consulted, free of charge, from 12 to 2 p.m., at No. 87, Maiden Lane.

The public have but a faint idea of the great importance of RADWAY'S RESOLVENT, in the treatment of chronic disease and disease of the Kidneys and urinary organs. Sarsaparillian and Pareira Brava, two of the ingredients as prepared by Dr. Radway's process, supply a want that has ever existed, in repairing the waste of the body with pure and healthy material out of new rich blood, of arresting dissolution and decay, of restoring functional harmony, of securing strength, of dissolving calculous concretions, of curing every form of Kidney, Bladder and Uterine diseases; of stopping all kinds of weakening, purulent, and irritating discharges; of restoring the vigor of life, to all, whether induced by self-abuse, impure association, bad habit of system, exposure or accident.

As the Renovating Resolvent Sarsaparillian enters immediately into the circulation, it commences its work of *purification* and expulsion of acrimonious humors from the blood at once. Skin Eruptions, Blotches, Pustules, Tetters, Worms and Insects, Black Spots, etc., are removed by a few doses, and the skin changed to a clear and beautiful appearance.

This remedy is superior to all preparations of Bachu, Cubebs, Juniper, etc., in Diabetes, Catarrh of the Bladder, Gravel, Brick Dusts, and other morbid state of the Urine. The RENOVATING RESOLVENT does not augment the functional secretions of one organ by suspending the secretions of others.

Ask always for Dr. RADWAY'S RESOLVENT, or SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT.—Price, $1 per bottle; or 6 bottles for $5.

DR. RADWAY & CO.,
439 St. Paul-street, Montreal.

☞ Sent to all parts of Canada.

W. M. MASSEY,
Agent, Ottawa.

READ FALSE AND TRUE.—Send one letter-stamp to RADWAY & CO., 439 St. Paul-street, Montreal. Information worth thousands will be given you. Price of RESOLVENT SARSAPARILLIAN, $1 per bottle, or $10 per dozen. 777b

PIANOS. PIANOS.

JUST RECEIVED AT THE

London Music Store!

Her Majesty's Theatre,

Wellington Street,

A new and splendid assortment of

PIANOFORTES!

☞ UNION MAKE. ☜

Every PIANO from this establishment warranted for 5 years.

Also just received a new stock of

VICTORIA ORGANS and MELODEONS

VIOLINS, CONCERTINAS, GUITARS &c., in great variety.

Second hand Pianos taken in part payment for new ones.

Connected with this establishment is a Piano Manufacturer, who will attend punctually to all orders for TUNING left at the London Music Store.

E. MILES,
Lessee of Her Majesty's Theatre

Ottawa, March 25, 1868. 551-39y

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, May 8, 1868.

AUTHORIZED Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 28 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

W. NOTMAN,

Photographer to the Queen

CORNER OF

WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS,

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his

Establishment will be Opened

—ON—

Monday Next, 3rd February

When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for different branches of Photography.

Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 583y

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned will either sell or let for a few years his well known farm, being lot Twenty-five in the Fourth Concession of Gloucester, Rideau Front, 215 acres all cleared, and well fenced and in a good state of cultivation. Also, the one-half of lot Twenty-seven in the Third Concession, being in its natural state, all wood and excellent land. It is just the cross of two hundred acres from the corner of the one lot to the other. The railroad line runs within ten feet of the front corner of the one hundred and in sight of the two hundred for two or three miles. The Station at Cunningham's is scarcely a mile and a half from the front of Lot Twenty-five. The above farm is capable of keeping thirty head of milch cows, two span of horses, and as many young cattle as it would be proper to raise. Eight or nine years ago I kept twenty-two milch cows, and ten or twelve horses, and raised five or six calves every year. The above farm is about ten miles, from the door, to the limits of the City. The improvements cannot be surpassed for a farmer's purpose. The dwelling-house is stone, 30 by 40, a story and a half over ground; and a cellar nine feet high, the one half used for a kitchen and the other half capable of holding 1,000 bushels of anything you wish to put into it; there is three small windows in it, and when cleaned in the Spring, makes an excellent milk-house or dairy; there is a frame wood shed at the door, 60 by 24, with 14 feet taken off the one end for a coachhouse, and overhead for a storehouse; next to that is a stable 36 by 26, finished inside, complete with four large double stalls and two single ones, and good room for hanging up harness, and eat box; convenient to that is a barn 40 by 50, in which I have often put 1,000 bushels of grain in one year; connected with that is 200 and 20 feet of frame sheds, all 20 and 24 deep, under pinnel with stone and lime from two to seven feet, according to level; on the north side of the house is another barn, 30 by 40, commonly filled with peas and oats. And if either tenant or purchaser has a desire for religious purposes you can lie in your bed and look at the bell tolling on the Catholic Church every Holy Day, and go to the front door and you will see the Presbyterian Church, where too Rev. Mr. Lochead has preached for the last twenty-two years, and go to the back door and you will see both English Church and Methodist Church within two miles. The above farm would be a desirable situation for a young man wishing to give his attention to farming, as the Ottawa Market cannot be surpassed in the Dominion. I think that I can say that I have not sold one pound of butter under one shilling this eight years: if one went under two went over. Some reader may ask what am I selling for, it is neither for scant nor for want of anything, but I am in the seventieth year of my age, and has purchased off this lot seven hundred and fifty acres of land and all is paid for, and all my sons is settled on their own farms, so I would rather sit down and take my ease as be attending to marketing and farming any longer. Persons wishing to get any information on any point from me, can do so by addressing, (post paid,) JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr., South Gloucester.

JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr.

February 6, 1868. 709-6w12

MILES' HAIRDRESSNG SALOON

BELL'S BLOCK, ELGIN-ST.

THIS SALOON is fitted up in a neat and attractive manner, and is always attended by competent and attentive workmen.

E. MILES,
Hair Dresser, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General.

Ottawa, April 13. 715y

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

☞ AN OMNIBUS ☜

Will leave the

RUSSELL HOUSE.

Every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 7 a.m., punctually, to carry passengers

FOR AYLMER

To connect with the Union Forwarding Railway Company's Steamers.

JAMES MULLIGAN.

Ottawa, May 16, 1868. 744tf

TABLES

FOR

Converting One Inch Lumber

AND

QUEBEC STANDARD

—TO—

Board Measure.

For Sale by

J. DURIE & SON,
Booksellers and Stationers,
10, Sparks-st., Ottawa.

June 5, 1868. 760a

BUSINESS STAND FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers FOR SALE his STORE and DWELLING in the Village of MARATHON, Township of FITZROY. Also, One Hundred and Thirty Acres of GOOD LAND, on which the store and outbuildings are erected. This is a splendid opportunity for any party with moderate capital, desirous of a good opening for a first-class country business.

Apply to

ROBERT JOHNSTON,
Marathon P. O.

721-17-6

NEW STORE!

THE Store formerly occupied by W. D. WOOD, No. 38, on RIDEAU STREET, has been refitted by the subscribers, and will be opened on MONDAY, FOURTEENTH OCTOBER, with an entire new stock of

GROCERIES,

LIQUORS and HARDWARE.

WOOD & ROSSITER.

Ottawa, October 12, 1867 15

NEW BOOKS.

Exodus of the Western Nations by Viscount Bury; Chronicles and Characters by Owen Meredith; Brakespeare by the author of "Guy Livingstone"; The Lost Name, a Novel; Farming for Boys; The New Dictionary of Quotations; The Huguenots by Samuel Smiles; Law and Lawyers—Curious Facts and Characteristic Sketches; Art and Artists, do.; Books and Authors, do.; Clergymen and Doctors, do.; Longfellow's Works Complete for 15 cents; The Waverley Novels, per vol., 15 cents; Cooper's Novels, per vol., 15 cents; Essays in Elia by Lamb complete for 15 cents; De Quincey's Confessions of an Opium Eater for 15 cents.

Bibles, Prayer Books, Church Services, just received from the Publishers, in the newest and richest patterns.

For sale by

J DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st.,
Opposite the Russell House

498y

CANADA.

GOLD COINS OF SYDNEY MINT MADE A LEGAL TENDER.

THE DUKE OF BUCKINGHAM TO LORD MONCK.

CANADA.

Separate.

DOWNING-STREET,

25th May, 1868.

MY LORD,

With reference to your despatch No. 200, 24th November, 1866, I have the honor to transmit to you the accompanying copies of an order of Her Majesty in Council and of a Proclamation for declaring the Gold Coins of the Sydney Mint, a legal tender in those of Her Majesty's possessions abroad which are specified in the schedule annexed to the Proclamation.

You will be so good as to cause this Proclamation to be published in Canada, in the most authentic manner.

A similar order in Council was passed on the 10th of November, 1866, for making these coins a legal tender in the Colonies mentioned below.

Antigua,	Malta,
Barbadoes,	Montserrat,
Bahamas,	Nevis,
Bermuda,	Natal,
Cape of Good Hope,	St. Helena,
British Columbia,	Sierra Leone,
Dominica,	St. Vincent,
Falkland Islands,	St. Christopher and its dependencies,
Gold Coast,	St. Lucia,
Gambia,	Trinidad,
Gibraltar,	Tobago,
British Guiana,	Turks and Caicos Islands,
Granada,	Vancouver Island,
Honduras,	Virgin Islands.
Jamaica,	
Lagos,	

I have, &c.,

(Signed), BUCKINGHAM & CHANDOS.

Governor,

The Right Honble.

Viscount Monck,

&c., &c., &c.

AT THE COURT AT WINDSOR,

The 8th day of May, 1868.

PRESENT:

THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS

There was read this day at the Board the Draft of the Proclamation declaring Gold Coins made at the Branch of the Royal Mint at Sydney, New South Wales, a legal tender in certain of Her Majesty's Possessions abroad, specified in a schedule attached to the said Draft Proclamation.

Her Majesty having taken the same into consideration, was pleased by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to approve thereof, and to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the said Proclamation do take effect and come into force in each of Her Majesty's Possessions abroad, specified in the aforesaid Schedule, upon and from and after such day, as shall be for that purpose limited by the Governor or Officer Administering the Government of each of the said Possessions by any Proclamations to be by them for that purpose respectively issued in each of such Possessions.

And the Most Noble the Duke of Buckingham and Chandos, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, is to give the necessary directions for causing publication to be made hereof within Her Majesty's said Possessions abroad.

(Signed). ARTHUR HELPS.

DRAFT PROCLAMATION REFERRED TO IN THE FOREGOING ORDER IN COUNCIL.

BY THE QUEEN.

A PROCLAMATION

For declaring Gold Coins made at the Branch Mint at Sydney, New South Wales, a legal tender throughout such parts of Her Majesty's dominions as are specified in the schedule hereunto annexed.

Whereas, by an order in Council, bearing date the Nineteenth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, we have thought fit to order that a Branch of our Royal Mint, should be established at or near Sydney, in New South Wales.

And whereas in the eighteenth year of our reign, by an order in Council, dated the eighteenth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, we have thought fit to order that certain pieces of Gold Money should be coined at the said Branch of Our Royal Mint, to be called respectively Australian Sovereigns and Australian Half Sovereigns and to be of the same respective weights, fineness and value with the Sovereigns and Half Sovereigns now current within this our realm.

And whereas, pursuant to and in virtue of the powers given in our said Orders in Council, it is provided that a Coinage of the said Australian Sovereigns and Half Sovereigns shall be made, and that every such Australian Sovereign shall have for the obverse our effigy, with the inscription, "Victoria D. G., Britanniar Regin: F. D.," and the date of the year, and for the reverse the word "Australian" placed in the centre of piece encircled by a laurel wreath and surmounted by the Royal Crown with the inscription "Sydney Mint, One Sovereign," and with a graining on the edge, and that every such Australian Half Sovereign shall have the obverse in every respect similar to that of the Sovereign, and for the reverse the same word, "Australia," in the centre encircled and surmounted in like manner, but for the inscription the words "Sydney Mint, Half Sovereign," and a graining on the edge.

And whereas pieces of Gold Money have been and will be coined at our said Branch of the Royal Mint in pursuance of orders issued and to be issued;

And whereas, by an Act passed in the twenty ninth and thirtieth years of our reign, entitled: "An Act to enable Her Majesty to declare Gold Coins to be issued from Her Majesty's Colonial Branch Mints a legal tender for payments, and for other purposes relating thereto," it is provided that "it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, from time to time, by Proclamation issued with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare that for such period, and subject to such conditions as may be specified in such Proclamation, Gold Coins made at such Colonial Branch Mint, of designs approved by Her Majesty, and being of the same weight and fineness as are required by law with respect to Gold Coins of the same denominations made at Her Majesty's Mint in London, are to be a legal tender for payments within any part of Her Majesty's Dominions to be specified in such Proclamations, in which Gold Coins issued from Her Majesty's Mint in London shall at the date of the issue of such Proclamation being issued Gold Coins made of such designs and being of such weight and fineness as aforesaid, shall be a legal tender for payments accordingly."

And whereas Gold Coins issued from our Royal Mint in London are at present a legal tender in such parts of our Dominions as are specified in the schedule hereunto annexed;

We therefore, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, have thought fit to issue this Our Royal Proclamation, and we do ordain, declare and command, that from and after the date of the publication of this Our Proclamation by the Governor or other Officer Administering the Government of such part or parts of Our Dominions as are specified in the schedule hereunto annexed, Coins made at the said Branch Mint, of designs approved by us at Sydney aforesaid, and being of the same weight and fineness as are required by law, with respect to Gold Coins of the same denominations made at Our Mint in London, shall be a legal tender for payments within such part or parts of Our Dominions, as are specified in the said schedule, until such period as this Our Proclamation shall be revoked, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council aforesaid.

Given at Our Court at Windsor, this fourteenth day of May, 1868.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Schedule of Her Majesty's Possessions abroad referred to in the Order in Council, dated 14th day of May, 1868, and in the Draft Proclamation, the issue of which is ordered by the said Order in Council.

CANADA.
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND,
NEWFOUNDLAND. 776-3

Local Government Notices.

NOTICE.

ALL payments to be made on account of the Ontario Government may be made to the

ROYAL CANADIAN BANK,

And its Agencies.

Dated at Toronto, 30th October, A.D., 1867.

E. B. WOOD,
Treasurer of Ontario.

October 31, 1867. — tf

In Chancery.

DAVIS *vs.* EMSLIE.

In pursuance of the Decree in this cause dated the 8th JANUARY, 1867, and the final order for sale herein dated the 30th MAY last, there will be sold with the approbation of the Master of this Court, at OTTAWA, by PUBLIC AUCTION, by HECTOR McLEAN, at his Auction Rooms, Sparks-street, in the City of Ottawa, at twelve o'clock, noon, on WEDNESDAY, the 15th JULY NEXT, the following Real Estate, viz:

All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate lying and being in the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, containing by admeasurement one hundred acres, be the same more or less, being composed of the North Half of Lot Number Sixteen, in the Fifth Concession of the said Township of Nepean, Rideau Front.

The said land is well adapted for farming purposes, and lies on the east side of the main road from Ottawa to Richmond; about sixty acres of it are cleared and under cultivation, and it is situated amongst the best lands in the County of Carleton. It is fifteen miles from Ottawa, and five miles from Richmond and the River Goodwood, a constantly flowing stream passes through the centre of it.

One-tenth of the purchase money is to be paid down by the purchaser to the Vendor or his Solicitors at the time of sale by way of deposit, and the balance on or before the 1st AUGUST next: upon payment of which he will be entitled to a conveyance, and let into possession.

In other respects the conditions of sale are the standing conditions of the Court of Chancery. The deed from the late Alexander Emslie to the Plaintiff will be produced at the time of sale.

All parties to the suit, with the exception of the Vendor, are to be at liberty to bid.

Further particulars, and conditions of sale, may be had at the Offices of the said Master and MESSRS. LEWIS, PINHEY AND WARD, Ottawa, and M. R. VANKOUGHNET, ESQ., and MESSRS. O'DONOHOE & WARMOLL, Toronto.

Dated this 13th day of June, 1868.

(Signed), JOHN WILSON,
Master at Ottawa.

LEWIS, PINHEY & WARD,
Vendor's Solicitors. 768td

Richmond Circuit Board

OF

PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

FOR THE

County of Carleton.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

That the above Board will meet

IN THE TOWN HALL

IN RICHMOND,

On Wednesday, the 8th day of July next

AND ALSO ON

WEDNESDAY,

The 9th day of December next,

At 12 o'clock, noon, for general business. Applicants for certificates of qualification are required to furnish the Board with certificates of moral character from either Local Superintendent or from a Clergyman of the denomination to which they respectively belong.

C. B. PETITT, M.A.,
Chairman.

J. HINTON,
Secretary.

Richmond, May 21, 1868.

STATIONERY.

J. DURIE & SON have just received from the best English and Canadian Manufacturers a large stock of

BLANK BOOKS

Of every description, also Receipt Books, Order Books, Blank Note Books, Time Books, Bill Books, &c.

Memorandum Books, Pocket Ledgers, Cash Books, Pocket Books, Clerks' Check Books.

Post and Foolscap Copying Letter Books and Tracing Copying Ewers, and Brushes.

A splendid lot of Glass and Pewter Inkstands; a few extra large size suitable for Bank use.

Windsor and Newton's Solid Sketch Book.

Antoine's Celebrated Violette Copying Inks.

The Waverly Pen; the best Pen in use.

Postage and Bill Stamps.

For sale by

J. DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st., opposite the Russell House.

498y

MOWING & REAPING MACHINES.

We have for sale, and are manufacturing, the lightest and most durable MOWING & COMBINED MOWING & REAPING MACHINE in use (no wood work), wrought iron frame, with wrought iron steel-plated guards. Price of Mower, $60; Combined, $85.

—ALSO,—

8 Horse-power Threshing Machines
20 Sets Threshers and Separators
10 Sets Double-Pinion Powers to match
10 Sets Treble Geared Iron Powers, known as the Watch Power.

Purchasers can have their choice of the Powers. These Machines are made in the most substantial manner and warranted. Price, complete, including Belts, Wrenches, &c., $250.

ALSO,

Two Horse Railroad Powers; 50 Sets of our new Double-Pinion Railroad Power Threshing Machines, complete. For ease upon the team, amount of work, and manner in which it is done, they have no equal.

ALSO,

Fifty Sets of our Common two-horse Machines, with improvements, which are so well known as to need no comment. Every Machine is warranted as recommended. All of which will be sold at very low prices on reasonable terms. Large discount for cash down.

E. & B. P. PAIGE,
Nos. 84, 86, 88 and 90 Wellington-street,
June 17. 770-1-25-8 Montreal

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St

M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 57

Railroads.

CHANGE OF TIME.

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and AFTER FRIDAY, the 25th of MAY, 1868, and until further notice, TRAINS will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA
Mixed, 7.15 a. m.	10.35 a. m.
Express, 1.35 p. m.	4.15 p. m.
LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 7 a. m.	9.25 a. m.
Mixed, 1.00 p. m.	4.15 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, our main west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent, Ottawa, May 14, 1868.
THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director. 1y

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,

Commencing on the 20th April, 1868.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

7:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 7.15 a.m., and 3:15 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:40 p. m. and 9 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

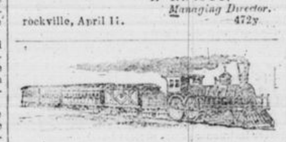
5:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 5:15 a.m. and 1:30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 11:30 a.m. and 7:45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

The 7:15 a.m. train from Brockville connects with U. F. Coy's Steamers for Ottawa, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c., &c., and the 3:15 p.m. train from Sandpoint leaves after those steamers are down east and west.

H ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

rockville, April 11. 472y



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA,

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 3.30 A.M.

Night do do at 7.30 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.00 A.M.

Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.30 P.M.

Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.

Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.

Express for Boston and New York, at 3.50 P.M.

Express for Portland (staying over at Island Pond), at 2.00 P.M.

Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Riviere du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at 10.10 P.M.

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director

December 23, 1867 650tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE, on SANDY HILL, opposite Desbarats', LOT No. 32, Stewart street. Terms moderate. Apply to Mrs. TIERNAN, No. 2, King street opposite the Gas House.

Ottawa, May 4 1868. 734d

Two Dwellings to Let,

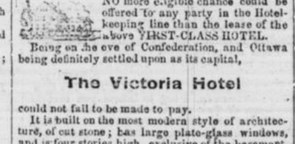
BEING the Upper part of E. MARTINEAU'S Clothing Store, Corner of Sussex and Clarence-streets.

Enquire at the Store.

EUG. MARTINEAU.

Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 64

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.



NO more eligible chance could be offered for any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to

FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Or JOHN BENEY, Esq.,
Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W

Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ott